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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-HWQFN (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100glana-w0

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(12/12)

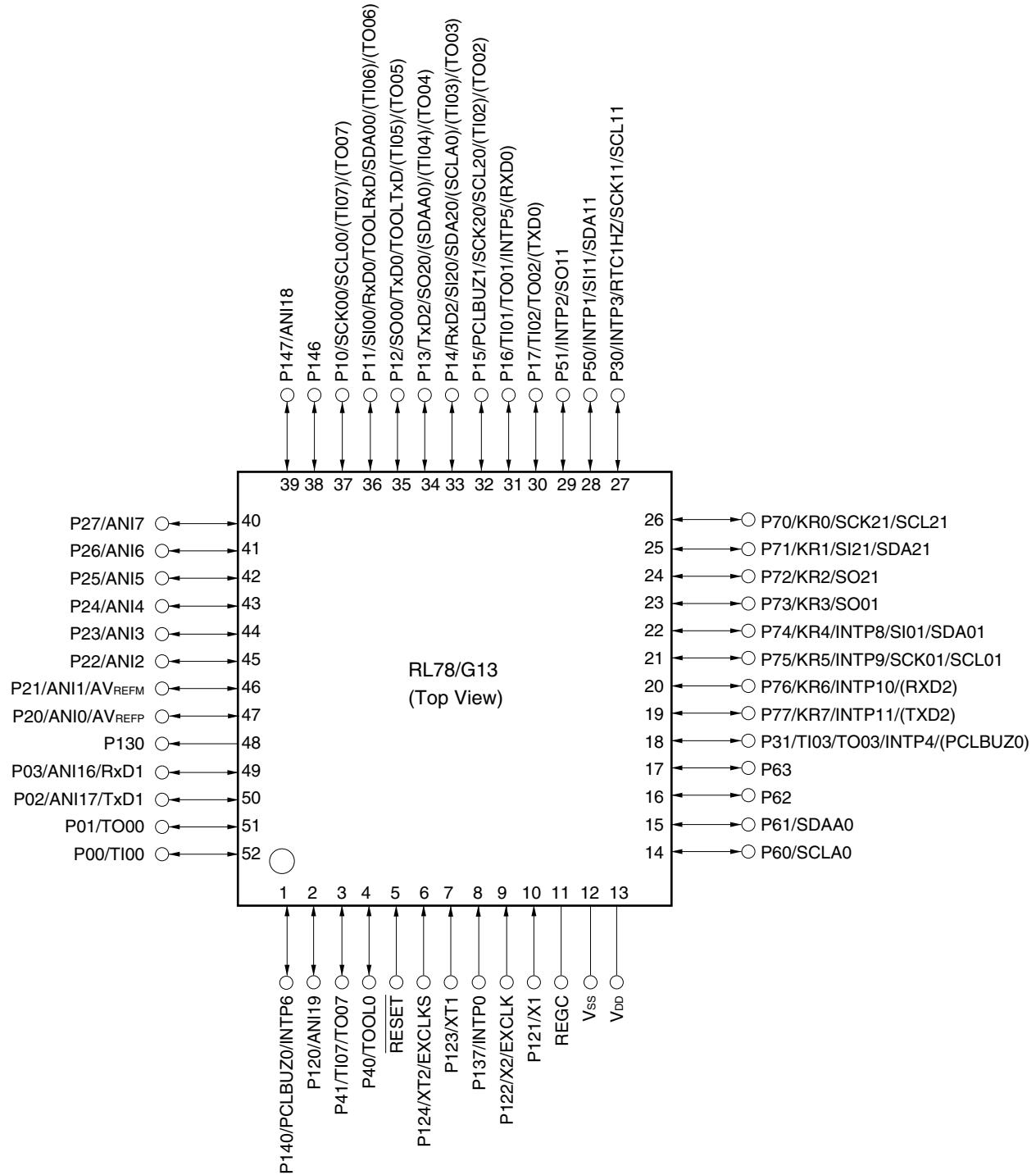
Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application ^{Note}	Ordering Part Number
128 pins	128-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 20 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100SHAFB#V0, R5F100SJAFB#V0, R5F100SKAFB#V0, R5F100SLAFB#V0 R5F100SHAFB#X0, R5F100SJAFB#X0, R5F100SKAFB#X0, R5F100SLAFB#X0 R5F100SHDFB#V0, R5F100SJDFB#V0, R5F100SKDFB#V0, R5F100SLDFB#V0 R5F100SHDFB#X0, R5F100SJDFB#X0, R5F100SKDFB#X0, R5F100SLDFB#X0
			D	R5F101SHAFB#V0, R5F101SJAFB#V0, R5F101SKAFB#V0, R5F101SLAFB#V0 R5F101SHAFB#X0, R5F101SJAFB#X0, R5F101SKAFB#X0, R5F101SLAFB#X0 R5F101SHDFB#V0, R5F101SJDFB#V0, R5F101SKDFB#V0, R5F101SLDFB#V0 R5F101SHDFB#X0, R5F101SJDFB#X0, R5F101SKDFB#X0, R5F101SLDFB#X0

Note For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13**.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

1.3.10 52-pin products

- 52-pin plastic LQFP (10 × 10 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)



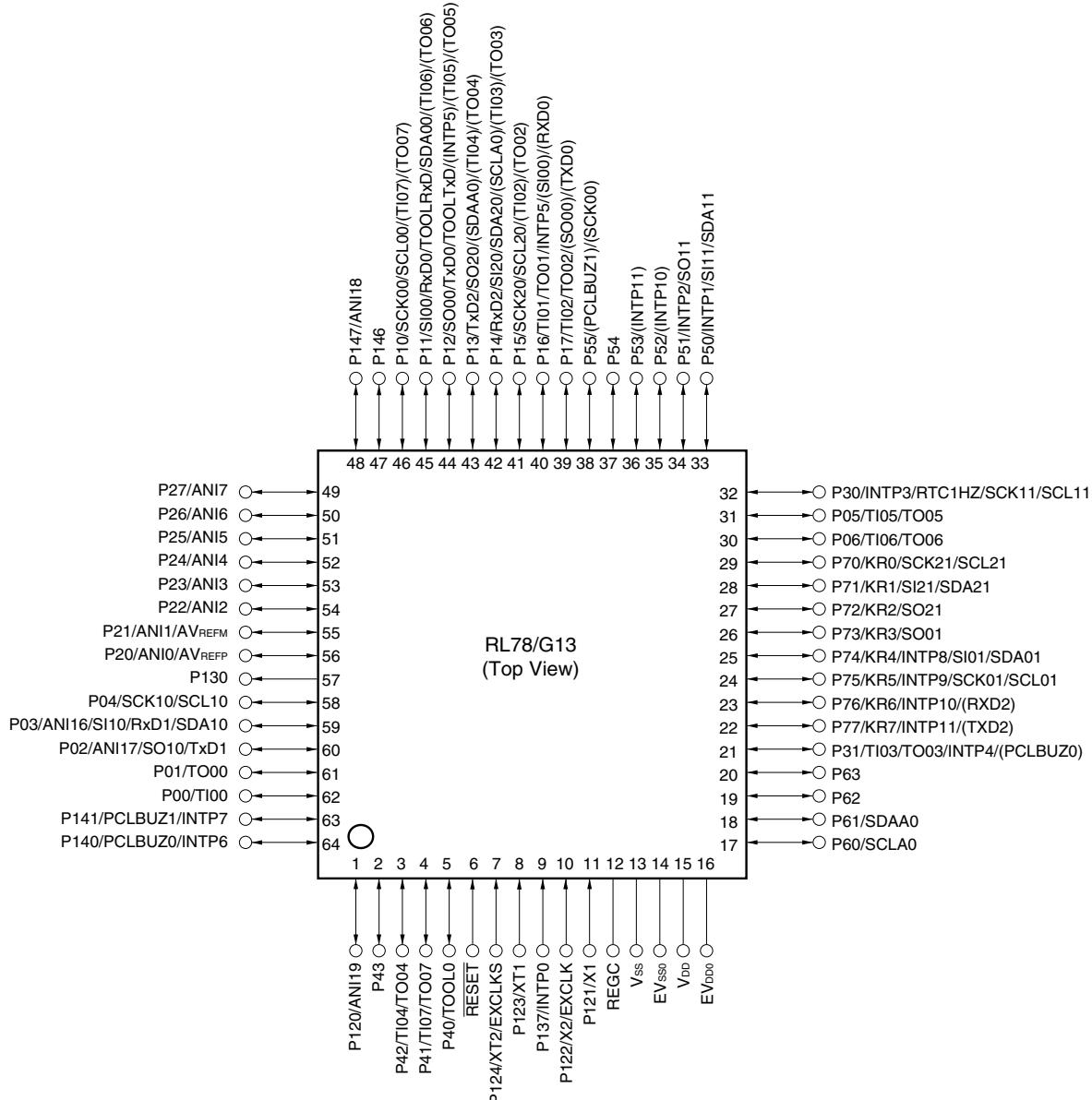
Caution Connect the REGC pin to V_{ss} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see **1.4 Pin Identification**.

2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.3.11 64-pin products

- 64-pin plastic LQFP (12 × 12 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)
- 64-pin plastic LFQFP (10 × 10 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



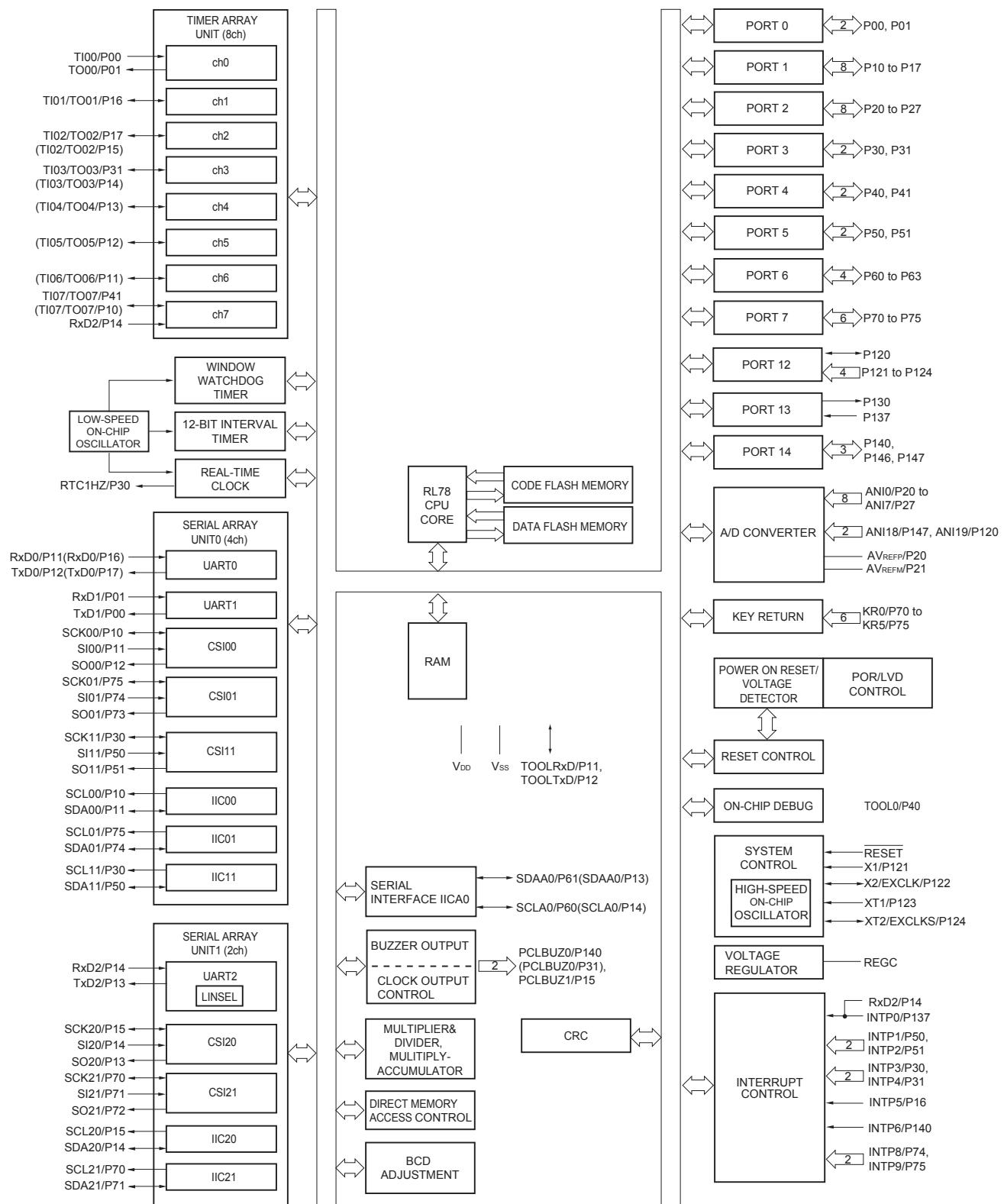
Cautions 1. Make EV_{SS0} pin the same potential as V_{ss} pin.

2. Make V_{DD} pin the potential that is higher than EV_{VDD0} pin.
3. Connect the REGC pin to V_{ss} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see **1.4 Pin Identification**.

2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the V_{DD} and EV_{VDD0} pins and connect the V_{ss} and EV_{SS0} pins to separate ground lines.
3. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.9 48-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

2. The number of PWM outputs varies depending on the setting of channels in use (the number of masters and slaves) (see **6.9.3 Operation as multiple PWM output function** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual).
3. When setting to PIOR = 1

(2/2)

Item	40-pin		44-pin		48-pin		52-pin		64-pin	
	R5F100EX	R5F101EX	R5F100FX	R5F101FX	R5F100GX	R5F101GX	R5F100JX	R5F101JX	R5F100LX	R5F101LX
Clock output/buzzer output	2		2		2		2		2	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.44 kHz, 4.88 kHz, 9.76 kHz, 1.25 MHz, 2.5 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz (Main system clock: $f_{MAIN} = 20$ MHz operation) • 256 Hz, 512 Hz, 1.024 kHz, 2.048 kHz, 4.096 kHz, 8.192 kHz, 16.384 kHz, 32.768 kHz (Subsystem clock: $f_{SUB} = 32.768$ kHz operation) 										
8/10-bit resolution A/D converter	9 channels		10 channels		10 channels		12 channels		12 channels	
Serial interface	<p>[40-pin, 44-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel <p>[48-pin, 52-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel <p>[64-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel 									
I ² C bus	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel
Multiplier and divider/multiply-accumulator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 16 bits × 16 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed) • 32 bits ÷ 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned) • 16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed) 									
DMA controller	2 channels									
Vectored interrupt sources	Internal	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
	External	7	7	10	12	12	13	13	13	13
Key interrupt	4									
Reset	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reset by <u>RESET</u> pin • Internal reset by watchdog timer • Internal reset by power-on-reset • Internal reset by voltage detector • Internal reset by illegal instruction execution ^{Note} • Internal reset by RAM parity error • Internal reset by illegal-memory access 									
Power-on-reset circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-on-reset: 1.51 V (TYP.) • Power-down-reset: 1.50 V (TYP.) 									
Voltage detector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rising edge : 1.67 V to 4.06 V (14 stages) • Falling edge : 1.63 V to 3.98 V (14 stages) 									
On-chip debug function	Provided									
Power supply voltage	$V_{DD} = 1.6$ to 5.5 V ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) $V_{DD} = 2.4$ to 5.5 V ($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$)									
<R>	Operating ambient temperature									
	$T_A = 40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ (A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications) $T_A = 40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$ (G: Industrial applications)									

Note The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed.

Reset by the illegal instruction execution not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.

(2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products

 $(T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current <small>Note 1</small>	I_{DD1}	Operating mode HS (high-speed main) mode <small>Note 5</small>	$f_{IH} = 32 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}}$	Basic operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		2.3		mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		2.3		mA
				Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		5.2	8.5	mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		5.2	8.5	mA
			$f_{IH} = 24 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}}$	Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		4.1	6.6	mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		4.1	6.6	mA
			$f_{IH} = 16 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}}$	Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		3.0	4.7	mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		3.0	4.7	mA
		LS (low-speed main) mode <small>Note 5</small>	$f_{IH} = 8 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}}$	Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		1.3	2.1	mA
					$V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$		1.3	2.1	mA
		LV (low-voltage main) mode <small>Note 5</small>	$f_{IH} = 4 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}}$	Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		1.3	1.8	mA
					$V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$		1.3	1.8	mA
		HS (high-speed main) mode <small>Note 5</small>	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.4	5.5	mA
					Resonator connection		3.6	5.7	mA
			$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}}$, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.4	5.5	mA
					Resonator connection		3.6	5.7	mA
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.1	3.2	mA
					Resonator connection		2.1	3.2	mA
		LS (low-speed main) mode <small>Note 5</small>	$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}}$, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.1	3.2	mA
					Resonator connection		2.1	3.2	mA
			$f_{MX} = 8 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}}$, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.2	2.0	mA
					Resonator connection		1.2	2.0	mA
		Subsystem clock operation	$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 4</small> $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.8	5.9	μA
					Resonator connection		4.9	6.0	μA
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 4</small> $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.9	5.9	μA
					Resonator connection		5.0	6.0	μA
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 4</small> $T_A = +50^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.0	7.6	μA
					Resonator connection		5.1	7.7	μA
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 4</small> $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.2	9.3	μA
					Resonator connection		5.3	9.4	μA
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 4</small> $T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.7	13.3	μA
					Resonator connection		5.8	13.4	μA

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Note The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when $\text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$

$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 2.7 \text{ V}$: MIN. 125 ns

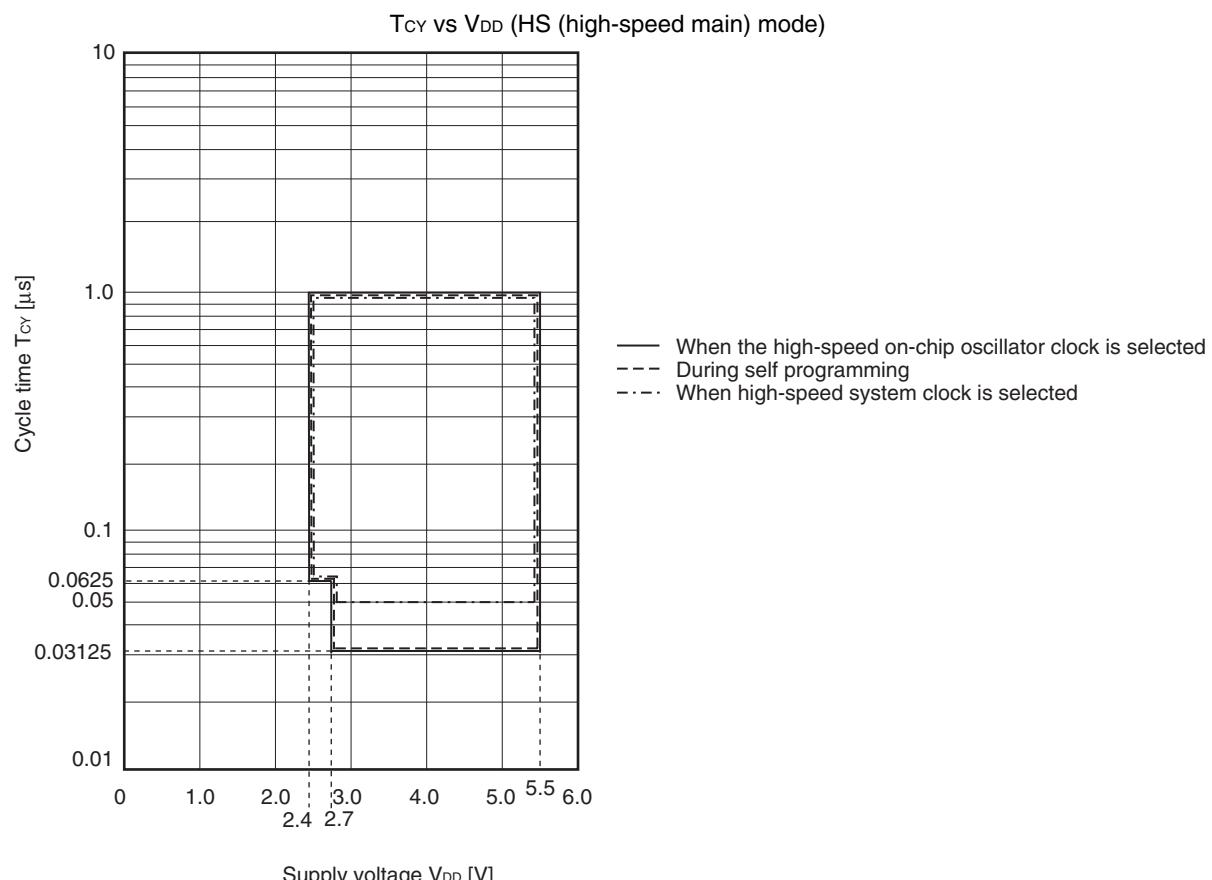
$1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 1.8 \text{ V}$: MIN. 250 ns

Remark f_{MCK} : Timer array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn0, CKSmn1 bits of timer mode register mn (TMRmn).

m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 7))

Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation



**(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)
(3/3)**

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.8 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp \downarrow) ^{Note 1}	tsIK1	4.0 V \leq EV _{DD0} \leq 5.5 V, 2.7 V \leq V _b \leq 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 k Ω	44		110		110		ns
		2.7 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V \leq V _b \leq 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 k Ω	44		110		110		ns
		1.8 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V \leq V _b \leq 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 k Ω	110		110		110		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp \downarrow) ^{Note 1}	tKS11	4.0 V \leq EV _{DD0} \leq 5.5 V, 2.7 V \leq V _b \leq 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 k Ω	19		19		19		ns
		2.7 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V \leq V _b \leq 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 k Ω	19		19		19		ns
		1.8 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V \leq V _b \leq 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 k Ω	19		19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp \uparrow to SO _p output ^{Note 1}	tKS01	4.0 V \leq EV _{DD0} \leq 5.5 V, 2.7 V \leq V _b \leq 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 k Ω		25		25		25	ns
		2.7 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V \leq V _b \leq 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 k Ω		25		25		25	ns
		1.8 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V \leq V _b \leq 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 k Ω		25		25		25	ns

Notes 1. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

2. Use it with EV_{DD0} \geq V_b.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SO_p pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

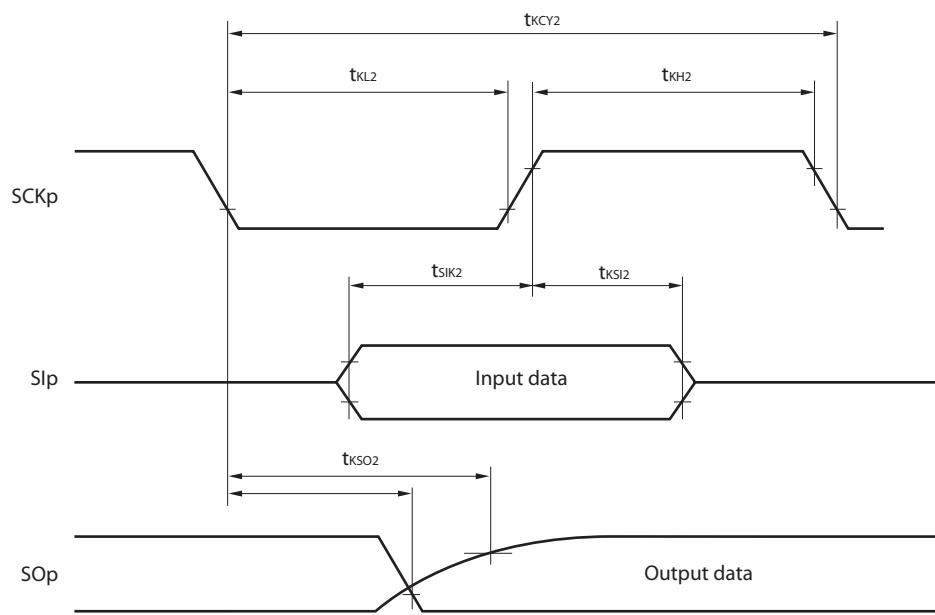
(9) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.8 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$) (1/2)

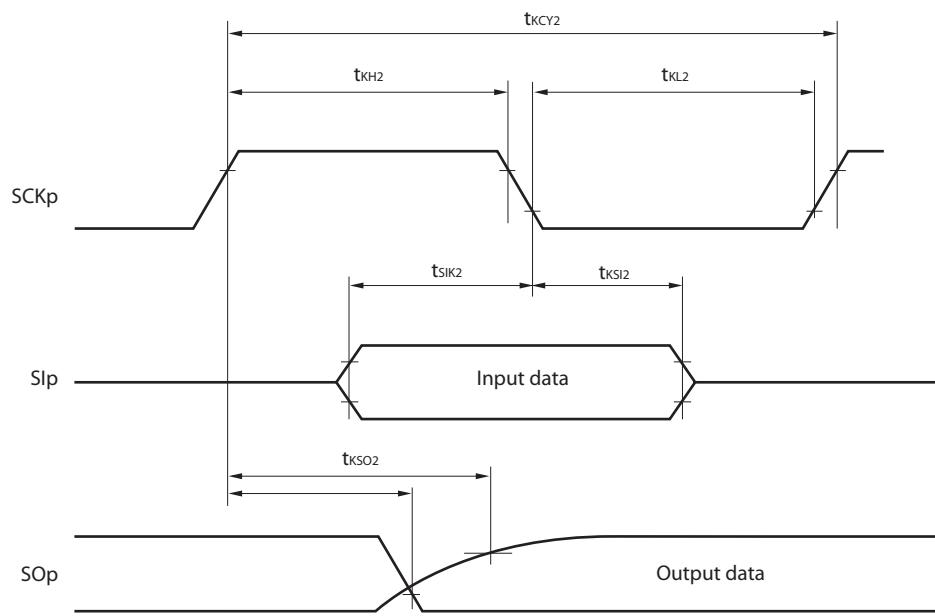
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time ^{Note 1}	t _{KCY2}	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5$ V, 2.7 V $\leq V_b \leq 4.0$ V	24 MHz $< f_{MCK}$	14/ f_{MCK}	—	—	—	—	ns
			20 MHz $< f_{MCK} \leq 24$ MHz	12/ f_{MCK}	—	—	—	—	ns
			8 MHz $< f_{MCK} \leq 20$ MHz	10/ f_{MCK}	—	—	—	—	ns
			4 MHz $< f_{MCK} \leq 8$ MHz	8/ f_{MCK}	—	16/ f_{MCK}	—	—	ns
			$f_{MCK} \leq 4$ MHz	6/ f_{MCK}	—	10/ f_{MCK}	—	10/ f_{MCK}	ns
		2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0$ V, 2.3 V $\leq V_b \leq 2.7$ V	24 MHz $< f_{MCK}$	20/ f_{MCK}	—	—	—	—	ns
			20 MHz $< f_{MCK} \leq 24$ MHz	16/ f_{MCK}	—	—	—	—	ns
			16 MHz $< f_{MCK} \leq 20$ MHz	14/ f_{MCK}	—	—	—	—	ns
			8 MHz $< f_{MCK} \leq 16$ MHz	12/ f_{MCK}	—	—	—	—	ns
			$f_{MCK} \leq 4$ MHz	8/ f_{MCK}	—	16/ f_{MCK}	—	—	ns
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3$ V, 1.6 V $\leq V_b \leq 2.0$ V ^{Note 2}	24 MHz $< f_{MCK}$	48/ f_{MCK}	—	—	—	—	ns
			20 MHz $< f_{MCK} \leq 24$ MHz	36/ f_{MCK}	—	—	—	—	ns
			16 MHz $< f_{MCK} \leq 20$ MHz	32/ f_{MCK}	—	—	—	—	ns
			8 MHz $< f_{MCK} \leq 16$ MHz	26/ f_{MCK}	—	—	—	—	ns
			$f_{MCK} \leq 4$ MHz	16/ f_{MCK}	—	16/ f_{MCK}	—	—	ns

(Notes and Caution are listed on the next page, and Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential)
(When $\text{DAP}_{mn} = 0$ and $\text{CKP}_{mn} = 0$, or $\text{DAP}_{mn} = 1$ and $\text{CKP}_{mn} = 1$.)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential)
(When $\text{DAP}_{mn} = 0$ and $\text{CKP}_{mn} = 1$, or $\text{DAP}_{mn} = 1$ and $\text{CKP}_{mn} = 0$.)



- Remarks**
1. p: CSI number ($p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31$), m: Unit number,
n: Channel number ($mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13$), g: PIM and POM number ($g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14$)
 2. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential.
Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

2.5.2 Serial interface IICA

(1) I²C standard mode $(T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit	
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
SCLA0 clock frequency	f _{SCL}	Standard mode: $f_{CLK} \geq 1 \text{ MHz}$	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	100	0	100	0	100	kHz
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	100	0	100	0	100	kHz
			1.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	100	0	100	0	100	kHz
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	—	—	0	100	0	100	kHz
Setup time of restart condition	t _{SU:STA}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.7	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.7	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	
		1.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.7	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	
		1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	—	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	
Hold time ^{Note 1}	t _{HD:STA}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.0	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.0	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
		1.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.0	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
		1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	—	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
Hold time when SCLA0 = "L"	t _{LOW}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.7	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.7	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	
		1.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.7	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	
		1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	—	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	
Hold time when SCLA0 = "H"	t _{HIGH}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.0	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.0	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
		1.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.0	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
		1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	—	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	250	—	250	—	250	—	ns	
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	250	—	250	—	250	—	ns	
		1.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	250	—	250	—	250	—	ns	
		1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	—	—	250	—	250	—	ns	
Data hold time (transmission) ^{Note 2}	t _{HD:DAT}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	3.45	0	3.45	0	3.45	μs	
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	3.45	0	3.45	0	3.45	μs	
		1.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	3.45	0	3.45	0	3.45	μs	
		1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	—	—	0	3.45	0	3.45	μs	
Setup time of stop condition	t _{SU:STO}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.0	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.0	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
		1.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.0	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
		1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	—	—	4.0	—	4.0	—	μs	
Bus-free time	t _{BUF}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.7	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.7	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	
		1.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.7	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	
		1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	—	—	4.7	—	4.7	—	μs	

(Notes, Caution and Remark are listed on the next page.)

(3) I²C fast mode plus $(T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock frequency	f _{SCL}	Fast mode plus: $f_{CLK} \geq 10 \text{ MHz}$	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	1000	—	—	—	—	kHz
Setup time of restart condition	t _{SU:STA}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.26		—	—	—	—	μs
Hold time ^{Note 1}	t _{HD:STA}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.26		—	—	—	—	μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "L"	t _{LOW}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.5		—	—	—	—	μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "H"	t _{HIGH}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.26		—	—	—	—	μs
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		50		—	—	—	—	μs
Data hold time (transmission) ^{Note 2}	t _{HD:DAT}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0	0.45	—	—	—	—	μs
Setup time of stop condition	t _{SU:STO}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.26		—	—	—	—	μs
Bus-free time	t _{BUF}	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.5		—	—	—	—	μs

Notes 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.

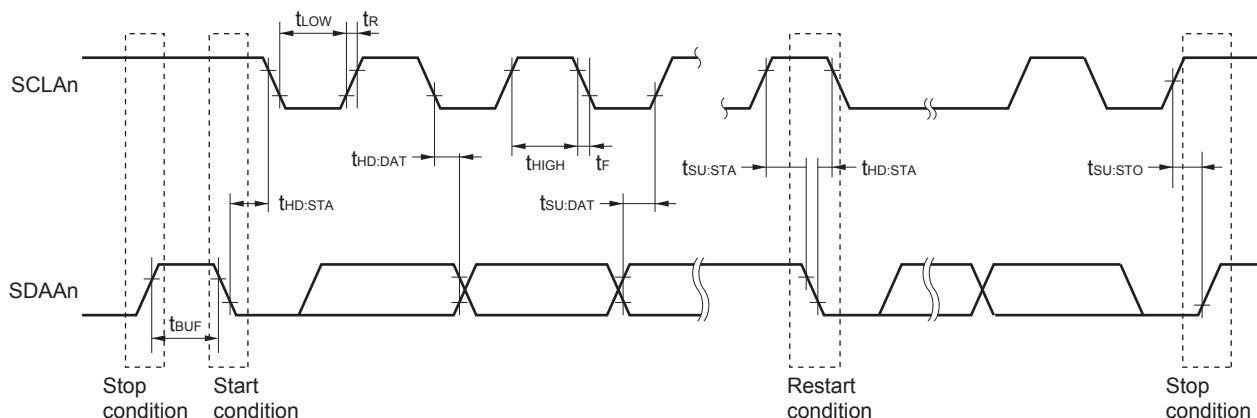
<R> 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of t_{HD:DAT} is during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

Caution The values in the above table are applied even when bit 2 (PIOR2) in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1. At this time, the pin characteristics (I_{OH1}, I_{OL1}, V_{OH1}, V_{OL1}) must satisfy the values in the redirect destination.

Remark The maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows.

Fast mode plus: C_b = 120 pF, R_b = 1.1 k Ω

IICA serial transfer timing



Remark n = 0, 1

2.6 Analog Characteristics

2.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

Input channel	Reference Voltage		
	Reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}	Reference voltage (+) = V_{DD}	Reference voltage (+) = V_{BGR}
Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}	Reference voltage (-) = V_{SS}	Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}	Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}
ANI0 to ANI14	Refer to 2.6.1 (1).	Refer to 2.6.1 (3).	Refer to 2.6.1 (4).
ANI16 to ANI26	Refer to 2.6.1 (2).		
Internal reference voltage Temperature sensor output voltage	Refer to 2.6.1 (1).		—

(1) When reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP} /ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM} /ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI2 to ANI14, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V}$, Reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP} , Reference voltage (-) = $\text{AV}_{\text{REFM}} = 0 \text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution $\text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} = \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$ ^{Note 3}	1.8 V $\leq \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		1.2	± 3.5	LSB
			1.6 V $\leq \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ^{Note 4}		1.2	± 7.0	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin: ANI2 to ANI14	3.6 V $\leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.125		39	μs
			2.7 V $\leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	3.1875		39	μs
			1.8 V $\leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	17		39	μs
			1.6 V $\leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	57		95	μs
	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	3.6 V $\leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.375		39	μs
			2.7 V $\leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	3.5625		39	μs
			2.4 V $\leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	10-bit resolution $\text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} = \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$ ^{Note 3}	1.8 V $\leq \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			± 0.25	%FSR
			1.6 V $\leq \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ^{Note 4}			± 0.50	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution $\text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} = \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$ ^{Note 3}	1.8 V $\leq \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			± 0.25	%FSR
			1.6 V $\leq \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ^{Note 4}			± 0.50	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution $\text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} = \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$ ^{Note 3}	1.8 V $\leq \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			± 2.5	LSB
			1.6 V $\leq \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ^{Note 4}			± 5.0	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution $\text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} = \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$ ^{Note 3}	1.8 V $\leq \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			± 1.5	LSB
			1.6 V $\leq \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ ^{Note 4}			± 2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	ANI2 to ANI14		0		AV_{REFP}	V
		Internal reference voltage (2.4 V $\leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, HS (high-speed main) mode)			V_{BGR} ^{Note 5}		V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V $\leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, HS (high-speed main) mode)			V_{TMPS25} ^{Note 5}		V

(Notes are listed on the next page.)

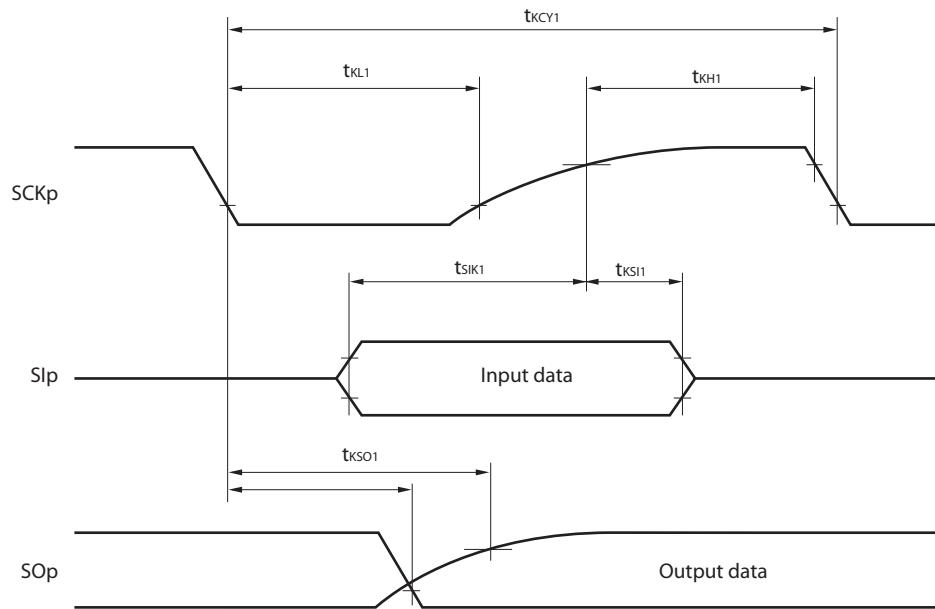
2.6.4 LVD circuit characteristics

LVD Detection Voltage of Reset Mode and Interrupt Mode $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}, V_{PDR} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

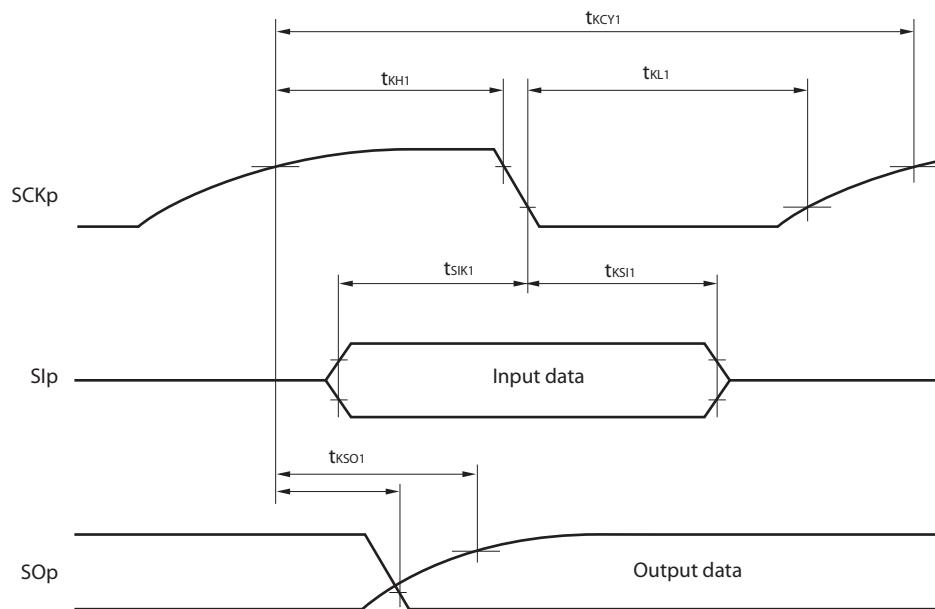
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	V_{LVD0}	Power supply rise time	3.98	4.06	4.14	V
		Power supply fall time	3.90	3.98	4.06	V
	V_{LVD1}	Power supply rise time	3.68	3.75	3.82	V
		Power supply fall time	3.60	3.67	3.74	V
	V_{LVD2}	Power supply rise time	3.07	3.13	3.19	V
		Power supply fall time	3.00	3.06	3.12	V
	V_{LVD3}	Power supply rise time	2.96	3.02	3.08	V
		Power supply fall time	2.90	2.96	3.02	V
	V_{LVD4}	Power supply rise time	2.86	2.92	2.97	V
		Power supply fall time	2.80	2.86	2.91	V
	V_{LVD5}	Power supply rise time	2.76	2.81	2.87	V
		Power supply fall time	2.70	2.75	2.81	V
	V_{LVD6}	Power supply rise time	2.66	2.71	2.76	V
		Power supply fall time	2.60	2.65	2.70	V
	V_{LVD7}	Power supply rise time	2.56	2.61	2.66	V
		Power supply fall time	2.50	2.55	2.60	V
	V_{LVD8}	Power supply rise time	2.45	2.50	2.55	V
		Power supply fall time	2.40	2.45	2.50	V
	V_{LVD9}	Power supply rise time	2.05	2.09	2.13	V
		Power supply fall time	2.00	2.04	2.08	V
	V_{LVD10}	Power supply rise time	1.94	1.98	2.02	V
		Power supply fall time	1.90	1.94	1.98	V
	V_{LVD11}	Power supply rise time	1.84	1.88	1.91	V
		Power supply fall time	1.80	1.84	1.87	V
	V_{LVD12}	Power supply rise time	1.74	1.77	1.81	V
		Power supply fall time	1.70	1.73	1.77	V
	V_{LVD13}	Power supply rise time	1.64	1.67	1.70	V
		Power supply fall time	1.60	1.63	1.66	V
Minimum pulse width	t_{LW}		300			μs
Detection delay time					300	μs

CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential)

(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)

**CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential)**

(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)



Remarks 1. p: CSI number ($p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31$), m: Unit number ($m = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13$), n: Channel number ($n = 0, 2$), g: PIM and POM number ($g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14$)

2. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

3.6 Analog Characteristics

3.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

Input channel	Reference Voltage		
	Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM	Reference voltage (+) = VDD Reference voltage (-) = Vss	Reference voltage (+) = VBGR Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM
ANI0 to ANI14	Refer to 3.6.1 (1).	Refer to 3.6.1 (3).	Refer to 3.6.1 (4).
ANI16 to ANI26	Refer to 3.6.1 (2).		
Internal reference voltage Temperature sensor output voltage	Refer to 3.6.1 (1).		—

- (1) When reference voltage (+) = AVREFP/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI2 to ANI14, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP, Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD ^{Note 3}	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V		1.2	±3.5	LSB
Conversion time	tCONV	10-bit resolution Target pin: ANI2 to ANI14	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.125		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875		39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
		10-bit resolution Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.375		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	3.5625		39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Ezs	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD ^{Note 3}	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±0.25	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Efs	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD ^{Note 3}	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±0.25	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD ^{Note 3}	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±2.5	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD ^{Note 3}	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±1.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI2 to ANI14		0		AVREFP	V
		Internal reference voltage output (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			VBGR ^{Note 4}		V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			VTMPS25 ^{Note 4}		V

(Notes are listed on the next page.)

- (3) When reference voltage (+) = V_{DD} (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = V_{SS} (ADREFM = 0), target pin : ANI0 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI26, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = V_{DD}, Reference voltage (-) = V_{SS})

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1.2	±7.0	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.125		39	μs
		Target pin: ANI0 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI26	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875		39	μs
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs	
		10-bit resolution	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.375		39	μs
		Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.5625		39	μs
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs	
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	10-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±0.60	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±4.0	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	ANI0 to ANI14		0		V _{DD}	V
		ANI16 to ANI26		0		EV _{DD0}	V
		Internal reference voltage output (2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			V _{BGR} ^{Note 3}		V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			V _{TMP525} ^{Note 3}		V

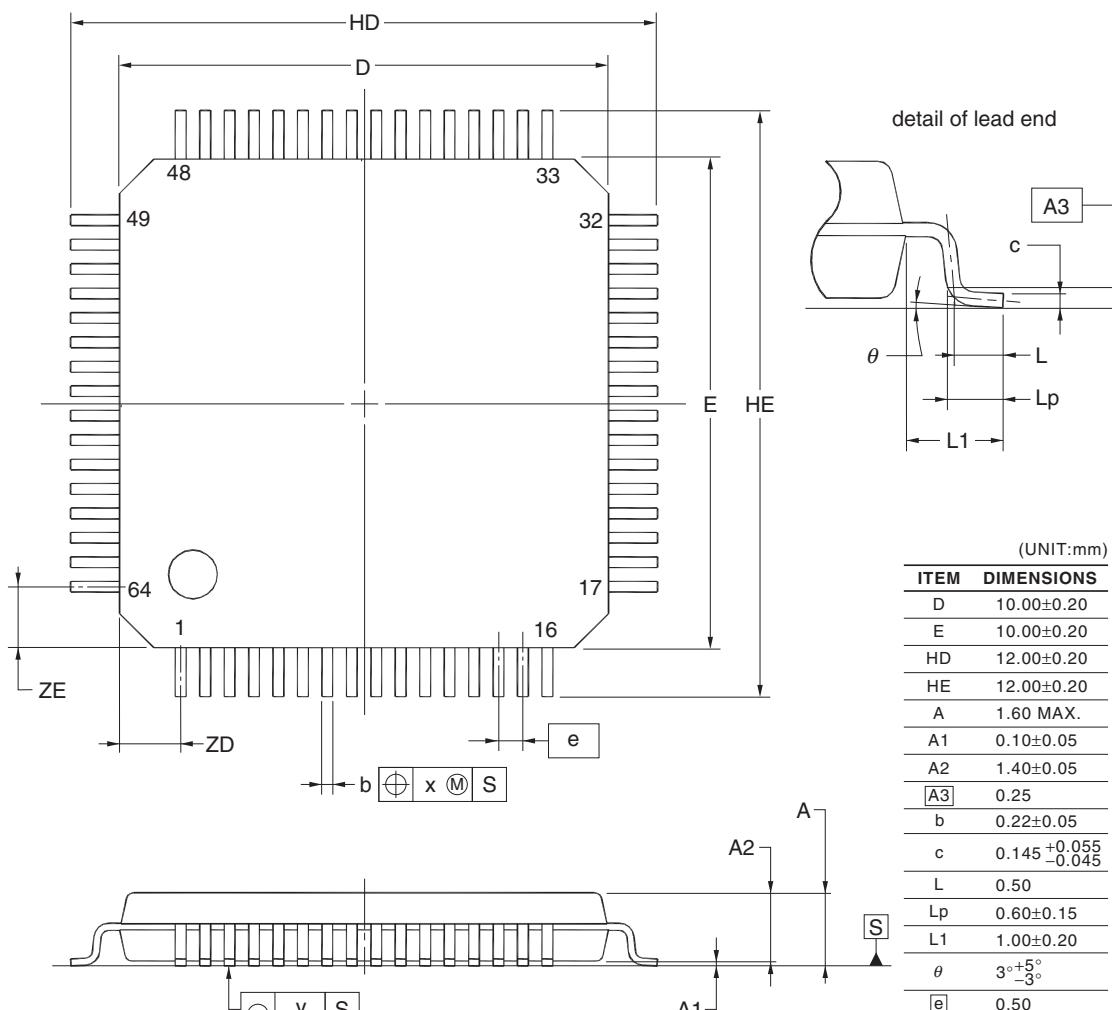
Notes 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. Refer to 3.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.

R5F100LCAF, R5F100LDAFB, R5F100LEAFB, R5F100LFAFB, R5F100LGAFB, R5F100LHAFB, R5F100LJAFB,
 R5F100LKAFB, R5F100LLAFB
 R5F101LCAF, R5F101LDAFB, R5F101LEAFB, R5F101LFAFB, R5F101LGAFB, R5F101LHAFB,
 R5F101LJAFB, R5F101LKAFB, R5F101LLAFB
 R5F100LCDFB, R5F100LDDFB, R5F100LEDFB, R5F100LFDFB, R5F100LGDFB, R5F100LHDFB, R5F100LJDFB,
 R5F100LKDFB, R5F100LLDFB
 R5F101LCDFB, R5F101LDDFB, R5F101LEDFB, R5F101LFDFB, R5F101LGDFB, R5F101LHDFB,
 R5F101LJDFB, R5F101LKDFB, R5F101LLDFB
 R5F100LCGFB, R5F100LDGFB, R5F100LEGFB, R5F100LFGFB, R5F100LGGFB, R5F100LHGFB,
 R5F100LJGFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP64-10x10-0.50	PLQP0064KF-A	P64GB-50-UEU-2	0.35

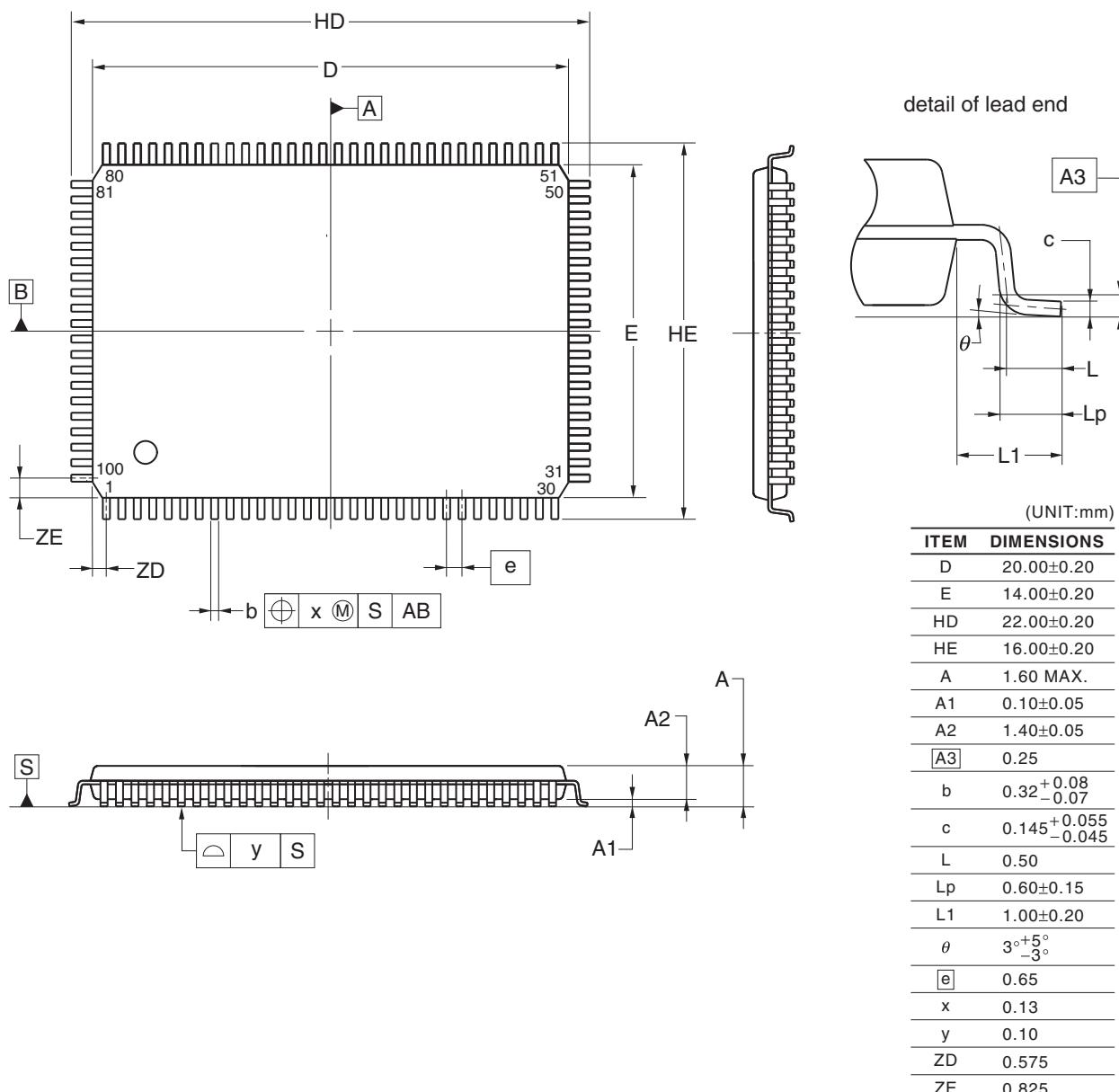
**NOTE**

Each lead centerline is located within 0.08 mm of its true position at maximum material condition.

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R5F100PFAFA, R5F100PGAFA, R5F100PHAFA, R5F100PJAFA, R5F100PKAFA, R5F100PLAFA
 R5F101PFAFA, R5F101PGAFA, R5F101PHAFA, R5F101PJAFA, R5F101PKAFA, R5F101PLAFA
 R5F100PFDFA, R5F100PGDFA, R5F100PHDFA, R5F100PJ DFA, R5F100PK DFA, R5F100PL DFA
 R5F101PFDFA, R5F101PGDFA, R5F101PHDFA, R5F101PJ DFA, R5F101PK DFA, R5F101PL DFA
 R5F100PFGFA, R5F100PGGFA, R5F100PHGFA, R5F100PJGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP100-14x20-0.65	PLQP0100JC-A	P100GF-65-GBN-1	0.92

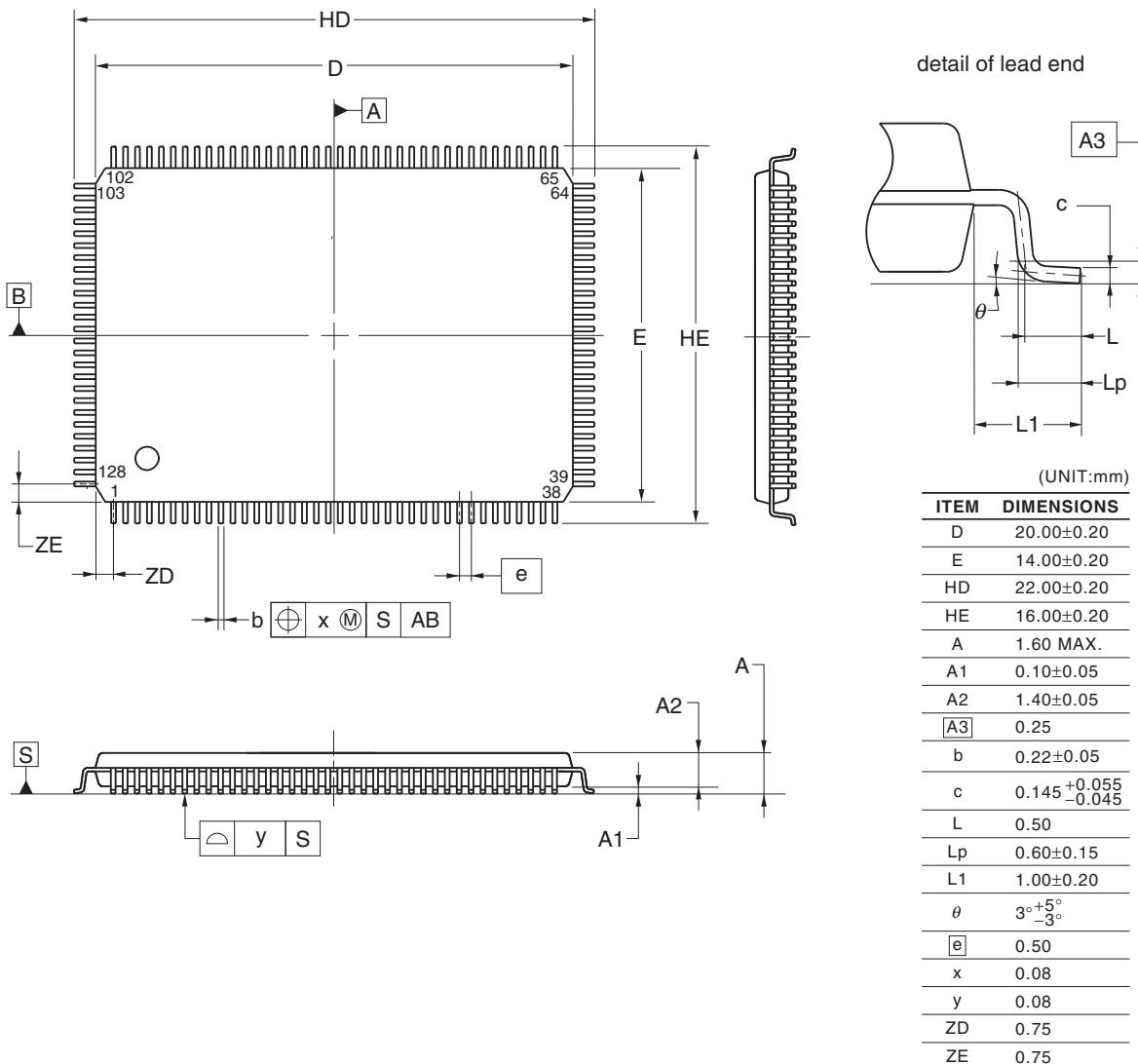


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4.14 128-pin Products

R5F100SHAFB, R5F100SJAFB, R5F100SKAFB, R5F100SLAFB
 R5F101SHAFB, R5F101SJAFB, R5F101SKAFB, R5F101SLAFB
 R5F100SHDFB, R5F100SJDFB, R5F100SKDFB, R5F100SLDFB
 R5F101SHDFB, R5F101SJDFB, R5F101SKDFB, R5F101SLDFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP128-14x20-0.50	PLQP0128KD-A	P128GF-50-GBP-1	0.92



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