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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	48
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.4V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LFQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100lcfgb-v0

[40-pin, 44-pin, 48-pin, 52-pin, 64-pin products]

Caution This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is set to 00H.

(1/2)

Item		40-pin		44-pin		48-pin		52-pin		64-pin	
		R5F100Ex	R5F101Ex	R5F100Ex	R5F101Ex	R5F100Gx	R5F101Gx	R5F100Jx	R5F101Jx	R5F100Lx	R5F101Lx
Code flash memory (KB)		16 to 192		16 to 512		16 to 512		32 to 512		32 to 512	
Data flash memory (KB)		4 to 8	—	4 to 8	—	4 to 8	—	4 to 8	—	4 to 8	—
RAM (KB)		2 to 16 ^{Note1}		2 to 32 ^{Note1}		2 to 32 ^{Note1}		2 to 32 ^{Note1}		2 to 32 ^{Note1}	
Address space		1 MB									
Main system clock	High-speed system clock	X1 (crystal/ceramic) oscillation, external main system clock input (EXCLK) HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 20 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (Low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (Low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V)									
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 32 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz (V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (Low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V), LV (Low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz (V _{DD} = 1.6 to 5.5 V)									
Subsystem clock		XT1 (crystal) oscillation, external subsystem clock input (EXCLKS) 32.768 kHz									
Low-speed on-chip oscillator		15 kHz (TYP.)									
General-purpose registers		(8-bit register × 8) × 4 banks									
Minimum instruction execution time		0.03125 μs (High-speed on-chip oscillator: f _{IH} = 32 MHz operation)									
		0.05 μs (High-speed system clock: f _{MX} = 20 MHz operation)									
		30.5 μs (Subsystem clock: f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz operation)									
Instruction set		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data transfer (8/16 bits)• Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits)• Multiplication (8 bits × 8 bits)• Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (Set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc.									
I/O port	Total	36		40		44		48		58	
	CMOS I/O	28 (N-ch O.D. I/O [V _{DD} withstand voltage]: 10)		31 (N-ch O.D. I/O [V _{DD} withstand voltage]: 10)		34 (N-ch O.D. I/O [V _{DD} withstand voltage]: 11)		38 (N-ch O.D. I/O [V _{DD} withstand voltage]: 13)		48 (N-ch O.D. I/O [V _{DD} withstand voltage]: 15)	
	CMOS input	5		5		5		5		5	
	CMOS output	—		—		1		1		1	
	N-ch O.D. I/O (withstand voltage: 6 V)	3		4		4		4		4	
Timer	16-bit timer	8 channels									
	Watchdog timer	1 channel									
	Real-time clock (RTC)	1 channel									
	12-bit interval timer (IT)	1 channel									
	Timer output	4 channels (PWM outputs: 3 ^{Note2}), 8 channels (PWM outputs: 7 ^{Note2, Note3})		5 channels (PWM outputs: 4 ^{Note2}), 8 channels (PWM outputs: 7 ^{Note2}) ^{Note3}						8 channels (PWM outputs: 7 ^{Note2})	
	RTC output	1 channel • 1 Hz (subsystem clock: f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz)									

Notes 1. The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory. The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.

R5F100xD, R5F101xD (x = E to G, J, L): Start address FF300H

R5F100xE, R5F101xE (x = E to G, J, L): Start address FEF00H

R5F100xJ, R5F101xJ (x = F, G, J, L): Start address FAF00H

R5F100xL, R5F101xL (x = F, G, J, L): Start address F7F00H

For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see **Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944)**.

2.3.2 Supply current characteristics

(1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ E_{VDD0} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = E_{VSS0} = 0 V) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit		
Supply current ^{Note 1}	I _{DD1}	Operating mode	HS (high-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{IH} = 32 MHz ^{Note 3}	Basic operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		2.1		mA	
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		2.1		mA	
					Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		4.6	7.0	mA	
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		4.6	7.0	mA	
				f _{IH} = 24 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		3.7	5.5	mA	
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		3.7	5.5	mA	
				f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		2.7	4.0	mA	
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		2.7	4.0	mA	
				LS (low-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{IH} = 8 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		1.2	1.8	mA
							V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.2	1.8	mA
				LV (low-voltage main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		1.2	1.7	mA
							V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.2	1.7	mA
			HS (high-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.0	4.6	mA	
						Resonator connection		3.2	4.8	mA	
					Normal operation	Square wave input		3.0	4.6	mA	
						Resonator connection		3.2	4.8	mA	
					f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.9	2.7	mA
							Resonator connection		1.9	2.7	mA
					f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.9	2.7	mA
							Resonator connection		1.9	2.7	mA
				LS (low-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.1	1.7	mA
							Resonator connection		1.1	1.7	mA
					f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 2.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.1	1.7	mA
							Resonator connection		1.1	1.7	mA
			Subsystem clock operation	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = −40°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.1	4.9	μA	
						Resonator connection		4.2	5.0	μA	
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +25°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.1	4.9	μA	
						Resonator connection		4.2	5.0	μA	
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +50°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.2	5.5	μA	
						Resonator connection		4.3	5.6	μA	
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +70°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.3	6.3	μA	
						Resonator connection		4.4	6.4	μA	
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +85°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.6	7.7	μA	
						Resonator connection		4.7	7.8	μA	

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Note The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when $E_{VDD0} < V_{DD}$

$1.8\text{ V} \leq E_{VDD0} < 2.7\text{ V}$: MIN. 125 ns

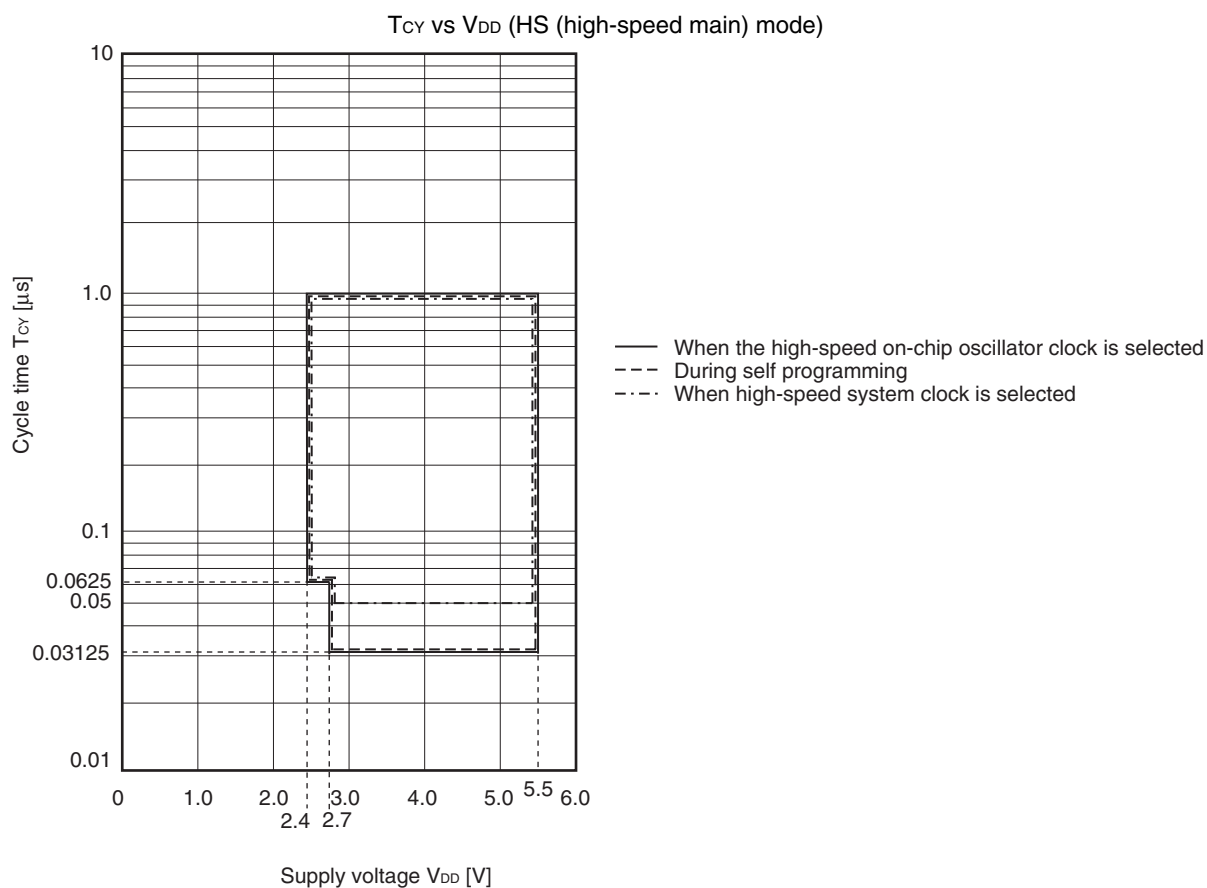
$1.6\text{ V} \leq E_{VDD0} < 1.8\text{ V}$: MIN. 250 ns

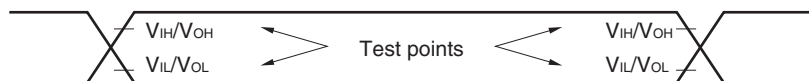
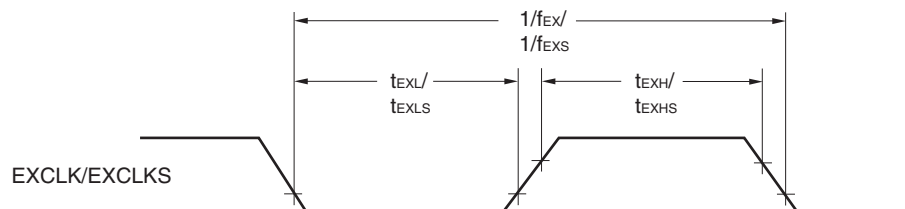
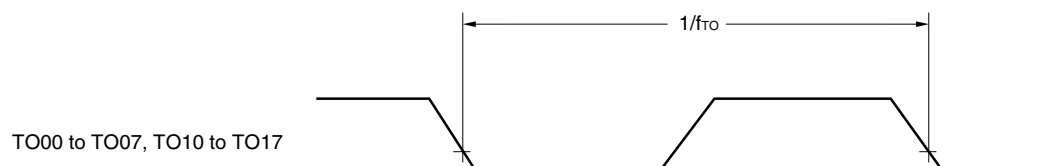
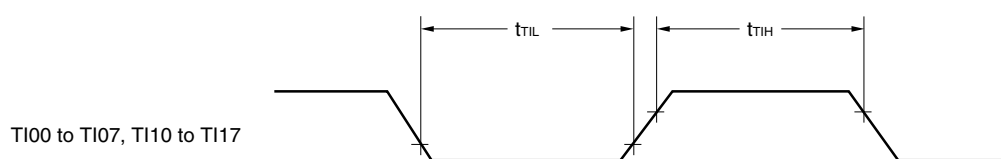
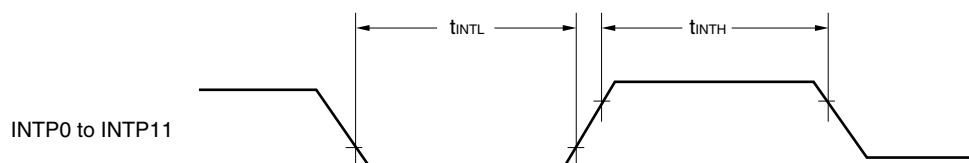
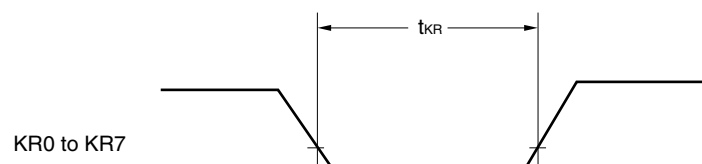
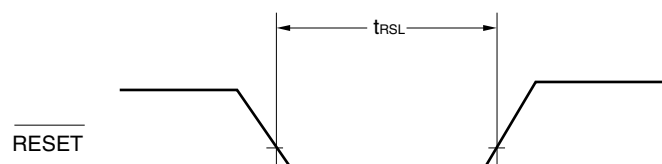
Remark f_{MCK} : Timer array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn0, CKSmn1 bits of timer mode register mn (TMRmn).

m: Unit number ($m = 0, 1$), n: Channel number ($n = 0$ to 7))

Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation



AC Timing Test Points**External System Clock Timing****TI/TO Timing****Interrupt Request Input Timing****Key Interrupt Input Timing****RESET Input Timing**

(7) Communication at different potential (2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only) (1/2)

 $(T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0\text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t_{KCY1}	$t_{\text{KCY1}} \geq 2/f_{\text{CLK}}$ $4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	200		1150		1150		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	300		1150		1150		ns
SCKp high-level width	t_{KH1}	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 50$		$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 50$		$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 50$		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 120$		$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 120$		$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 120$		ns
SCKp low-level width	t_{KL1}	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 7$		$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 50$		$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 50$		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 10$		$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 50$		$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 50$		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp \uparrow) ^{Note 1}	t_{SIK1}	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	58		479		479		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	121		479		479		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp \uparrow) ^{Note 1}	t_{KSI1}	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	10		10		10		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp \downarrow to SOp output ^{Note 1}	t_{KSO1}	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$		60		60		60	ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 20\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$		130		130		130	ns

(Notes, Caution, and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)
(1/3)(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY1}	t _{KCY1} ≥ 4/f _{CLK} 4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	300		1150		1150		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	500		1150		1150		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	1150		1150		1150		ns
SCKp high-level width	t _{KH1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 75		t _{KCY1} /2 – 75		t _{KCY1} /2 – 75		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 170		t _{KCY1} /2 – 170		t _{KCY1} /2 – 170		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 458		t _{KCY1} /2 – 458		t _{KCY1} /2 – 458		ns
SCKp low-level width	t _{KL1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 12		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 18		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns

Note Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed two pages after the next page.)

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)
(3/3)

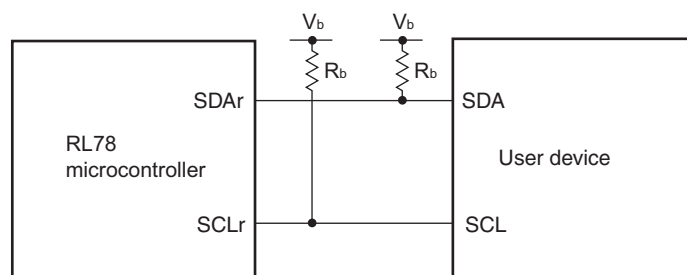
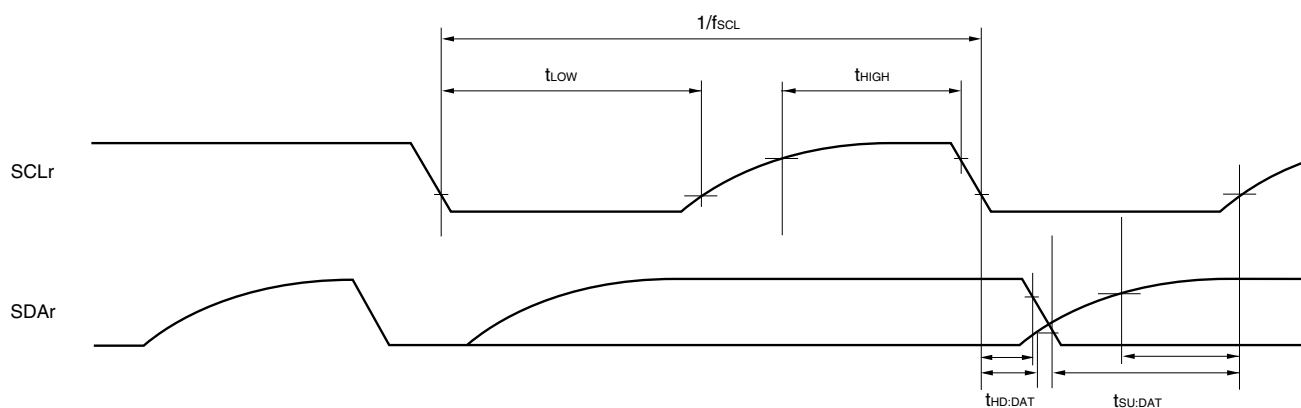
(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp↓) ^{Note 1}	t _{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	44		110		110		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	44		110		110		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	110		110		110		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↓) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSH1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp↑ to SOp output ^{Note 1}	t _{KSO1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		25		25		25	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		25		25		25	ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ		25		25		25	ns

- Notes**
1. When DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 1, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 0.
 2. Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)**Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at different potential)**

- Remarks**
1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
 2. r: IIC number (r = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), g: PIM, POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13))

(3) When reference voltage (+) = V_{DD} (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (–) = V_{SS} (ADREFM = 0), target pin : ANI0 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI26, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(T_A = –40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = V_{DD}, Reference voltage (–) = V_{SS})

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1.2	±7.0	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V <small>Note 3</small>		1.2	±10.5	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin: ANI0 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI26	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.125		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875		39	μs
			1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	57		95	μs
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.375		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.5625		39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	10-bit resolution	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±0.60	%FSR
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V <small>Note 3</small>			±0.85	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±0.60	%FSR
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V <small>Note 3</small>			±0.85	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±4.0	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V <small>Note 3</small>			±6.5	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±2.0	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V <small>Note 3</small>			±2.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	ANI0 to ANI14	0			V _{DD}	V
		ANI16 to ANI26	0			EV _{DD0}	V
		Internal reference voltage (2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)	V _{BGR} ^{Note 4}				V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)	V _{TMPS25} ^{Note 4}				V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

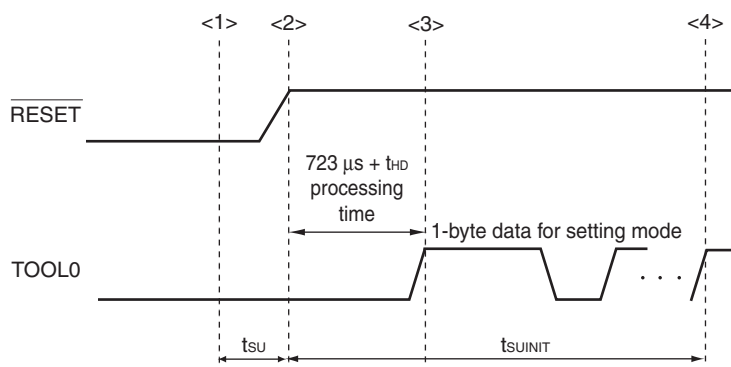
3. When the conversion time is set to 57 μs (min.) and 95 μs (max.).

4. Refer to 2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.

2.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Modes

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.8\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD}1} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}1} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	t_{SUINIT}	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	t_{SU}	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	10			μs
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)	t_{HD}	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	1			ms



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset is released (POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is set to the high level.
- <4> Setting of the flash memory programming mode by UART reception and complete the baud rate setting.

Remark t_{SUINIT} : Communication for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after the external reset is released during this period.

t_{SU} : Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level

t_{HD} : Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0\text{ V}$) (3/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	V_{IH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	Normal input buffer	$0.8\text{EV}_{\text{DD0}}$	EV_{DD0}	V
	V_{IH2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P11, P13 to P17, P43, P44, P53 to P55, P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer $4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	2.2	EV_{DD0}	V
			TTL input buffer $3.3\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$	2.0	EV_{DD0}	V
			TTL input buffer $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3\text{ V}$	1.5	EV_{DD0}	V
	V_{IH3}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	0.7V_{DD}		V_{DD}	V
	V_{IH4}	P60 to P63	$0.7\text{EV}_{\text{DD0}}$		6.0	V
	V_{IH5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCLKS, RESET	0.8V_{DD}		V_{DD}	V
Input voltage, low	V_{IL1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	Normal input buffer	0	$0.2\text{EV}_{\text{DD0}}$	V
	V_{IL2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P11, P13 to P17, P43, P44, P53 to P55, P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer $4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	0	0.8	V
			TTL input buffer $3.3\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$	0	0.5	V
			TTL input buffer $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3\text{ V}$	0	0.32	V
	V_{IL3}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	0		0.3V_{DD}	V
	V_{IL4}	P60 to P63	0		$0.3\text{EV}_{\text{DD0}}$	V
	V_{IL5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCLKS, RESET	0		0.2V_{DD}	V

Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of pins P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 is EV_{DD0} , even in the N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

- Notes**
1. Total current flowing into V_{DD} , EV_{DD0} , and EV_{DD1} , including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD} , EV_{DD0} , and EV_{DD1} , or V_{SS} , EV_{SS0} , and EV_{SS1} . The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 2. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 3. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 4. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When $AMPHS1 = 1$ (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
 5. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 32 MHz

$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 16 MHz

- Remarks**
1. f_{MX} : High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 2. f_{IH} : High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 3. f_{SUB} : Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 4. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

- Notes**
1. Total current flowing into V_{DD} , EV_{DD0} , and EV_{DD1} , including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD} , EV_{DD0} , and EV_{DD1} , or V_{SS} , EV_{SS0} , and EV_{SS1} . The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
 3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 4. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 5. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When $RTCLPC = 1$ and setting ultra-low current consumption ($AMPHS1 = 1$). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
 6. Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
 7. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}@1\text{ MHz to }32\text{ MHz}$
 $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}@1\text{ MHz to }16\text{ MHz}$

8. Regarding the value for current operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.

- Remarks**
1. f_{MX} : High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 2. f_{IH} : High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 3. f_{SUB} : Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 4. Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

3.4 AC Characteristics

(T_A = -40 to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD}1} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}1} = 0\text{ V}$)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Instruction cycle (minimum instruction execution time)	T _{cy}	Main system clock (f _{MAIN}) operation	HS (high-speed main) mode	$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	0.03125	1	μs
				$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7\text{ V}$	0.0625	1	μs
		Subsystem clock (f _{SUB}) operation		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	28.5	30.5	μs
		In the self programming mode	HS (high-speed main) mode	$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	0.03125	1	μs
				$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7\text{ V}$	0.0625	1	μs
External system clock frequency	f _{EX}	$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		1.0		20.0	MHz
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7\text{ V}$		1.0		16.0	MHz
	f _{EXS}			32		35	kHz
External system clock input high-level width, low-level width	t _{EXH} , t _{EXL}	$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		24			ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7\text{ V}$		30			ns
	t _{EXHS} , t _{EXLS}			13.7			μs
Ti00 to Ti07, Ti10 to Ti17 input high-level width, low-level width	t _{TIH} , t _{TIL}			1/f _{MCK} +10			ns ^{Note}
TO00 to TO07, TO10 to TO17 output frequency	f _{TO}	HS (high-speed main) mode	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$			16	MHz
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 4.0\text{ V}$			8	MHz
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 2.7\text{ V}$			4	MHz
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1 output frequency	f _{PCL}	HS (high-speed main) mode	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$			16	MHz
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 4.0\text{ V}$			8	MHz
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 2.7\text{ V}$			4	MHz
Interrupt input high-level width, low-level width	t _{INTH} , t _{INTL}	INTP0	$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	1			μs
		INTP1 to INTP11	$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	1			μs
Key interrupt input low-level width	t _{KR}	KR0 to KR7	$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	250			ns
RESET low-level width	t _{RSL}			10			μs

Note The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when $\text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$
 $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 2.7\text{ V}$: MIN. 125 ns

Remark f_{MCK}: Timer array unit operation clock frequency
 (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn0, CKSmn1 bits of timer mode register mn (TMRmn).
 m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 7))

(2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)**($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD}1} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}1} = 0\text{ V}$)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	$t_{\text{KCY}1}$	$t_{\text{KCY}1} \geq 4/f_{\text{CLK}}$			
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	250		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	500		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	$t_{\text{KH}1},$ $t_{\text{KL}1}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	$t_{\text{KCY}1}/2 - 24$		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	$t_{\text{KCY}1}/2 - 36$		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	$t_{\text{KCY}1}/2 - 76$		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp \uparrow) ^{Note 1}	$t_{\text{SIK}1}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	66		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	66		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	113		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp \uparrow) ^{Note 2}	$t_{\text{KSI}1}$		38		ns
Delay time from SCKp \downarrow to SOp output ^{Note 3}	$t_{\text{KSO}1}$	$C = 30\text{ pF}$ ^{Note 4}		50	ns

- Notes**
1. When $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$. The Slp setup time becomes “to SCKp \downarrow ” when $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$.
 2. When $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$. The Slp hold time becomes “from SCKp \downarrow ” when $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$.
 3. When $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp \uparrow ” when $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$.
 4. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

- Remarks**
1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3),
g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 2. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

5. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using $f_{MCK}/12$ or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when $2.4\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3\text{ V}$ and $1.6\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

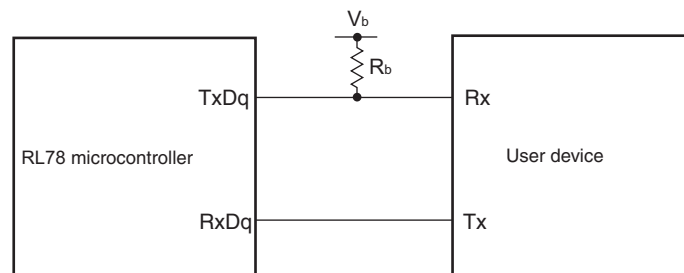
$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

6. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 5 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (1/3)**($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD}1} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}1} = 0\text{ V}$)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t_{KCY1}	$t_{\text{KCY1}} \geq 4/f_{\text{CLK}}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	600		ns
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	1000		ns
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	2300		ns
SCKp high-level width	t_{KH1}		$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 150$		ns
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 340$		ns
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 916$		ns
SCKp low-level width	t_{KL1}		$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 24$		ns
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 36$		ns
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 100$		ns

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed two pages after the next page.)

- (4) When reference voltage (+) = Internal reference voltage (ADREFP1 = 1, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (–) = $AV_{REFM}/ANI1$ (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI0, ANI2 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI26

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0\text{ V}$, Reference voltage (+) = V_{BGR} ^{Note 3}, Reference voltage (–) = AV_{REFM} ^{Note 4} = 0 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8			bit
Conversion time	t_{CONV}	8-bit resolution	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	8-bit resolution	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$			± 0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	8-bit resolution	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$			± 2.0	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	8-bit resolution	$2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$			± 1.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V_{AIN}			0		V_{BGR} ^{Note 3}	V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. Refer to **3.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics**.

4. When reference voltage (–) = V_{SS} , the MAX. values are as follows.

Zero-scale error: Add $\pm 0.35\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when reference voltage (–) = AV_{REFM} .

Integral linearity error: Add ± 0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (–) = AV_{REFM} .

Differential linearity error: Add ± 0.2 LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (–) = AV_{REFM} .

3.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, HS (high-speed main) mode)

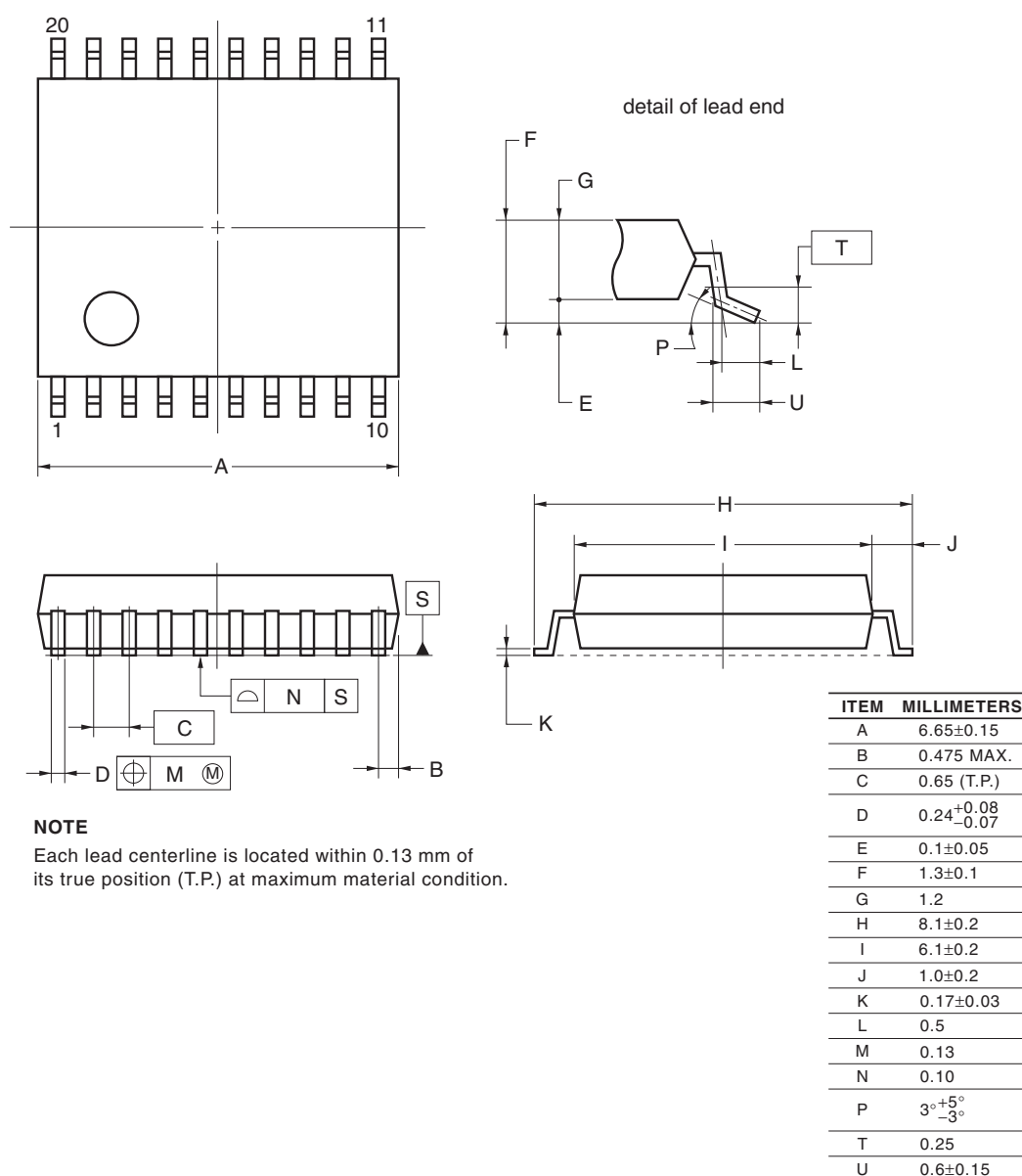
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	V_{TMPS25}	Setting ADS register = 80H, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$		1.05		V
Internal reference voltage	V_{BGR}	Setting ADS register = 81H	1.38	1.45	1.5	V
Temperature coefficient	F_{VTMPS}	Temperature sensor that depends on the temperature		–3.6		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operation stabilization wait time	t_{AMP}		5			μs

4. PACKAGE DRAWINGS

4.1 20-pin Products

R5F1006AASP, R5F1006CASP, R5F1006DASP, R5F1006EASP
 R5F1016AASP, R5F1016CASP, R5F1016DASP, R5F1016EASP
 R5F1006ADSP, R5F1006CDSP, R5F1006DDSP, R5F1006EDSP
 R5F1016ADSP, R5F1016CDSP, R5F1016DDSP, R5F1016EDSP
 R5F1006AGSP, R5F1006CGSP, R5F1006DGSP, R5F1006EGSP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LSSOP20-0300-0.65	PLSP0020JC-A	S20MC-65-5A4-3	0.12

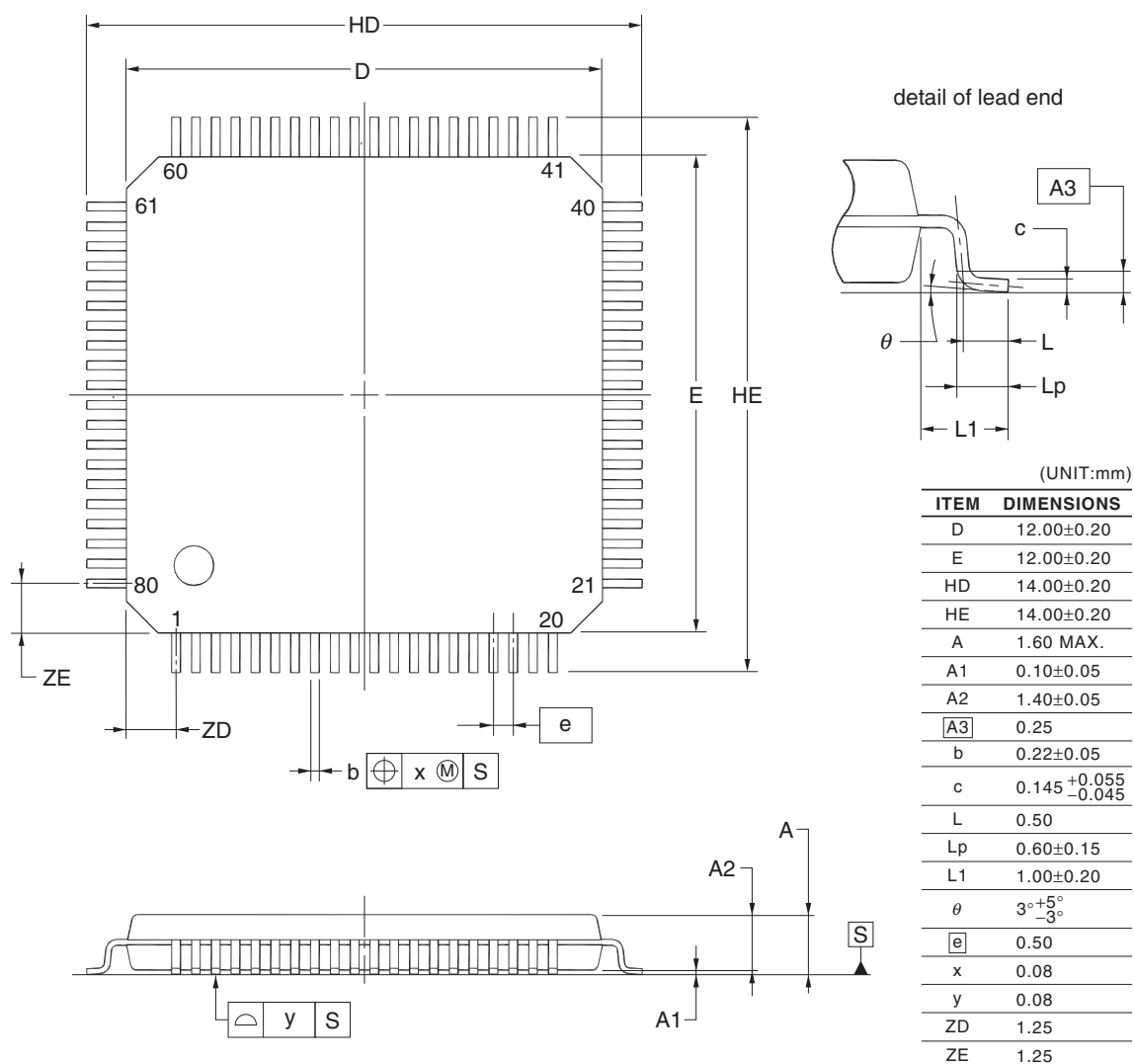


NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.13 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

R5F100MFAFB, R5F100MGAFB, R5F100MHAFB, R5F100MJAFB, R5F100MKAFB, R5F100MLAFB
 R5F101MFAFB, R5F101MGAFB, R5F101MHAFB, R5F101MJAFB, R5F101MKAFB, R5F101MLAFB
 R5F100MFDDB, R5F100MGDFB, R5F100MHDFB, R5F100MJDFB, R5F100MKDFB, R5F100MLDFB
 R5F101MFDDB, R5F101MGDFB, R5F101MHDFB, R5F101MJDFB, R5F101MKDFB, R5F101MLDFB
 R5F100MFGFB, R5F100MGGB, R5F100MHGFB, R5F100MJGFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP80-12x12-0.50	PLQP0080KE-A	P80GK-50-8EU-2	0.53

**NOTE**

Each lead centerline is located within 0.08 mm of its true position at maximum material condition.

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