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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

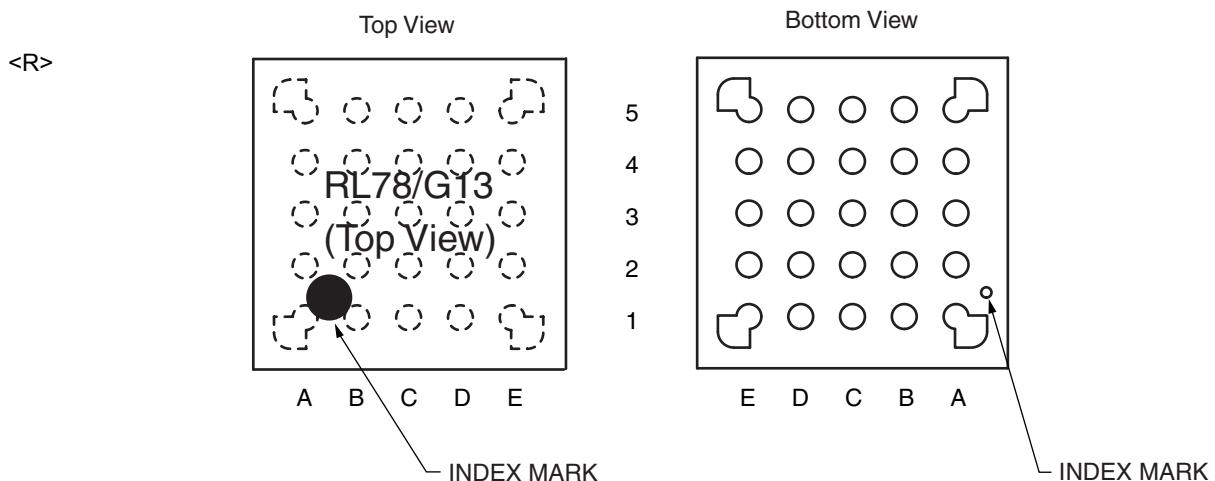
Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	48
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	20K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LFQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100ljafb-v0

1.3.3 25-pin products

- 25-pin plastic WFLGA (3 × 3 mm, 0.50 mm pitch)



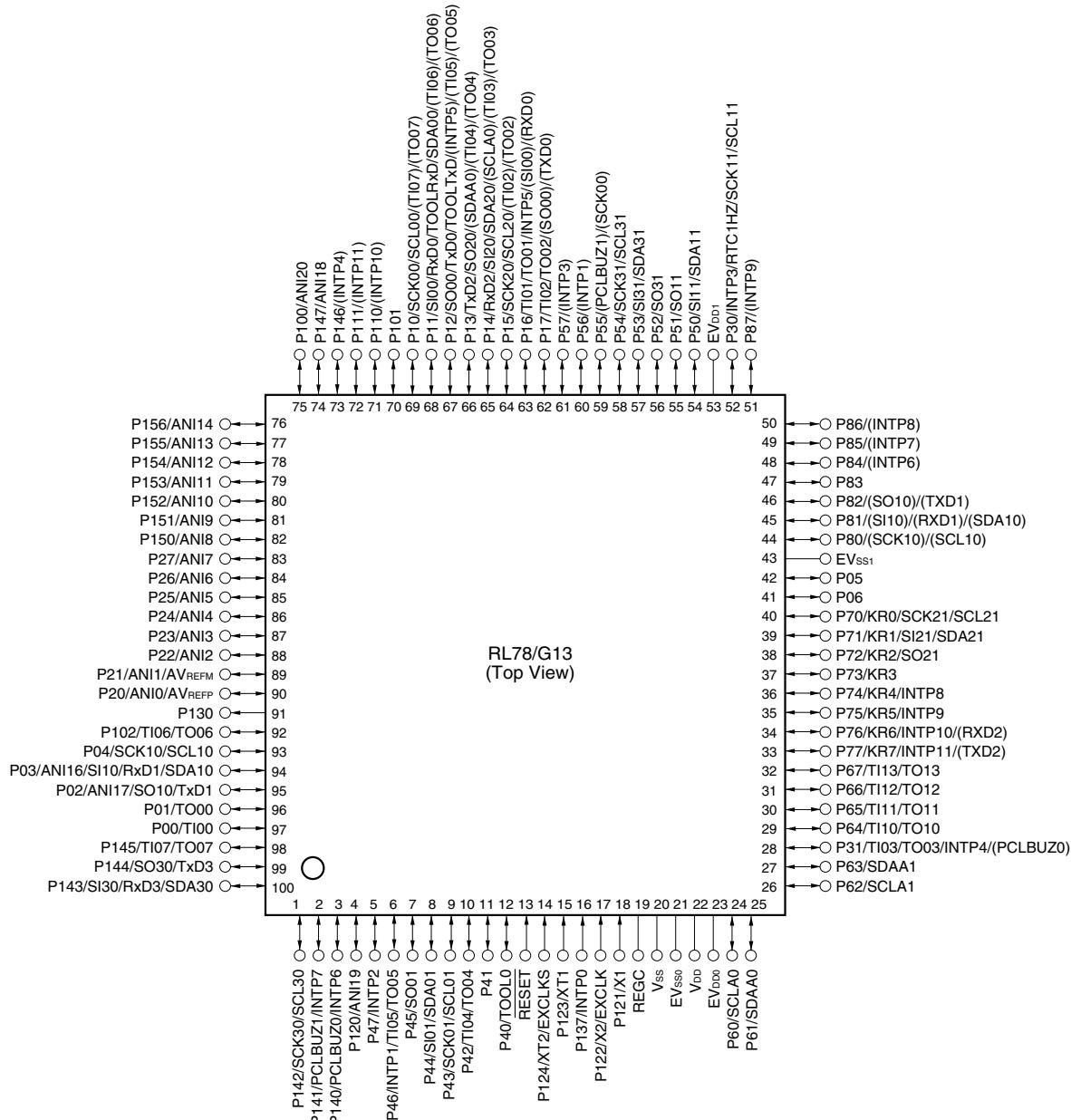
	A	B	C	D	E	
5	P40/TOOL0	RESET	P01/ANI16/ TO00/RxD1	P22/ANI2	P147/ANI18	5
4	P122/X2/ EXCLK	P137/INTP0	P00/ANI17/ TI00/TxD1	P21/ANI1/ AV _{REFM}	P10/SCK00/ SCL00	4
3	P121/X1	V _{DD}	P20/ANI0/ AV _{REFP}	P12/SO00/ TxD0/ TOOLTxD	P11/SI00/ RxDo/ TOOLRxDo/ SDA00	3
2	REGC	V _{ss}	P30/INTP3/ SCK11/SCL11	P17/TI02/ TO02/SO11	P50/INTP1/ SI11/SDA11	2
1	P60/SCLA0	P61/SDAA0	P31/TI03/ TO03/INTP4/ PCLBUZ0	P16/TI01/ TO01/INTP5	P130	1
	A	B	C	D	E	

Caution Connect the REGC pin to V_{ss} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remark For pin identification, see **1.4 Pin Identification**.

1.3.13 100-pin products

- 100-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



2. Make V_{dd} pin the potential that is higher than EV_{dd0}, EV_{dd1} pins (EV_{dd0} = EV_{dd1}).
3. Connect the REGC pin to V_{ss} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

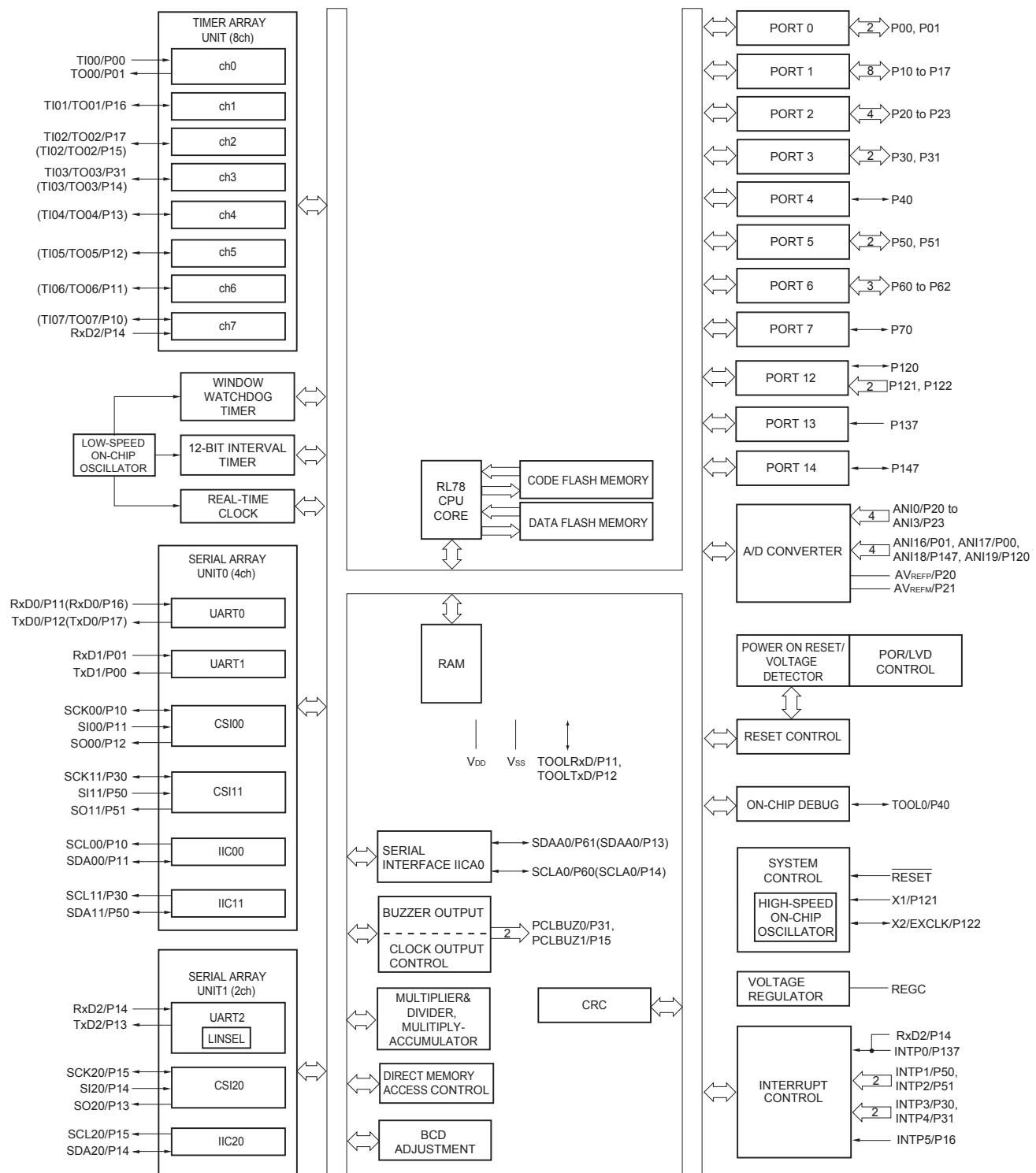
Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the V_{dd}, EV_{dd0} and EV_{dd1} pins and connect the V_{ss}, EV_{ss0} and EV_{ss1} pins to separate ground lines.
3. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.4 Pin Identification

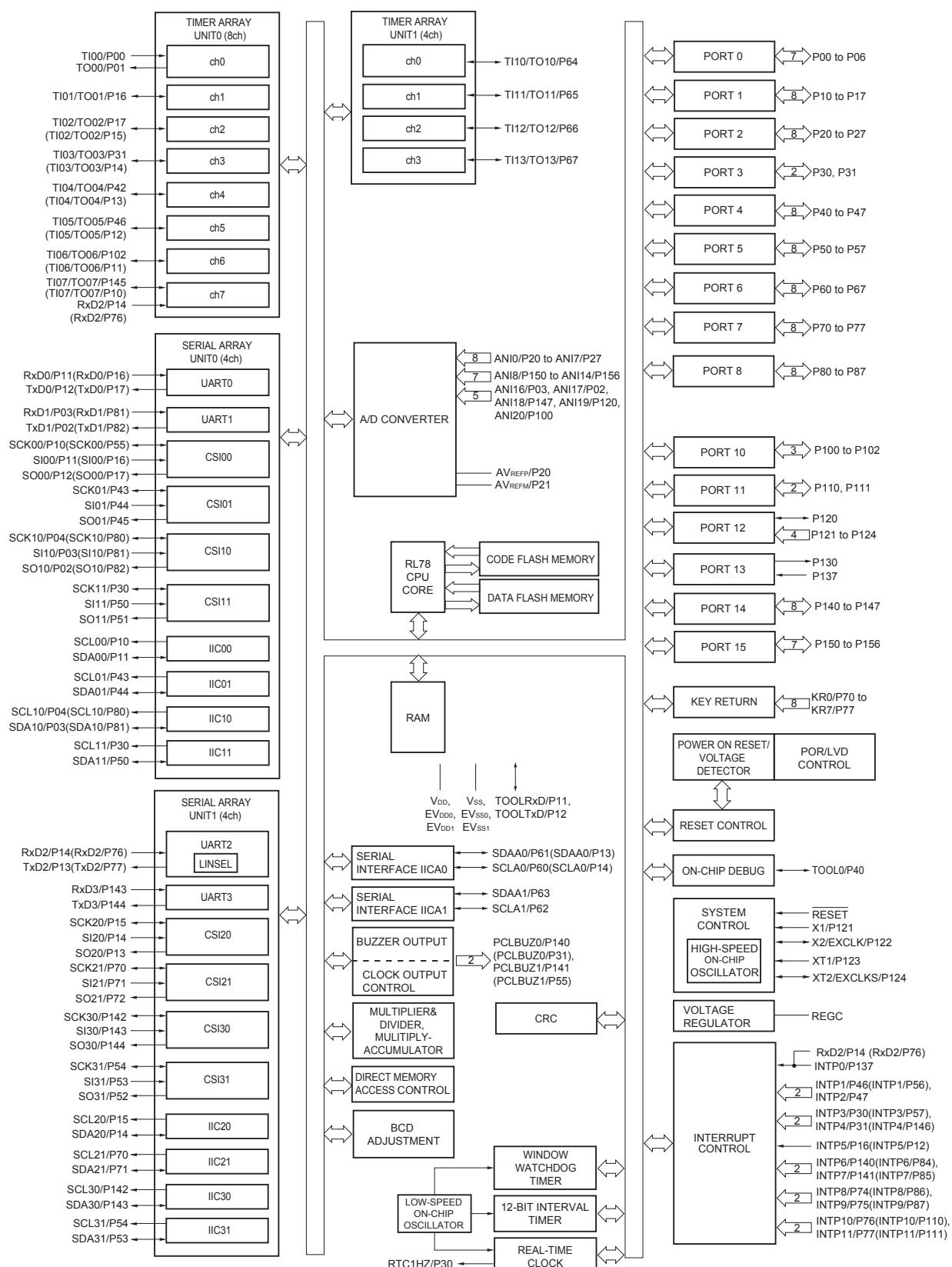
AN10 to AN14,		REGC:	Regulator capacitance
AN16 to ANI26:	Analog input	RESET:	Reset
AV _{REFM} :	A/D converter reference potential (– side) input	RTC1HZ:	Real-time clock correction clock (1 Hz) output
AV _{REFP} :	A/D converter reference potential (+ side) input	RxD0 to RxD3:	Receive data
EV _{VDD0} , EV _{VDD1} :	Power supply for port	SCK00, SCK01, SCK10, SCK11, SCK20, SCK21,	
EV _{SS0} , EV _{SS1} :	Ground for port	SCLA0, SCLA1:	Serial clock input/output
EXCLK:	External clock input (Main system clock)	SCLA0, SCLA1, SCL00, SCL01, SCL10, SCL11,	
EXCLKS:	External clock input (Subsystem clock)	SCL20, SCL21, SCL30, SCL31:	Serial clock output
INTP0 to INTP11:	Interrupt request from peripheral	SDAA0, SDAA1, SDA00, SDA01, SDA10, SDA11,	
KR0 to KR7:	Key return	SDA20, SDA21, SDA30, SDA31:	Serial data input/output
P00 to P07:	Port 0	SI00, SI01, SI10, SI11,	
P10 to P17:	Port 1	SI20, SI21, SI30, SI31:	Serial data input
P20 to P27:	Port 2	SO00, SO01, SO10,	
P30 to P37:	Port 3	SO11, SO20, SO21,	
P40 to P47:	Port 4	SO30, SO31:	Serial data output
P50 to P57:	Port 5	TI00 to TI07,	
P60 to P67:	Port 6	TI10 to TI17:	Timer input
P70 to P77:	Port 7	TO00 to TO07,	
P80 to P87:	Port 8	TO10 to TO17:	Timer output
P90 to P97:	Port 9	TOOL0:	Data input/output for tool
P100 to P106:	Port 10	TOOLRxD, TOOLTxD:	Data input/output for external device
P110 to P117:	Port 11	TxD0 to TxD3:	Transmit data
P120 to P127:	Port 12	V _{DD} :	Power supply
P130, P137:	Port 13	V _{SS} :	Ground
P140 to P147:	Port 14	X1, X2:	Crystal oscillator (main system clock)
P150 to P156:	Port 15	XT1, XT2:	Crystal oscillator (subsystem clock)
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1:	Programmable clock output/buzzer output		

1.5.5 32-pin products



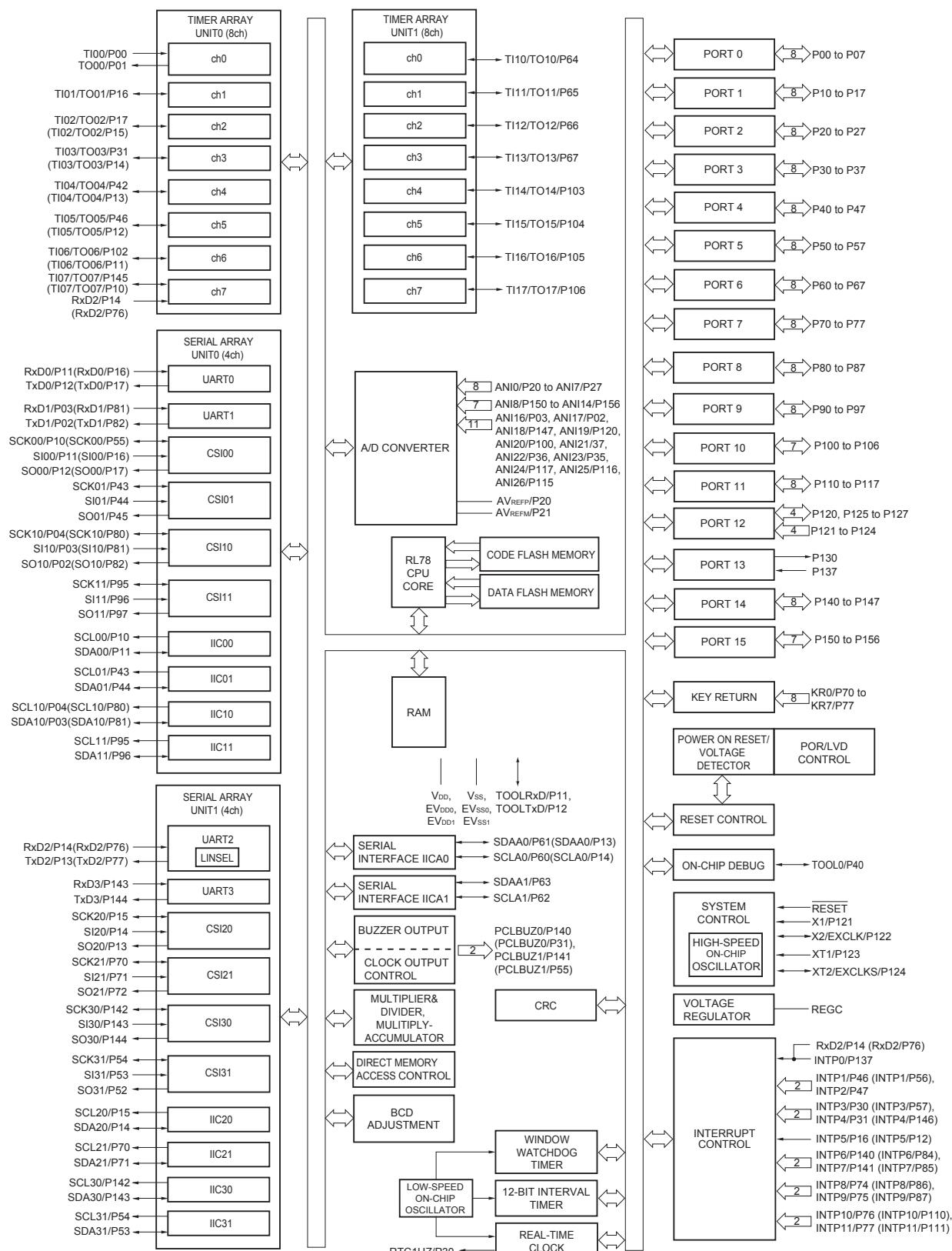
Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.13 100-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.14 128-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

2. The number of PWM outputs varies depending on the setting of channels in use (the number of masters and slaves) (see **6.9.3 Operation as multiple PWM output function** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual).

(2/2)

Item	80-pin		100-pin		128-pin	
	R5F100Mx	R5F101Mx	R5F100Px	R5F101Px	R5F100Sx	R5F101Sx
Clock output/buzzer output	2		2		2	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.44 kHz, 4.88 kHz, 9.76 kHz, 1.25 MHz, 2.5 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz (Main system clock: $f_{MAIN} = 20$ MHz operation) • 256 Hz, 512 Hz, 1.024 kHz, 2.048 kHz, 4.096 kHz, 8.192 kHz, 16.384 kHz, 32.768 kHz (Subsystem clock: $f_{SUB} = 32.768$ kHz operation) 					
8/10-bit resolution A/D converter	17 channels		20 channels		26 channels	
Serial interface	[80-pin, 100-pin, 128-pin products]		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel 			
I ² C bus	2 channels		2 channels		2 channels	
Multiplier and divider/multiply-accumulator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • $16 \text{ bits} \times 16 \text{ bits} = 32 \text{ bits}$ (Unsigned or signed) • $32 \text{ bits} \div 32 \text{ bits} = 32 \text{ bits}$ (Unsigned) • $16 \text{ bits} \times 16 \text{ bits} + 32 \text{ bits} = 32 \text{ bits}$ (Unsigned or signed) 					
DMA controller	4 channels					
Vectorized interrupt sources	Internal	37		37		41
	External	13		13		13
Key interrupt	8		8		8	
Reset	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reset by $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin • Internal reset by watchdog timer • Internal reset by power-on-reset • Internal reset by voltage detector • Internal reset by illegal instruction execution ^{Note} • Internal reset by RAM parity error • Internal reset by illegal-memory access 					
Power-on-reset circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-on-reset: 1.51 V (TYP.) • Power-down-reset: 1.50 V (TYP.) 					
Voltage detector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rising edge : 1.67 V to 4.06 V (14 stages) • Falling edge : 1.63 V to 3.98 V (14 stages) 					
On-chip debug function	Provided					
Power supply voltage	$V_{DD} = 1.6$ to 5.5 V ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) $V_{DD} = 2.4$ to 5.5 V ($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$)					
Operating ambient temperature	$T_A = 40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ (A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications) $T_A = 40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$ (G: Industrial applications)					

Note The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed.

Reset by the illegal instruction execution not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.

<R>

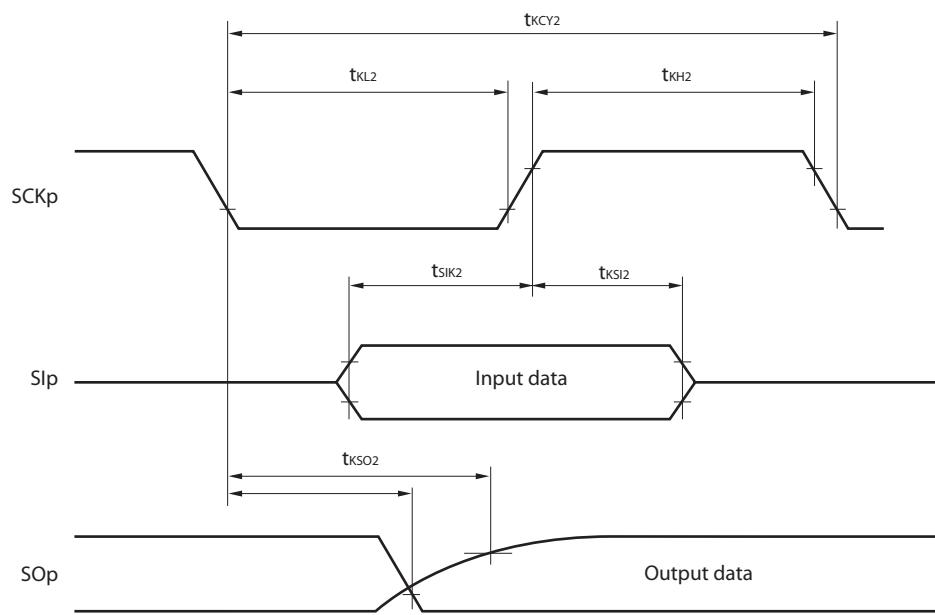
(3) 128-pin products, and flash ROM: 384 to 512 KB of 44- to 100-pin products

 $(T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$) (1/2)

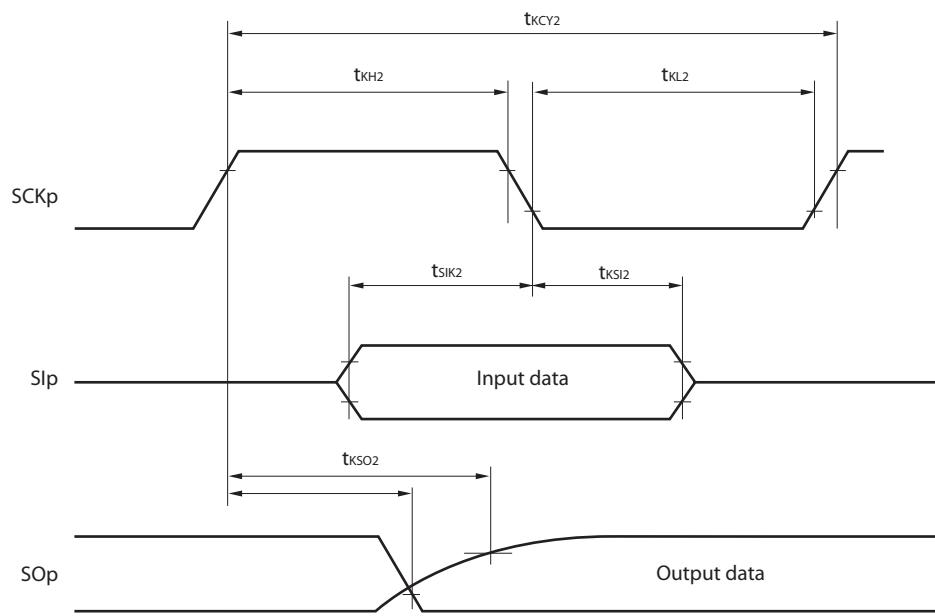
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current ^{Note 1}	I_{DD1}	Operating mode HS (high-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	$f_{IH} = 32 \text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 3}	Basic operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		2.6			mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		2.6			mA
			$f_{IH} = 24 \text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		6.1	9.5		mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		6.1	9.5		mA
		LS (low-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	$f_{IH} = 16 \text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		3.5	5.3		mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		3.5	5.3		mA
		LV (low-voltage main) mode ^{Note 5}	$f_{IH} = 8 \text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		1.5	2.3		mA
					$V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$		1.5	2.3		mA
		HS (high-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 2} , $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.9	6.1		mA
					Resonator connection		4.1	6.3		mA
			$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 2} , $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.9	6.1		mA
					Resonator connection		4.1	6.3		mA
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 2} , $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.5	3.7		mA
					Resonator connection		2.5	3.7		mA
		LS (low-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	$f_{MX} = 8 \text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 2} , $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.4	2.2		mA
					Resonator connection		1.4	2.2		mA
			$f_{MX} = 8 \text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 2} , $V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.4	2.2		mA
					Resonator connection		1.4	2.2		mA
		Subsystem clock operation	$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ ^{Note 4} $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.4	6.5		μA
					Resonator connection		5.5	6.6		μA
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ ^{Note 4} $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.5	6.5		μA
					Resonator connection		5.6	6.6		μA
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ ^{Note 4} $T_A = +50^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.6	9.4		μA
					Resonator connection		5.7	9.5		μA
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ ^{Note 4} $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.9	12.0		μA
					Resonator connection		6.0	12.1		μA
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ ^{Note 4} $T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		6.6	16.3		μA
					Resonator connection		6.7	16.4		μA

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential)
(When $\text{DAP}_{mn} = 0$ and $\text{CKP}_{mn} = 0$, or $\text{DAP}_{mn} = 1$ and $\text{CKP}_{mn} = 1$.)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential)
(When $\text{DAP}_{mn} = 0$ and $\text{CKP}_{mn} = 1$, or $\text{DAP}_{mn} = 1$ and $\text{CKP}_{mn} = 0$.)



- Remarks**
1. p: CSI number ($p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31$), m: Unit number,
n: Channel number ($mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13$), g: PIM and POM number ($g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14$)
 2. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential.
Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

(10) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode) (1/2)(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCL _r clock frequency	f _{SCL}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		1000 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		1000 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ		400 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		400 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V Note 2, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ		300 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
Hold time when SCL _r = "L"	t _{LOW}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	475		1550		1550		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	475		1550		1550		ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	1150		1550		1550		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1150		1550		1550		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V Note 2, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	1550		1550		1550		ns
Hold time when SCL _r = "H"	t _{HIGH}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	245		610		610		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	200		610		610		ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	675		610		610		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	600		610		610		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V Note 2, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	610		610		610		ns

(10) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode) (2/2)(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 135 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		kHz
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 135 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		kHz
		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		kHz
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		kHz
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		1/f _{MCK} + 190 ^{Note 3}		kHz
Data hold time (transmission)	t _{HD:DAT}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	305	0	305	0	305	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	305	0	305	0	305	ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	0	355	0	355	0	355	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	355	0	355	0	355	ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	0	405	0	405	0	405	ns

Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than f_{MCK}/4.

2. Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.
3. Set the f_{MCK} value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

3.3.2 Supply current characteristics

(1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = 0 \text{ V}$) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current <small>Note 1</small>	I_{DD1}	Operating mode	HS (high-speed main) mode <small>Note 5</small>	$f_{IH} = 32 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}}$	Basic operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		2.1		mA
					Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		2.1		mA
					$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		4.6	7.5		mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		4.6	7.5		mA
					$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		3.7	5.8		mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		3.7	5.8		mA
					$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		2.7	4.2		mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		2.7	4.2		mA
		HS (high-speed main) mode <small>Note 5</small>	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.0	4.9		mA
				Resonator connection		3.2	5.0		mA	
				Normal operation		3.0	4.9		mA	
				Resonator connection		3.2	5.0		mA	
				Normal operation		1.9	2.9		mA	
				Resonator connection		1.9	2.9		mA	
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}}$, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.9	2.9		mA
				Resonator connection		1.9	2.9		mA	
				Normal operation		1.9	2.9		mA	
				Resonator connection		1.9	2.9		mA	
				Normal operation		4.1	4.9		μA	
		Subsystem clock operation	$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 4</small> $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Resonator connection		4.2	5.0		μA
				Square wave input		4.1	4.9		μA	
				Resonator connection		4.2	5.0		μA	
				Square wave input		4.2	5.5		μA	
				Resonator connection		4.3	5.6		μA	
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 4</small> $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.3	6.3		μA
				Resonator connection		4.4	6.4		μA	
				Square wave input		4.6	7.7		μA	
				Resonator connection		4.7	7.8		μA	
				Square wave input		6.9	19.7		μA	
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 4</small> $T_A = +105^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Resonator connection		7.0	19.8		μA

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

6. Current flowing only to the A/D converter. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1} or I_{DD2} and I_{ADC} when the A/D converter is in operation.
7. Current flowing only to the LVD circuit. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1} , I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{LVD} when the LVD circuit is in operation.
8. Current flowing only during data flash rewrite.
9. Current flowing only during self programming.
10. For shift time to the SNOOZE mode, see **18.3.3 SNOOZE mode** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

Remarks 1. f_{IL} : Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency

2. f_{SUB} : Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)

3. f_{CLK} : CPU/peripheral hardware clock frequency

4. Temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (3/3)

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{ss} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp↓) ^{Note}	t _{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	88		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	88		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	220		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↓) ^{Note}	t _{KSI1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	38		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	38		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	38		ns
Delay time from SCKp↑ to SO _p output ^{Note}	t _{KSO1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		50	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		50	ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ		50	ns

Note When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SO_p pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode) (2/2)(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 340 <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 340 <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 760 <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 760 <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	1/f _{MCK} + 570 <small>Note 2</small>		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	t _{HD:DAT}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	770	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	770	ns
		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	0	1420	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	0	1420	ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	0	1215	ns

Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than f_{MCK}/4.2. Set the f_{MCK} value to keep the hold time of SCL_r = "L" and SCL_r = "H".

Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SCL_r pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. When $AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ± 1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ± 0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

4. Refer to **3.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics**.

- (2) When reference voltage (+) = $AV_{REFP}/ANI0$ (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = $AV_{REFM}/ANI1$ (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI16 to ANI26

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.4 V ≤ AV_{REFP} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{VSS0} = EV_{VSS1} = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}, Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution EV _{DD0} ≤ AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Notes 3, 4}	2.4 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		1.2	±5.0	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin : ANI16 to ANI26	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.125		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875		39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	10-bit resolution EV _{DD0} ≤ AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Notes 3, 4}	2.4 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V			±0.35	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution EV _{DD0} ≤ AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Notes 3, 4}	2.4 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V			±0.35	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution EV _{DD0} ≤ AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Notes 3, 4}	2.4 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V			±3.5	LSB
Differential linearity error <small>Note 1</small>	DLE	10-bit resolution EV _{DD0} ≤ AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Notes 3, 4}	2.4 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V			±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AiN}	ANI16 to ANI26		0		AV _{REFP} and EV _{DD0}	V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. When AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ±1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add ±0.05%FSR to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

4. When AV_{REFP} < EV_{DD0} ≤ V_{DD}, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ±4.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add ±0.20%FSR to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±2.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

3.6.4 LVD circuit characteristics

LVD Detection Voltage of Reset Mode and Interrupt Mode

(TA = -40 to +105°C, VPDR ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Detection voltage	Supply voltage level	V _{LVDO}	Power supply rise time	3.90	4.06	4.22	V
			Power supply fall time	3.83	3.98	4.13	V
	V _{LVD1}	Power supply rise time	3.60	3.75	3.90	V	
		Power supply fall time	3.53	3.67	3.81	V	
	V _{LVD2}	Power supply rise time	3.01	3.13	3.25	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.94	3.06	3.18	V	
	V _{LVD3}	Power supply rise time	2.90	3.02	3.14	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.85	2.96	3.07	V	
	V _{LVD4}	Power supply rise time	2.81	2.92	3.03	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.75	2.86	2.97	V	
	V _{LVD5}	Power supply rise time	2.70	2.81	2.92	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.64	2.75	2.86	V	
	V _{LVD6}	Power supply rise time	2.61	2.71	2.81	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.55	2.65	2.75	V	
	V _{LVD7}	Power supply rise time	2.51	2.61	2.71	V	
		Power supply fall time	2.45	2.55	2.65	V	
Minimum pulse width	t _{LW}		300			μs	
Detection delay time					300	μs	

LVD Detection Voltage of Interrupt & Reset Mode

(TA = -40 to +105°C, VPDR ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)

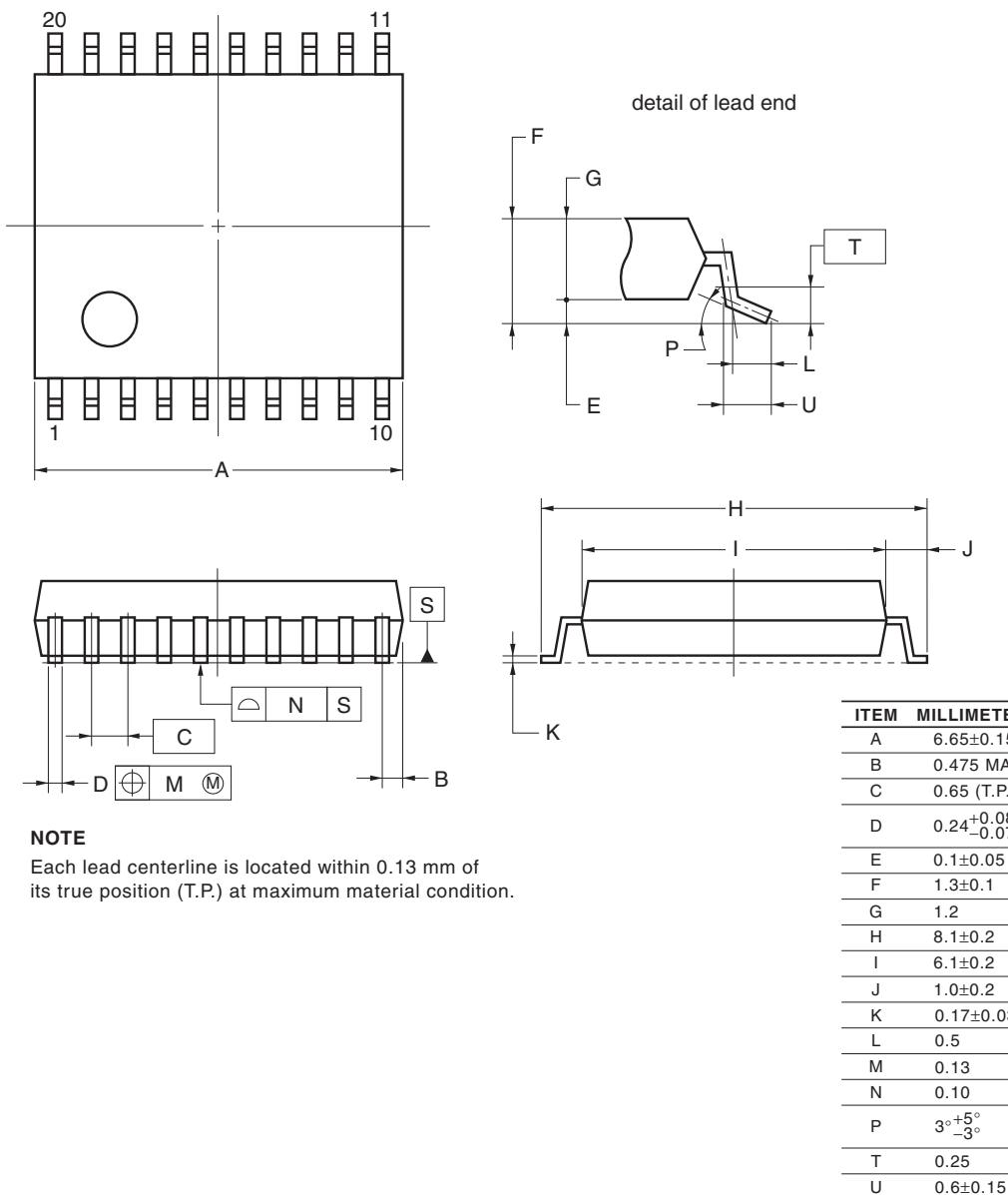
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Interrupt and reset mode	V _{LVDD0}	V _{POC2} , V _{POC1} , V _{POC0} = 0, 1, 1, falling reset voltage	2.64	2.75	2.86	V	
		LVIS1, LVIS0 = 1, 0	Rising release reset voltage	2.81	2.92	3.03	V
	V _{LVDD2}		Falling interrupt voltage	2.75	2.86	2.97	V
	LVIS1, LVIS0 = 0, 1	Rising release reset voltage	2.90	3.02	3.14	V	
		V _{LVDD3}		Falling interrupt voltage	2.85	2.96	3.07
	LVIS1, LVIS0 = 0, 0	Rising release reset voltage	3.90	4.06	4.22	V	
		Falling interrupt voltage	3.83	3.98	4.13	V	

4. PACKAGE DRAWINGS

4.1 20-pin Products

R5F1006AASP, R5F1006CASP, R5F1006DASP, R5F1006EASP
 R5F1016AASP, R5F1016CASP, R5F1016DASP, R5F1016EASP
 R5F1006ADSP, R5F1006CDSP, R5F1006DDSP, R5F1006EDSP
 R5F1016ADSP, R5F1016CDSP, R5F1016DDSP, R5F1016EDSP
 R5F1006AGSP, R5F1006CGSP, R5F1006DGSP, R5F1006EGSP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LSSOP20-0300-0.65	PLSP0020JC-A	S20MC-65-5A4-3	0.12



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R5F100LCABG, R5F100LDABG, R5F100LEABG, R5F100LFABG, R5F100LGABG, R5F100LHABG,

R5F100LJABG

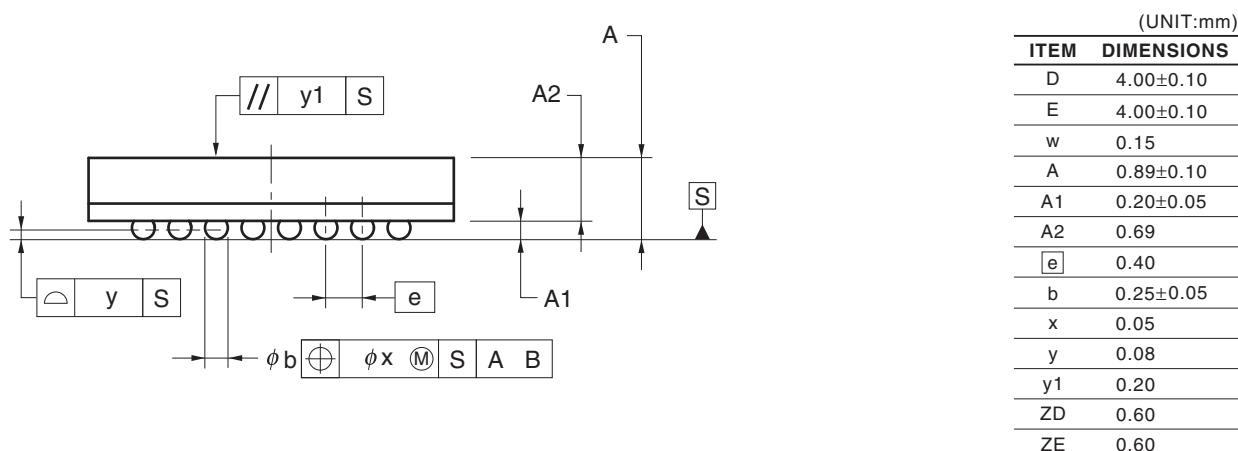
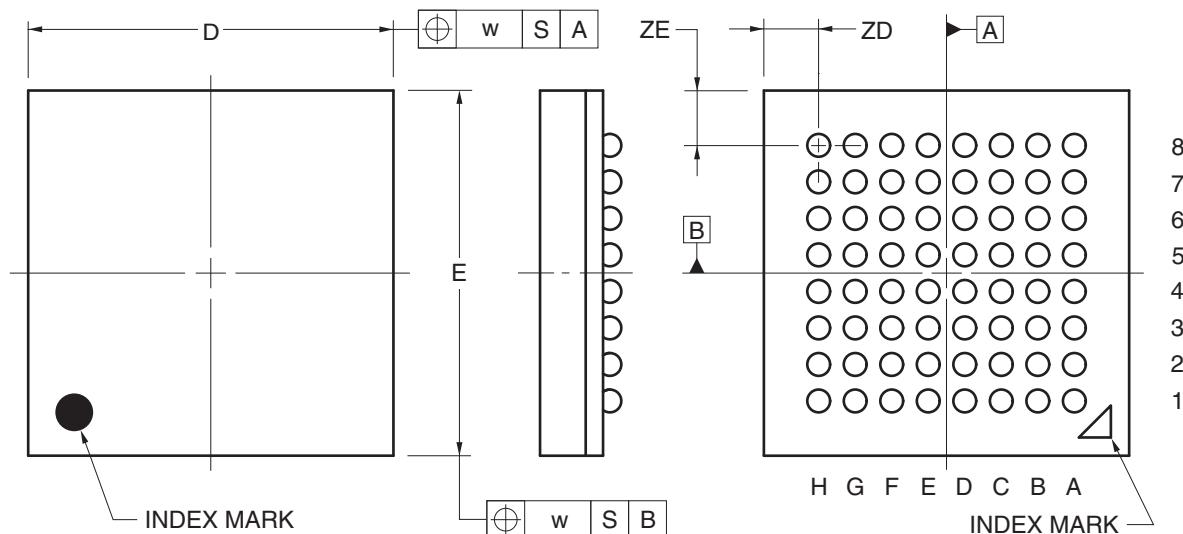
R5F101LCABG, R5F101LDABG, R5F101LEABG, R5F101LFABG, R5F101LGABG, R5F101LHABG,

R5F101LJABG

R5F100LCGBG, R5F100LDGBG, R5F100LEGBG, R5F100LFGBG, R5F100LGGBG, R5F100LHGBG,

R5F100LJGBG

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-VFBGA64-4x4-0.40	PVBG0064LA-A	P64F1-40-AA2-2	0.03



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