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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	64
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	12K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 17x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	80-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	80-LFQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100mgdfb-v0

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(6/12)

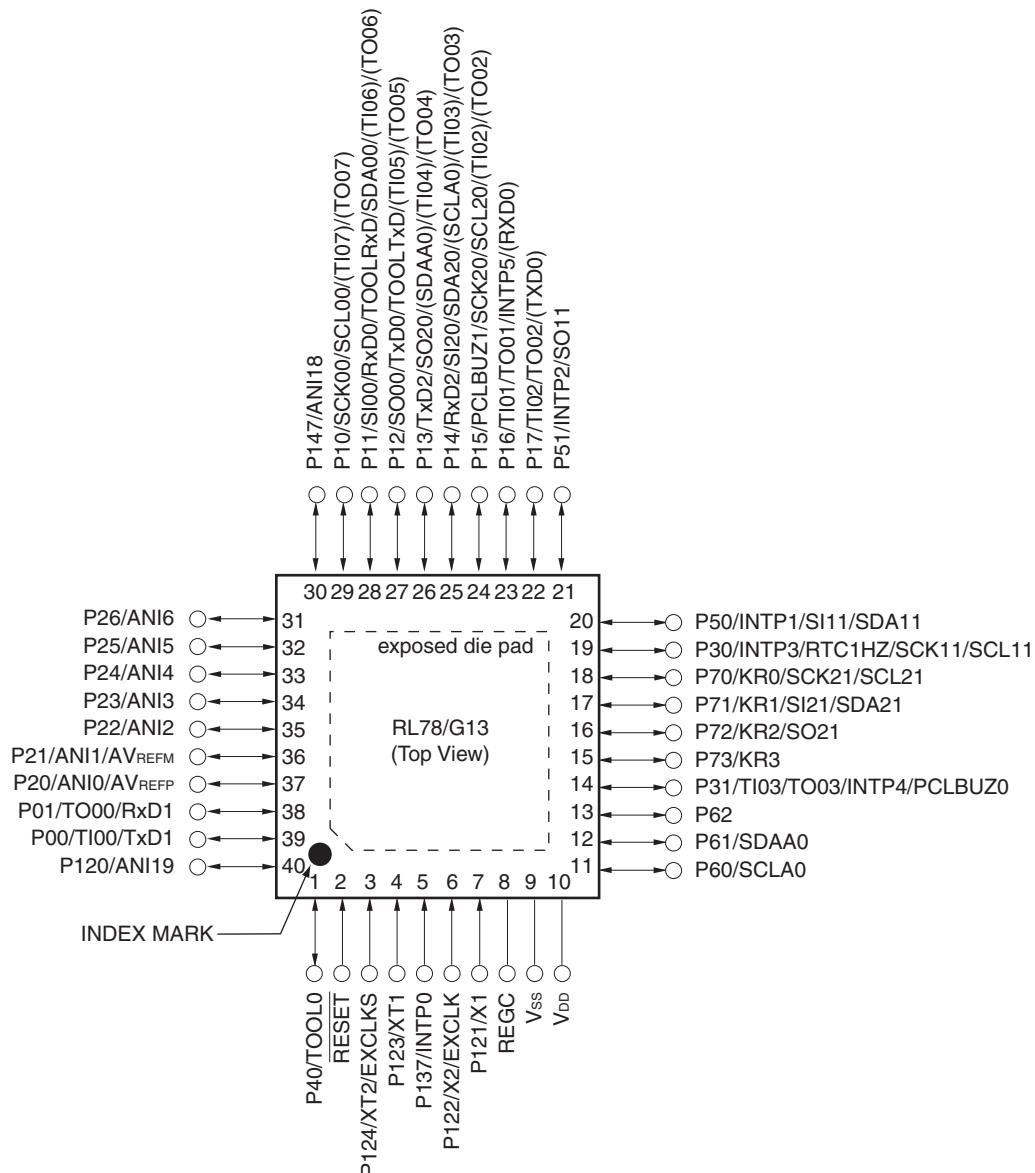
Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application <small>Note</small>	Ordering Part Number
48 pins	48-pin plastic HWQFN (7 × 7 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A D G	R5F100GAANA#U0, R5F100GCANA#U0, R5F100GDANA#U0, R5F100GEANA#U0, R5F100GFANA#U0, R5F100GGANA#U0, R5F100GHANA#U0, R5F100GJANA#U0, R5F100GKANA#U0, R5F100GLANA#U0 R5F100GAANA#W0, R5F100GCANA#W0, R5F100GDANA#W0, R5F100GEANA#W0, R5F100GFANA#W0, R5F100GGANA#W0, R5F100GHANA#W0, R5F100GJANA#W0, R5F100GKANA#W0, R5F100GLANA#W0 R5F100GADNA#U0, R5F100GCDNA#U0, R5F100GDDNA#U0, R5F100GEDNA#U0, R5F100GFDNA#U0, R5F100GGDNA#U0, R5F100GHDNA#U0, R5F100GJDNA#U0, R5F100GKDNA#U0, R5F100GLDNA#U0 R5F100GADNA#W0, R5F100GCDNA#W0, R5F100GDDNA#W0, R5F100GEDNA#W0, R5F100GFDNA#W0, R5F100GGDNA#W0, R5F100GHDNA#W0, R5F100GJDNA#W0, R5F100GKDNA#W0, R5F100GLDNA#W0 R5F100GAGNA#U0, R5F100GCGNA#U0, R5F100GDGNA#U0, R5F100GEGNA#U0, R5F100GFGNA#U0, R5F100GGGNA#U0, R5F100GHGNA#U0, R5F100GJGNA#U0 R5F100GAGNA#W0, R5F100GCGNA#W0, R5F100GDGNA#W0, R5F100GEGNA#W0, R5F100GFGNA#W0, R5F100GGGNA#W0, R5F100GHGNA#W0, R5F100GJGNA#W0
	Not mounted	A D		R5F101GAANA#U0, R5F101GCANA#U0, R5F101GDANA#U0, R5F101GEANA#U0, R5F101GFANA#U0, R5F101GGANA#U0, R5F101GHANA#U0, R5F101GJANA#U0, R5F101GKANA#U0, R5F101GLANA#U0 R5F101GAANA#W0, R5F101GCANA#W0, R5F101GDANA#W0, R5F101GEANA#W0, R5F101GFANA#W0, R5F101GGANA#W0, R5F101GHANA#W0, R5F101GJANA#W0, R5F101GKANA#W0, R5F101GLANA#W0 R5F101GADNA#U0, R5F101GCDNA#U0, R5F101GDDNA#U0, R5F101GEDNA#U0, R5F101GFDNA#U0, R5F101GGDNA#U0, R5F101GHDNA#U0, R5F101GJDNA#U0, R5F101GKDNA#U0, R5F101GLDNA#U0 R5F101GADNA#W0, R5F101GCDNA#W0, R5F101GDDNA#W0, R5F101GEDNA#W0, R5F101GFDNA#W0, R5F101GGDNA#W0, R5F101GHDNA#W0, R5F101GJDNA#W0, R5F101GKDNA#W0, R5F101GLDNA#W0

Note For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13**.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

1.3.7 40-pin products

- 40-pin plastic HWQFN (6 × 6 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)

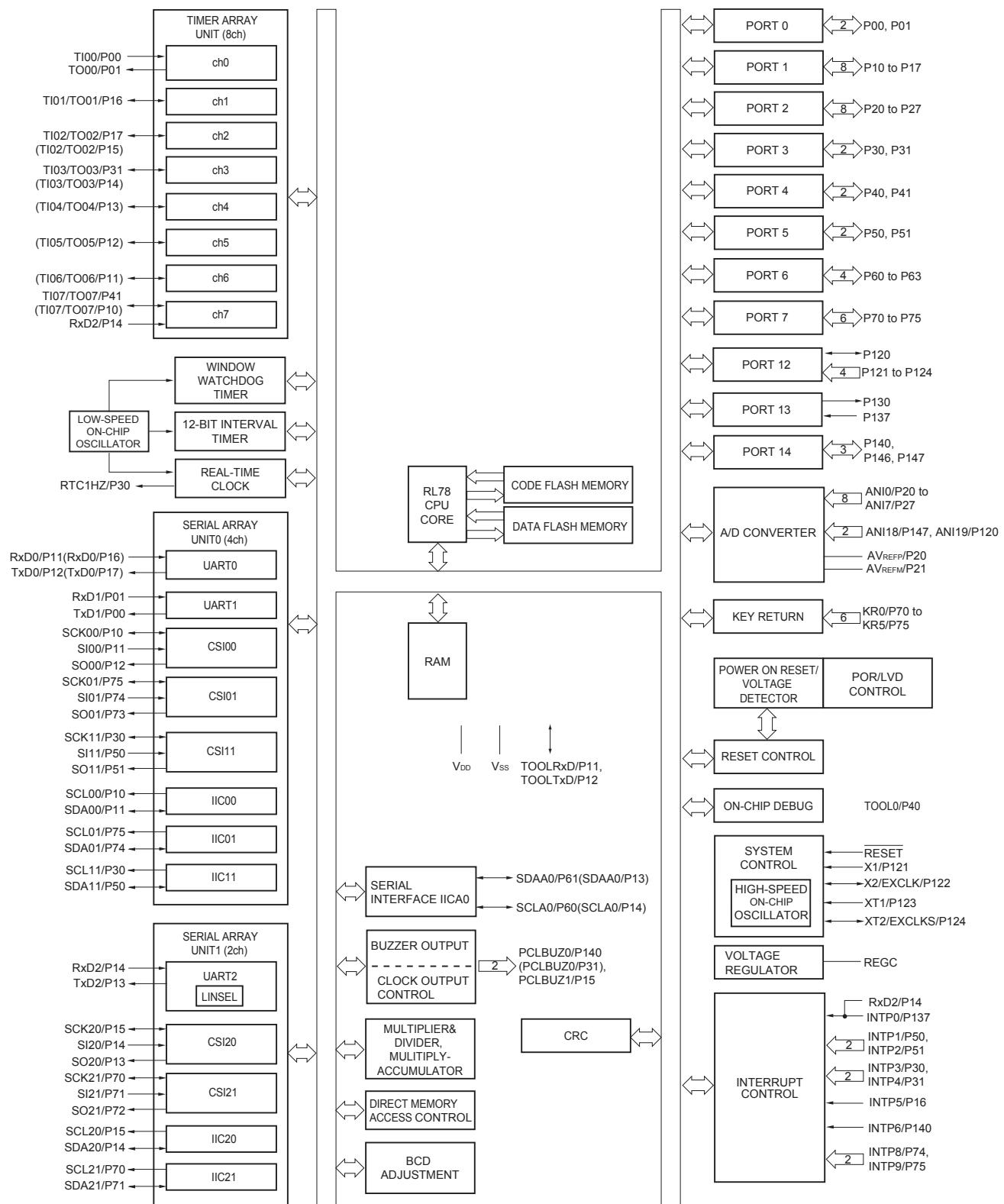


Caution Connect the REGC pin to V_{ss} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see **1.4 Pin Identification**.

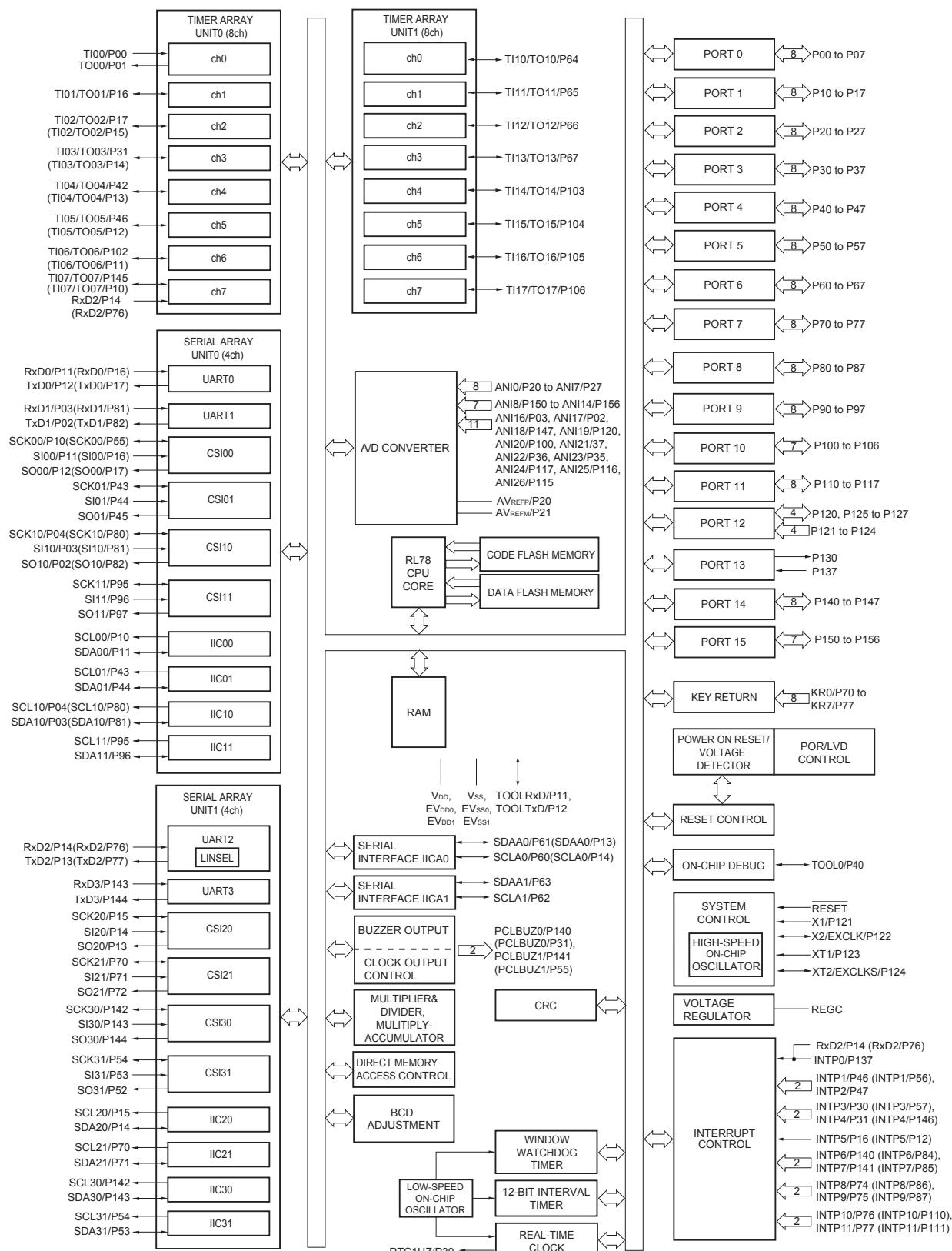
2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.
3. It is recommended to connect an exposed die pad to V_{ss}.

1.5.9 48-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.14 128-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

[40-pin, 44-pin, 48-pin, 52-pin, 64-pin products]

Caution This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is set to 00H.

(1/2)

Item	40-pin		44-pin		48-pin		52-pin		64-pin										
	R5F100Ex	R5F101Ex	R5F100Fx	R5F101Fx	R5F100Gx	R5F101Gx	R5F100Jx	R5F101Jx	R5F100Lx	R5F101Lx									
Code flash memory (KB)	16 to 192		16 to 512		16 to 512		32 to 512		32 to 512										
Data flash memory (KB)	4 to 8	—	4 to 8	—	4 to 8	—	4 to 8	—	4 to 8	—									
RAM (KB)	2 to 16 ^{Note1}		2 to 32 ^{Note1}		2 to 32 ^{Note1}		2 to 32 ^{Note1}		2 to 32 ^{Note1}										
Address space	1 MB																		
Main system clock	High-speed system clock	X1 (crystal/ceramic) oscillation, external main system clock input (EXCLK) HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 20 MHz ($V_{DD} = 2.7$ to 5.5 V), HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz ($V_{DD} = 2.4$ to 5.5 V), LS (Low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz ($V_{DD} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V), LV (Low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz ($V_{DD} = 1.6$ to 5.5 V)																	
	High-speed on-chip oscillator	HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 32 MHz ($V_{DD} = 2.7$ to 5.5 V), HS (High-speed main) mode: 1 to 16 MHz ($V_{DD} = 2.4$ to 5.5 V), LS (Low-speed main) mode: 1 to 8 MHz ($V_{DD} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V), LV (Low-voltage main) mode: 1 to 4 MHz ($V_{DD} = 1.6$ to 5.5 V)																	
Subsystem clock	XT1 (crystal) oscillation, external subsystem clock input (EXCLKS) 32.768 kHz																		
Low-speed on-chip oscillator	15 kHz (TYP.)																		
General-purpose registers	(8-bit register × 8) × 4 banks																		
Minimum instruction execution time	0.03125 μ s (High-speed on-chip oscillator: $f_{IH} = 32$ MHz operation) 0.05 μ s (High-speed system clock: $f_{MX} = 20$ MHz operation) 30.5 μ s (Subsystem clock: $f_{SUB} = 32.768$ kHz operation)																		
Instruction set	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data transfer (8/16 bits) Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits) Multiplication (8 bits × 8 bits) Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (Set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc. 																		
I/O port	Total	36	40	44	48	58													
	CMOS I/O	28 (N-ch O.D. I/O [V_{DD} withstand voltage]: 10)	31 (N-ch O.D. I/O [V_{DD} withstand voltage]: 10)	34 (N-ch O.D. I/O [V_{DD} withstand voltage]: 11)	38 (N-ch O.D. I/O [V_{DD} withstand voltage]: 13)	48 (N-ch O.D. I/O [V_{DD} withstand voltage]: 15)													
	CMOS input	5	5	5	5	5													
	CMOS output	—	—	1	1	1													
	N-ch O.D. I/O (withstand voltage: 6 V)	3	4	4	4	4													
Timer	16-bit timer	8 channels																	
	Watchdog timer	1 channel																	
	Real-time clock (RTC)	1 channel																	
	12-bit interval timer (IT)	1 channel																	
	Timer output	4 channels (PWM outputs: 3 ^{Note2}), 8 channels (PWM outputs: 7 ^{Note2, Note3})	5 channels (PWM outputs: 4 ^{Note2}), 8 channels (PWM outputs: 7 ^{Note2, Note3})	8 channels (PWM outputs: 7 ^{Note2})															
	RTC output	1 channel • 1 Hz (subsystem clock: $f_{SUB} = 32.768$ kHz)																	

Notes 1. The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory.
The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.

R5F100xD, R5F101xD (x = E to G, J, L): Start address FF300H

R5F100xE, R5F101xE (x = E to G, J, L): Start address FEF00H

R5F100xJ, R5F101xJ (x = F, G, J, L): Start address FAF00H

R5F100xL, R5F101xL (x = F, G, J, L): Start address F7F00H

For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see **Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944)**.

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$) (5/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input leakage current, high	I_{LH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147		$V_I = EV_{DD0}$		1	μA
	I_{LH2}	P20 to P27, P137, P150 to P156, RESET		$V_I = V_{DD}$		1	μA
	I_{LH3}	P121 to P124 (X1, X2, XT1, XT2, EXCLK, EXCLKS)	$V_I = V_{DD}$	In input port or external clock input	1		μA
Input leakage current, low	I_{LIL1}			In resonator connection	10		μA
	I_{LIL2}	P20 to P27, P137, P150 to P156, RESET		$V_I = V_{SS}$		-1	μA
	I_{LIL3}	P121 to P124 (X1, X2, XT1, XT2, EXCLK, EXCLKS)	$V_I = V_{SS}$	In input port or external clock input	-1		μA
On-chip pll-up resistance	R_u			In resonator connection	-10		μA
		P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	$V_I = EV_{SS0}$, In input port	10	20	100	$\text{k}\Omega$

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

(1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products

 $(T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{ss} = EV_{ss0} = 0 \text{ V}$) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current <small>Note 1</small>	I_{DD2} <small>Note 2</small>	HALT mode	HS (high-speed main) mode <small>Note 7</small>	$f_{IH} = 32 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 4</small>	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	0.54	1.63	mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	0.54	1.63	mA
				$f_{IH} = 24 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 4</small>	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	0.44	1.28	mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	0.44	1.28	mA
				$f_{IH} = 16 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 4</small>	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	0.40	1.00	mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	0.40	1.00	mA
		LS (low-speed main) mode <small>Note 7</small>	$f_{IH} = 8 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 4</small>	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	260	530	μA	
				$V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	260	530	μA	
		LV (low-voltage main) mode <small>Note 7</small>	$f_{IH} = 4 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 4</small>	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	420	640	μA	
				$V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	420	640	μA	
		HS (high-speed main) mode <small>Note 7</small>	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 3</small> , $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input	0.28	1.00	mA	
				Resonator connection	0.45	1.17	mA	
			$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 3</small> , $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input	0.28	1.00	mA	
				Resonator connection	0.45	1.17	mA	
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 3</small> , $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input	0.19	0.60	mA	
				Resonator connection	0.26	0.67	mA	
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 3</small> , $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input	0.19	0.60	mA	
				Resonator connection	0.26	0.67	mA	
		LS (low-speed main) mode <small>Note 7</small>	$f_{MX} = 8 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 3</small> , $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input	95	330	μA	
				Resonator connection	145	380	μA	
			$f_{MX} = 8 \text{ MHz}$ <small>Note 3</small> , $V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input	95	330	μA	
				Resonator connection	145	380	μA	
		Subsystem clock operation	$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 5</small> , $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input	0.25	0.57	μA	
				Resonator connection	0.44	0.76	μA	
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 5</small> , $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input	0.30	0.57	μA	
				Resonator connection	0.49	0.76	μA	
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 5</small> , $T_A = +50^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input	0.37	1.17	μA	
				Resonator connection	0.56	1.36	μA	
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 5</small> , $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input	0.53	1.97	μA	
				Resonator connection	0.72	2.16	μA	
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 5</small> , $T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$	Square wave input	0.82	3.37	μA	
				Resonator connection	1.01	3.56	μA	
I_{DD3} <small>Note 6</small>	STOP mode <small>Note 8</small>	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$			0.18	0.50	μA	
		$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$			0.23	0.50	μA	
		$T_A = +50^\circ\text{C}$			0.30	1.10	μA	
		$T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$			0.46	1.90	μA	
		$T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$			0.75	3.30	μA	

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Notes 1. Total current flowing into V_{DD} , EV_{DD0} , and EV_{DD1} , including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD} , EV_{DD0} , and EV_{DD1} , or V_{SS} , EV_{SS0} , and EV_{SS1} . The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.

2. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
3. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
4. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When $AMPHS1 = 1$ (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
5. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 32 MHz

$2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 16 MHz

LS (low-speed main) mode: $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 8 MHz

LV (low-voltage main) mode: $1.6 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 4 MHz

- Remarks**
1. f_{MX} : High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 2. f_{IH} : High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 3. f_{SUB} : Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 4. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

**(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)
(3/3)**

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.8 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$)

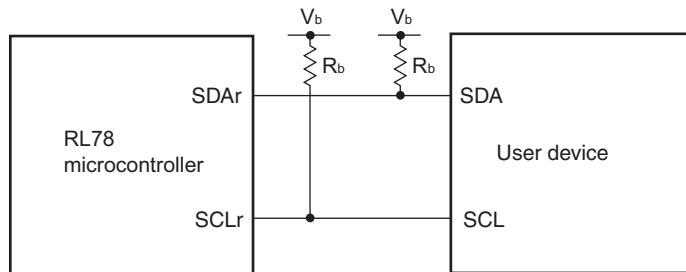
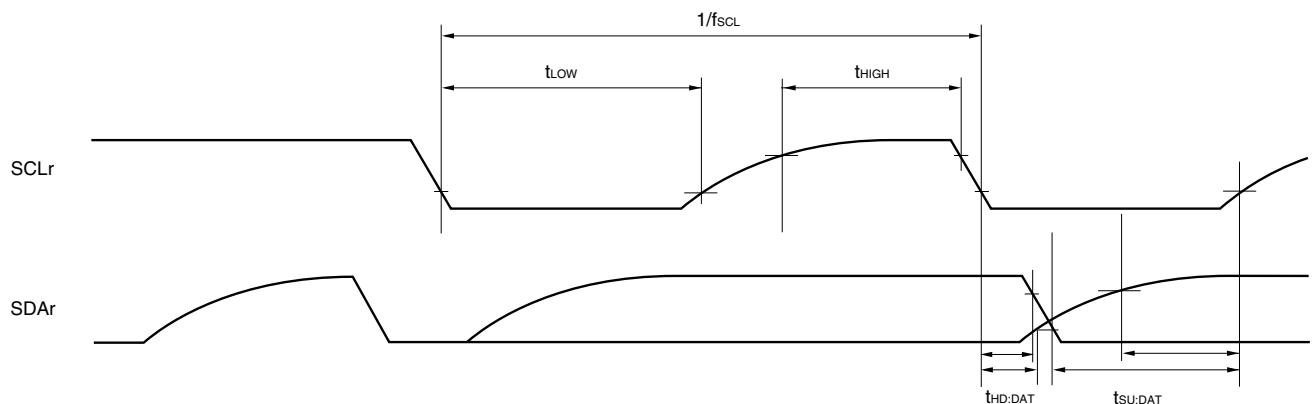
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp \downarrow) ^{Note 1}	tsIK1	4.0 V \leq EV _{DD0} \leq 5.5 V, 2.7 V \leq V _b \leq 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 k Ω	44		110		110		ns
		2.7 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V \leq V _b \leq 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 k Ω	44		110		110		ns
		1.8 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V \leq V _b \leq 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 k Ω	110		110		110		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp \downarrow) ^{Note 1}	tKS11	4.0 V \leq EV _{DD0} \leq 5.5 V, 2.7 V \leq V _b \leq 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 k Ω	19		19		19		ns
		2.7 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V \leq V _b \leq 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 k Ω	19		19		19		ns
		1.8 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V \leq V _b \leq 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 k Ω	19		19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp \uparrow to SO _p output ^{Note 1}	tKS01	4.0 V \leq EV _{DD0} \leq 5.5 V, 2.7 V \leq V _b \leq 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 k Ω		25		25		25	ns
		2.7 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V \leq V _b \leq 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 k Ω		25		25		25	ns
		1.8 V \leq EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V \leq V _b \leq 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 k Ω		25		25		25	ns

Notes 1. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

2. Use it with EV_{DD0} \geq V_b.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SO_p pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)**Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at different potential)**

- Remarks**
1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
 2. r: IIC number ($r = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31$), g: PIM, POM number ($g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14$)
 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number ($mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13$)

(2) I²C fast mode $(T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock frequency	f _{SCL}	Fast mode: $f_{CLK} \geq 3.5 \text{ MHz}$	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	400	0	400	0	400	kHz
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	400	0	400	0	400	kHz
Setup time of restart condition	t _{SU:STA}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.6		0.6		0.6		μs
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.6		0.6		0.6		μs
Hold time ^{Note 1}	t _{HD:STA}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.6		0.6		0.6		μs
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.6		0.6		0.6		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "L"	t _{LOW}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		1.3		1.3		1.3		μs
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		1.3		1.3		1.3		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "H"	t _{HIGH}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.6		0.6		0.6		μs
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.6		0.6		0.6		μs
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		100		100		100		μs
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		100		100		100		μs
Data hold time (transmission) ^{Note 2}	t _{HD:DAT}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0	0.9	0	0.9	0	0.9	μs
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0	0.9	0	0.9	0	0.9	μs
Setup time of stop condition	t _{SU:STO}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.6		0.6		0.6		μs
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.6		0.6		0.6		μs
Bus-free time	t _{BUF}	2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		1.3		1.3		1.3		μs
		1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		1.3		1.3		1.3		μs

Notes 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.

<R> 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of t_{HD:DAT} is during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

Caution The values in the above table are applied even when bit 2 (PIOR2) in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1. At this time, the pin characteristics (I_{OH1}, I_{OL1}, V_{OH1}, V_{OL1}) must satisfy the values in the redirect destination.

Remark The maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows.

Fast mode: C_b = 320 pF, R_b = 1.1 k Ω

- (3) When reference voltage (+) = V_{DD} ($\text{ADREFP1} = 0$, $\text{ADREFP0} = 0$), reference voltage (-) = V_{SS} ($\text{ADREFM} = 0$), target pin : ANI0 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI26, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$, Reference voltage (+) = V_{DD} , Reference voltage (-) = V_{SS})

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution	1.8 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		1.2	± 7.0	LSB
			1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ Note 3		1.2	± 10.5	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin: ANI0 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI26	3.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.125		39	μs
			2.7 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	3.1875		39	μs
			1.8 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	17		39	μs
			1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	57		95	μs
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	3.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.375		39	μs
			2.7 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	3.5625		39	μs
			2.4 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	10-bit resolution	1.8 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			± 0.60	%FSR
			1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ Note 3			± 0.85	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution	1.8 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			± 0.60	%FSR
			1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ Note 3			± 0.85	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution	1.8 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			± 4.0	LSB
			1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ Note 3			± 6.5	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution	1.8 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$			± 2.0	LSB
			1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ Note 3			± 2.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	ANI0 to ANI14		0		V_{DD}	V
		ANI16 to ANI26		0		EV_{DD0}	V
		Internal reference voltage (2.4 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, HS (high-speed main) mode)		V_{BGR} ^{Note 4}			V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, HS (high-speed main) mode)		V_{TMPS25} ^{Note 4}			V

- Notes**
- Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).
 - This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.
 - When the conversion time is set to 57 μs (min.) and 95 μs (max.).
 - Refer to **2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics**.

5. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using $f_{MCK}/12$ or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when $2.4 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \text{ V}$ and $1.6 \text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \text{ V}$

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

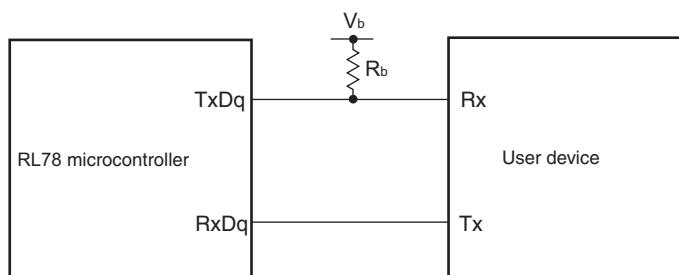
$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{\left(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}\right) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

6. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 5 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (2/3)

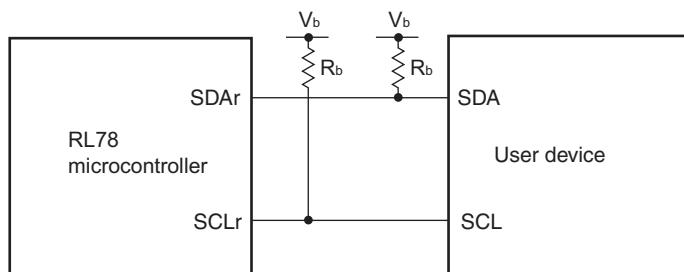
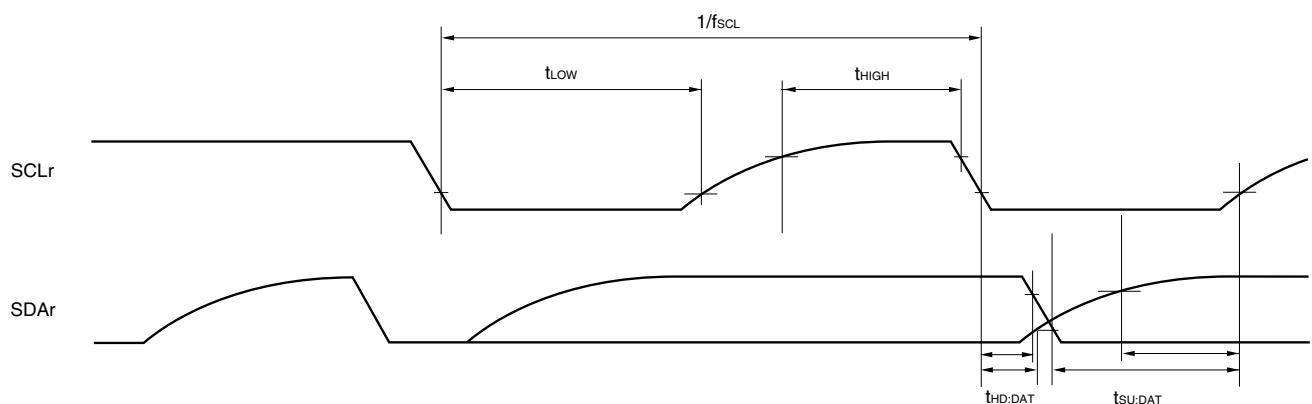
(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{ss} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) ^{Note}	t _{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	162		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	354		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	958		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{Note}	t _{KSI1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	38		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	38		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	38		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SO _p output ^{Note}	t _{KSO1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		200	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		390	ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ		966	ns

Note When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SO_p pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)**Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at different potential)**

Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

Remarks

- 1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
- 2. r: IIC number (r = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), g: PIM, POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
- 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13))

3.6 Analog Characteristics

3.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

Input channel	Reference Voltage		
	Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM	Reference voltage (+) = VDD Reference voltage (-) = Vss	Reference voltage (+) = VBGR Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM
ANI0 to ANI14	Refer to 3.6.1 (1).	Refer to 3.6.1 (3).	Refer to 3.6.1 (4).
ANI16 to ANI26	Refer to 3.6.1 (2).		
Internal reference voltage Temperature sensor output voltage	Refer to 3.6.1 (1).		—

- (1) When reference voltage (+) = AVREFP/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI2 to ANI14, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP, Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD ^{Note 3}	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V		1.2	±3.5	LSB
Conversion time	tCONV	10-bit resolution Target pin: ANI2 to ANI14	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.125		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875		39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
		10-bit resolution Target pin: Internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	3.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	2.375		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	3.5625		39	μs
			2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Ezs	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD ^{Note 3}	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±0.25	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Efs	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD ^{Note 3}	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±0.25	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD ^{Note 3}	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±2.5	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution AVREFP = VDD ^{Note 3}	2.4 V ≤ AVREFP ≤ 5.5 V			±1.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI2 to ANI14		0		AVREFP	V
		Internal reference voltage output (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			VBGR ^{Note 4}		V
		Temperature sensor output voltage (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			VTMPS25 ^{Note 4}		V

(Notes are listed on the next page.)

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. When $AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ± 1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

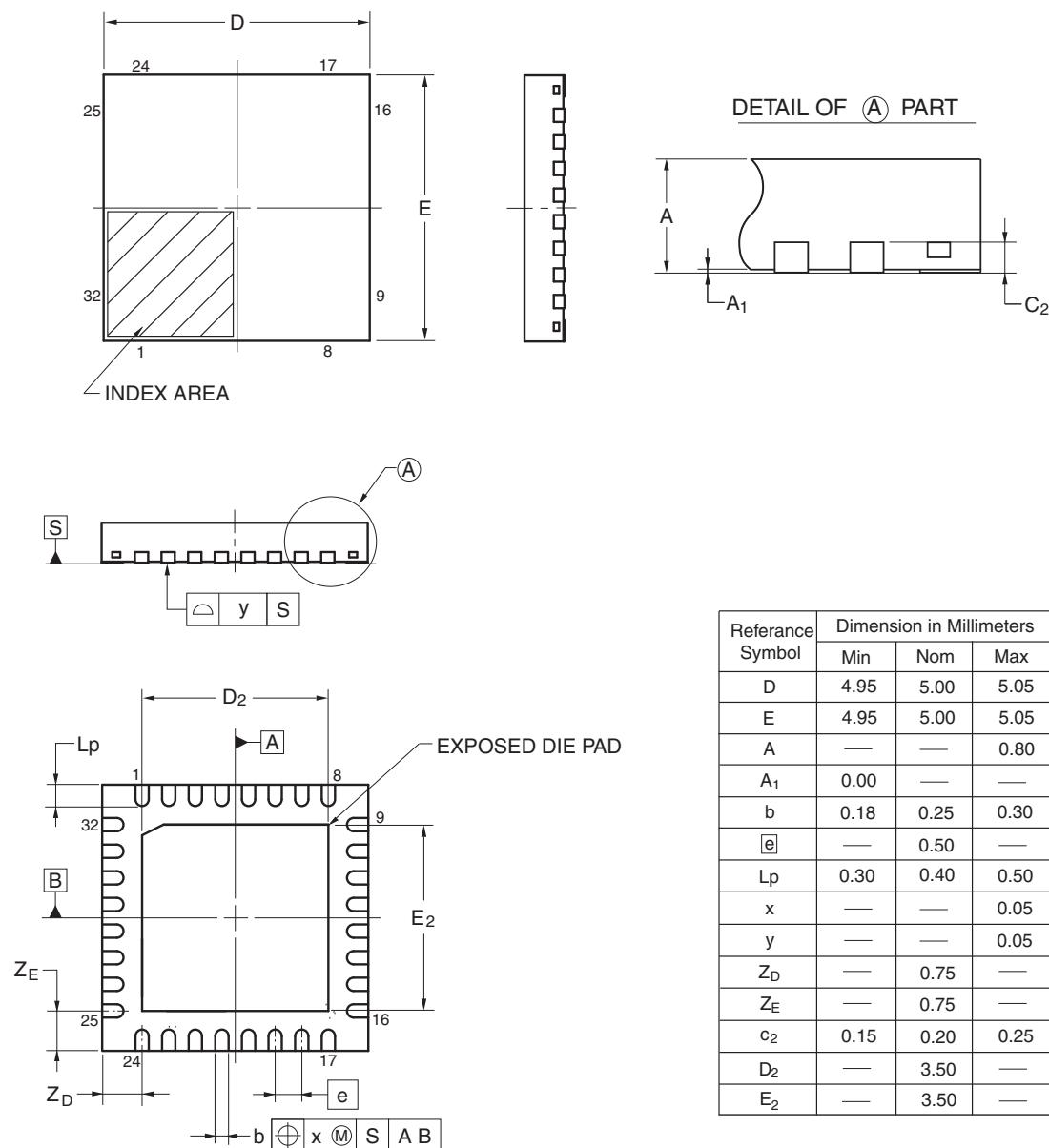
Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ± 0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

4. Refer to **3.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics**.

4.5 32-pin Products

R5F100BAANA, R5F100BCANA, R5F100BDANA, R5F100BEANA, R5F100BFANA, R5F100BGANA
 R5F101BAANA, R5F101BCANA, R5F101BDANA, R5F101BEANA, R5F101BFANA, R5F101BGANA
 R5F100BADNA, R5F100BCDNA, R5F100BDDNA, R5F100BEDNA, R5F100BFDNA, R5F100BGDNA
 R5F101BADNA, R5F101BCDNA, R5F101BDDNA, R5F101BEDNA, R5F101BFDNA, R5F101BGDNA
 R5F100BAGNA, R5F100BCGNA, R5F100BDGNA, R5F100BEGNA, R5F100BFGNA, R5F100BGGNA

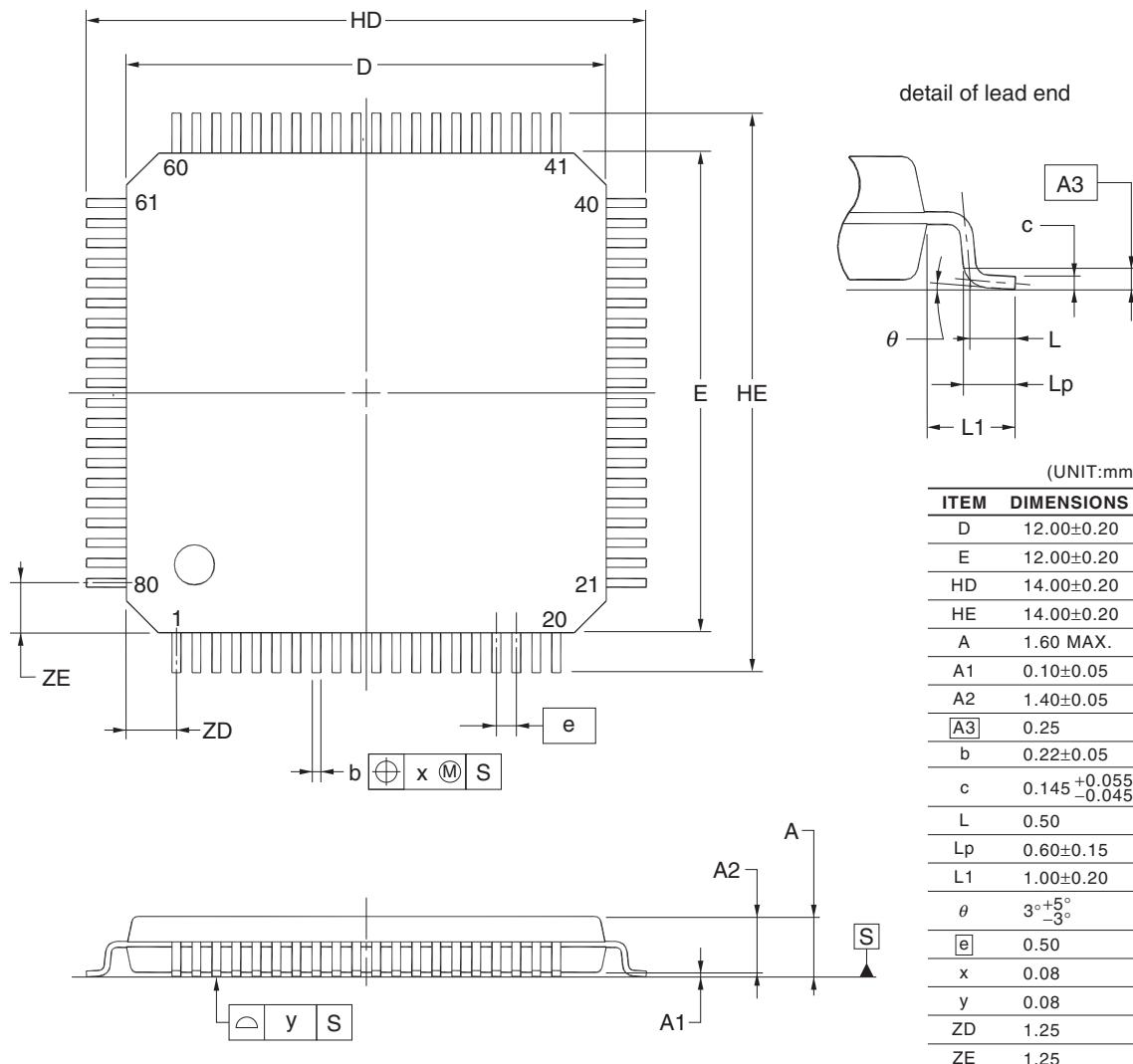
JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	Previous code	MASS (TYP.)[g]
P-HWQFN32-5x5-0.50	PWQN0032KB-A	P32K8-50-3B4-5	0.06



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R5F100MFAFB, R5F100MGAFB, R5F100MHAFB, R5F100MJAFB, R5F100MKAFB, R5F100MLAFB
 R5F101MFAFB, R5F101MGAFB, R5F101MHAFB, R5F101MJAFB, R5F101MKAFB, R5F101MLAFB
 R5F100MFDFB, R5F100MGDFB, R5F100MHDFB, R5F100MJDFB, R5F100MKDFB, R5F100MLDFB
 R5F101MFDFB, R5F101MGDFB, R5F101MHDFB, R5F101MJDFB, R5F101MKDFB, R5F101MLDFB
 R5F100MFGFB, R5F100MGGFB, R5F100MHGFB, R5F100MJGFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP) [g]
P-LFQFP80-12x12-0.50	PLQP0080KE-A	P80GK-50-8EU-2	0.53

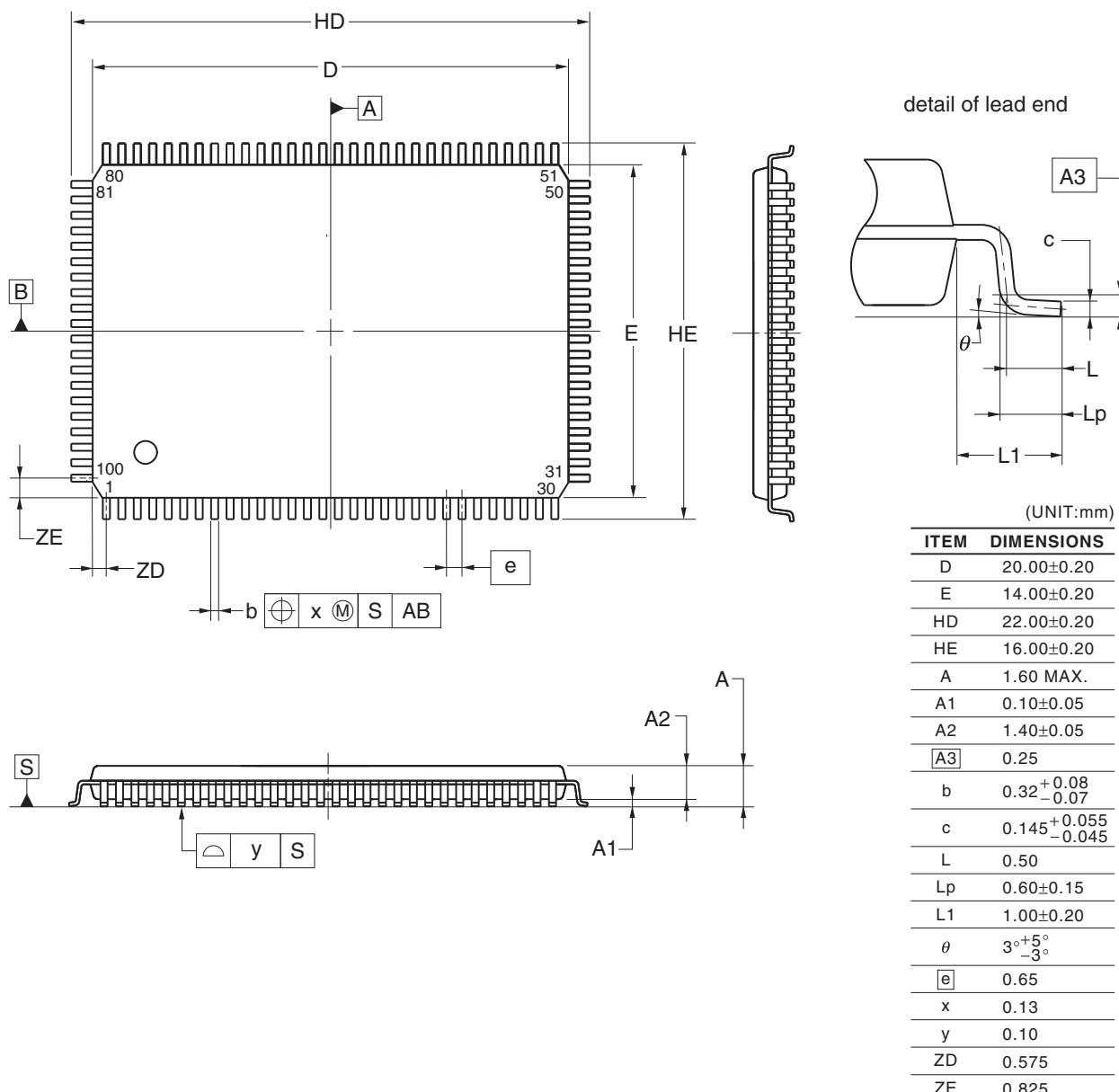
**NOTE**

Each lead centerline is located within 0.08 mm of its true position at maximum material condition.

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R5F100PFAFA, R5F100PGAFA, R5F100PHAFA, R5F100PJAFA, R5F100PKAFA, R5F100PLAFA
 R5F101PFAFA, R5F101PGAFA, R5F101PHAFA, R5F101PJAFA, R5F101PKAFA, R5F101PLAFA
 R5F100PFDFA, R5F100PGDFA, R5F100PHDFA, R5F100PJ DFA, R5F100PK DFA, R5F100PL DFA
 R5F101PFDFA, R5F101PGDFA, R5F101PHDFA, R5F101PJ DFA, R5F101PK DFA, R5F101PL DFA
 R5F100PFGFA, R5F100PGGFA, R5F100PHGFA, R5F100PJGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP100-14x20-0.65	PLQP0100JC-A	P100GF-65-GBN-1	0.92



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