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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

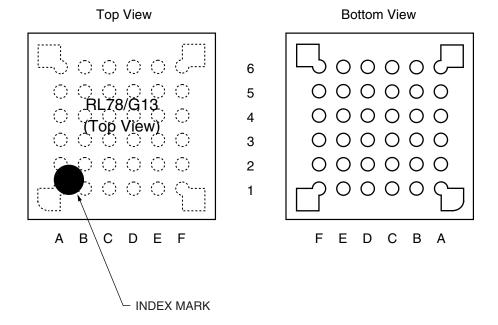
Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	82
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	12K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 20x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f100pgdfb-x0

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

#### 1.3.6 36-pin products

• 36-pin plastic WFLGA (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



	Α	В	С	D	E	F	
6	P60/SCLA0	V <sub>DD</sub>	P121/X1	P122/X2/EXCLK	P137/INTP0	P40/TOOL0	6
5	P62	P61/SDAA0	Vss	REGC	RESET	P120/ANI19	5
4	P72/SO21	P71/SI21/ SDA21	P14/RxD2/SI20/ SDA20/(SCLA0) /(TI03)/(TO03)	P31/TI03/TO03/ INTP4/ PCLBUZ0	P00/TI00/TxD1	P01/TO00/RxD1	4
3	P50/INTP1/ SI11/SDA11	P70/SCK21/ SCL21	P15/PCLBUZ1/ SCK20/SCL20/ (TI02)/(TO02)	P22/ANI2	P20/ANI0/ AV <sub>REFP</sub>	P21/ANI1/ AVREFM	3
2	P30/INTP3/ SCK11/SCL11	P16/TI01/TO01/ INTP5/(RxD0)	P12/SO00/ TxD0/TOOLTxD /(TI05)/(TO05)	P11/SI00/RxD0/ TOOLRxD/ SDA00/(TI06)/ (TO06)	P24/ANI4	P23/ANI3	2
1	P51/INTP2/ SO11	P17/Tl02/TO02/ (TxD0)	P13/TxD2/ SO20/(SDAA0)/ (TI04)/(TO04)	P10/SCK00/ SCL00/(TI07)/ (T007)	P147/ANI18	P25/ANI5	1
	Α	В	С	D	F	F	

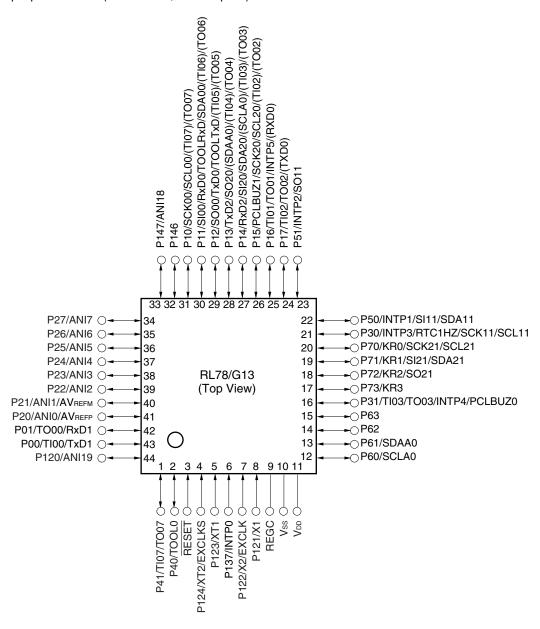
Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu$ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

#### 1.3.8 44-pin products

• 44-pin plastic LQFP (10 × 10 mm, 0.8 mm pitch)



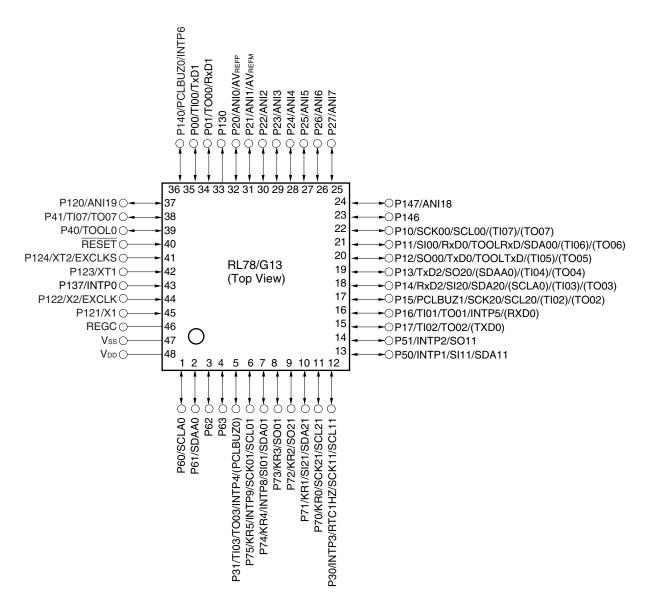
Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu$ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

### 1.3.9 48-pin products

• 48-pin plastic LFQFP (7 x 7 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



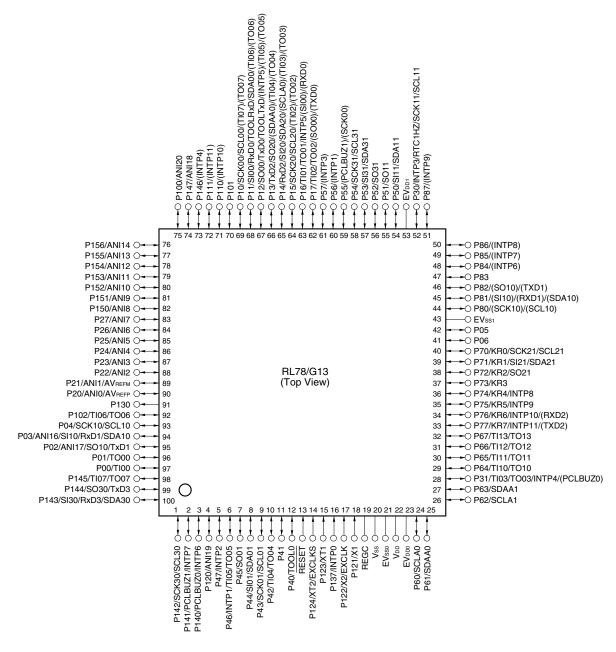
Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu$ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

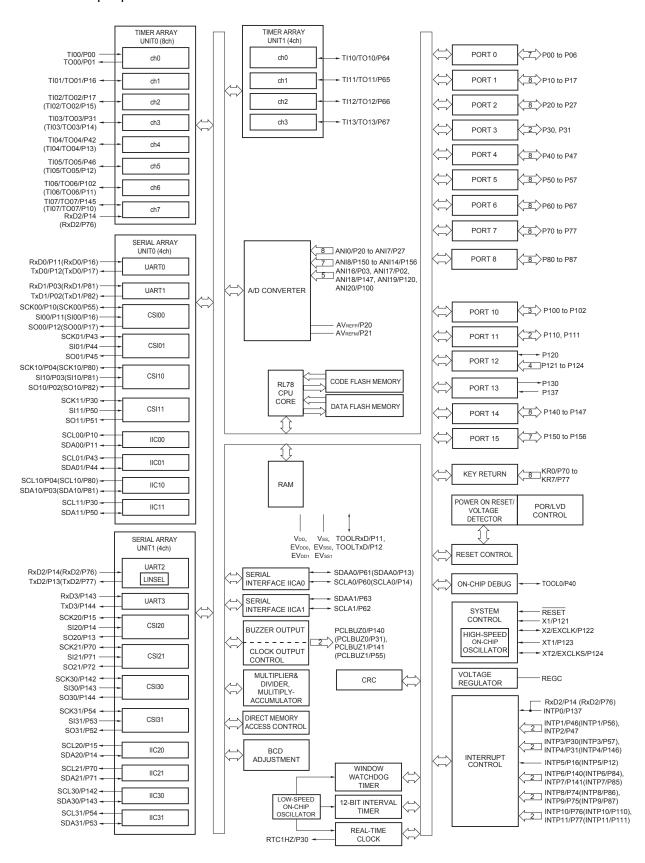
#### 1.3.13 100-pin products

• 100-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



- Cautions 1. Make EVsso, EVss1 pins the same potential as Vss pin.
  - 2. Make VDD pin the potential that is higher than EVDD0, EVDD1 pins (EVDD0 = EVDD1).
  - 3. Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu$ F).
- Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.
  - 2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the V<sub>DD</sub>, EV<sub>DDO</sub> and EV<sub>DD1</sub> pins and connect the Vss, EV<sub>SS0</sub> and EV<sub>SS1</sub> pins to separate ground lines.
  - **3.** Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register** (**PIOR**) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

### 1.5.13 100-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

#### 2.3 DC Characteristics

#### 2.3.1 Pin characteristics

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}) (1/5)$ 

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high <sup>Note 1</sup>	Іон1	Per pin for P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$1.6~V \le EV_{DD0} \le 5.5~V$			-10.0 Note 2	mA
		Total of P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37,	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$			-55.0	mA
		P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120,	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0~V$			-10.0	mA
		P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145 (When duty $\leq 70\%$ Note 3)	$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 2.7~V$			-5.0	mA
		,	$1.6~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8~V$			-2.5	mA
		Total of P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31,				-80.0	mA
		P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0~V$			-19.0	mA
		P117, P146, P147	$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 2.7~V$			-10.0	mA
		(When duty $\leq 70\%$ Note 3)	$1.6~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8~V$			-5.0	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty ≤ 70% Note 3)	$1.6~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$			-135.0 Note 4	mA
	<b>І</b> он2	Per pin for P20 to P27, P150 to P156	$1.6~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			-0.1 Note 2	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty ≤ 70% Note 3)	$1.6~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$			-1.5	mA

- **Notes 1**. Value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from the EV<sub>DD0</sub>, EV<sub>DD1</sub>, V<sub>DD</sub> pins to an output pin.
  - 2. However, do not exceed the total current value.
  - 3. Specification under conditions where the duty factor  $\leq 70\%$ .

The output current value that has changed to the duty factor > 70% the duty ratio can be calculated with the following expression (when changing the duty factor from 70% to n%).

• Total output current of pins =  $(IOH \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$ 

<Example> Where n = 80% and loh = -10.0 mA

Total output current of pins =  $(-10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \cong -8.7$  mA

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

**4.** The applied current for the products for industrial application (R5F100xxDxx, R5F101xxDxx, R5F100xxGxx) is -100 mA.

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

**Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.



 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$  (3/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	V <sub>IH1</sub>	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147		0.8EV <sub>DD0</sub>		EV <sub>DD0</sub>	V
	V <sub>IH2</sub>	P01, P03, P04, P10, P11, P13 to P17, P43, P44, P53 to P55,	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	2.2		EV <sub>DD0</sub>	V
		P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer $3.3 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}$	2.0		EV <sub>DD0</sub>	V
			TTL input buffer 1.6 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V	1.5		EV <sub>DD0</sub>	V
	V <sub>IH3</sub>	P20 to P27, P150 to P156		0.7V <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub>	٧
	V <sub>IH4</sub>	P60 to P63		0.7EV <sub>DD0</sub>		6.0	٧
	V <sub>IH5</sub>	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCL	KS, RESET	0.8V <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub>	٧
Input voltage, low	V <sub>IL1</sub>	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	,	0		0.2EV <sub>DD0</sub>	V
	V <sub>IL2</sub>	P01, P03, P04, P10, P11, P13 to P17, P43, P44, P53 to P55,	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	0		0.8	V
		P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 4.0 V	0		0.5	V
			TTL input buffer 1.6 V ≤ EV <sub>DD0</sub> < 3.3 V	0		0.32	V
	VIL3	P20 to P27, P150 to P156		0		0.3V <sub>DD</sub>	٧
	V <sub>IL4</sub>	P60 to P63		0		0.3EV <sub>DD0</sub>	٧
	V <sub>IL5</sub>	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCL	KS, RESET	0		0.2V <sub>DD</sub>	٧

Caution The maximum value of V<sub>IH</sub> of pins P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 is EV<sub>DD0</sub>, even in the N-ch open-drain mode.

**Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

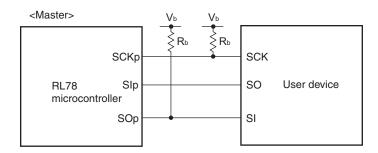
 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}) (4/5)$ 

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, high	V <sub>OH1</sub>	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64	$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ Iон1 = -10.0 mA	EV <sub>DD0</sub> –			V
		to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to	$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ Iон1 = $-3.0 \text{ mA}$	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 0.7			V
		P140 to P147	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ Iон1 = -2.0 mA	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 0.6			V
			$\label{eq:loss_loss} \begin{array}{l} 1.8 \ V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ \\ I_{\text{OH1}} = -1.5 \ mA \end{array}$	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 0.5			٧
			$1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 5.5 \text{ V},$ $I_{\text{OH1}} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$	EV <sub>DD0</sub> – 0.5			V
	V <sub>OH2</sub>	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1.6 V $\leq$ V <sub>DD</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V, I <sub>OH2</sub> = $-100~\mu$ A	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.5			V
Output voltage, low	V <sub>OL1</sub>	Vol.1 P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL1} = 20~mA$			1.3	٧
			$\label{eq:loss_state} \begin{cases} 4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, \\ \\ \text{Iol1} = 8.5 \text{ mA} \end{cases}$			0.7	>
			$2.7~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{\text{OL1}} = 3.0~\text{mA}$			0.6	>
			$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL1} = 1.5~mA$			0.4	V
			$\label{eq:loss_loss} \begin{array}{l} 1.8 \ V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 0.6 \ mA \end{array}$			0.4	V
			$1.6~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL1} = 0.3~mA$			0.4	V
	V <sub>OL2</sub>	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1.6 V $\leq$ VDD $\leq$ 5.5 V, lol2 = 400 $\mu$ A			0.4	V
	Vol3	P60 to P63	$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL3} = 15.0~mA$			2.0	٧
			$4.0~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL3} = 5.0~mA$			0.4	V
			$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{EV}_\textrm{DD0} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V},$ $\textrm{Iol3} = 3.0~\textrm{mA}$			0.4	V
			$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $I_{OL3} = 2.0~mA$			0.4	V
			$1.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 5.5 \text{ V},$ $\text{Iol3} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$			0.4	V

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

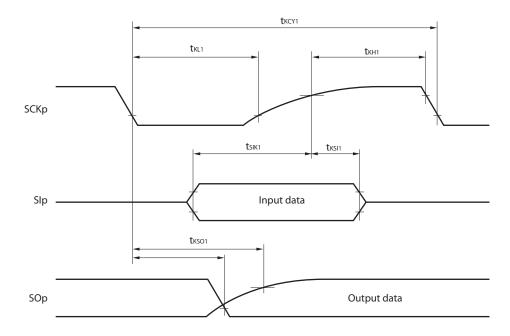
**Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

#### CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)

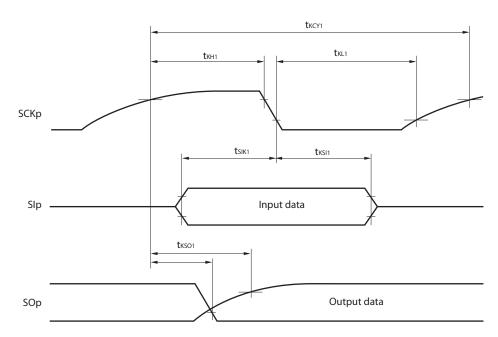


- **Remarks 1.** R<sub>b</sub>[Ω]:Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance, C<sub>b</sub>[F]: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance, V<sub>b</sub>[V]: Communication line voltage
  - **2.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number , n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
  - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00))
  - **4.** CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

# CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)



# CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)



**Remarks 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)

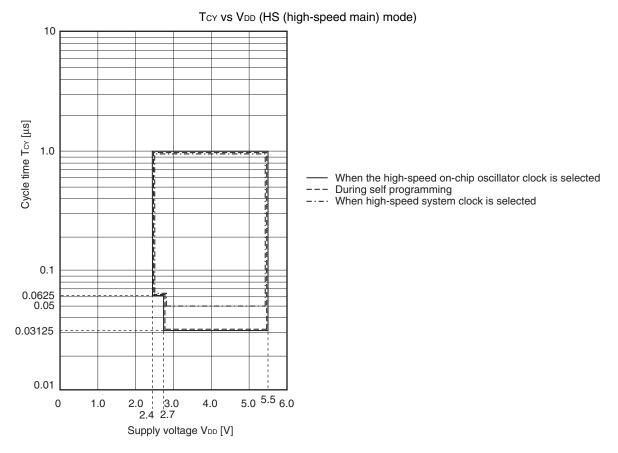
**2.** CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

# (1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products (Ta = -40 to $+105^{\circ}$ C, 2.4 V $\leq$ EV<sub>DD0</sub> $\leq$ V<sub>DD</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V, Vss = EV<sub>SS0</sub> = 0 V) (2/2)

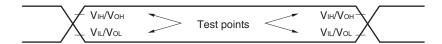
Parameter	Symbol			Conditions			TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply	I <sub>DD2</sub>	HALT	HS (high-	fih = 32 MHz Note 4	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V		0.54	2.90	mA
current	Note 2	mode	speed main) mode Note 7		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V		0.54	2.90	mA
				fih = 24 MHz Note 4	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V		0.44	2.30	mA
					V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V		0.44	2.30	mA
				fih = 16 MHz Note 4	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V		0.40	1.70	mA
					V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V		0.40	1.70	mA
			HS (high-	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		0.28	1.90	mA
			speed main) mode Note 7	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V	Resonator connection		0.45	2.00	mA
				f <sub>MX</sub> = 20 MHz <sup>Note 3</sup> ,	Square wave input		0.28	1.90	mA
				V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V	Resonator connection		0.45	2.00	mA
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		0.19	1.02	mA
				V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V	Resonator connection		0.26	1.10	mA
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		0.19	1.02	mA
				V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V	Resonator connection		0.26	1.10	mA
			Subsystem	fsub = 32.768 kHz <sup>Note 5</sup>	Square wave input		0.25	0.57	μΑ
			clock operation	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C	Resonator connection		0.44	0.76	μΑ
				fsub = 32.768 kHz <sup>Note 5</sup>	Square wave input		0.30	0.57	μΑ
				T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	Resonator connection		0.49	0.76	μΑ
				fsub = 32.768 kHz <sup>Note 5</sup>	Square wave input		0.37	1.17	μΑ
				T <sub>A</sub> = +50°C	Resonator connection		0.56	1.36	μΑ
				fsub = 32.768 kHz <sup>Note 5</sup>	Square wave input		0.53	1.97	μΑ
				T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C	Resonator connection		0.72	2.16	μΑ
				fsub = 32.768 kHz <sup>Note 5</sup>	Square wave input		0.82	3.37	μΑ
				T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C	Resonator connection		1.01	3.56	μΑ
				fsub = 32.768 kHz <sup>Note 5</sup>	Square wave input		3.01	15.37	μΑ
				T <sub>A</sub> = +105°C	Resonator connection		3.20	15.56	μΑ
	IDD3 <sup>Note 6</sup>	STOP	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C				0.18	0.50	μΑ
		mode <sup>Note 8</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C				0.23	0.50	μΑ
			T <sub>A</sub> = +50°C				0.30	1.10	μΑ
			T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C				0.46	1.90	μΑ
			T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C				0.75	3.30	μΑ
			T <sub>A</sub> = +105°C				2.94	15.30	μΑ

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

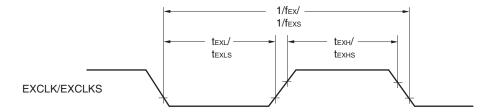
## Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation



### **AC Timing Test Points**



#### **External System Clock Timing**



## (2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions		ed main) Mode	Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	tkcy1	tkcy1 ≥ 4/fclk	$2.7~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V$	250		ns
			$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V$	500		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	<b>t</b> кн1,	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub>	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	tkcy1/2 - 24		ns
	t <sub>KL1</sub>	2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub>	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	tkcy1/2 - 36		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub>	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	tkcy1/2 - 76		ns
SIp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 1	tsıĸ1	4.0 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub>	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	66		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub>	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	66		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV <sub>DD</sub>	<sub>00</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	113		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 2	<b>t</b> KSI1			38		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 3	tkso1	C = 30 pF Note	o 4		50	ns

- **Notes 1.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
  - 2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
  - 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
  - 4. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the SIp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

- **Remarks 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3).
  - g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
  - 2. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
    - (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,
    - n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

#### (4) During communication at same potential (simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-sp Mo	,	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SCLr clock frequency	fscL	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V},$		400 Note1	kHz
		$C_b = 50 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$		100 Note1	kHz
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	tLOW	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$	1200		ns
		$C_b = 50$ pF, $R_b = 2.7$ k $\Omega$			
		$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$	4600		ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	tніgн	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$	1200		ns
		$C_b = 50$ pF, $R_b = 2.7$ k $\Omega$			
		$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$	4600		ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Data setup time (reception)	tsu:dat	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$	1/fмск + 220		ns
		$C_b = 50$ pF, $R_b = 2.7$ k $\Omega$	Note2		
		$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD} \leq 5.5~V,$	1/fмск + 580		ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$	Note2		
Data hold time (transmission)	thd:dat	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$	0	770	ns
		$C_b = 50$ pF, $R_b = 2.7$ k $\Omega$			
		$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$	0	1420	ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			

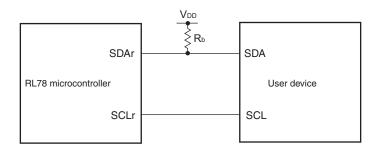
Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than fmck/4.

2. Set the fmck value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

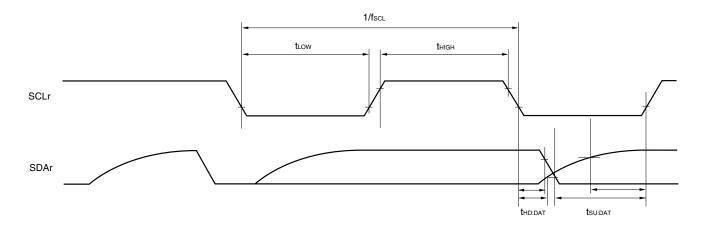
Caution Select the normal input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV<sub>DD</sub> tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the normal output mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register h (POMh).

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

#### Simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



#### Simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)



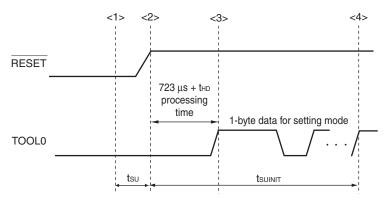
Remarks 1.  $R_b[\Omega]$ :Communication line (SDAr) pull-up resistance,  $C_b[F]$ : Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance

- 2. r: IIC number (r = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), g: PIM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14), h: POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 7 to 9, 14)
- 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
  (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3), mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

#### 3.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Modes

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	tsuinit	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	tsu	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	10			μS
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)		POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	1			ms



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset is released (POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is set to the high level.
- <4> Setting of the flash memory programming mode by UART reception and complete the baud rate setting.

**Remark** tsuinit: Communication for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after the external reset is released during this period.

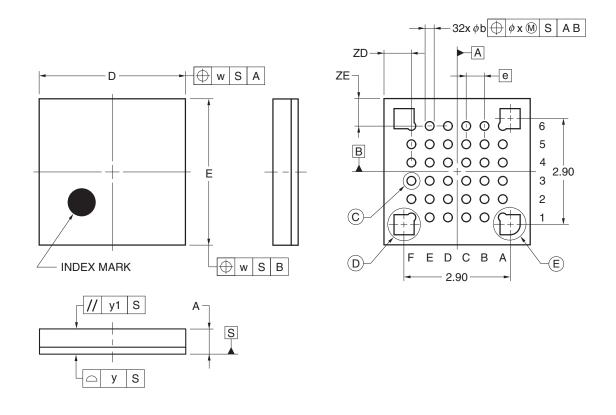
 $t_{\text{SU}}$ : Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level

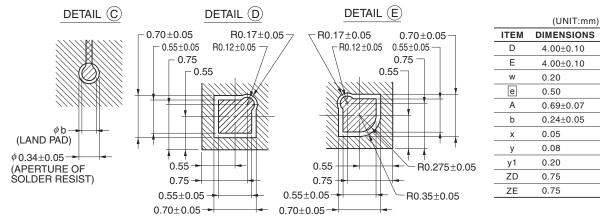
thd: Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)

#### 4.6 36-pin Products

R5F100CAALA, R5F100CCALA, R5F100CDALA, R5F100CEALA, R5F100CFALA, R5F100CGALA R5F101CAALA, R5F101CCALA, R5F101CDALA, R5F101CEALA, R5F101CFALA, R5F101CGALA R5F100CAGLA, R5F100CCGLA, R5F100CDGLA, R5F100CEGLA, R5F100CFGLA, R5F100CGGLA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-WFLGA36-4x4-0.50	PWLG0036KA-A	P36FC-50-AA4-2	0.023





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#### 4.10 52-pin Products

R5F100JCAFA, R5F100JDAFA, R5F100JEAFA, R5F100JFAFA, R5F100JGAFA, R5F100JHAFA, R5F100JJAFA, R5F100JKAFA, R5F100JLAFA

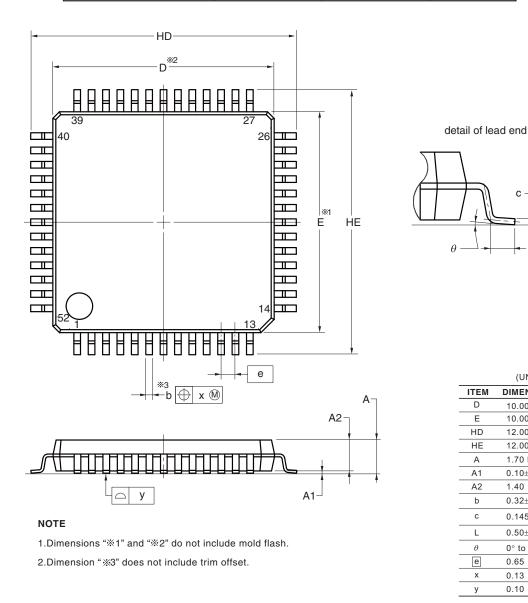
R5F101JCAFA, R5F101JDAFA, R5F101JEAFA, R5F101JFAFA, R5F101JJAFA, R5F101JJAFA, R5F101JJAFA, R5F101JAFA, R5F101JKAFA, R5F101JLAFA

R5F100JCDFA, R5F100JDDFA, R5F100JEDFA, R5F100JFDFA, R5F100JDFA, R5F100JPA, R R5F100JKDFA, R5F100JLDFA

R5F101JCDFA, R5F101JDDFA, R5F101JEDFA, R5F101JFDFA, R5F101JDFA, R5 R5F101JKDFA, R5F101JLDFA

R5F100JCGFA, R5F100JDGFA, R5F100JEGFA, R5F100JFGFA, R5F100JGGFA, R5F100JHGFA, R5F100JJGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP52-10x10-0.65	PLQP0052JA-A	P52GB-65-GBS-1	0.3



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(UNIT:mm)

DIMENSIONS

10.00±0.10

10.00±0.10

12.00±0.20

12.00±0.20 1.70 MAX.

 $0.10 \pm 0.05$ 1.40

0.32±0.05

 $0.50 {\pm} 0.15$ 

 $0^{\circ}$  to  $8^{\circ}$ 0.65

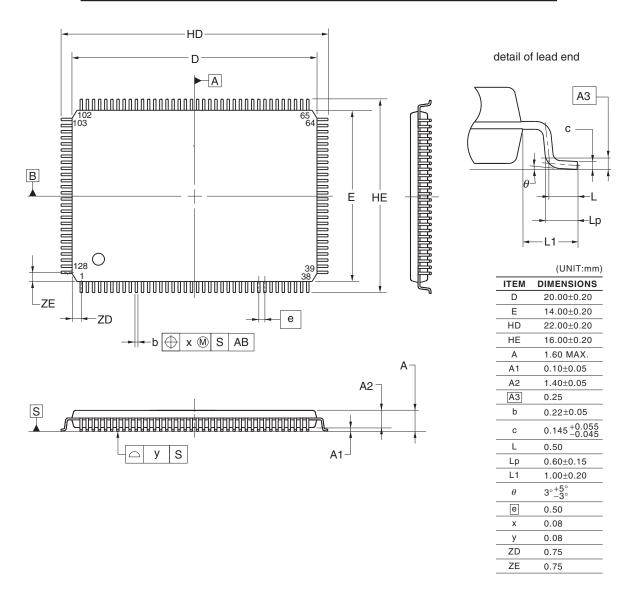
0.13 0.10

0.145±0.055

#### 4.14 128-pin Products

R5F100SHAFB, R5F100SJAFB, R5F100SKAFB, R5F100SLAFB R5F101SHAFB, R5F101SJAFB, R5F101SKAFB, R5F101SLAFB R5F100SHDFB, R5F100SJDFB, R5F100SKDFB, R5F100SLDFB R5F101SHDFB, R5F101SJDFB, R5F101SKDFB, R5F101SLDFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP128-14x20-0.50	PLQP0128KD-A	P128GF-50-GBP-1	0.92



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