



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	30-LSSOP (0.240", 6.10mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	30-LSSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f101acdsp-v0

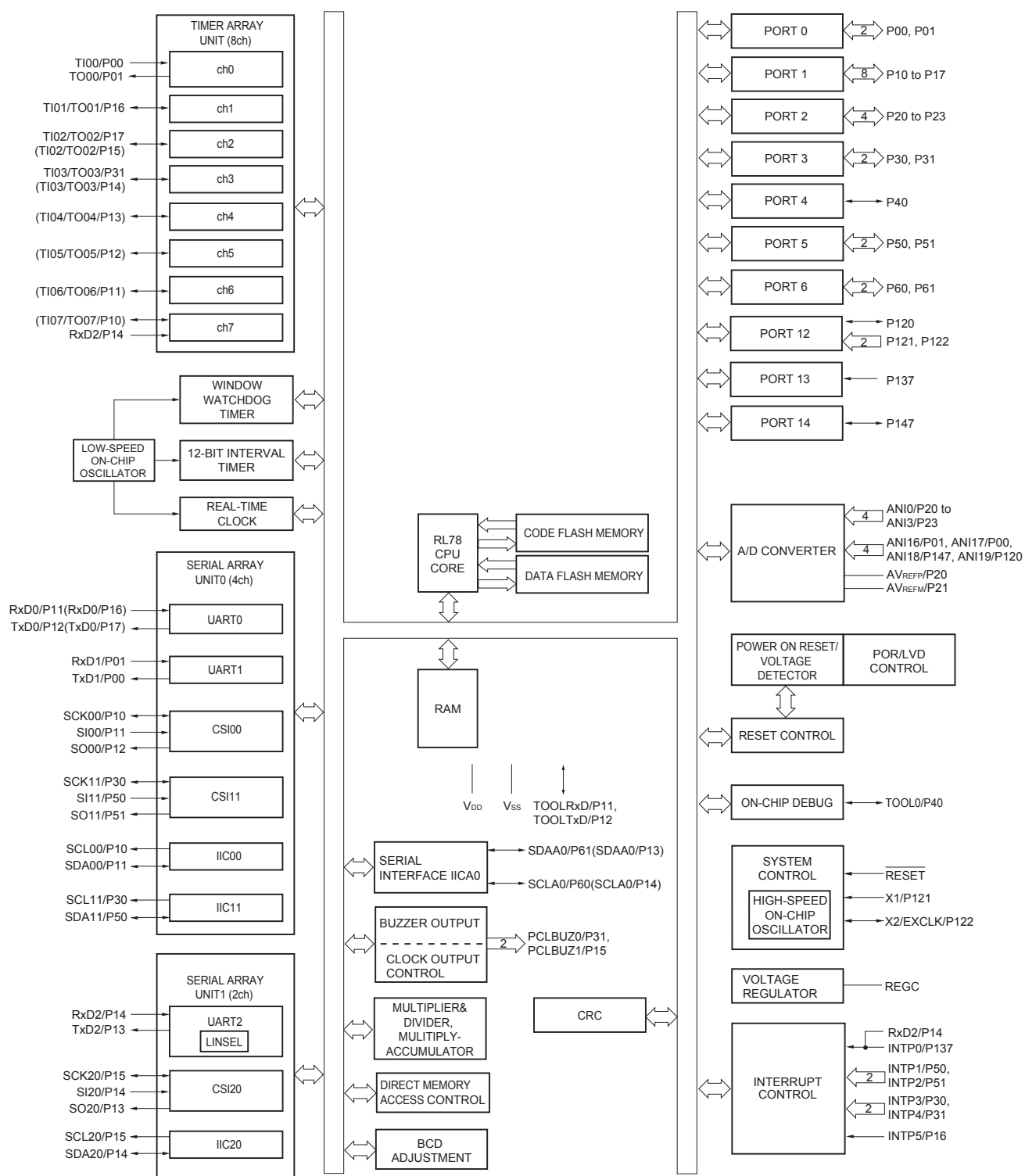
1.2 List of Part Numbers

Figure 1-1. Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13



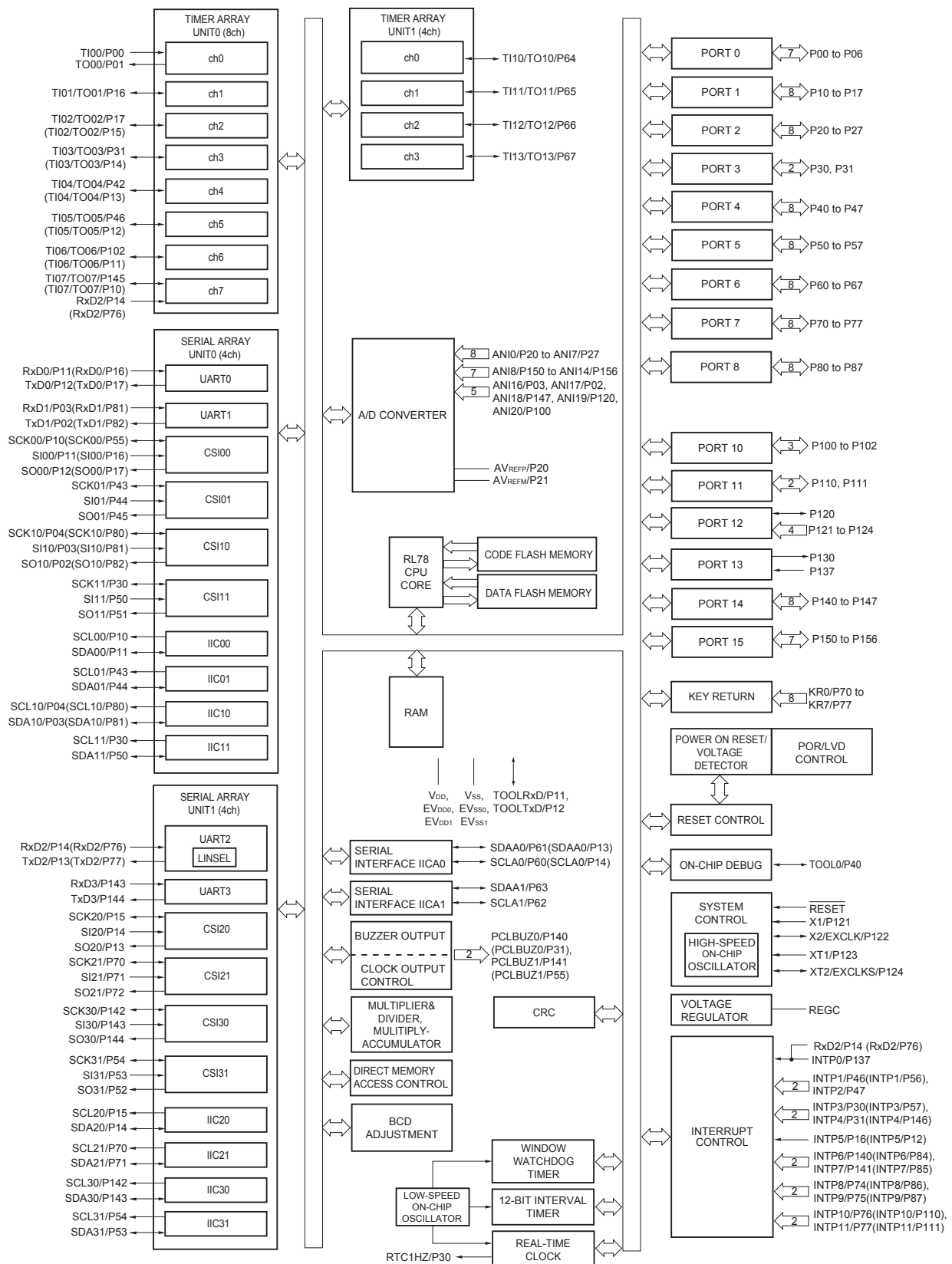
- Notes**
1. Products only for "A: Consumer applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)", and "G: Industrial applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$)"
 2. Products only for "A: Consumer applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)", and "D: Industrial applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$)"

1.5.4 30-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.13 100-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25°C) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbols	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}		-0.5 to +6.5	V
	EV _{DD0} , EV _{DD1}	EV _{DD0} = EV _{DD1}	-0.5 to +6.5	V
	EV _{SS0} , EV _{SS1}	EV _{SS0} = EV _{SS1}	-0.5 to +0.3	V
REGC pin input voltage	V _{IREGC}	REGC	-0.3 to +2.8 and -0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 1}	V
Input voltage	V _{I1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	-0.3 to EV _{DD0} + 0.3 and -0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 2}	V
	V _{I2}	P60 to P63 (N-ch open-drain)	-0.3 to +6.5	V
	V _{I3}	P20 to P27, P121 to P124, P137, P150 to P156, EXCLK, EXCLKS, RESET	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 2}	V
Output voltage	V _{O1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	-0.3 to EV _{DD0} + 0.3 and -0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 2}	V
	V _{O2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 2}	V
Analog input voltage	V _{AI1}	ANI16 to ANI26	-0.3 to EV _{DD0} + 0.3 and -0.3 to AV _{REF} (+) + 0.3 ^{Notes 2, 3}	V
	V _{AI2}	ANI0 to ANI14	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 and -0.3 to AV _{REF} (+) + 0.3 ^{Notes 2, 3}	V

Notes 1. Connect the REGC pin to V_{SS} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μF). This value regulates the absolute maximum rating of the REGC pin. Do not use this pin with voltage applied to it.

2. Must be 6.5 V or lower.

3. Do not exceed AV_{REF}(+) + 0.3 V in case of A/D conversion target pin.

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Remarks 1. Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

2. AV_{REF}(+) : + side reference voltage of the A/D converter.

3. V_{SS} : Reference voltage

2.4 AC Characteristics

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Instruction cycle (minimum instruction execution time)	T _{CY}	Main system clock (f _{MAIN}) operation	HS (high-speed main) mode	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.03125	1	μs
				2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V	0.0625	1	μs
			LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.125	1	μs
			LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.25	1	μs
		Subsystem clock (f _{SUB}) operation		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	28.5	30.5	31.3 μs
		In the self programming mode	HS (high-speed main) mode	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.03125	1	μs
				2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V	0.0625	1	μs
			LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.125	1	μs
			LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.25	1	μs
External system clock frequency	f _{EX}	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1.0		20.0	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V		1.0		16.0	MHz
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.4 V		1.0		8.0	MHz
		1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V		1.0		4.0	MHz
	f _{EXS}			32		35	kHz
External system clock input high-level width, low-level width	t _{EXH} , t _{EXL}	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		24			ns
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V		30			ns
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.4 V		60			ns
		1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V		120			ns
	t _{EXHS} , t _{EXLS}			13.7			μs
Ti00 to Ti07, Ti10 to Ti17 input high-level width, low-level width	t _{TIH} , t _{TIL}			1/f _{MCK} +10			ns ^{Note}
TO00 to TO07, TO10 to TO17 output frequency	f _{TO}	HS (high-speed main) mode		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		16	MHz
				2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V		8	MHz
				1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V		4	MHz
				1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		2	MHz
		LS (low-speed main) mode		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		4	MHz
				1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		2	MHz
		LV (low-voltage main) mode		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		2	MHz
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1 output frequency	f _{PCL}	HS (high-speed main) mode		4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		16	MHz
				2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V		8	MHz
				1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V		4	MHz
				1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		2	MHz
		LS (low-speed main) mode		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		4	MHz
				1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		2	MHz
		LV (low-voltage main) mode		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		4	MHz
				1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		2	MHz
Interrupt input high-level width, low-level width	t _{INTH} , t _{INTL}	INTP0	1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	1			μs
		INTP1 to INTP11	1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1			μs
Key interrupt input low-level width	t _{KR}	KR0 to KR7	1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	250			ns
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V	1			μs
RESET low-level width	t _{RSL}			10			μs

(Note and Remark are listed on the next page.)

Note The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when $E_{VDD0} < V_{DD}$

$1.8\text{ V} \leq E_{VDD0} < 2.7\text{ V}$: MIN. 125 ns

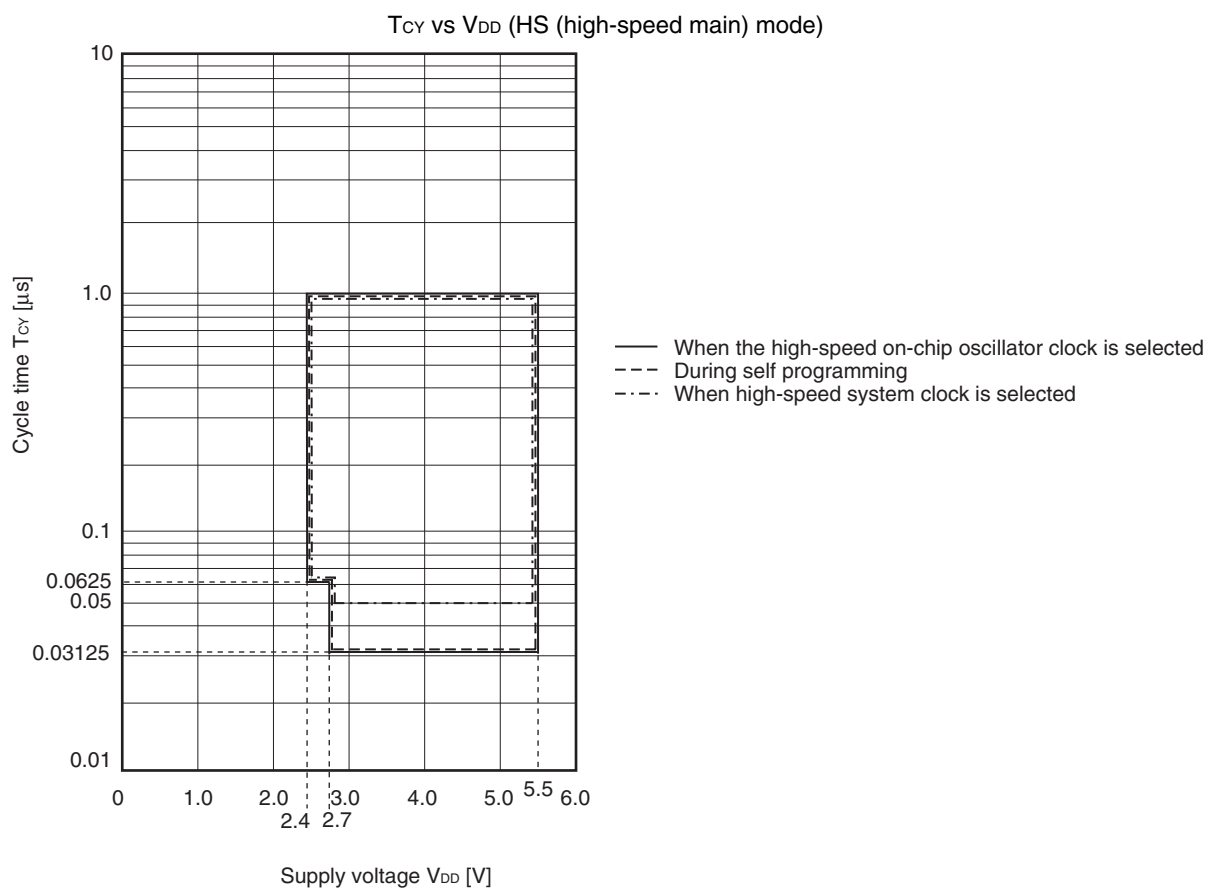
$1.6\text{ V} \leq E_{VDD0} < 1.8\text{ V}$: MIN. 250 ns

Remark f_{MCK} : Timer array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn0, CKSmn1 bits of timer mode register mn (TMRmn).

m: Unit number ($m = 0, 1$), n: Channel number ($n = 0$ to 7))

Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation



(7) Communication at different potential (2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only) (1/2)

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 2.7 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	200		1150		1150		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	300		1150		1150		ns
SCKp high-level width	t _{KH1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 120		t _{KCY1} /2 – 120		t _{KCY1} /2 – 120		ns
SCKp low-level width	t _{KL1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 7		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 10		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	58		479		479		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	121		479		479		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{SH1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output ^{Note 1}	t _{KSO1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		60		60		60	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		130		130		130	ns

(Notes, Caution, and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

(9) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)**(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V) (2/2)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp high-/low-level width	t _{KH2} , t _{KL2}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V	t _{KCY2} /2 - 12		t _{KCY2} /2 - 50		t _{KCY2} /2 - 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V	t _{KCY2} /2 - 18		t _{KCY2} /2 - 50		t _{KCY2} /2 - 50		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2}	t _{KCY2} /2 - 50		t _{KCY2} /2 - 50		t _{KCY2} /2 - 50		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) ^{Note 3}	t _{SIK2}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V	1/f _{MCK} + 20		1/f _{MCK} + 30		1/f _{MCK} + 30		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V	1/f _{MCK} + 20		1/f _{MCK} + 30		1/f _{MCK} + 30		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2}	1/f _{MCK} + 30		1/f _{MCK} + 30		1/f _{MCK} + 30		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{Note 4}	t _{KS12}		1/f _{MCK} + 31		1/f _{MCK} + 31		1/f _{MCK} + 31		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output ^{Note 5}	t _{KSO2}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		2/f _{MCK} + 120		2/f _{MCK} + 573		2/f _{MCK} + 573	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		2/f _{MCK} + 214		2/f _{MCK} + 573		2/f _{MCK} + 573	ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ		2/f _{MCK} + 573		2/f _{MCK} + 573		2/f _{MCK} + 573	ns

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode : MAX. 1 Mbps2. Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.

3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp setup time becomes “to SCKp↓” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

4. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The Slp hold time becomes “from SCKp↓” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

5. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp↑” when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

<R>

- Notes**
1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.
 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of t_{HD:DAT} is during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

Caution The values in the above table are applied even when bit 2 (PIOR2) in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1. At this time, the pin characteristics (I_{OH1}, I_{OL1}, V_{OH1}, V_{OL1}) must satisfy the values in the redirect destination.

Remark The maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows.

Standard mode: C_b = 400 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ

(2) When reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI16 to ANI26

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 1.6 V ≤ AV_{REFP} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}, Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES		8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution EV _{DD0} = AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Notes 3, 4}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±5.0	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 5}	1.2	±8.5	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution Target ANI pin : ANI16 to ANI26	3.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.125	39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875	39	μs
			1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17	39	μs
			1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	57	95	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	10-bit resolution EV _{DD0} = AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Notes 3, 4}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±0.35	%FSR
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 5}		±0.60	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution EV _{DD0} = AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Notes 3, 4}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±0.35	%FSR
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 5}		±0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution EV _{DD0} = AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Notes 3, 4}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±3.5	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 5}		±6.0	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	10-bit resolution EV _{DD0} = AV _{REFP} = V _{DD} ^{Notes 3, 4}	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		±2.0	LSB
			1.6 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V ^{Note 5}		±2.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	ANI16 to ANI26	0		AV _{REFP} and EV _{DD0}	V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. When AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ±1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add ±0.05%FSR to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

4. When AV_{REFP} < EV_{DD0} ≤ V_{DD}, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ±4.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add ±0.20%FSR to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±2.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

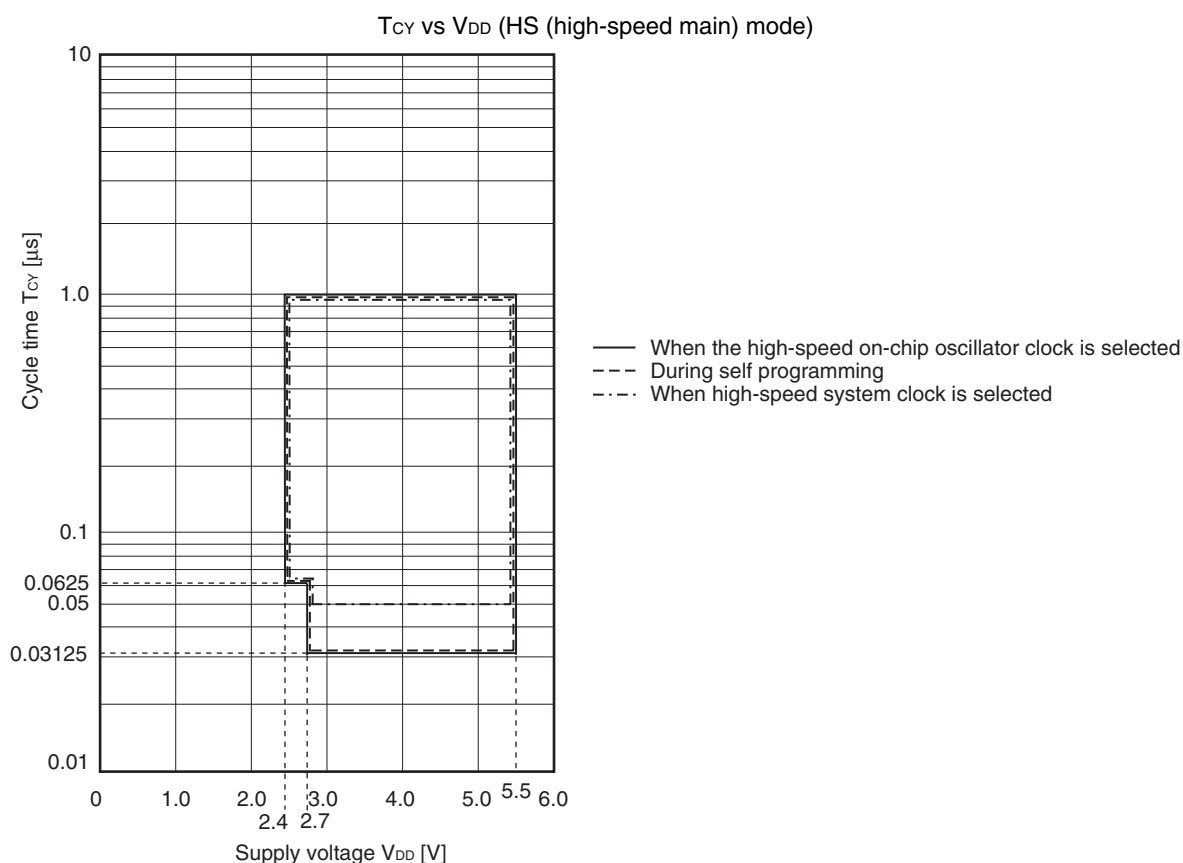
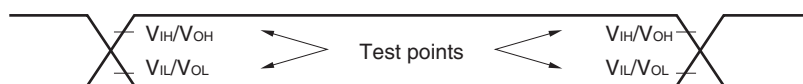
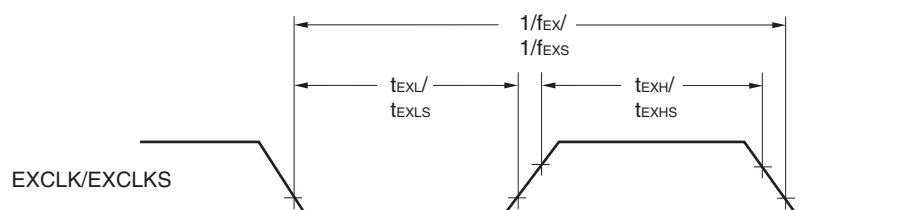
5. When the conversion time is set to 57 μs (min.) and 95 μs (max.).

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbols	Conditions		Ratings	Unit
Output current, high	I _{OH1}	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	−40	mA
		Total of all pins −170 mA	P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	−70	mA
			P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147	−100	mA
	I _{OH2}	Per pin	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	−0.5	mA
		Total of all pins		−2	mA
	Output current, low	I _{OL1}	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	40
Total of all pins 170 mA			P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	70	mA
			P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147	100	mA
I _{OL2}		Per pin	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1	mA
		Total of all pins		5	mA
Operating ambient temperature		T _A	In normal operation mode		−40 to +105
	In flash memory programming mode				
Storage temperature	T _{stg}			−65 to +150	°C

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

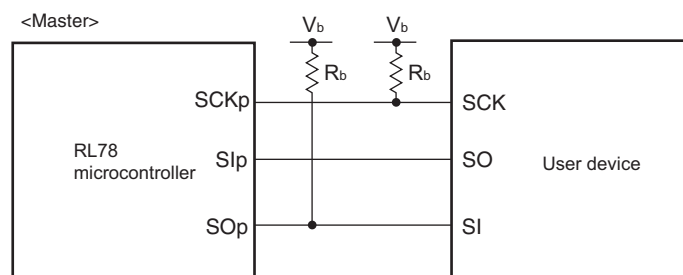
Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation**AC Timing Test Points****External System Clock Timing**

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (1/3)**($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0\text{ V}$)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t_{KCY1}	$t_{\text{KCY1}} \geq 4/f_{\text{CLK}}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	600		ns
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	1000		ns
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	2300		ns
SCKp high-level width	t_{KH1}		$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 150$		ns
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 340$		ns
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 916$		ns
SCKp low-level width	t_{KL1}		$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 1.4\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 24$		ns
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 36$		ns
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $\text{C}_b = 30\text{ pF}$, $\text{R}_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	$t_{\text{KCY1}}/2 - 100$		ns

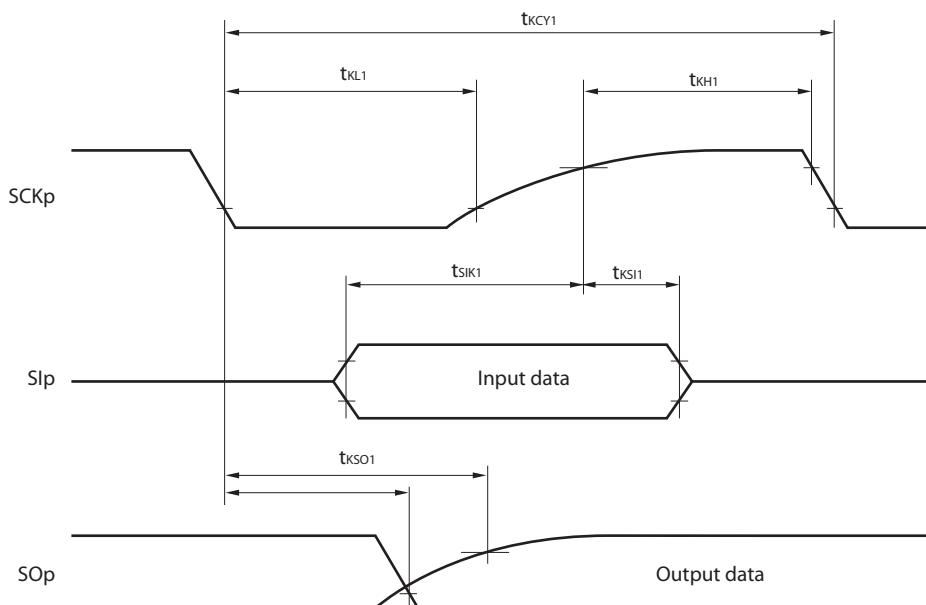
Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed two pages after the next page.)

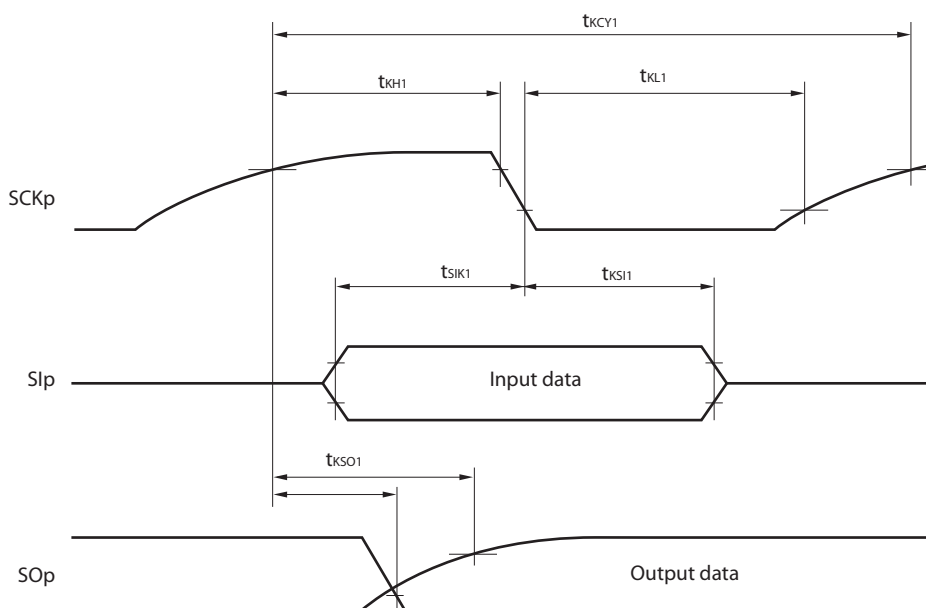
CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)

- Remarks**
1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
 2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).
m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00))
 4. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential.
Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential)
(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential)
(When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)



- Remarks**
1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), n: Channel number (n = 0, 2), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 2. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

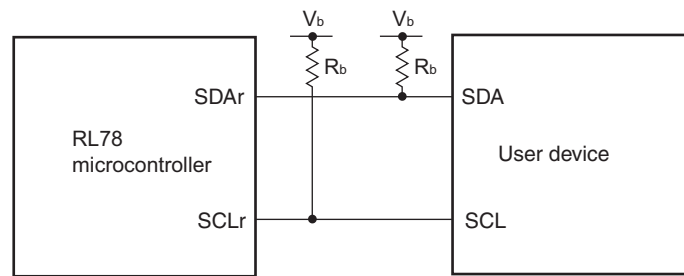
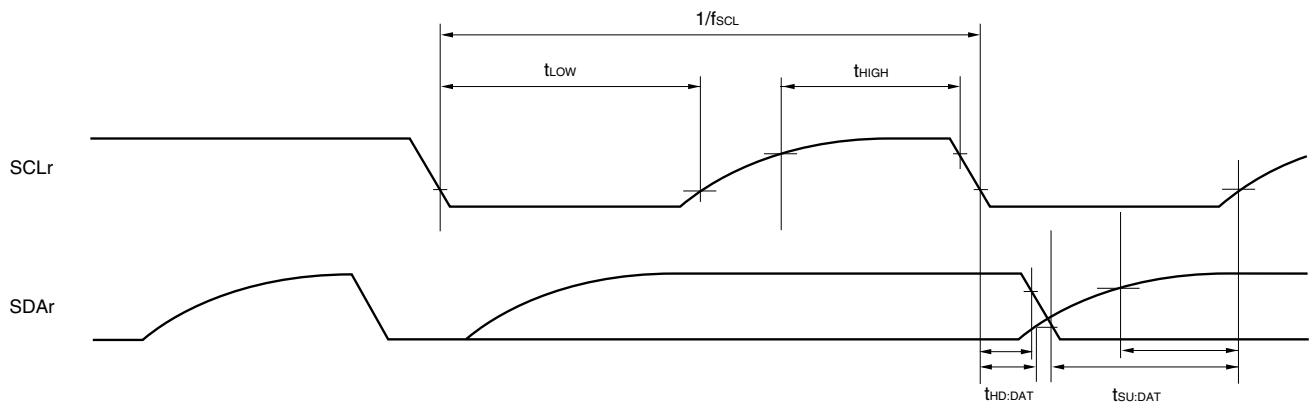
(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode) (2/2)**($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0\text{ V}$)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	$t_{SU:DAT}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/f_{MCK} + 340$ Note 2		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/f_{MCK} + 340$ Note 2		ns
		$4.0\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.8\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/f_{MCK} + 760$ Note 2		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/f_{MCK} + 760$ Note 2		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/f_{MCK} + 570$ Note 2		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	$t_{HD:DAT}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	0	770	ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	0	770	ns
		$4.0\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.8\text{ k}\Omega$	0	1420	ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	0	1420	ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	0	1215	ns

Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than $f_{MCK}/4$.2. Set the f_{MCK} value to keep the hold time of $SCLr = "L"$ and $SCLr = "H"$.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the $SDAr$ pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the $SCLr$ pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)**Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at different potential)**

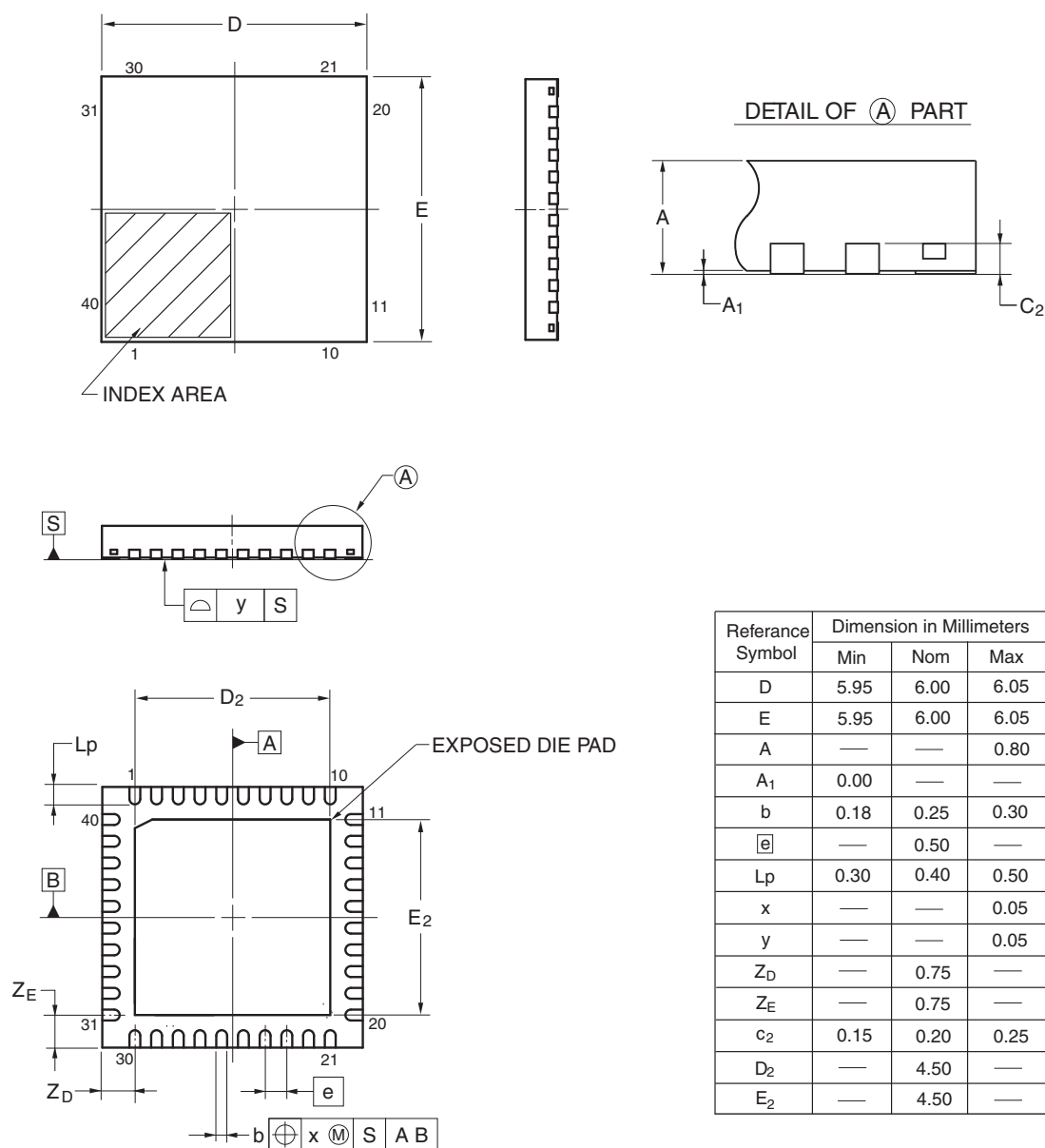
Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

- Remarks**
1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance, $V_b[V]$: Communication line voltage
 2. r: IIC number (r = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), g: PIM, POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13))

4.7 40-pin Products

R5F100EAANA, R5F100ECANA, R5F100EDANA, R5F100EEANA, R5F100EFANA, R5F100EGANA, R5F100EHANA
 R5F101EAANA, R5F101ECANA, R5F101EDANA, R5F101EEANA, R5F101EFANA, R5F101EGANA, R5F101EHANA
 R5F100EADNA, R5F100ECDNA, R5F100EDDNA, R5F100EEDNA, R5F100EFDNA, R5F100EGDNA,
 R5F100EHDNA
 R5F101EADNA, R5F101ECDNA, R5F101EDDNA, R5F101EEDNA, R5F101EFDNA, R5F101EGDNA,
 R5F101EHDNA
 R5F100EAGNA, R5F100ECGNA, R5F100EDGNA, R5F100EEGNA, R5F100EFGNA, R5F100EGGNA,
 R5F100EHGNA

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	Previous code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-HWQFN40-6x6-0.50	PWQN0040KC-A	P40K8-50-4B4-5	0.09

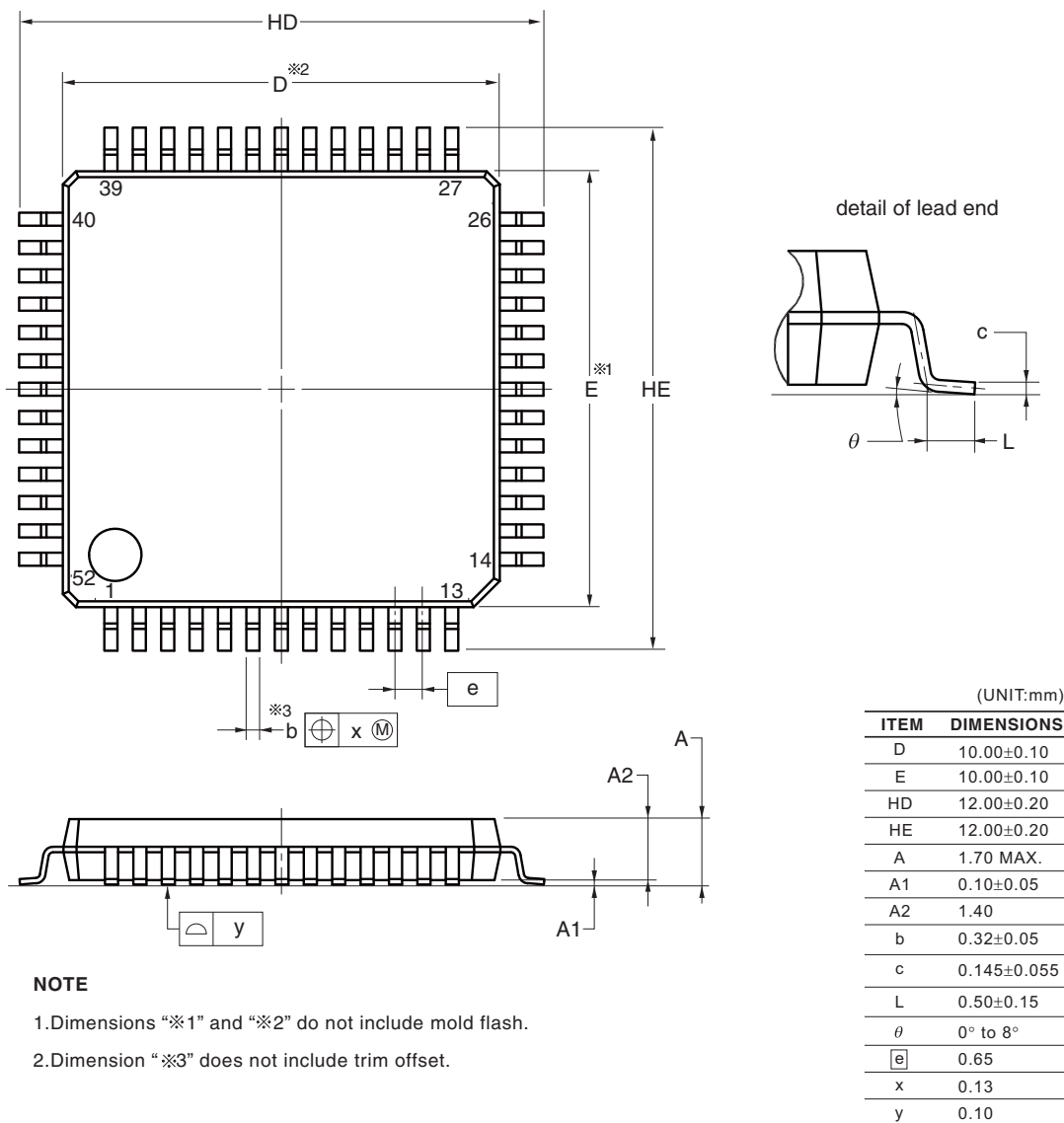


©2013 Renesas Electronics Corporation. All rights reserved.

4.10 52-pin Products

R5F100JCAFA, R5F100JDFA, R5F100JEFA, R5F100JFAFA, R5F100JGAFA, R5F100JHAFA, R5F100JJFA, R5F100JKFA, R5F100JLAFA
 R5F101JCAFA, R5F101JDFA, R5F101JEFA, R5F101JFAFA, R5F101JGAFA, R5F101JHAFA, R5F101JJFA, R5F101JKFA, R5F101JLAFA
 R5F100JCDA, R5F100JDDA, R5F100JEDA, R5F100JFDA, R5F100JGDA, R5F100JHDA, R5F100JJDA, R5F100JKDA, R5F100JLDA
 R5F101JCDA, R5F101JDDA, R5F101JEDA, R5F101JFDA, R5F101JGDA, R5F101JHDA, R5F101JJDA, R5F101JKDA, R5F101JLDA
 R5F100JCGFA, R5F100JDGFA, R5F100JEGFA, R5F100JFGFA, R5F100JGGFA, R5F100JHGFA, R5F100JJGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP52-10x10-0.65	PLQP0052JA-A	P52GB-65-GBS-1	0.3

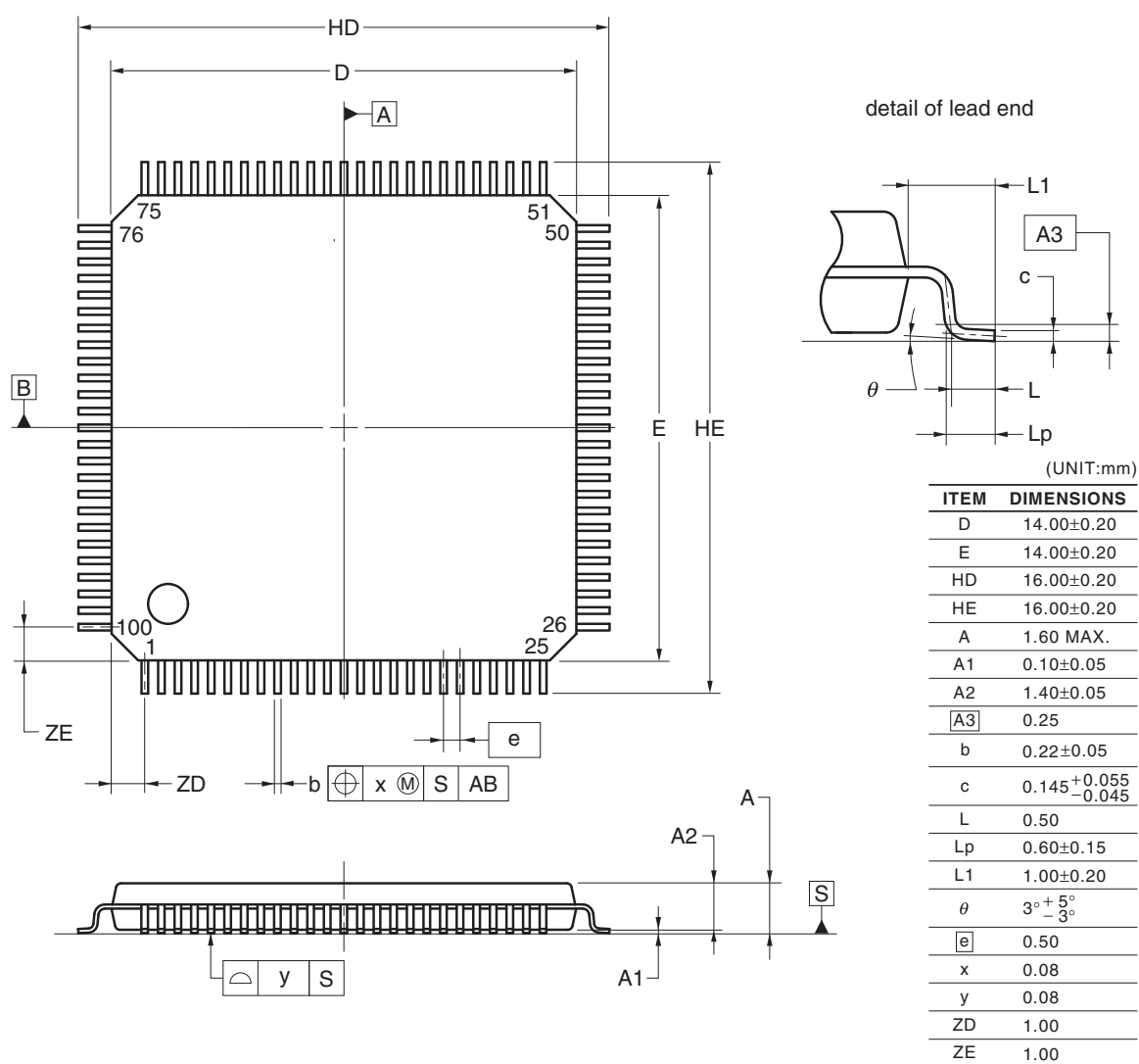


© 2012 Renesas Electronics Corporation. All rights reserved.

4.13 100-pin Products

R5F100PFAFB, R5F100PGAFA, R5F100PHAFA, R5F100PJAFB, R5F100PKAFB, R5F100PLAFB
 R5F101PFAFB, R5F101PGAFA, R5F101PHAFA, R5F101PJAFB, R5F101PKAFB, R5F101PLAFB
 R5F100PFDFA, R5F100PGDFA, R5F100PHDFA, R5F100PJDFB, R5F100PKDFA, R5F100PLDFA
 R5F101PFDFA, R5F101PGDFA, R5F101PHDFA, R5F101PJDFB, R5F101PKDFA, R5F101PLDFA
 R5F100PFGFB, R5F100PGGFB, R5F100PHGFB, R5F100PJGFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP100-14x14-0.50	PLQP0100KE-A	P100GC-50-GBR-1	0.69



© 2012 Renesas Electronics Corporation. All rights reserved.