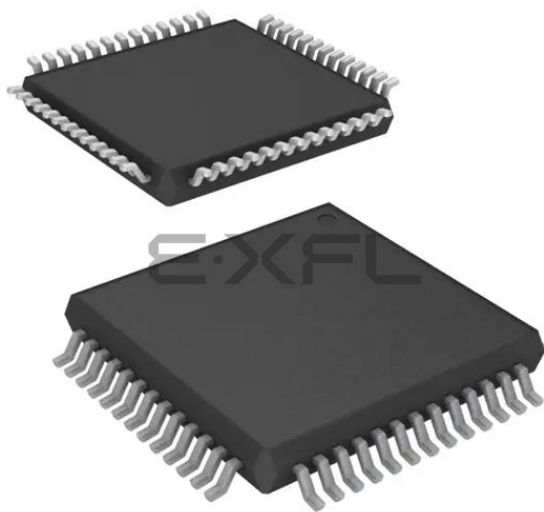




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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	38
Program Memory Size	192KB (192K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	52-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	52-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f101jhafa-v0

○ ROM, RAM capacities

Flash ROM	Data flash	RAM	RL78/G13					
			20 pins	24 pins	25 pins	30 pins	32 pins	36 pins
128 KB	8 KB	12 KB	—	—	—	R5F100AG	R5F100BG	R5F100CG
	—		—	—	—	R5F101AG	R5F101BG	R5F101CG
96 KB	8 KB	8 KB	—	—	—	R5F100AF	R5F100BF	R5F100CF
	—		—	—	—	R5F101AF	R5F101BF	R5F101CF
64 KB	4 KB	4 KB Note	R5F1006E	R5F1007E	R5F1008E	R5F100AE	R5F100BE	R5F100CE
	—		R5F1016E	R5F1017E	R5F1018E	R5F101AE	R5F101BE	R5F101CE
48 KB	4 KB	3 KB Note	R5F1006D	R5F1007D	R5F1008D	R5F100AD	R5F100BD	R5F100CD
	—		R5F1016D	R5F1017D	R5F1018D	R5F101AD	R5F101BD	R5F101CD
32 KB	4 KB	2 KB	R5F1006C	R5F1007C	R5F1008C	R5F100AC	R5F100BC	R5F100CC
	—		R5F1016C	R5F1017C	R5F1018C	R5F101AC	R5F101BC	R5F101CC
16 KB	4 KB	2 KB	R5F1006A	R5F1007A	R5F1008A	R5F100AA	R5F100BA	R5F100CA
	—		R5F1016A	R5F1017A	R5F1018A	R5F101AA	R5F101BA	R5F101CA

Flash ROM	Data flash	RAM	RL78/G13							
			40 pins	44 pins	48 pins	52 pins	64 pins	80 pins	100 pins	128 pins
512 KB	8 KB	32 KB Note	—	R5F100FL	R5F100GL	R5F100JL	R5F100LL	R5F100ML	R5F100PL	R5F100SL
	—		—	R5F101FL	R5F101GL	R5F101JL	R5F101LL	R5F101ML	R5F101PL	R5F101SL
384 KB	8 KB	24 KB	—	R5F100FK	R5F100GK	R5F100JK	R5F100LK	R5F100MK	R5F100PK	R5F100SK
	—		—	R5F101FK	R5F101GK	R5F101JK	R5F101LK	R5F101MK	R5F101PK	R5F101SK
256 KB	8 KB	20 KB Note	—	R5F100FJ	R5F100GJ	R5F100JJ	R5F100LJ	R5F100MJ	R5F100PJ	R5F100SJ
	—		—	R5F101FJ	R5F101GJ	R5F101JJ	R5F101LJ	R5F101MJ	R5F101PJ	R5F101SJ
192 KB	8 KB	16 KB	R5F100EH	R5F100FH	R5F100GH	R5F100JH	R5F100LH	R5F100MH	R5F100PH	R5F100SH
	—		R5F101EH	R5F101FH	R5F101GH	R5F101JH	R5F101LH	R5F101MH	R5F101PH	R5F101SH
128 KB	8 KB	12 KB	R5F100EG	R5F100FG	R5F100GG	R5F100JG	R5F100LG	R5F100MG	R5F100PG	—
	—		R5F101EG	R5F101FG	R5F101GG	R5F101JG	R5F101LG	R5F101MG	R5F101PG	—
96 KB	8 KB	8 KB	R5F100EF	R5F100FF	R5F100GF	R5F100JF	R5F100LF	R5F100MF	R5F100PF	—
	—		R5F101EF	R5F101FF	R5F101GF	R5F101JF	R5F101LF	R5F101MF	R5F101PF	—
64 KB	4 KB	4 KB Note	R5F100EE	R5F100FE	R5F100GE	R5F100JE	R5F100LE	—	—	—
	—		R5F101EE	R5F101FE	R5F101GE	R5F101JE	R5F101LE	—	—	—
48 KB	4 KB	3 KB Note	R5F100ED	R5F100FD	R5F100GD	R5F100JD	R5F100LD	—	—	—
	—		R5F101ED	R5F101FD	R5F101GD	R5F101JD	R5F101LD	—	—	—
32 KB	4 KB	2 KB	R5F100EC	R5F100FC	R5F100GC	R5F100JC	R5F100LC	—	—	—
	—		R5F101EC	R5F101FC	R5F101GC	R5F101JC	R5F101LC	—	—	—
16 KB	4 KB	2 KB	R5F100EA	R5F100FA	R5F100GA	—	—	—	—	—
	—		R5F101EA	R5F101FA	R5F101GA	—	—	—	—	—

Note The flash library uses RAM in self-programming and rewriting of the data flash memory.

The target products and start address of the RAM areas used by the flash library are shown below.

R5F100xD, R5F101xD (x = 6 to 8, A to C, E to G, J, L): Start address FF300H

R5F100xE, R5F101xE (x = 6 to 8, A to C, E to G, J, L): Start address FEF00H

R5F100xJ, R5F101xJ (x = F, G, J, L, M, P): Start address FAF00H

R5F100xL, R5F101xL (x = F, G, J, L, M, P, S): Start address F7F00H

For the RAM areas used by the flash library, see **Self RAM list of Flash Self-Programming Library for RL78 Family (R20UT2944)**.

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(1/12)

Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application ^{Note}	Ordering Part Number
20 pins	20-pin plastic LSSOP (7.62 mm (300), 0.65 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F1006AASP#V0, R5F1006CASP#V0, R5F1006DASP#V0, R5F1006EASP#V0 R5F1006AASP#X0, R5F1006CASP#X0, R5F1006DASP#X0, R5F1006EASP#X0
			D	R5F1006ADSP#V0, R5F1006CDSP#V0, R5F1006DDSP#V0, R5F1006EDSP#V0 R5F1006ADSP#X0, R5F1006CDSP#X0, R5F1006DDSP#X0, R5F1006EDSP#X0
			G	R5F1006AGSP#V0, R5F1006CGSP#V0, R5F1006DGSP#V0, R5F1006EGSP#V0 R5F1006AGSP#X0, R5F1006CGSP#X0, R5F1006DGSP#X0, R5F1006EGSP#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F1016AASP#V0, R5F1016CASP#V0, R5F1016DASP#V0, R5F1016EASP#V0 R5F1016AASP#X0, R5F1016CASP#X0, R5F1016DASP#X0, R5F1016EASP#X0
			D	R5F1016ADSP#V0, R5F1016CDSP#V0, R5F1016DDSP#V0, R5F1016EDSP#V0 R5F1016ADSP#X0, R5F1016CDSP#X0, R5F1016DDSP#X0, R5F1016EDSP#X0
			G	R5F1016AGSP#V0, R5F1016CGSP#V0, R5F1016DGSP#V0, R5F1016EGSP#V0 R5F1016AGSP#X0, R5F1016CGSP#X0, R5F1016DGSP#X0, R5F1016EGSP#X0
24 pins	24-pin plastic HWQFN (4 × 4mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F1007AANA#U0, R5F1007CANA#U0, R5F1007DANA#U0, R5F1007EANA#U0 R5F1007AANA#W0, R5F1007CANA#W0, R5F1007DANA#W0, R5F1007EANA#W0
			D	R5F1007ADNA#U0, R5F1007CDNA#U0, R5F1007DDNA#U0, R5F1007EDNA#U0 R5F1007ADNA#W0, R5F1007CDNA#W0, R5F1007DDNA#W0, R5F1007EDNA#W0
			G	R5F1007AGNA#U0, R5F1007CGNA#U0, R5F1007DGNA#U0, R5F1007EGNA#U0 R5F1007AGNA#W0, R5F1007CGNA#W0, R5F1007DGNA#W0, R5F1007EGNA#W0
		Not mounted	A	R5F1017AANA#U0, R5F1017CANA#U0, R5F1017DANA#U0, R5F1017EANA#U0 R5F1017AANA#W0, R5F1017CANA#W0, R5F1017DANA#W0, R5F1017EANA#W0
			D	R5F1017ADNA#U0, R5F1017CDNA#U0, R5F1017DDNA#U0, R5F1017EDNA#U0 R5F1017ADNA#W0, R5F1017CDNA#W0, R5F1017DDNA#W0, R5F1017EDNA#W0
			G	R5F1017AGNA#U0, R5F1017CGNA#U0, R5F1017DGNA#U0, R5F1017EGNA#U0 R5F1017AGNA#W0, R5F1017CGNA#W0, R5F1017DGNA#W0, R5F1017EGNA#W0

Note For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13**.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(11/12)

Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application Note	Ordering Part Number
100 pins	100-pin plastic LFQFP (14 × 14 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100PFAFB#V0, R5F100PGAFA#V0, R5F100PHAFA#V0, R5F100PJAFB#V0, R5F100PKAFB#V0, R5F100PLAFB#V0 R5F100PFAFB#X0, R5F100PGAFA#X0, R5F100PHAFA#X0, R5F100PJAFB#X0, R5F100PKAFB#X0, R5F100PLAFB#X0
			D	R5F100PFDFB#V0, R5F100PGDFB#V0, R5F100PHDFB#V0, R5F100PJDFB#V0, R5F100PKDFB#V0, R5F100PLDFB#V0 R5F100PFDFB#X0, R5F100PGDFB#X0, R5F100PHDFB#X0, R5F100PJDFB#X0, R5F100PKDFB#X0, R5F100PLDFB#X0
			G	R5F100PFGFB#V0, R5F100PGGFB#V0, R5F100PHGFB#V0, R5F100PJGFB#V0 R5F100PFGFB#X0, R5F100PGGFB#X0, R5F100PHGFB#X0, R5F100PJGFB#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101PFAFB#V0, R5F101PGAFA#V0, R5F101PHAFA#V0, R5F101PJAFB#V0, R5F101PKAFB#V0, R5F101PLAFB#V0 R5F101PFAFB#X0, R5F101PGAFA#X0, R5F101PHAFA#X0, R5F101PJAFB#X0, R5F101PKAFB#X0, R5F101PLAFB#X0
	100-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 20 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100PFAFA#V0, R5F100PGAFA#V0, R5F100PHAFA#V0, R5F100PJAFB#V0, R5F100PKAFA#V0, R5F100PLAFA#V0 R5F100PFAFA#X0, R5F100PGAFA#X0, R5F100PHAFA#X0, R5F100PJAFB#X0, R5F100PKAFA#X0, R5F100PLAFA#X0
			D	R5F100PFDA#V0, R5F100PGDA#V0, R5F100PHDA#V0, R5F100PJDA#V0, R5F100PKDA#V0, R5F100PLDA#V0 R5F100PFDA#X0, R5F100PGDA#X0, R5F100PHDA#X0, R5F100PJDA#X0, R5F100PKDA#X0, R5F100PLDA#X0
			G	R5F100PFGFA#V0, R5F100PGGFA#V0, R5F100PHGFA#V0, R5F100PJGFA#V0 R5F100PFGFA#X0, R5F100PGGFA#X0, R5F100PHGFA#X0, R5F100PJGFA#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F101PFAFA#V0, R5F101PGAFA#V0, R5F101PHAFA#V0, R5F101PJAFB#V0, R5F101PKAFA#V0, R5F101PLAFA#V0 R5F101PFAFA#X0, R5F101PGAFA#X0, R5F101PHAFA#X0, R5F101PJAFB#X0, R5F101PKAFA#X0, R5F101PLAFA#X0
			D	R5F101PFDA#V0, R5F101PGDA#V0, R5F101PHDA#V0, R5F101PJDA#V0, R5F101PKDA#V0, R5F101PLDA#V0 R5F101PFDA#X0, R5F101PGDA#X0, R5F101PHDA#X0, R5F101PJDA#X0, R5F101PKDA#X0, R5F101PLDA#X0

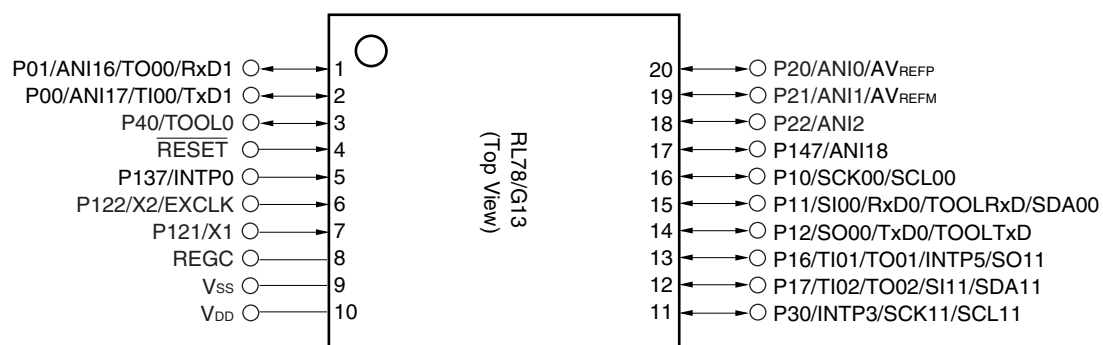
Note For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13**.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

1.3 Pin Configuration (Top View)

1.3.1 20-pin products

- 20-pin plastic LSSOP (7.62 mm (300), 0.65 mm pitch)

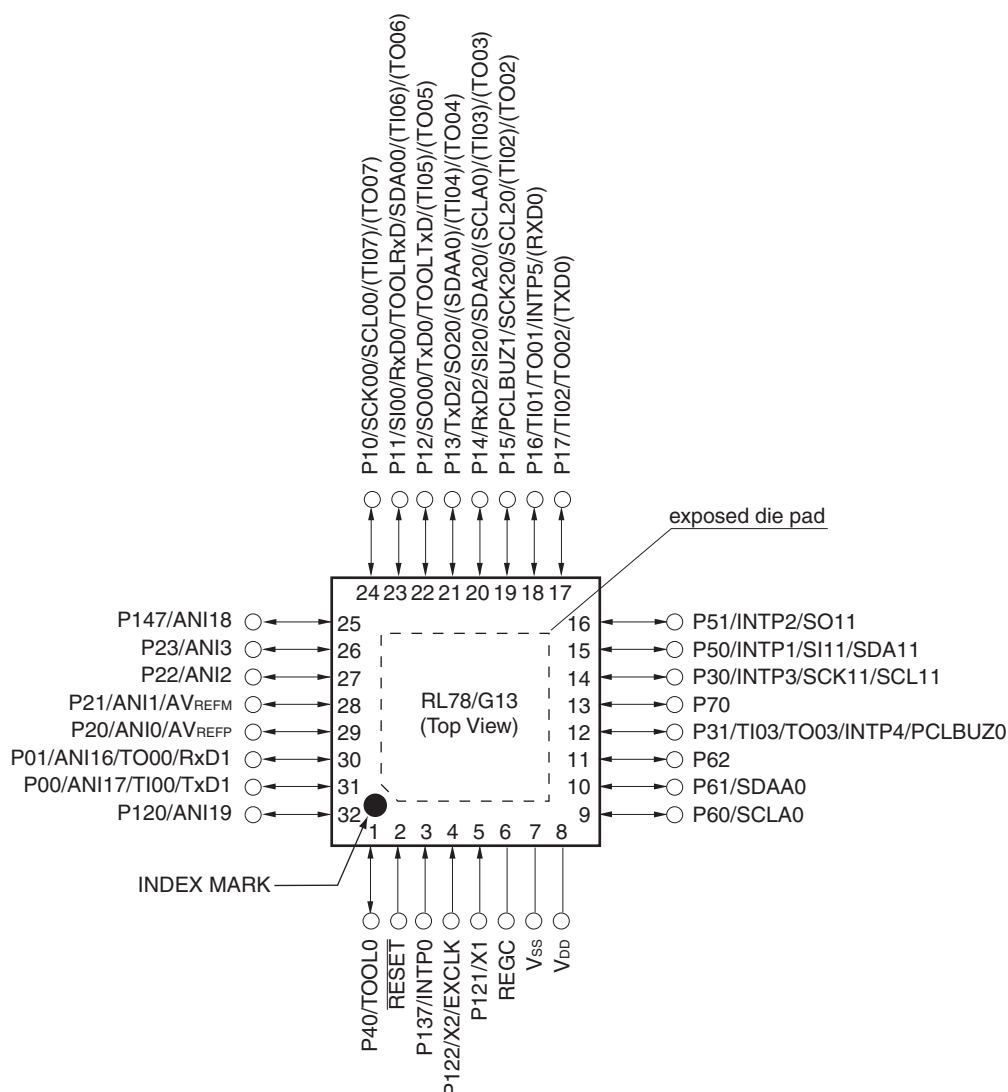


Caution Connect the REGC pin to V_{SS} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remark For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

1.3.5 32-pin products

- 32-pin plastic HWQFN (5 × 5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)

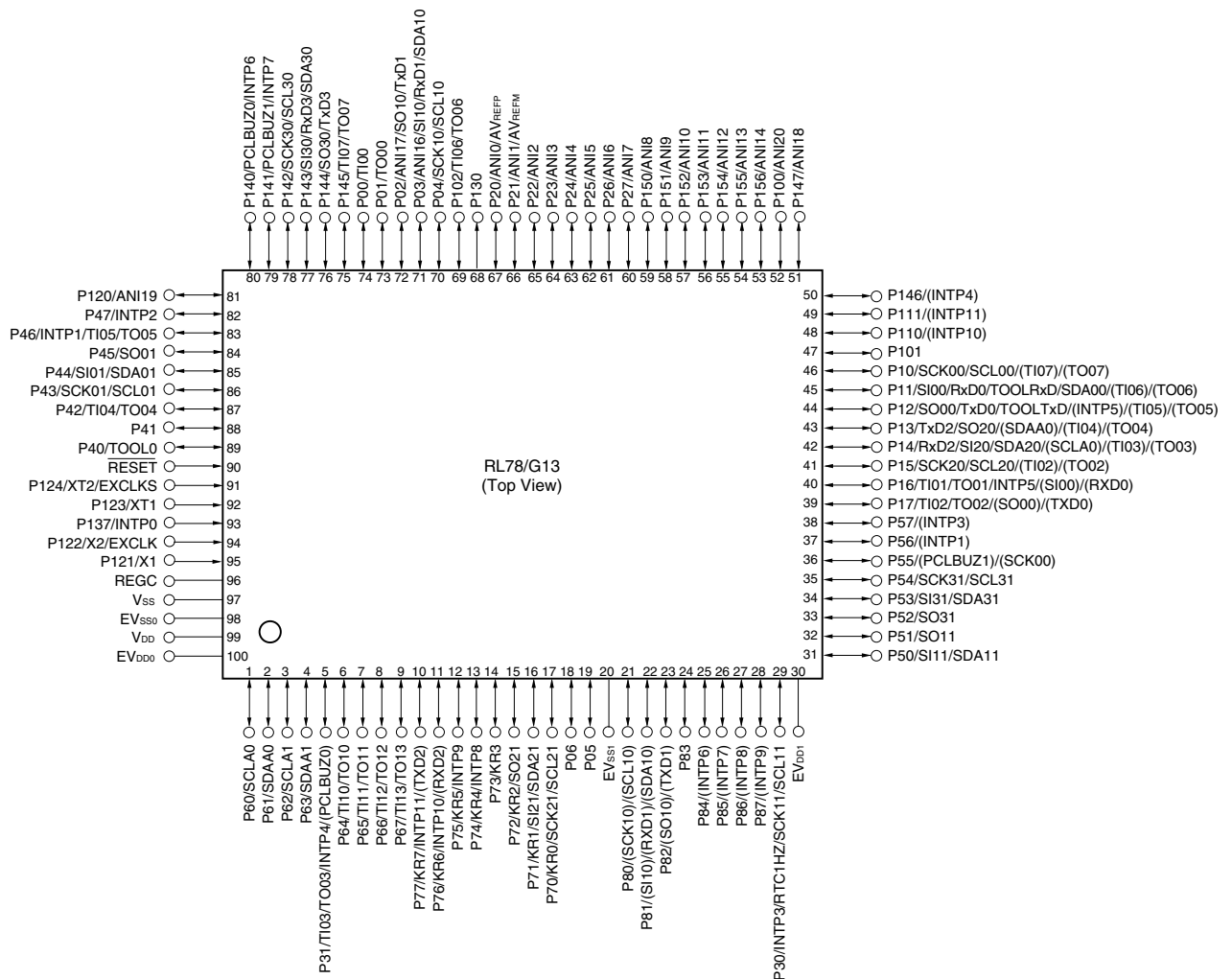


Caution Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see **1.4 Pin Identification**.

2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.
3. It is recommended to connect an exposed die pad to V_{SS}.

- 100-pin plastic LQFP (14 × 20 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)



- Cautions**
1. Make EVSS0, EVSS1 pins the same potential as VSS pin.
 2. Make VDD pin the potential that is higher than EVDD0, EVDD1 pins (EVDD0 = EVDD1).
 3. Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

- Remarks**
1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.
 2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the VDD, EVDD0 and EVDD1 pins and connect the VSS, EVSS0 and EVSS1 pins to separate ground lines.
 3. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25°C) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbols	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}		-0.5 to +6.5	V
	EV _{DD0} , EV _{DD1}	EV _{DD0} = EV _{DD1}	-0.5 to +6.5	V
	EV _{SS0} , EV _{SS1}	EV _{SS0} = EV _{SS1}	-0.5 to +0.3	V
REGC pin input voltage	V _{IREGC}	REGC	-0.3 to +2.8 and -0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 1}	V
Input voltage	V _{I1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	-0.3 to EV _{DD0} + 0.3 and -0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 2}	V
	V _{I2}	P60 to P63 (N-ch open-drain)	-0.3 to +6.5	V
	V _{I3}	P20 to P27, P121 to P124, P137, P150 to P156, EXCLK, EXCLKS, RESET	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 2}	V
Output voltage	V _{O1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	-0.3 to EV _{DD0} + 0.3 and -0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 2}	V
	V _{O2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 2}	V
Analog input voltage	V _{AI1}	ANI16 to ANI26	-0.3 to EV _{DD0} + 0.3 and -0.3 to AV _{REF} (+) + 0.3 ^{Notes 2, 3}	V
	V _{AI2}	ANI0 to ANI14	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 and -0.3 to AV _{REF} (+) + 0.3 ^{Notes 2, 3}	V

Notes 1. Connect the REGC pin to V_{SS} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μF). This value regulates the absolute maximum rating of the REGC pin. Do not use this pin with voltage applied to it.

2. Must be 6.5 V or lower.

3. Do not exceed AV_{REF}(+) + 0.3 V in case of A/D conversion target pin.

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Remarks 1. Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

2. AV_{REF}(+) : + side reference voltage of the A/D converter.

3. V_{SS} : Reference voltage

2.3 DC Characteristics

2.3.1 Pin characteristics

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V) (1/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high ^{Note 1}	I _{OH1}	Per pin for P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		-10.0 ^{Note 2}	mA
		Total of P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145 (When duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		-55.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V		-10.0	mA
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V		-5.0	mA
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		-2.5	mA
		Total of P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147 (When duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		-80.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V		-19.0	mA
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V		-10.0	mA
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		-5.0	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		-135.0 ^{Note 4}	mA
	I _{OH2}	Per pin for P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		-0.1 ^{Note 2}	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		-1.5	mA

Notes 1. Value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from the EV_{DD0}, EV_{DD1}, V_{DD} pins to an output pin.

2. However, do not exceed the total current value.

3. Specification under conditions where the duty factor ≤ 70%.

The output current value that has changed to the duty factor > 70% the duty ratio can be calculated with the following expression (when changing the duty factor from 70% to n%).

- Total output current of pins = (I_{OH} × 0.7)/(n × 0.01)

<Example> Where n = 80% and I_{OH} = -10.0 mA

$$\text{Total output current of pins} = (-10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \cong -8.7 \text{ mA}$$

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

4. The applied current for the products for industrial application (R5F100xxDxx, R5F101xxDxx, R5F100xxGxx) is -100 mA.

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

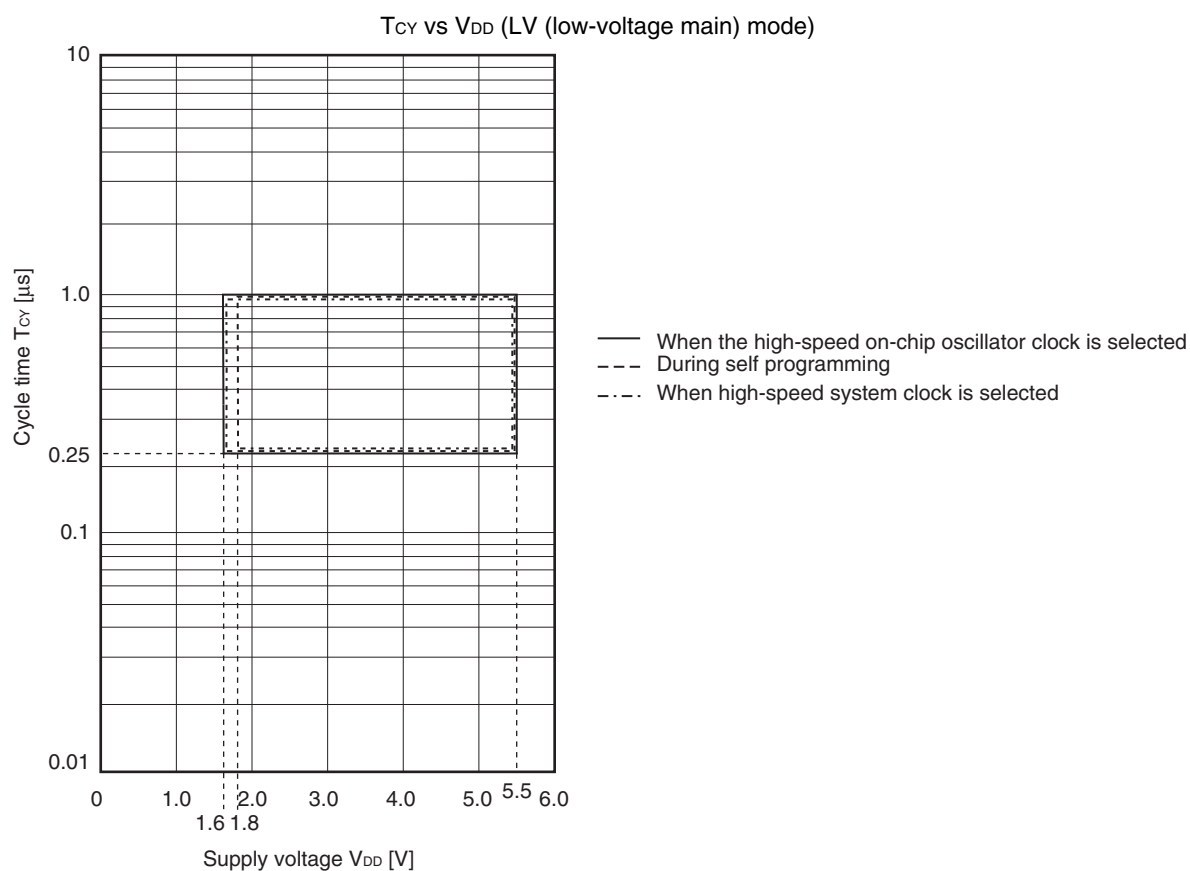
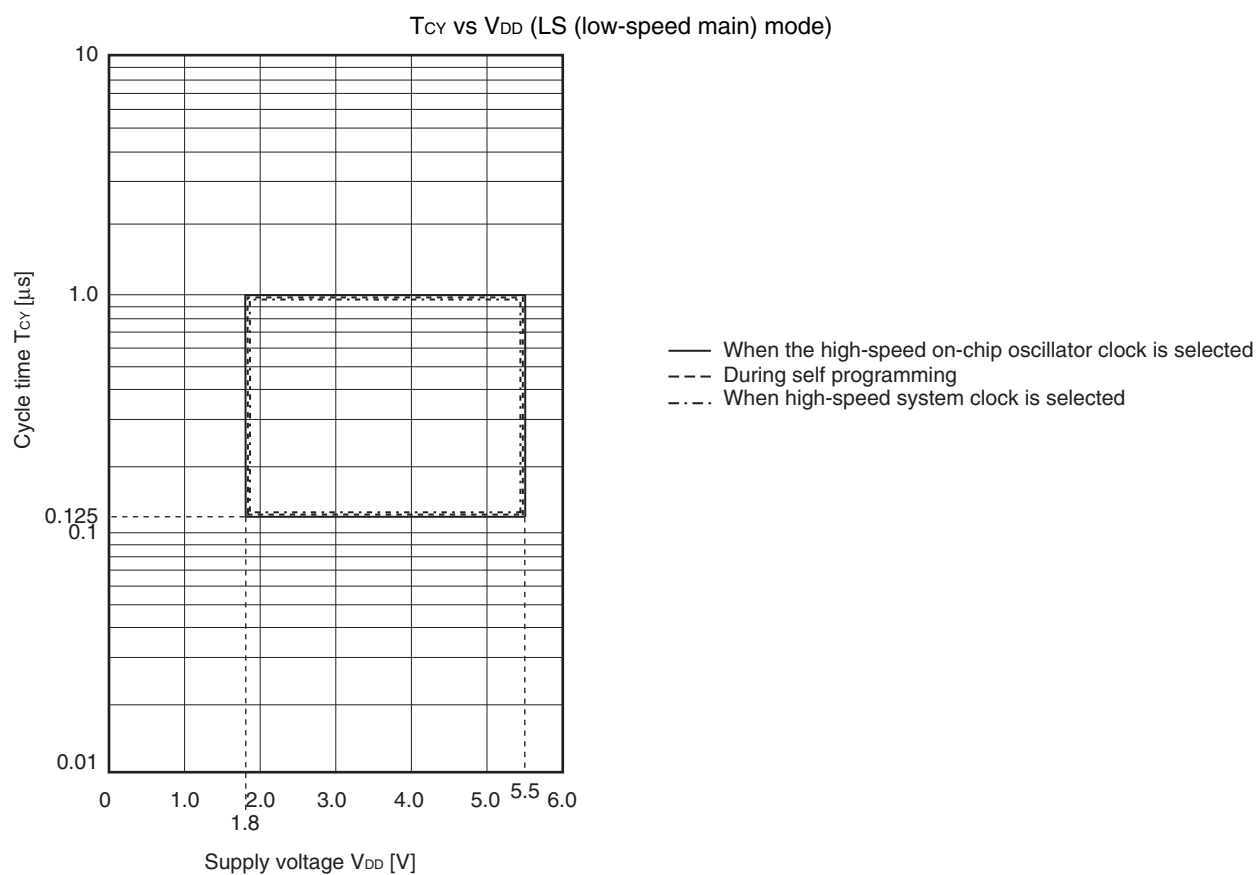
(3) 128-pin products, and flash ROM: 384 to 512 KB of 44- to 100-pin products**(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ E_{VDD0} = E_{VDD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = E_{VSS0} = E_{VSS1} = 0 V) (1/2)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current ^{Note 1}	I _{DD1}	Operating mode	HS (high-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{IH} = 32 MHz ^{Note 3}	Basic operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		2.6	mA
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		2.6	mA
					Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		6.1	mA
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		6.1	mA
				f _{IH} = 24 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		4.8	mA
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		4.8	mA
				f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		3.5	mA
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		3.5	mA
			LS (low-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{IH} = 8 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		1.5	mA
						V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.5	mA
			LV (low-voltage main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		1.5	mA
						V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.5	mA
			HS (high-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.9	mA
						Resonator connection		4.1	mA
				f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.9	mA
						Resonator connection		4.1	mA
				f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.5	mA
						Resonator connection		2.5	mA
				f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.5	mA
						Resonator connection		2.5	mA
			LS (low-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.4	mA
						Resonator connection		1.4	mA
				f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 2.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.4	mA
						Resonator connection		1.4	mA
			Subsystem clock operation	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = -40°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.4	μA
						Resonator connection		5.5	μA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +25°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.5	μA
						Resonator connection		5.6	μA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +50°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.6	μA
						Resonator connection		5.7	μA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +70°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.9	μA
						Resonator connection		6.0	μA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +85°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		6.6	μA
						Resonator connection		6.7	μA

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

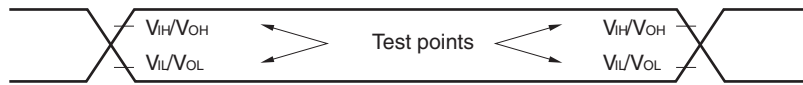
- Notes**
1. Total current flowing into V_{DD}, EV_{DD0}, and EV_{DD1}, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD}, EV_{DD0}, and EV_{DD1}, or V_{SS}, EV_{SS0}, and EV_{SS1}. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 2. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 3. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 4. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (Ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
 5. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.
 - HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 32 MHz
 - $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 16 MHz
 - LS (low-speed main) mode: $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 8 MHz
 - LV (low-voltage main) mode: $1.6\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ @ 1 MHz to 4 MHz

- Remarks**
1. f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 2. f_{IH}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 3. f_{SUB}: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 4. Except subsystem clock operation, temperature condition of the TYP. value is T_A = 25°C



2.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

AC Timing Test Points



2.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ E_{VDD0} = E_{VDD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = E_{VSS0} = E_{VSS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate ^{Note 1}		2.4 V ≤ E _{VDD0} ≤ 5.5 V		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note 2}		f _{MCK} /6		f _{MCK} /6	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f _{MCK} = f _{CLK} ^{Note 3}		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.8 V ≤ E _{VDD0} ≤ 5.5 V		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note 2}		f _{MCK} /6		f _{MCK} /6	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f _{MCK} = f _{CLK} ^{Note 3}		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.7 V ≤ E _{VDD0} ≤ 5.5 V		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note 2}		f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note 2}		f _{MCK} /6	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f _{MCK} = f _{CLK} ^{Note 3}		5.3		1.3		0.6	Mbps
		1.6 V ≤ E _{VDD0} ≤ 5.5 V	—			f _{MCK} /6 ^{Note 2}		f _{MCK} /6	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f _{MCK} = f _{CLK} ^{Note 3}	—			1.3		0.6	Mbps

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

2. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when E_{VDD0} < V_{DD}.

2.4 V ≤ E_{VDD0} < 2.7 V : MAX. 2.6 Mbps

1.8 V ≤ E_{VDD0} < 2.4 V : MAX. 1.3 Mbps

1.6 V ≤ E_{VDD0} < 1.8 V : MAX. 0.6 Mbps

3. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (f_{CLK}) are:

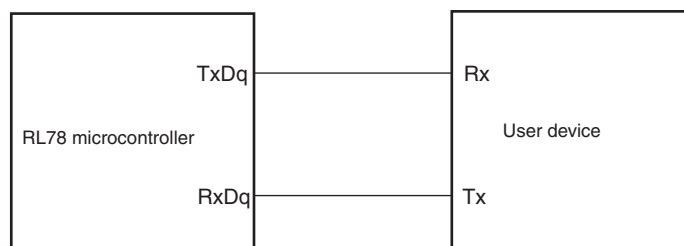
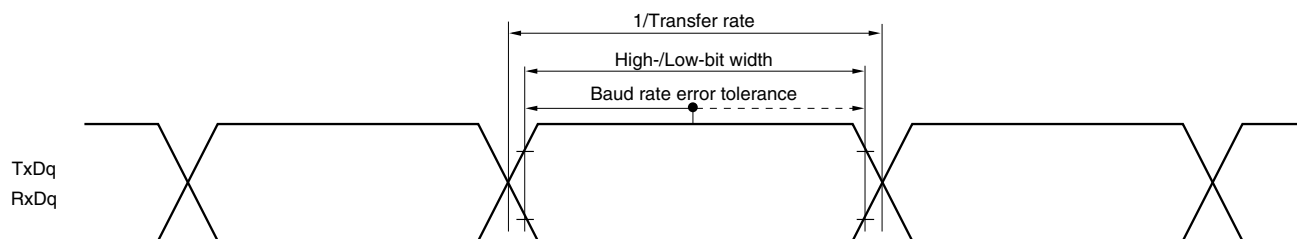
HS (high-speed main) mode: 32 MHz (2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)

LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)

LV (low-voltage main) mode: 4 MHz (1.6 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)**UART mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)**

Remarks 1. q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)

2. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

- Remarks 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3),
g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
- 2.** f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number,
n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

(4) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input) (1/2)

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time Note 5	t _{KCY2}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	20 MHz < f _{MCK}	8/f _{MCK}		—		—		ns
			f _{MCK} ≤ 20 MHz	6/f _{MCK}		6/f _{MCK}		6/f _{MCK}		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	16 MHz < f _{MCK}	8/f _{MCK}		—		—		ns
			f _{MCK} ≤ 16 MHz	6/f _{MCK}		6/f _{MCK}		6/f _{MCK}		ns
		2.4 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		6/f _{MCK} and 500		6/f _{MCK} and 500		6/f _{MCK} and 500		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		6/f _{MCK} and 750		6/f _{MCK} and 750		6/f _{MCK} and 750		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		6/f _{MCK} and 1500		6/f _{MCK} and 1500		6/f _{MCK} and 1500		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		—		6/f _{MCK} and 1500		6/f _{MCK} and 1500		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	t _{KH2} , t _{KL2}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		t _{KCY2} /2 – 7		t _{KCY2} /2 – 7		t _{KCY2} /2 – 7		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		t _{KCY2} /2 – 8		t _{KCY2} /2 – 8		t _{KCY2} /2 – 8		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		t _{KCY2} /2 – 18		t _{KCY2} /2 – 18		t _{KCY2} /2 – 18		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		t _{KCY2} /2 – 66		t _{KCY2} /2 – 66		t _{KCY2} /2 – 66		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		—		t _{KCY2} /2 – 66		t _{KCY2} /2 – 66		ns

(Notes, Caution, and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

3. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using f_{MCK}/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 2.7 V ≤ EV_{DD0} < 4.0 V and 2.3 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

4. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 3 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.
5. Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.
6. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using f_{MCK}/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} < 3.3 V and 1.6 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.0 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

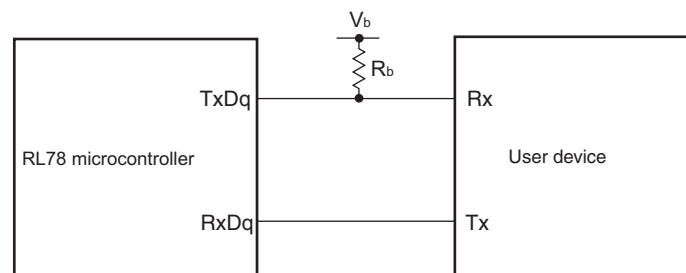
$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

7. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 6 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Rx_{Dq} pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the Tx_{Dq} pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



(7) Communication at different potential (2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only) (1/2)

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 2.7 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	200		1150		1150		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	300		1150		1150		ns
SCKp high-level width	t _{KH1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 120		t _{KCY1} /2 – 120		t _{KCY1} /2 – 120		ns
SCKp low-level width	t _{KL1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 7		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 10		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	58		479		479		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	121		479		479		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{SH1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	10		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output ^{Note 1}	t _{KSO1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		60		60		60	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 20 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		130		130		130	ns

(Notes, Caution, and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)
(3/3)

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp↓) ^{Note 1}	t _{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	44		110		110		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	44		110		110		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	110		110		110		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↓) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSH1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp↑ to SOp output ^{Note 1}	t _{KSO1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		25		25		25	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		25		25		25	ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ		25		25		25	ns

- Notes**
1. When DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 1, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 0.
 2. Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

<R>

- Notes**
1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.
 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of t_{HD:DAT} is during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

Caution The values in the above table are applied even when bit 2 (PIOR2) in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1. At this time, the pin characteristics (I_{OH1}, I_{OL1}, V_{OH1}, V_{OL1}) must satisfy the values in the redirect destination.

Remark The maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows.

Standard mode: C_b = 400 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ

2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics

(T_A = -40 to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, HS (high-speed main) mode)

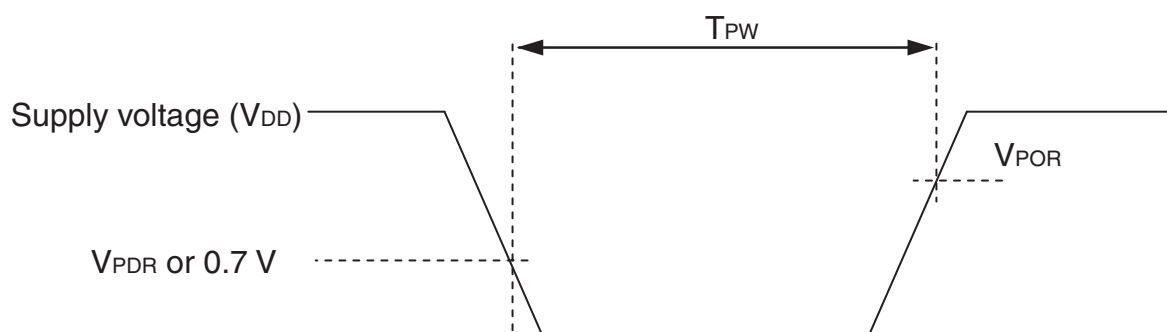
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	V_{TMPS25}	Setting ADS register = 80H, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$		1.05		V
Internal reference voltage	V_{BGR}	Setting ADS register = 81H	1.38	1.45	1.5	V
Temperature coefficient	F_{VTMPS}	Temperature sensor that depends on the temperature		-3.6		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operation stabilization wait time	t_{AMP}		5			μs

2.6.3 POR circuit characteristics

(T_A = -40 to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	V_{POR}	Power supply rise time	1.47	1.51	1.55	V
	V_{PDR}	Power supply fall time	1.46	1.50	1.54	V
Minimum pulse width ^{Note}	T_{PW}		300			μs

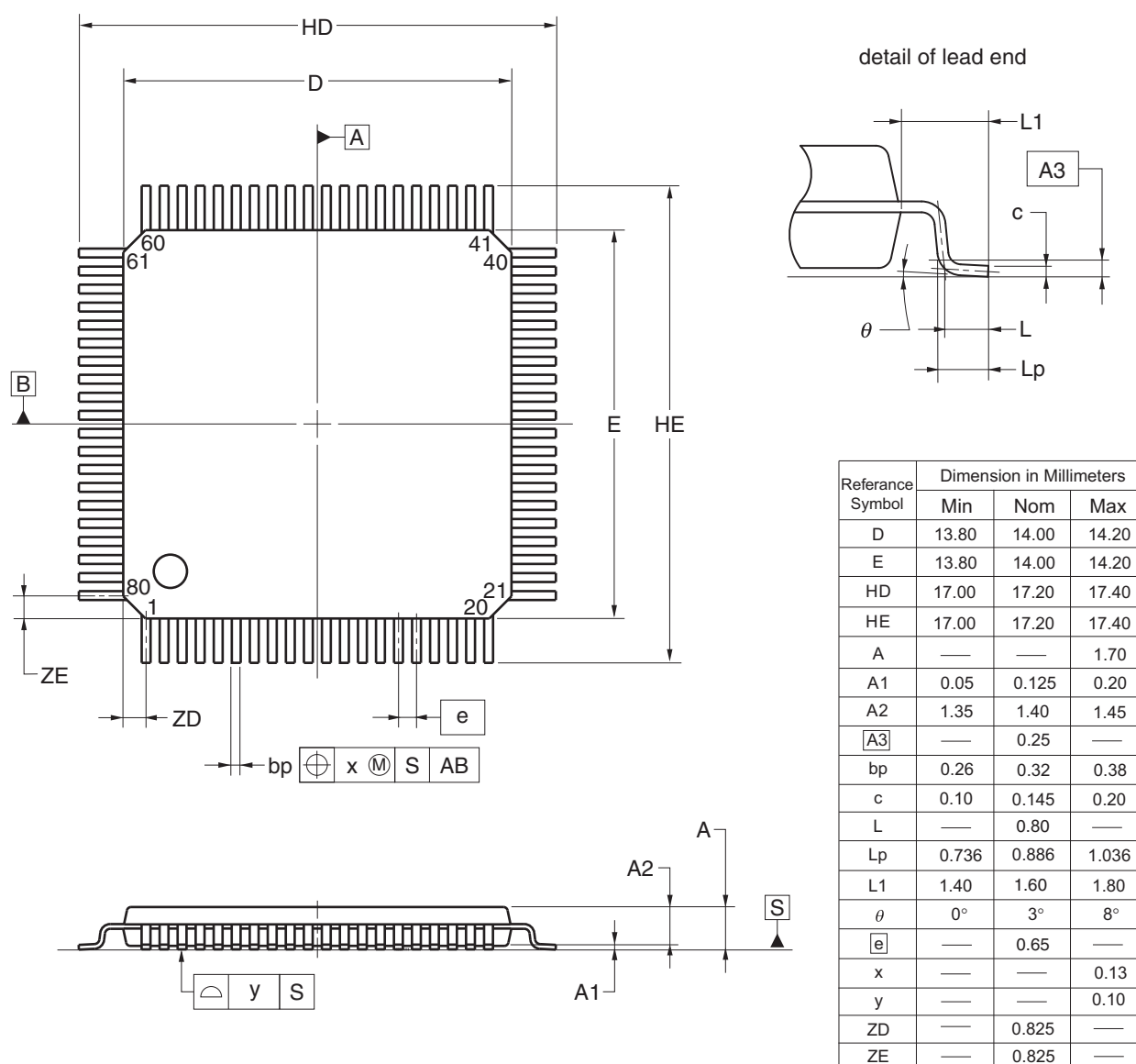
Note Minimum time required for a POR reset when V_{DD} exceeds below V_{PDR} . This is also the minimum time required for a POR reset from when V_{DD} exceeds below 0.7 V to when V_{DD} exceeds V_{POR} while STOP mode is entered or the main system clock is stopped through setting bit 0 (HIOSSTOP) and bit 7 (MSTOP) in the clock operation status control register (CSC).



4.12 80-pin Products

R5F100MFAFA, R5F100MGFAFA, R5F100MHAFA, R5F100MJFAFA, R5F100MKAFA, R5F100MLAFA
 R5F101MFAFA, R5F101MGFAFA, R5F101MHAFA, R5F101MJFAFA, R5F101MKAFA, R5F101MLAFA
 R5F100MFDFA, R5F100MGDFA, R5F100MHDFA, R5F100MJDFA, R5F100MKDFA, R5F100MLDFA
 R5F101MFDFA, R5F101MGDFA, R5F101MHDFA, R5F101MJDFA, R5F101MKDFA, R5F101MLDFA
 R5F100MFGFA, R5F100MGGFA, R5F100MHGFA, R5F100MJGFA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP80-14x14-0.65	PLQP0080JB-E	P80GC-65-UBT-2	0.69



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