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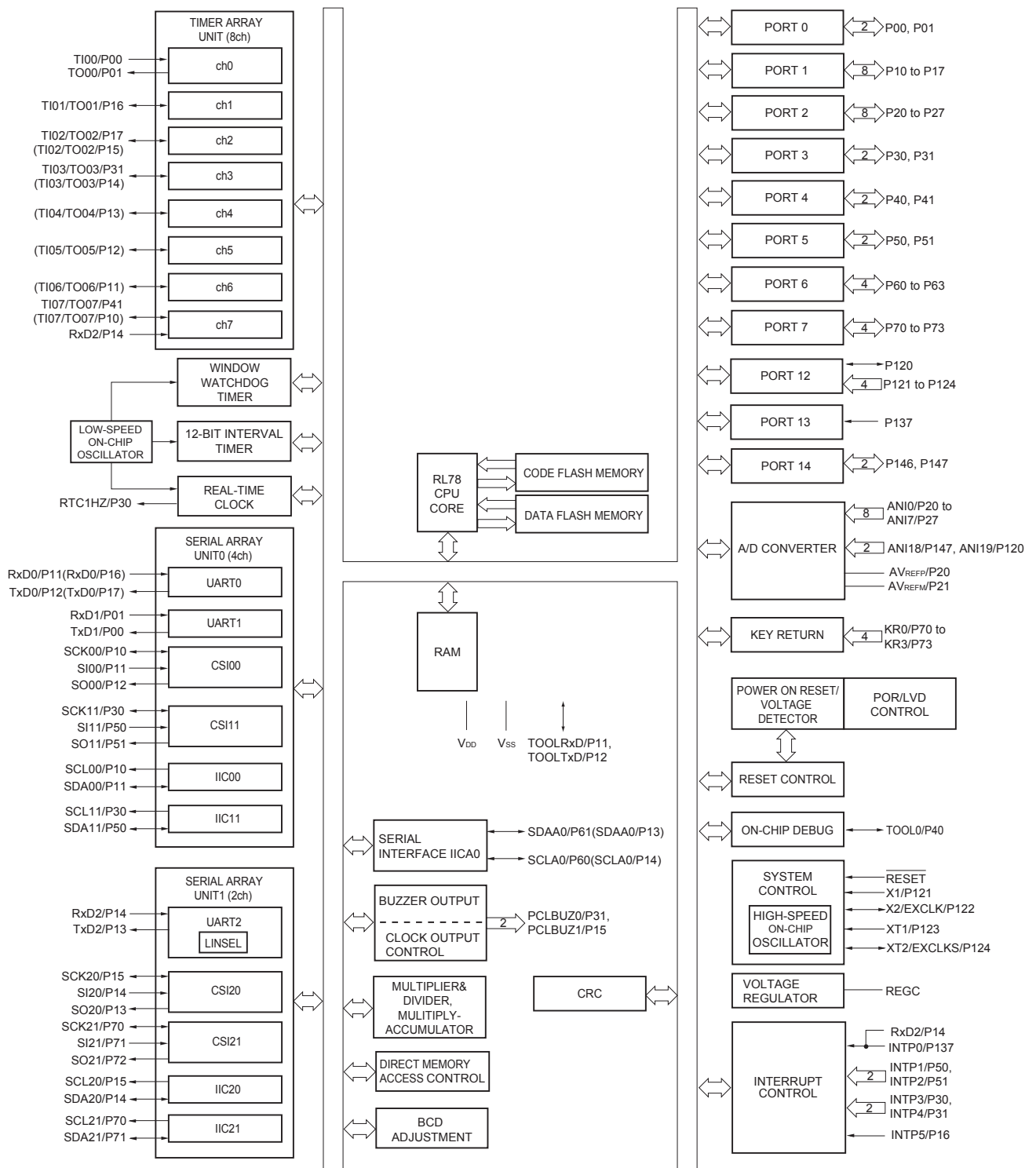
"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	48
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFBGA
Supplier Device Package	64-VFBGA (4x4)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f101leabg-u0

1.5.8 44-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

2.3.2 Supply current characteristics

(1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = 0 V) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Supply current [†] <small>Note 1</small>	I _{DD1}	Operating mode	HS (high-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{IH} = 32 MHz ^{Note 3}	Basic operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		2.1		mA
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		2.1		mA
				Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		4.6	7.0	mA	
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		4.6	7.0	mA	
				f _{IH} = 24 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		3.7	5.5	mA
						V _{DD} = 3.0 V		3.7	5.5	mA
			f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		2.7	4.0	mA	
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		2.7	4.0	mA	
			LS (low-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{IH} = 8 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		1.2	1.8	mA
						V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.2	1.8	mA
			LV (low-voltage main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		1.2	1.7	mA
						V _{DD} = 2.0 V		1.2	1.7	mA
		HS (high-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.0	4.6	mA	
					Resonator connection		3.2	4.8	mA	
				Normal operation	Square wave input		3.0	4.6	mA	
					Resonator connection		3.2	4.8	mA	
			f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.9	2.7	mA	
					Resonator connection		1.9	2.7	mA	
			f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.9	2.7	mA	
					Resonator connection		1.9	2.7	mA	
		LS (low-speed main) mode ^{Note 5}	f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.1	1.7	mA	
					Resonator connection		1.1	1.7	mA	
			f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 2} , V _{DD} = 2.0 V	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.1	1.7	mA	
					Resonator connection		1.1	1.7	mA	
Subsystem clock operation	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = -40°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.1	4.9	μA			
			Resonator connection		4.2	5.0	μA			
	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +25°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.1	4.9	μA			
			Resonator connection		4.2	5.0	μA			
	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +50°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.2	5.5	μA			
			Resonator connection		4.3	5.6	μA			
	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +70°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.3	6.3	μA			
			Resonator connection		4.4	6.4	μA			
f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 4} T _A = +85°C	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.6	7.7	μA				
		Resonator connection		4.7	7.8	μA				

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

(1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = 0 V) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit		
Supply current Note 1	I _{DD2} Note 2	HALT mode	HS (high-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{IH} = 32 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.54	1.63	mA
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.54	1.63	mA
				f _{IH} = 24 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.44	1.28	mA
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.44	1.28	mA
			f _{IH} = 16 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.40	1.00	mA	
				V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.40	1.00	mA	
			LS (low-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{IH} = 8 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		260	530	μA
					V _{DD} = 2.0 V		260	530	μA
			LV (low-voltage main) mode Note 7	f _{IH} = 4 MHz Note 4	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		420	640	μA
					V _{DD} = 2.0 V		420	640	μA
			HS (high-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{MX} = 20 MHz Note 3, V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		0.28	1.00	mA
					Resonator connection		0.45	1.17	mA
				f _{MX} = 20 MHz Note 3, V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		0.28	1.00	mA
					Resonator connection		0.45	1.17	mA
				f _{MX} = 10 MHz Note 3, V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		0.19	0.60	mA
					Resonator connection		0.26	0.67	mA
		f _{MX} = 10 MHz Note 3, V _{DD} = 3.0 V		Square wave input		0.19	0.60	mA	
				Resonator connection		0.26	0.67	mA	
		LS (low-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{MX} = 8 MHz Note 3, V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		95	330	μA	
				Resonator connection		145	380	μA	
			f _{MX} = 8 MHz Note 3, V _{DD} = 2.0 V	Square wave input		95	330	μA	
				Resonator connection		145	380	μA	
		Subsystem clock operation	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 5, T _A = -40°C	Square wave input		0.25	0.57	μA	
				Resonator connection		0.44	0.76	μA	
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 5, T _A = +25°C	Square wave input		0.30	0.57	μA	
				Resonator connection		0.49	0.76	μA	
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 5, T _A = +50°C	Square wave input		0.37	1.17	μA	
				Resonator connection		0.56	1.36	μA	
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 5, T _A = +70°C	Square wave input		0.53	1.97	μA	
				Resonator connection		0.72	2.16	μA	
		f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz Note 5, T _A = +85°C	Square wave input		0.82	3.37	μA		
		Resonator connection		1.01	3.56	μA			
I _{DD3} Note 6	STOP mode Note 8	T _A = -40°C			0.18	0.50	μA		
		T _A = +25°C			0.23	0.50	μA		
		T _A = +50°C			0.30	1.10	μA		
		T _A = +70°C			0.46	1.90	μA		
		T _A = +85°C			0.75	3.30	μA		

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

(2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit		
Supply current Note 1	I _{DD2} Note 2	HALT mode	HS (high-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{IH} = 32 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.62	1.86	mA
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.62	1.86	mA
				f _{IH} = 24 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.50	1.45	mA
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.50	1.45	mA
				f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		0.44	1.11	mA
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.44	1.11	mA
			LS (low-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{IH} = 8 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		290	620	μA
					V _{DD} = 2.0 V		290	620	μA
			LV (low-voltage main) mode Note 7	f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		440	680	μA
					V _{DD} = 2.0 V		440	680	μA
			HS (high-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		0.31	1.08	mA
					Resonator connection		0.48	1.28	mA
				f _{MX} = 20 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		0.31	1.08	mA
					Resonator connection		0.48	1.28	mA
				f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		0.21	0.63	mA
					Resonator connection		0.28	0.71	mA
				f _{MX} = 10 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		0.21	0.63	mA
					Resonator connection		0.28	0.71	mA
			LS (low-speed main) mode Note 7	f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		110	360	μA
					Resonator connection		160	420	μA
				f _{MX} = 8 MHz ^{Note 3} , V _{DD} = 2.0 V	Square wave input		110	360	μA
					Resonator connection		160	420	μA
			Subsystem clock operation	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} , T _A = -40°C	Square wave input		0.28	0.61	μA
					Resonator connection		0.47	0.80	μA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} , T _A = +25°C	Square wave input		0.34	0.61	μA
					Resonator connection		0.53	0.80	μA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} , T _A = +50°C	Square wave input		0.41	2.30	μA
Resonator connection		0.60			2.49	μA			
f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} , T _A = +70°C	Square wave input			0.64	4.03	μA			
	Resonator connection			0.83	4.22	μA			
f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 5} , T _A = +85°C	Square wave input		1.09	8.04	μA				
	Resonator connection		1.28	8.23	μA				
I _{DD3} ^{Note 6}	STOP mode Note 8	T _A = -40°C			0.19	0.52	μA		
		T _A = +25°C			0.25	0.52	μA		
		T _A = +50°C			0.32	2.21	μA		
		T _A = +70°C			0.55	3.94	μA		
		T _A = +85°C			1.00	7.95	μA		

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

2.4 AC Characteristics

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Instruction cycle (minimum instruction execution time)	T _{CY}	Main system clock (f _{MAIN}) operation	HS (high-speed main) mode	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.03125	1	μs	
				2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V	0.0625	1	μs	
			LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.125	1	μs	
			LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.25	1	μs	
		Subsystem clock (f _{SUB}) operation		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	28.5	30.5	31.3	μs
		In the self programming mode	HS (high-speed main) mode	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.03125	1	μs	
				2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V	0.0625	1	μs	
			LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.125	1	μs	
LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		0.25	1	μs			
External system clock frequency	f _{EX}	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1.0		20.0	MHz	
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V		1.0		16.0	MHz	
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.4 V		1.0		8.0	MHz	
		1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V		1.0		4.0	MHz	
	f _{EXS}			32		35	kHz	
External system clock input high-level width, low-level width	t _{EXH} , t _{EXL}	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		24			ns	
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V		30			ns	
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.4 V		60			ns	
		1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} < 1.8 V		120			ns	
	t _{EXHS} , t _{EXLS}			13.7			μs	
TI00 to TI07, TI10 to TI17 input high-level width, low-level width	t _{TIH} , t _{TIL}			1/f _{MCK} +10			ns ^{Note}	
TO00 to TO07, TO10 to TO17 output frequency	f _{TO}	HS (high-speed main) mode	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V			16	MHz	
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V			8	MHz	
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V			4	MHz	
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V			2	MHz	
		LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V			4	MHz	
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V			2	MHz	
		LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V			2	MHz	
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1 output frequency	f _{PCL}	HS (high-speed main) mode	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V			16	MHz	
			2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V			8	MHz	
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V			4	MHz	
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V			2	MHz	
		LS (low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V			4	MHz	
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V			2	MHz	
		LV (low-voltage main) mode	1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V			4	MHz	
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V			2	MHz	
Interrupt input high-level width, low-level width	t _{INTH} , t _{INTL}	INTP0	1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1		μs	
		INTP1 to INTP11	1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		1		μs	
Key interrupt input low-level width	t _{KR}	KR0 to KR7	1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V		250		ns	
			1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V		1		μs	
RESET low-level width	t _{RSL}			10			μs	

(Note and Remark are listed on the next page.)

(5) During communication at same potential (simplified I²C mode) (1/2)(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLr clock frequency	f _{SCL}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		1000 Note 1		400 Note 1		400 Note 1	kHz
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 3 kΩ		400 Note 1		400 Note 1		400 Note 1	kHz
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ		300 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ		250 Note 1		250 Note 1		250 Note 1	kHz
		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ		—		250 Note 1		250 Note 1	kHz
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	t _{LOW}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	475		1150		1150		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 3 kΩ	1150		1150		1150		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ	1550		1550		1550		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ	1850		1850		1850		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ	—		1850		1850		ns
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	t _{HIGH}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	475		1150		1150		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 3 kΩ	1150		1150		1150		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ	1550		1550		1550		ns
		1.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ	1850		1850		1850		ns
		1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 1.8 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5 kΩ	—		1850		1850		ns

(Notes and Caution are listed on the next page, and Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

3. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using $f_{MCK}/6$ or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when $2.7\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 4.0\text{ V}$ and $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

4. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 3 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.
5. Use it with $EV_{DD0} \geq V_b$.
6. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using $f_{MCK}/6$ or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when $1.8\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3\text{ V}$ and $1.6\text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

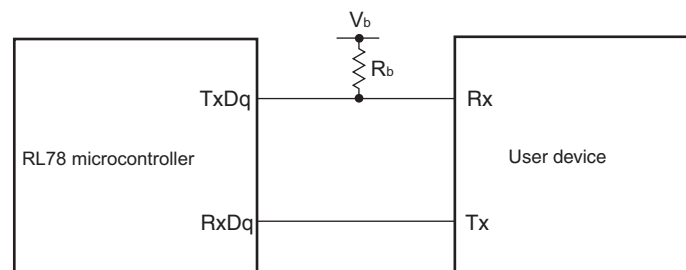
$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

7. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 6 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)
(1/3)**(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY1}	t _{KCY1} ≥ 4/f _{CLK} 4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	300		1150		1150		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	500		1150		1150		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	1150		1150		1150		ns
SCKp high-level width	t _{KH1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 75		t _{KCY1} /2 – 75		t _{KCY1} /2 – 75		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 170		t _{KCY1} /2 – 170		t _{KCY1} /2 – 170		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 458		t _{KCY1} /2 – 458		t _{KCY1} /2 – 458		ns
SCKp low-level width	t _{KL1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 12		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 18		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		t _{KCY1} /2 – 50		ns

Note Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.**Caution** Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed two pages after the next page.)

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)
(2/3)**(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Slp setup time (to SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	81		479		479		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	177		479		479		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	479		479		479		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSH1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	19		19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output ^{Note 1}	t _{KSO1}	4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 1.4 kΩ		100		100		100	ns
		2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		195		195		195	ns
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 30 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ		483		483		483	ns

- Notes**
1. When DAP_{mn} = 0 and CKP_{mn} = 0, or DAP_{mn} = 1 and CKP_{mn} = 1.
 2. Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

(10) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode) (1/2)(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ E_{VDD0} = E_{VDD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = E_{VSS0} = E_{VSS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLr clock frequency	f _{SCL}	4.0 V ≤ E _{VDD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		1000 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		2.7 V ≤ E _{VDD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		1000 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		4.0 V ≤ E _{VDD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ		400 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
		2.7 V ≤ E _{VDD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ		400 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 ote 1	kHz
		1.8 V ≤ E _{VDD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ		300 Note 1		300 Note 1		300 Note 1	kHz
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	t _{LOW}	4.0 V ≤ E _{VDD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	475		1550		1550		ns
		2.7 V ≤ E _{VDD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	475		1550		1550		ns
		4.0 V ≤ E _{VDD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	1150		1550		1550		ns
		2.7 V ≤ E _{VDD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	1150		1550		1550		ns
		1.8 V ≤ E _{VDD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	1550		1550		1550		ns
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	t _{HIGH}	4.0 V ≤ E _{VDD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	245		610		610		ns
		2.7 V ≤ E _{VDD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 50 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	200		610		610		ns
		4.0 V ≤ E _{VDD0} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V _b ≤ 4.0 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.8 kΩ	675		610		610		ns
		2.7 V ≤ E _{VDD0} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.7 V, C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 2.7 kΩ	600		610		610		ns
		1.8 V ≤ E _{VDD0} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V _b ≤ 2.0 V ^{Note 2} , C _b = 100 pF, R _b = 5.5 kΩ	610		610		610		ns

(2) I²C fast mode(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		LV (low-voltage main) Mode		Unit	
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
SCLA0 clock frequency	f _{SCL}	Fast mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 3.5 MHz	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0	400	0	400	0	400	kHz
			1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0	400	0	400	0	400	
Setup time of restart condition	t _{SU:STA}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0.6		0.6		0.6		μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0.6		0.6		0.6		μs	
Hold time ^{Note 1}	t _{HD:STA}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0.6		0.6		0.6		μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0.6		0.6		0.6		μs	
Hold time when SCLA0 = "L"	t _{LOW}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1.3		1.3		1.3		μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1.3		1.3		1.3		μs	
Hold time when SCLA0 = "H"	t _{HIGH}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0.6		0.6		0.6		μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0.6		0.6		0.6		μs	
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	100		100		100		μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	100		100		100		μs	
Data hold time (transmission) ^{Note 2}	t _{HD:DAT}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0	0.9	0	0.9	0	0.9	μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0	0.9	0	0.9	0	0.9	μs	
Setup time of stop condition	t _{SU:STO}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0.6		0.6		0.6		μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0.6		0.6		0.6		μs	
Bus-free time	t _{BUF}	2.7 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1.3		1.3		1.3		μs	
		1.8 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	1.3		1.3		1.3		μs	

- Notes**
- The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.
 - The maximum value (MAX.) of t_{HD:DAT} is during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

<R>

Caution The values in the above table are applied even when bit 2 (PIOR2) in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1. At this time, the pin characteristics (I_{OH1}, I_{OL1}, V_{OH1}, V_{OL1}) must satisfy the values in the redirect destination.

Remark The maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows.

Fast mode: C_b = 320 pF, R_b = 1.1 kΩ

- Notes**
1. Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).
 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.
 3. When $AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.
Overall error: Add ± 1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.
Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.
Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ± 0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.
 4. Values when the conversion time is set to $57 \mu\text{s}$ (min.) and $95 \mu\text{s}$ (max.).
 5. Refer to **2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics**.

(4) When reference voltage (+) = Internal reference voltage (ADREFP1 = 1, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI0, ANI2 to ANI14, ANI16 to ANI26

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 1.6 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD}, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = V_{BGR}^{Note 3}, Reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM} = 0 V^{Note 4}, HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8			bit
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	E _{ZS}	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±2.0	LSB
Differential linearity error ^{Note 1}	DLE	8-bit resolution	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			±1.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}			0		V _{BGR} ^{Note 3}	V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. Refer to **2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics**.

4. When reference voltage (-) = V_{SS}, the MAX. values are as follows.

Zero-scale error: Add ±0.35%FSR to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}.

Integral linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}.

Differential linearity error: Add ±0.2 LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (-) = AV_{REFM}.

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbols	Conditions		Ratings	Unit
Output current, high	I_{OH1}	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	-40	mA
		Total of all pins -170 mA	P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	-70	mA
			P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147	-100	mA
	I_{OH2}	Per pin	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	-0.5	mA
		Total of all pins		-2	mA
	Output current, low	I_{OL1}	Per pin	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	40
Total of all pins 170 mA			P00 to P04, P07, P32 to P37, P40 to P47, P102 to P106, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P145	70	mA
			P05, P06, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100, P101, P110 to P117, P146, P147	100	mA
I_{OL2}		Per pin	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1	mA
		Total of all pins		5	mA
Operating ambient temperature		T_A	In normal operation mode		-40 to +105
	In flash memory programming mode				
Storage temperature	T_{stg}			-65 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

(2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products

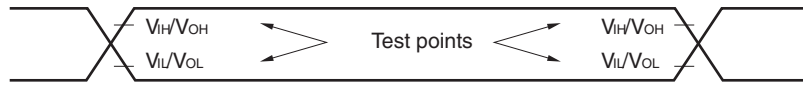
 $(T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0\text{ V}$) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit		
Supply current Note 1	I _{DD1}	Operating mode	HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	$f_{IH} = 32\text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 3}	Basic operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$		2.3		mA	
						$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$		2.3		mA	
				Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$		5.2	9.2	mA		
					$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$		5.2	9.2	mA		
				$f_{IH} = 24\text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$		4.1	7.0	mA	
						$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$		4.1	7.0	mA	
			$f_{IH} = 16\text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 3}	Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$		3.0	5.0	mA		
					$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$		3.0	5.0	mA		
				HS (high-speed main) mode Note 5	$f_{MX} = 20\text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 2} , $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.4	5.9	mA
							Resonator connection		3.6	6.0	mA
			$f_{MX} = 20\text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 2} , $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.4	5.9	mA		
					Resonator connection		3.6	6.0	mA		
		$f_{MX} = 10\text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 2} , $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.1	3.5	mA			
				Resonator connection		2.1	3.5	mA			
		$f_{MX} = 10\text{ MHz}$ ^{Note 2} , $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.1	3.5	mA			
				Resonator connection		2.1	3.5	mA			
		Subsystem clock operation		$f_{SUB} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.8	5.9	μA	
						Resonator connection		4.9	6.0	μA	
				$f_{SUB} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.9	5.9	μA	
						Resonator connection		5.0	6.0	μA	
$f_{SUB} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = +50^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation			Square wave input		5.0	7.6	μA			
				Resonator connection		5.1	7.7	μA			
$f_{SUB} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation			Square wave input		5.2	9.3	μA			
				Resonator connection		5.3	9.4	μA			
$f_{SUB} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		5.7	13.3	μA					
		Resonator connection		5.8	13.4	μA					
$f_{SUB} = 32.768\text{ kHz}$ Note 4 $T_A = +105^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		10.0	46.0	μA					
		Resonator connection		10.0	46.0	μA					

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

3.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

AC Timing Test Points



3.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)

($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0\text{ V}$)

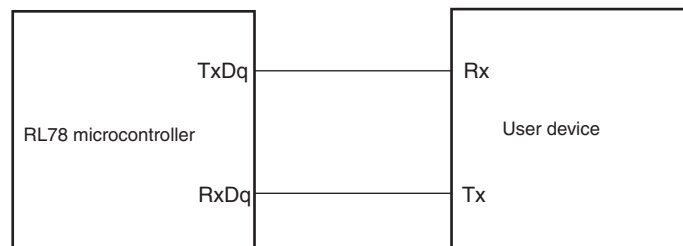
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate ^{Note 1}		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $f_{CLK} = 32\text{ MHz}$, $f_{MCK} = f_{CLK}$		$f_{MCK}/12$ ^{Note 2}	bps
				2.6	Mbps

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

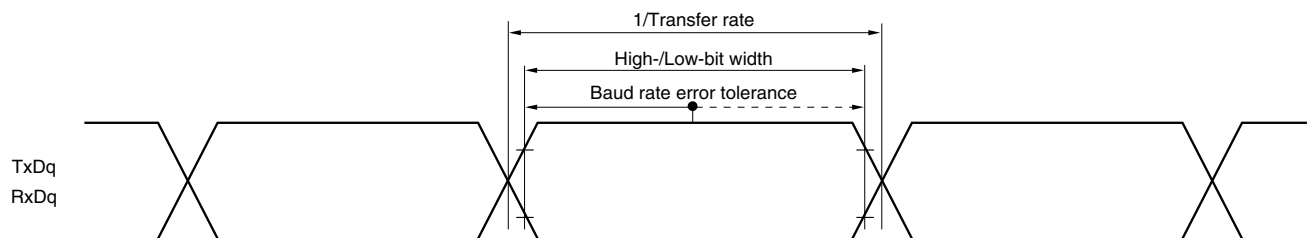
2. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when $EV_{DD0} < V_{DD}$.
 $2.4\text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} < 2.7\text{ V}$: MAX. 1.3 Mbps

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



UART mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)



Remarks 1. q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)

2. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

(2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)**($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD}1} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}1} = 0\text{ V}$)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit	
			MIN.	MAX.		
SCKp cycle time	$t_{\text{KCY}1}$	$t_{\text{KCY}1} \geq 4/f_{\text{CLK}}$	$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	250		ns
			$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	500		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	$t_{\text{KH}1}$, $t_{\text{KL}1}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		$t_{\text{KCY}1}/2 - 24$		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		$t_{\text{KCY}1}/2 - 36$		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		$t_{\text{KCY}1}/2 - 76$		ns
Slp setup time (to SCKp \uparrow) ^{Note 1}	$t_{\text{SIK}1}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		66		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		66		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		113		ns
Slp hold time (from SCKp \uparrow) ^{Note 2}	$t_{\text{KSI}1}$			38		ns
Delay time from SCKp \downarrow to SOp output ^{Note 3}	$t_{\text{KSO}1}$	$C = 30\text{ pF}$ ^{Note 4}			50	ns

- Notes**
1. When $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$, or $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$. The Slp setup time becomes “to SCKp \downarrow ” when $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$, or $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$.
 2. When $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$, or $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$. The Slp hold time becomes “from SCKp \downarrow ” when $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$, or $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$.
 3. When $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$, or $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from SCKp \uparrow ” when $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$, or $\text{DAP}_{\text{mn}} = 1$ and $\text{CKP}_{\text{mn}} = 0$.
 4. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

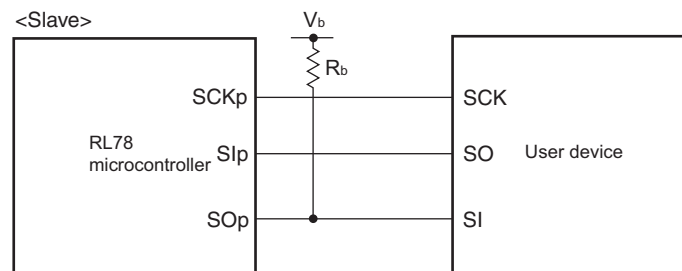
- Remarks**
1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 3),
g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 2. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode : MAX. 1 Mbps

2. When $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$. The Slp setup time becomes “to $\text{SCKp}\downarrow$ ” when $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$.
3. When $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$. The Slp hold time becomes “from $\text{SCKp}\downarrow$ ” when $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$.
4. When $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$. The delay time to SOp output becomes “from $\text{SCKp}\uparrow$ ” when $\text{DAPmn} = 0$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 1$, or $\text{DAPmn} = 1$ and $\text{CKPmn} = 0$.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the Slp pin and SCKp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



- Remarks** 1. $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SOp) pull-up resistance, $C_b[\text{F}]$: Communication line (SOp) load capacitance, $V_b[\text{V}]$: Communication line voltage
2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 3. f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).
m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13))
 4. CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified I²C mode) (2/2)**($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD}1} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}0} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS}1} = 0\text{ V}$)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	$t_{\text{SU:DAT}}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/f_{\text{MCK}} + 340$ <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/f_{\text{MCK}} + 340$ <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.8\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/f_{\text{MCK}} + 760$ <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/f_{\text{MCK}} + 760$ <small>Note 2</small>		ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	$1/f_{\text{MCK}} + 570$ <small>Note 2</small>		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	$t_{\text{HD:DAT}}$	$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	0	770	ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $C_b = 50\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	0	770	ns
		$4.0\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 4.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.8\text{ k}\Omega$	0	1420	ns
		$2.7\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 4.0\text{ V}$, $2.3\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 2.7\text{ k}\Omega$	0	1420	ns
		$2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD}0} < 3.3\text{ V}$, $1.6\text{ V} \leq \text{V}_b \leq 2.0\text{ V}$, $C_b = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_b = 5.5\text{ k}\Omega$	0	1215	ns

Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than $f_{\text{MCK}}/4$.

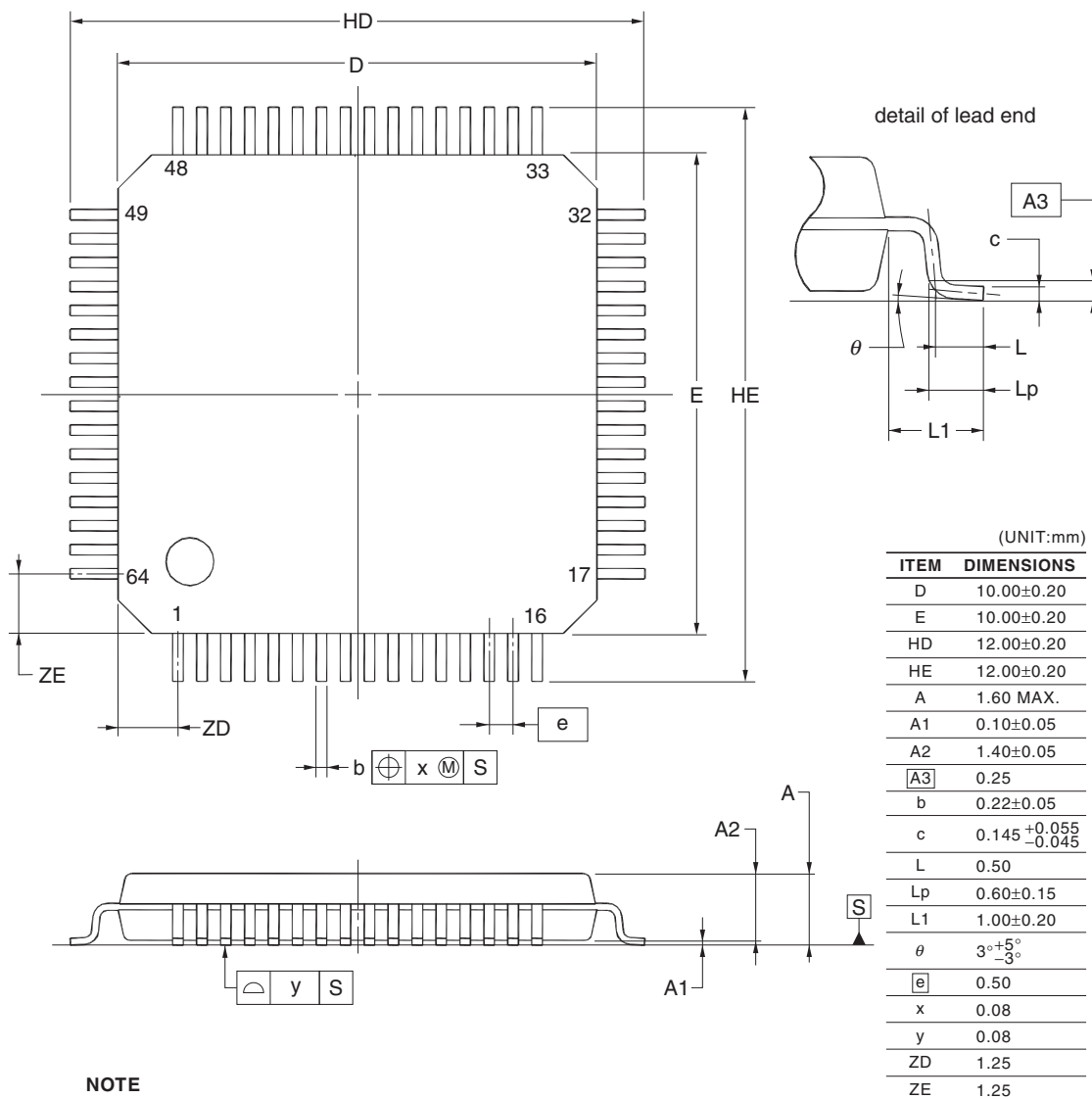
2. Set the f_{MCK} value to keep the hold time of $\text{SCLr} = \text{"L"}$ and $\text{SCLr} = \text{"H"}$.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/ EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL} , see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

R5F100LCAFB, R5F100LDAFB, R5F100LEAFB, R5F100LFAFB, R5F100LGAFB, R5F100LHAFB, R5F100LJAFB, R5F100LKAFB, R5F100LLAFB
 R5F101LCAFB, R5F101LDAFB, R5F101LEAFB, R5F101LFAFB, R5F101LGAFB, R5F101LHAFB, R5F101LJAFB, R5F101LKAFB, R5F101LLAFB
 R5F100LCDFB, R5F100LDDFB, R5F100LEDFB, R5F100LDFB, R5F100LGDFB, R5F100LHDFB, R5F100LJDFB, R5F100LKDFB, R5F100LLDFB
 R5F101LCDFB, R5F101LDDFB, R5F101LEDFB, R5F101LDFB, R5F101LGDFB, R5F101LHDFB, R5F101LJDFB, R5F101LKDFB, R5F101LLDFB
 R5F100LCGFB, R5F100LDGFB, R5F100LEGFB, R5F100LFGFB, R5F100LGGFB, R5F100LHGFB, R5F100LJGFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP64-10x10-0.50	PLQP0064KF-A	P64GB-50-UEU-2	0.35



NOTE
 Each lead centerline is located within 0.08 mm of its true position at maximum material condition.