



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	82
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	12K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 20x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f101pgdfa-v0

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(9/12)

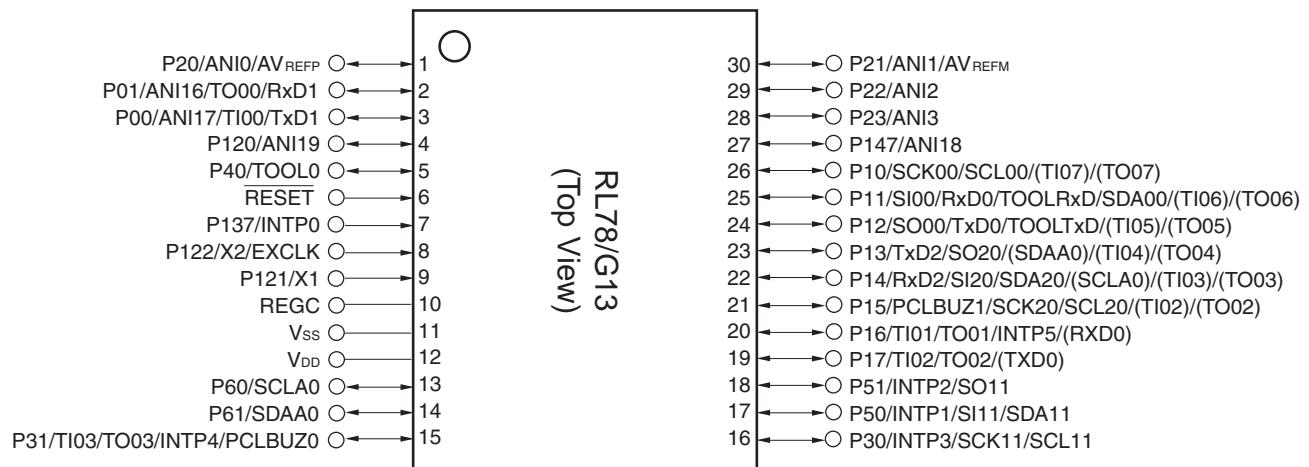
Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application <small>Note</small>	Ordering Part Number
64 pins	64-pin plastic LFQFP (10 × 10 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100LCAB#V0, R5F100LDAB#V0, R5F100LEAB#V0, R5F100LFAB#V0, R5F100LGAB#V0, R5F100LHAB#V0, R5F100LJAB#V0, R5F100LKAB#V0, R5F100LLAB#V0 R5F100LCAB#X0, R5F100LDAB#X0, R5F100LEAB#X0, R5F100LFAB#X0, R5F100LGAB#X0, R5F100LHAB#X0, R5F100LJAB#X0, R5F100LKAB#X0, R5F100LLAB#X0 R5F100LCD#V0, R5F100LDD#V0, R5F100LED#V0, R5F100LFDF#V0, R5F100LGDF#V0, R5F100LHD#V0, R5F100LJD#V0, R5F100LKDF#V0, R5F100LLD#V0 R5F100LCD#X0, R5F100LDD#X0, R5F100LED#X0, R5F100LFDF#X0, R5F100LGDF#X0, R5F100LHD#X0, R5F100LJD#X0, R5F100LKDF#X0, R5F100LLD#X0 R5F100LCGFB#V0, R5F100LDGFB#V0, R5F100LEGFB#V0, R5F100LFGFB#V0 R5F100LCGFB#X0, R5F100LDGFB#X0, R5F100LEGFB#X0, R5F100LFGFB#X0 R5F100LGGFB#V0, R5F100LHGFB#V0, R5F100LJGFB#V0 R5F100LGGFB#X0, R5F100LHGFB#X0, R5F100LJGFB#X0
			D	
			G	
			A	R5F101LCAB#V0, R5F101LDAB#V0, R5F101LEAB#V0, R5F101LFAB#V0, R5F101LGAB#V0, R5F101LHAB#V0, R5F101LJAB#V0, R5F101LKAB#V0, R5F101LLAB#V0 R5F101LCAB#X0, R5F101LDAB#X0, R5F101LEAB#X0, R5F101LFAB#X0, R5F101LGAB#X0, R5F101LHAB#X0, R5F101LJAB#X0, R5F101LKAB#X0, R5F101LLAB#X0 R5F101LCD#V0, R5F101LDD#V0, R5F101LED#V0, R5F101LFDF#V0, R5F101LGDF#V0, R5F101LHD#V0, R5F101LJD#V0, R5F101LKDF#V0, R5F101LLD#V0 R5F101LCD#X0, R5F101LDD#X0, R5F101LED#X0, R5F101LFDF#X0, R5F101LGDF#X0, R5F101LHD#X0, R5F101LJD#X0, R5F101LKDF#X0, R5F101LLD#X0
			D	
	64-pin plastic VFBGA (4 × 4 mm, 0.4 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F100LCABG#U0, R5F100LDABG#U0, R5F100LEABG#U0, R5F100LFABG#U0, R5F100LGABG#U0, R5F100LHABG#U0, R5F100LJABG#U0 R5F100LCABG#W0, R5F100LDABG#W0, R5F100LEABG#W0, R5F100LFABG#W0, R5F100LGABG#W0, R5F100LHABG#W0, R5F100LJABG#W0 R5F100LCGBG#U0, R5F100LDGBG#U0, R5F100LEGBG#U0, R5F100LFGBG#U0, R5F100LGBBG#U0, R5F100LHGBG#U0, R5F100LJGBG#U0 R5F100LCGBG#W0, R5F100LDGBG#W0, R5F100LEGBG#W0, R5F100LFGBG#W0, R5F100LGBBG#W0, R5F100LHGBG#W0, R5F100LJGBG#W0
			G	
			A	R5F101LCABG#U0, R5F101LDABG#U0, R5F101LEABG#U0, R5F101LFABG#U0, R5F101LGABG#U0, R5F101LHABG#U0, R5F101LJABG#U0 R5F101LCABG#W0, R5F101LDABG#W0, R5F101LEABG#W0, R5F101LFABG#W0, R5F101LGABG#W0, R5F101LHABG#W0, R5F101LJABG#W0
			Not mounted	

Note For the fields of application, refer to **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13**.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

1.3.4 30-pin products

- 30-pin plastic LSSOP (7.62 mm (300), 0.65 mm pitch)

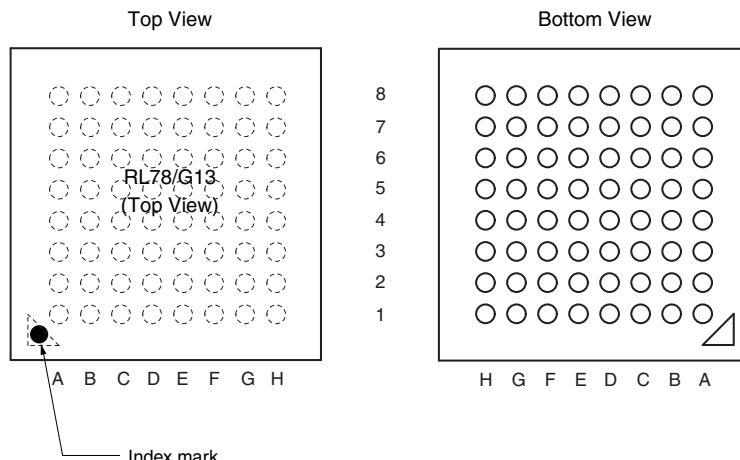


Caution Connect the REGC pin to V_{ss} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see **1.4 Pin Identification**.

2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

- 64-pin plastic VFBGA (4 × 4 mm, 0.4 mm pitch)



Pin No.	Name	Pin No.	Name	Pin No.	Name	Pin No.	Name
A1	P05/TI05/TO05	C1	P51/INTP2/SO11	E1	P13/TxD2/SO20/(SDAA0)/(TI04)/(TO04)	G1	P146
A2	P30/INTP3/RTC1HZ/SCK11/SCL11	C2	P71/KR1/SI21/SDA21	E2	P14/RxD2/SI20/SDA20/(SCLA0)/(TI03)/(TO03)	G2	P25/ANI5
A3	P70/KR0/SCK21/SCL21	C3	P74/KR4/INTP8/SI01/SDA01	E3	P15/SCK20/SCL20/(TI02)/(TO02)	G3	P24/ANI4
A4	P75/KR5/INTP9/SCK01/SCL01	C4	P52/(INTP10)	E4	P16/TI01/TO01/INTP5/(SI00)/(RxD0)	G4	P22/ANI2
A5	P77/KR7/INTP11/(TxD2)	C5	P53/(INTP11)	E5	P03/ANI16/SI10/RxD1/SDA10	G5	P130
A6	P61/SDAA0	C6	P63	E6	P41/TI07/TO07	G6	P02/ANI17/SO10/TxD1
A7	P60/SCLA0	C7	V _{ss}	E7	RESET	G7	P00/TI00
A8	EV _{DD0}	C8	P121/X1	E8	P137/INTP0	G8	P124/XT2/EXCLKS
B1	P50/INTP1/SI11/SDA11	D1	P55/(PCLBUZ1)/(SCK00)	F1	P10/SCK00/SCL00/(TI07)/(TO07)	H1	P147/ANI18
B2	P72/KR2/SO21	D2	P06/TI06/TO06	F2	P11/SI00/RxD0/TOOLRxDSDA00/(TI06)/(TO06)	H2	P27/ANI7
B3	P73/KR3/SO01	D3	P17/TI02/TO02/(SO00)/(TxD0)	F3	P12/SO00/TxD0/TOOLTxD/(INTP5)/(TI05)/(TO05)	H3	P26/ANI6
B4	P76/KR6/INTP10/(RxD2)	D4	P54	F4	P21/ANI1/AV _{REFM}	H4	P23/ANI3
B5	P31/TI03/TO03/INTP4/(PCLBUZ0)	D5	P42/TI04/TO04	F5	P04/SCK10/SCL10	H5	P20/ANI0/AV _{REFP}
B6	P62	D6	P40/TOOL0	F6	P43	H6	P141/PCLBUZ1/INTP7
B7	V _{DD}	D7	REGC	F7	P01/TO00	H7	P140/PCLBUZ0/INTP6
B8	EV _{SS0}	D8	P122/X2/EXCLK	F8	P123/XT1	H8	P120/ANI19

Cautions 1. Make EV_{SS0} pin the same potential as V_{ss} pin.

2. Make V_{DD} pin the potential that is higher than EV_{DD0} pin.
3. Connect the REGC pin to V_{ss} via a capacitor (0.47 to 1 μ F).

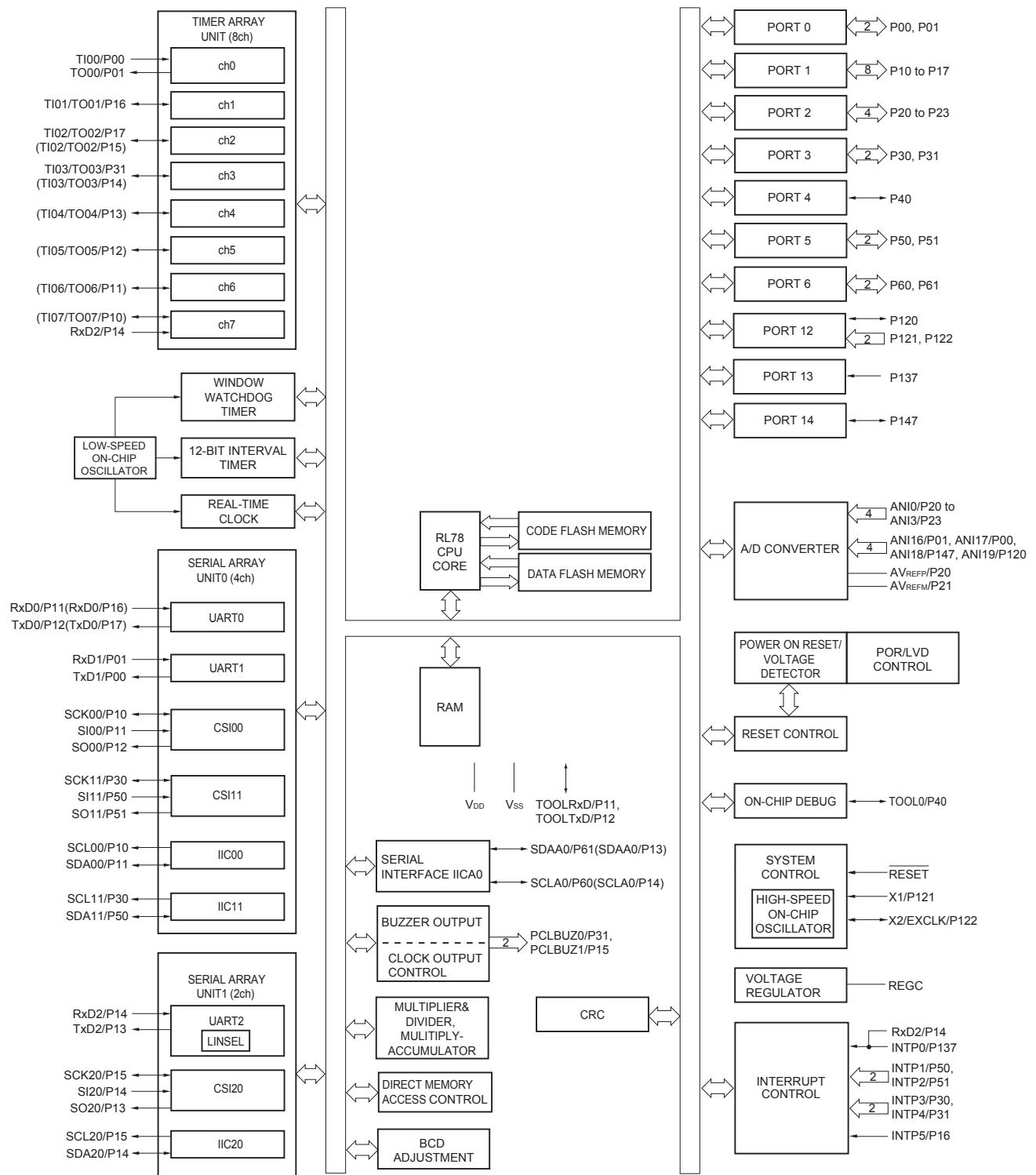
Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

2. When using the microcontroller for an application where the noise generated inside the microcontroller must be reduced, it is recommended to supply separate powers to the V_{DD} and EV_{DD0} pins and connect the V_{ss} and EV_{SS0} pins to separate ground lines.
3. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.4 Pin Identification

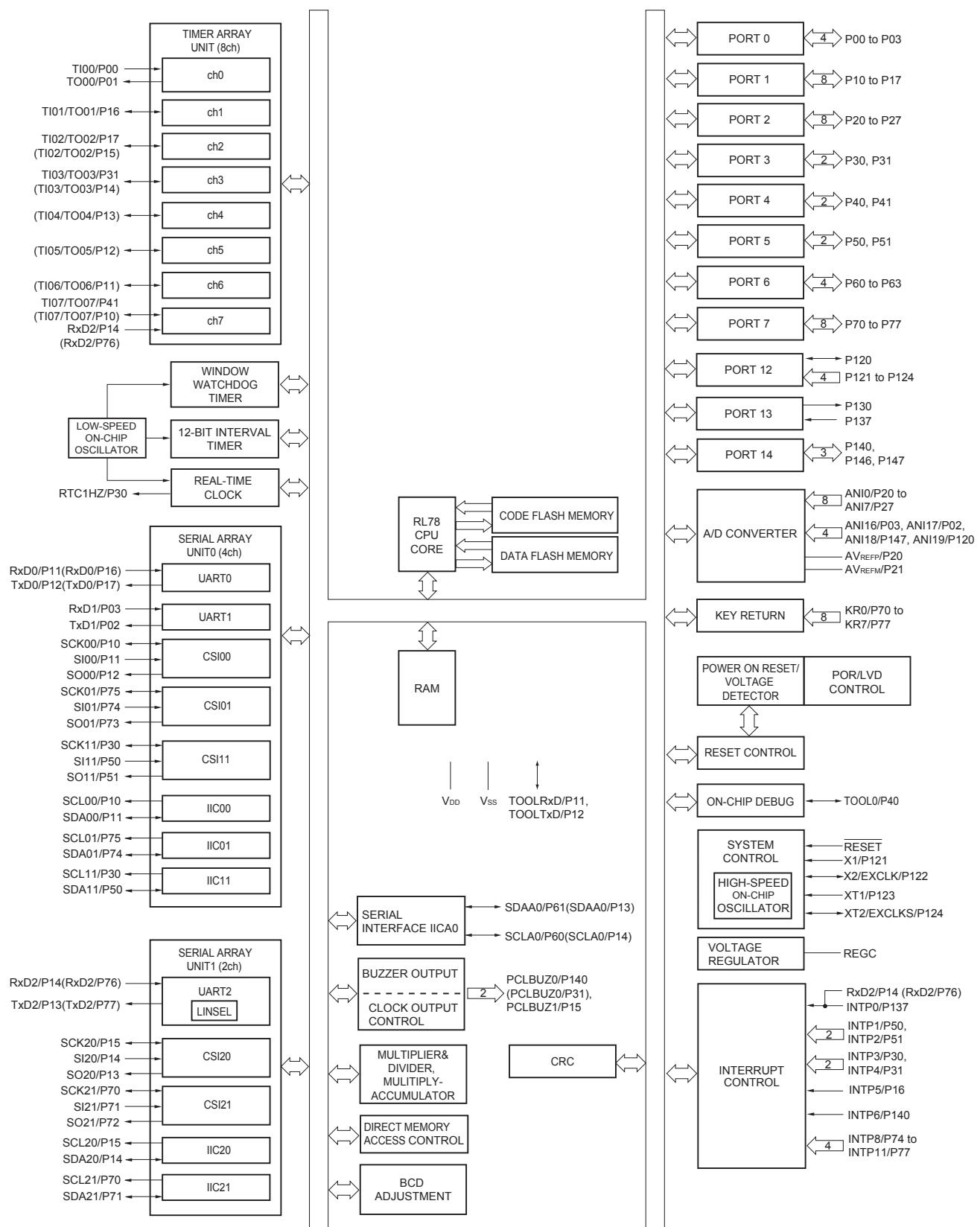
AN10 to AN14,		REGC:	Regulator capacitance
AN16 to ANI26:	Analog input	RESET:	Reset
AV _{REFM} :	A/D converter reference potential (– side) input	RTC1HZ:	Real-time clock correction clock (1 Hz) output
AV _{REFP} :	A/D converter reference potential (+ side) input	RxD0 to RxD3:	Receive data
EV _{VDD0} , EV _{VDD1} :	Power supply for port	SCK00, SCK01, SCK10, SCK11, SCK20, SCK21,	
EV _{SS0} , EV _{SS1} :	Ground for port	SCLA0, SCLA1:	Serial clock input/output
EXCLK:	External clock input (Main system clock)	SCLA0, SCLA1, SCL00, SCL01, SCL10, SCL11,	
EXCLKS:	External clock input (Subsystem clock)	SCL20, SCL21, SCL30, SCL31:	Serial clock output
INTP0 to INTP11:	Interrupt request from peripheral	SDAA0, SDAA1, SDA00, SDA01, SDA10, SDA11,	
KR0 to KR7:	Key return	SDA20, SDA21, SDA30, SDA31:	Serial data input/output
P00 to P07:	Port 0	SI00, SI01, SI10, SI11,	
P10 to P17:	Port 1	SI20, SI21, SI30, SI31:	Serial data input
P20 to P27:	Port 2	SO00, SO01, SO10,	
P30 to P37:	Port 3	SO11, SO20, SO21,	
P40 to P47:	Port 4	SO30, SO31:	Serial data output
P50 to P57:	Port 5	TI00 to TI07,	
P60 to P67:	Port 6	TI10 to TI17:	Timer input
P70 to P77:	Port 7	TO00 to TO07,	
P80 to P87:	Port 8	TO10 to TO17:	Timer output
P90 to P97:	Port 9	TOOL0:	Data input/output for tool
P100 to P106:	Port 10	TOOLRxD, TOOLTxD:	Data input/output for external device
P110 to P117:	Port 11	TxD0 to TxD3:	Transmit data
P120 to P127:	Port 12	V _{DD} :	Power supply
P130, P137:	Port 13	V _{SS} :	Ground
P140 to P147:	Port 14	X1, X2:	Crystal oscillator (main system clock)
P150 to P156:	Port 15	XT1, XT2:	Crystal oscillator (subsystem clock)
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1:	Programmable clock output/buzzer output		

1.5.4 30-pin products



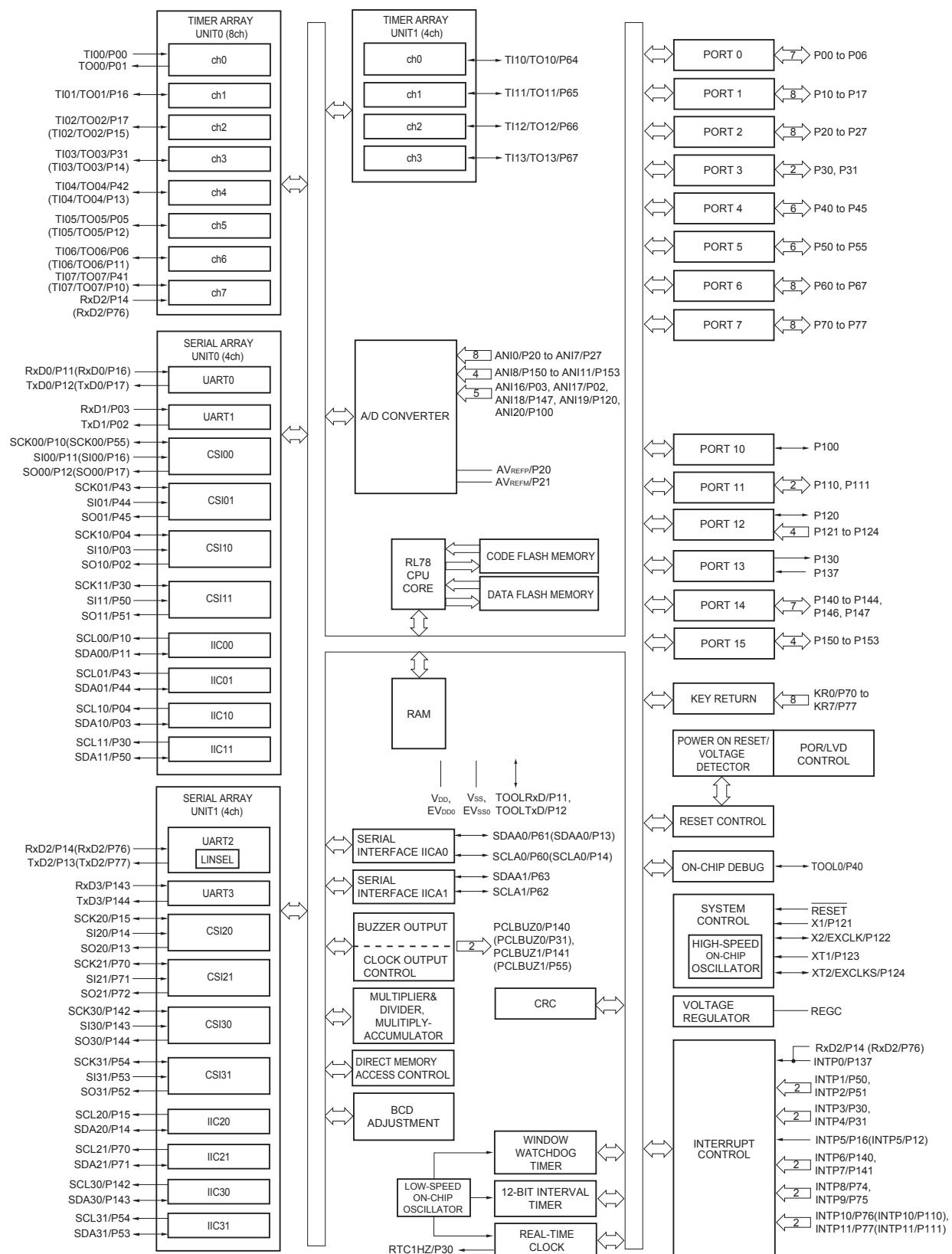
Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.10 52-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

1.5.12 80-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

2. The number of PWM outputs varies depending on the setting of channels in use (the number of masters and slaves) (see **6.9.3 Operation as multiple PWM output function** in the RL78/G13 User's Manual).
3. When setting to PIOR = 1

(2/2)

Item	40-pin		44-pin		48-pin		52-pin		64-pin	
	R5F100EX	R5F101EX	R5F100FX	R5F101FX	R5F100GX	R5F101GX	R5F100JX	R5F101JX	R5F100LX	R5F101LX
Clock output/buzzer output	2		2		2		2		2	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.44 kHz, 4.88 kHz, 9.76 kHz, 1.25 MHz, 2.5 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz (Main system clock: $f_{MAIN} = 20$ MHz operation) • 256 Hz, 512 Hz, 1.024 kHz, 2.048 kHz, 4.096 kHz, 8.192 kHz, 16.384 kHz, 32.768 kHz (Subsystem clock: $f_{SUB} = 32.768$ kHz operation) 										
8/10-bit resolution A/D converter	9 channels		10 channels		10 channels		12 channels		12 channels	
Serial interface	<p>[40-pin, 44-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel <p>[48-pin, 52-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 1 channel/simplified I²C: 1 channel/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel <p>[64-pin products]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART: 1 channel • CSI: 2 channels/simplified I²C: 2 channels/UART (UART supporting LIN-bus): 1 channel 									
I ² C bus	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel	1 channel
Multiplier and divider/multiply-accumulator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 16 bits × 16 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed) • 32 bits ÷ 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned) • 16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits = 32 bits (Unsigned or signed) 									
DMA controller	2 channels									
Vectored interrupt sources	Internal	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
	External	7	7	10	12	12	13	13	13	13
Key interrupt	4									
Reset	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reset by <u>RESET</u> pin • Internal reset by watchdog timer • Internal reset by power-on-reset • Internal reset by voltage detector • Internal reset by illegal instruction execution ^{Note} • Internal reset by RAM parity error • Internal reset by illegal-memory access 									
Power-on-reset circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-on-reset: 1.51 V (TYP.) • Power-down-reset: 1.50 V (TYP.) 									
Voltage detector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rising edge : 1.67 V to 4.06 V (14 stages) • Falling edge : 1.63 V to 3.98 V (14 stages) 									
On-chip debug function	Provided									
Power supply voltage	$V_{DD} = 1.6$ to 5.5 V ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) $V_{DD} = 2.4$ to 5.5 V ($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$)									
<R>	Operating ambient temperature									
	$T_A = 40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ (A: Consumer applications, D: Industrial applications) $T_A = 40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$ (G: Industrial applications)									

Note The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed.

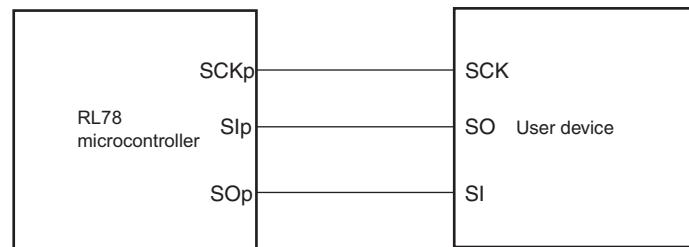
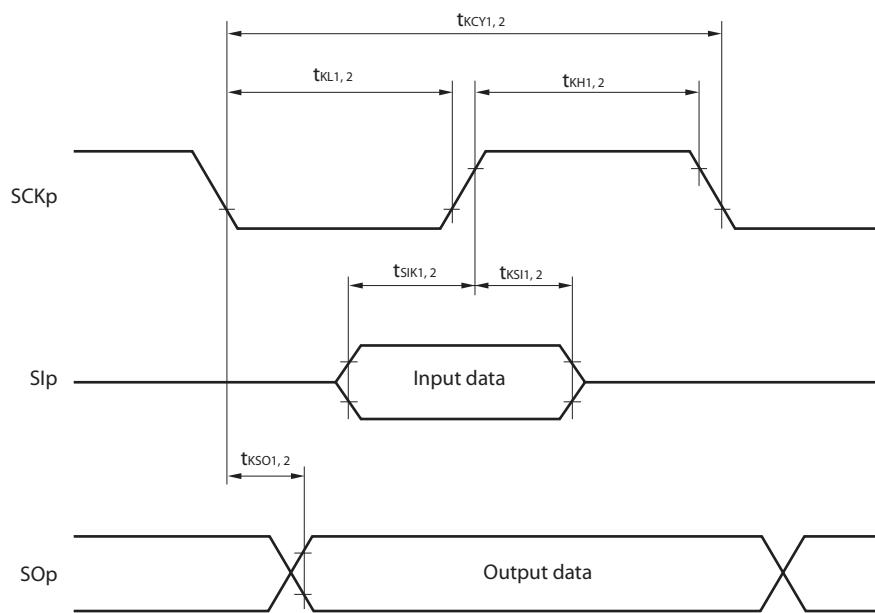
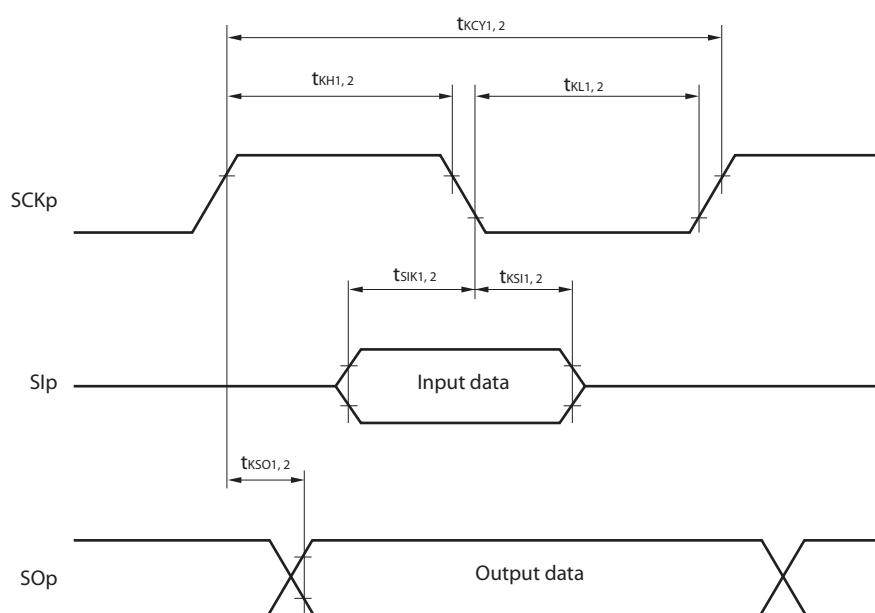
Reset by the illegal instruction execution not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $1.6 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V}$) (4/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, high	V _{OH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH1} = -10.0 mA	EV _{DD0} – 1.5		V
			4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH1} = -3.0 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.7		V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH1} = -2.0 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.6		V
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH1} = -1.5 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.5		V
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH1} = -1.0 mA	EV _{DD0} – 0.5		V
	V _{OH2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OH2} = -100 μA	V _{DD} – 0.5		V
Output voltage, low	V _{OL1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P130, P140 to P147	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 20 mA		1.3	V
			4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 8.5 mA		0.7	V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 3.0 mA		0.6	V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 1.5 mA		0.4	V
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 0.6 mA		0.4	V
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL1} = 0.3 mA		0.4	V
	V _{OL2}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156	1.6 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL2} = 400 μA		0.4	V
	V _{OL3}	P60 to P63	4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL3} = 15.0 mA		2.0	V
			4.0 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL3} = 5.0 mA		0.4	V
			2.7 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL3} = 3.0 mA		0.4	V
			1.8 V $\leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL3} = 2.0 mA		0.4	V
			1.6 V $\leq EV_{DD0} < 5.5 \text{ V}$, I _{OL3} = 1.0 mA		0.4	V

Caution P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)**CSI mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)**(When $DAP_{mn} = 0$ and $CKP_{mn} = 0$, or $DAP_{mn} = 1$ and $CKP_{mn} = 1$.)**CSI mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)**(When $DAP_{mn} = 0$ and $CKP_{mn} = 1$, or $DAP_{mn} = 1$ and $CKP_{mn} = 0$.)

- Remarks**
1. p: CSI number ($p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31$)
 2. m: Unit number, n: Channel number ($mn = 00$ to 03 , 10 to 13)

3. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using fmck/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 2.7 V ≤ EV_{DD0} < 4.0 V and 2.3 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\}}{\left(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}\right) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 [\%]$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

4. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 3 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.
5. Use it with EV_{DD0} ≥ V_b.
6. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using fmck/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 1.8 V ≤ EV_{DD0} < 3.3 V and 1.6 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.0 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

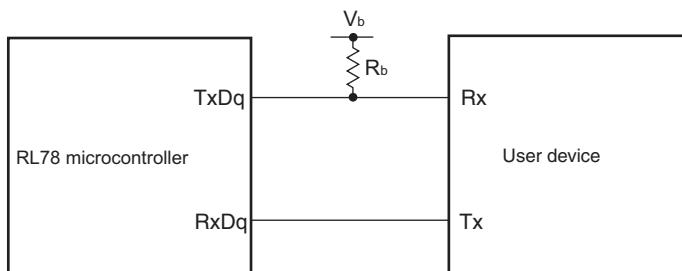
$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{\left(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}\right) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 [\%]$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

7. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to Note 6 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



Notes 1. Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. When $AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ± 1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ± 0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

4. Values when the conversion time is set to 57 μs (min.) and 95 μs (max.).

5. Refer to **2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics**.

2.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0$ V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power supply voltage rising slope	S_{VDD}				54	V/ms

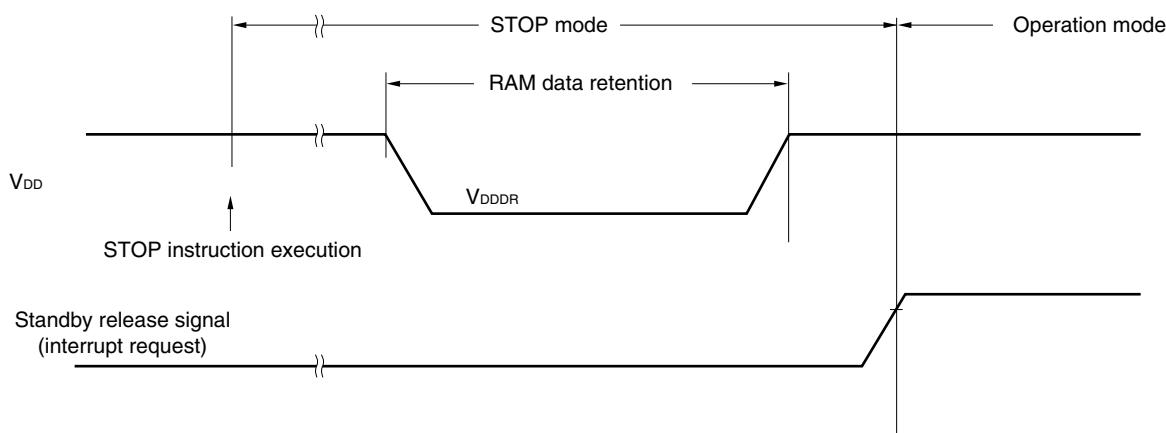
Caution Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the LVD circuit or an external reset until V_{DD} reaches the operating voltage range shown in 2.4 AC Characteristics.

2.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0$ V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention supply voltage	V_{DDDR}		1.46 ^{Note}		5.5	V

Note This depends on the POR detection voltage. For a falling voltage, data in RAM are retained until the voltage reaches the level that triggers a POR reset but not once it reaches the level at which a POR reset is generated.



3.3.2 Supply current characteristics

(1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products

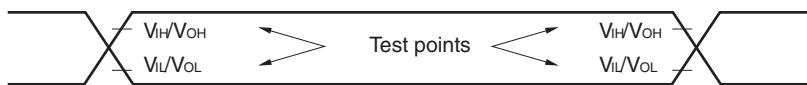
($T_A = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$, $2.4 \text{ V} \leq EV_{DD0} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = 0 \text{ V}$) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current <small>Note 1</small>	I_{DD1}	Operating mode	HS (high-speed main) mode <small>Note 5</small>	$f_{IH} = 32 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}}$	Basic operation	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		2.1		mA
					Normal operation	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		2.1		mA
					$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		4.6	7.5		mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		4.6	7.5		mA
					$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		3.7	5.8		mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		3.7	5.8		mA
					$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		2.7	4.2		mA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		2.7	4.2		mA
		HS (high-speed main) mode <small>Note 5</small>	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		3.0	4.9		mA
				Resonator connection		3.2	5.0		mA	
				Normal operation		3.0	4.9		mA	
				Resonator connection		3.2	5.0		mA	
				Normal operation		1.9	2.9		mA	
				Resonator connection		1.9	2.9		mA	
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}}$, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		1.9	2.9		mA
				Resonator connection		1.9	2.9		mA	
				Normal operation		1.9	2.9		mA	
				Resonator connection		1.9	2.9		mA	
				Normal operation		4.1	4.9		μA	
		Subsystem clock operation	$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 4</small> $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Resonator connection		4.2	5.0		μA
				Square wave input		4.1	4.9		μA	
				Resonator connection		4.2	5.0		μA	
				Square wave input		4.2	5.5		μA	
				Resonator connection		4.3	5.6		μA	
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 4</small> $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.3	6.3		μA
				Resonator connection		4.4	6.4		μA	
				Square wave input		4.6	7.7		μA	
				Resonator connection		4.7	7.8		μA	
				Square wave input		6.9	19.7		μA	
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ <small>Note 4</small> $T_A = +105^\circ\text{C}$	Normal operation	Resonator connection		7.0	19.8		μA

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

3.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

AC Timing Test Points



3.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

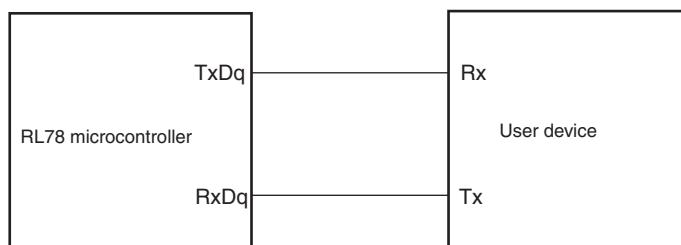
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate ^{Note 1}		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate f _{CLK} = 32 MHz, f _{MCK} = f _{CLK}		f _{MCK} /12 ^{Note 2}	bps
				2.6	Mbps

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

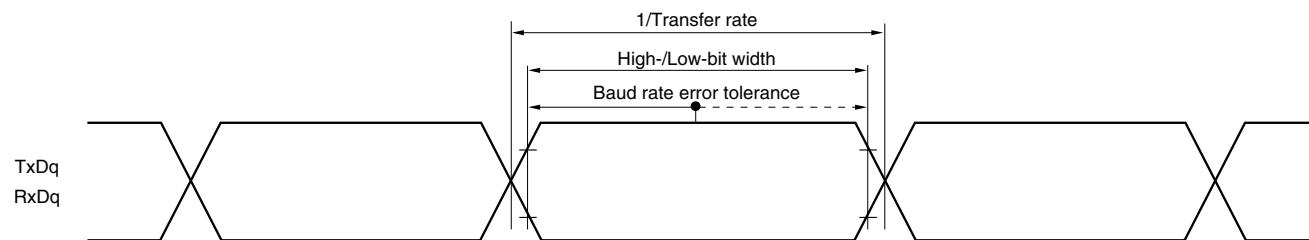
2. The following conditions are required for low voltage interface when EV_{DD0} < V_{DD}.
- 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} < 2.7 V : MAX. 1.3 Mbps

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



UART mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)



Remarks 1. q: UART number (q = 0 to 3), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 8, 14)

2. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13))

3.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics

(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
CPU/peripheral hardware clock frequency	f _{CLK}	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	1		32	MHz
Number of code flash rewrites <small>Notes 1,2,3</small>	C _{erwr}	Retained for 20 years TA = 85°C <small>Note 4</small>	1,000			Times
		Retained for 1 years TA = 25°C		1,000,000		
		Retained for 5 years TA = 85°C <small>Note 4</small>	100,000			
		Retained for 20 years TA = 85°C <small>Note 4</small>	10,000			

- Notes**
- 1 erase + 1 write after the erase is regarded as 1 rewrite. The retaining years are until next rewrite after the rewrite.
 2. When using flash memory programmer and Renesas Electronics self programming library.
 3. These are the characteristics of the flash memory and the results obtained from reliability testing by Renesas Electronics Corporation.
 4. This temperature is the average value at which data are retained.

3.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

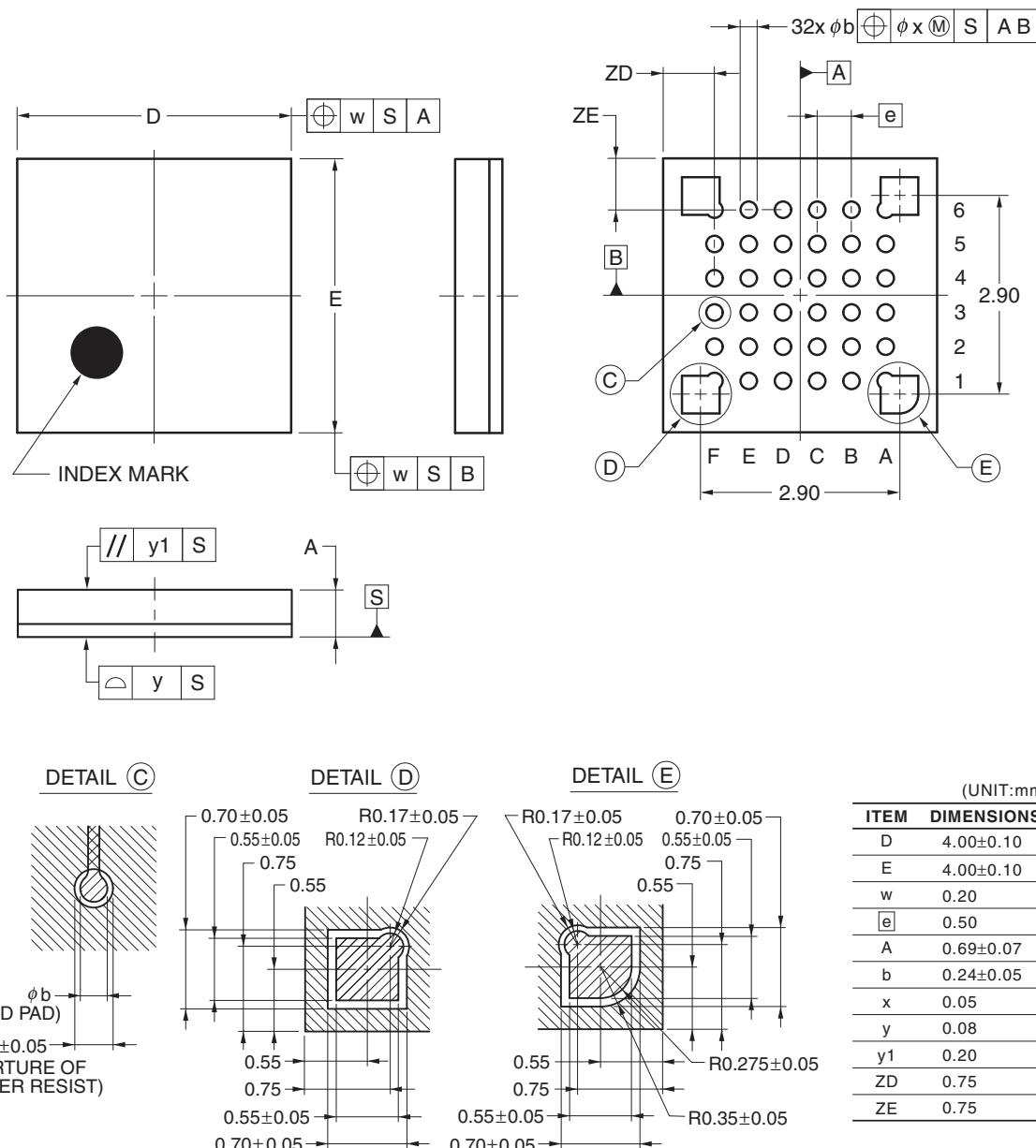
(TA = -40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate		During serial programming	115,200		1,000,000	bps

4.6 36-pin Products

R5F100CAALA, R5F100CCALA, R5F100CDALA, R5F100CEALA, R5F100CFALA, R5F100CGALA
 R5F101CAALA, R5F101CCALA, R5F101CDALA, R5F101CEALA, R5F101CFALA, R5F101CGALA
 R5F100CAGLA, R5F100CCGLA, R5F100CDGLA, R5F100CEGLA, R5F100CFGGLA, R5F100CGGLA

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-WFLGA36-4x4-0.50	PWLG0036KA-A	P36FC-50-AA4-2	0.023

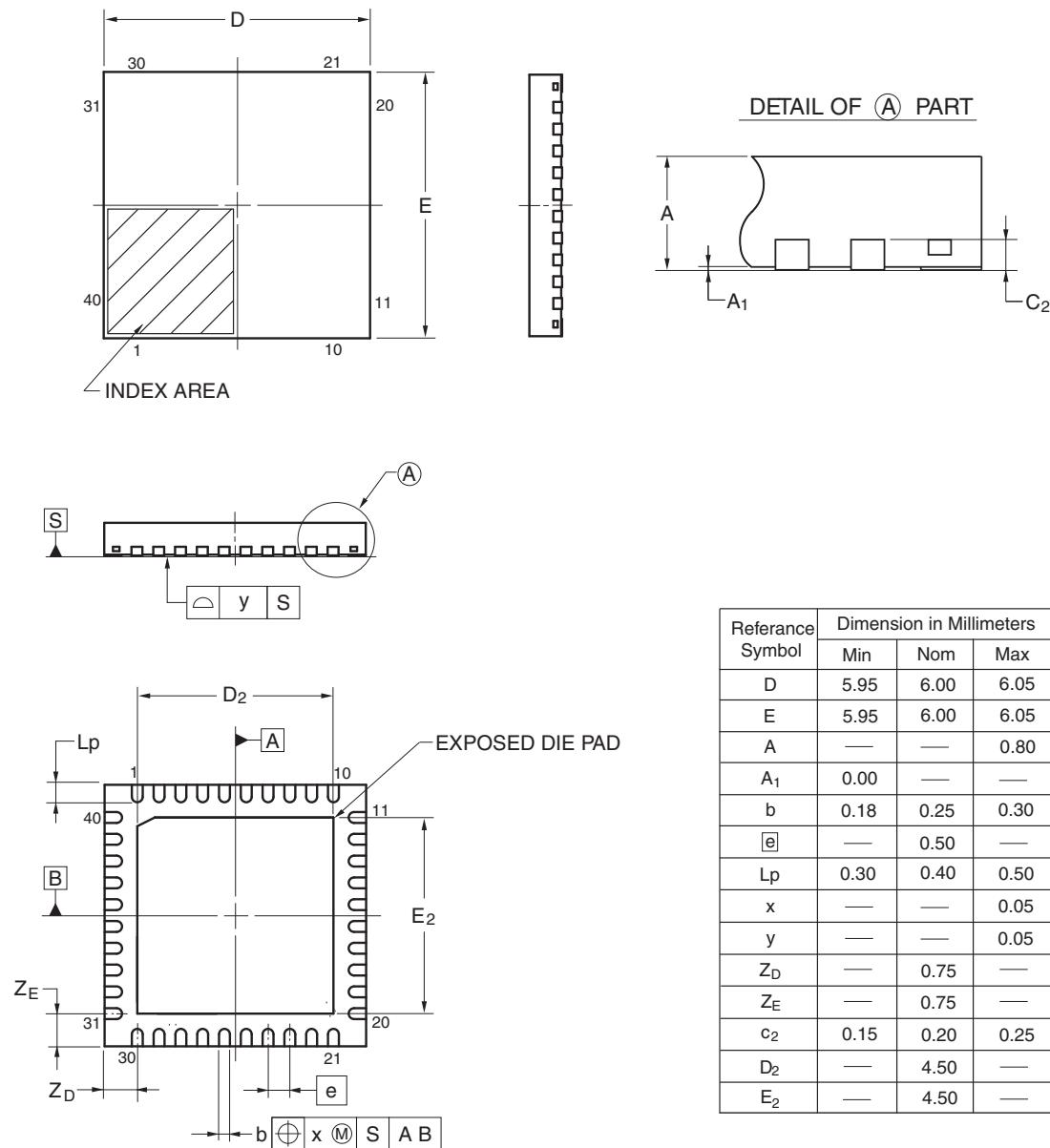


©2012 Renesas Electronics Corporation. All rights reserved.

4.7 40-pin Products

R5F100EAANA, R5F100ECANA, R5F100EDANA, R5F100EEANA, R5F100EFANA, R5F100EGANA, R5F100EHANA
 R5F101EAANA, R5F101ECANA, R5F101EDANA, R5F101EEANA, R5F101EFANA, R5F101EGANA, R5F101EHANA
 R5F100EADNA, R5F100ECDNA, R5F100EDDNA, R5F100EEDNA, R5F100EFDNA, R5F100EGDNA,
 R5F100EHDNA
 R5F101EADNA, R5F101ECDNA, R5F101EDDNA, R5F101EEDNA, R5F101EFDNA, R5F101EGDNA,
 R5F101EHDNA
 R5F100EAGNA, R5F100ECGNA, R5F100EDGNA, R5F100EEGNA, R5F100EFGNA, R5F100EGGNA,
 R5F100EHGNA

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	Previous code	MASS (TYP) [g]
P-HWQFN40-6x6-0.50	PWQN0040KC-A	P40K8-50-4B4-5	0.09

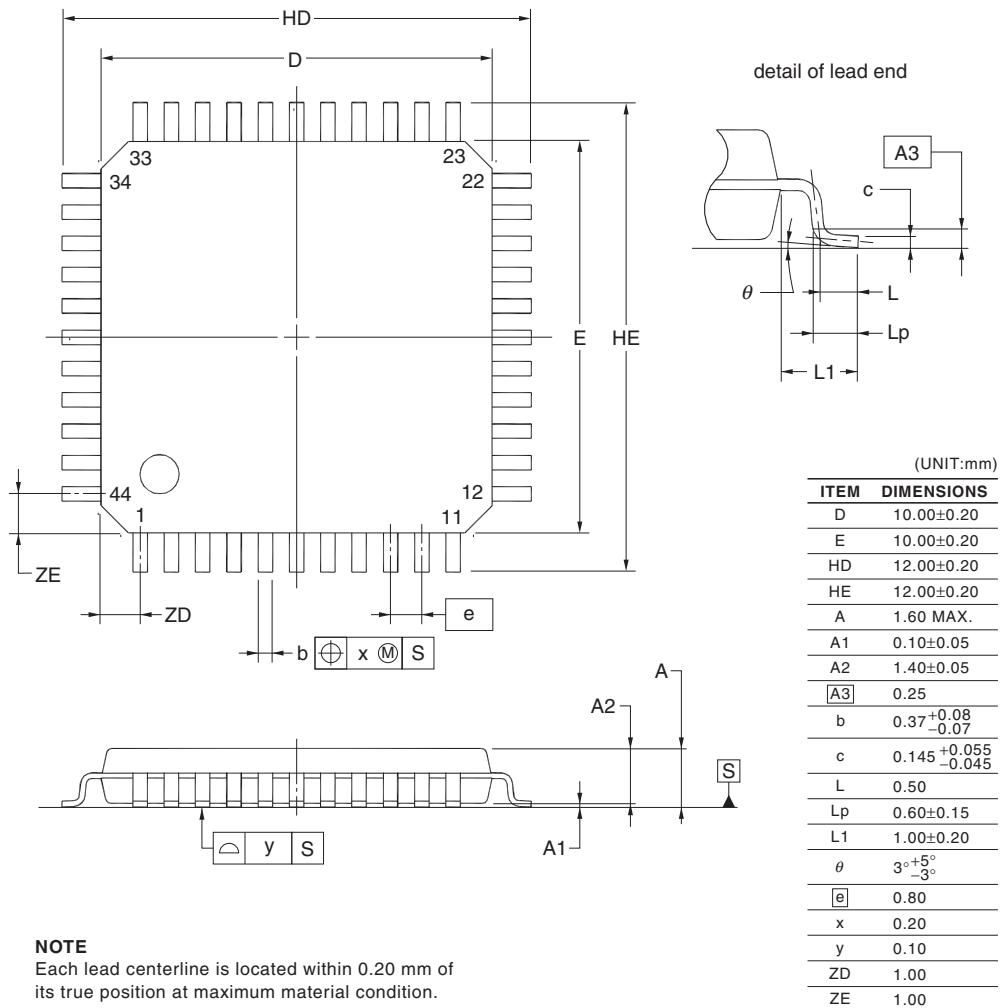


©2013 Renesas Electronics Corporation. All rights reserved.

4.8 44-pin Products

R5F100FAAfp, R5F100FCAfp, R5F100FDAfp, R5F100FEAfp, R5F100FFAfp, R5F100FGAfp,
 R5F100FHAfp, R5F100FJAfp, R5F100FKAfp, R5F100FLAfp
 R5F101FAAfp, R5F101FCAfp, R5F101FDAfp, R5F101FEAfp, R5F101FFAfp, R5F101FGAfp,
 R5F101FHAfp, R5F101FJAfp, R5F101FKAfp, R5F101FLAfp
 R5F100FADfp, R5F100FCDFP, R5F100FDDfp, R5F100FEDfp, R5F100FFDFP, R5F100FGDFP,
 R5F100FHDFP, R5F100FJDFP, R5F100FKDFP, R5F100FLDFP
 R5F101FADfp, R5F101FCDFP, R5F101FDDfp, R5F101FEDfp, R5F101FFDFP, R5F101FGDFP,
 R5F101FHDFP, R5F101FJDFP, R5F101FKDFP, R5F101FLDFP
 R5F100FAGfp, R5F100FCGfp, R5F100FDGfp, R5F100FEGfp, R5F100FFGfp, R5F100FGGfp,
 R5F100FHGfp, R5F100FJGfp

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP44-10x10-0.80	PLQP0044GC-A	P44GB-80-UES-2	0.36



Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
3.00	Aug 02, 2013	118	Modification of table in 2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics
		118	Modification of table and note in 2.6.3 POR circuit characteristics
		119	Modification of table in 2.6.4 LVD circuit characteristics
		120	Modification of table of LVD Detection Voltage of Interrupt & Reset Mode
		120	Renamed to 2.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics
		122	Modification of table, figure, and remark in 2.10 Timing Specs for Switching Flash Memory Programming Modes
		123	Modification of caution 1 and description
		124	Modification of table and remark 3 in Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)
		126	Modification of table, note, caution, and remark in 3.2.1 X1, XT1 oscillator characteristics
		126	Modification of table in 3.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics
		127	Modification of note 3 in 3.3.1 Pin characteristics (1/5)
		128	Modification of note 3 in 3.3.1 Pin characteristics (2/5)
		133	Modification of notes 1 and 4 in (1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products (1/2)
		135	Modification of notes 1, 5, and 6 in (1) Flash ROM: 16 to 64 KB of 20- to 64-pin products (2/2)
		137	Modification of notes 1 and 4 in (2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products (1/2)
		139	Modification of notes 1, 5, and 6 in (2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products (2/2)
		140	Modification of (3) Peripheral Functions (Common to all products)
		142	Modification of table in 3.4 AC Characteristics
		143	Addition of Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation
		143	Modification of figure of AC Timing Test Points
		143	Modification of figure of External System Clock Timing
		145	Modification of figure of AC Timing Test Points
		145	Modification of description, note 1, and caution in (1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)
		146	Modification of description in (2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode)
		147	Modification of description in (3) During communication at same potential (CSI mode)
		149	Modification of table, note 1, and caution in (4) During communication at same potential (simplified I ² C mode)
		151	Modification of table, note 1, and caution in (5) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (1/2)
		152 to 154	Modification of table, notes 2 to 6, caution, and remarks 1 to 4 in (5) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (2/2)
		155	Modification of table in (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (1/3)
		156	Modification of table and caution in (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (2/3)
		157, 158	Modification of table, caution, and remarks 3 and 4 in (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (3/3)
		160, 161	Modification of table and caution in (7) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode)