

Renesas Electronics America Inc - R5F101PJDFB#V0 Datasheet





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Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	82
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	20K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 20x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f101pjdfb-v0

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RL78/G13 1. OUTLINE

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

(6/12)

Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application	Ordering Part Number
48 pins	48-pin plastic	Mounted	А	R5F100GAANA#U0, R5F100GCANA#U0, R5F100GDANA#U0,
	HWQFN (7 \times 7 mm,			R5F100GEANA#U0, R5F100GFANA#U0, R5F100GGANA#U0,
	0.5 mm pitch)			R5F100GHANA#U0, R5F100GJANA#U0, R5F100GKANA#U0,
				R5F100GLANA#U0
				R5F100GAANA#W0, R5F100GCANA#W0,
				R5F100GDANA#W0, R5F100GEANA#W0,
				R5F100GFANA#W0, R5F100GGANA#W0,
				R5F100GHANA#W0, R5F100GJANA#W0,
				R5F100GKANA#W0, R5F100GLANA#W0
			D	R5F100GADNA#U0, R5F100GCDNA#U0, R5F100GDDNA#U0,
				R5F100GEDNA#U0, R5F100GFDNA#U0, R5F100GGDNA#U0,
				R5F100GHDNA#U0, R5F100GJDNA#U0, R5F100GKDNA#U0,
				R5F100GLDNA#U0
				R5F100GADNA#W0, R5F100GCDNA#W0,
				R5F100GDDNA#W0, R5F100GEDNA#W0,
				R5F100GFDNA#W0, R5F100GGDNA#W0,
				R5F100GHDNA#W0, R5F100GJDNA#W0,
				R5F100GKDNA#W0, R5F100GLDNA#W0
			G	R5F100GAGNA#U0, R5F100GCGNA#U0, R5F100GDGNA#U0,
				R5F100GEGNA#U0, R5F100GFGNA#U0, R5F100GGGNA#U0,
				R5F100GHGNA#U0, R5F100GJGNA#U0
				R5F100GAGNA#W0, R5F100GCGNA#W0,
				R5F100GDGNA#W0, R5F100GEGNA#W0,
				R5F100GFGNA#W0, R5F100GGGNA#W0,
				R5F100GHGNA#W0, R5F100GJGNA#W0
		Not	Α	R5F101GAANA#U0, R5F101GCANA#U0, R5F101GDANA#U0,
		mounted		R5F101GEANA#U0, R5F101GFANA#U0, R5F101GGANA#U0,
				R5F101GHANA#U0, R5F101GJANA#U0, R5F101GKANA#U0,
				R5F101GLANA#U0
				R5F101GAANA#W0, R5F101GCANA#W0,
				R5F101GDANA#W0, R5F101GEANA#W0,
				R5F101GFANA#W0, R5F101GGANA#W0,
				R5F101GHANA#W0, R5F101GJANA#W0,
				R5F101GKANA#W0, R5F101GLANA#W0
			D	R5F101GADNA#U0, R5F101GCDNA#U0, R5F101GDDNA#U0,
				R5F101GEDNA#U0, R5F101GFDNA#U0, R5F101GGDNA#U0,
				R5F101GHDNA#U0, R5F101GJDNA#U0, R5F101GKDNA#U0,
				R5F101GLDNA#U0
				R5F101GADNA#W0, R5F101GCDNA#W0,
				R5F101GDDNA#W0, R5F101GEDNA#W0,
				R5F101GFDNA#W0, R5F101GGDNA#W0,
				R5F101GHDNA#W0, R5F101GJDNA#W0,
				R5F101GKDNA#W0, R5F101GLDNA#W0

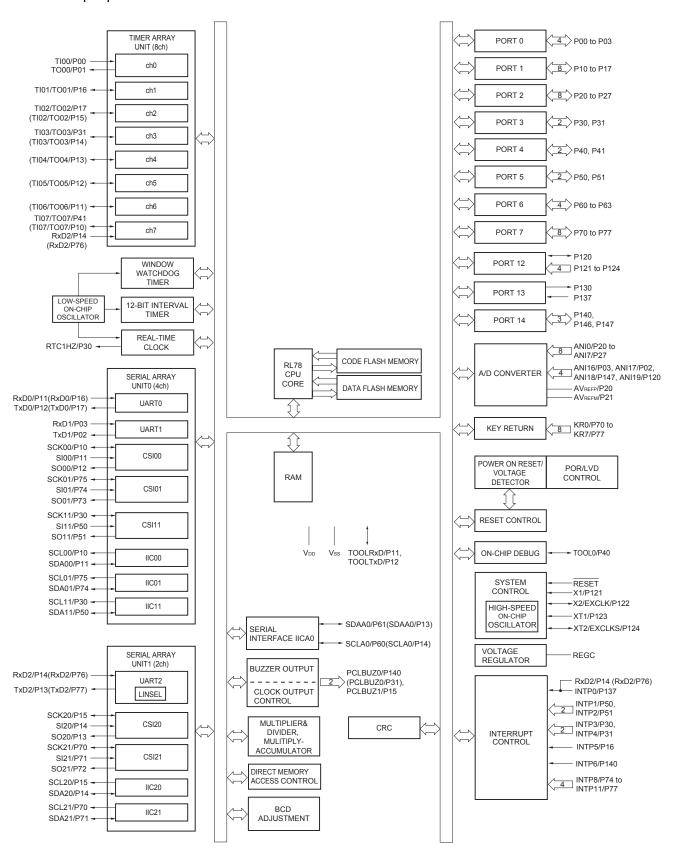
Note For the fields of application, refer to Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G13.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.



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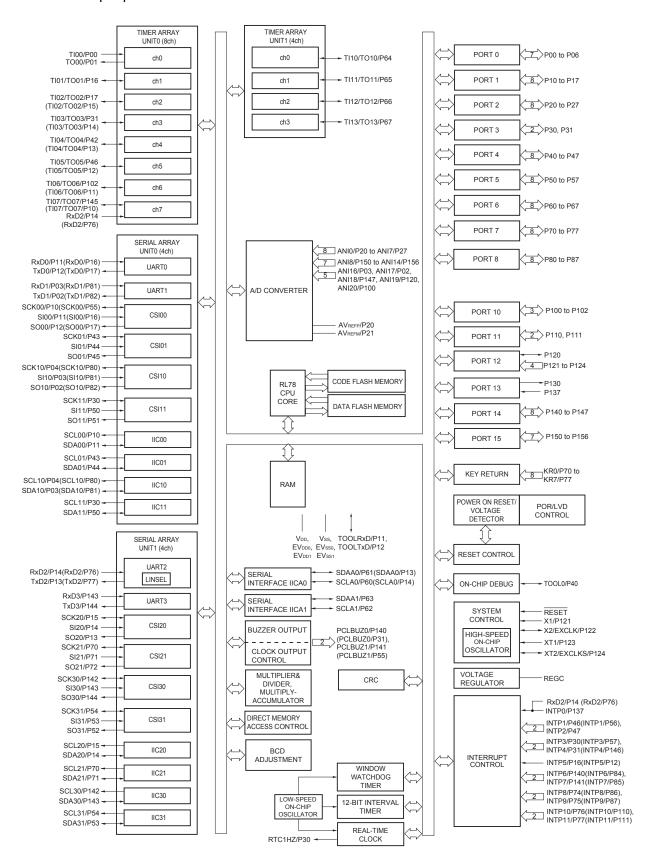
1.5.10 52-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

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1.5.13 100-pin products



Remark Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). Refer to Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR) in the RL78/G13 User's Manual.

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$ (3/5)

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	V _{IH1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147		0.8EV _{DD0}		EV _{DD0}	V
	V _{IH2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P11, P13 to P17, P43, P44, P53 to P55,	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	2.2		EV _{DD0}	V
		P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer $3.3 \text{ V} \leq \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}$	2.0		EV _{DD0}	V
			TTL input buffer 1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V	1.5		EV _{DD0}	V
	V _{IH3}	P20 to P27, P150 to P156		0.7V _{DD}		V _{DD}	٧
	V _{IH4}	P60 to P63		0.7EV _{DD0}		6.0	٧
	V _{IH5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCL	KS, RESET	0.8V _{DD}		V _{DD}	٧
Input voltage, low	V _{IL1}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, P100 to P106, P110 to P117, P120, P125 to P127, P140 to P147	,	0		0.2EV _{DD0}	V
	V _{IL2}	P01, P03, P04, P10, P11, P13 to P17, P43, P44, P53 to P55,	TTL input buffer 4.0 V ≤ EV _{DD0} ≤ 5.5 V	0		0.8	V
		P80, P81, P142, P143	TTL input buffer 3.3 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 4.0 V	0		0.5	V
			TTL input buffer 1.6 V ≤ EV _{DD0} < 3.3 V	0		0.32	V
	VIL3	P20 to P27, P150 to P156		0		0.3V _{DD}	٧
	V _{IL4}	P60 to P63		0		0.3EV _{DD0}	٧
	V _{IL5}	P121 to P124, P137, EXCLK, EXCL	KS, RESET	0		0.2V _{DD}	٧

Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of pins P00, P02 to P04, P10 to P15, P17, P43 to P45, P50, P52 to P55, P71, P74, P80 to P82, P96, and P142 to P144 is EV_{DD0}, even in the N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

(5) During communication at same potential (simplified I²C mode) (2/2)

(Ta = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq EVDD0 = EVDD1 \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = EVss0 = EVss1 = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	, ,	h-speed Mode	,	r-speed Mode	`	-voltage Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Data setup time (reception)	tsu:dat	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $C_b = 50~pF,~R_b = 2.7~k\Omega$	1/f _{MCK} + 85 _{Note2}		1/fmck + 145 Note2		1/f _{MCK} + 145 _{Note2}		ns
		$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 3~k\Omega$	1/f _{MCK} + 145 _{Note2}		1/f _{MCK} + 145 _{Note2}		1/f _{MCK} + 145 _{Note2}		ns
		$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 2.7~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 5~k\Omega$	1/fmck + 230 Note2		1/fmck + 230 Note2		1/fmck + 230 Note2		ns
		$1.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 5~k\Omega$	1/fmck + 290 Note2		1/fmck + 290 Note2		1/fmck + 290 Note2		ns
		$1.6~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 5~k\Omega$	_		1/fmck + 290 Note2		1/fmck + 290 Note2		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	thd:dat	$2.7~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $C_b = 50~pF,~R_b = 2.7~k\Omega$	0	305	0	305	0	305	ns
		$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 3~k\Omega$	0	355	0	355	0	355	ns
		$1.8~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 2.7~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 5~k\Omega$	0	405	0	405	0	405	ns
		$1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 1.8 \text{ V},$ $C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$	0	405	0	405	0	405	ns
		$1.6~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 1.8~V,$ $C_b = 100~pF,~R_b = 5~k\Omega$	_	_	0	405	0	405	ns

Notes 1. The value must also be equal to or less than fmck/4.

2. Set the fmck value to keep the hold time of SCLr = "L" and SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the normal input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (Vpb tolerance (When 20- to 52-pin products)/EVpb tolerance (When 64- to 128-pin products)) mode for the SDAr pin and the normal output mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register h (POMh).

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) (2/2)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-	LS (low-		low- age Mode	Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate		$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 4.0 \text{ V}$			Note 1		Note 1		Note 1	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $C_b = 50 \text{ pF}, R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega, V_b = 2.7 \text{ V}$		2.8 Note 2		2.8 Note 2		2.8 Note 2	Mbps	
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V},$ $2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}$			Note 3		Note 3		Note 3	bps
		2.3 V ≤ Vb ≤ 2.7 V	Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate Cb = 50 pF, Rb =		1.2 Note 4		1.2 Note 4		1.2 Note 4	Mbps
			$2.7 \text{ k}\Omega, V_b = 2.3$							
		$1.8 \ V \le EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \ V,$ $1.6 \ V \le V_b \le 2.0 \ V$			Notes 5, 6		Notes 5, 6		Notes 5, 6	bps
			Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate		0.43 Note 7		0.43 Note 7		0.43 Note 7	Mbps
		$C_b = 50 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega, V_b = 1.6 \text{ V}$								

Notes 1. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using fmck/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 4.0 V \leq EV $_{DD0} \leq$ 5.5 V and 2.7 V \leq V $_{b} \leq$ 4.0 V

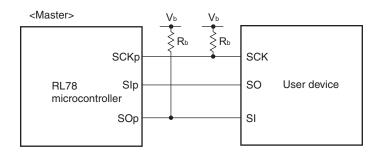
Maximum transfer rate =
$$\frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln (1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\} \times 3}$$
 [bps]

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln{(1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})}\}}{\frac{1}{(\text{Transfer rate})} \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \, [\%]$$

- * This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.
- 2. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the "Conditions" column are met. Refer to Note 1 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.



CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



- **Remarks 1.** R_b[Ω]:Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance, C_b[F]: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance, V_b[V]: Communication line voltage
 - **2.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 20, 30, 31), m: Unit number , n: Channel number (mn = 00, 01, 02, 10, 12, 13), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 14)
 - 3. fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00))
 - **4.** CSI01 of 48-, 52-, 64-pin products, and CSI11 and CSI21 cannot communicate at different potential. Use other CSI for communication at different potential.

2.6 Analog Characteristics

2.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

		Reference Voltage	
	Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP	Reference voltage (+) = VDD	Reference voltage (+) = V _{BGR}
Input channel	Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM	Reference voltage (-) = Vss	Reference voltage (–) = AVREFM
ANI0 to ANI14	Refer to 2.6.1 (1) .	Refer to 2.6.1 (3) .	Refer to 2.6.1 (4) .
ANI16 to ANI26	Refer to 2.6.1 (2) .		
Internal reference voltage	Refer to 2.6.1 (1) .		_
Temperature sensor output			
voltage			

(1) When reference voltage (+)= AVREFP/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI2 to ANI14, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V \leq AVREFP \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP, Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Con	ditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V		1.2	±3.5	LSB
		$AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Note 3}$	$1.6~V \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5~V^{\text{Note 4}}$		1.2	±7.0	LSB
Conversion time	tconv	10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.125		39	μS
		Target pin: ANI2 to ANI14	$2.7~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	3.1875		39	μS
			$1.8~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	17		39	μS
			$1.6~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	57		95	μS
		10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.375		39	μS
		Target pin: Internal	$2.7~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	3.5625		39	μS
		reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Ezs	10-bit resolution	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V			±0.25	%FSR
		$AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Note 3}$	$1.6~V \leq AV_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5~V^{\text{Note 4}}$			±0.50	%FSR
Full-scale error Notes 1, 2	Ers	10-bit resolution	$1.8~V \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5~V$			±0.25	%FSR
		$AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Note 3}$	$1.6~V \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5~V^{\text{Note 4}}$			±0.50	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution	$1.8~V \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5~V$			±2.5	LSB
		$AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Note 3}$	$1.6~V \leq AV_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5~V^{\text{Note 4}}$			±5.0	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE	10-bit resolution	$1.8~V \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5~V$			±1.5	LSB
		$AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}^{Note 3}$	$1.6~V \leq AV_{\text{REFP}} \leq 5.5~V^{\text{Note 4}}$			±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI2 to ANI14		0		AVREFP	V
		Internal reference voltage (2.4 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)			V _{BGR} Note 5		V
		Temperature sensor outp (2.4 V \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V, HS	•	V _{TMPS25} Note 5			V

(Notes are listed on the next page.)



(2) When reference voltage (+) = AVREFP/ANIO (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin : ANI16 to ANI26

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{DD1}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, 1.6 \text{ V} \le \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS0}} = \text{EV}_{\text{SS1}} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{Reference voltage (+)} = \text{AV}_{\text{REFM}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditi	ons	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution	$1.8~V \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5~V$		1.2	±5.0	LSB
		EVDD0 = AVREFP = VDD Notes 3, 4	$1.6~V \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5~V^{Note}$		1.2	±8.5	LSB
Conversion time	tconv	10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.125		39	μS
		Target ANI pin : ANI16 to	$2.7~\text{V} \leq \text{Vdd} \leq 5.5~\text{V}$	3.1875		39	μS
		ANI26	1.8 V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μS
			$1.6~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	57		95	μS
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Ezs	10-bit resolution	$1.8~V \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5~V$			±0.35	%FSR
		EVDD0 = AVREFP = VDD Notes 3, 4	$1.6~V \leq AV_{REFP} \leq 5.5~V^{Note}$			±0.60	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	Ers	10-bit resolution EVDD0 = AVREFP = VDD Notes 3, 4	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V			±0.35	%FSR
			$1.6~V \le AV_{REFP} \le 5.5~V^{Note}$			±0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note}	ILE	10-bit resolution	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V			±3.5	LSB
1		EVDD0 = AVREFP = VDD Notes 3, 4	$1.6~V \le AV_{REFP} \le 5.5~V^{Note}$			±6.0	LSB
Differential linearity	DLE	10-bit resolution	1.8 V ≤ AV _{REFP} ≤ 5.5 V			±2.0	LSB
error ^{Note 1}		EVDD0 = AVREFP = VDD Notes 3, 4	$1.6~V \le AV_{REFP} \le 5.5~V^{Note}$			±2.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI16 to ANI26	,	0		AVREFP and EVDD0	V

- **Notes 1.** Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).
 - 2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.
 - **3.** When $AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add ± 1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

- **4.** When $AV_{REFP} < EV_{DD0} \le V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.
 - Overall error: Add ± 4.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add $\pm 0.20\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±2.0 LSB to the MAX. value when AVREFP = VDD.

5. When the conversion time is set to 57 μs (min.) and 95 μs (max.).

2.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
CPU/peripheral hardware clock frequency	fclk	$1.8~V \leq V \text{dd} \leq 5.5~V$	1		32	MHz
Number of code flash rewrites	Cerwr	Retained for 20 years TA = 85°C	1,000			Times
Number of data flash rewrites		Retained for 1 years TA = 25°C		1,000,000		
		Retained for 5 years TA = 85°C	100,000			
		Retained for 20 years TA = 85°C	10,000			

Notes 1. 1 erase + 1 write after the erase is regarded as 1 rewrite.

The retaining years are until next rewrite after the rewrite.

- 2. When using flash memory programmer and Renesas Electronics self programming library
- **3.** These are the characteristics of the flash memory and the results obtained from reliability testing by Renesas Electronics Corporation.

2.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

$(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate		During serial programming	115,200	_	1,000,000	bps

(2) Flash ROM: 96 to 256 KB of 30- to 100-pin products (Ta = -40 to $+105^{\circ}$ C, 2.4 V \leq EV_{DD0} = EV_{DD1} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, Vss = EV_{SS0} = EV_{SS1} = 0 V) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol			Conditions			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply	I _{DD1}	Operating	HS (high-	fin = 32 MHz ^{Note 3}	Basic	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		2.3		mA
Current Note 1		mode	speed main) mode Note 5		operatio n	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		2.3		mA
					Normal	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		5.2	9.2	mA
					operatio n	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		5.2	9.2	mA
				fin = 24 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		4.1	7.0	mA
					operatio n	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		4.1	7.0	mA
				fih = 16 MHz ^{Note 3}	Normal	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		3.0	5.0	mA
					operatio n	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		3.0	5.0	mA
			HS (high-	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}},$	Normal	Square wave input		3.4	5.9	mA
		speed main) mode Note 5	V _{DD} = 5.0 V	operatio n	Resonator connection		3.6	6.0	mA	
				$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}},$	Normal	Square wave input		3.4	5.9	mA
			V _{DD} = 3.0 V	operatio n	Resonator connection		3.6	6.0	mA	
			$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}},$	Normal operation	Square wave input		2.1	3.5	mA	
			V _{DD} = 5.0 V		Resonator connection		2.1	3.5	mA	
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 2}},$	Normal	Square wave input		2.1	3.5	mA
				V _{DD} = 3.0 V	operatio n	Resonator connection		2.1	3.5	mA
			Subsystem clock operation	fsuв = 32.768 kHz	Normal operation	Square wave input		4.8	5.9	μА
				Note 4 $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$		Resonator connection		4.9	6.0	μΑ
				fsuв = 32.768 kHz	Normal	Square wave input		4.9	5.9	μΑ
				Note 4 $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	operatio n	Resonator connection		5.0	6.0	μΑ
				fsuв = 32.768 kHz	Normal	Square wave input		5.0	7.6	μΑ
				Note 4 $T_A = +50^{\circ}C$	operatio n	Resonator connection		5.1	7.7	μΑ
				fsuв = 32.768 kHz	Normal	Square wave input		5.2	9.3	μA
				Note 4 $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$	operatio n	Resonator connection		5.3	9.4	μΑ
				fsuB = 32.768 kHz	Normal	Square wave input		5.7	13.3	μΑ
			Note 4 TA = +85°C	operatio n	Resonator connection		5.8	13.4	μΑ	
				fsuв = 32.768 kHz	Normal	Square wave input		10.0	46.0	μΑ
			Note 4 TA = +105°C	operatio n	Resonator connection		10.0	46.0	μA	

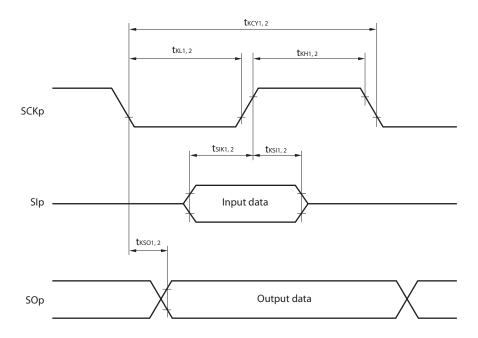
(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

- Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD, EVDDO, and EVDD1, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD, EVDDO, and EVDD1, or Vss, EVSSO, and EVSS1. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.
 - 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
 - 3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - 4. When high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
 - **5.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and setting ultra-low current consumption (AMPHS1 = 1). The current flowing into the RTC is included. However, not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
 - 6. Not including the current flowing into the RTC, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
 - 7. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as below.

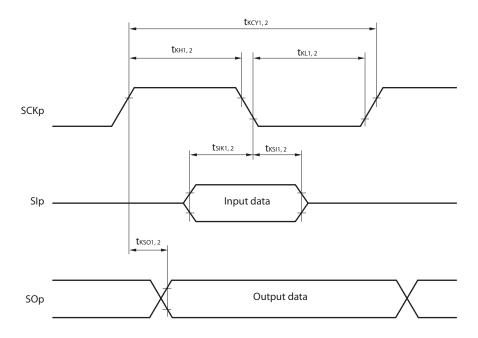
HS (high-speed main) mode: $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$ to 32 MHz $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V} @ 1 \text{ MHz}$ to 16 MHz

- 8. Regarding the value for current operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 - 2. fin: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 - 3. fsub: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)
 - **4.** Except subsystem clock operation and STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

CSI mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)



Remarks 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31)

2. m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10 to 13)

5. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using fmck/12 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 2.4 V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3 V and 1.6 V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 V

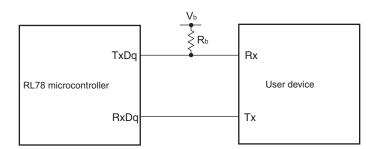
Maximum transfer rate =
$$\frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln (1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3}$$
 [bps]

Baud rate error (theoretical value) =
$$\frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln{(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})}\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \, [\%]$$

- * This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.
- **6.** This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the "Conditions" column are met. Refer to Note 5 above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (VDD tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EVDD tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (2/3)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-spe	eed main) Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SIp setup time	tsıĸı	$4.0 \ V \leq EV_{DD0} \leq 5.5 \ V, \ 2.7 \ V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V,$	162		ns
(to SCKp↑) Note		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, \ 2.3 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 2.7 \text{ V},$	354		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4 \ V \le EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \le V_b \le 2.0 \ V,$	958		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega$			
SIp hold time	tksi1	$4.0~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7~V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0~V,$	38		ns
(from SCKp↑) Note		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.7 \; V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \; V, \; 2.3 \; V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \; V,$	38		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4~V \leq EV_{DD0} < 3.3~V,~1.6~V \leq V_b \leq 2.0~V,$	38		ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Delay time from SCKp↓ to	tkso1	$4.0~V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7~V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0~V,$		200	ns
SOp output Note		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.7 \; V \leq EV_{\text{DD0}} < 4.0 \; V, \; 2.3 \; V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \; V,$		390	ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4 \ V \le EV_{DD0} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \le V_b \le 2.0 \ V,$	_	966	ns
		$C_b=30~pF,~R_b=5.5~k\Omega$			

Note When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.

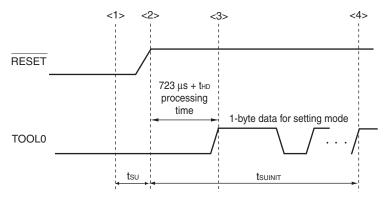
Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance (for the 20- to 52-pin products)/EV_{DD} tolerance (for the 64- to 100-pin products)) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

(Remarks are listed on the page after the next page.)

3.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Modes

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{EV}_{DD0} = \text{EV}_{DD1} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = \text{EV}_{SS0} = \text{EV}_{SS1} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	tsuinit	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	tsu	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	10			μS
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)	tнo	POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.	1			ms



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset is released (POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is set to the high level.
- <4> Setting of the flash memory programming mode by UART reception and complete the baud rate setting.

Remark tsuinit: Communication for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after the external reset is released during this period.

tsu: Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level

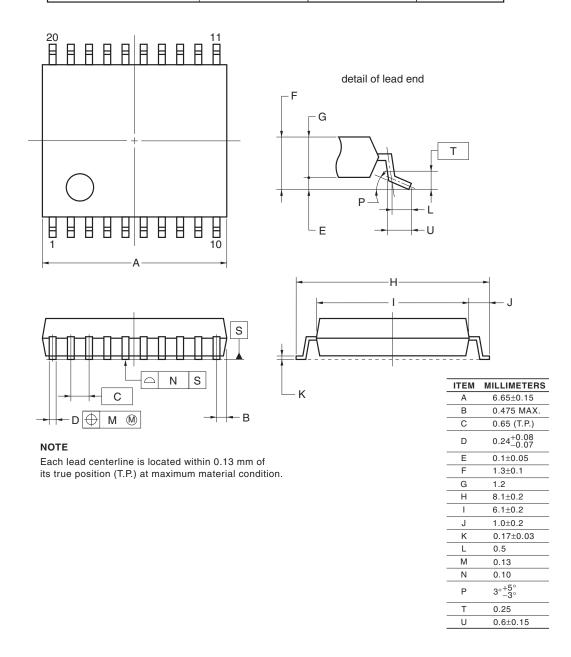
thd: Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)

4. PACKAGE DRAWINGS

4.1 20-pin Products

R5F1006AASP, R5F1006CASP, R5F1006DASP, R5F1006EASP R5F1016AASP, R5F1016CASP, R5F1016DASP, R5F1016EASP R5F1006ADSP, R5F1006CDSP, R5F1006DDSP, R5F1006EDSP R5F1016ADSP, R5F1016CDSP, R5F1016DDSP, R5F1016EDSP R5F1006AGSP, R5F1006CGSP, R5F1006DGSP, R5F1006EGSP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LSSOP20-0300-0.65	PLSP0020JC-A	S20MC-65-5A4-3	0.12



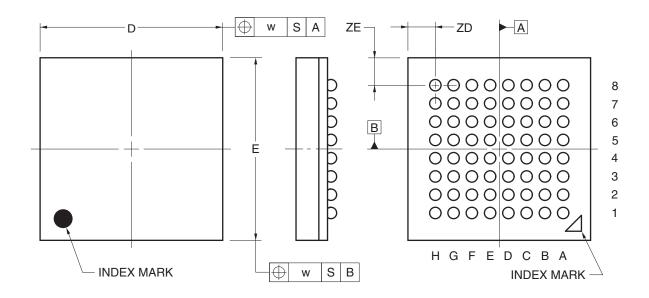
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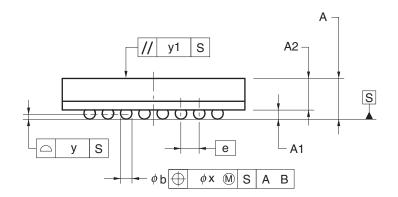
R5F100LCABG, R5F100LDABG, R5F100LEABG, R5F100LFABG, R5F100LGABG, R5F100LHABG, R5F100LJABG

R5F101LCABG, R5F101LDABG, R5F101LEABG, R5F101LFABG, R5F101LGABG, R5F101LHABG, R5F101LJABG

R5F100LCGBG, R5F100LDGBG, R5F100LEGBG, R5F100LFGBG, R5F100LGGBG, R5F100LHGBG, R5F100LJGBG

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-VFBGA64-4x4-0.40	PVBG0064LA-A	P64F1-40-AA2-2	0.03





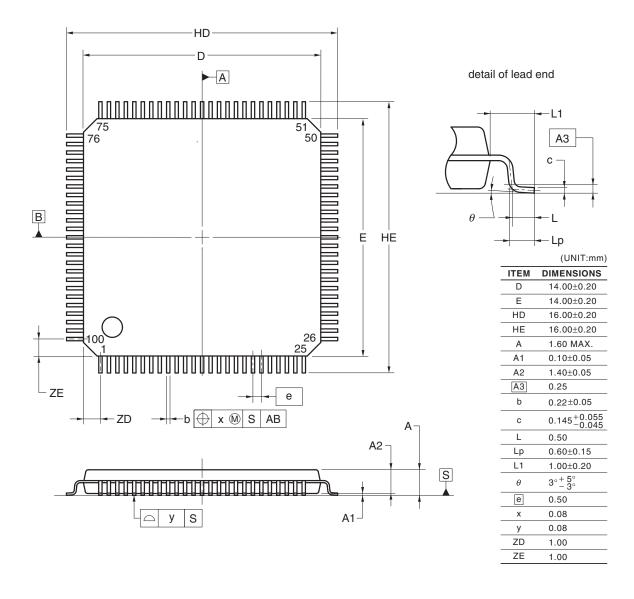
	(UNIT:mm)
ITEM	DIMENSIONS
D	4.00±0.10
E	4.00±0.10
w	0.15
Α	0.89±0.10
Α1	0.20±0.05
A2	0.69
е	0.40
b	0.25±0.05
х	0.05
У	0.08
y1	0.20
ZD	0.60
ZE	0.60

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4.13 100-pin Products

R5F100PFAFB, R5F100PGAFB, R5F100PHAFB, R5F100PJAFB, R5F100PKAFB, R5F100PLAFB R5F101PFAFB, R5F101PGAFB, R5F101PHAFB, R5F101PJAFB, R5F101PKAFB, R5F101PLAFB R5F100PFDFB, R5F100PGDFB, R5F100PHDFB, R5F100PJDFB, R5F100PKDFB, R5F101PGDFB, R5F101PGDFB, R5F101PJDFB, R5F101PJDFB, R5F101PLDFB R5F100PFGFB, R5F100PGGFB, R5F100PHGFB, R5F100PJGFB

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LFQFP100-14x14-0.50	PLQP0100KE-A	P100GC-50-GBR-1	0.69



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