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#### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

#### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

##### Details

Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	15
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	1.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 4x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-LSSOP (0.173", 4.40mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-LSSOP
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21324cnsp-u0">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21324cnsp-u0</a>

**Table 1.2 Specifications for R8C/32C Group (2)**

Item	Function	Specification
Serial Interface	UART0 UART2	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART, I <sup>2</sup> C mode (I <sup>2</sup> C-bus), multiprocessor communication function
Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU)		1 (shared with I <sup>2</sup> C-bus)
I <sup>2</sup> C bus		1 (shared with SSU)
LIN Module		Hardware LIN: 1 (timer RA, UART0)
A/D Converter		10-bit resolution × 4 channels, includes sample and hold function, with sweep mode
Comparator B		2 circuits
Flash Memory		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Programming and erasure voltage: VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V</li> <li>• Programming and erasure endurance: 10,000 times (data flash) 1,000 times (program ROM)</li> <li>• Program security: ROM code protect, ID code check</li> <li>• Debug functions: On-chip debug, on-board flash rewrite function</li> <li>• Background operation (BGO) function</li> </ul>
Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage		f(XIN) = 20 MHz (VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 5 MHz (VCC = 1.8 to 5.5 V)
Current consumption		<p>Typ. 6.5 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz)      Typ. 3.5 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz)      Typ. 3.5 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz))      Typ. 2.0 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)</p>
Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D version) <sup>(1)</sup>
Package		20-pin LSSOP Package code: PLSP0020JB-A (previous code: 20P2F-A)

Note:

- Specify the D version if D version functions are to be used.

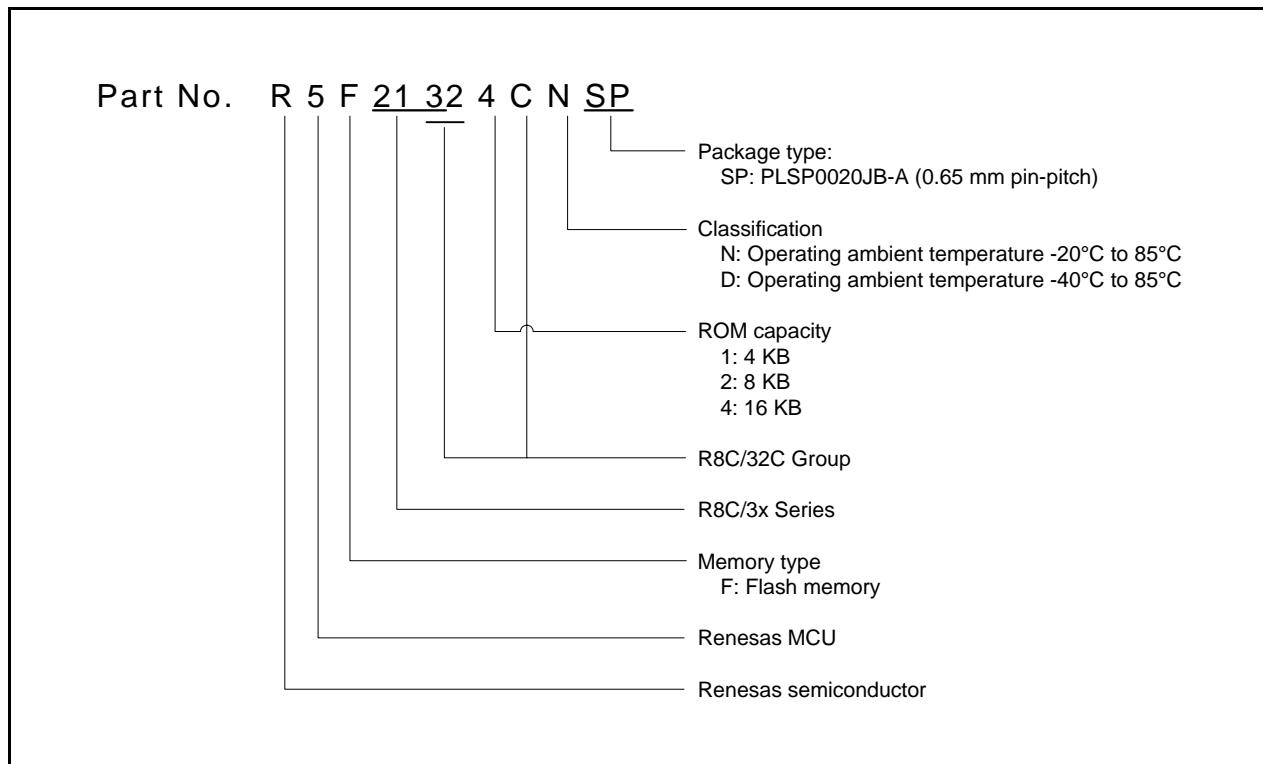
## 1.2 Product List

Table 1.3 lists Product List for R8C/32C Group, and Figure 1.1 shows a Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/32C Group.

**Table 1.3 Product List for R8C/32C Group**

**Current of Aug 2010**

Part No.	ROM Capacity		RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks
	Program ROM	Data flash			
R5F21321CNSP	4 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	512 bytes	PLSP0020JB-A	N version
R5F21322CNSP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1 Kbyte	PLSP0020JB-A	
R5F21324CNSP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1.5 Kbytes	PLSP0020JB-A	
R5F21321CDSP	4 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	512 bytes	PLSP0020JB-A	D version
R5F21322CDSP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1 Kbyte	PLSP0020JB-A	
R5F21324CDSP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1.5 Kbytes	PLSP0020JB-A	



**Figure 1.1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/32C Group**

### 1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.2 shows a Block Diagram.

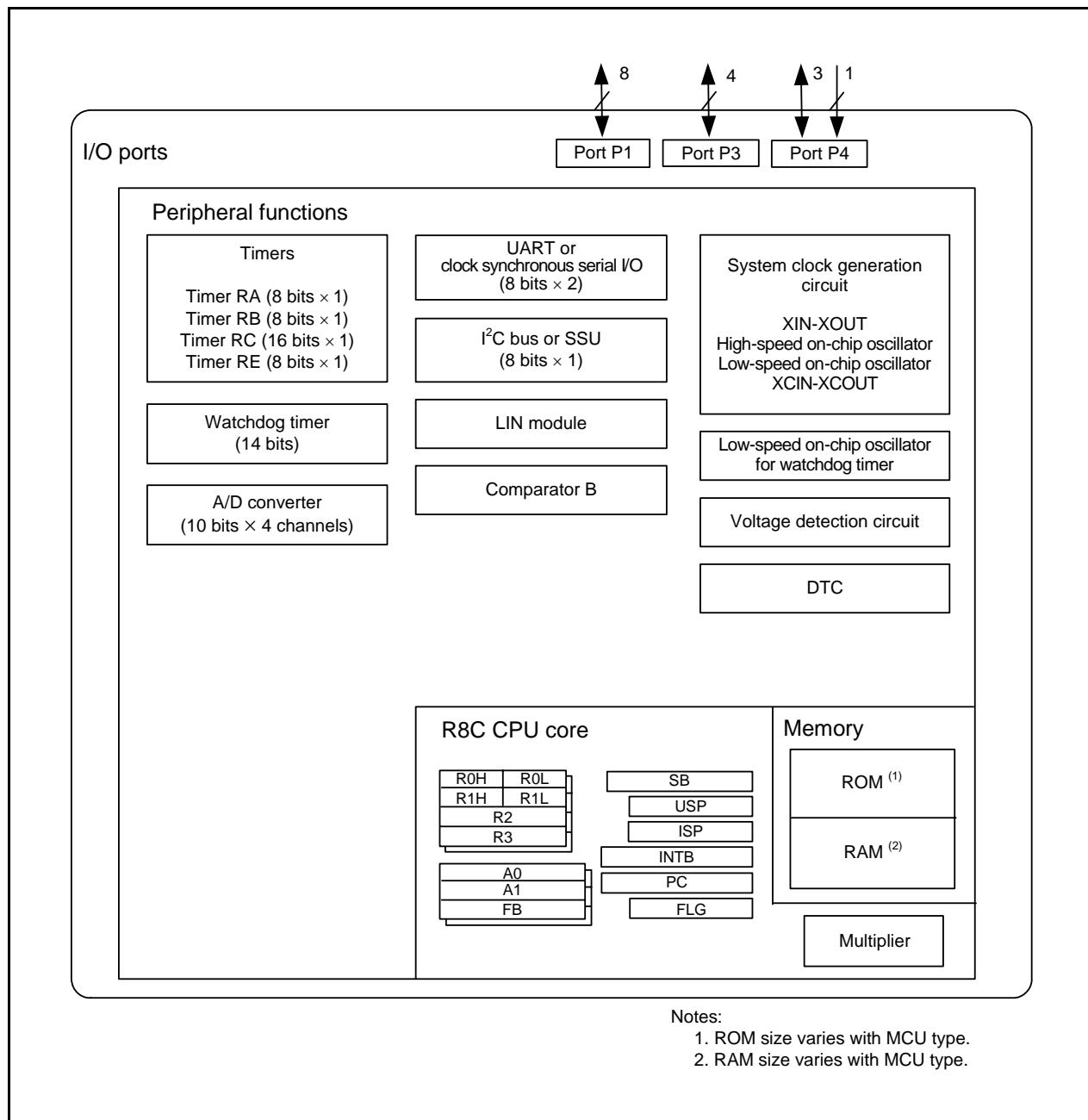


Figure 1.2 Block Diagram

## 1.4 Pin Assignment

Figure 1.3 shows Pin Assignment (Top View). Table 1.4 outlines the Pin Name Information by Pin Number.

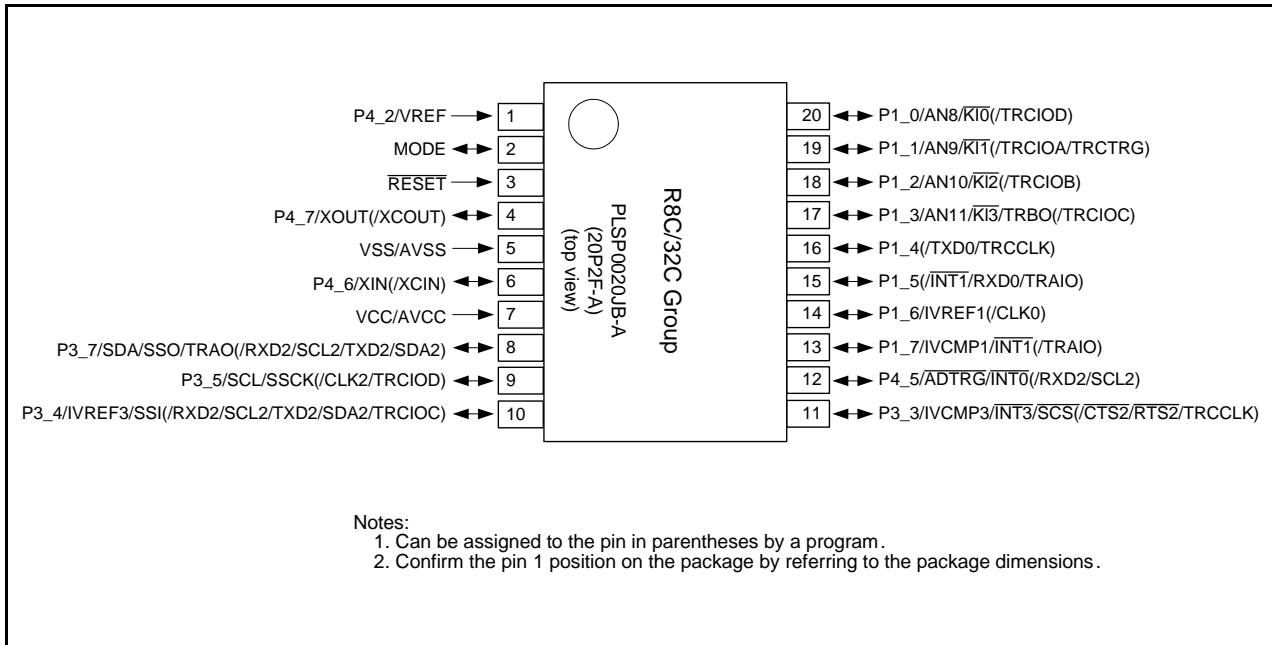
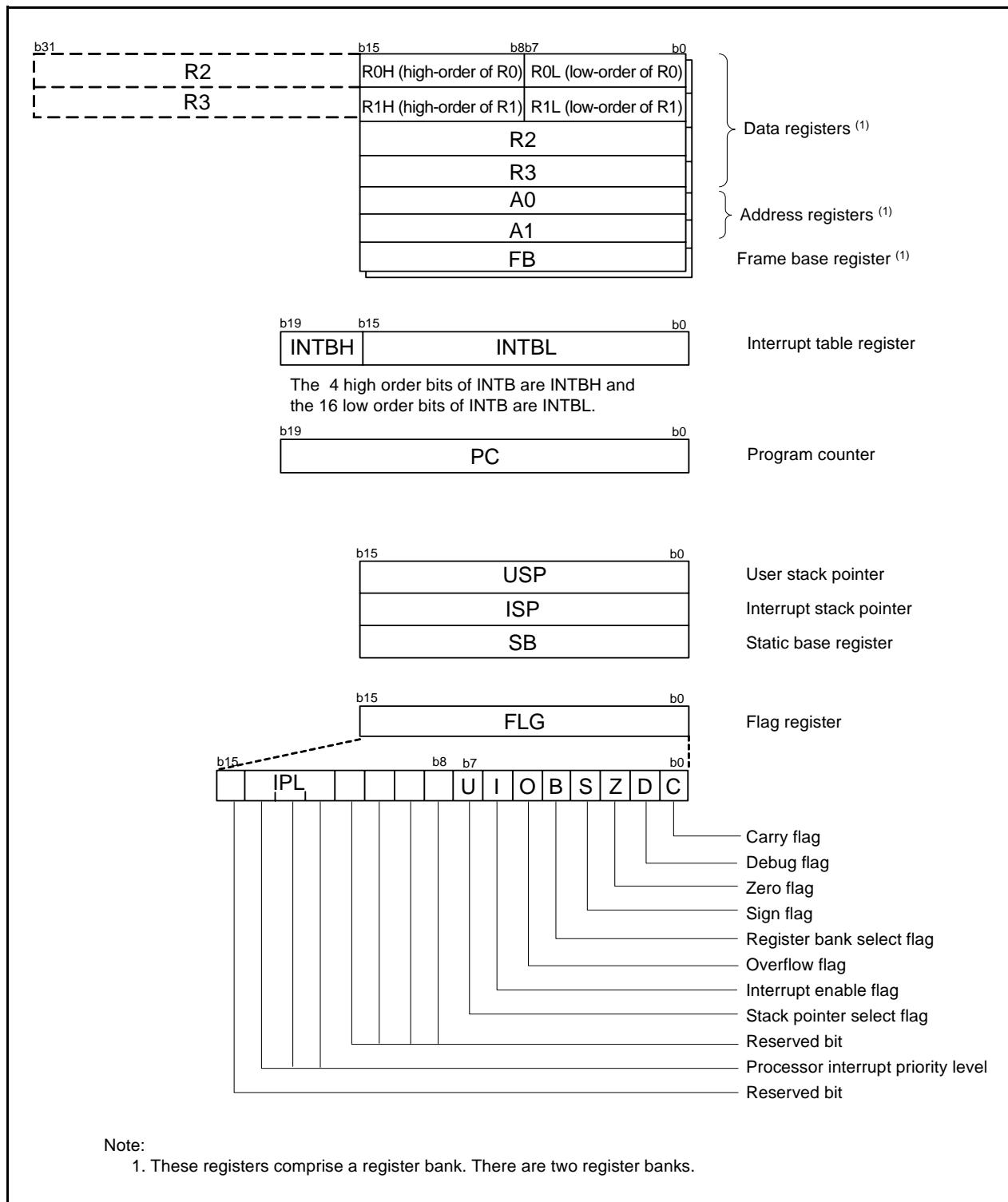


Figure 1.3 Pin Assignment (Top View)

## 2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU Registers. The CPU contains 13 registers. R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1, and FB configure a register bank. There are two sets of register bank.



**Figure 2.1 CPU Registers**

### 2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables maskable interrupts.

Interrupts are disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

### 2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1.

The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers 0 to 31 is executed.

### 2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL is 3 bits wide and assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7.

If a requested interrupt has higher priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

### 2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.

## 4. Special Function Registers (SFRs)

An SFR (special function register) is a control register for a peripheral function. Tables 4.1 to 4.12 list the special function registers and Table 4.13 lists the ID Code Areas and Option Function Select Area.

**Table 4.1 SFR Information (1) (1)**

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0000h			
0001h			
0002h			
0003h			
0004h	Processor Mode Register 0	PM0	00h
0005h	Processor Mode Register 1	PM1	00h
0006h	System Clock Control Register 0	CM0	00101000b
0007h	System Clock Control Register 1	CM1	00100000b
0008h	Module Standby Control Register	MSTCR	00h
0009h	System Clock Control Register 3	CM3	00h
000Ah	Protect Register	PRCR	00h
000Bh	Reset Source Determination Register	RSTFR	0XXXXXXXb (2)
000Ch	Oscillation Stop Detection Register	OCD	00000100b
000Dh	Watchdog Timer Reset Register	WDTR	Xxh
000Eh	Watchdog Timer Start Register	WDTS	Xxh
000Fh	Watchdog Timer Control Register	WDTC	00111111b
0010h			
0011h			
0012h			
0013h			
0014h			
0015h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 7	FRA7	When shipping
0016h			
0017h			
0018h			
0019h			
001Ah			
001Bh			
001Ch	Count Source Protection Mode Register	CSPR	00h 10000000b (3)
001Dh			
001Eh			
001Fh			
0020h			
0021h			
0022h			
0023h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 0	FRA0	00h
0024h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 1	FRA1	When shipping
0025h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 2	FRA2	00h
0026h	On-Chip Reference Voltage Control Register	OCVREFCR	00h
0027h			
0028h	Clock Prescaler Reset Flag	CPSRF	00h
0029h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 4	FRA4	When Shipping
002Ah	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 5	FRA5	When Shipping
002Bh	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6	FRA6	When Shipping
002Ch			
002Dh			
002Eh			
002Fh	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 3	FRA3	When shipping
0030h	Voltage Monitor Circuit Control Register	CMPA	00h
0031h	Voltage Monitor Circuit Edge Select Register	VCAC	00h
0032h			
0033h	Voltage Detect Register 1	VCA1	00001000b
0034h	Voltage Detect Register 2	VCA2	00h (4) 00100000b (5)
0035h			
0036h	Voltage Detection 1 Level Select Register	VD1LS	00000111b
0037h			
0038h	Voltage Monitor 0 Circuit Control Register	VW0C	1100X010b (4) 1100X011b (5)
0039h	Voltage Monitor 1 Circuit Control Register	VW1C	10001010b

X: Undefined

Notes:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.
2. The CWR bit in the RSTFR register is set to 0 after power-on and voltage monitor 0 reset. Hardware reset, software reset, or watchdog timer reset does not affect this bit.
3. The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is set to 0.
4. The LVDAS bit in the OFS register is set to 1.
5. The LVDAS bit in the OFS register is set to 0.

**Table 4.9 SFR Information (9) (1)**

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2C00h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C01h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C02h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C03h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C04h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C05h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C06h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C07h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C08h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C09h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C0Ah	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
:	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
:	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Ah	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Bh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Ch	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Dh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Eh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Fh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C40h	DTC Control Data 0	DTCD0	XXh
2C41h			XXh
2C42h			XXh
2C43h			XXh
2C44h			XXh
2C45h			XXh
2C46h			XXh
2C47h			XXh
2C48h	DTC Control Data 1	DTCD1	XXh
2C49h			XXh
2C4Ah			XXh
2C4Bh			XXh
2C4Ch			XXh
2C4Dh			XXh
2C4Eh			XXh
2C4Fh			XXh
2C50h	DTC Control Data 2	DTCD2	XXh
2C51h			XXh
2C52h			XXh
2C53h			XXh
2C54h			XXh
2C55h			XXh
2C56h			XXh
2C57h			XXh
2C58h	DTC Control Data 3	DTCD3	XXh
2C59h			XXh
2C5Ah			XXh
2C5Bh			XXh
2C5Ch			XXh
2C5Dh			XXh
2C5Eh			XXh
2C5Fh			XXh
2C60h	DTC Control Data 4	DTCD4	XXh
2C61h			XXh
2C62h			XXh
2C63h			XXh
2C64h			XXh
2C65h			XXh
2C66h			XXh
2C67h			XXh
2C68h	DTC Control Data 5	DTCD5	XXh
2C69h			XXh
2C6Ah			XXh
2C6Bh			XXh
2C6Ch			XXh
2C6Dh			XXh
2C6Eh			XXh
2C6Fh			XXh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

**Table 4.11 SFR Information (11)<sup>(1)</sup>**

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2CB0h	DTC Control Data 14	DTCD14	XXh
2CB1h			XXh
2CB2h			XXh
2CB3h			XXh
2CB4h			XXh
2CB5h			XXh
2CB6h			XXh
2CB7h			XXh
2CB8h			XXh
2CB9h	DTC Control Data 15	DTCD15	XXh
2CBAh			XXh
2CBBh			XXh
2CBCh			XXh
2CBDh			XXh
2CBEh			XXh
2CBFh			XXh
2CC0h			XXh
2CC1h	DTC Control Data 16	DTCD16	XXh
2CC2h			XXh
2CC3h			XXh
2CC4h			XXh
2CC5h			XXh
2CC6h			XXh
2CC7h			XXh
2CC8h	DTC Control Data 17	DTCD17	XXh
2CC9h			XXh
2CCAh			XXh
2CCBh			XXh
2CCCh			XXh
2CCDh			XXh
2CCEh			XXh
2CCFh			XXh
2CD0h	DTC Control Data 18	DTCD18	XXh
2CD1h			XXh
2CD2h			XXh
2CD3h			XXh
2CD4h			XXh
2CD5h			XXh
2CD6h			XXh
2CD7h	DTC Control Data 19	DTCD19	XXh
2CD8h			XXh
2CD9h			XXh
2CDAh			XXh
2CDBh			XXh
2CDCh			XXh
2CDDh			XXh
2CDEh			XXh
2CDFh	DTC Control Data 20	DTCD20	XXh
2CE0h			XXh
2CE1h			XXh
2CE2h			XXh
2CE3h			XXh
2CE4h			XXh
2CE5h			XXh
2CE6h	DTC Control Data 21	DTCD21	XXh
2CE7h			XXh
2CE8h			XXh
2CE9h			XXh
2CEAh			XXh
2CEBh			XXh
2CECh			XXh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

**Table 4.12 SFR Information (12) (1)**

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2CF0h	DTC Control Data 22	DTCD22	XXh
2CF1h			XXh
2CF2h			XXh
2CF3h			XXh
2CF4h			XXh
2CF5h			XXh
2CF6h			XXh
2CF7h			XXh
2CF8h			XXh
2CF9h	DTC Control Data 23	DTCD23	XXh
2CFAh			XXh
2CFBh			XXh
2CFCh			XXh
2CFDh			XXh
2CFEh			XXh
2CFFh			XXh
2D00h			XXh
:			
2FFFh			

X: Undefined

Note:

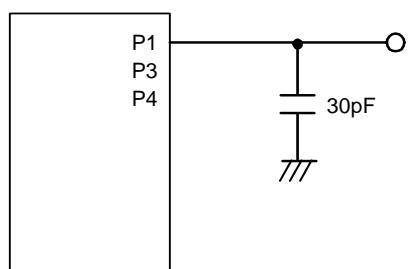
1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

**Table 4.13 ID Code Areas and Option Function Select Area**

Address	Area Name	Symbol	After Reset
:			
FFDBh	Option Function Select Register 2	OFS2	(Note 1)
:			
FFDFh	ID1		(Note 2)
:			
FFE3h	ID2		(Note 2)
:			
FFEBh	ID3		(Note 2)
:			
FFEFh	ID4		(Note 2)
:			
FFF3h	ID5		(Note 2)
:			
FFF7h	ID6		(Note 2)
:			
FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 1)

Notes:

1. The option function select area is allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program.  
Do not write additions to the option function select area. If the block including the option function select area is erased, the option function select area is set to FFh.  
When blank products are shipped, the option function select area is set to FFh. It is set to the written value after written by the user.  
When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the option function select area is the value programmed by the user.
2. The ID code areas are allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program.  
Do not write additions to the ID code areas. If the block including the ID code areas is erased, the ID code areas are set to FFh.  
When blank products are shipped, the ID code areas are set to FFh. They are set to the written value after written by the user.  
When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the ID code areas is the value programmed by the user.



**Figure 5.1 Ports P1, P3, P4 Timing Measurement Circuit**

**Table 5.3 A/D Converter Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Standard			Unit	
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
-	Resolution	$V_{ref} = AV_{cc}$		-	-	10	Bit	
-	Absolute accuracy	10-bit mode	$V_{ref} = AV_{cc} = 5.0\text{ V}$	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	$\pm 3$ LSB	
			$V_{ref} = AV_{cc} = 3.3\text{ V}$	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	$\pm 5$ LSB	
			$V_{ref} = AV_{cc} = 3.0\text{ V}$	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	$\pm 5$ LSB	
			$V_{ref} = AV_{cc} = 2.2\text{ V}$	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	$\pm 5$ LSB	
		8-bit mode	$V_{ref} = AV_{cc} = 5.0\text{ V}$	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	$\pm 2$ LSB	
			$V_{ref} = AV_{cc} = 3.3\text{ V}$	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	$\pm 2$ LSB	
			$V_{ref} = AV_{cc} = 3.0\text{ V}$	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	$\pm 2$ LSB	
			$V_{ref} = AV_{cc} = 2.2\text{ V}$	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	$\pm 2$ LSB	
$\phi_{AD}$	A/D conversion clock		$4.0\text{ V} \leq V_{ref} = AV_{cc} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ (2)		2	-	20 MHz	
			$3.2\text{ V} \leq V_{ref} = AV_{cc} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ (2)		2	-	16 MHz	
			$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{ref} = AV_{cc} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ (2)		2	-	10 MHz	
			$2.2\text{ V} \leq V_{ref} = AV_{cc} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ (2)		2	-	5 MHz	
-	Tolerance level impedance					-	$3\text{ k}\Omega$	
tconv	Conversion time	10-bit mode	$V_{ref} = AV_{cc} = 5.0\text{ V}, \phi_{AD} = 20\text{ MHz}$		2.2	-	$\mu\text{s}$	
		8-bit mode	$V_{ref} = AV_{cc} = 5.0\text{ V}, \phi_{AD} = 20\text{ MHz}$		2.2	-	$\mu\text{s}$	
tsamp	Sampling time	$\phi_{AD} = 20\text{ MHz}$		0.8	-	-	$\mu\text{s}$	
IVref	Vref current	$V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}, XIN = f_1 = \phi_{AD} = 20\text{ MHz}$		-	45	-	$\mu\text{A}$	
Vref	Reference voltage					2.2	-	$AV_{cc}$
VIA	Analog input voltage (3)					0	-	$V_{ref}$
OCVREF	On-chip reference voltage	$2\text{ MHz} \leq \phi_{AD} \leq 4\text{ MHz}$		1.19	1.34	1.49	V	

Notes:

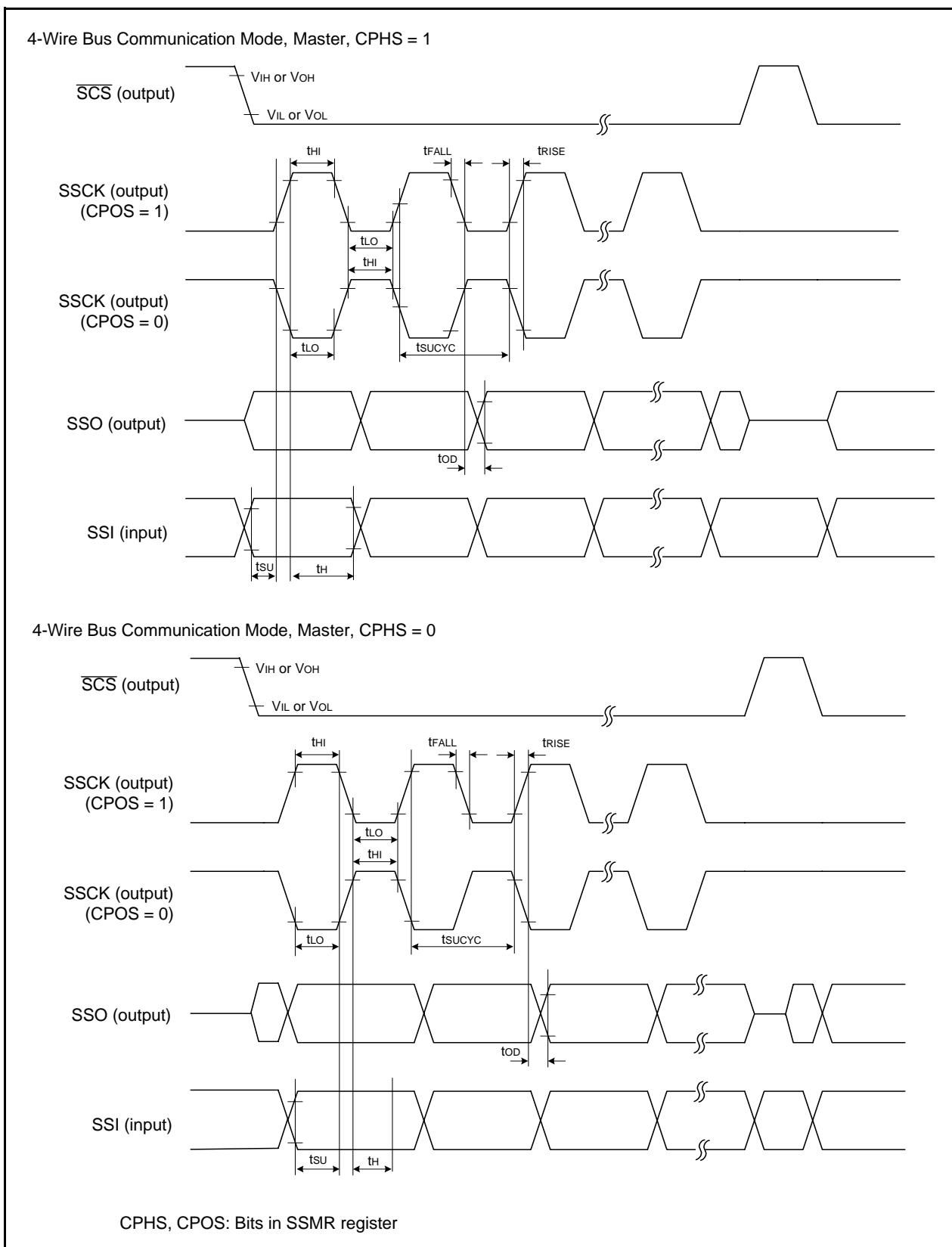
1.  $V_{cc}/AV_{cc} = V_{ref} = 2.2$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{ss} = 0\text{ V}$  and  $T_{opr} = -20$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  (N version) /  $-40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. The A/D conversion result will be undefined in wait mode, stop mode, when the flash memory stops, and in low-current-consumption mode. Do not perform A/D conversion in these states or transition to these states during A/D conversion.
3. When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

**Table 5.4 Comparator B Electrical Characteristics**

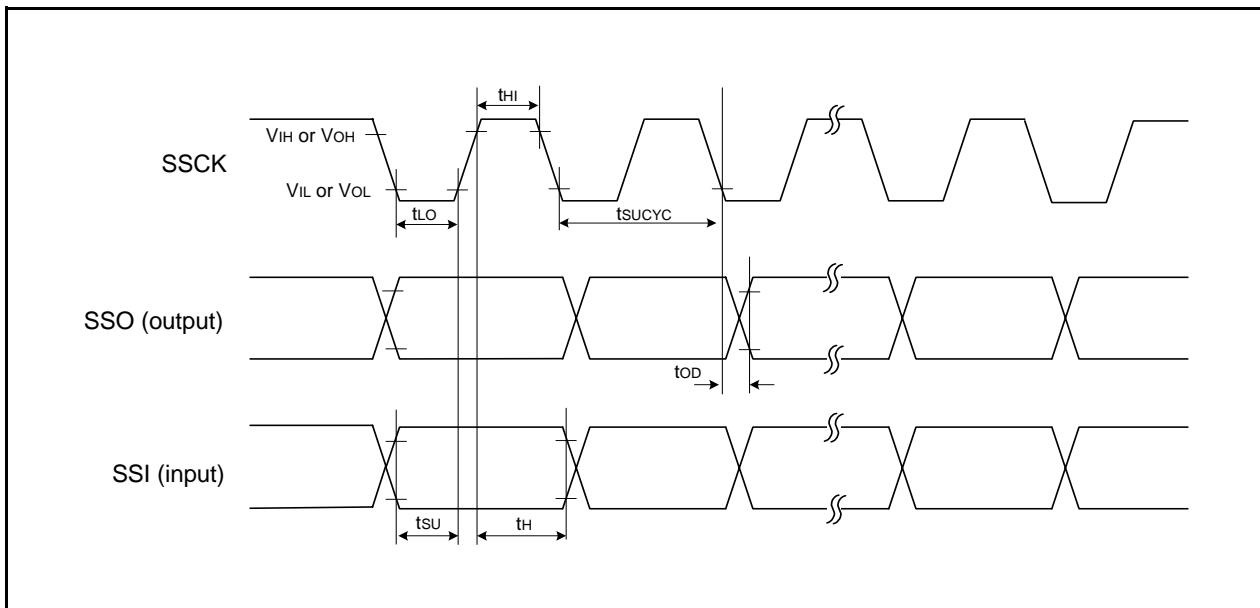
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vref	IVREF1, IVREF3 input reference voltage		0	-	$V_{cc} - 1.4$	V
Vi	IVCMP1, IVCMP3 input voltage		-0.3	-	$V_{cc} + 0.3$	V
-	Offset		-	5	100	$\text{mV}$
td	Comparator output delay time (2)	$Vi = V_{ref} \pm 100\text{ mV}$	-	0.1	-	$\mu\text{s}$
Icmp	Comparator operating current	$V_{cc} = 5.0\text{ V}$	-	17.5	-	$\mu\text{A}$

Notes:

1.  $V_{cc} = 2.7$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_{opr} = -20$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  (N version) /  $-40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. When the digital filter is disabled.



**Figure 5.4 I/O Timing of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (Master)**



**Figure 5.6 I/O Timing of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (Clock Synchronous Communication Mode)**

**Table 5.16 Electrical Characteristics (1) [4.2 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V]**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit		
			Min.	Typ.	Max.			
VOH	Output "H" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High Vcc = 5 V	IOH = -20 mA	Vcc - 2.0	-	Vcc	V
			Drive capacity Low Vcc = 5 V	IOH = -5 mA	Vcc - 2.0	-	Vcc	V
	XOUT	Vcc = 5 V		IOH = -200 μA	1.0	-	Vcc	V
VOL	Output "L" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High Vcc = 5 V	IOL = 20 mA	-	-	2.0	V
			Drive capacity Low Vcc = 5 V	IOL = 5 mA	-	-	2.0	V
	XOUT	Vcc = 5 V		IOL = 200 μA	-	-	0.5	V
VT+VT-	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRBO, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD, TRCTRG, TRCCLK, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD2, CLK0, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	1.2	-	V
		RESET			0.1	1.2	-	V
I <sub>IIH</sub>	Input "H" current	VI = 5 V, Vcc = 5.0 V	-	-	5.0	μA		
I <sub>IIL</sub>	Input "L" current	VI = 0 V, Vcc = 5.0 V	-	-	-5.0	μA		
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Pull-up resistance	VI = 0 V, Vcc = 5.0 V	25	50	100	kΩ		
R <sub>XIN</sub>	Feedback resistance	XIN		-	0.3	-	MΩ	
R <sub>XCIN</sub>	Feedback resistance	XCIN		-	8	-	MΩ	
V <sub>RAM</sub>	RAM hold voltage	During stop mode	1.8	-	-	V		

Note:

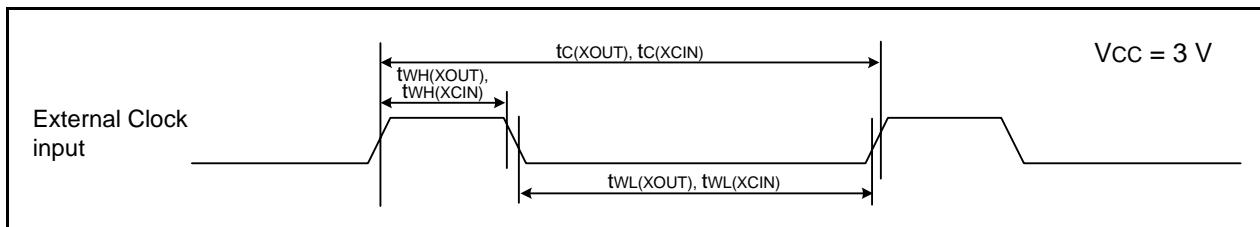
1. 4.2 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

**Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (4) [2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 3.3 V]  
(Topr = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)**

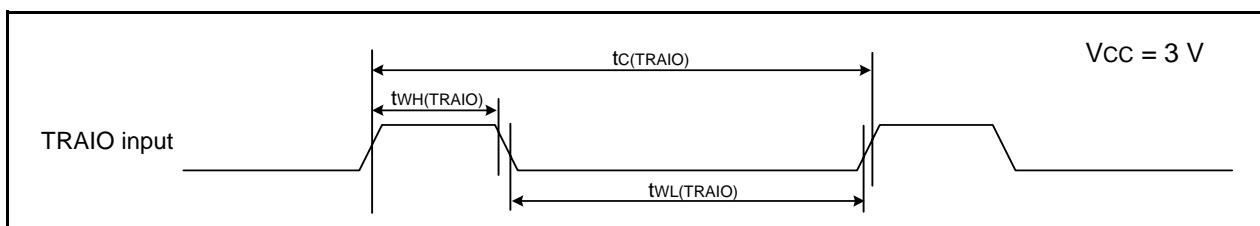
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are Vss	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	3.5	10	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	1.5	7.5	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	7.0	15	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	3.0	–	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	4.0	–	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	1.5	–	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 4 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-16 MSTIIC = MSTTRD = MSTTRC = 1	–	1	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	–	90	390	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	–	80	400	µA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1	–	40	–	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1	–	15	90	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (peripheral clock off) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1	–	4	80	µA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	3.5	–	µA
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	2.0	5.0	µA

**Timing requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified:  $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$  at  $T_{OPR} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**Table 5.24 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_C(XOUT)$	XOUT input cycle time	50	—	ns
$t_{WH}(XOUT)$	XOUT input "H" width	24	—	ns
$t_{WL}(XOUT)$	XOUT input "L" width	24	—	ns
$t_C(XCIN)$	XCIN input cycle time	14	—	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{WH}(XCIN)$	XCIN input "H" width	7	—	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{WL}(XCIN)$	XCIN input "L" width	7	—	$\mu\text{s}$

**Figure 5.12 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when  $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$** **Table 5.25 TRAIO Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_C(TRAIO)$	TRAIO input cycle time	300	—	ns
$t_{WH}(TRAIO)$	TRAIO input "H" width	120	—	ns
$t_{WL}(TRAIO)$	TRAIO input "L" width	120	—	ns

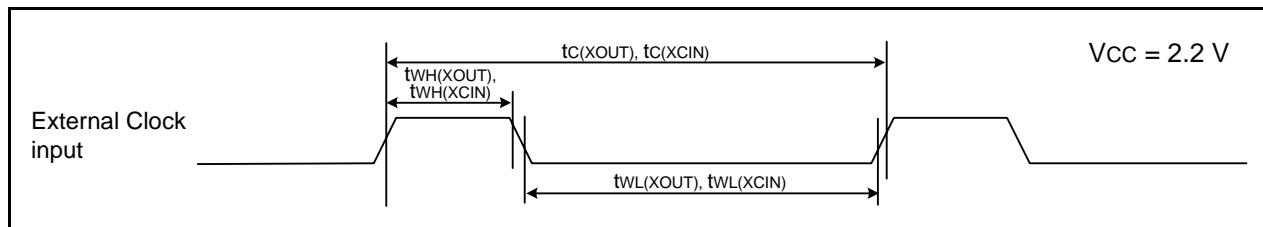
**Figure 5.13 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when  $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$**

**Timing requirements**

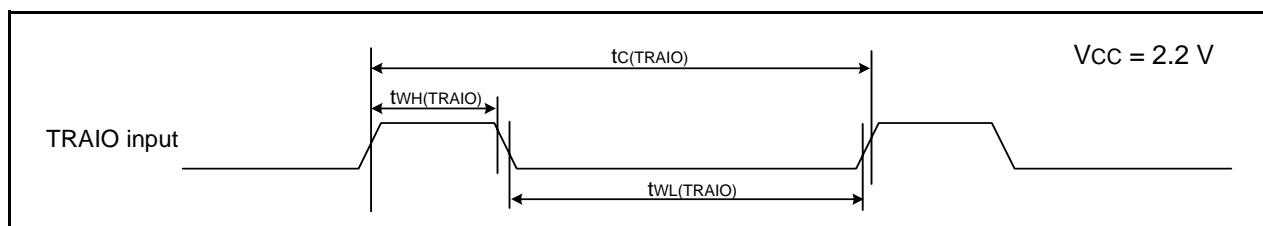
(Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 2.2 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = 25°C)

**Table 5.30 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(XOUT)	XOUT input cycle time	200	—	ns
tWH(XOUT)	XOUT input "H" width	90	—	ns
tWL(XOUT)	XOUT input "L" width	90	—	ns
tc(XCIN)	XCIN input cycle time	14	—	μs
tWH(XCIN)	XCIN input "H" width	7	—	μs
tWL(XCIN)	XCIN input "L" width	7	—	μs

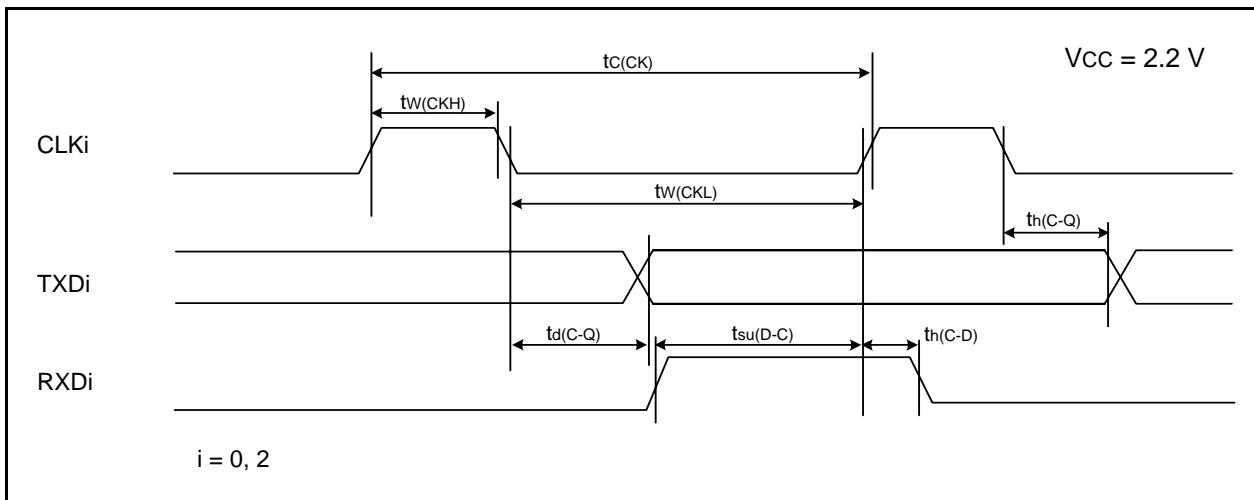
**Figure 5.16 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when  $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$** **Table 5.31 TRAIO Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	500	—	ns
tWH(TRAIO)	TRAIO input "H" width	200	—	ns
tWL(TRAIO)	TRAIO input "L" width	200	—	ns

**Figure 5.17 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when  $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$**

**Table 5.32 Serial Interface**

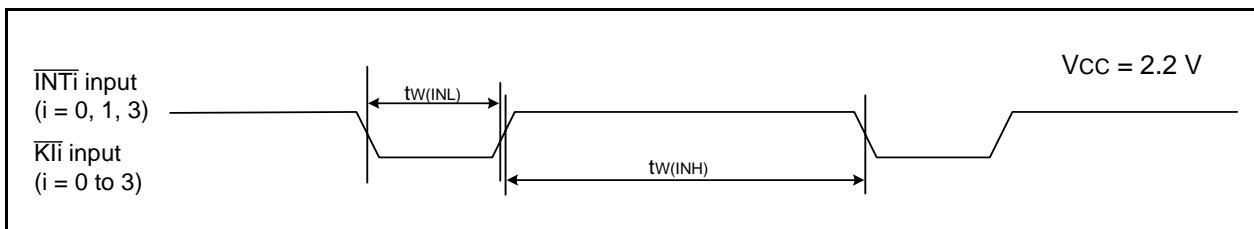
Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{C(CK)}$	CLK <i>i</i> input cycle time	800	—	ns
$t_{W(CKH)}$	CLK <i>i</i> input "H" width	400	—	ns
$t_{W(CKL)}$	CLK <i>i</i> input "L" width	400	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TX <i>D</i> <i>i</i> output delay time	—	200	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TX <i>D</i> <i>i</i> hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RX <i>D</i> <i>i</i> input setup time	150	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RX <i>D</i> <i>i</i> input hold time	90	—	ns

 $i = 0, 2$ **Figure 5.18 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when  $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$** **Table 5.33 External Interrupt  $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$  ( $i = 0, 1, 3$ ) Input, Key Input Interrupt  $\overline{\text{K}}_i$  ( $i = 0$  to 3)**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{W(INH)}$	$\overline{\text{INT}}_i$ input "H" width, $\overline{\text{K}}_i$ input "H" width	1000 (1)	—	ns
$t_{W(INL)}$	$\overline{\text{INT}}_i$ input "L" width, $\overline{\text{K}}_i$ input "L" width	1000 (2)	—	ns

Notes:

- When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$  input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency  $\times$  3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
- When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$  input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency  $\times$  3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

**Figure 5.19 Input Timing for External Interrupt  $\overline{\text{INT}}_i$  and Key Input Interrupt  $\overline{\text{K}}_i$  when  $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$**

## Package Dimensions

Diagrams showing the latest package dimensions and mounting information are available in the “Packages” section of the Renesas Electronics website.

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS[Typ.]
P-LSSOP20-4.4x6.5-0.65	PLSP0020JB-A	20P2F-A	0.1g

The technical drawings include:

- Top View:** Shows a rectangular package with 20 pins. Pin 1 is at the bottom left, indicated by an arrow and labeled "Index mark". Pins are numbered 1 through 20 along the top edge. A central circular feature is labeled "E".
- Side View:** Shows the package in perspective. Dimensions include height  $H_E$ , width  $D$ , thickness  $e$ , lead spacing  $y$ , lead thickness  $b_p$ , and lead angle  $\theta$ . A callout "Detail F" points to the lead profile.
- Detail F:** A magnified view of a single lead showing lead length  $A_2$ , lead pitch  $A_1$ , and lead angle  $\theta$ .

**NOTE)**

1. DIMENSIONS \*\*1\*\* AND \*\*2\*\* DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
2. DIMENSION \*\*3\*\* DOES NOT INCLUDE TRIM OFFSET.

Reference Symbol	Dimension in Millimeters		
	Min	Nom	Max
D	6.4	6.5	6.6
E	4.3	4.4	4.5
A <sub>2</sub>	—	1.15	—
A	—	—	1.45
A <sub>1</sub>	0	0.1	0.2
b <sub>p</sub>	0.17	0.22	0.32
c	0.13	0.15	0.2
$\theta$	0°	—	10°
H <sub>E</sub>	6.2	6.4	6.6
e	0.53	0.65	0.77
y	—	—	0.10
L	0.3	0.5	0.7