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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	41
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21206jfp-u1

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

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## R8C/20 Group, R8C/21 Group RENESAS MCU

REJ03B0120-0200 Rev.2.00 Aug 27, 2008

#### 1. Overview

This MCU is built using the high-performance silicon gate CMOS process using the R8C CPU core and is packaged in a 48-pin plastic molded LQFP. This MCU operates using sophisticated instructions featuring a high level of instruction efficiency. With 1 Mbyte of address space, it is capable of executing instructions at high speed. This Furthermore, the data flash (1 KB x 2 blocks) is embedded in the R8C/21 Group.

The difference between R8C/20 and R8C/21 Groups is only the existence of the data flash. Their peripheral functions are the same.

#### 1.1 Applications

Automotive, etc.



#### 1.2 Performance Overview

Table 1.1 outlines the Functions and Specifications for R8C/20 Group and Table 1.2 outlines the Functions and Specifications for R8C/21 Group.

Table 1.1 Functions and Specifications for R8C/20 Group

	Item .	Specification
CPU	Number of fundamental instructions	
The state of the s	Minimum instruction execution time	50 ns (f(XIN) = 20 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V)
		100 ns (f(XIN) = 10 MHz, VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V)
	Operating mode	Single-chip
	Address space	1 Mbyte
Ī	Memory capacity	Refer to Table 1.3 Product Information for R8C/20 Group
Peripheral	Ports	I/O ports: 41 pins, Input port: 3 pins
Function	Timers	Timer RA: 8 bits x 1 channel,
		Timer RB: 8 bits x 1 channel
		(Each timer equipped with 8-bit prescaler)
		Timer RD: 16 bits x 2 channel
		(Circuits of input capture and output compare)
_		Timer RE: With compare match function
	Serial interface	1 channel (UARTO)
		Clock synchronous I/O, UART
		1 channel (UART1)
<u> </u>		UART
	Clock synchronous serial interface	1 channel
		I <sup>2</sup> C bus interface <sup>(2)</sup> , Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip
		select
	LIN module	Hardware LIN: 1 channel
<u> </u>	A //D	(timer RA, UARTO)
	A/D converter	10-bit A/D converter: 1 circuit, 12 channels
	Watchdog timer	15 bits x 1 channel (with prescaler)
		Reset start selectable
	Interrupt	Internal: 11 sources, External: 5 sources, Software: 4 sources, Priority level: 7 levels
	Clock generation circuits	2 circuits
		XIN clock generation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor)
		On-chip oscillator (high speed, low speed)
		High-speed on-chip oscillator has frequency adjustment
	Ossillation atom datastics	function.
	Oscillation stop detection function	Stop detection of XIN clock oscillation
	Voltage detection circuit	On ohin
	Power-on reset circuit include	On-chip On-chip
		· ·
	Supply voltage	VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 20 MHz)(J version) VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 16 MHz)(K version)
Characteristics		VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 16 MHz)(K Version)
<u> </u>	Current consumption	Typ. 11.0 mA (VCC = 5 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz, High-speed on-
	Current consumption	chip oscillator stopping)
		Typ. 5.3 mA (VCC = 5 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz, High-speed on-chip
		oscillator stopping)
Flash Memory	Programming and erasure voltage	1 V(:1: = 2 / to 5 5 V
- 1	Programming and erasure voltage	VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V
	Programming and erasure endurance	100 times
<u> </u>	Programming and erasure endurance	100 times -40 to 85°C
	Programming and erasure endurance	100 times

- 1. When using options, be sure to inquire about the specification.
- 2. I<sup>2</sup>C bus is a registered trademark of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V.



#### 1.4 Product Information

Table 1.3 lists Product Information for R8C/20 Group and Table 1.4 lists Product Information for R8C/21 Group.

Table 1.3 Product Information for R8C/20 Group

Current of Aug. 2008

Type No.	ROM Capacity	RAM Capacity	Package Type	Rer	narks
R5F21206JFP	32 Kbytes	2 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A	J version	Flash memory
R5F21207JFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		version
R5F21208JFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120AJFP	96 Kbytes	5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120CJFP	128 Kbytes <sup>(1)</sup>	6 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F21206KFP	32 Kbytes	2 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A	K version	
R5F21207KFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F21208KFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120AKFP	96 Kbytes	5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120CKFP	128 Kbytes <sup>(1)</sup>	6 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		

#### NOTE:

1. Do not use addresses 20000h to 23FFFh because these areas are used for the emulator debugger. Refer to **23. Notes on Emulator Debugger** of Hardware Manual.

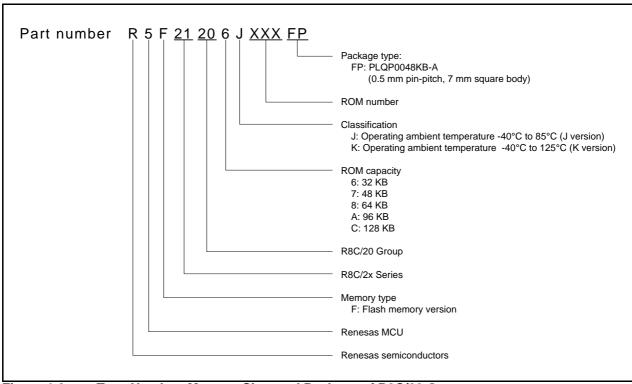


Figure 1.2 Type Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/20 Group

Table 1.4 Product Information for R8C/21 Group

#### Current of Aug. 2008

Type No.	ROM Capacity		RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks		
Type No.	Program ROM	Data Flash	INAINI Capacity	r ackage Type	IX-CITIC	aiks	
R5F21216JFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	2 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A	J version	Flash	
R5F21217JFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		memory	
R5F21218JFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		version	
R5F2121AJFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A			
R5F2121CJFP	128 Kbytes <sup>(1)</sup>	1 Kbyte X 2	6 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A			
R5F21216KFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	2 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A	K version		
R5F21217KFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A			
R5F21218KFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A			
R5F2121AKFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A			
R5F2121CKFP	128 Kbytes <sup>(1)</sup>	1 Kbyte X 2	6 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A			

#### NOTE:

1. Do not use addresses 20000h to 23FFFh because these areas are used for the emulator debugger. Refer to **23. Notes on Emulator Debugger** of Hardware Manual.

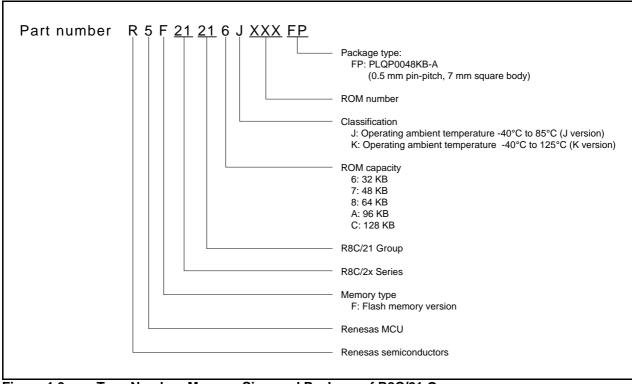


Figure 1.3 Type Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/21 Group

## 1.6 Pin Functions

Table 1.5 lists the Pin Functions and Table 1.6 lists the Pin Name Information by Pin Number.

Table 1.5 Pin Functions

Type	Symbol	I/O Type	Description
Power Supply Input	VCC VSS	I	Apply 2.7 V to 5.5 V to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Analog Power Supply Input	AVCC, AVSS	I	Applies the power supply for the A/D converter. Connect a capacitor between AVCC and AVSS.
Reset Input	RESET	I	Input "L" on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
XIN Clock Input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for the XIN clock generation
XIN Clock Output	XOUT	0	circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between the XIN and XOUT pins. To use an externally derived clock, input it to the XIN pin and leave the XOUT pin open.
INT Interrupt Input	INTO to INT3	I	INT interrupt input pins. INTO Timer RD input pins. INTO Timer RA input pins.
Key Input Interrupt	KI0 to KI3	I	Key input interrupt input pins.
Timer RA	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin.
	TRAO	0	Timer RA output pin.
Timer RB	TRBO	0	Timer RB output pin.
Timer RD	TRDIOA0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB0, TRDIOB1, TRDIOC0, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1	I/O	Timer RD I/O ports.
	TRDCLK	I	External clock input pin.
Timer RE	TREO	0	Divided clock output pin.
Serial Interface	CLK0	I/O	Transfer clock I/O pin.
	RXD0, RXD1	I	Serial data input pins.
	TXD0, TXD1	0	Serial data output pins.
I <sup>2</sup> C Bus Interface	SCL	I/O	Clock I/O pin.
	SDA	I/O	Data I/O pin.
Clock Synchronous	SSI	I/O	Data I/O pin.
Serial I/O with Chip	SCS	I/O	Chip-select signal I/O pin.
Select	SSCK	I/O	Clock I/O pin.
	SSO	I/O	Data I/O pin.
Reference Voltage Input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to A/D converter.
A/D Converter	AN0 to AN11	I	Analog input pins to A/D converter.
I/O Port	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0, P3_1, P3_3 to P3_5, P3_7, P4_3 to P4_5, P6_0 to P6_7	I/O	CMOS I/O ports. Each port contains an input/output select direction register, allowing each pin in that port to be directed for input or output individually.  Any port set to input can select whether to use a pull-up resistor or not by a program.
Input Port	P4_2, P4_6, P4_7	I	Input only ports.

I: Input

O: Output

I/O: Input and output



Pin Name Information by Pin Number Table 1.6

				I/O Pin Fu	ınctions foi	of Peripheral Modules	3	
Pin	Control Pin	Port			Serial	Clock Synchronous	I <sup>2</sup> C Bus	A/D
Number	Control i iii	1 OIL	Interrupt	Timer	Interface	Serial I/O	Interface	Converter
					interiace	with Chip Select		Conventer
1		P3_5				SSCK	SCL	
2		P3_3				SSI		
3		P3_4				SCS	SDA	
4	MODE							
5		P4_3						
6		P4_4						
7	RESET							
8	XOUT	P4_7						
9	VSS/AVSS							
10	XIN	P4_6						
11	VCC/AVCC							
12		P2_7		TRDIOD1				
13		P2_6		TRDIOC1				
14		P2_5		TRDIOB1				
15		P2_4		TRDIOA1				
16		P2_3		TRDIOD0				
17		P2_2		TRDIOC0				
18		P2_1		TRDIOB0				
19		P2_0		TRDIOA0/TRDCLK				
20		P1_7	INT1	TRAIO				
21		P1_6	IINIII	110.00	CLK0			
22		P1_5	( <del>1) (2)</del>	(TRAIO) <sup>(1)</sup>	RXD0			
			(INT1) <sup>(1)</sup>	(TRAIO)(1)				
23		P1_4			TXD0			4 5 1 4 4
24		P1_3	KI3					AN11
25		P4_5	INT0	ĪNT0				
26		P6_6	INT2		TXD1			
27		P6_7	INT3		RXD1			
28		P1_2	KI2					AN10
29		P1_1	KI1					AN9
								AN8
30		P1_0	KI0					AN8
31		P3_1		TRBO				
32		P3_0		TRAO				
33		P6_5						
34		P6_4						
35		P6_3						ANIO
36		P0_7						AN0
37		P0_6						AN1
38		P0_5						AN2
39	\/D==	P0_4						AN3
40	VREF	P4_2		TDEC				
41		P6_0		TREO				
42		P6_2						
43		P6_1						ANIA
44		P0_3						AN4
45		P0_2						AN5
46		P0_1						AN6
47		P0_0				SSO		AN7
48 NOTE:		P3_7				33U	<u> </u>	

NOTE:

1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.



### 2.1 Data Registers (R0, R1, R2 and R3)

R0 is a 16-bit register for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. The same applies to R1 to R3.

R0 can be split into high-order bit (R0H) and low-order bit (R0L) to be used separately as 8-bit data registers. The same applies to R1H and R1L as R0H and R0L. R2 can be combined with R0 to be used as a 32-bit data register (R2R0). The same applies R3R1 as R2R0.

#### 2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

A0 is a 16-bit register for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. They also are used for transfer, arithmetic and logic operations. The same applies to A1 as A0.

A1 can be combined with A0 to be used a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

### 2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is a 16-bit register for FB relative addressing.

## 2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB, a 20-bit register, indicates the start address of an interrupt vector table.

#### 2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC, 20 bits wide, indicates the address of an instruction to be executed.

#### 2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

The stack pointer (SP), USP and ISP, are 16 bits wide each.

The U flag of FLG is used to switch between USP and ISP.

#### 2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is a 16-bit register for SB relative addressing.

#### 2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG is a 11-bit register indicating the CPU status.

## 2.8.1 Carry Flag (C)

The C flag retains a carry, borrow, or shift-out bit that has occurred in the arithmetic and logic unit.

#### 2.8.2 Debug Flag (D)

The D flag is for debug only. Set to 0.

#### 2.8.3 **Zero Flag (Z)**

The Z flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation resulted in 0; otherwise, 0.

#### 2.8.4 Sign Flag (S)

The S flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation resulted in a negative value; otherwise, 0.

#### 2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B)

The register bank 0 is selected when the B flag is 0. The register bank 1 is selected when this flag is set to 1.

#### 2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O)

The O flag is set to 1 when the operation resulted in an overflow; otherwise, 0.



#### 3.2 R8C/21 Group

Figure 3.2 shows a Memory Map of R8C/21 Group. The R8C/21 Group has 1 Mbyte of address space from address 00000h to FFFFFh.

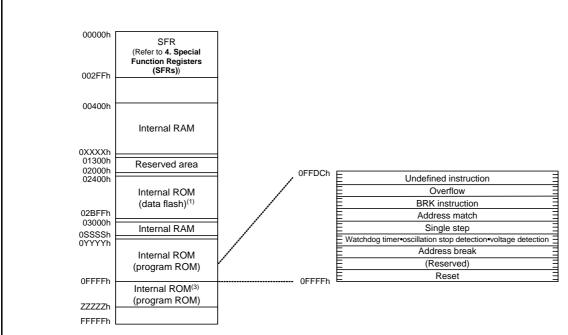
The internal ROM (program ROM) is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 48-Kbyte internal ROM is allocated addresses 04000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal ROM (data flash) is allocated addresses 02400h to 02BFFh.

The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 2.5-Kbyte internal RAM is allocated addresses 00400h to 00DFFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFR) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated them. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.



#### NOTES:

- 1. Data flash block A (1 Kbyte) and B (1 Kbyte) are shown.
- 2. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions
- Do not use addresses 20000h to 23FFFh because these areas are used for the emulator debugger. Refer to 23. Notes on Emulator Debugger of Hardware Manual.

Dord M. selver		Internal ROM			Internal RAM			
Part Number	Size	Address 0YYYYh	Address ZZZZZh	Size	Address 0XXXXh	Address 0SSSSh		
R5F21216JFP, R5F21216KFP	32 Kbytes	08000h	-	2 Kbytes	00BFFh	-		
R5F21217JFP, R5F21217KFP	48 Kbytes	04000h	-	2.5 Kbytes	00DFFh	-		
R5F21218JFP, R5F21218KFP	64 Kbytes	04000h	13FFFh	3 Kbytes	00FFFh	-		
R5F2121AJFP, R5F2121AKFP	96 Kbytes	04000h	1BFFFh	5 Kbytes	00FFFh	037FFh		
R5F2121CJFP, R5F2121CKFP	128 Kbytes	04000h	23FFFh	6 Kbytes	00FFFh	03BFFh		

Figure 3.2 Memory Map of R8C/21 Group

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SFR Information (3)<sup>(1)</sup> Table 4.3

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0080h		-,	
0081h			
0082h			
0083h			
0084h			
0085h			
0086h			
0087h			
0088h			
0089h			
008Ah			
008Bh			
008Ch			
008Dh			
008Eh			
008Fh			
0090h			
0091h			
0092h			
0093h			
0094h 0095h			
0095h 0096h			1
0096h			
009711 0098h			
0099h			
0099h			
009Bh			
009Ch			
009Dh			
009Eh			
009Fh			
00A0h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U0MR	00h
00A1h	UARTO Bit Rate Register	U0BRG	XXh
00A2h	UART0 Transmit Buffer Register	U0TB	XXh
00A3h			XXh
00A4h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U0C0	00001000b
00A5h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U0C1	00000010b
00A6h	UART0 Receive Buffer Register	U0RB	XXh
00A7h			XXh
00A8h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
00A9h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
00AAh	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	XXh
00ABh	LIADTA Teconomit/December Construit Decisions Co	114.00	XXh
00ACh 00ADh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0 UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C0 U1C1	00001000b 00000010b
00ADh 00AEh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1  UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
00AEn	OARTH RECEIVE DUILE REGISTER	JIND	XXh
00B0h			7931
00B0H			
00B1H			
00B3h			
00B4h			
00B5h			
00B6h			
00B7h			
00B8h	SS Control Register H/IIC Bus Control Register 1 <sup>(2)</sup>	SSCRH/ICCR1	00h
00B9h	SS Control Register L/IIC Bus Control Register 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	SSCRL/ICCR2	01111101b
00BAh	SS Mode Register/IIC Bus Mode Register 1(2)	SSMR/ICMR	00011000b
00BBh	SS Enable Register/IIC Bus Interrupt Enable Register <sup>(2)</sup>	SSER/ICIER	00h
00BCh	SS Status Register/IIC Bus Status Register <sup>(2)</sup>	SSSR/ICSR	00h/0000X000b
00BDh	SS Mode Register 2/Slave Address Register <sup>(2)</sup>	SSMR2/SAR	00h
00BEh	SS Transmit Data Register/IIC Bus Transmit Data Register <sup>(2)</sup>	SSTDR/ICDRT	FFh
00BFh	SS Receive Data Register/IIC Bus Receive Data Register <sup>(2)</sup>	SSRDR/ICDRR	FFh
	Too house of bala hogistoning bala houself bala hogiston	1 - 2	T

#### X: Undefined

- The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
   Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.

SFR Information (5)<sup>(1)</sup> Table 4.5

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h	Ü		
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
0103h	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010An	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
	Timer RB Prescaler Register		
010Ch		TRBPRE	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh			
0110h			
0111h			
0112h			
0113h			
0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			<u> </u>
0117h	Timer RE Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Counter Data Register  Timer RE Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
	Timer NE Compare Data Register	IREIVIIN	UUN
011Ah			
011Bh			
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Count Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh			
0120h			
0121h			
0122h			
0123h			
0124h			
0125h			
0125h			
0127h			
0128h			
0129h			
012Ah			
012Bh			
012Ch			
012Dh			
012Eh			
012Fh			
0130h			
0131h			
0131h			
0132h			+
0134h			
0135h			
0136h			
0137h	Timer RD Start Register	TRDSTR	11111100b
0138h	Timer RD Mode Register	TRDMR	00001110b
0139h	Timer RD PWM Mode Register	TRDPMR	10001000b
013Ah	Timer RD Function Control Register	TRDFCR	1000000b
013Bh	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1	TRDOER1	FFh
013Ch	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 2	TRDOER2	01111111b
013Dh	Timer RD Output Control Register	TRDOCR	00h
0.0011			
013Eh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 0	TRDDF0	00h

X: Undefined

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

SFR Information (6)<sup>(1)</sup> Table 4.6

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0140h	Timer RD Control Register 0	TRDCR0	00h
0141h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A0	TRDIORA0	10001000b
0142h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C0	TRDIORC0	10001000b
0143h	Timer RD Status Register 0	TRDSR0	11100000b
0144h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 0	TRDIER0	11100000b
0145h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 0	TRDPOCR0	11111000b
0146h	Timer RD Counter 0	TRD0	00h
0147h	7		00h
0148h	Timer RD General Register A0	TRDGRA0	FFh
0149h	7		FFh
014Ah	Timer RD General Register B0	TRDGRB0	FFh
014Bh			FFh
014Ch	Timer RD General Register C0	TRDGRC0	FFh
014Dh			FFh
014Eh	Timer RD General Register D0	TRDGRD0	FFh
014Fh			FFh
0150h	Timer RD Control Register 1	TRDCR1	00h
0151h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A1	TRDIORA1	10001000b
0152h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C1	TRDIORC1	10001000b
0153h	Timer RD Status Register 1	TRDSR1	11000000b
0154h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 1	TRDIER1	11100000b
0155h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 1	TRDPOCR1	11111000b
0156h	Timer RD Counter 1	TRD1	00h
0157h			00h
0158h	Timer RD General Register A1	TRDGRA1	FFh
0159h	T	T000004	FFh
015Ah	Timer RD General Register B1	TRDGRB1	FFh
015Bh	T 000 10 11 01	TDD0004	FFh
015Ch	Timer RD General Register C1	TRDGRC1	FFh
015Dh 015Eh	Times DD Conord Deviator D4	TDDCDD4	FFh FFh
015En	Timer RD General Register D1	TRDGRD1	
UISFII			FFh
01B0h	1	T	
01B0H			
01B1II			
01B3h	Flash Memory Control Register 4	FMR4	01000000b
01B3h		1 WILLY	31000000
01B5h	Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	1000000Xb
01B6h	and the state of t		
01B7h	Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	00000001b
01B8h	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
01B9h			
01BAh			
01BBh			
01BCh			
01BDh			
01BEh			
01BFh			
	•	•	•
FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 2)

#### X: Undefined

- The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
   The OFS register cannot be changed by a program. Use a flash programmer to write to it.

Table 5.5 Flash Memory (Data Flash Block A, Block B) Electrical Characteristics<sup>(4)</sup>

Cumbal	Parameter	Conditions		Unit		
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
-	Program/erase endurance <sup>(2)</sup>		10,000(3)	_	-	times
=	Byte program time (Program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		=	50	400	μS
_	Byte program time (Program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		_	65	_	μS
=	Block erase time (Program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		=	0.2	9	S
=	Block erase time (Program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		=	0.3	-	S
td(SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until erase suspend		=	-	97 + CPU clock × 6 cycle	μS
_	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	-	_	μS
=	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	-	_	ns
_	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		_	-	3 + CPU clock × 4 cycle	μS
_	Program, erase voltage		2.7	_	5.5	V
_	Read voltage		2.7	_	5.5	V
_	Program, erase temperature		-40	-	85(8)	°C
-	Data hold time <sup>(9)</sup>	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	-	_	year

- 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V at Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
  - The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
  - If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 10,000), each block can be erased  $n \times 10^{-1}$  times.
  - For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one. However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
- 3. MInimum endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
- 4. Standard of block A and block B when program and erase endurance exceeds 1,000 times. Byte program time to 1,000 times are the same as that in program ROM.
- 5. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure endurance can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. In addition, averaging the erasure endurance between blocks A and B can further reduce the actual erasure endurance. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
- 6. If error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
- 7. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
- 8. 125°C for K version.
- 9. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

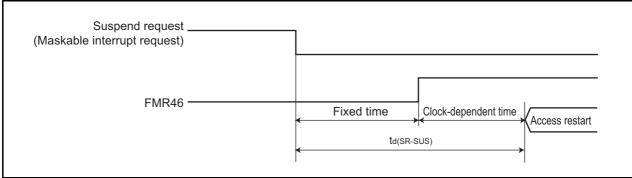


Figure 5.2 Time delay until Suspend

Table 5.6 Voltage Detection 1 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
Syllibol	Farameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vdet1	Voltage detection level <sup>(3, 4)</sup>		2.70	2.85	3.00	V
td(Vdet1-A)	Voltage monitor 1 reset generation time <sup>(5)</sup>		_	40	200	μS
=	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	=	0.6	=	μΑ
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts <sup>(2)</sup>		-	=	100	μS
Vccmin	MCU operating voltage minimum value		2.70	-	-	V

#### NOTES:

- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.7 V to 5.5 V and Topr = -40°C to 85°C (J version) / -40°C to 125°C (K version).
- 2. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
- 3. Hold Vdet2 > Vdet1.
- 4. This parameter shows the voltage detection level when the power supply drops. The voltage detection level when the power supply rises is higher than the voltage detection level when the power supply drops by approximately 0.1 V.
- 5. Time until the voltage monitor 1 reset is generated after the voltage passes V<sub>det1</sub> when V<sub>CC</sub> falls. When using the digital filter, its sampling time is added to td(V<sub>det1-A</sub>). When using the voltage monitor 1 reset, maintain this time until V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V after the voltage passes V<sub>det1</sub> when the power supply falls.

Table 5.7 Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
Symbol	Farameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oill
Vdet2	Voltage detection level <sup>(4)</sup>		3.3	3.6	3.9	V
td(Vdet2-A)	Voltage monitor 2 reset/interrupt request generation time <sup>(2, 5)</sup>		=	40	200	μS
=	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, Vcc = 5.0V	=	0.6	=	μΑ
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts <sup>(3)</sup>		=	=	100	μS

- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.7 V to 5.5 V and  $Topr = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (J version) /  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$  (K version).
- 2. Time until the voltage monitor 2 reset/interrupt request is generated since the voltage passes Vdet2.
- 3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
- 4. Hold Vdet2 > Vdet1.
- 5. When using the digital filter, its sampling time is added to td(Vdet2-A). When using the voltage monitor 2 reset, maintain this time until Vcc = 2.0 V after the voltage passes Vdet2 when the power supply falls.



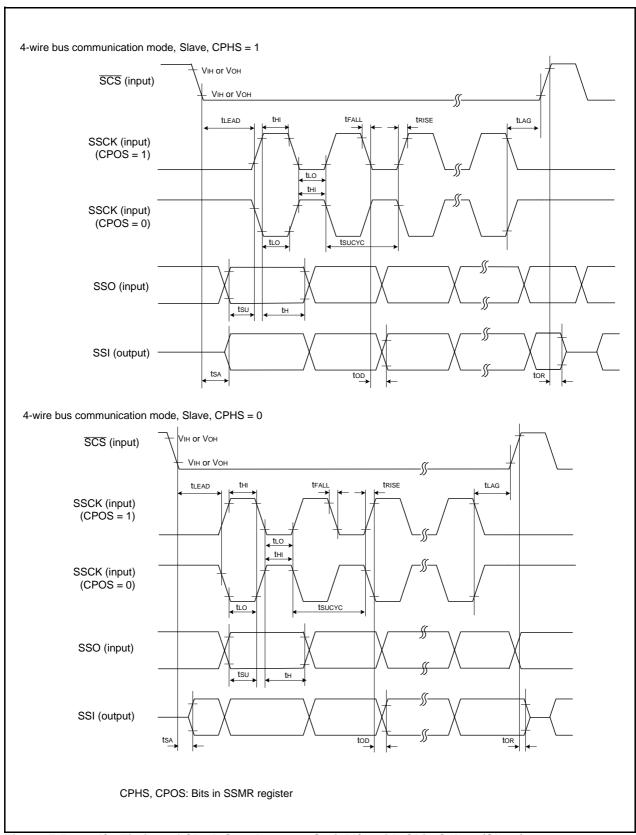


Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Slave)

Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V] **Table 5.15** (Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), Unless Otherwise Specified.)

Cumhal	Doromotor		Condition		Standard	d	1154
Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) In single-chip mode, the output pins are	High-clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	11.0	22.0	mA
	open and other pins are Vss		XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	_	8.8	17.6	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	5.8	_	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8		5.0		mA
			XIN = 16MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	=	3.8	-	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	2.8	_	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	5.8	11.6	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO= 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	2.5		mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8 FMR47 = 1	-	143	286	μА
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA20 = 0 VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	_	53	106	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA20 = 0 VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	_	38	76	μА
		Stop mode Topr = 25°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	=	0.8	3.0	μА
		Stop mode Topr = 85°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	_	1.2	-	μА
		Stop mode Topr = 125°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	_	4.0	-	μА

Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc = 3 V] **Table 5.21** (Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), Unless Otherwise Specified.)

Symbol	Parameter  Power supply current (Vcc = 2.7 to 3.3 V) In single-chip mode, the output pins are open and other pins are Vss	Condition		Standard			Unit
				Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
		High-clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	_	10.5	21.0	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division		8.3	16.6	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	5.3	10.6	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	=	4.5	-	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	_	3.3	_	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	2.3	_	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	I	5.6	11.2	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	_	2.4		mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8 FMR47 = 1	-	138	276	μА
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA20 = 0 VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	_	48	96	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA20 = 0 VCA26 = VCA27 = 0		35	70	μА
		Stop mode Topr = 25°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	=	0.7	3.0	μА
		Stop mode Topr = 85°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	-	1.1	_	μА
		Stop mode Topr = 125°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	-	3.8	_	μА

**Table 5.24 Serial Interface** 

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
	r alametei	Min.	Max.	Unit	
tc(CK)	CLK0 input cycle time 300 -				
tw(ckh)	CLK0 input "H" width 150 –				
tW(CKL)	CLK0 input "L" width 150 –				
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time – 80				
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time 0 -				
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time 70 –				
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time 90 -			ns	

i = 0 or 1

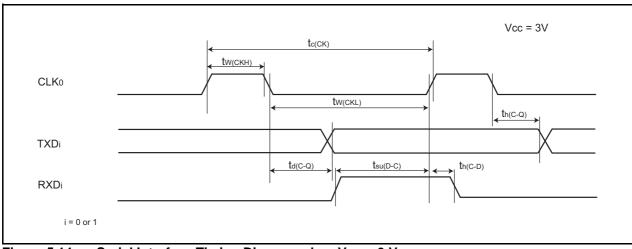
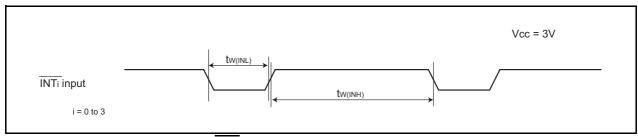


Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

External Interrupt INTi (i = 0 to 3) Input **Table 5.25** 

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
Symbol			Max.	Unit	
tW(INH)	INTi input "H" width 380 <sup>(1)</sup> –				
tW(INL)	INTi input "L" width   380 <sup>(2)</sup>   -				

- 1. When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{\text{INTi}}$  input filter select bit, use the  $\overline{\text{INTi}}$  input HIGH width to the greater value, either (1/digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.
- 2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use the INTi input LOW width to the greater value, either (1/digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.



External Interrupt INTi Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V (i = 0 to 3) Figure 5.15

# R8C/20 Group, R8C/21 Group Datasheet

Rev.	Date	Description		
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary	
0.20	Sep 29, 2005	20	Table 4.6 SFR Information (6) revised - 0145h: POCR0 → TRDPOCR0 - 0146h, 0147h: TRDCNT0 → TRD0 - 0148h, 0149h: GRA0 → TRDGRA0 - 014Ah, 014Bh: GRB0 → TRDGRB0 - 014Ch, 014Dh: GRC0 → TRDGRC0 - 014Eh, 014Fh: GRD0 → TRDGRD0 - 0155h: POCR1 -> TRDPOCR1 - 0156h, 0157h: TRDCNT1 → TRD1 - 0158h, 0159h: GRA1 → TRDGRA1 - 015Ah, 015Bh: GRB1 → TRDGRB1 - 015Ch, 015Th: GRC1 → TRDGRC1 - 015Eh, 015Fh: GRD1 → TRDGRD1	
		22	5. Electrical Characteristics added	
1.00	Nov 15, 2006	All pages	"Preliminary" and "Under development" deleted	
		2	Table 1.1 Functions and Specifications for R8C/20 Group revised. NOTE1 deleted.	
		3	Table 1.2 Functions and Specifications for R8C/21 Group revised. NOTE1 deleted.	
		5	Table 1.3 Product Information for R8C/20 Group;  "R5F2120AJFP (D)", "R5F2120CJFP (D)", "R5F2120AKFP (D)",  "R5F2120CKFP (D)", and NOTE added.  Figure 1.2 Type Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/20 Group;  "A: 96 KB" and "C: 128 KB" added.	
		6	Table 1.4 Product Information for R8C/21 Group; "R5F2121AJFP (D)", "R5F2121CJFP (D)", "R5F2121AKFP (D)", "R5F2121CKFP (D)", and NOTE added. Figure 1.3 Type Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/21 Group; "A: 96 KB" and "C: 128 KB" added.	
		13	Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/20 Group revised.	
		14	Figure 3.2 Memory Map of R8C/21 Group revised.	
		15	Table 4.1 SFR Information (1) <sup>(1)</sup> ;  NOTE8; "The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is set to 0."  → "The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is 0." revised.	
		21	Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings; Power dissipation revised.  Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions; System clock revised.	
		26	Table 5.8 Voltage Monitor 1 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics  → Table 5.8 Power-on Reset Circuit, Voltage Monitor 1 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup> replaced.  Table 5.8 revised.  NOTE3 added.  Table 5.9 Power-on Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics deleted.  Figure 5.3 Power-on Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics revised.	
		27	Table 5.10 High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics → Table 5.9 High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics revised.	

## **REVISION HISTORY**

## R8C/20 Group, R8C/21 Group Datasheet

Rev.	Date		Description
Nev.	Date	Page	Summary
1.00	1.00 Nov 15, 2006		Table 5.15 Electrical Characteristics (1) [VCC = 5 V]  → Table 5.14 Electrical Characteristics (1) [VCC = 5 V] revised.  RAM Hold Voltage, Min.; "1.8" → "2.0" corrected.
		34	Table 5.16 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V]  → Table 5.15 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V] revised.  Wait mode revised.
		37	Table 5.21 Electrical Characteristics (3) [VCC = 3 V → Table 5.20 Electrical Characteristics (3) [VCC = 3 V] revised. RAM hold voltage, Min.;"1.8" → "2.0" corrected.
		38	Table 5.22 Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc = 3 V]  → Table 5.21 Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc = 3 V] revised.  Wait mode revised.
2.00	Aug 27, 2008	_	"RENESAS TECHNICAL UPDATE" reflected: TN-16C-A172A/E
		5, 6	Table 1.3, Table 1.4 revised Figure 1.2, Figure 1.3; ROM number "XXX" added
		13, 14	Figure 3.1, Figure 3.2; "Expanding area" deleted
		21	Table 5.2; NOTE2 revised
		23	Table 5.4; NOTE2 and NOTE4 revised
		24	Table 5.5; NOTE2 and NOTE5 revised
		25	Table 5.6; "td(Vdet1-A)" added, NOTE5 added Table 5.7; "td(Vdet2-A)" and NOTE2 revised, NOTE5 added
		26	Table 5.8; "trth" and NOTE2 revised Figure 5.3 revised

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