



Welcome to E-XFL.COM

What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

E·XFI

Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	41
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	3K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21208jfp-u1

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Notice

- 1. All information included in this document is current as of the date this document is issued. Such information, however, is subject to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using any Renesas Electronics products listed herein, please confirm the latest product information with a Renesas Electronics sales office. Also, please pay regular and careful attention to additional and different information to be disclosed by Renesas Electronics such as that disclosed through our website.
- Renesas Electronics does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
- 3. You should not alter, modify, copy, or otherwise misappropriate any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part.
- 4. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation of these circuits, software, and information in the design of your equipment. Renesas Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
- 5. When exporting the products or technology described in this document, you should comply with the applicable export control laws and regulations and follow the procedures required by such laws and regulations. You should not use Renesas Electronics products or the technology described in this document for any purpose relating to military applications or use by the military, including but not limited to the development of weapons of mass destruction. Renesas Electronics products and technology may not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations.
- 6. Renesas Electronics has used reasonable care in preparing the information included in this document, but Renesas Electronics does not warrant that such information is error free. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability whatsoever for any damages incurred by you resulting from errors in or omissions from the information included herein.
- 7. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following three quality grades: "Standard", "High Quality", and "Specific". The recommended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below. You must check the quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product before using it in a particular application. You may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application categorized as "Specific" without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Further, you may not use any Renesas Electronics. Renesas Electronics shall not be in any way liable for any damages or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product for an application categorized as "Specific" or for which the product is not intended where you have failed to obtain the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. The quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product is "Standard" unless otherwise expressly specified in a Renesas Electronics data sheets or data books, etc.
 - "Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; and industrial robots.
 - "High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control systems; anti-disaster systems; anticrime systems; safety equipment; and medical equipment not specifically designed for life support.
 - "Specific": Aircraft; aerospace equipment; submersible repeaters; nuclear reactor control systems; medical equipment or systems for life support (e.g. artificial life support devices or systems), surgical implantations, or healthcare intervention (e.g. excision, etc.), and any other applications or purposes that pose a direct threat to human life.
- 8. You should use the Renesas Electronics products described in this document within the range specified by Renesas Electronics, especially with respect to the maximum rating, operating supply voltage range, movement power voltage range, heat radiation characteristics, installation and other product characteristics. Renesas Electronics shall have no liability for malfunctions or damages arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products beyond such specified ranges.
- 9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of its products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Further, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. Please be sure to implement safety measures to guard them against the possibility of physical injury, and injury or damage caused by fire in the event of the failure of a Renesas Electronics product, such as safety design for hardware and software including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult, please evaluate the safety of the final products or system manufactured by you.
- 10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. Please use Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 11. This document may not be reproduced or duplicated, in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
- 12. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products, or if you have any other inquiries.
- (Note 1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its majorityowned subsidiaries.
- (Note 2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

1.4 **Product Information**

Table 1.3 lists Product Information for R8C/20 Group and Table 1.4 lists Product Information for R8C/21 Group.

Table 1.3 Prode	uct Information fo	r R8C/20 Group)	Curre	ent of Aug. 2008
Type No.	ROM Capacity	RAM Capacity	Package Type	Rei	marks
R5F21206JFP	32 Kbytes	2 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A	J version	Flash memory
R5F21207JFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		version
R5F21208JFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120AJFP	96 Kbytes	5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120CJFP	128 Kbytes ⁽¹⁾	6 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F21206KFP	32 Kbytes	2 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A	K version	
R5F21207KFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F21208KFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120AKFP	96 Kbytes	5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120CKFP	128 Kbytes ⁽¹⁾	6 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		

NOTE:

1. Do not use addresses 20000h to 23FFFh because these areas are used for the emulator debugger. Refer to 23. Notes on Emulator Debugger of Hardware Manual.

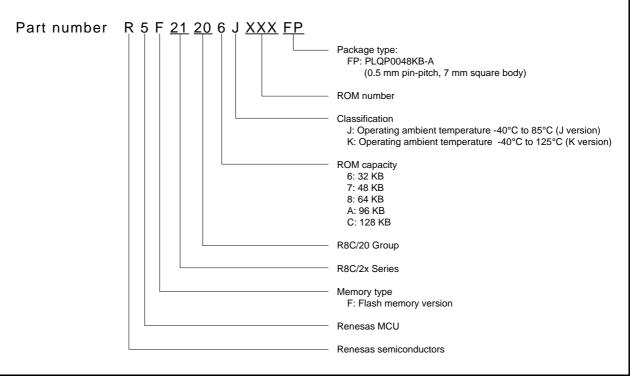
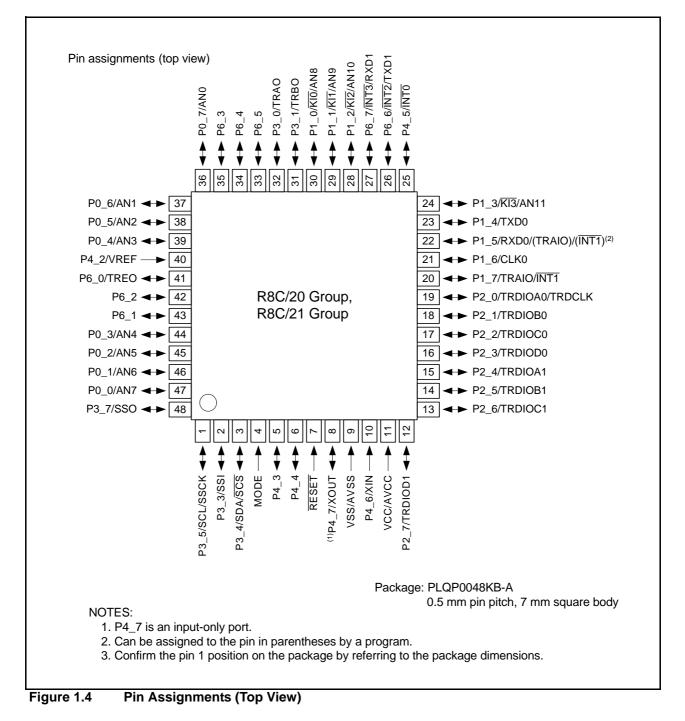


Figure 1.2 Type Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/20 Group



1.5 Pin Assignments

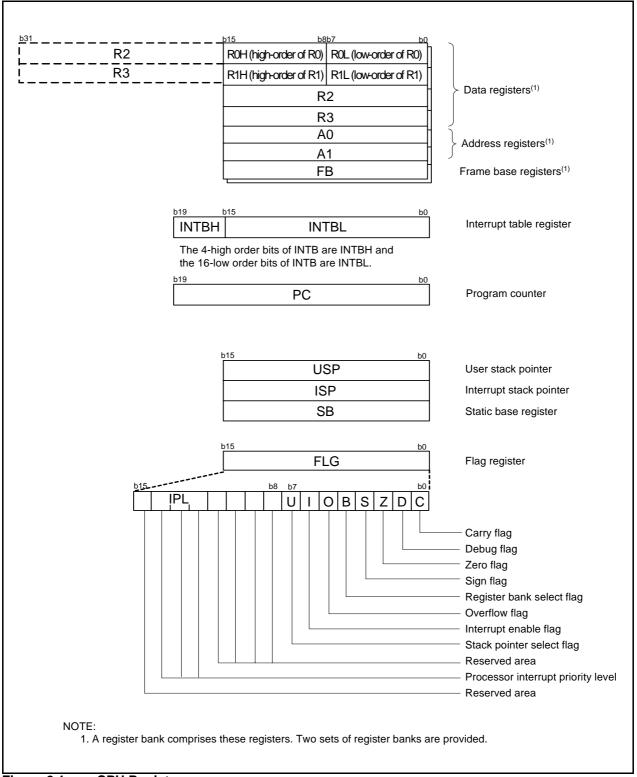
Figure 1.4 shows Pin Assignments (Top View).

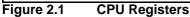




2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU Registers. The CPU contains 13 registers. Of these, R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1, and FB comprise a register bank. Two sets of register banks are provided.





RENESAS

2.1 Data Registers (R0, R1, R2 and R3)

R0 is a 16-bit register for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. The same applies to R1 to R3. R0 can be split into high-order bit (R0H) and low-order bit (R0L) to be used separately as 8-bit data registers. The same applies to R1H and R1L as R0H and R0L. R2 can be combined with R0 to be used as a 32-bit data register (R2R0). The same applies R3R1 as R2R0.

2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

A0 is a 16-bit register for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. They also are used for transfer, arithmetic and logic operations. The same applies to A1 as A0. A1 can be combined with A0 to be used a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is a 16-bit register for FB relative addressing.

2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB, a 20-bit register, indicates the start address of an interrupt vector table.

2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC, 20 bits wide, indicates the address of an instruction to be executed.

2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

The stack pointer (SP), USP and ISP, are 16 bits wide each. The U flag of FLG is used to switch between USP and ISP.

2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is a 16-bit register for SB relative addressing.

2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG is a 11-bit register indicating the CPU status.

2.8.1 Carry Flag (C)

The C flag retains a carry, borrow, or shift-out bit that has occurred in the arithmetic and logic unit.

2.8.2 Debug Flag (D)

The D flag is for debug only. Set to 0.

2.8.3 Zero Flag (Z)

The Z flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation resulted in 0; otherwise, 0.

2.8.4 Sign Flag (S)

The S flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation resulted in a negative value; otherwise, 0.

2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B)

The register bank 0 is selected when the B flag is 0. The register bank 1 is selected when this flag is set to 1.

2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O)

The O flag is set to 1 when the operation resulted in an overflow; otherwise, 0.



2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables a maskable interrupt.

An interrupt is disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1. The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers. 0 to 31 is executed.

2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL, 3 bits wide, assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7. If a requested interrupt has greater priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.



3.2 R8C/21 Group

Figure 3.2 shows a Memory Map of R8C/21 Group. The R8C/21 Group has 1 Mbyte of address space from address 00000h to FFFFFh.

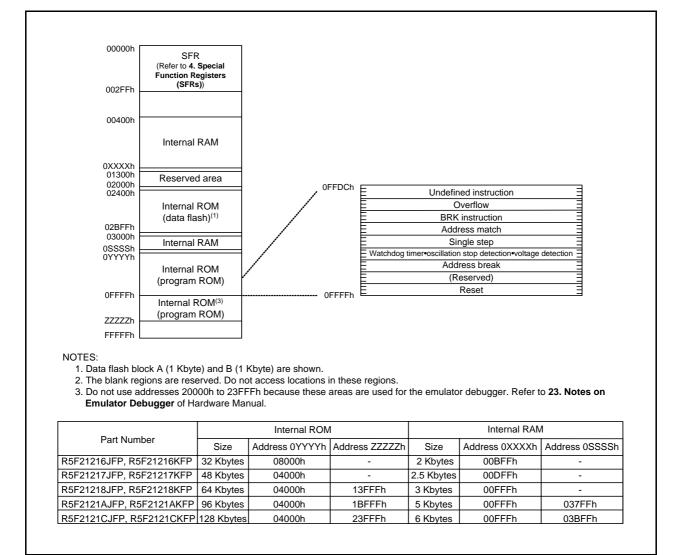
The internal ROM (program ROM) is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 48-Kbyte internal ROM is allocated addresses 04000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal ROM (data flash) is allocated addresses 02400h to 02BFFh.

The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 2.5-Kbyte internal RAM is allocated addresses 00400h to 00DFFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFR) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated them. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.







4. Special Function Registers (SFRs)

An SFR (special function register) is a control register for a peripheral function. Table 4.1 to Table 4.6 list the SFR Information.

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0000h			
0001h			
0002h			
0003h			
0004h	Processor Mode Register 0	PM0	00h
0005h	Processor Mode Register 1	PM1	00h
0006h	System Clock Control Register 0	CM0	01101000b
0007h	System Clock Control Register 1	CM1	0010000b
0008h			
0009h			
000Ah	Protect Register	PRCR	00h
000Bh			
000Ch	Oscillation Stop Detection Register	OCD	00000100b
000Dh	Watchdog Timer Reset Register	WDTR	XXh
000Eh	Watchdog Timer Start Register	WDTS	XXh
000Fh	Watchdog Timer Control Register	WDC	00X11111b
0010h	Address Match Interrupt Register 0	RMAD0	00h
0011h			00h
0012h			00h
0013h	Address Match Interrupt Enable Register	AIER	00h
0014h	Address Match Interrupt Register 1	RMAD1	00h
0015h			00h
0016h			00h
0017h			
0018h			
0019h			
001Ah			
001Bh			
001Ch	Count Source Protect Mode Register	CSPR	00h 10000000b ⁽⁸⁾
001Dh			
001Eh			
001Fh			
0020h			
0021h			
0022h			
0023h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 0	FRA0	00h
0024h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 1	FRA1	When shipping
0025h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 2	FRA2	00h
0026h			

Table 4.1SFR Information (1)⁽¹⁾

Voltage Detection Register 1 ⁽²⁾	VCA1	00001000b
Voltage Detection Register 2 ⁽⁶⁾	VCA2	00h ⁽³⁾
		0100000b ⁽⁴⁾
Voltage Monitor 1 Circuit Control Register ⁽⁷⁾	VW1C	0000X000b ⁽³⁾
		0100X001b ⁽⁴⁾
Voltage Monitor 2 Circuit Control Register ⁽⁵⁾	VW2C	00h
•	·	·
	Voltage Detection Register 2 ⁽⁶⁾ Voltage Monitor 1 Circuit Control Register ⁽⁷⁾	Voltage Detection Register 2 ⁽⁶⁾ VCA2 Voltage Monitor 1 Circuit Control Register ⁽⁷⁾ VW1C

003Fh

X: Undefined

NOTES:

- 1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
- 2. Software reset, watchdog timer reset, and voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect this register.
- 3. The LVD0ON bit in the OFS register is set to 1.
- 4. Power-on reset, voltage monitor 1 reset or the LVD0ON bit in the OFS register is set to 0.
- 5. Software reset, watchdog timer reset, and voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect b2 and b3.
- 6. Software reset, watchdog timer reset, and voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect b7.
- 7. Software reset, the watchdog timer rest, and the voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect other than the b0 and b6.
- 8. The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is 0.



Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0080h			
0081h			
0082h			1
0083h			1
0084h		1	-
0085h			+
0086h		1	+
0087h			+
0088h			
0089h		+	
008Ah			
008Bh			
008Ch			
008Dh			
008Eh			
008Fh			
0090h			
0091h		1	
0092h		1	<u> </u>
0093h			1
0094h		1	†
0095h		1	+
0096h			
0097h		+	+
0097h	<u> </u>	+	+
0098h			
009Ah			
009Bh			
009Ch			
009Dh			
009Eh			
009Fh			
00A0h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U0MR	00h
00A1h	UART0 Bit Rate Register	U0BRG	XXh
00A2h	UART0 Transmit Buffer Register	U0TB	XXh
00A3h			XXh
00A4h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U0C0	00001000b
00A5h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U0C1	00000010b
00A6h	UARTO Receive Buffer Register	UORB	XXh
00A7h			XXh
00A8h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
00A9h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
		U1TB	
00AAh	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register		XXh
00ABh		114.00	XXh
00ACh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U1C0	00001000b
00ADh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C1	00000010b
00AEh	UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
00AFh			XXh
00B0h			
00B1h			
00B2h			
00B3h			
00B4h			
00B5h			1
00B6h		1	t
00B7h		1	1
00B8h	SS Control Register H/IIC Bus Control Register 1 ⁽²⁾	SSCRH/ICCR1	00h
00B0h	SS Control Register L/IIC Bus Control Register 2 ⁽²⁾	SSCRL/ICCR2	01111101b
		SSCRL/ICCR2	
00BAh	SS Mode Register/IIC Bus Mode Register 1 ⁽²⁾	· -	00011000b
00BBh	SS Enable Register/IIC Bus Interrupt Enable Register ⁽²⁾	SSER/ICIER	00h
00BCh	SS Status Register/IIC Bus Status Register ⁽²⁾	SSSR/ICSR	00h/0000X000b
00BDh	SS Mode Register 2/Slave Address Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR2/SAR	00h
00BEh	SS Transmit Data Register/IIC Bus Transmit Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSTDR/ICDRT	FFh
	Se manenin bulu regiolorino buo manenin bulu regiolori /		1
00BFh	SS Receive Data Register/IIC Bus Receive Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSRDR/ICDRR	FFh

SFR Information (3)⁽¹⁾ Table 4.3

X: Undefined

NOTES:

The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
 Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.

RENESAS

Address Register Symbol After 00C0h A/D Register AD XXh 00C1h AD XXh 00C2h Image: Constraint of the symbol	reset
OOC1h XXh OOC2h	
00C2h	
00C3h	
00C4h	
00C5h	
00C6h	
00C7h	
00C8h	
00C9h	
00CAh	
00CBh 00CCh 00CDh 00CDh	
00CCh 00CDh 00CDh	
00CCh 00CDh 00CDh	
00CDh	
00CFh	
00D0h	
00D1h	
00D2h	
00D2h	
00D3n ADCON2 00h	
00D4h A/D Control Register 2 00h	
00D6h A/D Control Register 0 ADCON0 00h	
00D7h A/D Control Register 1 ADCON1 00h	
00D8h	
00D9h	
00DAh	
00DBh	
00DCh	
00DDh	
00DEh	
00DFh	
00E0h Port P0 Register P0 XXh	
00E1h Port P1 Register P1 XXh	
00E2h Port P0 Direction Register PD0 00h	
00E3h Port P1 Direction Register PD1 00h	
00E4h Port P2 Register P2 XXh	
00E5h Port P3 Register P3 XXh	
00E6h Port P2 Direction Register PD2 00h	
00E7h Port P3 Direction Register PD3 00h	
00E8h Port P4 Register P4 XXh	
00E9h	
00EAh Port P4 Direction Register PD4 00h	
00EBh 00EBh	
00ECh Port P6 Register P6 XXh	
00EDh	
00Ebh Port P6 Direction Register PD6 00h	
00EFh 00FFh	
00F0h	
00F0h	
00F1h 00F2h	
00F3h	
00F4h	
00F5h UART1 Function Select Register U1SR XXh	
00F6h	
00F8h Port Mode Register PMR 00h	
00F9h External Input Enable Register INTEN 00h	
00FAh INT Input Filter Select Register INTF 00h	
00FBh Key Input Enable Register KIEN 00h	
00FCh Pull-Up Control Register 0 PUR0 00h	
00FDh Pull-Up Control Register 1 PUR1 XX00XX00b	
O0FDh Pull-Up Control Register 1 PUR1 XX00XX00b 00FEh 00FFh 00	

Table 4.4SFR Information (4)(1)

X: Undefined

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.



Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0102h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h			
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0100h	LIN Status Register	LINGK	00h
0107h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0108h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010An	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRE	FFh
010Ch	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Dh 010Eh	Timer RB Primary	TRBSC	
		IRBPR	FFh
010Fh			
0110h			
0111h			
0112h			
0113h			
0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			
0118h	Timer RE Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
011Ah			
011Bh			
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Count Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh	-		
0120h			
0121h			
0122h			
0123h			
0124h			
0125h			
0126h			
0127h			
0128h			
0129h			
012Ah			
012/th			
012Bn			
012Ch			
012Dn 012Eh			
012Eh 012Fh			
012Fn 0130h			
			1
0131h			
0131h 0132h			
0131h 0132h 0133h			
0131h 0132h 0133h 0134h			
0131h 0132h 0133h 0134h 0135h			
0131h 0132h 0133h 0134h 0135h 0136h			
0131h 0132h 0133h 0134h 0135h 0136h 0137h	Timer RD Start Register	TRDSTR	11111100ь
0131h 0132h 0133h 0134h 0135h 0136h 0137h 0138h	Timer RD Mode Register	TRDMR	00001110b
0131h 0132h 0133h 0134h 0135h 0136h 0136h 0137h 0138h 0139h	Timer RD Mode Register Timer RD PWM Mode Register	TRDMR TRDPMR	00001110b 10001000b
0131h 0132h 0133h 0134h 0135h 0135h 0136h 0137h 0138h 0139h 013Ah	Timer RD Mode Register Timer RD PWM Mode Register Timer RD Function Control Register	TRDMR TRDPMR TRDFCR	00001110b 10001000b 10000000b
0131h 0132h 0133h 0134h 0135h 0135h 0137h 0138h 0138h 0139h 013Ah 013Bh	Timer RD Mode Register Timer RD PWM Mode Register Timer RD Function Control Register Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1	TRDMR TRDPMR TRDFCR TRDOER1	00001110b 10001000b 10000000b FFh
0131h 0132h 0133h 0134h 0135h 0136h 0136h 0137h 0138h 0139h 013Ah 013Bh 013Ch	Timer RD Mode Register Timer RD PWM Mode Register Timer RD Function Control Register Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1 Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 2	TRDMR TRDPMR TRDFCR TRDOER1 TRDOER2	00001110b 10001000b 10000000b
0131h 0132h 0133h 0134h 0135h 0136h 0136h 0137h 0138h 0139h 013Ah 013Bh 013Ch 013Dh	Timer RD Mode Register Timer RD PWM Mode Register Timer RD Function Control Register Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1 Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 2 Timer RD Output Control Register	TRDMR TRDPMR TRDFCR TRDOER1 TRDOER2 TRDOCR	00001110b 10001000b 10000000b FFh
0131h 0132h 0133h 0134h 0135h 0136h 0136h 0137h 0138h 0139h 013Ah 013Bh 013Ch	Timer RD Mode Register Timer RD PWM Mode Register Timer RD Function Control Register Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1 Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 2	TRDMR TRDPMR TRDFCR TRDOER1 TRDOER2	00001110b 10001000b 10000000b FFh 01111111b

Table 4.5SFR Information (5)⁽¹⁾

X: Undefined

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.



Table 4.6	SFR Information (6) ⁽¹⁾
-----------	------------------------------------

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0140h	Timer RD Control Register 0	TRDCR0	00h
0141h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A0	TRDIORA0	10001000b
0142h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C0	TRDIORC0	10001000b
0143h	Timer RD Status Register 0	TRDSR0	11100000b
0144h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 0	TRDIER0	11100000b
0145h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 0	TRDPOCR0	11111000b
0146h	Timer RD Counter 0	TRD0	00h
0147h			00h
0148h	Timer RD General Register A0	TRDGRA0	FFh
0149h			FFh
014Ah	Timer RD General Register B0	TRDGRB0	FFh
014Bh			FFh
014Ch	Timer RD General Register C0	TRDGRC0	FFh
014Dh			FFh
014Eh	Timer RD General Register D0	TRDGRD0	FFh
014Fh			FFh
0150h	Timer RD Control Register 1	TRDCR1	00h
0151h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A1	TRDIORA1	10001000b
0152h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C1	TRDIORC1	10001000b
0153h	Timer RD Status Register 1	TRDSR1	1100000b
0154h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 1	TRDIER1	11100000b
0155h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 1	TRDPOCR1	11111000b
0156h	Timer RD Counter 1	TRD1	00h
0157h			00h
0158h	Timer RD General Register A1	TRDGRA1	FFh
0159h	1		FFh
015Ah	Timer RD General Register B1	TRDGRB1	FFh
015Bh	1		FFh
015Ch	Timer RD General Register C1	TRDGRC1	FFh
015Dh	1		FFh
015Eh	Timer RD General Register D1	TRDGRD1	FFh
015Fh	1		FFh

Flash Memory Control Register 4	FMR4	0100000b
Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	100000Xb
Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	0000001b
*		
Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 2)
	Flash Memory Control Register 1 Flash Memory Control Register 0	Flash Memory Control Register 1 FMR1 Flash Memory Control Register 0 FMR0

X: Undefined

NOTES:

The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
 The OFS register cannot be changed by a program. Use a flash programmer to write to it.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
Symbol		Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
-	Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾	R8C/20 Group	100 ⁽³⁾	-	-	times
		R8C/21 Group	1,000(3)	-	-	times
-	Byte program time		-	50	400	μS
-	Block erase time		-	0.4	9	S
td(SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until erase suspend		-	_	97 + CPU clock × 6 cycle	μS
-	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	-	_	μS
-	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	-	-	ns
-	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		-	-	3 + CPU clock × 4 cycle	μS
-	Program, erase voltage		2.7	-	5.5	V
-	Read voltage		2.7	-	5.5	V
-	Program, erase temperature		0	-	60	°C
-	Data hold time ⁽⁷⁾	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	-	-	year

Table 5.4	Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

NOTES:

1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V at Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.

2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis. If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one. However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).

3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).

4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure endurance can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.

5. If error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.

- 6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
- 7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
			Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Vpor1	Power-on reset valid voltage ⁽⁴⁾		-	-	0.1	V
Vpor2	Power-on reset or voltage monitor 1 valid voltage		0	-	Vdet1	V
trth	External power Vcc rise gradient	$Vcc \le 3.6 V$	20(2)	-	-	mV/msec
		Vcc > 3.6 V	20(2)	_	2,000	mV/msec

NOTES:

- 1. Topr = -40° C to 85° C (J version) / -40° C to 125° C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. This condition (the minimum value of external power Vcc rise gradient) does not apply if Vpor2 ≥ 1.0 V.
- 3. To use the power-on reset function, enable voltage monitor 1 reset by setting the LVD1ON bit in the OFS register to 0, the VW1C0 and VW1C6 bits in the VW1C register to 1 respectively, and the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 1.
- 4. $t_{w(por1)}$ indicates the duration the external power Vcc must be held below the effective voltage (Vpor1) to enable a power on reset. When turning on the power for the first time, maintain tw(por1) for 30s or more if -20°C \leq Topr \leq 125°C, maintain tw(por1) for 3,000s or more if -40°C \leq Topr < -20°C.

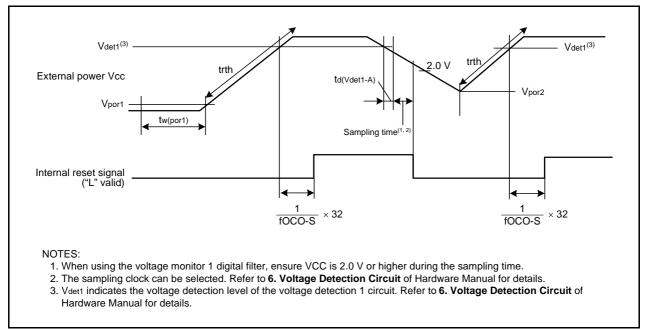


Figure 5.3 Power-on Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics



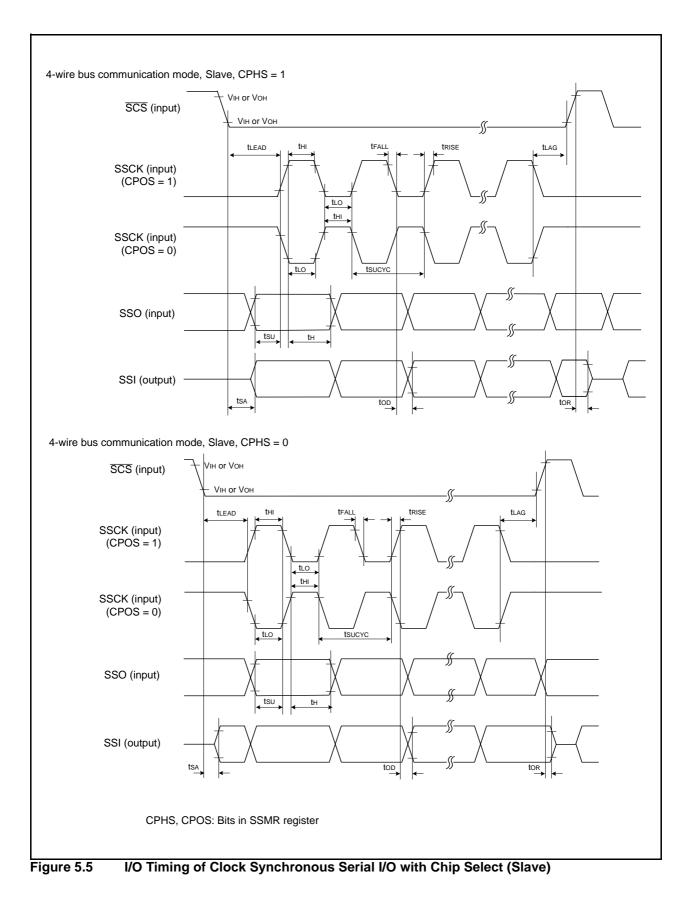
Symbol	Deremeter	Conditions		1.1.4.14			
	Parameter		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
tsucyc	SSCK clock cycle time			4	-	-	tCYC ⁽²⁾
tнı	SSCK clock "H" width			0.4	_	0.6	tsucyc
t∟o	SSCK clock "L" width			0.4	-	0.6	tsucyc
trise	SSCK clock rising time	Master		-	_	1	tCYC ⁽²⁾
		Slave		-	-	1	μS
t FALL	SSCK clock falling time	Master		-	-	1	tCYC ⁽²⁾
		Slave		-	-	1	μS
tsu	SSO, SSI data input setup time			100	-	-	ns
tн	SSO, SSI data input hold time			1	-	-	tCYC ⁽²⁾
t LEAD	SCS setup time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	I	-	ns
tlag	SCS hold time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	-	-	ns
tod	SSO, SSI data output delay time			-	-	1	tCYC ⁽²⁾
tSA	SSI slave access time			-	-	1tcyc + 100	ns
tor	SSI slave out open time			_	-	1tcyc + 100	ns

Table 5.12 Timing Requirements of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select⁽¹⁾

NOTES:

1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = -40 to 85° C (J version) / -40 to 125° C (K version), unless otherwise specified. 2. 1tcvc = 1/f1(s)





RENESAS

Table 5.15Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V]
(Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), Unless Otherwise Specified.)

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard	Ł	Unit
Symbol				Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
(Vcc = In sing the out open a	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) In single-chip mode, the output pins are	High-clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	11.0	22.0	mA
	open and other pins are Vss		XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division		8.8	17.6	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	_	5.8	_	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	5.0	-	mA
			XIN = 16MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	3.8	-	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	2.8	-	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	5.8	11.6	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO= 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	2.5	-	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8 FMR47 = 1	_	143	286	μA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA20 = 0 VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	_	53	106	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA20 = 0 VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	_	38	76	μA
		Stop mode Topr = 25°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	_	0.8	3.0	μA
		Stop mode Topr = 85°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	_	1.2	_	μA
		Stop mode Topr = 125°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	_	4.0	-	μA



Timing Requirements (Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 5 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = 25°C) [Vcc = 5 V]

Table 5.16 XIN Input

Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Unit	
	Falanielei	Min. Max.		
tc(XIN)	XIN input cycle time	50	-	ns
twh(xin)	XIN input "H" width	25	-	ns
twl(XIN)	XIN input "L" width	25	-	ns

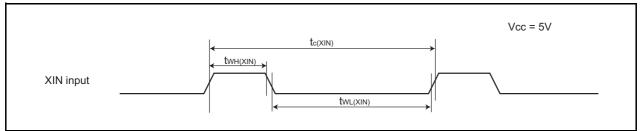


Figure 5.8 XIN Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.17 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter	Stan	dard	Unit
	Falanielei	Min. Max.	Onit	
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	100	-	ns
twh(traio)	TRAIO input "H" width	40	=	ns
twl(traio)	TRAIO input "L" width	40	-	ns

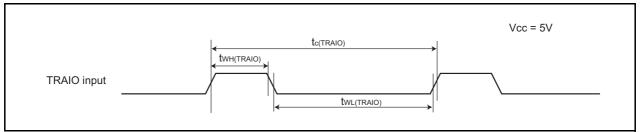


Figure 5.9 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V



Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
			Max.	Unit	
tc(CK)	CLK0 input cycle time	200	-	ns	
tW(CKH)	CLK0 input "H" width	100	-	ns	
tW(CKL)	CLK0 input "L" width	100	-	ns	
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time	-	50	ns	
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time	0	-	ns	
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time	50	-	ns	
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time 90 -				

i = 0 or 1

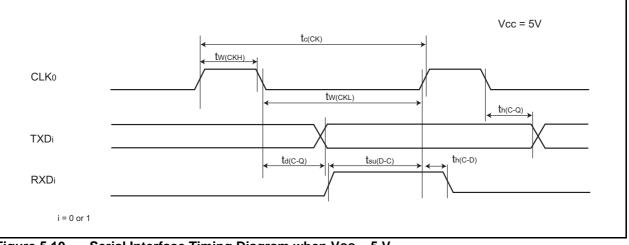


Figure 5.10 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.19 External Interrupt INTi (i = 0 to 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Standard	
Symbol	Falanielei	Min.	Max.	Unit
tw(INH)	INTi input "H" width	250(1)	-	ns
tw(INL)	INTi input "L" width	250 ⁽²⁾	_	ns

NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use the INTi input HIGH width to the greater value, either (1/digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.

2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use the INTi input LOW width to the greater value, either (1/digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.

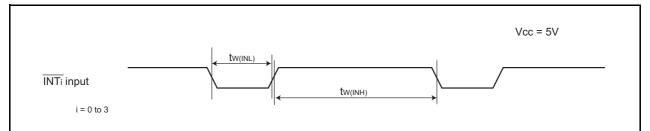


Figure 5.11 External Interrupt INTi Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V (i = 0 to 3)

REVISION HISTORY

R8C/20 Group, R8C/21 Group Datasheet

Davi	Dete		Description
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
0.10	Mar 08, 2005	-	First Edition issued
0.20	Sep 29, 2005	_	 Words standardized Clock synchronous serial interface → Clock synchronous serial I/O Chip-select clock synchronous interface(SSU) → Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip select I²C bus interface(IIC) → I²C bus interface
		2, 3	 Table1.1 R8C/20 Group Performance, Table1.2 R8C/21 Group Performance Serial Interface revised: Clock Synchronous Serial Interface: 1 channel I²C bus Interface (3), Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip select Power-On Reset Circuit added Power Consumption value determined
		5, 6	Table 1.3 Product Information of R8C/20 Group, Table 1.4 Product Information of R8C/21 Group Date revised.
		7	Figure 1.4 Pin Assignment Pin name revised: - P3_5/SSCK(/SCL) \rightarrow P3_5/ SCL/SSCK - P3_4/SCS(/SDA) \rightarrow P3_4/ SDA /SCS - VSS \rightarrow VSS/AVSS - VCC \rightarrow VCC/AVCC - P1_5/RXD0/(TRAIO/INT1) \rightarrow P1_5/RXD0/(TRAIO)/(INT1) - P6_6/INT2/(TXD1) \rightarrow P6_6/INT2/TXD1 - P6_7/INT3/(RXD1) \rightarrow P6_7/INT3/RXD1 - NOTE2 added
		8	Table 1.5 Pin Description - Analog Power Supply Input: line added - I^2C Bus Interface (IIC) $\rightarrow I^2C$ Bus Interface - SSU \rightarrow Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select
		9	Table 1.6 Pin Name Information by Pin Number revised - Pin Number 1: (SCL) \rightarrow SCL - Pin Number 2: (SDA) \rightarrow SDA - Pin Number 9: VSS \rightarrow VSS/AVSS - Pin Number 11: VCC \rightarrow VCC/AVCC - Pin Number 26: (TXD1) \rightarrow TXD1 - Pin Number 27: (RXD1) \rightarrow RXD1
		15	Table 4.1 SFR Information (1) revised - 0013h: XXXXX00b \rightarrow 00h
		17	Table 4.3 SFR Information (3) revised - 00BCh: 0000X000b \rightarrow 00h/0000X000b
		18	Table 4.4 SFR Information (4) revised - 00D6h: 00000XXXb → 00h - 00F5h: UART1 Function Select Register added
		19	Table 4.5 SFR Information (5) revised - 0104h: TRATR \rightarrow TRA