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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I²C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	41
Program Memory Size	48KB (48K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	2.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21217jfp

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Table 1.2 Functions and Specifications for R8C/21 Group

Item		Specification
CPU	Number of fundamental instructions	89 instructions
	Minimum instruction execution time	50 ns (f(XIN) = 20 MHz, VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) 100 ns (f(XIN) = 10 MHz, VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V)
	Operating mode	Single-chip
	Address space	1 Mbyte
	Memory capacity	Refer to **Table 1.4 Product Information for R8C/21 Group**
Peripheral Function	Ports	I/O ports: 41 pins, Input port: 3 pins
	Timers	Timer RA: 8 bits x 1 channel, Timer RB: 8 bits x 1 channel (Each timer equipped with 8-bit prescaler) Timer RD: 16 bits x 2 channel (Circuits of input capture and output compare) Timer RE: With compare match function
	Serial interface	1 channel (UART0) Clock synchronous I/O, UART 1 channel (UART1) UART
	Clock synchronous serial interface	1 channel I^2C bus interface(2), Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip select
	LIN module	Hardware LIN: 1 channel (Timer RA, UART0)
	A/D converter	10-bit A/D converter: 1 circuit, 12 channels
	Watchdog timer	15 bits x 1 channel (with prescaler) Reset start selectable
	Interrupts	Internal: 11 sources, External: 5 sources, Software: 4 sources, Priority level: 7 levels
	Clock generation circuits	2 circuits XIN clock generation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor) On-chip oscillator (high speed, low speed) High-speed on-chip oscillator has frequency adjustment function.
	Oscillation stop detection function	Stop detection of XIN clock oscillation
	Voltage detection circuit	On-chip
	Power-on reset circuit include	On-chip
Electric Characteristics	Supply voltage	VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 20 MHz)(J version) VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 16 MHz)(K version) VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V (f(XIN) = 10 MHz)
	Current consumption	Typ. 11.0 mA (VCC = 5 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz, High-speed on-chip oscillator stopping) Typ. 5.3 mA (VCC = 5 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz, High-speed on-chip oscillator stopping)
Flash Memory	Programming and erasure voltage	VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V
	Programming and erasure endurance	10,000 times (data flash)
		1,000 times (program ROM)
Operating Ambient Temperature		-40 to 85°C
		-40 to 125°C (option(1))
Package		48-pin mold-plastic LQFP

NOTES:
1. When using options, be sure to inquire about the specification.
2. I^2C bus is a registered trademark of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V.

1.5 Pin Assignments

Figure 1.4 shows Pin Assignments (Top View).

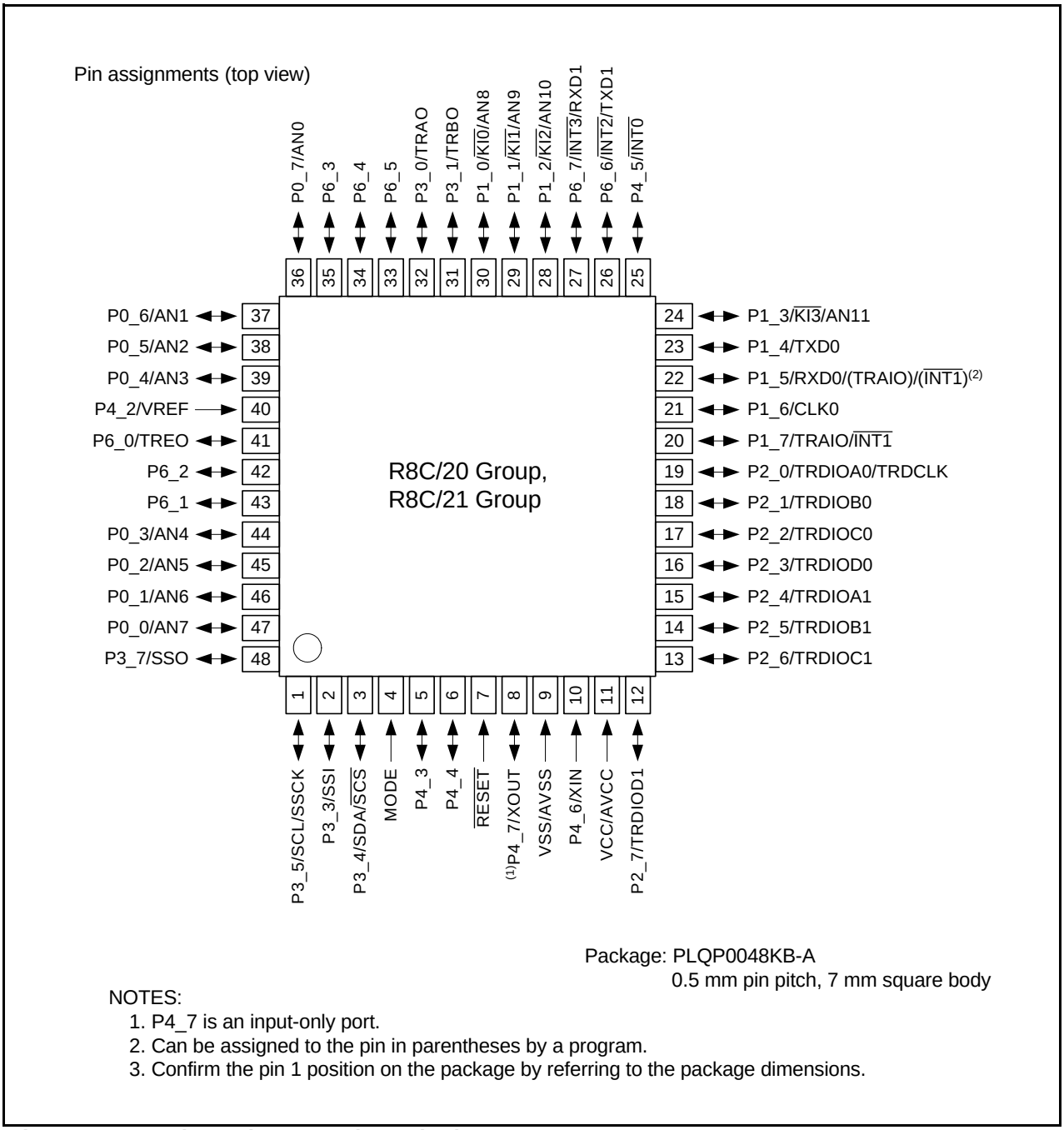


Figure 1.4 Pin Assignments (Top View)

1.6 Pin Functions

Table 1.5 lists the Pin Functions and Table 1.6 lists the Pin Name Information by Pin Number.

Table 1.5 Pin Functions

Type	Symbol	I/O Type	Description
Power Supply Input	VCC VSS	I	Apply 2.7 V to 5.5 V to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Analog Power Supply Input	AVCC, AVSS	I	Applies the power supply for the A/D converter. Connect a capacitor between AVCC and AVSS.
Reset Input	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Input “L” on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
XIN Clock Input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for the XIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between the XIN and XOUT pins. To use an externally derived clock, input it to the XIN pin and leave the XOUT pin open.
XIN Clock Output	XOUT	O	
$\overline{\text{INT}}$ Interrupt Input	$\overline{\text{INT0}}$ to $\overline{\text{INT3}}$	I	$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input pins. $\overline{\text{INT0}}$ Timer RD input pins. $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Timer RA input pins.
Key Input Interrupt	$\overline{\text{KI0}}$ to $\overline{\text{KI3}}$	I	Key input interrupt input pins.
Timer RA	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin.
	TRAO	O	Timer RA output pin.
Timer RB	TRBO	O	Timer RB output pin.
Timer RD	TRDIOA0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB0, TRDIOB1, TRDIOC0, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1	I/O	Timer RD I/O ports.
	TRDCLK	I	External clock input pin.
Timer RE	TREO	O	Divided clock output pin.
Serial Interface	CLK0	I/O	Transfer clock I/O pin.
	RXD0, RXD1	I	Serial data input pins.
	TXD0, TXD1	O	Serial data output pins.
I^2C Bus Interface	SCL	I/O	Clock I/O pin.
	SDA	I/O	Data I/O pin.
Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select	SSI	I/O	Data I/O pin.
	$\overline{\text{SCS}}$	I/O	Chip-select signal I/O pin.
	SSCK	I/O	Clock I/O pin.
	SSO	I/O	Data I/O pin.
Reference Voltage Input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to A/D converter.
A/D Converter	AN0 to AN11	I	Analog input pins to A/D converter.
I/O Port	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0, P3_1, P3_3 to P3_5, P3_7, P4_3 to P4_5, P6_0 to P6_7	I/O	CMOS I/O ports. Each port contains an input/output select direction register, allowing each pin in that port to be directed for input or output individually. Any port set to input can select whether to use a pull-up resistor or not by a program.
Input Port	P4_2, P4_6, P4_7	I	Input only ports.

I: Input O: Output I/O: Input and output

Table 1.6 Pin Name Information by Pin Number

Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	I/O Pin Functions for of Peripheral Modules					
			Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select	I^2C Bus Interface	A/D Converter
1		P3_5				SSCK	SCL	
2		P3_3				SSI		
3		P3_4				$\overline{SCS}$	SDA	
4	MODE							
5		P4_3						
6		P4_4						
7	$\overline{RESET}$							
8	XOUT	P4_7						
9	VSS/AVSS							
10	XIN	P4_6						
11	VCC/AVCC							
12		P2_7		TRDIOD1				
13		P2_6		TRDIOC1				
14		P2_5		TRDIOB1				
15		P2_4		TRDIOA1				
16		P2_3		TRDIOD0				
17		P2_2		TRDIOC0				
18		P2_1		TRDIOB0				
19		P2_0		TRDIOA0/TRDCLK				
20		P1_7	$\overline{INT1}$	TRAIO				
21		P1_6			CLK0			
22		P1_5	($\overline{INT1}$)(1)	(TRAIO)(1)	RXD0			
23		P1_4			TXD0			
24		P1_3	$\overline{KI3}$					AN11
25		P4_5	$\overline{INT0}$	$\overline{INT0}$				
26		P6_6	$\overline{INT2}$		TXD1			
27		P6_7	$\overline{INT3}$		RXD1			
28		P1_2	$\overline{KI2}$					AN10
29		P1_1	$\overline{KI1}$					AN9
30		P1_0	$\overline{KI0}$					AN8
31		P3_1		TRBO				
32		P3_0		TRAO				
33		P6_5						
34		P6_4						
35		P6_3						
36		P0_7						AN0
37		P0_6						AN1
38		P0_5						AN2
39		P0_4						AN3
40	VREF	P4_2						
41		P6_0		TREO				
42		P6_2						
43		P6_1						
44		P0_3						AN4
45		P0_2						AN5
46		P0_1						AN6
47		P0_0						AN7
48		P3_7				SSO		

NOTE:
1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.

2.1 Data Registers (R0, R1, R2 and R3)

R0 is a 16-bit register for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. The same applies to R1 to R3.
R0 can be split into high-order bit (R0H) and low-order bit (R0L) to be used separately as 8-bit data registers. The same applies to R1H and R1L as R0H and R0L. R2 can be combined with R0 to be used as a 32-bit data register (R2R0). The same applies R3R1 as R2R0.

2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

A0 is a 16-bit register for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. They also are used for transfer, arithmetic and logic operations. The same applies to A1 as A0.
A1 can be combined with A0 to be used a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is a 16-bit register for FB relative addressing.

2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB, a 20-bit register, indicates the start address of an interrupt vector table.

2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC, 20 bits wide, indicates the address of an instruction to be executed.

2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

The stack pointer (SP), USP and ISP, are 16 bits wide each.
The U flag of FLG is used to switch between USP and ISP.

2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is a 16-bit register for SB relative addressing.

2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG is a 11-bit register indicating the CPU status.

2.8.1 Carry Flag (C)

The C flag retains a carry, borrow, or shift-out bit that has occurred in the arithmetic and logic unit.

2.8.2 Debug Flag (D)

The D flag is for debug only. Set to 0.

2.8.3 Zero Flag (Z)

The Z flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation resulted in 0; otherwise, 0.

2.8.4 Sign Flag (S)

The S flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation resulted in a negative value; otherwise, 0.

2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B)

The register bank 0 is selected when the B flag is 0. The register bank 1 is selected when this flag is set to 1.

2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O)

The O flag is set to 1 when the operation resulted in an overflow; otherwise, 0.

Table 4.3 SFR Information (3)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0080h			
0081h			
0082h			
0083h			
0084h			
0085h			
0086h			
0087h			
0088h			
0089h			
008Ah			
008Bh			
008Ch			
008Dh			
008Eh			
008Fh			
0090h			
0091h			
0092h			
0093h			
0094h			
0095h			
0096h			
0097h			
0098h			
0099h			
009Ah			
009Bh			
009Ch			
009Dh			
009Eh			
009Fh			
00A0h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U0MR	00h
00A1h	UART0 Bit Rate Register	U0BRG	XXh
00A2h	UART0 Transmit Buffer Register	U0TB	XXh
00A3h			XXh
00A4h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U0C0	00001000b
00A5h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U0C1	00000010b
00A6h	UART0 Receive Buffer Register	U0RB	XXh
00A7h			XXh
00A8h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
00A9h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
00AAh	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	XXh
00ABh			XXh
00ACh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U1C0	00001000b
00ADh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C1	00000010b
00AEh	UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
00AFh			XXh
00B0h			
00B1h			
00B2h			
00B3h			
00B4h			
00B5h			
00B6h			
00B7h			
00B8h	SS Control Register H/IIC Bus Control Register 1(2)	SSCRH/ICCR1	00h
00B9h	SS Control Register L/IIC Bus Control Register 2(2)	SSCRL/ICCR2	01111101b
00BAh	SS Mode Register/IIC Bus Mode Register 1(2)	SSMR/ICMR	00011000b
00BBh	SS Enable Register/IIC Bus Interrupt Enable Register(2)	SSER/ICIER	00h
00BCh	SS Status Register/IIC Bus Status Register(2)	SSSR/ICSR	00h/0000X000b
00BDh	SS Mode Register 2/Slave Address Register(2)	SSMR2/SAR	00h
00BEh	SS Transmit Data Register/IIC Bus Transmit Data Register(2)	SSTDR/ICDRT	FFh
00BFh	SS Receive Data Register/IIC Bus Receive Data Register(2)	SSRDR/ICDRR	FFh

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.

Table 4.4 SFR Information (4)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
00C0h	A/D Register	AD	XXh
00C1h			XXh
00C2h			
00C3h			
00C4h			
00C5h			
00C6h			
00C7h			
00C8h			
00C9h			
00CAh			
00CBh			
00CCh			
00CDh			
00CEh			
00CFh			
00D0h			
00D1h			
00D2h			
00D3h			
00D4h	A/D Control Register 2	ADCON2	00h
00D5h			
00D6h	A/D Control Register 0	ADCON0	00h
00D7h	A/D Control Register 1	ADCON1	00h
00D8h			
00D9h			
00DAh			
00DBh			
00DCh			
00DDh			
00DEh			
00DFh			
00E0h	Port P0 Register	P0	XXh
00E1h	Port P1 Register	P1	XXh
00E2h	Port P0 Direction Register	PD0	00h
00E3h	Port P1 Direction Register	PD1	00h
00E4h	Port P2 Register	P2	XXh
00E5h	Port P3 Register	P3	XXh
00E6h	Port P2 Direction Register	PD2	00h
00E7h	Port P3 Direction Register	PD3	00h
00E8h	Port P4 Register	P4	XXh
00E9h			
00EAh	Port P4 Direction Register	PD4	00h
00EBh			
00ECh	Port P6 Register	P6	XXh
00EDh			
00EEh	Port P6 Direction Register	PD6	00h
00EFh			
00F0h			
00F1h			
00F2h			
00F3h			
00F4h			
00F5h	UART1 Function Select Register	U1SR	XXh
00F6h			
00F7h			
00F8h	Port Mode Register	PMR	00h
00F9h	External Input Enable Register	INTEN	00h
00FAh	INT Input Filter Select Register	INTF	00h
00FBh	Key Input Enable Register	KIEN	00h
00FCh	Pull-Up Control Register 0	PUR0	00h
00FDh	Pull-Up Control Register 1	PUR1	XX00XX00b
00FEh			
00FFh			

X: Undefined

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.5 SFR Information (5)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h			
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
010Ah	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Ch	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRE	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh			
0110h			
0111h			
0112h			
0113h			
0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			
0118h	Timer RE Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
011Ah			
011Bh			
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Count Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh			
0120h			
0121h			
0122h			
0123h			
0124h			
0125h			
0126h			
0127h			
0128h			
0129h			
012Ah			
012Bh			
012Ch			
012Dh			
012Eh			
012Fh			
0130h			
0131h			
0132h			
0133h			
0134h			
0135h			
0136h			
0137h	Timer RD Start Register	TRDSTR	11111100b
0138h	Timer RD Mode Register	TRDMR	00001110b
0139h	Timer RD PWM Mode Register	TRDPMR	10001000b
013Ah	Timer RD Function Control Register	TRDFCR	10000000b
013Bh	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1	TRDOER1	FFh
013Ch	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 2	TRDOER2	01111111b
013Dh	Timer RD Output Control Register	TRDOCR	00h
013Eh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 0	TRDDF0	00h
013Fh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 1	TRDDF1	00h

X: Undefined

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

5. Electrical Characteristics

Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated value	Unit
V_{CC}/AV_{CC}	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
V_I	Input voltage		-0.3 to V_{CC}+0.3	V
V_O	Output voltage		-0.3 to V_{CC}+0.3	V
P_d	Power dissipation	-40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C	300	mW
		85°C < Topr ≤ 125°C	125	mW
T_{opr}	Operating ambient temperature		-40 to 85 (J version) / -40 to 125 (K version)	°C
T_{stg}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C

Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{CC}/AV_{CC}	Supply voltage			2.7	–	5.5	V
V_{SS}/AV_{CC}	Supply voltage			–	0	–	V
V_{IH}	Input “H” voltage			0.8V_{CC}	–	V_{CC}	V
V_{IL}	Input “L” voltage			0	–	0.2V_{CC}	V
$I_{OH(sum)}$	Peak sum output “H” current	Sum of all Pins $I_{OH\ (peak)}$		–	–	-60	mA
$I_{OH(peak)}$	Peak output “H” current			–	–	-10	mA
$I_{OH(avg)}$	Average output “H” current			–	–	-5	mA
$I_{OL(sum)}$	Peak sum output “L” currents	Sum of all Pins $I_{OL\ (peak)}$		–	–	60	mA
$I_{OL(peak)}$	Peak output “L” currents			–	–	10	mA
$I_{OL(avg)}$	Average output “L” current			–	–	5	mA
$f_{(XIN)}$	XIN clock input oscillation frequency		3.0 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C	0	–	20	MHz
			3.0 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 125°C	0	–	16	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ V_{CC} < 3.0 V	0	–	10	MHz
–	System clock	OCD2 = 0 When XIN clock is selected.	3.0 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C	0	–	20	MHz
			3.0 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 125°C	0	–	16	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ V_{CC} < 3.0 V	0	–	10	MHz
		OCD2 = 1 When on-chip oscillator clock is selected.	FRA01 = 0 When low-speed on-chip oscillator clock is selected.	–	125	–	kHz
			FRA01 = 1 When high-speed on-chip oscillator clock is selected. 3.0 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 5.5 V -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C	–	–	20	MHz
			FRA01 = 1 When high-speed on-chip oscillator clock is selected.	–	–	10	MHz

NOTES:
1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V at Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.

Table 5.5 Flash Memory (Data Flash Block A, Block B) Electrical Characteristics(4)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Program/erase endurance(2)		10,000(3)	–	–	times
–	Byte program time (Program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		–	50	400	µs
–	Byte program time (Program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		–	65	–	µs
–	Block erase time (Program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		–	0.2	9	s
–	Block erase time (Program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		–	0.3	–	s
$t_{d(SR-SUS)}$	Time delay from suspend request until erase suspend		–	–	97 + CPU clock × 6 cycle	µs
–	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	–	–	µs
–	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	–	–	ns
–	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		–	–	3 + CPU clock × 4 cycle	µs
–	Program, erase voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Read voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Program, erase temperature		-40	–	85(8)	°C
–	Data hold time(9)	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	–	–	year

NOTES:
1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V at Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
   The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
   If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 10,000), each block can be erased n times.
   For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one. However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. MInimum endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. Standard of block A and block B when program and erase endurance exceeds 1,000 times. Byte program time to 1,000 times are the same as that in program ROM.
5. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure endurance can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. In addition, averaging the erasure endurance between blocks A and B can further reduce the actual erasure endurance. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
6. If error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
7. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
8. 125°C for K version.
9. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

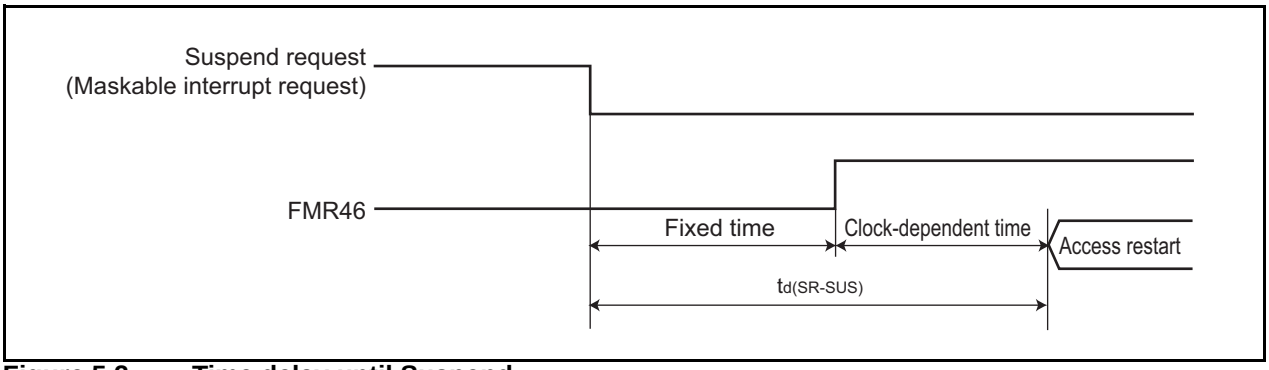


Figure 5.2 Time delay until Suspend

Table 5.6 Voltage Detection 1 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{det1}	Voltage detection level(3, 4)		2.70	2.85	3.00	V
$t_{d(Vdet1-A)}$	Voltage monitor 1 reset generation time(5)		–	40	200	µs
–	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, V_{CC} = 5.0 V	–	0.6	–	µA
$t_{d(E-A)}$	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts(2)		–	–	100	µs
Vccmin	MCU operating voltage minimum value		2.70	–	–	V

NOTES:
1. The measurement condition is V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V and Topr = -40°C to 85°C (J version) / -40°C to 125°C (K version).
2. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
3. Hold $V_{det2} > V_{det1}$.
4. This parameter shows the voltage detection level when the power supply drops. The voltage detection level when the power supply rises is higher than the voltage detection level when the power supply drops by approximately 0.1 V.
5. Time until the voltage monitor 1 reset is generated after the voltage passes V_{det1} when V_{CC} falls. When using the digital filter, its sampling time is added to $t_{d(Vdet1-A)}$. When using the voltage monitor 1 reset, maintain this time until V_{CC} = 2.0 V after the voltage passes V_{det1} when the power supply falls.

Table 5.7 Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{det2}	Voltage detection level(4)		3.3	3.6	3.9	V
$t_{d(Vdet2-A)}$	Voltage monitor 2 reset/interrupt request generation time(2, 5)		–	40	200	µs
–	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, V_{CC} = 5.0V	–	0.6	–	µA
$t_{d(E-A)}$	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts(3)		–	–	100	µs

NOTES:
1. The measurement condition is V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V and Topr = -40°C to 85°C (J version) / -40°C to 125°C (K version).
2. Time until the voltage monitor 2 reset/interrupt request is generated since the voltage passes V_{det2}.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
4. Hold $V_{det2} > V_{det1}$.
5. When using the digital filter, its sampling time is added to $t_{d(Vdet2-A)}$. When using the voltage monitor 2 reset, maintain this time until V_{CC} = 2.0 V after the voltage passes V_{det2} when the power supply falls.

Table 5.9 High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO40M	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature • supply voltage dependence	V_{CC} = 4.75 V to 5.25 V, 0°C ≤ Topr ≤ 60°C(2)	39.2	40	40.8	MHz
		V_{CC} = 3.0 V to 5.25 V, -20°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C(2)	38.8	40	41.2	MHz
		V_{CC} = 3.0 V to 5.5 V, -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C(2)	38.4	40	41.6	MHz
		V_{CC} = 3.0 V to 5.5 V, -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 125°C(2)	38.0	40	42.0	MHz
		V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V, -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 125°C(2)	37.6	40	42.4	MHz
–	The value of the FRA1 register when the reset is deasserted		08h	40	F7h	–
–	High-speed on-chip oscillator adjustment range	Adjust the FRA1 register to -1 bit (the value when the reset is deasserted)	–	+ 0.3	–	MHz
–	Oscillation stability time		–	10	100	µs
–	Self power consumption when high-speed on-chip oscillator oscillating	V_{CC} = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	–	600	–	µA

NOTES:
1. V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V, Topr = -40°C to 85°C (J version) / -40°C to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. The standard value shows when the reset is deasserted for the FRA1 register.

Table 5.10 Low-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		40	125	250	kHz
–	Oscillation stability time		–	10	100	µs
–	Self power consumption when low-speed on-chip oscillator oscillating	V_{CC} = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	–	15	–	µA

NOTE:
1. V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V, Topr = -40°C to 85°C (J version) / -40°C to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.11 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$t_{d(P-R)}$	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on(2)		1	–	2000	µs
$t_{d(R-S)}$	STOP exit time(3)		–	–	150	µs

NOTES:
1. The measurement condition is V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V and Topr = -40°C to 85°C (J version) / -40°C to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.
3. Time until CPU clock supply starts since the interrupt is acknowledged to exit stop mode.

Timing Requirements (Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 5 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = 25°C) [Vcc = 5 V]

Table 5.16 XIN Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	50	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input “H” width	25	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input “L” width	25	–	ns

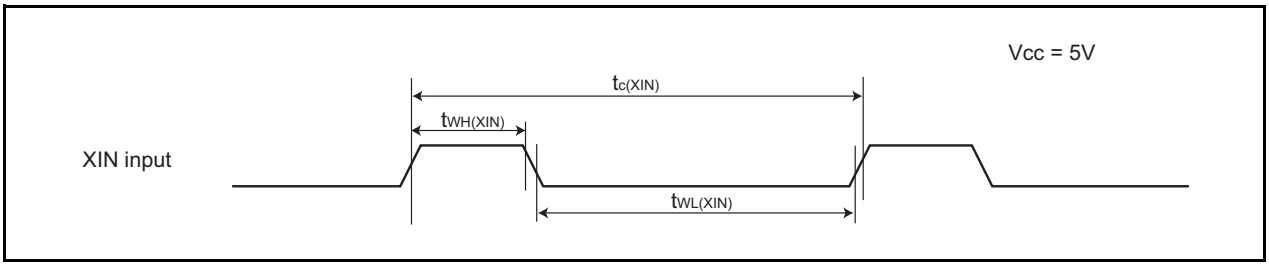


Figure 5.8 XIN Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.17 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	100	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	40	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	40	–	ns

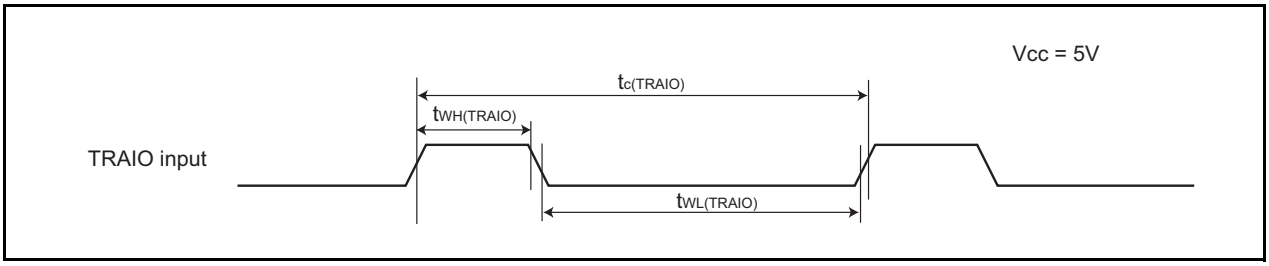


Figure 5.9 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Timing Requirements (Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 3 V, Vss = 0V at Topr = 25°C) [Vcc = 3 V]

Table 5.22 XIN Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	100	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input “H” width	40	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input “L” width	40	–	ns

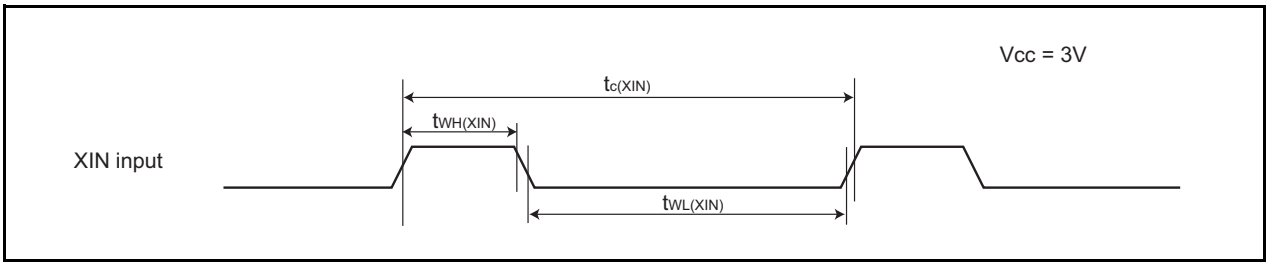


Figure 5.12 XIN Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.23 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input Cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	120	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	120	–	ns

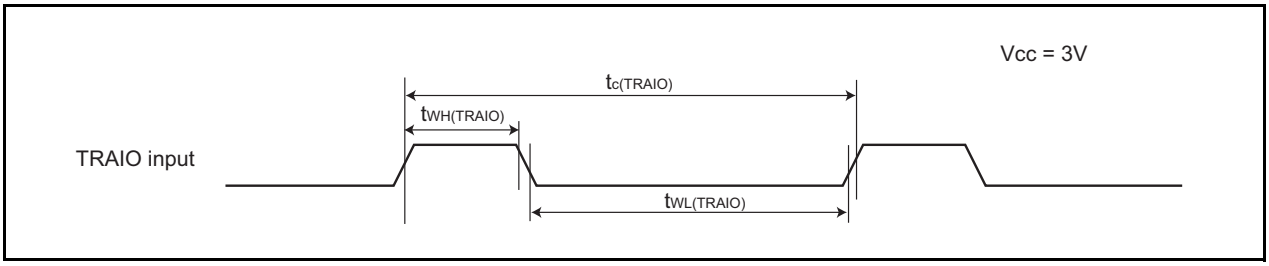


Figure 5.13 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.24 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLK0 input cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{W(CKH)}$	CLK0 input “H” width	150	–	ns
$t_{W(CKL)}$	CLK0 input “L” width	150	–	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	–	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	–	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	70	–	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	–	ns

i = 0 or 1

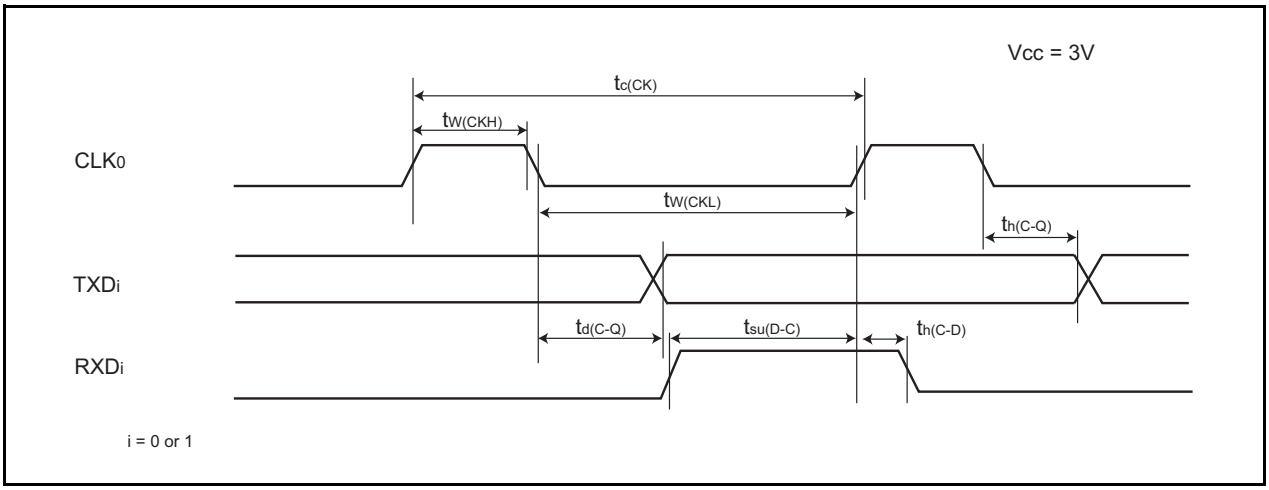


Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.25 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ (i = 0 to 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{W(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “H” width	380(1)	–	ns
$t_{W(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “L” width	380(2)	–	ns

NOTES:
1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use the $\overline{INTi}$ input HIGH width to the greater value, either (1/digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use the $\overline{INTi}$ input LOW width to the greater value, either (1/digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.

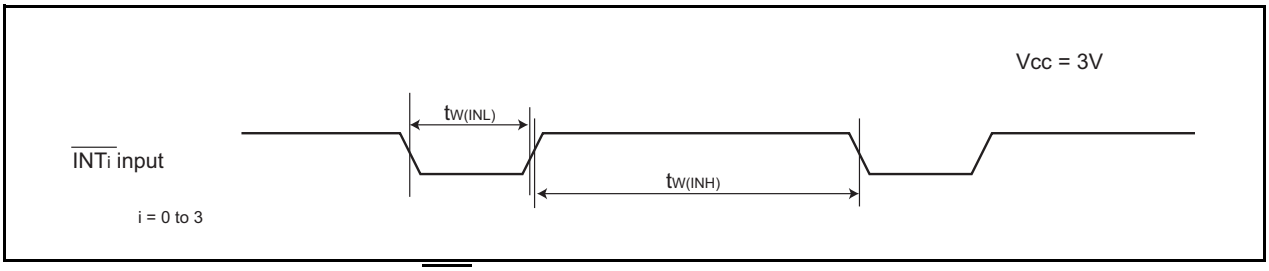
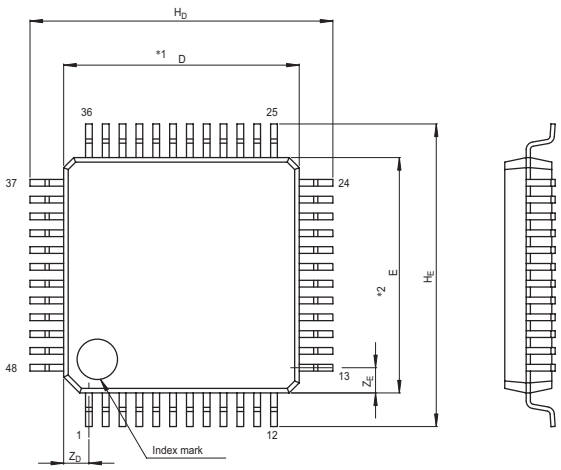


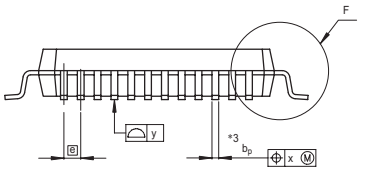
Figure 5.15 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V (i = 0 to 3)

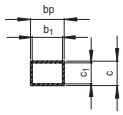
Package Dimensions

Diagrams showing the latest package dimensions and mounting information are available in the “Packages” section of the Renesas Technology website.

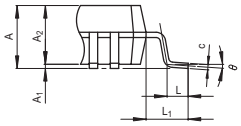
JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS[Typ.]
P-LQFP48-7x7-0.50	PLQP0048KB-A	48P6Q-A	0.2g







Terminal cross section



Detail F

NOTE)
1. DIMENSIONS "*1" AND "*2" DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
2. DIMENSION "*3" DOES NOT INCLUDE TRIM OFFSET.

Reference Symbol	Dimension in Millimeters		
	Min	Nom	Max
D	6.9	7.0	7.1
E	6.9	7.0	7.1
A_2	—	1.4	—
H_D	8.8	9.0	9.2
H_E	8.8	9.0	9.2
A	—	—	1.7
A_1	0	0.1	0.2
b_p	0.17	0.22	0.27
b_1	—	0.20	—
c	0.09	0.145	0.20
c_1	—	0.125	—
θ	0°	—	8°
e	—	0.5	—
x	—	—	0.08
y	—	—	0.10
Z_D	—	0.75	—
Z_E	—	0.75	—
L	0.35	0.5	0.65
L_1	—	1.0	—

REVISION HISTORY	R8C/20 Group, R8C/21 Group Datasheet

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
0.10	Mar 08, 2005	–	First Edition issued
0.20	Sep 29, 2005	–	Words standardized - Clock synchronous serial interface → Clock synchronous serial I/O - Chip-select clock synchronous interface(SSU) → Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip select - I^2C bus interface(IIC) → I^2C bus interface
		2, 3	Table1.1 R8C/20 Group Performance, Table1.2 R8C/21 Group Performance Serial Interface revised: - Clock Synchronous Serial Interface: 1 channel I^2C bus Interface (3), Clock synchronous serial I/O with chip select - Power-On Reset Circuit added - Power Consumption value determined
		5, 6	Table 1.3 Product Information of R8C/20 Group, Table 1.4 Product Information of R8C/21 Group Date revised.
		7	Figure 1.4 Pin Assignment Pin name revised: - P3_5/$\overline{\text{SSC}}$K(/SCL) → P3_5/ SCL/$\overline{\text{SSC}}$K - P3_4/$\overline{\text{SCS}}$(/SDA) → P3_4/ SDA /$\overline{\text{SCS}}$ - VSS → VSS/AVSS - VCC → VCC/AVCC - P1_5/$\overline{\text{RXD0}}$/(TRAIO/$\overline{\text{INT1}}$) → P1_5/$\overline{\text{RXD0}}$/(TRAIO)/($\overline{\text{INT1}}$) - P6_6/$\overline{\text{INT2}}$/(TXD1) → P6_6/$\overline{\text{INT2}}$/TXD1 - P6_7/$\overline{\text{INT3}}$/(RXD1) → P6_7/$\overline{\text{INT3}}$/RXD1 - NOTE2 added
		8	Table 1.5 Pin Description - Analog Power Supply Input: line added - I^2C Bus Interface (IIC) → I^2C Bus Interface - SSU → Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select
		9	Table 1.6 Pin Name Information by Pin Number revised - Pin Number 1: (SCL) → SCL - Pin Number 2: (SDA) → SDA - Pin Number 9: VSS → VSS/AVSS - Pin Number 11: VCC → VCC/AVCC - Pin Number 26: (TXD1) → TXD1 - Pin Number 27: (RXD1) → RXD1
		15	Table 4.1 SFR Information (1) revised - 0013h: XXXXXX00b → 00h
		17	Table 4.3 SFR Information (3) revised - 00BCh: 0000X000b → 00h/0000X000b
		18	Table 4.4 SFR Information (4) revised - 00D6h: 00000XXXb → 00h - 00F5h: UART1 Function Select Register added
		19	Table 4.5 SFR Information (5) revised - 0104h: TRATR → TRA

REVISION HISTORY	R8C/20 Group, R8C/21 Group Datasheet

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Nov 15, 2006	33	Table 5.15 Electrical Characteristics (1) [VCC = 5 V] → Table 5.14 Electrical Characteristics (1) [VCC = 5 V] revised. RAM Hold Voltage, Min.; “1.8” → “2.0” corrected.
		34	Table 5.16 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V] → Table 5.15 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V] revised. Wait mode revised.
		37	Table 5.21 Electrical Characteristics (3) [VCC = 3 V → Table 5.20 Electrical Characteristics (3) [VCC = 3 V] revised. RAM hold voltage, Min.;“1.8” → “2.0” corrected.
		38	Table 5.22 Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc = 3 V] → Table 5.21 Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc = 3 V] revised. Wait mode revised.
2.00	Aug 27, 2008	–	“RENESAS TECHNICAL UPDATE” reflected: TN-16C-A172A/E
		5, 6	Table 1.3, Table 1.4 revised Figure 1.2, Figure 1.3; ROM number “XXX” added
		13, 14	Figure 3.1, Figure 3.2; “Expanding area” deleted
		21	Table 5.2; NOTE2 revised
		23	Table 5.4; NOTE2 and NOTE4 revised
		24	Table 5.5; NOTE2 and NOTE5 revised
		25	Table 5.6; “td(Vdet1-A)” added, NOTE5 added Table 5.7; “td(Vdet2-A)” and NOTE2 revised, NOTE5 added
		26	Table 5.8; “trth” and NOTE2 revised Figure 5.3 revised

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