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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I²C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	41
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	3K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21218jfp-u1

1. Overview

This MCU is built using the high-performance silicon gate CMOS process using the R8C CPU core and is packaged in a 48-pin plastic molded LQFP. This MCU operates using sophisticated instructions featuring a high level of instruction efficiency. With 1 Mbyte of address space, it is capable of executing instructions at high speed. This Furthermore, the data flash (1 KB x 2 blocks) is embedded in the R8C/21 Group.
The difference between R8C/20 and R8C/21 Groups is only the existence of the data flash. Their peripheral functions are the same.

1.1 Applications

Automotive, etc.

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.1 shows a Block Diagram.

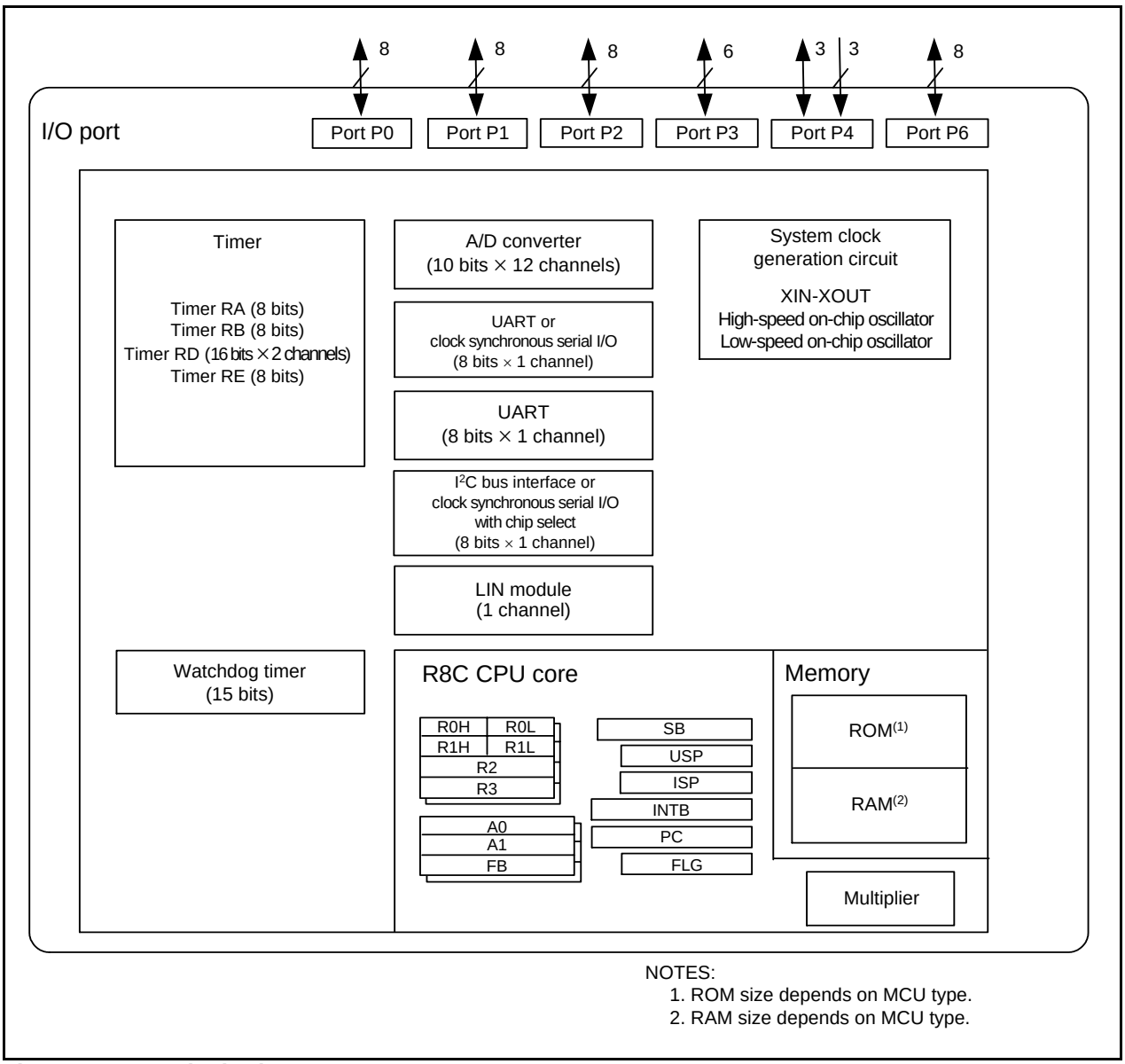


Figure 1.1 Block Diagram

1.4 Product Information

Table 1.3 lists Product Information for R8C/20 Group and Table 1.4 lists Product Information for R8C/21 Group.

Table 1.3 Product Information for R8C/20 Group **Current of Aug. 2008**

Type No.	ROM Capacity	RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks	
R5F21206JFP	32 Kbytes	2 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A	J version	Flash memory version
R5F21207JFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F21208JFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120AJFP	96 Kbytes	5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120CJFP	128 Kbytes(1)	6 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F21206KFP	32 Kbytes	2 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A	K version	
R5F21207KFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F21208KFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120AKFP	96 Kbytes	5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2120CKFP	128 Kbytes(1)	6 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		

NOTE:
1. Do not use addresses 20000h to 23FFFh because these areas are used for the emulator debugger. Refer to **23. Notes on Emulator Debugger** of Hardware Manual.

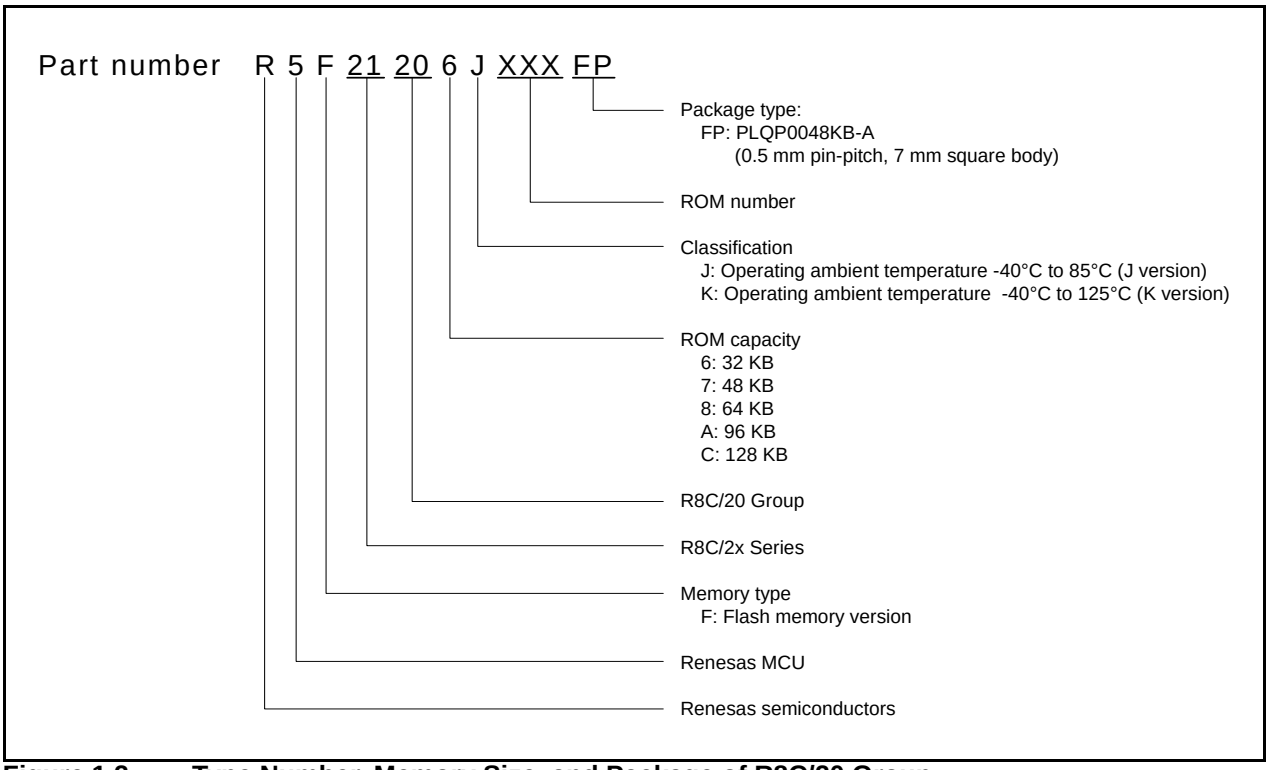


Figure 1.2 Type Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/20 Group

Table 1.4 Product Information for R8C/21 Group **Current of Aug. 2008**

Type No.	ROM Capacity		RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks	
	Program ROM	Data Flash				
R5F21216JFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	2 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A	J version	Flash memory version
R5F21217JFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F21218JFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2121AJFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2121CJFP	128 Kbytes(1)	1 Kbyte X 2	6 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F21216KFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	2 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A	K version	
R5F21217KFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F21218KFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2121AKFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte X 2	5 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		
R5F2121CKFP	128 Kbytes(1)	1 Kbyte X 2	6 Kbytes	PLQP0048KB-A		

NOTE:
1. Do not use addresses 20000h to 23FFFh because these areas are used for the emulator debugger. Refer to **23. Notes on Emulator Debugger** of Hardware Manual.

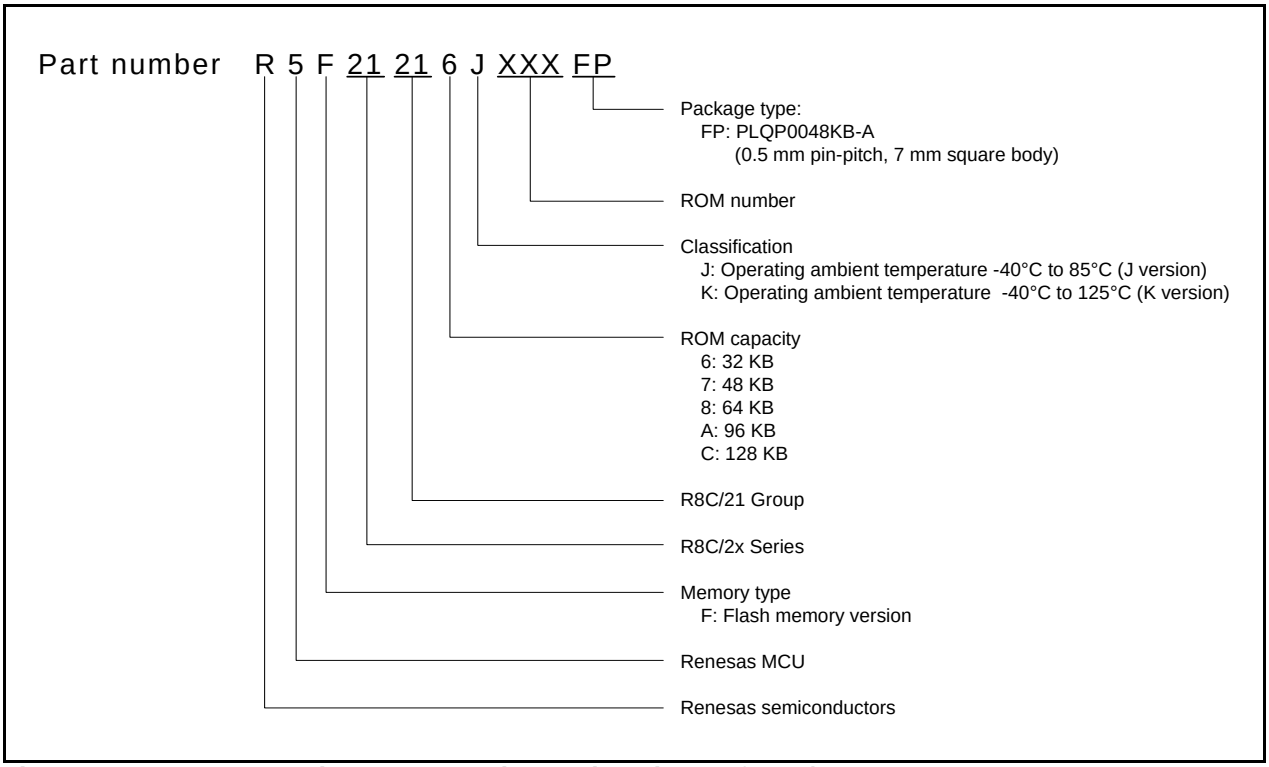


Figure 1.3 Type Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/21 Group

1.5 Pin Assignments

Figure 1.4 shows Pin Assignments (Top View).

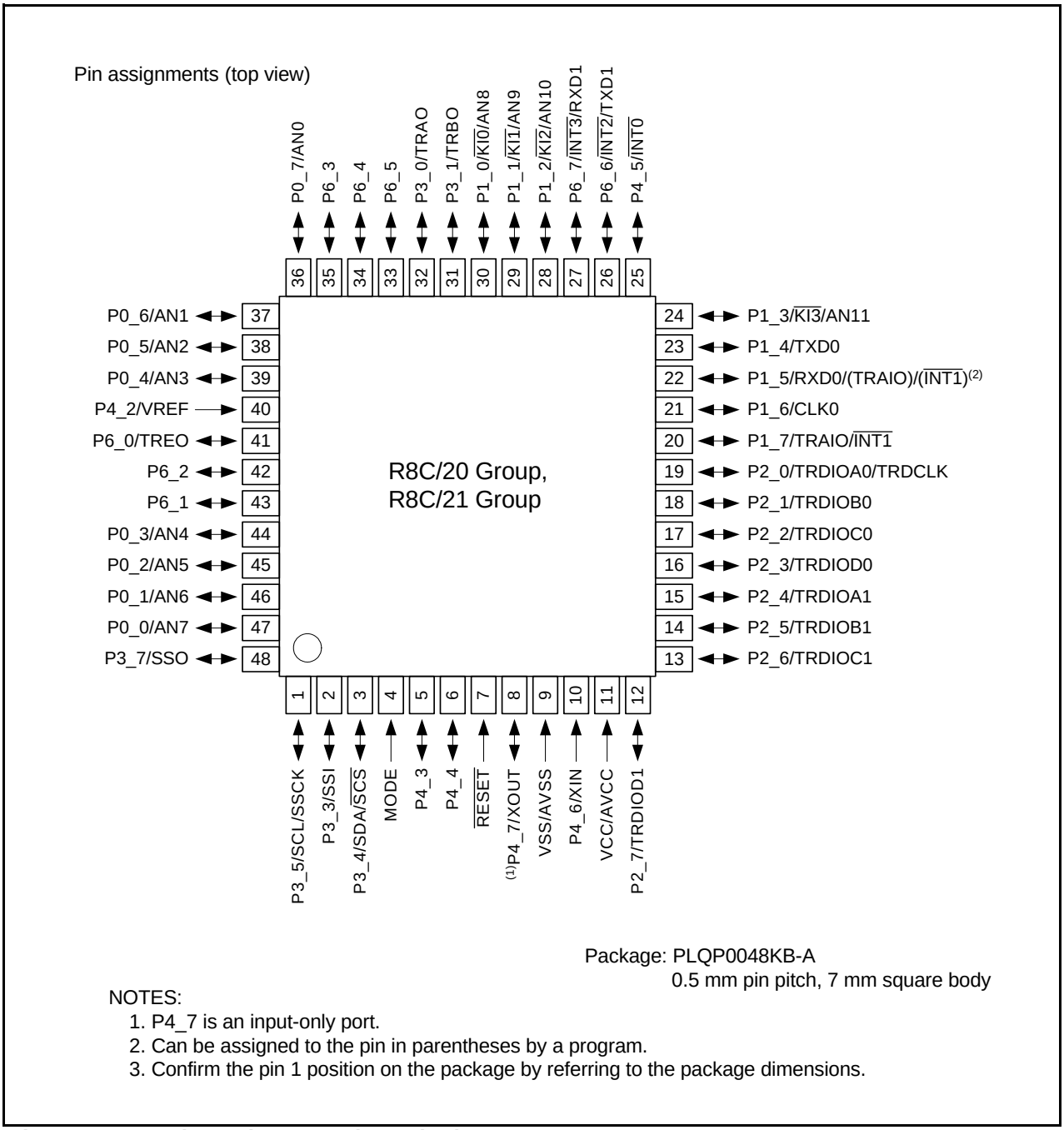


Figure 1.4 Pin Assignments (Top View)

1.6 Pin Functions

Table 1.5 lists the Pin Functions and Table 1.6 lists the Pin Name Information by Pin Number.

Table 1.5 Pin Functions

Type	Symbol	I/O Type	Description
Power Supply Input	VCC VSS	I	Apply 2.7 V to 5.5 V to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Analog Power Supply Input	AVCC, AVSS	I	Applies the power supply for the A/D converter. Connect a capacitor between AVCC and AVSS.
Reset Input	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Input “L” on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
XIN Clock Input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for the XIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between the XIN and XOUT pins. To use an externally derived clock, input it to the XIN pin and leave the XOUT pin open.
XIN Clock Output	XOUT	O	
$\overline{\text{INT}}$ Interrupt Input	$\overline{\text{INT0}}$ to $\overline{\text{INT3}}$	I	$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input pins. $\overline{\text{INT0}}$ Timer RD input pins. $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Timer RA input pins.
Key Input Interrupt	$\overline{\text{KI0}}$ to $\overline{\text{KI3}}$	I	Key input interrupt input pins.
Timer RA	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin.
	TRAO	O	Timer RA output pin.
Timer RB	TRBO	O	Timer RB output pin.
Timer RD	TRDIOA0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB0, TRDIOB1, TRDIOC0, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1	I/O	Timer RD I/O ports.
	TRDCLK	I	External clock input pin.
Timer RE	TREO	O	Divided clock output pin.
Serial Interface	CLK0	I/O	Transfer clock I/O pin.
	RXD0, RXD1	I	Serial data input pins.
	TXD0, TXD1	O	Serial data output pins.
I^2C Bus Interface	SCL	I/O	Clock I/O pin.
	SDA	I/O	Data I/O pin.
Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select	SSI	I/O	Data I/O pin.
	$\overline{\text{SCS}}$	I/O	Chip-select signal I/O pin.
	SSCK	I/O	Clock I/O pin.
	SSO	I/O	Data I/O pin.
Reference Voltage Input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to A/D converter.
A/D Converter	AN0 to AN11	I	Analog input pins to A/D converter.
I/O Port	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0, P3_1, P3_3 to P3_5, P3_7, P4_3 to P4_5, P6_0 to P6_7	I/O	CMOS I/O ports. Each port contains an input/output select direction register, allowing each pin in that port to be directed for input or output individually. Any port set to input can select whether to use a pull-up resistor or not by a program.
Input Port	P4_2, P4_6, P4_7	I	Input only ports.

I: Input O: Output I/O: Input and output

Table 1.6 Pin Name Information by Pin Number

Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	I/O Pin Functions for of Peripheral Modules					
			Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select	I^2C Bus Interface	A/D Converter
1		P3_5				SSCK	SCL	
2		P3_3				SSI		
3		P3_4				$\overline{SCS}$	SDA	
4	MODE							
5		P4_3						
6		P4_4						
7	$\overline{RESET}$							
8	XOUT	P4_7						
9	VSS/AVSS							
10	XIN	P4_6						
11	VCC/AVCC							
12		P2_7		TRDIOD1				
13		P2_6		TRDIOC1				
14		P2_5		TRDIOB1				
15		P2_4		TRDIOA1				
16		P2_3		TRDIOD0				
17		P2_2		TRDIOC0				
18		P2_1		TRDIOB0				
19		P2_0		TRDIOA0/TRDCLK				
20		P1_7	$\overline{INT1}$	TRAIO				
21		P1_6			CLK0			
22		P1_5	($\overline{INT1}$)(1)	(TRAIO)(1)	RXD0			
23		P1_4			TXD0			
24		P1_3	$\overline{KI3}$					AN11
25		P4_5	$\overline{INT0}$	$\overline{INT0}$				
26		P6_6	$\overline{INT2}$		TXD1			
27		P6_7	$\overline{INT3}$		RXD1			
28		P1_2	$\overline{KI2}$					AN10
29		P1_1	$\overline{KI1}$					AN9
30		P1_0	$\overline{KI0}$					AN8
31		P3_1		TRBO				
32		P3_0		TRAO				
33		P6_5						
34		P6_4						
35		P6_3						
36		P0_7						AN0
37		P0_6						AN1
38		P0_5						AN2
39		P0_4						AN3
40	VREF	P4_2						
41		P6_0		TREO				
42		P6_2						
43		P6_1						
44		P0_3						AN4
45		P0_2						AN5
46		P0_1						AN6
47		P0_0						AN7
48		P3_7				SSO		

NOTE:
1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.

2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables a maskable interrupt.
An interrupt is disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1.
The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers. 0 to 31 is executed.

2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL, 3 bits wide, assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7.
If a requested interrupt has greater priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

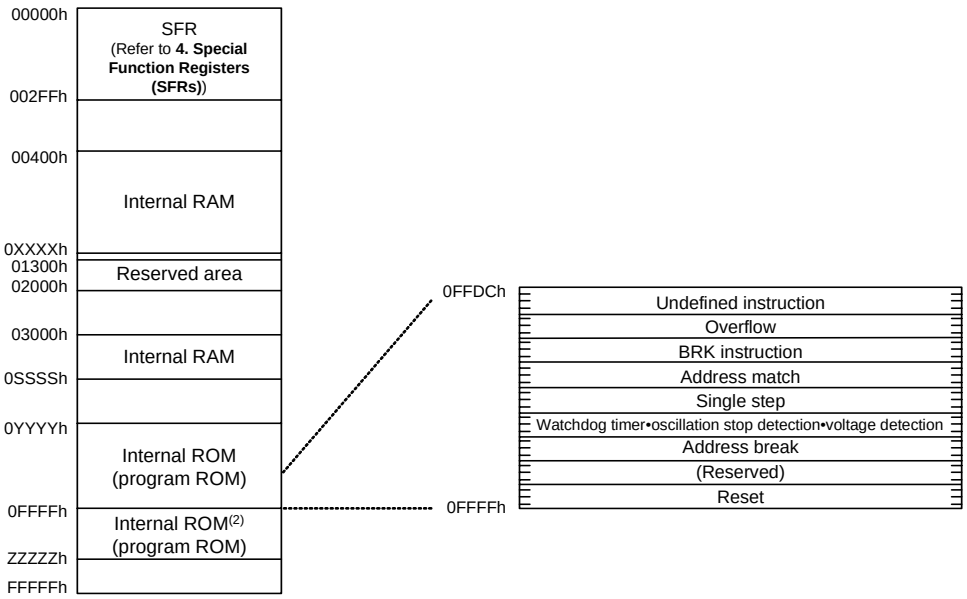
2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.

3. Memory

3.1 R8C/20 Group

Figure 3.1 shows a Memory Map of R8C/20 Group. The R8C/20 Group has 1 Mbyte of address space from address 00000h to FFFFFh.
The internal ROM is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 48-Kbyte internal ROM is allocated addresses 04000h to 0FFFFh.
The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.
The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 2.5-Kbyte internal RAM is allocated addresses 00400h to 00DFFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.
Special function registers (SFR) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future user and cannot be accessed by users.



NOTES:
1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. Do not use addresses 20000h to 23FFFh because these areas are used for the emulator debugger. Refer to **23. Notes on Emulator Debugger** of Hardware Manual.

Part Number	Internal ROM			Internal RAM		
	Size	Address 0YYYYh	Address ZZZZZh	Size	Address 0XXXXh	Address 0SSSSh
R5F21206JFP, R5F21206KFP	32 Kbytes	08000h	-	2 Kbytes	00BFFh	-
R5F21207JFP, R5F21207KFP	48 Kbytes	04000h	-	2.5 Kbytes	00DFFh	-
R5F21208JFP, R5F21208KFP	64 Kbytes	04000h	13FFFh	3 Kbytes	00FFFh	-
R5F2120AJFP, R5F2120AKFP	96 Kbytes	04000h	1BFFFh	5 Kbytes	00FFFh	037FFh
R5F2120CJFP, R5F2120CKFP	128 Kbytes	04000h	23FFFh	6 Kbytes	00FFFh	03BFFh

Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/20 Group

Table 4.3 SFR Information (3)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0080h			
0081h			
0082h			
0083h			
0084h			
0085h			
0086h			
0087h			
0088h			
0089h			
008Ah			
008Bh			
008Ch			
008Dh			
008Eh			
008Fh			
0090h			
0091h			
0092h			
0093h			
0094h			
0095h			
0096h			
0097h			
0098h			
0099h			
009Ah			
009Bh			
009Ch			
009Dh			
009Eh			
009Fh			
00A0h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U0MR	00h
00A1h	UART0 Bit Rate Register	U0BRG	XXh
00A2h	UART0 Transmit Buffer Register	U0TB	XXh
00A3h			XXh
00A4h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U0C0	00001000b
00A5h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U0C1	00000010b
00A6h	UART0 Receive Buffer Register	U0RB	XXh
00A7h			XXh
00A8h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
00A9h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
00AAh	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	XXh
00ABh			XXh
00ACh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U1C0	00001000b
00ADh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C1	00000010b
00AEh	UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
00AFh			XXh
00B0h			
00B1h			
00B2h			
00B3h			
00B4h			
00B5h			
00B6h			
00B7h			
00B8h	SS Control Register H/IIC Bus Control Register 1(2)	SSCRH/ICCR1	00h
00B9h	SS Control Register L/IIC Bus Control Register 2(2)	SSCRL/ICCR2	01111101b
00BAh	SS Mode Register/IIC Bus Mode Register 1(2)	SSMR/ICMR	00011000b
00BBh	SS Enable Register/IIC Bus Interrupt Enable Register(2)	SSER/ICIER	00h
00BCh	SS Status Register/IIC Bus Status Register(2)	SSSR/ICSR	00h/0000X000b
00BDh	SS Mode Register 2/Slave Address Register(2)	SSMR2/SAR	00h
00BEh	SS Transmit Data Register/IIC Bus Transmit Data Register(2)	SSTDR/ICDRT	FFh
00BFh	SS Receive Data Register/IIC Bus Receive Data Register(2)	SSRDR/ICDRR	FFh

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.

Table 4.5 SFR Information (5)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h			
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
010Ah	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Ch	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRE	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh			
0110h			
0111h			
0112h			
0113h			
0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			
0118h	Timer RE Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
011Ah			
011Bh			
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Count Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh			
0120h			
0121h			
0122h			
0123h			
0124h			
0125h			
0126h			
0127h			
0128h			
0129h			
012Ah			
012Bh			
012Ch			
012Dh			
012Eh			
012Fh			
0130h			
0131h			
0132h			
0133h			
0134h			
0135h			
0136h			
0137h	Timer RD Start Register	TRDSTR	11111100b
0138h	Timer RD Mode Register	TRDMR	00001110b
0139h	Timer RD PWM Mode Register	TRDPMR	10001000b
013Ah	Timer RD Function Control Register	TRDFCR	10000000b
013Bh	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1	TRDOER1	FFh
013Ch	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 2	TRDOER2	01111111b
013Dh	Timer RD Output Control Register	TRDOCR	00h
013Eh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 0	TRDDF0	00h
013Fh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 1	TRDDF1	00h

X: Undefined

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 5.4 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Program/erase endurance(2)	R8C/20 Group	100(3)	–	–	times
		R8C/21 Group	1,000(3)	–	–	times
–	Byte program time		–	50	400	µs
–	Block erase time		–	0.4	9	s
$t_{d(SR-SUS)}$	Time delay from suspend request until erase suspend		–	–	97 + CPU clock × 6 cycle	µs
–	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	–	–	µs
–	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	–	–	ns
–	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		–	–	3 + CPU clock × 4 cycle	µs
–	Program, erase voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Read voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Program, erase temperature		0	–	60	°C
–	Data hold time(7)	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	–	–	year

NOTES:
1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V at Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
   The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
   If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 1,000), each block can be erased n times.
   For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one. However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure endurance can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
5. If error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

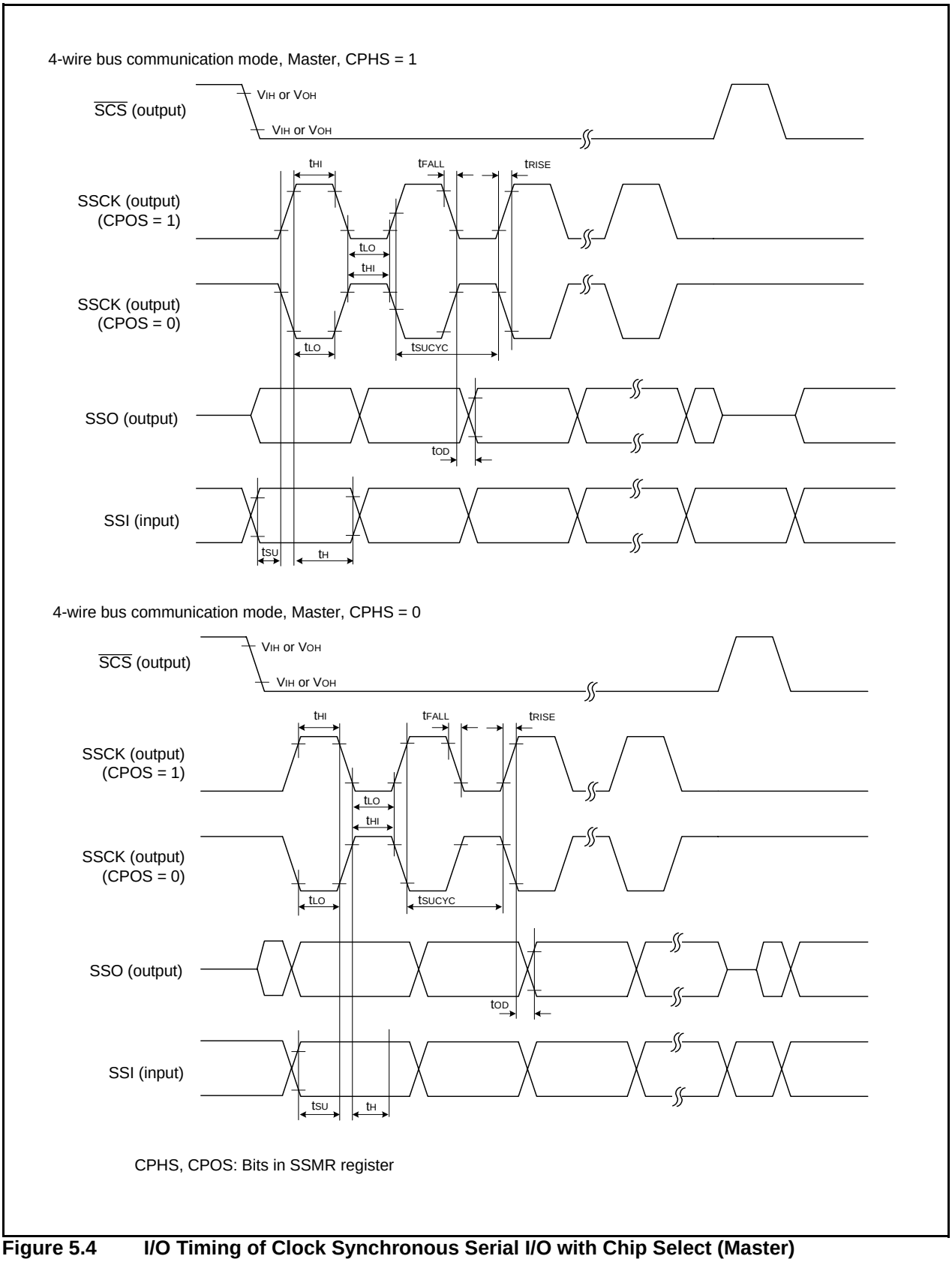


Figure 5.4 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Master)

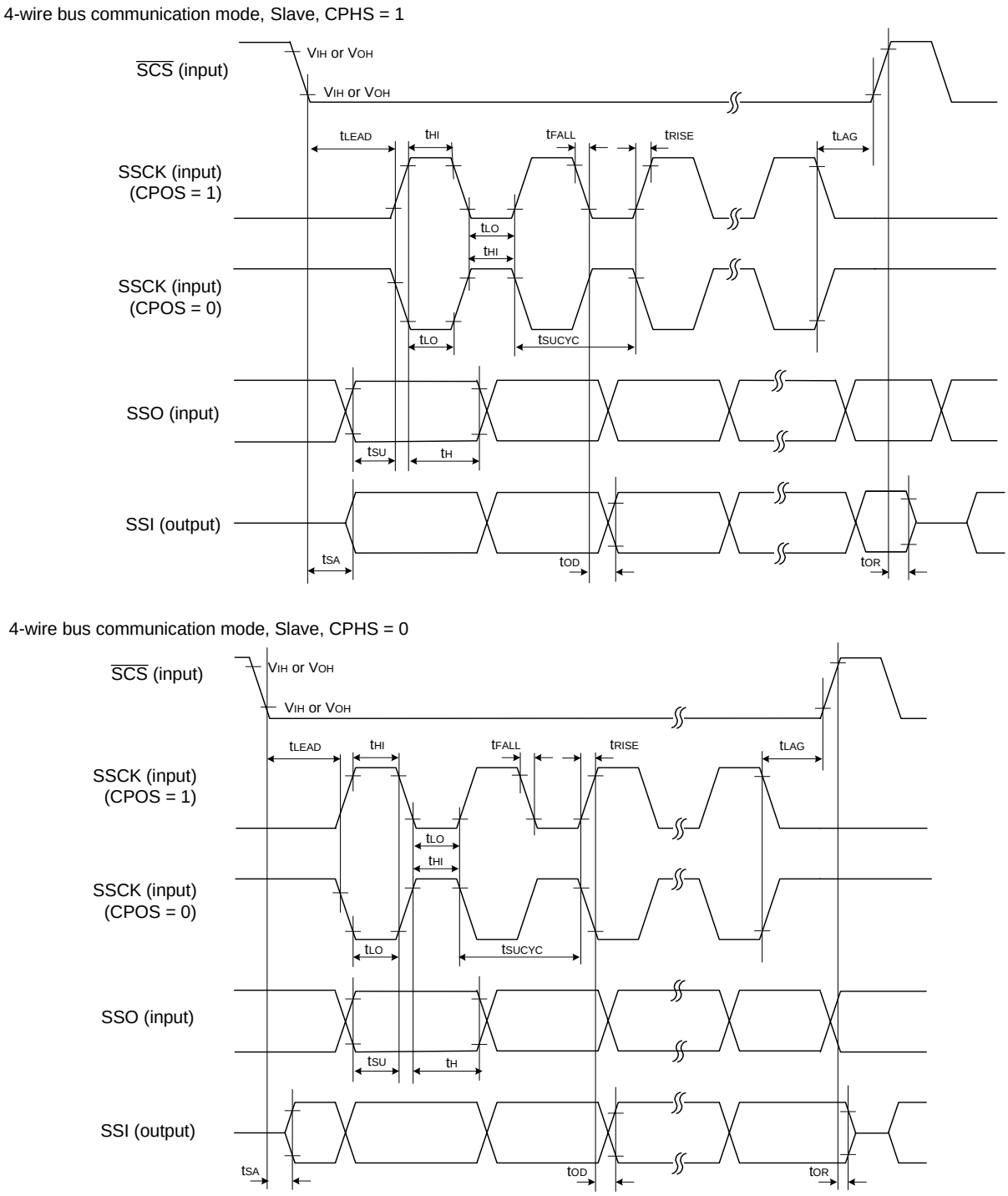
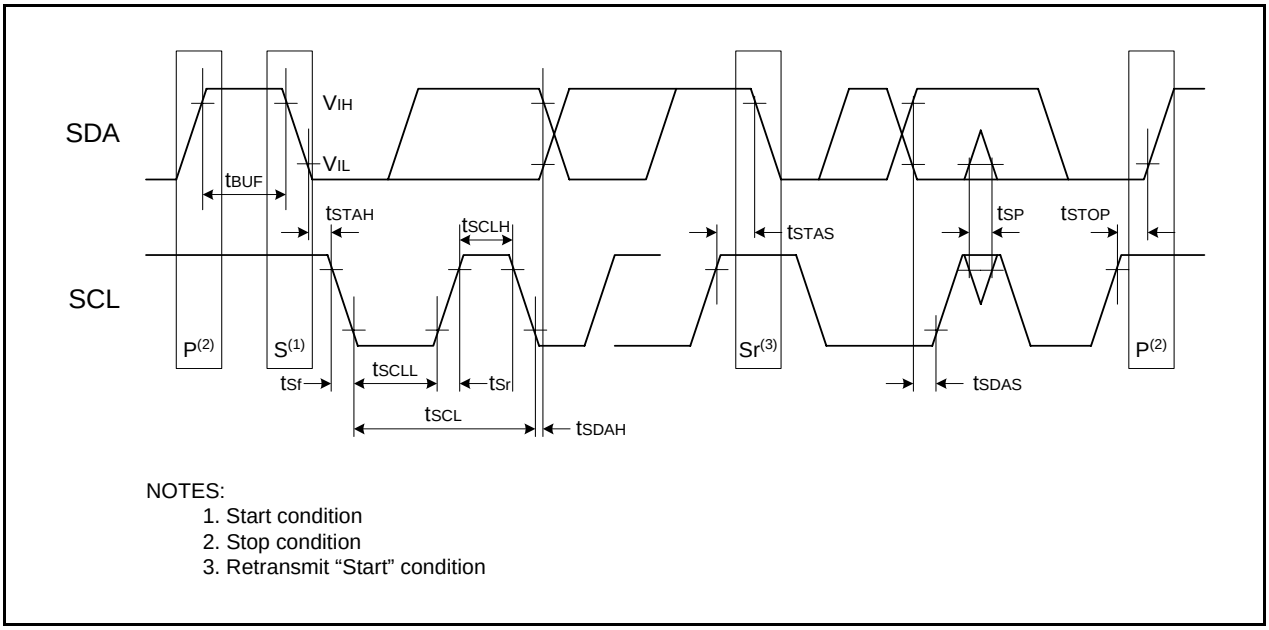


Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Slave)

Table 5.13 Timing Requirements of I²C Bus Interface(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t_{SCL}	SCL input cycle time		$12t_{CYC}$ + 600(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SCLH}	SCL input “H” width		$3t_{CYC}$ + 300(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SCLL}	SCL input “L” width		$5t_{CYC}$ + 300(2)	–	–	ns
t_{sf}	SCL, SDA input falling time		–	–	300	ns
t_{SP}	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		–	–	$1t_{CYC}$(2)	ns
t_{BUF}	SDA input bus-free time		$5t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STAH}	Start condition input hole time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STAS}	Retransmit start condition input setup time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{STOP}	Stop condition input setup time		$3t_{CYC}$(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SOAS}	Data input setup time		$1t_{CYC}$ + 20(2)	–	–	ns
t_{SDAH}	Data input hold time		0	–	–	ns

NOTES:
1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0V at Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), unless otherwise specified.
2. $1t_{CYC}$ = 1/f1(s)



NOTES:
1. Start condition
2. Stop condition
3. Retransmit “Start” condition

Figure 5.7 I/O Timing of I²C Bus Interface

Table 5.14 Electrical Characteristics (1) [Vcc = 5 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{OH}	Output “H” Voltage	Except XOUT	I_{OH} = -5 mA		V_{CC} – 2.0	–	V_{CC}	V
			I_{OH} = -200 μA		V_{CC} – 0.3	–	V_{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OH} = -1 mA	V_{CC} – 2.0	–	V_{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OH} = -500 μA	V_{CC} – 2.0	–	V_{CC}	V
V_{OL}	Output “L” Voltage	Except XOUT	I_{OL} = 5 mA		–	–	2.0	V
			I_{OL} = 200 μA		–	–	0.45	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I_{OL} = 1 mA	–	–	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I_{OL} = 500 μA	–	–	2.0	V
V_{T+}-V_{T-}	Hysteresis	$\overline{INT0}$, $\overline{INT1}$, $\overline{INT2}$, $\overline{INT3}$, $\overline{KI0}$, $\overline{KI1}$, $\overline{KI2}$, $\overline{KI3}$, TRAIO, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.5	–	V
		$\overline{RESET}$			0.1	1.0	–	V
I_{IH}	Input “H” current		VI = 5 V, V_{CC} = 5 V		–	–	5.0	μA
I_{IL}	Input “L” current		VI = 0 V, V_{CC} = 5 V		–	–	-5.0	μA
R_{PULLUP}	Pull-Up Resistance		VI = 0 V, V_{CC} = 5 V		30	50	167	kΩ
R_{fXIN}	Feedback Resistance	XIN			–	1.0	–	MΩ
V_{RAM}	RAM Hold Voltage		During stop mode		2.0	–	–	V

NOTE:
1. V_{CC} = 4.2 to 5.5 V at Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.21 Electrical Characteristics (4) [Vcc = 3 V]
(Topr = -40 to 85°C (J version) / -40 to 125°C (K version), Unless Otherwise Specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 2.7 to 3.3 V) In single-chip mode, the output pins are open and other pins are Vss	High-clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	10.5	21.0	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	8.3	16.6	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	5.3	10.6	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	4.5	–	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	3.3	–	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.3	–	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	5.6	11.2	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.4	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8 FMR47 = 1	–	138	276	µA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA20 = 0 VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	–	48	96	µA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA20 = 0 VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	–	35	70	µA
		Stop mode Topr = 25°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	–	0.7	3.0	µA
		Stop mode Topr = 85°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	–	1.1	–	µA
		Stop mode Topr = 125°C	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA26 = VCA27 = 0	–	3.8	–	µA

Timing Requirements (Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 3 V, Vss = 0V at Topr = 25°C) [Vcc = 3 V]

Table 5.22 XIN Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	100	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input “H” width	40	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input “L” width	40	–	ns

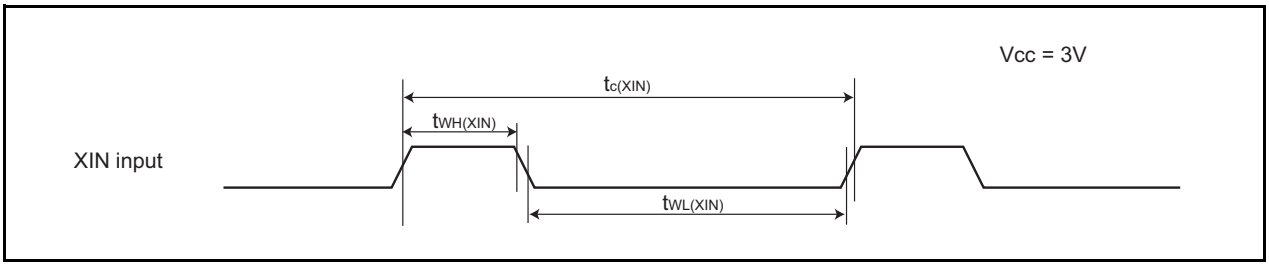


Figure 5.12 XIN Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.23 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input Cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	120	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	120	–	ns

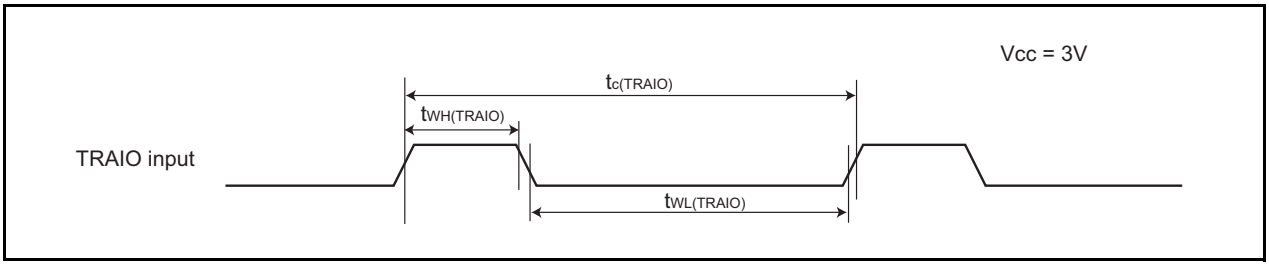


Figure 5.13 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.24 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLK0 input cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{W(CKH)}$	CLK0 input “H” width	150	–	ns
$t_{W(CKL)}$	CLK0 input “L” width	150	–	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	–	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	–	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	70	–	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	–	ns

i = 0 or 1

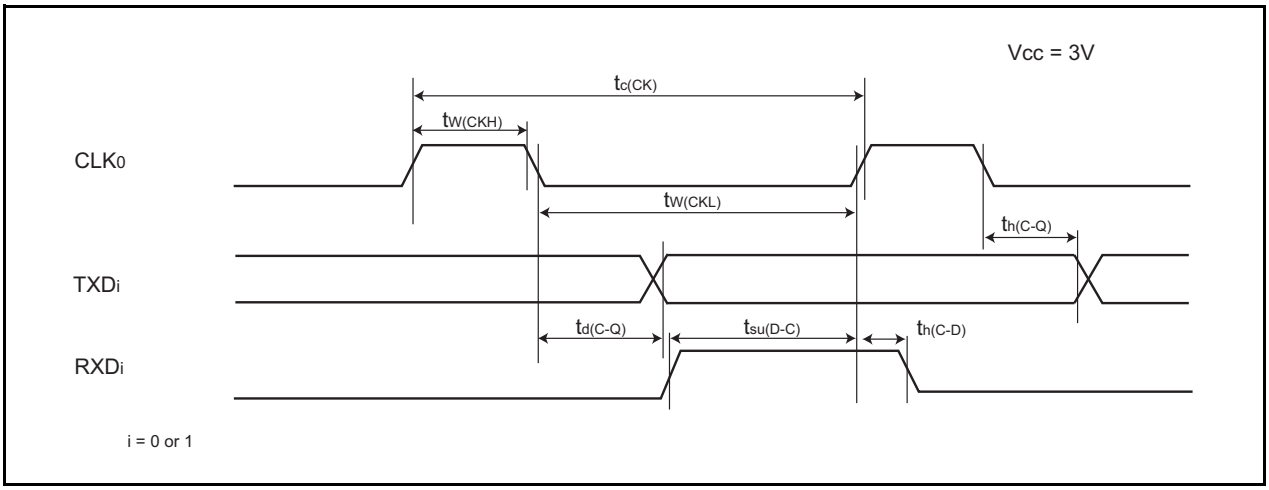


Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.25 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ (i = 0 to 3) Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{W(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “H” width	380(1)	–	ns
$t_{W(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “L” width	380(2)	–	ns

NOTES:
1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use the $\overline{INTi}$ input HIGH width to the greater value, either (1/digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use the $\overline{INTi}$ input LOW width to the greater value, either (1/digital filter clock frequency x 3) or the minimum value of standard.

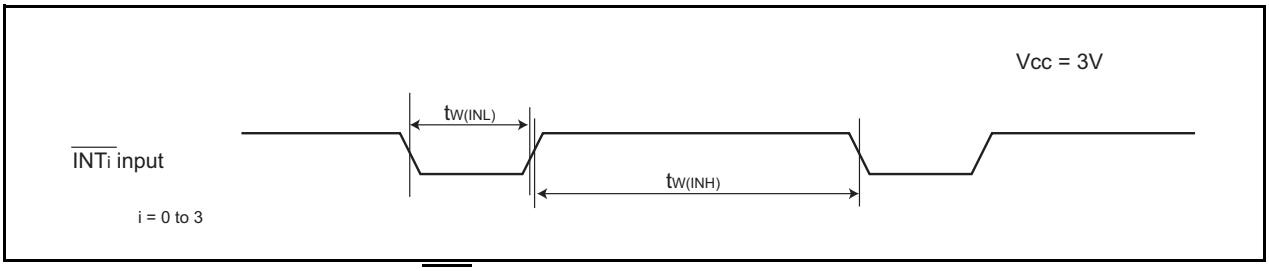


Figure 5.15 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V (i = 0 to 3)

REVISION HISTORY	R8C/20 Group, R8C/21 Group Datasheet

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
0.20	Sep 29, 2005	20	Table 4.6 SFR Information (6) revised - 0145h: POCR0 → TRDPOCR0 - 0146h, 0147h: TRDCNT0 → TRD0 - 0148h, 0149h: GRA0 → TRDGRA0 - 014Ah, 014Bh: GRB0 → TRDGRB0 - 014Ch, 014Dh: GRC0 → TRDGRC0 - 014Eh, 014Fh: GRD0 → TRDGRD0 - 0155h: POCR1 -> TRDPOCR1 - 0156h, 0157h: TRDCNT1 → TRD1 - 0158h, 0159h: GRA1 → TRDGRA1 - 015Ah, 015Bh: GRB1 → TRDGRB1 - 015Ch, 015Dh: GRC1 → TRDGRC1 - 015Eh, 015Fh: GRD1 → TRDGRD1
		22	5. Electrical Characteristics added
1.00	Nov 15, 2006	All pages	“Preliminary” and “Under development” deleted
		2	Table 1.1 Functions and Specifications for R8C/20 Group revised. NOTE1 deleted.
		3	Table 1.2 Functions and Specifications for R8C/21 Group revised. NOTE1 deleted.
		5	Table 1.3 Product Information for R8C/20 Group; “R5F2120AJFP (D)”, “R5F2120CJFP (D)”, “R5F2120AKFP (D)”, “R5F2120CKFP (D)”, and NOTE added. Figure 1.2 Type Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/20 Group; “A: 96 KB” and “C: 128 KB” added.
		6	Table 1.4 Product Information for R8C/21 Group; “R5F2121AJFP (D)”, “R5F2121CJFP (D)”, “R5F2121AKFP (D)”, “R5F2121CKFP (D)”, and NOTE added. Figure 1.3 Type Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/21 Group; “A: 96 KB” and “C: 128 KB” added.
		13	Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/20 Group revised.
		14	Figure 3.2 Memory Map of R8C/21 Group revised.
		15	Table 4.1 SFR Information (1)(1); NOTE8; “The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is set to 0.” → “The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is 0.” revised.
		21	Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings; Power dissipation revised. Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions; System clock revised.
		26	Table 5.8 Voltage Monitor 1 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics → Table 5.8 Power-on Reset Circuit, Voltage Monitor 1 Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics(1) replaced. Table 5.8 revised. NOTE3 added. Table 5.9 Power-on Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics deleted. Figure 5.3 Power-on Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics revised.
		27	Table 5.10 High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics → Table 5.9 High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics revised.