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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	1536
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	6912
Total RAM Bits	65536
Number of I/O	146
Number of Gates	300000
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 1.89V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc2s300e-6pq208c

Revision History

Date	Version	Description
06/27/2002	1.1	Updated -7 availability.
11/18/2002	2.0	Added XC2S400E and XC2S600E. Corrected XC2S150E max I/O count and XC2S50E differential I/O count and updated availability.
07/09/2003	2.1	Noted hot-swap capability. Updated Table 2 to show that all products are available. Clarified device part marking.
07/28/2004	2.2	Added information on Pb-free packaging options.
06/18/2008	2.3	Added dual mark information in Device Part Marking . Updated all modules for continuous page, figure, and table numbering. Updated links. Synchronized all modules to v2.3.
08/09/2013	3.0	This product is obsolete/discontinued per XCN12026 .

Table 7 shows the depth and width aspect ratios for the block RAM.

Table 7: Block RAM Port Aspect Ratios

Width	Depth	ADDR Bus	Data Bus
1	4096	ADDR<11:0>	DATA<0>
2	2048	ADDR<10:0>	DATA<1:0>
4	1024	ADDR<9:0>	DATA<3:0>
8	512	ADDR<8:0>	DATA<7:0>
16	256	ADDR<7:0>	DATA<15:0>

The Spartan-IIE FPGA block RAM also includes dedicated routing to provide an efficient interface with both CLBs and other block RAMs. See Xilinx Application Note [XAPP173](#) for more information on block RAM.

Programmable Routing

It is the longest delay path that limits the speed of any design. Consequently, the Spartan-IIE FPGA routing architecture and its place-and-route software were defined jointly to minimize long-path delays and yield the best system performance.

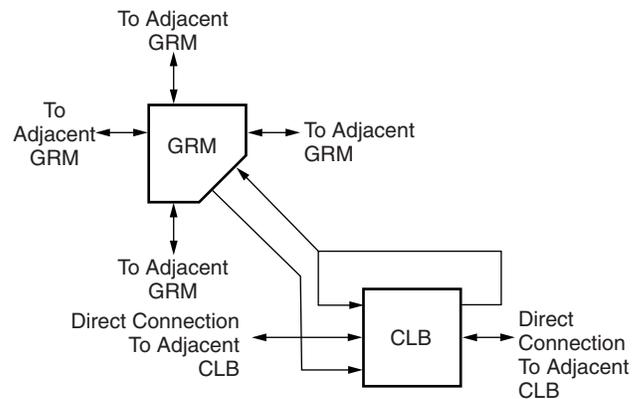
The joint optimization also reduces design compilation times because the architecture is software-friendly. Design cycles are correspondingly reduced due to shorter design iteration times.

The software automatically uses the best available routing based on user timing requirements. The details are provided here for reference.

Local Routing

The local routing resources, as shown in Figure 9, provide the following three types of connections:

- Interconnections among the LUTs, flip-flops, and General Routing Matrix (GRM), described below.
- Internal CLB feedback paths that provide high-speed connections to LUTs within the same CLB, chaining them together with minimal routing delay
- Direct paths that provide high-speed connections between horizontally adjacent CLBs, eliminating the delay of the GRM



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Figure 9: Spartan-IIE Local Routing

General Purpose Routing

Most Spartan-IIE FPGA signals are routed on the general purpose routing, and consequently, the majority of interconnect resources are associated with this level of the routing hierarchy. The general routing resources are located in horizontal and vertical routing channels associated with the rows and columns of CLBs. The general-purpose routing resources are listed below.

- Adjacent to each CLB is a General Routing Matrix (GRM). The GRM is the switch matrix through which horizontal and vertical routing resources connect, and is also the means by which the CLB gains access to the general purpose routing.
- 24 single-length lines route GRM signals to adjacent GRMs in each of the four directions.
- 96 buffered Hex lines route GRM signals to other GRMs six blocks away in each one of the four directions. Organized in a staggered pattern, Hex lines may be driven only at their endpoints. Hex-line signals can be accessed either at the endpoints or at the midpoint (three blocks from the source). One third of the Hex lines are bidirectional, while the remaining ones are unidirectional.
- 12 Longlines are buffered, bidirectional wires that distribute signals across the device quickly and efficiently. Vertical Longlines span the full height of the device, and horizontal ones span the full width of the device.

I/O Routing

Spartan-IIE devices have additional routing resources around their periphery that form an interface between the CLB array and the IOBs. This additional routing, called the VersaRing™ routing, facilitates pin-swapping and pin-locking, such that logic redesigns can adapt to existing PCB layouts. Time-to-market is reduced, since PCBs and other system components can be manufactured while the logic design is still in progress.



Definition of Terms

In this document, some specifications may be designated as Advance or Preliminary. These designations are based on the more detailed timing information used by the development system and reported in the output files. These terms are defined as follows:

Advance: Initial estimates based on simulation and/or extrapolation from other speed grades, devices, or families. Values are subject to change. Use as estimates, not for production.

Preliminary: Based on characterization. Further changes are not expected.

Except for pin-to-pin input and output parameters, the AC parameter delay specifications included in this document are derived from measuring internal test patterns. All specifications are representative of worst-case supply voltage and junction temperature conditions. The parameters included are common to popular designs and typical applications. All specifications are subject to change without notice.

DC Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
V_{CCINT}	Supply voltage relative to GND	-0.5	2.0	V
V_{CCO}	Supply voltage relative to GND	-0.5	4.0	V
V_{REF}	Input reference voltage	-0.5	4.0	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage relative to GND ^(2,3)	-0.5	4.0	V
V_{TS}	Voltage applied to 3-state output ⁽³⁾	-0.5	4.0	V
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (ambient)	-65	+150	°C
T_J	Junction temperature	-	+125	°C

Notes:

- Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.
- V_{IN} should not exceed V_{CCO} by more than 3.6V over extended periods of time (e.g., longer than a day).
- Maximum DC overshoot must be limited to either $V_{CCO} + 0.5V$ or 10 mA, and undershoot must be limited to $-0.5V$ or 10 mA, whichever is easier to achieve. The Maximum AC conditions are as follows: The device pins may undershoot to $-2.0V$ or overshoot to $V_{CCO} + 2.0V$, provided this over/undershoot lasts no more than 11 ns with a forcing current no greater than 100 mA.
- For soldering guidelines, see the Packaging Information on the Xilinx[®] website.

Power-On Requirements

Spartan®-IIE FPGAs require that a minimum supply current I_{CCPO} be provided to the V_{CCINT} lines for a successful power-on. If more current is available, the FPGA can consume more than I_{CCPO} min., though this cannot adversely affect reliability.

A maximum limit for I_{CCPO} is not specified. Be careful when using foldback/crowbar supplies and fuses. It is possible to control the magnitude of I_{CCPO} by limiting the supply current available to the FPGA. A current limit below the trip level will avoid inadvertently activating over-current protection circuits.

Symbol	Description			Min ⁽¹⁾	Typ	Max	Units	
I_{CCPO}	Total V_{CCINT} supply current required during power-on	Commercial	XC2S50E - XC2S300E	After PCN ⁽²⁾	300	-	-	mA
				Before PCN ⁽²⁾	500	-	-	mA
			XC2S400E - XC2S600E	500	-	-	mA	
		Industrial	XC2S50E - XC2S300E	After PCN ⁽²⁾	500	-	-	mA
				Before PCN ⁽²⁾	2	-	-	A
			XC2S400E - XC2S600E	700	-	-	mA	
T_{CCPO}	V_{CCINT} ^(3,4) ramp time	After PCN ⁽²⁾		500	-	-	μ s	
		Before PCN ⁽²⁾		2	-	50	ms	
I_{HSPO}	AC current per pin during power-on in hot-swap applications when $V_{IN} > V_{CCO} + 0.4V$; duration < 10ns	After PCN ⁽²⁾		-	± 60	-	μ A	

Notes:

- The I_{CCPO} requirement applies for a brief time (commonly only a few milliseconds) when V_{CCINT} ramps from 0 to 1.8V.
- Devices built after the Product Change Notice PCN 2002-05 (see http://www.xilinx.com/support/documentation/customer_notices/pcn2002-05.pdf) have improved power-on requirements. Devices after the PCN have a 'T' preceding the date code as referenced in the PCN. Note that the XC2S150E, XC2S400E, and XC2S600E always have this mark. Devices before the PCN have an 'S' preceding the date code. Note that devices before the PCN are measured with V_{CCINT} and V_{CCO} powering up simultaneously.
- The ramp time is measured from GND to 1.8V on a fully loaded board.
- V_{CCINT} must not dip in the negative direction during power on.
- I/Os are not guaranteed to be disabled until V_{CCINT} is applied.
- For more information on designing to meet the power-on specifications, refer to the application note [XAPP450 "Power-On Current Requirements for the Spartan-II and Spartan-IIE Families"](#).

DC Input and Output Levels

Values for V_{IL} and V_{IH} are recommended input voltages. Values for V_{OL} and V_{OH} are guaranteed output voltages over the recommended operating conditions. Only selected standards are tested. These are chosen to ensure that all

standards meet their specifications. The selected standards are tested at minimum V_{CCO} with the respective I_{OL} and I_{OH} currents shown. Other standards are sample tested.

Input/Output Standard	V_{IL}		V_{IH}		V_{OL}	V_{OH}	I_{OL}	I_{OH}
	V, Min	V, Max	V, Min	V, Max	V, Max	V, Min	mA	mA
LVTTL ⁽¹⁾	-0.5	0.8	2.0	3.6	0.4	2.4	24	-24
LVC MOS2	-0.5	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.4	1.9	12	-12
LVC MOS18	-0.5	35% V_{CCO}	65% V_{CCO}	1.95	0.4	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	8	-8
PCI, 3.3V	-0.5	30% V_{CCO}	50% V_{CCO}	$V_{CCO} + 0.5$	10% V_{CCO}	90% V_{CCO}	Note (2)	Note (2)
GTL	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.05$	$V_{REF} + 0.05$	3.6	0.4	-	40	-
GTL+	-0.5	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	0.6	-	36	-

IOB Output Switching Characteristics

Output delays terminating at a pad are specified for LVTTTL with 12 mA drive and fast slew rate. For other standards, adjust the delays with the values shown in [IOB Output Delay Adjustments for Different Standards\(1\)](#), page 40.

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-7		-6		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Propagation Delays						
T_{IOOP}	O input to pad	1.0	2.7	1.0	2.9	ns
T_{IOOLP}	O input to pad via transparent latch	1.2	3.1	1.2	3.4	ns
3-state Delays						
T_{IOTHZ}	T input to pad high impedance ⁽¹⁾	0.7	1.7	0.7	1.9	ns
T_{IOTON}	T input to valid data on pad	1.1	2.9	1.1	3.1	ns
$T_{IOTLPHZ}$	T input to pad high impedance via transparent latch ⁽¹⁾	0.8	2.0	0.8	2.2	ns
$T_{IOTLPON}$	T input to valid data on pad via transparent latch	1.2	3.2	1.2	3.4	ns
T_{GTS}	GTS to pad high impedance ⁽¹⁾	1.9	4.6	1.9	4.9	ns
Sequential Delays						
T_{IOCKP}	Clock CLK to pad	0.9	2.8	0.9	2.9	ns
T_{IOCKHZ}	Clock CLK to pad high impedance (synchronous) ⁽¹⁾	0.7	2.0	0.7	2.2	ns
T_{IOCKON}	Clock CLK to valid data on pad (synchronous)	1.1	3.2	1.1	3.4	ns
Setup/Hold Times with Respect to Clock CLK						
T_{IOOCK} / T_{IOCKO}	O input	1.0 / 0	-	1.1 / 0	-	ns
$T_{IOOCECK} / T_{IOCKOCE}$	OCE input	0.7 / 0	-	0.7 / 0	-	ns
$T_{IOSRCKO} / T_{IOCKOSR}$	SR input (OFF)	0.9 / 0	-	1.0 / 0	-	ns
T_{IOTCK} / T_{IOCKT}	3-state setup times, T input	0.6 / 0	-	0.7 / 0	-	ns
$T_{IOTCECK} / T_{IOCKTCE}$	3-state setup times, TCE input	0.6 / 0	-	0.8 / 0	-	ns
$T_{IOSRCKT} / T_{IOCKTSR}$	3-state setup times, SR input (TFF)	0.9 / 0	-	1.0 / 0	-	ns
Set/Reset Delays						
T_{IOSRP}	SR input to pad (asynchronous)	1.2	3.3	1.2	3.5	ns
T_{IOSRHZ}	SR input to pad high impedance (asynchronous) ⁽¹⁾	1.0	2.4	1.0	2.7	ns
T_{IOSRON}	SR input to valid data on pad (asynchronous)	1.4	3.7	1.4	3.9	ns
T_{IOGSRQ}	GSR to pad	3.8	8.5	3.8	9.7	ns

Notes:

1. Three-state turn-off delays should not be adjusted.

Calculation of T_{IOOP} as a Function of Capacitance

T_{IOOP} is the propagation delay from the O Input of the IOB to the pad. The values for T_{IOOP} are based on the standard capacitive load (C_{SL}) for each I/O standard as listed in the table [Constants for Calculating \$T_{IOOP}\$](#) , below.

For other capacitive loads, use the formulas below to calculate an adjusted propagation delay, T_{IOOP1} .

$$T_{IOOP1} = T_{IOOP} + Adj + (C_{LOAD} - C_{SL}) * F_L$$

Where:

Adj is selected from [IOB Output Delay Adjustments for Different Standards\(1\)](#), page 40, according to the I/O standard used

C_{LOAD} is the capacitive load for the design

F_L is the capacitance scaling factor

Delay Measurement Methodology

Standard	$V_L^{(1)}$	$V_H^{(1)}$	Meas. Point	V_{REF} Typ ⁽²⁾
LVTTL	0	3	1.4	-
LVCMOS2	0	2.5	1.125	-
PCI33_3	Per PCI Spec			-
PCI66_3	Per PCI Spec			-
GTL	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	V_{REF}	0.80
GTL+	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	V_{REF}	1.0
HSTL Class I	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL Class III	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	V_{REF}	0.90
HSTL Class IV	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	V_{REF}	0.90
SSTL3 I and II	$V_{REF} - 1.0$	$V_{REF} + 1.0$	V_{REF}	1.5
SSTL2 I and II	$V_{REF} - 0.75$	$V_{REF} + 0.75$	V_{REF}	1.25
CTT	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	V_{REF}	1.5
AGP	$V_{REF} - (0.2 \times V_{CCO})$	$V_{REF} + (0.2 \times V_{CCO})$	V_{REF}	Per AGP Spec
LVDS	$1.2 - 0.125$	$1.2 + 0.125$	1.2	
LVPECL	$1.6 - 0.3$	$1.6 + 0.3$	1.6	

Notes:

- Input waveform switches between V_L and V_H .
- Measurements are made at V_{REF} Typ, Maximum, and Minimum. Worst-case values are reported.
- I/O parameter measurements are made with the capacitance values shown in the following table, [Constants for Calculating \$T_{IOOP}\$](#) . Refer to Application Note [XAPP179](#) for appropriate terminations.
- I/O standard measurements are reflected in the IBIS model information except where the IBIS format precludes it.

Constants for Calculating T_{IOOP}

Standard	$C_{SL}^{(1)}$ (pF)	F_L (ns/pF)
LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 2 mA drive	35	0.41
LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 4 mA drive	35	0.20
LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 6 mA drive	35	0.13
LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 8 mA drive	35	0.079
LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 12 mA drive	35	0.044
LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 16 mA drive	35	0.043
LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 24 mA drive	35	0.033
LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 2 mA drive	35	0.41
LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 4 mA drive	35	0.20
LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 6 mA drive	35	0.100
LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 8 mA drive	35	0.086
LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 12 mA drive	35	0.058
LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 16 mA drive	35	0.050
LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 24 mA drive	35	0.048
LVCMOS2	35	0.041
LVCMOS18	35	0.050
PCI 33 MHz 3.3V	10	0.050
PCI 66 MHz 3.3V	10	0.033
GTL	0	0.014
GTL+	0	0.017
HSTL Class I	20	0.022
HSTL Class III	20	0.016
HSTL Class IV	20	0.014
SSTL2 Class I	30	0.028
SSTL2 Class II	30	0.016
SSTL3 Class I	30	0.029
SSTL3 Class II	30	0.016
CTT	20	0.035
AGP	10	0.037

Notes:

- I/O parameter measurements are made with the capacitance values shown above. Refer to Application Note [XAPP179](#) for appropriate terminations.
- I/O standard measurements are reflected in the IBIS model information except where the IBIS format precludes it.

DLL Timing Parameters

Because of the difficulty in directly measuring many internal timing parameters, those parameters are derived from benchmark timing patterns. The following guidelines reflect

worst-case values across the recommended operating conditions.

Symbol	Description	F _{CLKIN}	Speed Grade				Units
			-7		-6		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
F _{CLKINHF}	Input clock frequency (CLKDLLHF)	-	60	320	60	275	MHz
F _{CLKINLF}	Input clock frequency (CLKDLL)	-	25	160	25	135	MHz
T _{DLLPW}	Input clock pulse width	≥25 MHz	5.0	-	5.0	-	ns
		≥50 MHz	3.0	-	3.0	-	ns
		≥100 MHz	2.4	-	2.4	-	ns
		≥150 MHz	2.0	-	2.0	-	ns
		≥200 MHz	1.8	-	1.8	-	ns
		≥250 MHz	1.5	-	1.5	-	ns
		≥300 MHz	1.3	-	NA	-	

DLL Clock Tolerance, Jitter, and Phase Information

All DLL output jitter and phase specifications were determined through statistical measurement at the package pins using a clock mirror configuration and matched drivers.

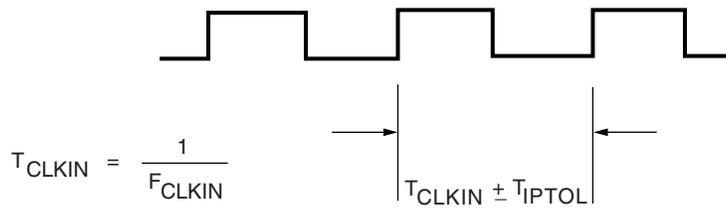
Figure 22, page 44, provides definitions for various parameters in the table below.

Symbol	Description	F _{CLKIN}	CLKDLLHF		CLKDLL		Units
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
T _{IPTOL}	Input clock period tolerance		-	1.0	-	1.0	ns
T _{IJITCC}	Input clock jitter tolerance (cycle-to-cycle)		-	±150	-	±300	ps
T _{LOCK}	Time required for DLL to acquire lock ⁽¹⁾	> 60 MHz	-	20	-	20	μs
		50-60 MHz	-	-	-	25	μs
		40-50 MHz	-	-	-	50	μs
		30-40 MHz	-	-	-	90	μs
		25-30 MHz	-	-	-	120	μs
T _{OJITCC}	Output jitter (cycle-to-cycle) for any DLL clock output ⁽²⁾		-	±60	-	±60	ps
T _{PHIO}	Phase offset between CLKIN and CLKO ⁽³⁾		-	±100	-	±100	ps
T _{PHOO}	Phase offset between clock outputs on the DLL ⁽⁴⁾		-	±140	-	±140	ps
T _{PHIOM}	Phase difference between CLKIN and CLKO ⁽⁵⁾		-	±160	-	±160	ps
T _{PHOOM}	Phase difference between clock outputs on the DLL ⁽⁶⁾		-	±200	-	±200	ps

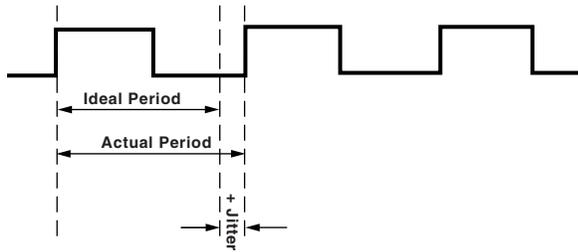
Notes:

- Commercial operating conditions. Add 30% for Industrial operating conditions.
- Output Jitter** is cycle-to-cycle jitter measured on the DLL output clock, *excluding* input clock jitter.
- Phase Offset between CLKIN and CLKO** is the worst-case fixed time difference between rising edges of CLKIN and CLKO, *excluding* output jitter and input clock jitter.
- Phase Offset between Clock Outputs on the DLL** is the worst-case fixed time difference between rising edges of any two DLL outputs, *excluding* output jitter and input clock jitter.
- Maximum Phase Difference between CLKIN and CLKO** is the sum of output jitter and phase offset between CLKIN and CLKO, or the greatest difference between CLKIN and CLKO rising edges due to DLL alone (*excluding* input clock jitter).
- Maximum Phase Difference between Clock Outputs on the DLL** is the sum of output jitter and phase offset between any two DLL clock outputs, or the greatest difference between any two DLL output rising edges due to DLL alone (*excluding* input clock jitter).

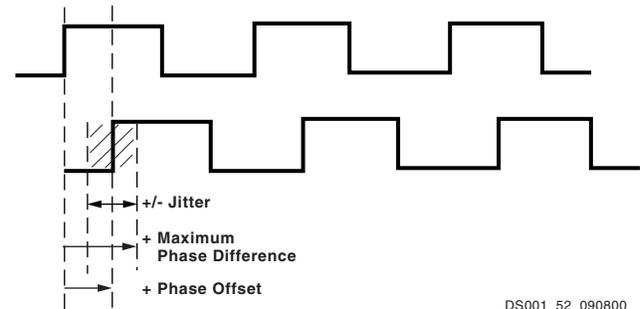
Period Tolerance: the allowed input clock period change in nanoseconds.



Output Jitter: the difference between an ideal reference clock edge and the actual design.



Phase Offset and Maximum Phase Difference



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Figure 22: Period Tolerance and Clock Jitter

Pin Definitions (Continued)

Pad Name	Dedicated Pin	Direction	Description
D0/DIN, D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6, D7	No	Input or Output	In Slave Parallel mode, D0-D7 are configuration data input pins. During readback, D0-D7 are output pins. These pins become user I/Os after configuration unless the Slave Parallel port is retained. In serial modes, DIN is the single data input. This pin becomes a user I/O after configuration.
$\overline{\text{WRITE}}$	No	Input	In Slave Parallel mode, the active-low Write Enable signal. This pin becomes a user I/O after configuration unless the Slave Parallel port is retained.
$\overline{\text{CS}}$	No	Input	In Slave Parallel mode, the active-low Chip Select signal. This pin becomes a user I/O after configuration unless the Slave Parallel port is retained.
TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK	Yes	Mixed	Boundary Scan Test Access Port pins (IEEE 1149.1).
V _{CCINT}	Yes	Input	1.8V power supply pins for the internal core logic.
V _{CCO}	Yes	Input	Power supply pins for output drivers (1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, or 3.3V subject to banking rules in the Functional Description module.
V _{REF}	No	Input	Input threshold reference voltage pins. Become user I/Os when an external threshold voltage is not needed (subject to banking rules in the Functional Description module.
GND	Yes	Input	Ground. All must be connected.
IRDY, TRDY	No	See PCI core documentation	These signals can only be accessed when using Xilinx PCI cores. If the cores are not used, these pins are available as user I/Os.
L#[P/N] (e.g., L0P)	No	Bidirectional	Differential I/O with synchronous output. P = positive, N = negative. The number (#) is used to associate the two pins of a differential pair. Becomes a general user I/O when not needed for differential signals.
L#[P/N]_Y (e.g., L0P_Y)	No	Bidirectional	Differential I/O with asynchronous or synchronous output (asynchronous output not compatible for all densities in a package). P = positive, N = negative. The number (#) is used to associate the two pins of a differential pair. Becomes a general user I/O when not needed for differential signals.
L#[P/N]_YY (e.g., L0P_YY)	No	Bidirectional	Differential I/O with asynchronous or synchronous output (compatible for all densities in a package). P = positive, N = negative. The number (#) is used to associate the two pins of a differential pair. Becomes a general user I/O when not needed for differential signals.
I/O	No	Bidirectional	These pins can be configured to be input and/or output after configuration is completed. Unused I/Os are disabled with a weak pull-down resistor. After power-on and before configuration is completed, these pins are either pulled up or left floating according to the Mode pin values. See the DC and Switching Characteristics module for power-on characteristics.

Pinout Tables

The following device-specific pinout tables include all packages available for each Spartan-II E device. They follow the pad locations around the die. In the TQ144 package, all VCCO pins must be connected to the same voltage.

TQ144 Pinouts (XC2S50E and XC2S100E)

Pad Name		Pin	LVDS Async. Output Option	V _{REF} Option
Function	Bank			
GND	-	P1	-	-
TMS	-	P2	-	-
I/O	7	P3	-	-
I/O	7	P4	-	-
I/O, VREF Bank 7	7	P5	-	All
I/O	7	P6	-	-
I/O, L27P	7	P7	XC2S50E	XC2S100E
I/O, L27N	7	P8	XC2S50E	-
GND	-	P9	-	-
I/O, L26P_YY	7	P10	All	-
I/O, L26N_YY	7	P11	All	-
I/O, VREF Bank 7, L25P	7	P12	XC2S50E	All
I/O, L25N	7	P13	XC2S50E	-
I/O	7	P14	-	-
I/O (IRDY)	7	P15	-	-
GND	-	P16	-	-
VCCO	-	P17	-	-
I/O (TRDY)	6	P18	-	-
VCCINT	-	P19	-	-
I/O	6	P20	-	-
I/O, L24P	6	P21	XC2S50E	-
I/O, VREF Bank 6, L24N	6	P22	XC2S50E	All
I/O, L23P_YY	6	P23	All	-
I/O, L23N_YY	6	P24	All	-
GND	-	P25	-	-
I/O, L22P	6	P26	XC2S50E	-

TQ144 Pinouts (XC2S50E and XC2S100E) (Continued)

Pad Name		Pin	LVDS Async. Output Option	V _{REF} Option
Function	Bank			
I/O, L22N	6	P27	XC2S50E	XC2S100E
I/O	6	P28	-	-
I/O, VREF Bank 6	6	P29	-	All
I/O	6	P30	-	-
I/O, L21P_YY	6	P31	All	-
I/O, L21N_YY	6	P32	All	-
M1	-	P33	-	-
GND	-	P34	-	-
M0	-	P35	-	-
VCCO	-	P36	-	-
M2	-	P37	-	-
I/O, L20N_YY	5	P38	All	-
I/O, L20P_YY	5	P39	All	-
I/O	5	P40	-	-
I/O, VREF Bank 5	5	P41	-	All
I/O	5	P42	-	-
I/O, L19N_YY	5	P43	All	XC2S100E
I/O, L19P_YY	5	P44	All	-
GND	-	P45	-	-
VCCINT	-	P46	-	-
I/O, L18N_YY	5	P47	All	-
I/O, L18P_YY	5	P48	All	-
I/O, VREF Bank 5	5	P49	-	All
I/O (DLL), L17N	5	P50	-	-
VCCINT	-	P51	-	-
GCK1, I	5	P52	-	-
VCCO	5	P53	-	-
GND	-	P54	-	-
GCK0, I	4	P55	-	-

In the PQ208 package, all VCCO pins must be connected to the same voltage.

PQ208 Pinouts (XC2S50E, XC2S100E, XC2S150E, XC2S200E, XC2S300E)

Pad Name		Pin	LVDS Async. Output Option	V _{REF} Option
Function	Bank			
GND	-	P1	-	-
TMS	-	P2	-	-
I/O	7	P3	-	-
I/O	7	P4	-	XC2S200E, 300E
I/O	7	P5	-	-
I/O, VREF Bank 7, L49P	7	P6	XC2S50E, 150E, 200E, 300E	All
I/O, L49N	7	P7	XC2S50E, 150E, 200E, 300E	-
I/O	7	P8	-	-
I/O	7	P9	-	-
I/O, L48P	7	P10	XC2S50E, 300E	XC2S100E, 150E, 200E, 300E
I/O, L48N	7	P11	XC2S50E, 300E	-
GND	-	P12	-	-
VCCO	-	P13	-	-
VCCINT	-	P14	-	-
I/O, L47P_YY	7	P15	All	-
I/O, L47N_YY	7	P16	All	-
I/O, L46P_YY	7	P17	All	-
I/O, L46N_YY	7	P18	All	-
GND	-	P19	-	-
I/O, VREF Bank 7, L45P	7	P20	XC2S50E, 300E	All
I/O, L45N	7	P21	XC2S50E, 300E	-

PQ208 Pinouts (XC2S50E, XC2S100E, XC2S150E, XC2S200E, XC2S300E)

Pad Name			LVDS Async. Output Option	V _{REF} Option
Function	Bank	Pin		
I/O	7	P22	-	-
I/O, L44P_YY	7	P23	All	-
I/O (IRDY), L44N_YY	7	P24	All	-
GND	-	P25	-	-
VCCO	-	P26	-	-
 				
I/O (TRDY)	6	P27	-	-
VCCINT	-	P28	-	-
I/O	6	P29	-	-
I/O, L43P	6	P30	XC2S50E, 300E	-
I/O, VREF Bank 6, L43N	6	P31	XC2S50E, 300E	All
GND	-	P32	-	-
I/O, L42P_YY	6	P33	All	-
I/O, L42N_YY	6	P34	All	-
I/O, L41P_YY	6	P35	All	-
I/O, L41N_YY	6	P36	All	-
VCCINT	-	P37	-	-
VCCO	-	P38	-	-
GND	-	P39	-	-
I/O, L40P	6	P40	XC2S50E, 300E	-
I/O, L40N	6	P41	XC2S50E, 300E	XC2S100E, 150E, 200E, 300E
I/O	6	P42	-	-
I/O	6	P43	-	-
I/O	6	P44	-	-

PQ208 Pinouts (XC2S50E, XC2S100E, XC2S150E, XC2S200E, XC2S300E)

Pad Name		Pin	LVDS Async. Output Option	V _{REF} Option
Function	Bank			
I/O, L28P	4	P89	XC2S50E, 100E, 200E, 300E	-
VCCINT	-	P90	-	-
VCCO	-	P91	-	-
GND	-	P92	-	-
I/O, L27N	4	P93	XC2S50E, 100E, 200E, 300E	-
I/O, L27P	4	P94	XC2S50E, 100E, 200E, 300E	XC2S100E, 150E, 200E, 300E
I/O	4	P95	-	-
I/O	4	P96	-	-
I/O, L26N_YY	4	P97	All	-
I/O, VREF Bank 4, L26P_YY	4	P98	All	All
I/O	4	P99	-	-
I/O	4	P100	-	XC2S200E, 300E
I/O, L25N_YY	4	P101	All	-
I/O, L25P_YY	4	P102	All	-
GND	-	P103	-	-
DONE	3	P104	-	-
VCCO	-	P105	-	-
PROGRAM	-	P106	-	-
I/O (INIT), L24N_YY	3	P107	All	-
I/O (D7), L24P_YY	3	P108	All	-
I/O	3	P109	-	XC2S200E, 300E
I/O	3	P110	-	-

PQ208 Pinouts (XC2S50E, XC2S100E, XC2S150E, XC2S200E, XC2S300E)

Pad Name		Pin	LVDS Async. Output Option	V _{REF} Option
Function	Bank			
I/O, VREF Bank 3, L23N	3	P111	XC2S50E, 150E, 200E, 300E	All
I/O, L23P	3	P112	XC2S50E, 150E, 200E, 300E	-
I/O	3	P113	-	-
I/O	3	P114	-	-
I/O, L22N	3	P115	XC2S50E, 300E	XC2S100E, 150E, 200E, 300E
I/O (D6), L22P	3	P116	XC2S50E, 300E	-
GND	-	P117	-	-
VCCO	-	P118	-	-
VCCINT	-	P119	-	-
I/O (D5), L21N_YY	3	P120	All	-
I/O, L21P_YY	3	P121	All	-
I/O, L20N_YY	3	P122	All	-
I/O, L20P_YY	3	P123	All	-
GND	-	P124	-	-
I/O, VREF Bank 3, L19N	3	P125	XC2S50E, 300E	All
I/O (D4), L19P	3	P126	XC2S50E, 300E	-
I/O	3	P127	-	-
VCCINT	-	P128	-	-
I/O (TRDY)	3	P129	-	-
VCCO	-	P130	-	-
GND	-	P131	-	-
I/O (IRDY), L18N_YY	2	P132	All	-
I/O, L18P_YY	2	P133	All	-

FG456 Pinouts (XC2S100E, XC2S150E, XC2S200E, XC2S300E, XC2S400E, XC2S600E)

Pad Name			LVDS Async. Output Option	V _{REF} Option	Device-Specific Pinouts: XC2S					
Function	Bank	Pin			100E	150E	200E	300E	400E	600E
TMS	-	E4	-	-	TMS	TMS	TMS	TMS	TMS	TMS
I/O	7	D3	XC2S150E	-	I/O	I/O, L113P_Y	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O	7	C2	-	-	-	-	-	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O	7	C1	XC2S150E	-	-	I/O, L113N_Y	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O, L#P_Y	7	D2	XC2S150E, 200E, 300E, 400E	-	-	I/O, L112P_Y	I/O, L119P_Y	I/O, L119P_Y	I/O, L119P_Y	I/O, L119P
I/O, L#N_Y	7	D1	XC2S150E, 200E, 300E, 400E	-	I/O	I/O, L112N_Y	I/O, L119N_Y	I/O, L119N_Y	I/O, L119N_Y	I/O, L119N
I/O, L#P_Y	7	E2	XC2S100E, 200E, 300E, 600E	XC2S200E, 300E, 400E, 600E	I/O, L85P_Y	I/O, L111P	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L118P_Y	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L118P_Y	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L118P	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L118P_Y
I/O, L#N_Y	7	E3	XC2S100E, 200E, 300E, 600E	-	I/O, L85N_Y	I/O, L111N	I/O, L118N_Y	I/O, L118N_Y	I/O, L118N	I/O, L118N_Y
I/O	7	E1	-	-	-	-	-	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O	7	F5	-	-	-	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O, L#P_Y	7	F4	XC2S100E, 200E, 300E, 600E	-	I/O, L84P_Y	I/O, L110P	I/O, L117P_Y	I/O, L117P_Y	I/O, L117P	I/O, L117P_Y
I/O, L#N_Y	7	F3	XC2S100E, 200E, 300E, 600E	-	I/O, L84N_Y	I/O, L110N	I/O, L117N_Y	I/O, L117N_Y	I/O, L117N	I/O, L117N_Y
I/O, VREF Bank 7, L#P_Y	7	F2	XC2S150E, 200E, 300E, 400E, 600E	All	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L83P	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L109P_Y	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L116P_Y			
I/O, L#N_Y	7	F1	XC2S150E, 200E, 300E, 400E, 600E	-	I/O, L83N	I/O, L109N_Y	I/O, L116N_Y	I/O, L116N_Y	I/O, L116N_Y	I/O, L116N_Y
I/O	7	G5	-	-	-	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O, L#P_Y	7	G4	XC2S150E, 200E, 300E, 400E	-	-	I/O, L108P_Y	I/O, L115P_Y	I/O, L115P_Y	I/O, L115P_Y	I/O, L115P
I/O, L#N_Y	7	G3	XC2S150E, 200E, 300E, 400E	-	I/O	I/O, L108N_Y	I/O, L115N_Y	I/O, L115N_Y	I/O, L115N_Y	I/O, L115N
I/O, L#P_Y	7	G2	XC2S100E, 150E, 300E, 600E	XC2S600E	I/O, L82P_Y	I/O, L107P_Y	I/O, L114P	I/O, L114P_Y	I/O, L114P	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L114P_Y
I/O, L#N_Y	7	G1	XC2S100E, 150E, 300E, 600E	-	I/O, L82N_Y	I/O, L107N_Y	I/O, L114N	I/O, L114N_Y	I/O, L114N	I/O, L114N_Y

FG456 Pinouts (XC2S100E, XC2S150E, XC2S200E, XC2S300E, XC2S400E, XC2S600E)

Pad Name		Pin	LVDS Async. Output Option	V _{REF} Option	Device-Specific Pinouts: XC2S					
Function	Bank				100E	150E	200E	300E	400E	600E
I/O (WRITE), L#N_YY	1	A20	All	-	I/O (WRITE), L20N_YY	I/O (WRITE), L26N_YY	I/O (WRITE), L28N_YY	I/O (WRITE), L28N_YY	I/O (WRITE), L28N_YY	I/O (WRITE), L28N_YY
I/O	1	D18	-	-	-	-	-	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O	1	C18	-	-	-	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O, L#P	1	B19	XC2S200E, 300E, 400E, 600E	-	-	I/O, L25P	I/O, L27P_Y	I/O, L27P_Y	I/O, L27P_Y	I/O, L27P_Y
I/O, L#N	1	A19	XC2S200E, 300E, 400E, 600E	-	I/O	I/O, L25N	I/O, L27N_Y	I/O, L27N_Y	I/O, L27N_Y	I/O, L27N_Y
I/O, L#P	1	B18	XC2S100E, 200E, 300E, 400E, 600E	XC2S200E, 300E, 400E, 600E	I/O, L19P_Y	I/O, L24P	I/O, VREF Bank 1, L26P_Y			
I/O, L#N	1	A18	XC2S100E, 200E, 300E, 400E, 600E	-	I/O, L19N_Y	I/O, L24N	I/O, L26N_Y	I/O, L26N_Y	I/O, L26N_Y	I/O, L26N_Y
I/O	1	D17	-	-	-	-	-	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O	1	C17	-	-	-	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O, L#P_YY	1	B17	All	-	I/O, L18P_YY	I/O, L23P_YY	I/O, L25P_YY	I/O, L25P_YY	I/O, L25P_YY	I/O, L25P_YY
I/O, L#N_YY	1	A17	All	-	I/O, L18N_YY	I/O, L23N_YY	I/O, L25N_YY	I/O, L25N_YY	I/O, L25N_YY	I/O, L25N_YY
I/O, VREF Bank 1, L#P_YY	1	E16	All	All	I/O, VREF Bank 1, L17P_YY	I/O, VREF Bank 1, L22P_YY	I/O, VREF Bank 1, L24P_YY			
I/O, L#N_YY	1	E17	All	-	I/O, L17N_YY	I/O, L22N_YY	I/O, L24N_YY	I/O, L24N_YY	I/O, L24N_YY	I/O, L24N_YY
I/O	1	E15	-	-	-	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O, L#P	1	D16	XC2S300E, 600E	-	-	I/O, L21P	I/O, L23P	I/O, L23P_Y	I/O, L23P	I/O, L23P_Y
I/O, L#N	1	C16	XC2S300E, 600E	-	I/O	I/O, L21N	I/O, L23N	I/O, L23N_Y	I/O, L23N	I/O, L23N_Y
I/O, L#P	1	B16	XC2S100E, 300E, 600E	XC2S600E	I/O, L16P_Y	I/O, L20P	I/O, L22P	I/O, L22P_Y	I/O, L22P	I/O, VREF Bank 1, L22P_Y
I/O, L#N	1	A16	XC2S100E, 300E, 600E	-	I/O, L16N_Y	I/O, L20N	I/O, L22N	I/O, L22N_Y	I/O, L22N	I/O, L22N_Y
I/O	1	F14	-	-	-	-	-	I/O	I/O	I/O
I/O, VREF Bank 1, L#P	1	D15	XC2S100E, 200E, 300E, 400E, 600E	All	I/O, VREF Bank 1, L15P_Y	I/O, VREF Bank 1, L19P	I/O, VREF Bank 1, L21P_Y			
I/O, L#N	1	C15	XC2S100E, 200E, 300E, 400E, 600E	-	I/O, L15N_Y	I/O, L19N	I/O, L21N_Y	I/O, L21N_Y	I/O, L21N_Y	I/O, L21N_Y
I/O, L#P	1	B15	XC2S100E, 200E, 300E, 400E, 600E	-	I/O, L14P_Y	I/O, L18P	I/O, L20P_Y	I/O, L20P_Y	I/O, L20P_Y	I/O, L20P_Y

FG676 Pinouts (XC2S400E, XC2S600E) (Continued)

Pad Name		Pin	LVDS Async. Output Option	VREF Option	Device-Specific Pinouts	
Function	Bank				XC2S400E	XC2S600E
I/O, L201P	7	E4	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L201P_Y	I/O, L201P
I/O, L201N	7	F5	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L201N_Y	I/O, L201N
I/O, VREF Bank 7, L200P	7	F4	XC2S600E	All	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L200P	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L200P_Y
I/O, L200N	7	F3	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L200N	I/O, L200N_Y
I/O, L199P	7	F2	XC2S600E	-	-	I/O, L199P_Y
I/O, L199N	7	F1	XC2S600E	-	I/O	I/O, L199N_Y
I/O, L198P	7	G6	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L198P_Y	I/O, L198P
I/O, L198N	7	G5	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L198N_Y	I/O, L198N
I/O, L197P	7	G4	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L197P	I/O, L197P_Y
I/O, L197N	7	G3	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L197N	I/O, L197N_Y
I/O, VREF Bank 7, L196P_YY	7	G2	All	All	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L196P_YY	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L196P_YY
I/O, L196N_YY	7	G1	All	-	I/O, L196N_YY	I/O, L196N_YY
I/O	7	H7	-	-	I/O	I/O
I/O, L195P_YY	7	H6	All	-	I/O, L195P_YY	I/O, L195P_YY
I/O, L195N_YY	7	H5	All	-	I/O, L195N_YY	I/O, L195N_YY
I/O	7	J8	-	-	-	I/O
I/O, L194P	7	H2	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L194P_Y	I/O, L194P
I/O, L194N	7	H1	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L194N_Y	I/O, L194N
I/O, L193P	7	J7	XC2S600E	XC2S600E	I/O	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L193P_Y
I/O, L193N	7	J6	XC2S600E	-	-	I/O, L193N_Y
I/O	7	J5	-	-	I/O	I/O
I/O, L192P_YY	7	J4	All	-	I/O, L192P_YY	I/O, L192P_YY
I/O, L192N_YY	7	J3	All	-	I/O, L192N_YY	I/O, L192N_YY
I/O	7	K5	-	-	I/O	I/O
I/O, VREF Bank 7, L191P_YY	7	J2	All	All	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L191P_YY	I/O, VREF Bank 7, L191P_YY
I/O, L191N_YY	7	J1	All	-	I/O, L191N_YY	I/O, L191N_YY
I/O, L190P_YY	7	K8	All	-	I/O, L190P_YY	I/O, L190P_YY
I/O, L190N_YY	7	K7	All	-	I/O, L190N_YY	I/O, L190N_YY
I/O	7	K4	-	-	-	I/O
I/O, L189P_YY	7	K3	All	-	I/O, L189P_YY	I/O, L189P_YY
I/O, L189N_YY	7	K2	All	-	I/O, L189N_YY	I/O, L189N_YY
I/O	7	K1	-	-	-	I/O

FG676 Pinouts (XC2S400E, XC2S600E) (Continued)

Pad Name		Pin	LVDS Async. Output Option	VREF Option	Device-Specific Pinouts	
Function	Bank				XC2S400E	XC2S600E
I/O	5	AC5	-	-	I/O	I/O
I/O, L152N	5	AE4	-	-	I/O	I/O, L152N
I/O, L152P	5	AF4	-	-	-	I/O, L152P
I/O, L151N	5	AE5	-	-	-	I/O, L151N
I/O, L151P	5	AF5	-	-	I/O	I/O, L151P
I/O, L150N	5	AA6	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L150N_Y	I/O, L150N
I/O, L150P	5	AB6	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L150P_Y	I/O, L150P
I/O, L149N_YY	5	AC6	All	-	I/O, L149N_YY	I/O, L149N_YY
I/O, L149P_YY	5	AD6	All	-	I/O, L149P_YY	I/O, L149P_YY
I/O, VREF Bank 5, L148N_YY	5	AE6	All	All	I/O, VREF Bank 5, L148N_YY	I/O, VREF Bank 5, L148N_YY
I/O, L148P_YY	5	AF6	All	-	I/O, L148P_YY	I/O, L148P_YY
I/O, L147N	5	AA7	XC2S600E	-	-	I/O, L147N_Y
I/O, L147P	5	AB7	XC2S600E	-	I/O	I/O, L147P_Y
I/O, L146N_YY	5	AC7	All	-	I/O, L146N_YY	I/O, L146N_YY
I/O, L146P_YY	5	AD7	All	-	I/O, L146P_YY	I/O, L146P_YY
I/O, L145N_YY	5	AE7	All	-	I/O, L145N_YY	I/O, L145N_YY
I/O, L145P_YY	5	AF7	All	-	I/O, L145P_YY	I/O, L145P_YY
I/O, VREF Bank 5, L144N_YY	5	Y8	All	All	I/O, VREF Bank 5, L144N_YY	I/O, VREF Bank 5, L144N_YY
I/O, L144P_YY	5	AA8	All	-	I/O, L144P_YY	I/O, L144P_YY
I/O, L143N_YY	5	AE8	All	-	I/O, L143N_YY	I/O, L143N_YY
I/O, L143P_YY	5	AF8	All	-	I/O, L143P_YY	I/O, L143P_YY
I/O	5	AB8	-	-	I/O	I/O
I/O, L142N	5	W9	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L142N	I/O, L142N_Y
I/O, L142P	5	Y9	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L142P	I/O, L142P_Y
I/O, L141N	5	AA9	XC2S600E	XC2S600E	-	I/O, VREF Bank 5, L141N_Y
I/O, L141P	5	AB9	XC2S600E	-	I/O	I/O, L141P_Y
I/O, L140N_YY	5	AC9	All	-	I/O, L140N_YY	I/O, L140N_YY
I/O, L140P_YY	5	AD9	All	-	I/O, L140P_YY	I/O, L140P_YY
I/O, L139N_YY	5	AE9	All	-	I/O, L139N_YY	I/O, L139N_YY
I/O, L139P_YY	5	AF9	All	-	I/O, L139P_YY	I/O, L139P_YY
I/O, VREF Bank 5, L138N_YY	5	W10	All	All	I/O, VREF Bank 5, L138N_YY	I/O, VREF Bank 5, L138N_YY

FG676 Pinouts (XC2S400E, XC2S600E) (Continued)

Pad Name		Pin	LVDS Async. Output Option	VREF Option	Device-Specific Pinouts	
Function	Bank				XC2S400E	XC2S600E
I/O, L88P_YY	3	V25	All	-	I/O, L88P_YY	I/O, L88P_YY
I/O	3	V26	-	-	I/O	I/O
I/O, VREF Bank 3, L87N_YY	3	U19	All	All	I/O, VREF Bank 3, L87N_YY	I/O, VREF Bank 3, L87N_YY
I/O (D6), L87P_YY	3	U20	All	-	I/O (D6), L87P_YY	I/O (D6), L87P_YY
I/O (D5), L86N_YY	3	U22	All	-	I/O (D5), L86N_YY	I/O (D5), L86N_YY
I/O, L86P_YY	3	U23	All	-	I/O, L86P_YY	I/O, L86P_YY
I/O	3	U24	-	-	-	I/O
I/O, L85N	3	U25	XC2S600E	-	-	I/O, L85N_Y
I/O, L85P	3	U26	XC2S600E	-	I/O	I/O, L85P_Y
I/O	3	R18	-	-	I/O	I/O
I/O, L84N	3	T19	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L84N_Y	I/O, L84N
I/O, L84P	3	T20	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L84P_Y	I/O, L84P
I/O, L83N	3	T21	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L83N	I/O, L83N_Y
I/O, L83P	3	T22	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L83P	I/O, L83P_Y
I/O	3	T24	-	-	-	I/O
I/O, L82N	3	T25	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L82N	I/O, L82N_Y
I/O, L82P	3	T26	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L82P	I/O, L82P_Y
I/O	3	R19	-	-	-	I/O
I/O, L81N	3	R20	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L81N	I/O, L81N_Y
I/O, L81P	3	R21	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L81P	I/O, L81P_Y
I/O, VREF Bank 3, L80N_YY	3	R22	All	All	I/O, VREF Bank 3, L80N_YY	I/O, VREF Bank 3, L80N_YY
I/O (D4), L80P_YY	3	R23	All	-	I/O (D4), L80P_YY	I/O (D4), L80P_YY
I/O	3	P18	-	-	-	I/O
I/O, L79N_YY	3	R25	All	-	I/O, L79N_YY	I/O, L79N_YY
I/O, L79P_YY	3	R26	All	-	I/O, L79P_YY	I/O, L79P_YY
I/O	3	P19	-	-	-	I/O
I/O, L78N	3	P20	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L78N_Y	I/O, L78N
I/O, L78P	3	P21	XC2S400E	-	I/O, L78P_Y	I/O, L78P
I/O, VREF Bank 3, L77N	3	P22	XC2S600E	All	I/O, VREF Bank 3, L77N	I/O, VREF Bank 3, L77N_Y
I/O, L77P	3	P23	XC2S600E	-	I/O, L77P	I/O, L77P_Y
I/O	3	P24	-	-	-	I/O
I/O, L76N_YY	3	P25	All	-	I/O, L76N_YY	I/O, L76N_YY
I/O, L76P_YY	3	P26	All	-	I/O, L76P_YY	I/O, L76P_YY

Revision History

Date	Version	Description
11/15/2001	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.
12/20/2001	1.1	Corrected differential pin pair designations.
11/18/2002	2.0	Added XC2S400E and XC2S600E and FG676. Removed L37 designation from FT256 pinouts. Minor corrections and clarifications to pinout definitions. Removed Preliminary designation.
02/14/2003	2.1	Added differential pairs table on page 57 , fixed 3 P/N designation typos introduced in v2.0. Clarified that XC2S50E has two VREF pins per bank.
06/18/2008	2.3	Added Package Overview section. Updated all modules for continuous page, figure, and table numbering. Updated links. Synchronized all modules to v2.3.
08/09/2013	3.0	This product is obsolete/discontinued per XCN12026 .
