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Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	I²C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LCD, WDT
Number of I/O	38
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 6x16b, 4x24b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mkm33z128clh5

3.1.1 Example

This is an example of an operating requirement:

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
V_{DD}	1.0 V core supply voltage	0.9	1.1	V

3.2 Definition: Operating behavior

An *operating behavior* is a specified value or range of values for a technical characteristic that are guaranteed during operation if you meet the operating requirements and any other specified conditions.

3.2.1 Example

This is an example of an operating behavior:

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
I_{WP}	Digital I/O weak pullup/ pulldown current	10	130	µA

3.3 Definition: Attribute

An *attribute* is a specified value or range of values for a technical characteristic that are guaranteed, regardless of whether you meet the operating requirements.

3.3.1 Example

This is an example of an attribute:

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
CIN_D	Input capacitance: digital pins	—	7	pF

4 Ratings

4.1 Thermal handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	–55	150	°C	1
T_{SDR}	Solder temperature, lead-free	—	260	°C	2

1. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-A103, *High Temperature Storage Life*.
2. Determined according to IPC/JEDEC Standard J-STD-020, *Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices*.

4.2 Moisture handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
MSL	Moisture sensitivity level	—	3	—	1

1. Determined according to IPC/JEDEC Standard J-STD-020, *Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices*.

4.3 ESD handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{HBM}	Electrostatic discharge voltage, human body model (All pins except RESET pin)	-4000	+4000	V	1
	Electrostatic discharge voltage, human body model (RESET pin only)	-2500	+2500	V	1
V_{CDM}	Electrostatic discharge voltage, charged-device model (for corner pins)	-750	+750	V	2
V_{CDM}	Electrostatic discharge voltage, charged-device model	-500	+500	V	3
V_{PESD}	Powered ESD voltage	-6000	+6000	V	
I_{LAT}	Latch-up current at ambient temperature of 105°C	-100	+100	mA	

1. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-A114, *Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Sensitivity Testing Human Body Model (HBM)*.
2. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-C101, *Field-Induced Charged-Device Model Test Method for Electrostatic-Discharge-Withstand Thresholds of Microelectronic Components*.
3. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-C101, *Field-Induced Charged-Device Model Test Method for Electrostatic-Discharge-Withstand Thresholds of Microelectronic Components*.

Table 2. V_{DD} supply LVD and POR operating requirements (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Low-voltage warning thresholds — high range					1
V_{LVW1H}	• Level 1 falling (LVWV=00)	2.62	2.70	2.78	V	
V_{LVW2H}	• Level 2 falling (LVWV=01)	2.72	2.80	2.88	V	
V_{LVW3H}	• Level 3 falling (LVWV=10)	2.82	2.90	2.98	V	
V_{LVW4H}	• Level 4 falling (LVWV=11)	2.92	3.00	3.08	V	
V_{HYSH}	Low-voltage inhibit reset/recover hysteresis — high range	—	80	—	mV	
V_{LVDL}	Falling low-voltage detect threshold — low range (LVDV=00)	1.54	1.60	1.66	V	
	Low-voltage warning thresholds — low range					1
V_{LVW1L}	• Level 1 falling (LVWV=00)	1.74	1.80	1.86	V	
V_{LVW2L}	• Level 2 falling (LVWV=01)	1.84	1.90	1.96	V	
V_{LVW3L}	• Level 3 falling (LVWV=10)	1.94	2.00	2.06	V	
V_{LVW4L}	• Level 4 falling (LVWV=11)	2.04	2.10	2.16	V	
V_{HYSL}	Low-voltage inhibit reset/recover hysteresis — low range	—	60	—	mV	
V_{BG}	Bandgap voltage reference	0.97	1.00	1.03	V	
t_{LPO}	Internal low power oscillator period — factory trimmed	900	1000	1100	µs	

1. Rising threshold is the sum of falling threshold and hysteresis voltage

Table 3. VBAT power operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{POR_VBAT}	Falling VBAT supply POR detect voltage	0.8	1.1	1.5	V	

5.2.3 Voltage and current operating behaviors

Table 4. Voltage and current operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{OH}	Output high voltage — high-drive strength				
	• 2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 3.6 V, I_{OH} = 20 mA	V_{DD} – 0.5	—	V	
	• 1.71 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 2.7 V, I_{OH} = 10 mA	V_{DD} – 0.5	—	V	
	Output high voltage — low-drive strength				
	• 2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 3.6 V, I_{OH} = 5 mA	V_{DD} – 0.5	—	V	
	• 1.71 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 2.7 V, I_{OH} = 2.5 mA	V_{DD} – 0.5	—	V	
I_{OHT}	Output high current total for all ports	—	100	mA	

Table continues on the next page...

Table 6. Power consumption operating behaviors (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I_{DD_VLPW}	Very-low-power wait mode current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks disabled					6
	• 25 °C	—	162	350	µA	
	• -40 °C	—	158.50	330	µA	
	• 105 °C	—	446.94	1700	µA	
I_{DD_STOP}	Stop mode current at 3.0 V					
	• 25 °C	—	311.90	730	µA	
	• -40 °C	—	364	700	µA	
	• 105 °C	—	645.13	2250	µA	
I_{DD_VLPS}	Very-low-power stop mode current at 3.0 V					
	• 25 °C	—	8.56	46	µA	
	• -40 °C	—		44	µA	
	• 105 °C	—		1500	µA	
I_{DD_VLLS3}	Very low-leakage stop mode 3 current at 3.0 V					
	• 25 °C	—	1.98	3.5	µA	
	• -40 °C	—		3.3	µA	
	• 105 °C	—		85	µA	
I_{DD_VLLS2}	Very low-leakage stop mode 2 current at 3.0 V					
	• 25 °C	—	1.24	2.6	µA	
	• -40 °C	—		2.5	µA	
	• 105 °C	—		59.5	µA	
I_{DD_VLLS1}	Very low-leakage stop mode 1 current at 3.0 V					
	• 25 °C	—	0.89	1.7	µA	
	• -40 °C	—		1.6	µA	
	• 105 °C	—		38.8	µA	
I_{DD_VLLS0}	Very low-leakage stop mode 0 current at 3.0 V with POR detect circuit disabled					
	• 25 °C	—	0.35	0.67	µA	
	• -40 °C	—		0.64	µA	
	• 105 °C	—		38	µA	
I_{DD_VLLS0}	Very low-leakage stop mode 0 current at 3.0 V with POR detect circuit enabled					
	• 25 °C	—	0.472	0.76	µA	
	• -40 °C	—		0.72	µA	
	• 105 °C	—		38.4	µA	
I_{DD_VBAT}	Average current with RTC and 32 kHz disabled at 3.0 V and VDD is OFF					
	• 25 °C	—	0.3	1	µA	
	• -40 °C	—		0.95	µA	
	• 105 °C	—		15	µA	

Table continues on the next page...

5.3.2 General switching specifications

These general purpose specifications apply to all signals configured for GPIO, UART, and I^2C signals.

Table 10. General switching specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled) — Synchronous path	1.5	—	Bus clock cycles	1
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled) — Asynchronous path	16	—	ns	2
	External reset pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled)	100	—	ns	2
	Port rise and fall time—Low (All pins) and high drive (only PTC2) strength				3
	• Slew disabled				
	• $1.71 \le V_{DD} \le 2.7$ V	—	8	ns	
	• $2.7 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6$ V	—	5	ns	
	• Slew enabled				
	• $1.71 \le V_{DD} \le 2.7$ V	—	27	ns	
	• $2.7 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6$ V	—	16	ns	

1. The greater synchronous and asynchronous timing must be met.
2. This is the shortest pulse that is guaranteed to be recognized.
3. Only PTC2 has high drive capability and load is 75 pF, other pins load (low drive) is 25 pF.

5.4 Thermal specifications

5.4.1 Thermal operating requirements

Table 11. Thermal operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
T_J	Die junction temperature	–40	105	°C
T_A	Ambient temperature	–40	85	°C

5.4.2 Thermal attributes

Board type	Symbol	Description	100 LQFP	44 LGA	Unit	Notes
Single-layer (1s)	$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	63	95	°C/W	1
Four-layer (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	50	50	°C/W	1
Single-layer (1s)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./ min. air speed)	53	79	°C/W	1
Four-layer (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./ min. air speed)	44	45	°C/W	1
—	$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal resistance, junction to board	36	35	°C/W	2
—	$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal resistance, junction to case	18	28	°C/W	3
—	Ψ_{JT}	Thermal characterization parameter, junction to package top outside center (natural convection)	3	4	°C/W	4

1. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD51-2, *Integrated Circuits Thermal Test Method Environmental Conditions—Natural Convection (Still Air)*, or EIA/JEDEC Standard JESD51-6, *Integrated Circuit Thermal Test Method Environmental Conditions—Forced Convection (Moving Air)*.
2. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD51-8, *Integrated Circuit Thermal Test Method Environmental Conditions—Junction-to-Board*.
3. Determined according to Method 1012.1 of MIL-STD 883, *Test Method Standard, Microcircuits*, with the cold plate temperature used for the case temperature. The value includes the thermal resistance of the interface material between the top of the package and the cold plate.
4. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD51-2, *Integrated Circuits Thermal Test Method Environmental Conditions—Natural Convection (Still Air)*.

6 Peripheral operating requirements and behaviors

6.1 Core modules

6.1.1 Single Wire Debug (SWD)

Table 12. SWD switching characteristics at 2.7 V (2.7-3.6 V)

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit	Notes
SWD CLK	Frequency of SWD operation	20	MHz	1
Inputs, tSUI	Data setup time	5	ns	1
inputs,tHI	Data hold time	0	ns	1
after clock edge, tDVO	Data valid Time	32	ns	1
tHO	Data Valid Hold	0	ns	1

1. Input transition assumed =1 ns. Output transition assumed = 50 pf.

Table 13. Switching characteristics at 1.7 V (1.7-3.6 V)

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit	Notes
SWD CLK	Frequency of SWD operation	18	MHz	
Inputs, tSUI	Data setup time	4.7	ns	
inputs,tHI	Data hold time	0	ns	
after clock edge, tDVO	Data valid Time	49.4	ns	2
tHO	Data Valid Hold	0	ns	

1. Frequency of SWD clock (18 Mhz) is applicable only in case the input setup time of the device outside is not more than 6.15 ns, else the frequency of SWD clock would need to be lowered.

6.1.2 Analog Front End (AFE)

AFE switching characteristics at (2.7 V-3.6 V)

Case1: Clock is coming In and Data is also coming In (XBAR ports timed with respect to the XBAR ports timed with respect to AFE clock defined at pad ptb[7] and pte[3])

Table 14. AFE switching characteristics (2.7 V-3.6 V)

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit	Notes
AFE CLK	Frequency of operation	10	MHz	1
Inputs, tSUI	Data setup time	5	ns	1
inputs,tHI	Data hold time	0	ns	1

1. Input Transition: 1ns. Output Load: 50 pf.

Case 2: Clock is going Out and Data is coming In (XBAR ports timed with respect to generated clock defined at the XBAR out ports)

Table 15. AFE switching characteristics (2.7V-3.6V)

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit	Notes
AFE CLK	Frequency of operation	6.2	MHz	
Inputs, tSUI	Data setup time	36	ns	
inputs,tHI	Data hold time	0	ns	

AFE switching characteristics at (1.7 V-3.6 V)

Case1: Clock is coming In and Data is also coming In (XBAR ports timed with respect to AFE clock defined at pad ptb[7] and pte[3])

Table 16. AFE switching characteristics (1.7 V-3.6 V)

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit	Notes
AFE CLK	Frequency of operation	10	MHz	
Inputs, tSUI	Data setup time	5.1	ns	
inputs,tHI	Data hold time	0	ns	

Case 2: Clock is going Out and Data is coming In (XBAR ports timed with respect to generated clock defined at XBAR out ports)

Table 17. AFE switching characteristics (1.7 V-3.6 V)

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit	Notes
AFE CLK	Frequency of operation	6.2	MHz	
Inputs, tSUI	Data setup time	54	ns	
inputs,tHI	Data hold time	0	ns	

6.2 Clock modules

6.2.1 MCG specifications

Table 18. MCG specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
f_{ints_ft}	Internal reference frequency (slow clock) — factory trimmed at nominal VDD and 25 °C	—	32.768	—	kHz	

Table continues on the next page...

Table 18. MCG specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Δf_{ints_t}	Total deviation of internal reference frequency (slow clock) over voltage and temperature		—	± 4	± 15	%	
f_{ints_t}	Internal reference frequency (slow clock) — user trimmed		31.25	—	33.4234	kHz	
$\Delta_{fdco\_res\_t}$	Resolution of trimmed average DCO output frequency at fixed voltage and temperature — using SCTRIM and SCFTRIM		—	± 0.3	± 0.6	$\%f_{dco}$	1
Δf_{dco_t}	Total deviation of trimmed average DCO output frequency over voltage and temperature		—			$\%f_{dco}$	1
Δf_{dco_t}	Total deviation of trimmed average DCO output frequency over fixed voltage and temperature range of 0–70°C		—			$\%f_{dco}$	1
f_{intf_ft}	Internal reference frequency (fast clock) — factory trimmed at nominal VDD and 25°C				4	MHz	
Δf_{intf_t}	Total deviation of internal reference frequency (fast clock) over voltage and temperature		—	± 10	± 15	%	
f_{intf_t}	Internal reference frequency (fast clock) — user trimmed at nominal VDD and 25 °C		3	—	5	MHz	
f_{loc_low}	Loss of external clock minimum frequency — RANGE = 00		(3/5) x f_{ints_t}	—	—	kHz	
f_{loc_high}	Loss of external clock minimum frequency — RANGE = 01, 10, or 11		(16/5) x f_{ints_t}	—	—	kHz	
FLL							
f_{dco}	DCO output frequency range	Low-range (DRS=00) 640 × f_{ints_t}	20	20.97	22	MHz	2, 3
		Mid-range (DRS=01) 1280 × f_{ints_t}	40	41.94	45	MHz	
		Mid-high range (DRS=10) 1920 × f_{ints_t}	60	62.91	67	MHz	
		High-range (DRS=11) 2560 × f_{ints_t}	80	83.89	90	MHz	
$f_{dco\_t\_DMX32}$	DCO output frequency	Low-range (DRS=00) 732 × f_{ints_t}	—	23.99	—	MHz	4, 5, 6
		Mid-range (DRS=01) 1464 × f_{ints_t}	—	47.97	—	MHz	
		Mid-high range (DRS=10) 2197 × f_{ints_t}	—	71.99	—	MHz	
		High-range (DRS=11) 2929 × f_{ints_t}	—	95.98	—	MHz	
J_{cyc_fll}	FLL period jitter		—	70	140	ps	7
$t_{fll\_acquire}$	FLL target frequency acquisition time		—	—	1	ms	8
PLL							

Table continues on the next page...

Table 18. MCG specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
f_{vco}	VCO operating frequency	11.71875	12.288	14.6484375	MHz	
I_{pll}	PLL operating current • IO 3.3 V current • Max core voltage current	—	300 100	—	µA	9
f_{pll_ref}	PLL reference frequency range	31.25	32.768	39.0625	kHz	
J_{cyc_pll}	PLL period jitter (RMS) • f_{vco} = 12 MHz			700	ps	10
D_{lock}	Lock entry frequency tolerance	± 1.49	—	± 2.98	%	11
D_{unl}	Lock exit frequency tolerance	± 4.47	—	± 5.97	%	
t_{pll_lock}	Lock detector detection time	—	—	$150 \times 10^{-6} + 1075(1/f_{pll\_ref})$	s	12

1. This parameter is measured with the internal reference (slow clock) being used as a reference to the FLL (FEI clock mode).
2. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32=0.
3. Chip max freq is 50 MHz, so Mid-range with DRS = 10 and High-range of DCO cannot be used and should not be configured.
4. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32=1.
5. The resulting clock frequency must not exceed the maximum specified clock frequency of the device.
6. Chip max freq is 50 MHz, so Mid-range with DRS = 10 and High-range of DCO cannot be used and should not be configured.
7. This specification is based on standard deviation (RMS) of period or frequency.
8. This specification applies to any time the FLL reference source or reference divider is changed, trim value is changed, DMX32 bit is changed, DRS bits are changed, or changing from FLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to FLL enabled (FEI, FEE, FBE, FBI). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.
9. Excludes any oscillator currents that are also consuming power while PLL is in operation.
10. This specification was obtained using a Freescale developed PCB. PLL jitter is dependent on the noise characteristics of each PCB and results will vary.
11. Will be updated later
12. This specification applies to any time the PLL VCO divider or reference divider is changed, or changing from PLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to PLL enabled (PBE, PEE). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.

6.2.2 Oscillator electrical specifications

6.2.2.1 Oscillator DC electrical specifications

Table 19. Oscillator DC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	—	3.6	V	

Table continues on the next page...

Table 20. Oscillator frequency specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
$f_{osc\_hi\_2}$	Oscillator crystal or resonator frequency — high frequency mode (high range) (MCG_C2[RANGE]=1x)	8	—	32	MHz	
f_{ec_extal}	Input clock frequency (external clock mode)	—	—	48	MHz	1, 2
t_{dc_extal}	Input clock duty cycle (external clock mode)	40	50	60	%	
t_{cst}	Crystal startup time — 32 kHz low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—		—	ms	3, 4
	Crystal startup time — 32 kHz low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—		—	ms	
	Crystal startup time — 8 MHz high-frequency (MCG_C2[RANGE]=01), low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	0.6	—	ms	
	Crystal startup time — 8 MHz high-frequency (MCG_C2[RANGE]=01), high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	1	—	ms	

1. Other frequency limits may apply when external clock is being used as a reference for the FLL or PLL.
2. When transitioning from FEI or FBI to FBE mode, restrict the frequency of the input clock so that, when it is divided by FRDIV, it remains within the limits of the DCO input clock frequency.
3. Proper PC board layout procedures must be followed to achieve specifications.
4. Crystal startup time is defined as the time between the oscillator being enabled and the OSCINIT bit in the MCG_S register being set.

6.2.3 32 kHz oscillator electrical characteristics

6.2.3.1 32 kHz oscillator DC electrical specifications

Table 21. 32kHz oscillator DC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{BAT}	Supply voltage	1.71	—	3.6	V
R_F	Internal feedback resistor	—	100	—	MΩ
C_{para}	Parasitical capacitance of EXTAL32 and XTAL32	—	5	7	pF
V_{pp}[1]	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation	—	0.6	—	V

1. When a crystal is being used with the 32 kHz oscillator, the EXTAL32 and XTAL32 pins should only be connected to required oscillator components and must not be connected to any other devices.

6.2.3.2 32 kHz oscillator frequency specifications

Table 22. 32 kHz oscillator frequency specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
f_{osc_lo}	Oscillator crystal	—	32.768	—	kHz	

Table continues on the next page...

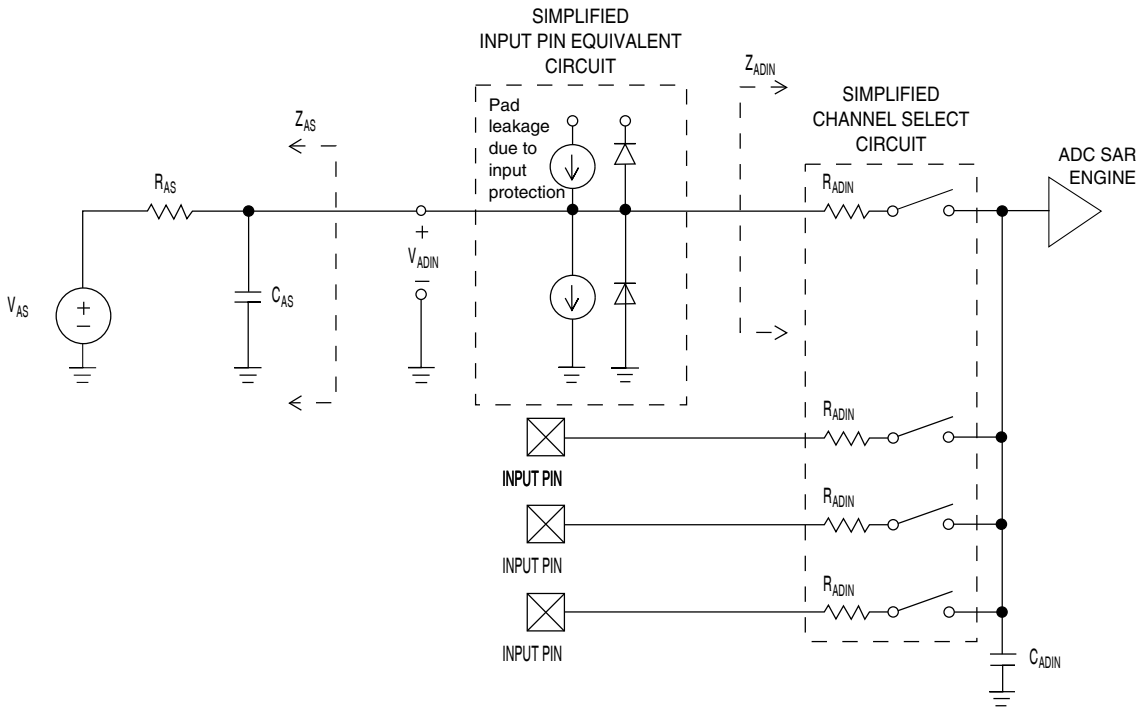

Figure 2. ADC input impedance equivalency diagram

6.4.1.2 16-bit ADC electrical characteristics

Table 28. 16-bit ADC characteristics (V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}, V_{REFL} = V_{SSA})

Symbol	Description	Conditions[1].	Min.	Typ.[2]	Max.	Unit	Notes
I_{DDA_ADC}	Supply current		0.215	—	1.7	mA	3
f_{ADACK}	ADC asynchronous clock source	• ADLPC = 1, ADHSC = 0	1.2	2.4	3.9	MHz	t_{ADACK} = 1/ f_{ADACK}
		• ADLPC = 1, ADHSC = 1	2.4	4.0	6.1	MHz	
		• ADLPC = 0, ADHSC = 0	3.0	5.2	7.3	MHz	
		• ADLPC = 0, ADHSC = 1	4.4	6.2	9.5	MHz	
	Sample Time	See Reference Manual chapter for sample times					
TUE	Total unadjusted error	• 12-bit modes	—	±4	±6.8	LSB[4]	5
		• <12-bit modes	—	±1.4	±2.1		
DNL	Differential non-linearity	• 12-bit modes	—	±0.7	–1.1 to +1.9	LSB[4]	5
		• <12-bit modes	—	±0.2	–0.3 to 0.5		
INL	Integral non-linearity	• 12-bit modes	—	±1.0	–2.7 to +1.9	LSB[4]	5
		• <12-bit modes	—	±0.5	–0.7 to +0.5		

Table continues on the next page...

Table 28. 16-bit ADC characteristics ($V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}$, $V_{REFL} = V_{SSA}$) (continued)

Symbol	Description	Conditions[1].	Min.	Typ.[2]	Max.	Unit	Notes
E_{FS}	Full-scale error	• 12-bit modes • <12-bit modes	— —	–4 –1.4	–5.4 –1.8	LSB[4]	$V_{ADIN} = V_{DDA}$[5]
E_Q	Quantization error	• 16-bit modes • 12-bit modes	— —	–1 to 0 —	— ±0.5	LSB[4]	
ENOB	Effective number of bits	16-bit single-ended mode • Avg = 32 • Avg = 4 • Avg = 32 • Avg = 4	 12.8 11.9 12.2 11.4	 14.5 13.8 13.9 13.1	 — — — —	 bits bits bits bits	6
SINAD	Signal-to-noise plus distortion	See ENOB	6.02 × ENOB + 1.76			dB	
THD	Total harmonic distortion	16-bit single-ended mode • Avg = 32 • Avg = 32	 — —	 -94 -85	 — —	 dB dB	7
SFDR	Spurious free dynamic range	16-bit single-ended mode • Avg = 32 • Avg = 32	 82 78	 95 90	 — —	 dB dB	7
E_{IL}	Input leakage error		$I_{In} \times R_{AS}$			mV	I_{In} = leakage current (refer to the MCU's voltage and current operating ratings)
	Temp sensor slope	Across the full temperature range of the device	1.55	1.62	1.69	mV/°C	8
V_{TEMP25}	Temp sensor voltage	25 °C	706	716	726	mV	8

1. All accuracy numbers assume the ADC is calibrated with $V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}$
2. Typical values assume V_{DDA} = 3.0 V, Temp = 25 °C, f_{ADCK} = 2.0 MHz unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.
3. The ADC supply current depends on the ADC conversion clock speed, conversion rate and ADC_CFG1[ADLPC] (low power). For lowest power operation, ADC_CFG1[ADLPC] must be set, the ADC_CFG2[ADHSC] bit must be clear with 1 MHz ADC conversion clock speed.
4. 1 LSB = $(V_{REFH} - V_{REFL})/2^N$
5. ADC conversion clock < 16 MHz, Max hardware averaging (AVGE = %1, AVGS = %11)
6. Input data is 100 Hz sine wave. ADC conversion clock < 12 MHz.
7. Input data is 1 kHz sine wave. ADC conversion clock < 12 MHz.

8. ADC conversion clock < 3 MHz

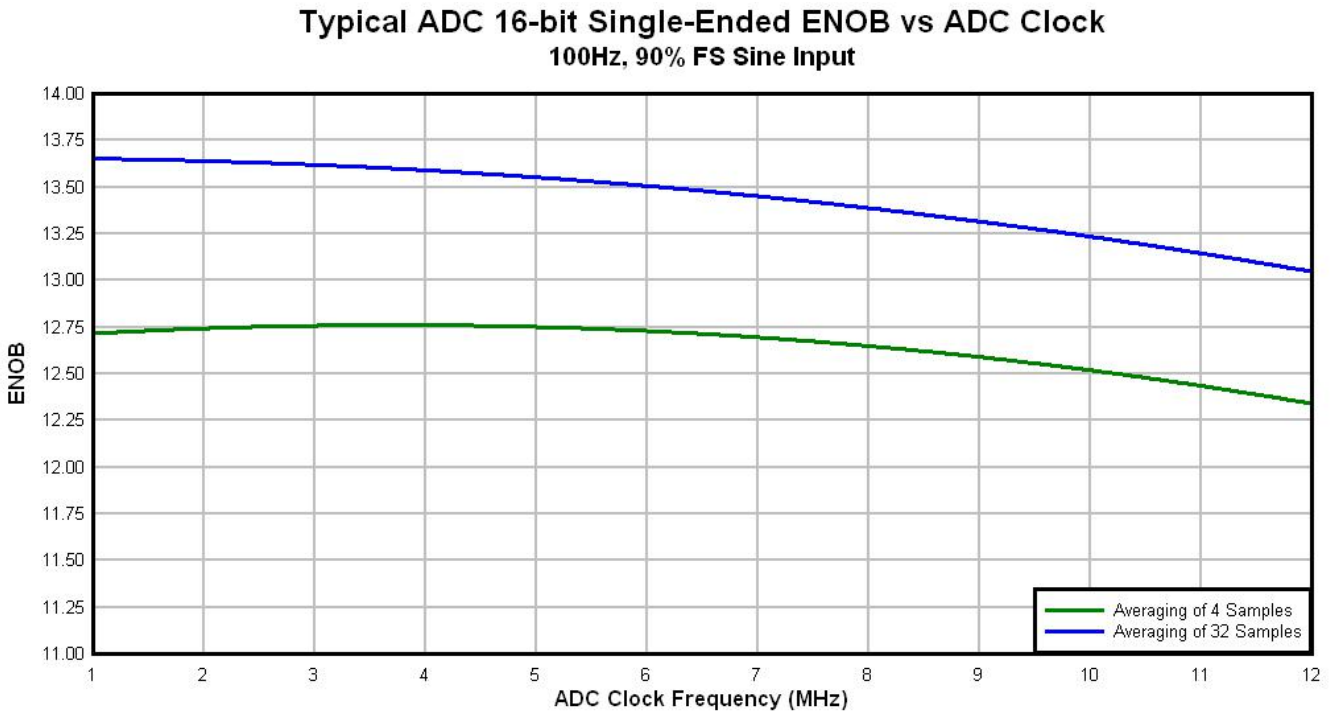

Figure 3. Typical ENOB vs. ADC_CLK for 16-bit single-ended mode

6.4.2 CMP and 6-bit DAC electrical specifications

Table 29. Comparator and 6-bit DAC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	—	3.6	V
I_{DDHS}	Supply current, High-speed mode (EN=1, PMODE=1)	—	—	200	µA
I_{DDLS}	Supply current, low-speed mode (EN=1, PMODE=0)	—	—	20	µA
V_{AIN}	Analog input voltage	V_{SS} – 0.3	—	V_{DD}	V
V_{AIO}	Analog input offset voltage	—	—	20	mV
V_H	Analog comparator hysteresis[1]				
	• CR0[HYSTCTR] = 00	—	5	—	mV
	• CR0[HYSTCTR] = 01	—	10	—	mV
	• CR0[HYSTCTR] = 10	—	20	—	mV
	• CR0[HYSTCTR] = 11	—	30	—	mV
V_{CMPOh}	Output high	V_{DD} – 0.5	—	—	V
V_{CMPOl}	Output low	—	—	0.5	V
t_{DHS}	Propagation delay, high-speed mode (EN=1, PMODE=1)	20	50	200	ns

Table continues on the next page...

Table 34. ΣΔ ADC + PGA specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit	Notes
SINAD	Signal-to-Noise + Distortion Ratio	Normal Mode • f_{IN}=50Hz; gain=01, common mode=0V, V_{pp}=500mV (differential ended)		78		dB	
		Low-Power Mode • f_{IN}=50Hz; gain=01, common mode=0V, V_{pp}=500mV (differential ended)		74		dB	
CMMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	• f_{IN}=50Hz; gain=01, common mode=0V, Vid=100 mV • f_{IN}=50Hz; gain=32, common mode=0V, V_{id}=100 mV		70 70		dB	
E_{offset}	Offset Error	Gain=01, V_{pp}=1000 mV (full range diff.)			+/- 5	mV	
ΔOffset Temp	Offset Temperature Drift[3]	Gain=01, V_{pp}=1000mV (full range diff.)			+/- 25	ppm/°C	
$\Delta Gain_{Temp}$	Gain Temperate Drift - Gain error caused by temperature drifts[4]	• Gain=01, V_{pp}=500mV (differential ended) • Gain=32, V_{pp}=15mV (differential ended)			+/- 75	ppm/°C	
$PSRR_{AC}$	AC Power Supply Rejection Ratio	Gain=01, VCC = 3V ± 100mV, f_{IN} = 50 Hz		60		dB	
XT	Crosstalk (with the input of the affected channel grounded)	Gain=01, V_{id} = 500 mV, f_{IN} = 50 Hz			-100	dB	
f_{MCLK}	Modulator Clock Frequency Range	Normal Mode Low-Power Mode	0.03 0.03		6.5 1.6	MHz	
I_{DDA_PGA}	Current consumption by PGA (each channel)	Normal Mode (f_{MCLK} = 6.144 MHz, OSR= 2048) Low-Power Mode (f_{MCLK} = 0.768MHz, OSR= 256)			2.6 0	mA	5
I_{DDA_ADC}	Current Consumption by ADC (each chanel)	Normal Mode (f_{MCLK} = 6.144 MHz, OSR= 2048) Low-Power Mode (f_{MCLK} = 0.768MHz, OSR= 256)			1.4 0.5	mA	

1. Typical values assume VDDA = 3.0 V, Temp = 25°C, f_{MCLK} = 6.144 MHz, OSR = 2048 for Normal mode and f_{MCLK} = 768 kHz, OSR = 256 for Low-Power Mode unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.
2. The full-scale input range in single-ended mode is 0.5Vpp
3. Represents combined offset temperature drift of the PGA, SD ADC and Internal 1.2 VREF blocks; Defined by shorting both differential inputs to ground.
4. Represents combined gain temperature drift of the PGA, SD ADC and Internal 1.2 VREF blocks.
5. PGA is disabled in low-power modes.

1. Typical values assume VDDA = 3.0 V, Temp = 25°C, f_{MCLK} = 6.144 MHz, OSR = 2048 for Normal mode and f_{MCLK} = 768 kHz, OSR = 256 for Low-Power Mode unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.
2. Represent combined gain temperature drift of the SD ADC, and Internal 1.2 VREF blocks.
3. Represent combined offset temperature drift of the SD ADC, and Internal 1.2 VREF blocks; Defined by shorting both differential inputs to ground.

6.4.4.3 External modulator interface

The external modulator interface on this device comprises of a Clock signal and 1-bit data signal. Depending on the modulator device being used the interface works as follows:

- Clock supplied to external modulator which drives data on rising edge and the KM device captures it on falling edge or next rising edge.
- Clock and data are supplied by external modulator and KM device can sample it on falling edge or next rising edge.

Depending on control bit in AFE, the sampling edge is changed.

6.5 Timers

See General switching specifications.

6.6 Communication interfaces

6.6.1 I2C switching specifications

See General switching specifications.

6.6.2 UART switching specifications

See General switching specifications.

Table 38. SPI switching characteristics at 1.7 V (1.7 - 3.6) (continued)

Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Rise time input • Master • Slave	 1 1		ns	
Fall time input • Master • Slave	 1 1		ns	
Rise time output • Master • Slave	 30.4 30.4		ns	
Fall time output • Master • Slave	 33.5 29.0		ns	

Table 39. SPI switching characteristics at 2.7 V (2.7 - 3.6)

Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Data Setup Time (inputs, tSUI) • Master • Slave	 29 4		ns	
Input Data Hold Time (inputs, tHI) • Master • Slave	 0 1		ns	
Data hold time (outputs, tHO) • Master • Slave	 0 0		ns	
Data Valid Out Time (after SCK edge, tDVO) • Master • Slave	 49 49		ns	
Rise time input • Master • Slave	 1 1		ns	
Fall time input • Master • Slave	 1 1		ns	
Rise time output • Master • Slave	 17.3 17.3		ns	
Fall time output • Master • Slave	 16.6 16.0		ns	

6.7 Human-Machine Interfaces (HMI)

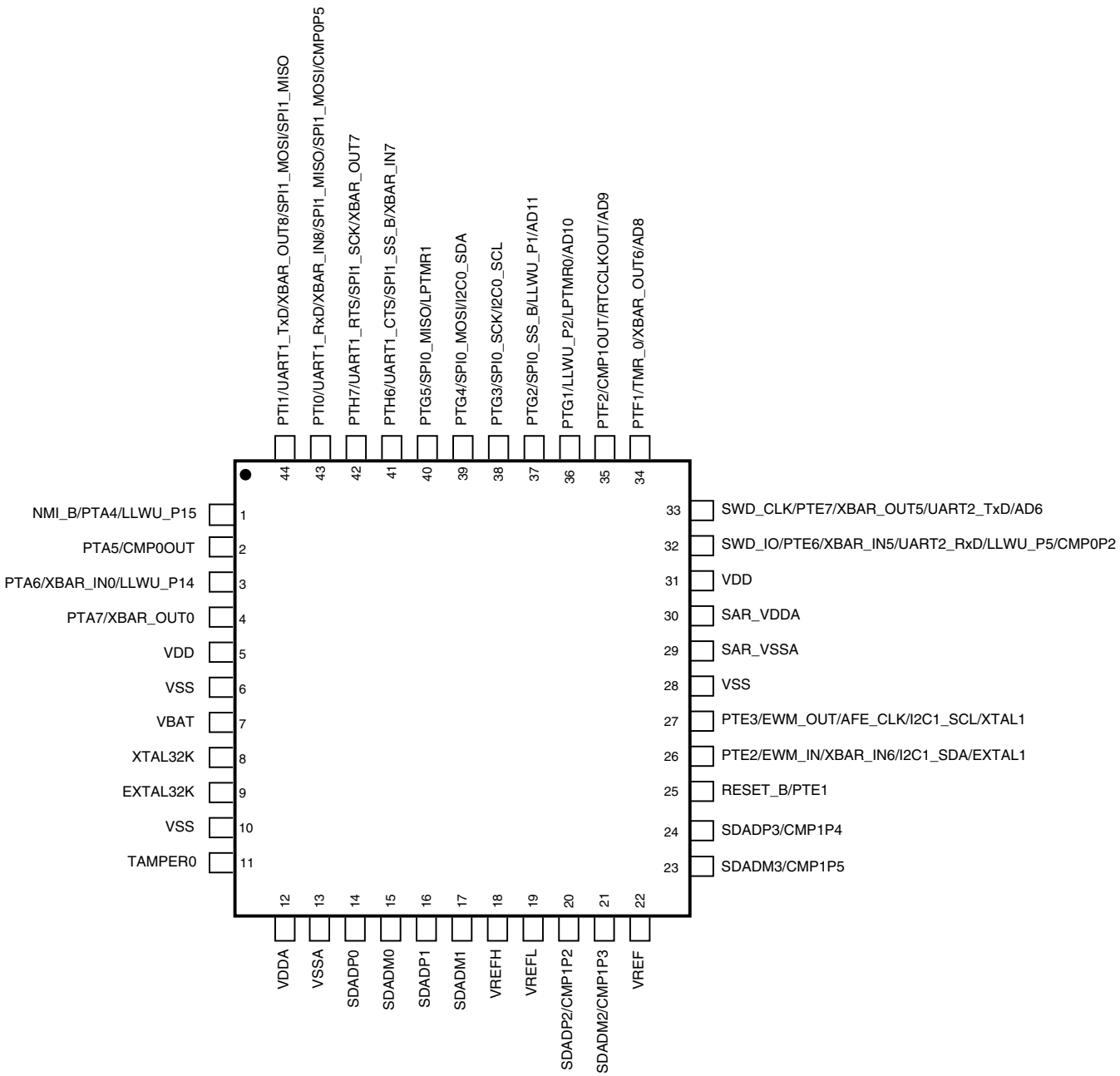

Figure 8. 44-pin LGA Pinout Diagram

NOTE

VSS also connects to flag on 44 LGA.

9 Revision History

The following table provides a revision history for this document.

Table 41. Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
Rev1	10/2012	Initial release
Rev2	01/2013	Updated part numbers Updated Table: Power mode transition operating behaviors Updated Table: Power consumption operating behaviors. Included readings for temperature - 40 °C, 25 °C, and 85 °C Updated AFE Modulator clock maximum value in table “Device clock specifications” Updated Table: General switching specifications Updated Table: Thermal operating requirements Updated Table: SWD switching specifications Added Table: AFE (Analog Frontend) Switching characteristics Updated Table: Oscillator DC electrical specifications Updated Table: ΣΔ ADC + PGA specifications Under section SPI switching specification, • Table SPI timing renamed to SPI switching characteristics at 2.7 V (2.7 - 3.6) • Modified row: “Data Hold Time (inputs, tHI)” to “Input Data Hold Time (inputs, tHI)” • Modified row: “Data valid time (after SCK edge, tDVO)” to “Data Valid Out Time (after SCK edge, tDVO)” Added table: SPI Switching characteristics at 1.7V (1.7 - 3.6V) NOTE added to KM Signal Multiplexing and Pin Assignments topic
Rev3	04/2013	Updated orderable part numbers Updated Table: ESD handling ratings • Add new row: Electrostatic discharge voltage, charged-device mode Updated Table: Voltage and current operating behaviors Updated Table: Power consumption operating behaviors Updated "Inputs, tSUI" row in Table: SWD switching characteristics at 2.7 V (2.7 - 3.6 V) Updated "Inputs, tSUI" row in Table: AFE switching characteristics (1.7 V - 3.6 V) Updated "Supply voltage" minimum value in table: Voltage reference electrical specifications Added table: OD cells in SPI Switching specification Updated Table: VREF full-range operating behaviors Updated Table: ΣΔ ADC + PGA specifications Updated Table: ADC standalone specifications

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