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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, I ² C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	86
Program Memory Size	1MB (1M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	128K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.85V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg880f1024-qfp100

1 Ordering Information

Table 1.1 (p. 2) shows the available EFM32GG880 devices.

Table 1.1. Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Flash (kB)	RAM (kB)	Max Speed (MHz)	Supply Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Package
EFM32GG880F512G-E-QFP100	512	128	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	LQFP100
EFM32GG880F1024G-E-QFP100	1024	128	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	LQFP100

Adding the suffix 'R' to the part number (e.g. EFM32GG880F512G-E-QFP100R) denotes tape and reel.

Visit **www.silabs.com** for information on global distributors and representatives.

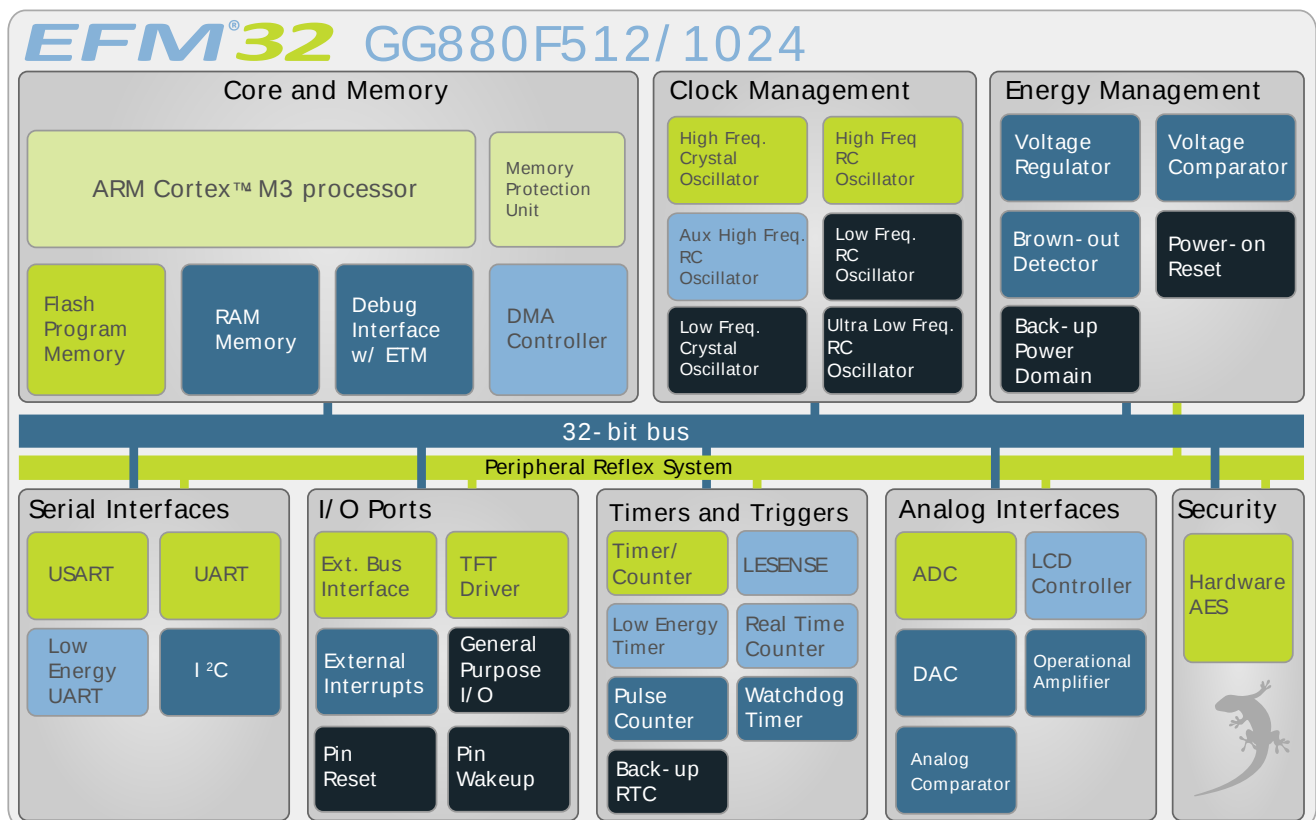
2 System Summary

2.1 System Introduction

The EFM32 MCUs are the world's most energy friendly microcontrollers. With a unique combination of the powerful 32-bit ARM Cortex-M3, innovative low energy techniques, short wake-up time from energy saving modes, and a wide selection of peripherals, the EFM32GG microcontroller is well suited for any battery operated application as well as other systems requiring high performance and low-energy consumption. This section gives a short introduction to each of the modules in general terms and also shows a summary of the configuration for the EFM32GG880 devices. For a complete feature set and in-depth information on the modules, the reader is referred to the *EFM32GG Reference Manual*.

A block diagram of the EFM32GG880 is shown in Figure 2.1 (p. 3) .

Figure 2.1. Block Diagram



2.1.1 ARM Cortex-M3 Core

The ARM Cortex-M3 includes a 32-bit RISC processor which can achieve as much as 1.25 Dhrystone MIPS/MHz. A Memory Protection Unit with support for up to 8 memory segments is included, as well as a Wake-up Interrupt Controller handling interrupts triggered while the CPU is asleep. The EFM32 implementation of the Cortex-M3 is described in detail in *EFM32 Cortex-M3 Reference Manual*.

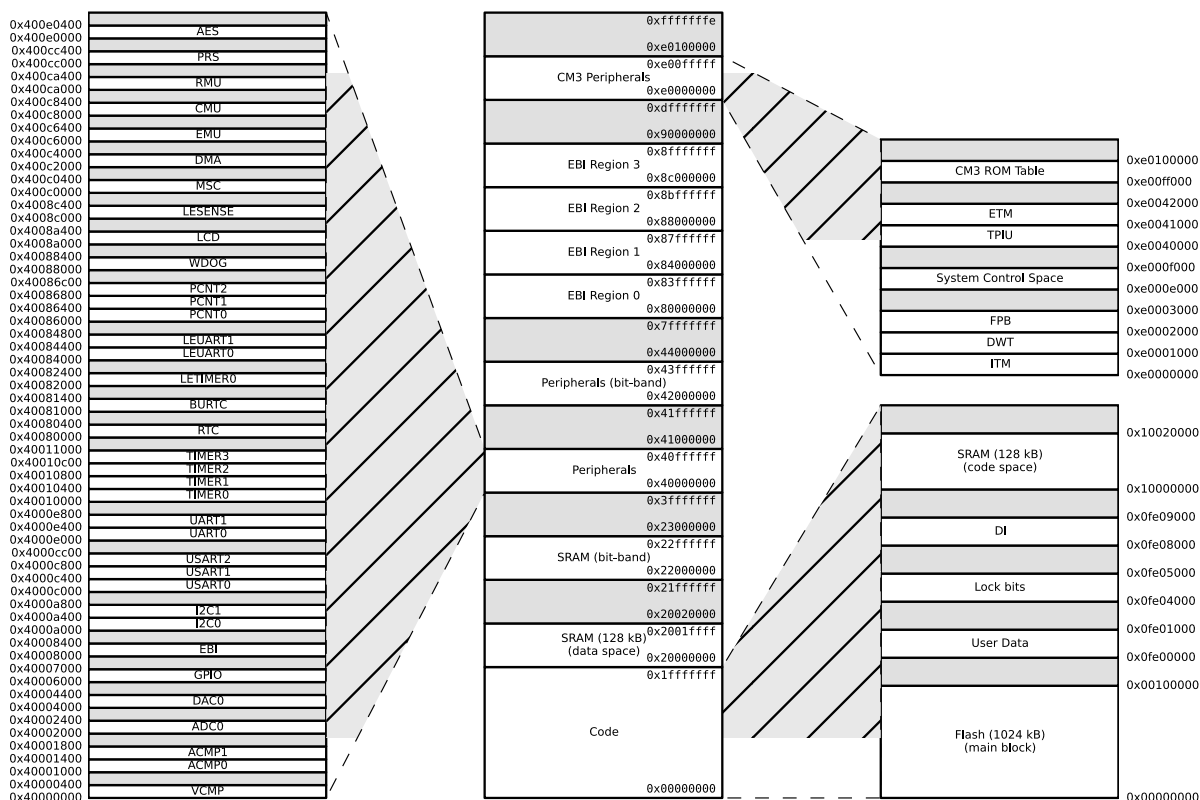
2.1.2 Debug Interface (DBG)

This device includes hardware debug support through a 2-pin serial-wire debug interface and an Embedded Trace Module (ETM) for data/instruction tracing. In addition there is also a 1-wire Serial Wire Viewer pin which can be used to output profiling information, data trace and software-generated messages.

2.3 Memory Map

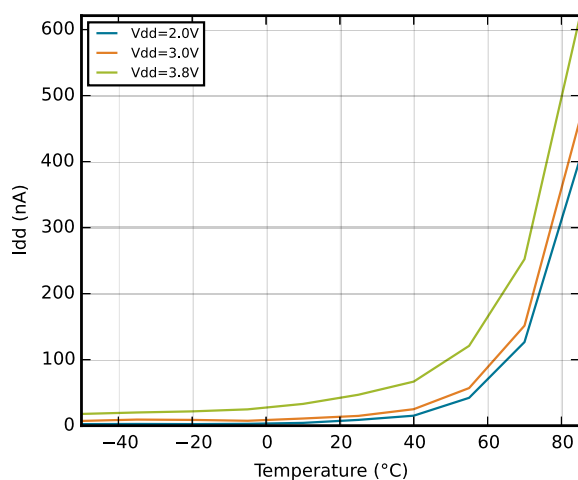
The EFM32GG880 memory map is shown in Figure 2.2 (p. 9), with RAM and Flash sizes for the largest memory configuration.

Figure 2.2. EFM32GG880 Memory Map with largest RAM and Flash sizes



3.4.3 EM4 Current Consumption

Figure 3.3. EM4 current consumption.



3.5 Transition between Energy Modes

The transition times are measured from the trigger to the first clock edge in the CPU.

Table 3.4. Energy Modes Transitions

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{EM10}	Transition time from EM1 to EM0		0		HF-CORE-CLK cycles
t_{EM20}	Transition time from EM2 to EM0		2		μ s
t_{EM30}	Transition time from EM3 to EM0		2		μ s
t_{EM40}	Transition time from EM4 to EM0		163		μ s

3.6 Power Management

The EFM32GG requires the AVDD_x, VDD_DREG and IOVDD_x pins to be connected together (with optional filter) at the PCB level. For practical schematic recommendations, please see the application note, "AN0002 EFM32 Hardware Design Considerations".

3.9.6 ULFRCO

Table 3.13. ULFRCO

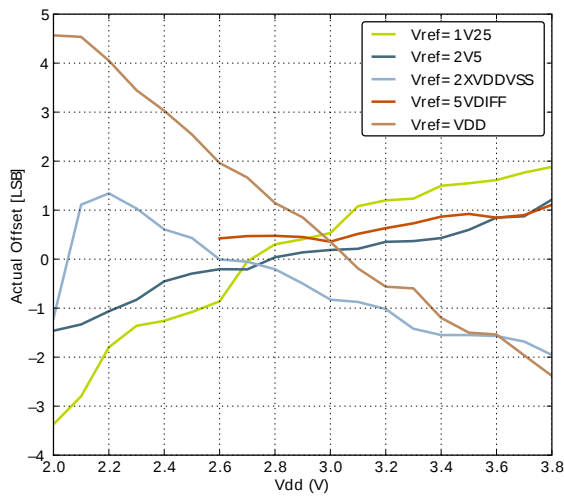
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{ULFRCO}	Oscillation frequency	25°C, 3V	0.70		1.75	kHz
TC_{ULFRCO}	Temperature coefficient			0.05		%/°C
VC_{ULFRCO}	Supply voltage coefficient			-18.2		%/V

3.10 Analog Digital Converter (ADC)

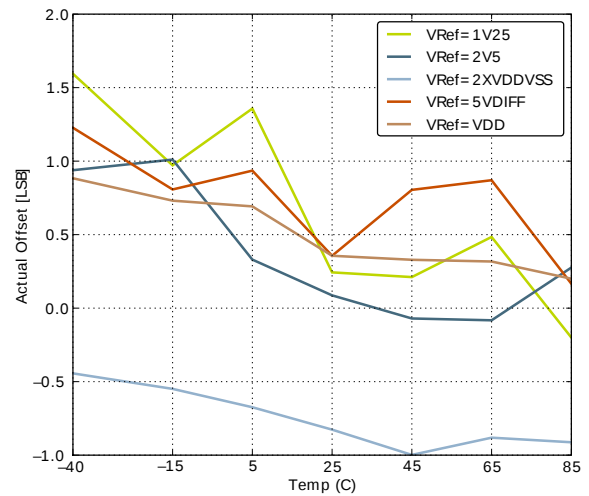
Table 3.14. ADC

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{ADCIN}	Input voltage range	Single ended	0		V_{REF}	V
		Differential	$-V_{REF}/2$		$V_{REF}/2$	V
$V_{ADCREFIN}$	Input range of external reference voltage, single ended and differential		1.25		V_{DD}	V
$V_{ADCREFIN_CH7}$	Input range of external negative reference voltage on channel 7	See $V_{ADCREFIN}$	0		$V_{DD} - 1.1$	V
$V_{ADCREFIN_CH6}$	Input range of external positive reference voltage on channel 6	See $V_{ADCREFIN}$	0.625		V_{DD}	V
$V_{ADCCMIN}$	Common mode input range		0		V_{DD}	V
I_{ADCIN}	Input current	2pF sampling capacitors		<100		nA
$CMRR_{ADC}$	Analog input common mode rejection ratio			65		dB
I_{ADC}	Average active current	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, external reference		351		μA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b00		67		μA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b01		63		μA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b10		64		μA
I_{ADCREF}	Current consumption of internal voltage reference	Internal voltage reference		65		μA

Figure 3.22. ADC Absolute Offset, Common Mode = $V_{dd}/2$

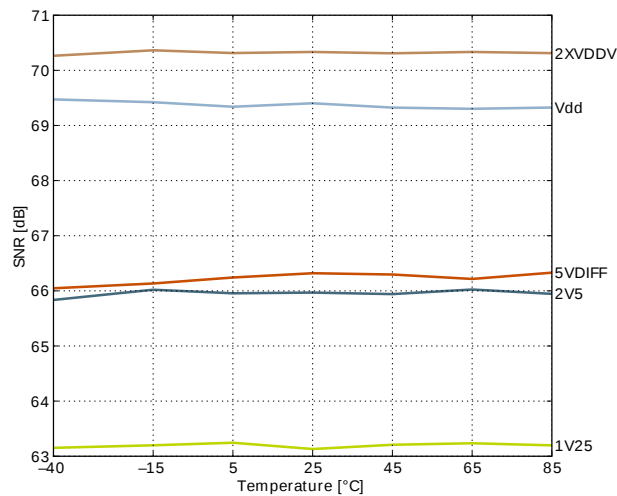


Offset vs Supply Voltage, Temp = 25°C

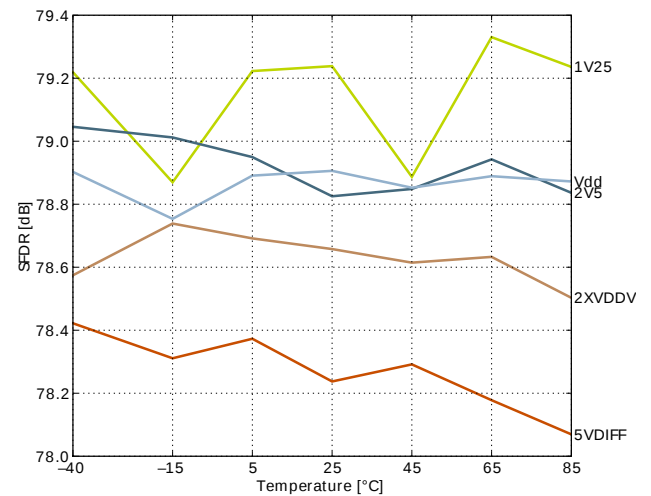


Offset vs Temperature, $V_{dd} = 3V$

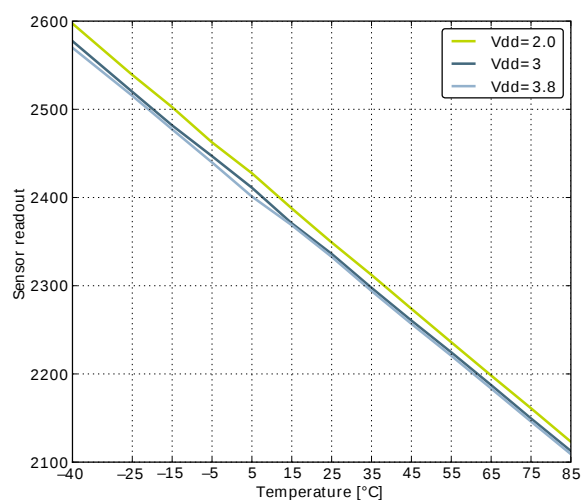
Figure 3.23. ADC Dynamic Performance vs Temperature for all ADC References, $V_{dd} = 3V$



Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR)



Spurious-Free Dynamic Range (SFDR)

Figure 3.24. ADC Temperature sensor readout

3.11 Digital Analog Converter (DAC)

Table 3.15. DAC

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{DACOUT}	Output voltage range	VDD voltage reference, single ended	0		V_{DD}	V
		VDD voltage reference, differential	$-V_{DD}$		V_{DD}	V
V_{DACCM}	Output common mode voltage range		0		V_{DD}	V
I_{DAC}	Active current including references for 2 channels	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit		400 ¹	600 ¹	μA
		100 kSamples/s, 12 bit		200 ¹	260 ¹	μA
		1 kSamples/s 12 bit NORMAL		17 ¹	25 ¹	μA
SR_{DAC}	Sample rate				500	ksamples/s
f_{DAC}	DAC clock frequency	Continuous Mode			1000	kHz
		Sample/Hold Mode			250	kHz
		Sample/Off Mode			250	kHz
$CYC_{DACCONV}$	Clock cycles per conversion			2		
$t_{DACCONV}$	Conversion time		2			μs
$t_{DACSETTLE}$	Settling time			5		μs
SNR_{DAC}	Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR)	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		58		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		59		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		58		dB

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		58		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference		59		dB
SNDR _{DAC}	Signal to Noise-pulse Distortion Ratio (SNDR)	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		57		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		54		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		56		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		53		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference		55		dB
SFDR _{DAC}	Spurious-Free Dynamic Range(SFDR)	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		62		dBc
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		56		dBc
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		61		dBc
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		55		dBc
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference		60		dBc
V _{DACOFFSET}	Offset voltage	After calibration, single ended		2	12	mV
		After calibration, differential		2		mV
DNL _{DAC}	Differential non-linearity			±1		LSB
INL _{DAC}	Integral non-linearity			±5		LSB
MC _{DAC}	No missing codes			12		bits

¹ Measured with a static input code and no loading on the output.

3.12 Operational Amplifier (OPAMP)

The electrical characteristics for the Operational Amplifiers are based on simulations.

Table 3.16. OPAMP

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{OPAMP}	Active Current	(OPA2)BIASPROG=0xF, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x0, Unity Gain		350	405	μA
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x7, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x1, Unity Gain		95	115	μA

Table 3.19. EBI Write Enable Timing

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{OH_WEn}^{1\ 2\ 3\ 4}$	Output hold time, from trailing EBI_WEn/ EBI_NANDWEn edge to EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CSn, EBI_BLn invalid	$-6.00 + (WRHOLD * t_{HFCORECLK})$			ns
$t_{OSU_WEn}^{1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5}$	Output setup time, from EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CSn, EBI_BLn valid to leading EBI_WEn/ EBI_NANDWEn edge	$-14.00 + (WRSETUP * t_{HFCORECLK})$			ns
$t_{WIDTH_WEn}^{1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5}$	EBI_WEn/EBI_NANDWEn pulse width	$-7.00 + ((WRSTRB + 1) * t_{HFCORECLK})$			ns

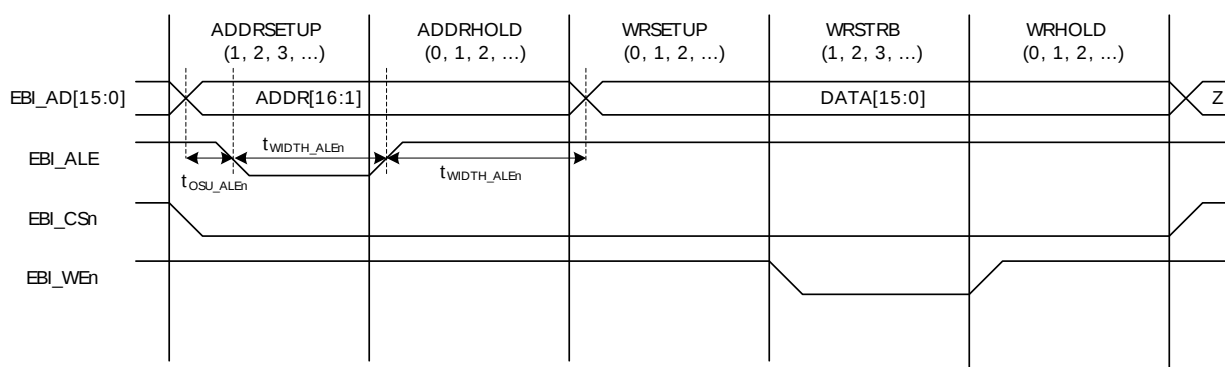
¹Applies for all addressing modes (figure only shows D16 addressing mode)

²Applies for both EBI_WEn and EBI_NANWEn (figure only shows EBI_WEn)

³Applies for all polarities (figure only shows active low signals)

⁴Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})

⁵ The figure shows the timing for the case that the half strobe length functionality is not used, i.e. HALFWE=0. The leading edge of EBI_WEn can be moved to the right by setting HALFWE=1. This decreases the length of t_{WIDTH_WEn} and increases the length of t_{OSU_WEn} by $1/2 * t_{HFCLKNODIV}$.

Figure 3.32. EBI Address Latch Enable Related Output Timing**Table 3.20. EBI Address Latch Enable Related Output Timing**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{OH_ALEn}^{1\ 2\ 3\ 4}$	Output hold time, from trailing EBI_ALE edge to EBI_AD invalid	$-6.00 + (ADDRHOLD^5 * t_{HFCORECLK})$			ns
$t_{OSU_ALEn}^{1\ 2\ 4}$	Output setup time, from EBI_AD valid to leading EBI_ALE edge	$-13.00 + (0 * t_{HFCORECLK})$			ns
$t_{WIDTH_ALEn}^{1\ 2\ 3\ 4}$	EBI_ALEn pulse width	$-7.00 + (ADDRSETUP + 1) * t_{HFCORECLK}$			ns

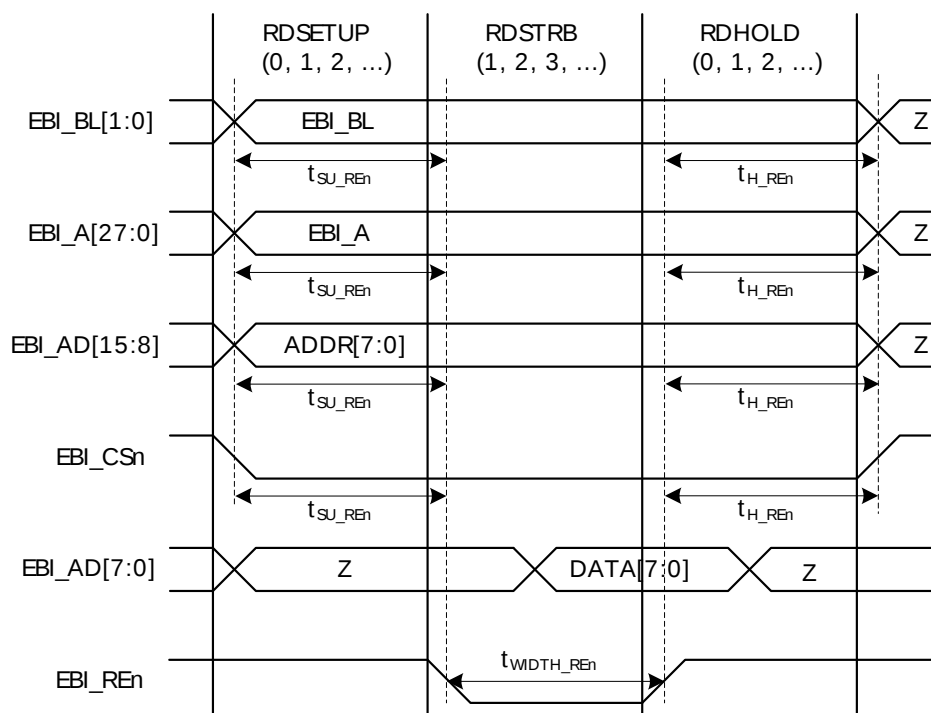
¹Applies to addressing modes D8A24ALE and D16A16ALE (figure only shows D16A16ALE)

²Applies for all polarities (figure only shows active low signals)

³ The figure shows the timing for the case that the half strobe length functionality is not used, i.e. HALFALE=0. The trailing edge of EBI_ALE can be moved to the left by setting HALFALE=1. This decreases the length of t_{WIDTH_ALEn} and increases the length of t_{OH_ALEn} by $t_{HFCORECLK} - 1/2 * t_{HFCLKNODIV}$.

⁴Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})

⁵Figure only shows a write operation. For a multiplexed read operation the address hold time is controlled via the RDSETUP state instead of via the ADDRHOLD state.

Figure 3.33. EBI Read Enable Related Output Timing**Table 3.21. EBI Read Enable Related Output Timing**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{OH_REn}^{1\ 2\ 3\ 4}$	Output hold time, from trailing EBI_REn/ EBI_NANDREn edge to EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CS[n], EBI_BLn invalid	$-10.00 + (RDHOLD * t_{HFCORECLK})$			ns
$t_{OSU_REn}^{1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5}$	Output setup time, from EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CS[n], EBI_BLn valid to leading EBI_REn/EBI_NANDREn edge	$-10.00 + (RDSETUP * t_{HFCORECLK})$			ns
$t_{WIDTH_REn}^{1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5\ 6}$	EBI_REn pulse width	$-9.00 + ((RDSTRB+1) * t_{HFCORECLK})$			ns

¹Applies for all addressing modes (figure only shows D8A8. Output timing for EBI_AD only applies to multiplexed addressing modes D8A24ALE and D16A16ALE)

²Applies for both EBI_REn and EBI_NANDREn (figure only shows EBI_REn)

³Applies for all polarities (figure only shows active low signals)

⁴Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})

⁵The figure shows the timing for the case that the half strobe length functionality is not used, i.e. HALFRE=0. The leading edge of EBI_REn can be moved to the right by setting HALFRE=1. This decreases the length of t_{WIDTH_REn} and increases the length of t_{OSU_REn} by 1/2 * t_{HFCCLKNODIV}.

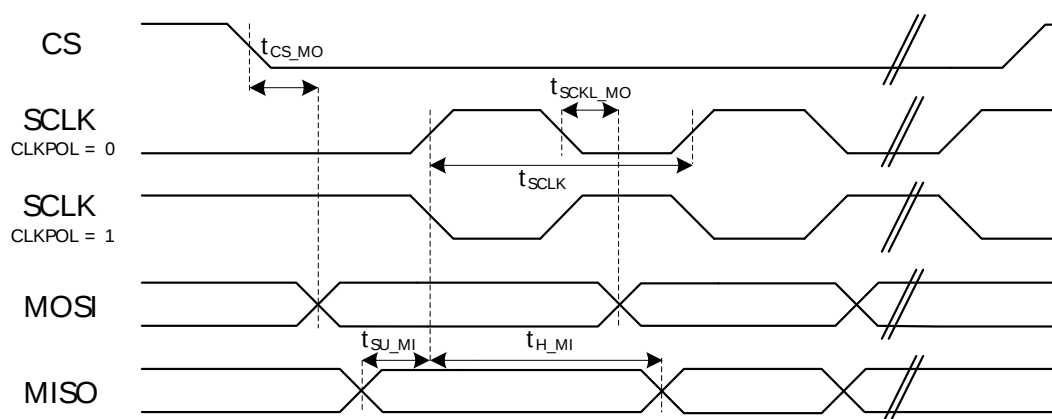
⁶When page mode is used, RDSTRB is replaced by RDPA for page hits.

Table 3.27. I2C Fast-mode Plus (Fm+)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{SCL}	SCL clock frequency	0		1000 ¹	kHz
t_{LOW}	SCL clock low time	0.5			μ s
t_{HIGH}	SCL clock high time	0.26			μ s
$t_{SU,DAT}$	SDA set-up time	50			ns
$t_{HD,DAT}$	SDA hold time	8			ns
$t_{SU,STA}$	Repeated START condition set-up time	0.26			μ s
$t_{HD,STA}$	(Repeated) START condition hold time	0.26			μ s
$t_{SU,STO}$	STOP condition set-up time	0.26			μ s
t_{BUF}	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	0.5			μ s

¹For the minimum HPERCLK frequency required in Fast-mode Plus, see the I2C chapter in the EFM32GG Reference Manual.

3.18 USART SPI

Figure 3.36. SPI Master Timing**Table 3.28. SPI Master Timing**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{SCLK}^{1,2}$	SCLK period		$2 * t_{HFER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{CS_MO}^{1,2}$	CS to MOSI		-2.00		1.00	ns
$t_{SCLK_MO}^{1,2}$	SCLK to MOSI		-4.00		3.00	ns
$t_{SU_MI}^{1,2}$	MISO setup time	IOVDD = 1.98 V	36.00			ns
		IOVDD = 3.0 V	29.00			ns
$t_{H_MI}^{1,2}$	MISO hold time		-4.00			ns

¹Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0)

²Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{PCNT}	PCNT current	PCNT idle current, clock enabled		54		nA
I _{RTC}	RTC current	RTC idle current, clock enabled		54		nA
I _{LCD}	LCD current	LCD idle current, clock enabled		68		nA
I _{AES}	AES current	AES idle current, clock enabled		3.2		μA/ MHz
I _{GPIO}	GPIO current	GPIO idle current, clock enabled		3.7		μA/ MHz
I _{EBI}	EBI current	EBI idle current, clock enabled		11.8		μA/ MHz
I _{PRS}	PRS current	PRS idle current		3.5		μA/ MHz
I _{DMA}	DMA current	Clock enable		11.0		μA/ MHz

LQFP100 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
				PCNT0_S0IN #1	I2C1_SDA #2	
61	PE1		EBI_A08 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #1 PCNT0_S1IN #1	U0_RX #1 I2C1_SCL #2	
62	PE2	BU_VOUT	EBI_A09 #0	TIM3_CC2 #1	U1_TX #3	ACMP0_O #1
63	PE3	BU_STAT	EBI_A10 #0		U1_RX #3	ACMP1_O #1
64	PE4	LCD_COM0	EBI_A11 #0/1/2		US0_CS #1	
65	PE5	LCD_COM1	EBI_A12 #0/1/2		US0_CLK #1	
66	PE6	LCD_COM2	EBI_A13 #0/1/2		US0_RX #1	
67	PE7	LCD_COM3	EBI_A14 #0/1/2		US0_TX #1	
68	PC8	ACMP1_CH0	EBI_A15 #0/1/2	TIM2_CC0 #2	US0_CS #2	LES_CH8 #0
69	PC9	ACMP1_CH1	EBI_A09 #1/2	TIM2_CC1 #2	US0_CLK #2	LES_CH9 #0 GPIO_EM4WU2
70	PC10	ACMP1_CH2	EBI_A10 #1/2	TIM2_CC2 #2	US0_RX #2	LES_CH10 #0
71	PC11	ACMP1_CH3	EBI_ALE #1/2		US0_TX #2	LES_CH11 #0
72	PC12	ACMP1_CH4 DAC0_OUT1ALT #0/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT			U1_TX #0	CMU_CLK0 #1 LES_CH12 #0
73	PC13	ACMP1_CH5 DAC0_OUT1ALT #1/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT		TIM0_CDTI0 #1/3 TIM1_CC0 #0 TIM1_CC2 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #0	U1_RX #0	LES_CH13 #0
74	PC14	ACMP1_CH6 DAC0_OUT1ALT #2/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT		TIM0_CDTI1 #1/3 TIM1_CC1 #0 PCNT0_S1IN #0	US0_CS #3 U0_TX #3	LES_CH14 #0
75	PC15	ACMP1_CH7 DAC0_OUT1ALT #3/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT		TIM0_CDTI2 #1/3 TIM1_CC2 #0	US0_CLK #3 U0_RX #3	LES_CH15 #0 DBG_SWO #1
76	PF0			TIM0_CC0 #5 LETIM0_OUT0 #2	US1_CLK #2 I2C0_SDA #5 LEU0_TX #3	DBG_SWCLK #0/1/2/3
77	PF1			TIM0_CC1 #5 LETIM0_OUT1 #2	US1_CS #2 I2C0_SCL #5 LEU0_RX #3	DBG_SWDIO #0/1/2/3 GPIO_EM4WU3
78	PF2	LCD_SEG0	EBI_ARDY #0/1/2	TIM0_CC2 #5	LEU0_TX #4	ACMP1_O #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU4
79	PF3	LCD_SEG1	EBI_ALE #0	TIM0_CDTI0 #2/5		PRS_CH0 #1 ETM_TD3 #1
80	PF4	LCD_SEG2	EBI_WEn #0/2	TIM0_CDTI1 #2/5		PRS_CH1 #1
81	PF5	LCD_SEG3	EBI_REn #0/2	TIM0_CDTI2 #2/5		PRS_CH2 #1
82	IOVDD_5	Digital IO power supply 5.				
83	VSS	Ground.				
84	PF6	LCD_SEG24	EBI_BL0 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC0 #2	U0_TX #0	
85	PF7	LCD_SEG25	EBI_BL1 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC1 #2	U0_RX #0	
86	PF8	LCD_SEG26	EBI_WEn #1	TIM0_CC2 #2		ETM_TCLK #1
87	PF9	LCD_SEG27	EBI_REn #1			ETM_TD0 #1
88	PD9	LCD_SEG28	EBI_CS0 #0/1/2			
89	PD10	LCD_SEG29	EBI_CS1 #0/1/2			

LQFP100 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
90	PD11	LCD_SEG30	EBI_CS2 #0/1/2			
91	PD12	LCD_SEG31	EBI_CS3 #0/1/2			
92	PE8	LCD_SEG4	EBI_AD00 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1
93	PE9	LCD_SEG5	EBI_AD01 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S1IN #1		
94	PE10	LCD_SEG6	EBI_AD02 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
95	PE11	LCD_SEG7	EBI_AD03 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
96	PE12	LCD_SEG8	EBI_AD04 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0
97	PE13	LCD_SEG9	EBI_AD05 #0/1/2		US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU5
98	PE14	LCD_SEG10	EBI_AD06 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	
99	PE15	LCD_SEG11	EBI_AD07 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
100	PA15	LCD_SEG12	EBI_AD08 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC2 #0		

4.2 Alternate Functionality Pinout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. This is shown in Table 4.2 (p. 58). The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Note

Some functionality, such as analog interfaces, do not have alternate settings or a LOCATION bitfield. In these cases, the pinout is shown in the column corresponding to LOCATION 0.

Table 4.2. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
ACMP0_CH0	PC0							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 0.
ACMP0_CH1	PC1							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 1.
ACMP0_CH2	PC2							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 2.
ACMP0_CH3	PC3							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 3.
ACMP0_CH4	PC4							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 4.
ACMP0_CH5	PC5							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 5.
ACMP0_CH6	PC6							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 6.
ACMP0_CH7	PC7							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 7.
ACMP0_O	PE13	PE2	PD6					Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.
ACMP1_CH0	PC8							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 0.
ACMP1_CH1	PC9							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 1.
ACMP1_CH2	PC10							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 2.
ACMP1_CH3	PC11							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 3.

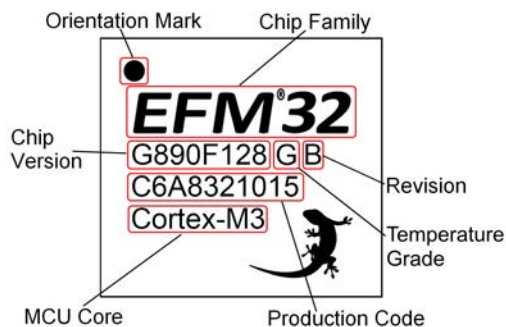
Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
EBI_A01	PA13	PA13	PA13					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 01.
EBI_A02	PA14	PA14	PA14					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 02.
EBI_A03	PB9	PB9	PB9					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 03.
EBI_A04	PB10	PB10	PB10					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 04.
EBI_A05	PC6	PC6	PC6					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 05.
EBI_A06	PC7	PC7	PC7					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 06.
EBI_A07	PE0	PE0	PE0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 07.
EBI_A08	PE1	PE1	PE1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 08.
EBI_A09	PE2	PC9	PC9					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 09.
EBI_A10	PE3	PC10	PC10					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 10.
EBI_A11	PE4	PE4	PE4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 11.
EBI_A12	PE5	PE5	PE5					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 12.
EBI_A13	PE6	PE6	PE6					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 13.
EBI_A14	PE7	PE7	PE7					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 14.
EBI_A15	PC8	PC8	PC8					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 15.
EBI_A16	PB0	PB0	PB0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 16.
EBI_A17	PB1	PB1	PB1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 17.
EBI_A18	PB2	PB2	PB2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 18.
EBI_A19	PB3	PB3	PB3					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 19.
EBI_A20	PB4	PB4	PB4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 20.
EBI_A21	PB5	PB5	PB5					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 21.
EBI_A22	PB6	PB6	PB6					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 22.
EBI_A23	PC0	PC0	PC0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 23.
EBI_A24	PC1	PC1	PC1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 24.
EBI_A25	PC2	PC2	PC2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 25.
EBI_A26	PC4	PC4	PC4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 26.
EBI_A27	PD2	PD2	PD2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 27.
EBI_AD00	PE8	PE8	PE8					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 00.
EBI_AD01	PE9	PE9	PE9					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 01.
EBI_AD02	PE10	PE10	PE10					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 02.
EBI_AD03	PE11	PE11	PE11					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 03.
EBI_AD04	PE12	PE12	PE12					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 04.
EBI_AD05	PE13	PE13	PE13					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 05.
EBI_AD06	PE14	PE14	PE14					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 06.
EBI_AD07	PE15	PE15	PE15					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 07.
EBI_AD08	PA15	PA15	PA15					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 08.

6 Chip Marking, Revision and Errata

6.1 Chip Marking

In the illustration below package fields and position are shown.

Figure 6.1. Example Chip Marking (top view)



6.2 Revision

The revision of a chip can be determined from the "Revision" field in Figure 6.1 (p. 72) .

6.3 Errata

Please see the errata document for EFM32GG880 for description and resolution of device erratas. This document is available in Simplicity Studio and online at:
<http://www.silabs.com/support/pages/document-library.aspx?p=MCUs--32-bit>

Updated power requirements in the Power Management section.

Removed minimum load capacitance figure and table. Added reference to application note.

Other minor corrections.

7.6 Revision 1.00

September 11th, 2012

Updated the HFRCO 1 MHz band typical value to 1.2 MHz.

Updated the HFRCO 7 MHz band typical value to 6.6 MHz.

Other minor corrections.

7.7 Revision 0.98

May 25th, 2012

Corrected EM3 current consumption in the Electrical Characteristics section.

7.8 Revision 0.96

February 28th, 2012

Added reference to errata document.

Corrected LQFP100 package drawing.

Updated PCB land pattern, solder mask and stencil design.

7.9 Revision 0.95

September 28th, 2011

Flash configuration for Giant Gecko is now 1024KB or 512KB. For flash sizes below 512KB, see the Leopard Gecko Family.

Corrected operating voltage from 1.8 V to 1.85 V.

Added rising POR level to Electrical Characteristics section.

Updated Minimum Load Capacitance (C_{LFXOL}) Requirement For Safe Crystal Startup.

Added Gain error drift and Offset error drift to ADC table.

Added Opamp pinout overview.

Added reference to errata document.

Corrected LQFP100 package drawing.

Updated PCB land pattern, solder mask and stencil design.

7.10 Revision 0.91

March 21th, 2011

Added new alternative locations for EBI and SWO.

Corrected slew rate data for Opamps.

7.11 Revision 0.90

February 4th, 2011

Initial preliminary release.

B Contact Information

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Please visit the Silicon Labs Technical Support web page:

<http://www.silabs.com/support/pages/contacttechnicalsupport.aspx>

and register to submit a technical support request.

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