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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

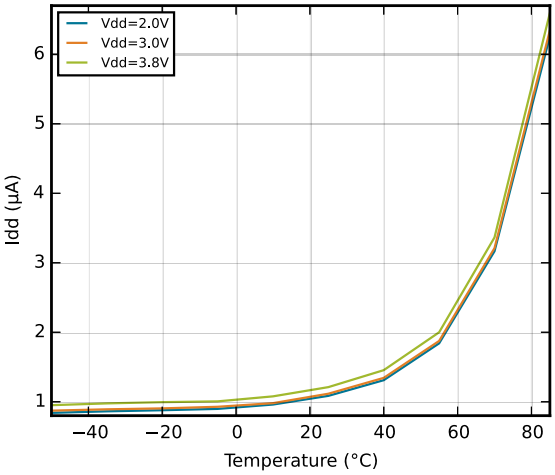
"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, I²C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	86
Program Memory Size	1MB (1M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	128K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.85V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg880f1024-qfp100t

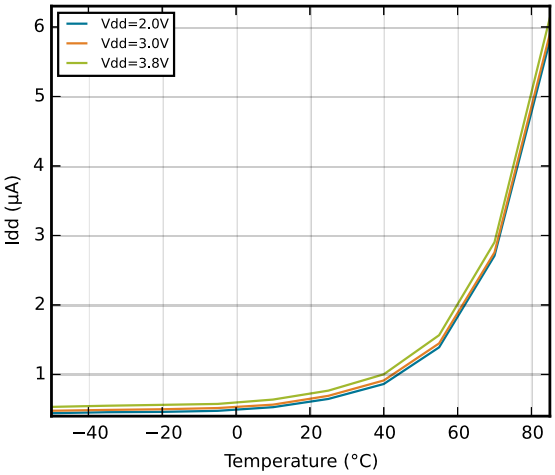
3.4.1 EM2 Current Consumption

Figure 3.1. EM2 current consumption. RTC[1] prescaled to 1 Hz, 32.768 kHz LFRCO.



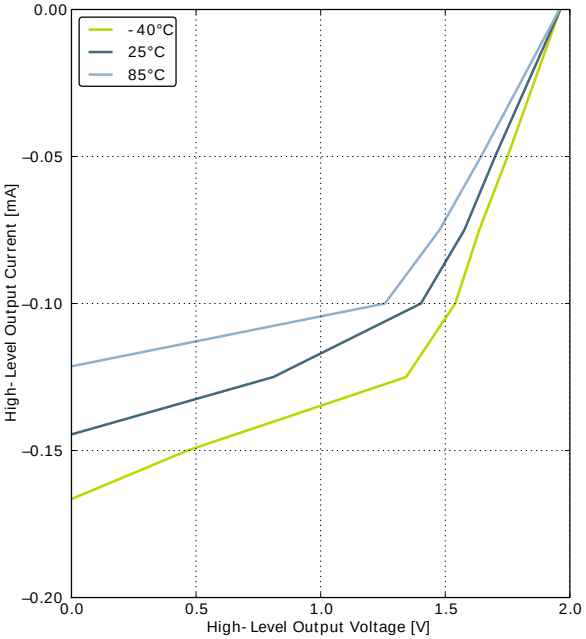
3.4.2 EM3 Current Consumption

Figure 3.2. EM3 current consumption.

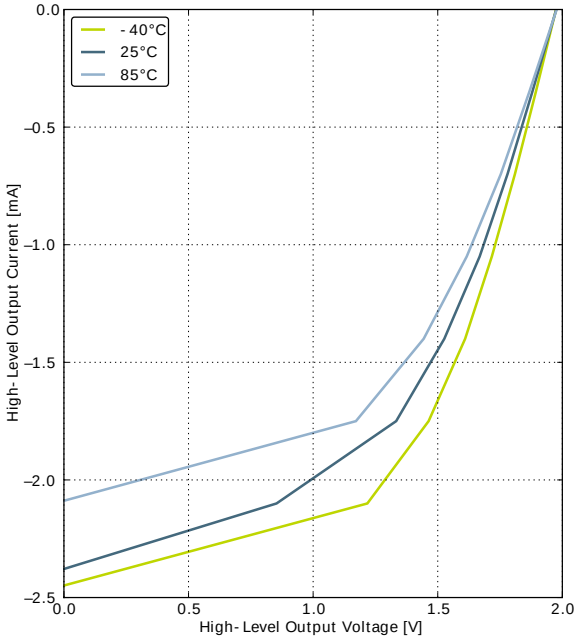


[1]Using backup RTC.

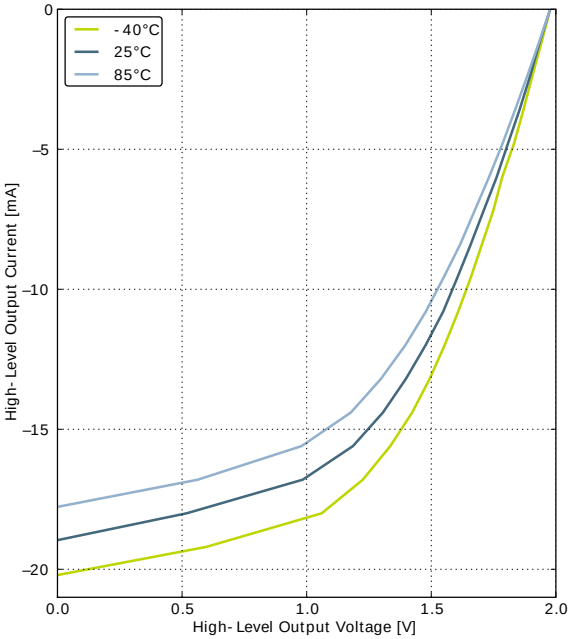
Figure 3.5. Typical High-Level Output Current, 2V Supply Voltage



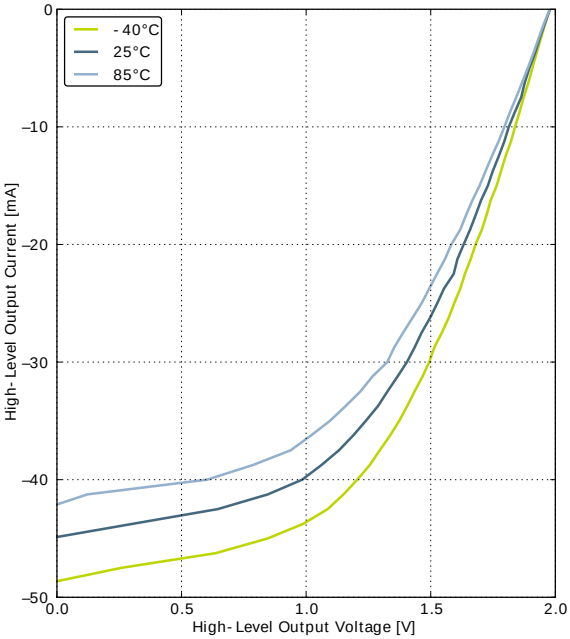
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$GAIN_{ED}$	Gain error drift	1.25V reference		0.01[2]	0.033[3]	%/°C
		2.5V reference		0.01[2]	0.03[3]	%/°C
$OFFSET_{ED}$	Offset error drift	1.25V reference		0.2[2]	0.7[3]	LSB/°C
		2.5V reference		0.2[2]	0.62[3]	LSB/°C

[1]On the average every ADC will have one missing code, most likely to appear around 2048 +/- n*512 where n can be a value in the set {-3, -2, -1, 1, 2, 3}. There will be no missing code around 2048, and in spite of the missing code the ADC will be monotonic at all times so that a response to a slowly increasing input will always be a slowly increasing output. Around the one code that is missing, the neighbour codes will look wider in the DNL plot. The spectra will show spurs on the level of -78dBc for a full scale input for chips that have the missing code issue.

[2]Typical numbers given by abs(Mean) / (85 - 25).

[3]Max number given by (abs(Mean) + 3x stddev) / (85 - 25).

The integral non-linearity (INL) and differential non-linearity parameters are explained in Figure 3.17 (p. 32) and Figure 3.18 (p. 33) , respectively.

Figure 3.17. Integral Non-Linearity (INL)

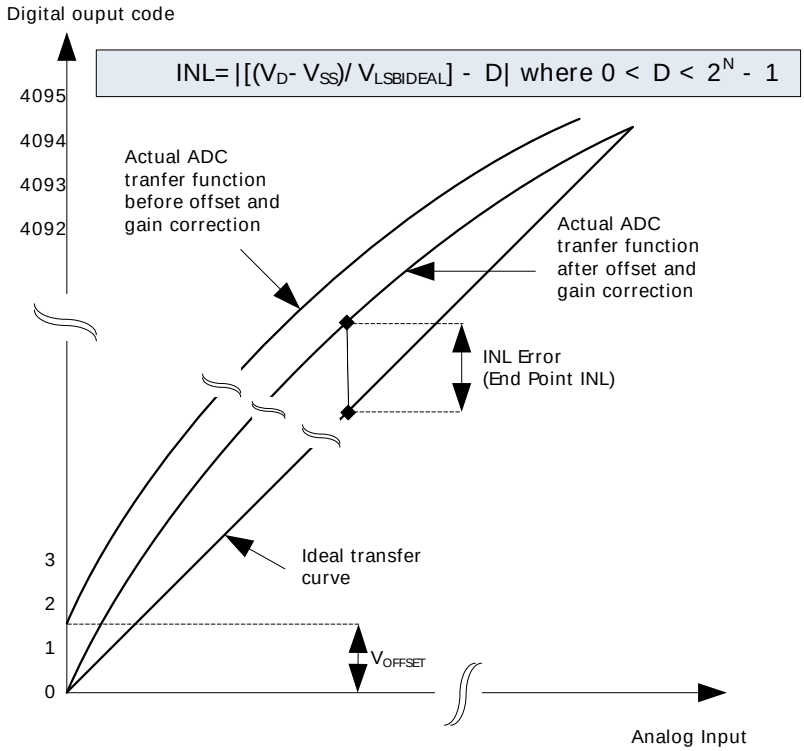
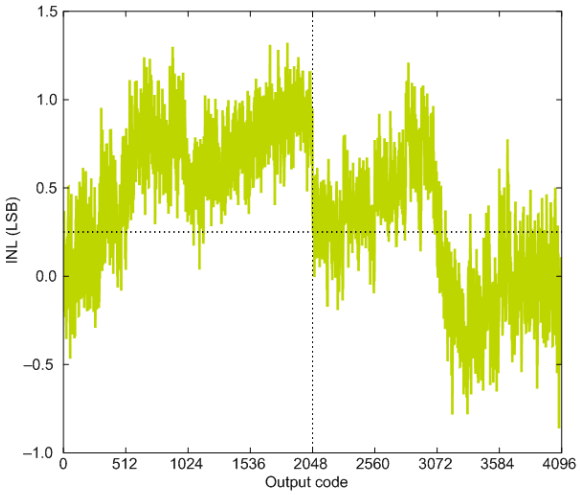
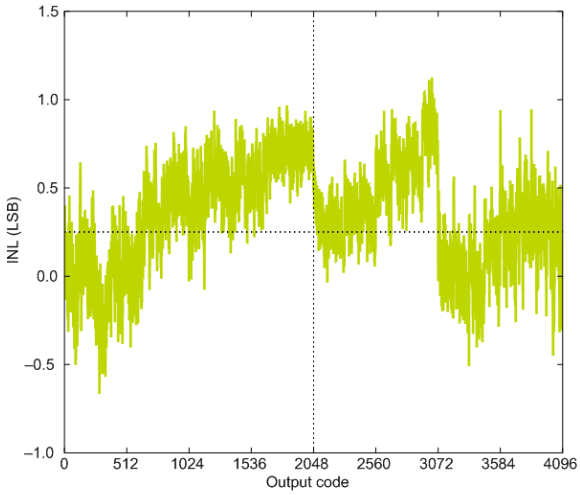


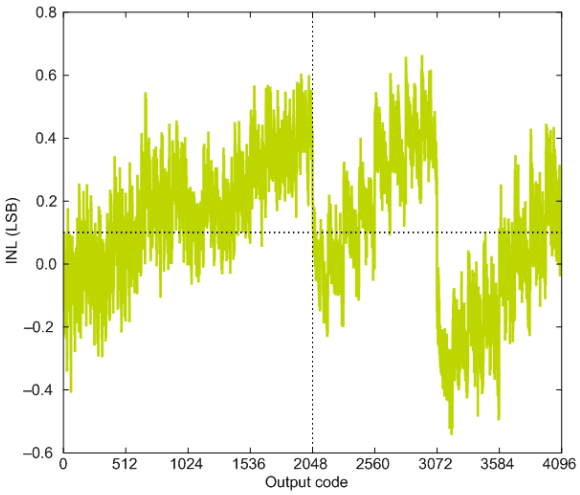
Figure 3.20. ADC Integral Linearity Error vs Code, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C



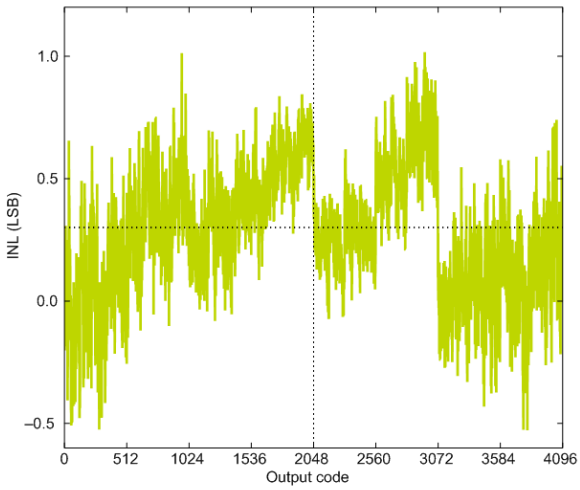
1.25V Reference



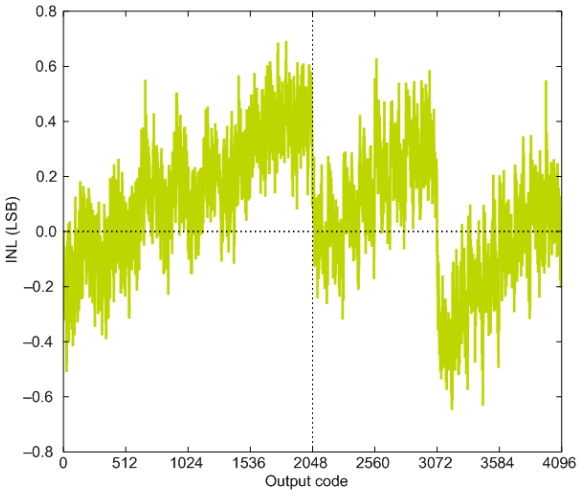
2.5V Reference



2XVDDVSS Reference

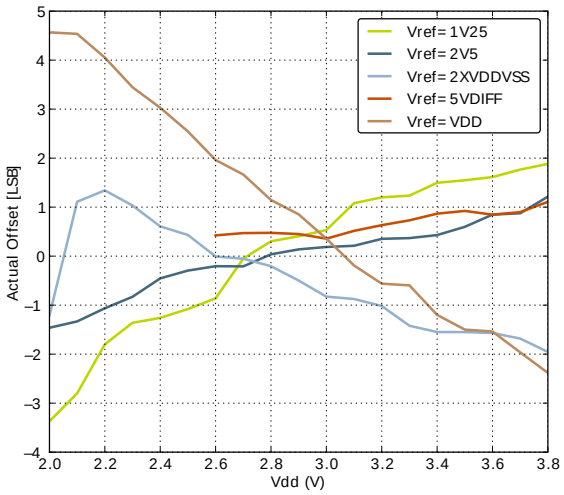


5VDIFF Reference

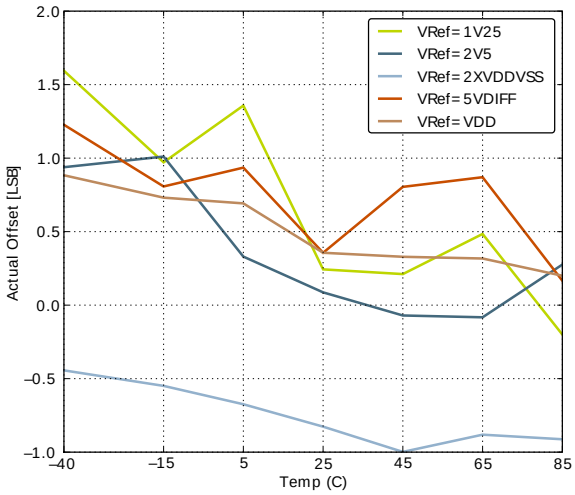


VDD Reference

Figure 3.22. ADC Absolute Offset, Common Mode = Vdd /2

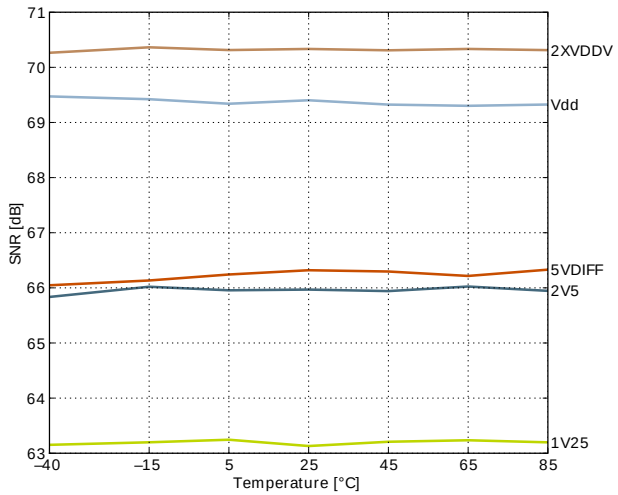


Offset vs Supply Voltage, Temp = 25°C

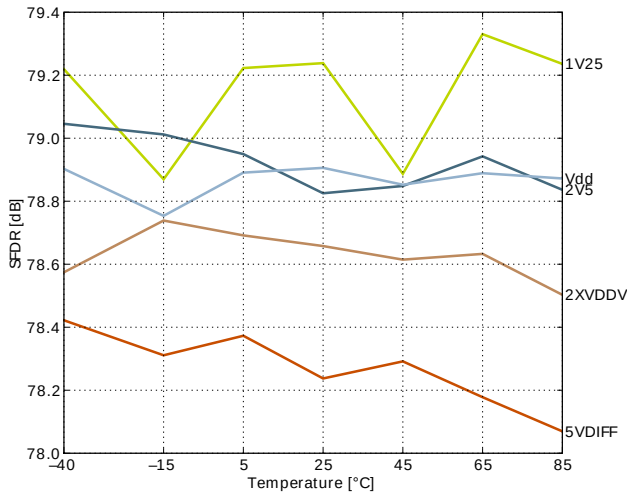


Offset vs Temperature, Vdd = 3V

Figure 3.23. ADC Dynamic Performance vs Temperature for all ADC References, Vdd = 3V



Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR)



Spurious-Free Dynamic Range (SFDR)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		V_{out}=1V, RESSEL=0, 0.1 Hz<f<1 MHz, OPAxHCMDIS=0		196		μV_{RMS}
		V_{out}=1V, RESSEL=0, 0.1 Hz<f<1 MHz, OPAxHCMDIS=1		229		μV_{RMS}
		RESSEL=7, 0.1 Hz<f<10 kHz, OPAxHCMDIS=0		1230		μV_{RMS}
		RESSEL=7, 0.1 Hz<f<10 kHz, OPAxHCMDIS=1		2130		μV_{RMS}
		RESSEL=7, 0.1 Hz<f<1 MHz, OPAxHCMDIS=0		1630		μV_{RMS}
		RESSEL=7, 0.1 Hz<f<1 MHz, OPAxHCMDIS=1		2590		μV_{RMS}

Figure 3.25. OPAMP Common Mode Rejection Ratio

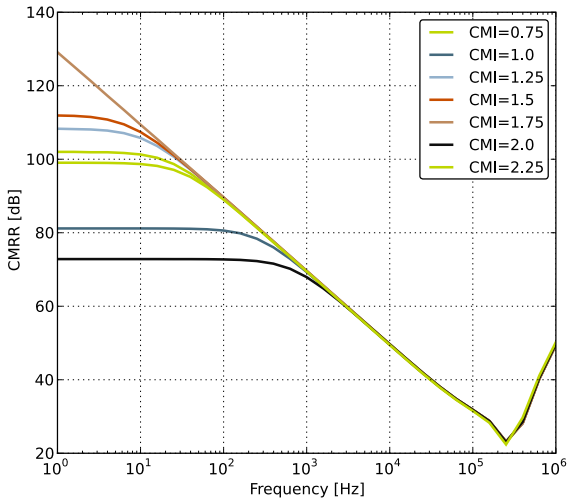


Figure 3.26. OPAMP Positive Power Supply Rejection Ratio

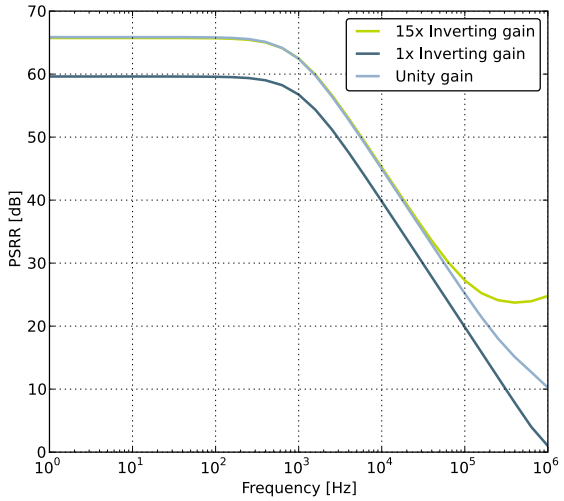
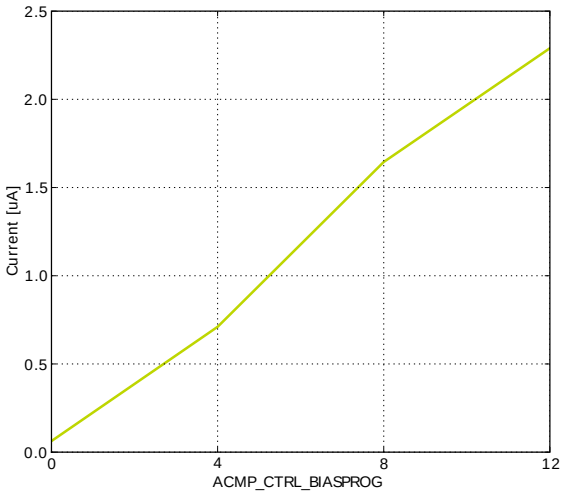
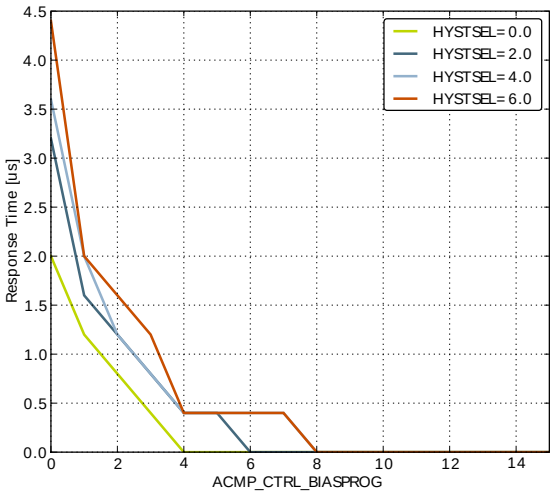


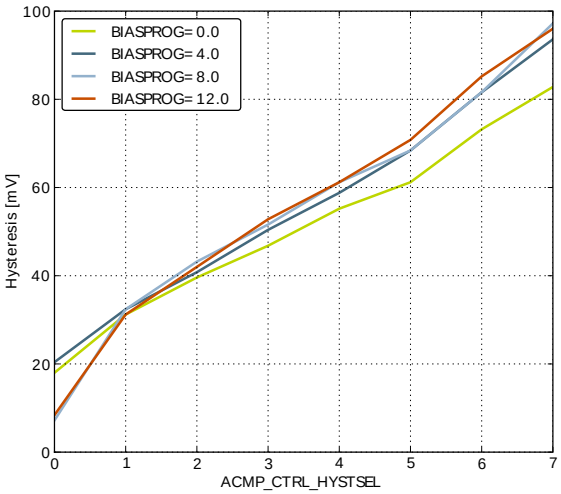
Figure 3.30. ACMP Characteristics, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C, FULLBIAS = 0, HALFBIAS = 1



Current consumption, HYSTSEL = 4



Response time



Hysteresis

3.14 Voltage Comparator (VCMP)

Table 3.18. VCMP

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{VCMPIN}	Input voltage range			V_{DD}		V
V_{VCMPCM}	VCMP Common Mode voltage range			V_{DD}		V
I_{VCMP}	Active current	BIASPROG=0b0000 and HALFBIAS=1 in VCMPn_CTRL register		0.3	0.6	µA
		BIASPROG=0b1111 and HALFBIAS=0 in VCMPn_CTRL register. LPREF=0.		22	30	µA
$t_{VCMPREF}$	Startup time reference generator	NORMAL		10		µs
$V_{VCMPOFFSET}$	Offset voltage	Single ended	-230	-40	190	mV
		Differential		10		mV
$V_{VCMPHYST}$	VCMP hysteresis			40		mV
$t_{VCMPSTART}$	Startup time				10	µs

The V_{DD} trigger level can be configured by setting the TRIGLEVEL field of the VCMP_CTRL register in accordance with the following equation:

VCMP Trigger Level as a Function of Level Setting

$$V_{DD\ Trigger\ Level}=1.667V+0.034 \times TRIGLEVEL \quad (3.2)$$

3.15 EBI

Figure 3.31. EBI Write Enable Timing

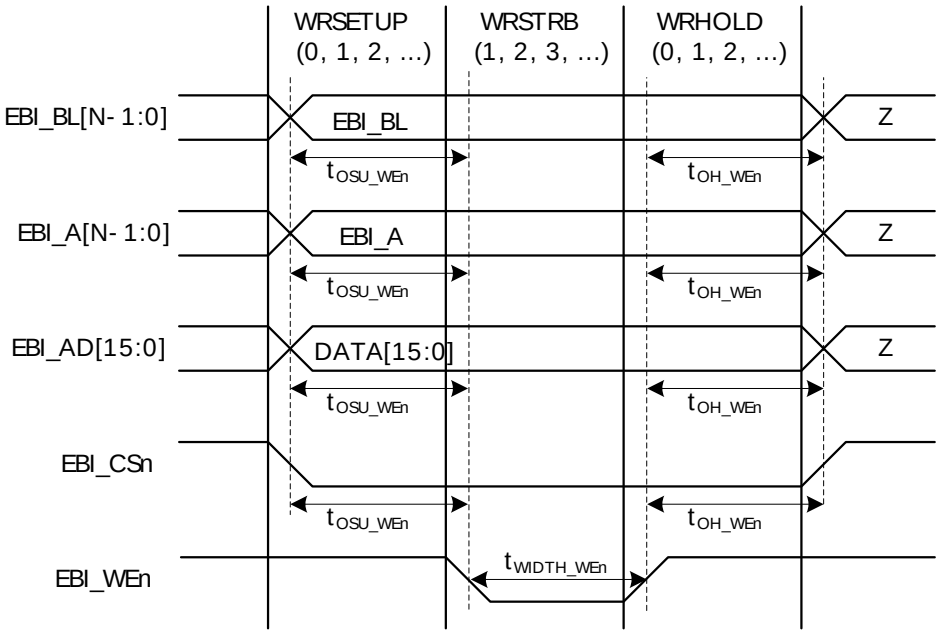


Table 3.19. EBI Write Enable Timing

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{OH_WEn} [1 2 3 4]	Output hold time, from trailing EBI_WEn/ EBI_NANDWEn edge to EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CSn, EBI_BLn invalid	-6.00 + (WRHOLD * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)			ns
t_{OSU_WEn} [1 2 3 4 5]	Output setup time, from EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CSn, EBI_BLn valid to leading EBI_WEn/ EBI_NANDWEn edge	-14.00 + (WRSETUP * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)			ns
t_{WIDTH_WEn} [1 2 3 4 5]	EBI_WEn/EBI_NANDWEn pulse width	-7.00 + ((WRSTRB +1) * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)			ns

[1]Applies for all addressing modes (figure only shows D16 addressing mode)
[2]Applies for both EBI_WEn and EBI_NANWEn (figure only shows EBI_WEn)
[3]Applies for all polarities (figure only shows active low signals)
[4]Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of $_{VDD}$)
[5] The figure shows the timing for the case that the half strobe length functionality is not used, i.e. HALFWE=0. The leading edge of EBI_WEn can be moved to the right by setting HALFWE=1. This decreases the length of t_{WIDTH_WEn} and increases the length of t_{OSU_WEn} by 1/2 * $t_{HFCLKNODIV}$.

Figure 3.32. EBI Address Latch Enable Related Output Timing

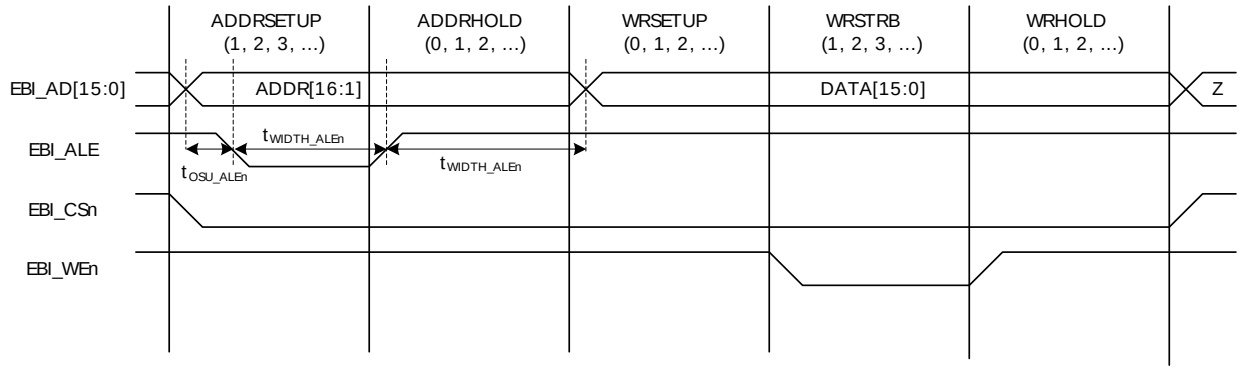


Table 3.20. EBI Address Latch Enable Related Output Timing

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{OH_ALEn} [1 2 3 4]	Output hold time, from trailing EBI_ALE edge to EBI_AD invalid	-6.00 + (ADDRHOLD[5] * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)			ns
t_{OSU_ALEn} [1 2 4]	Output setup time, from EBI_AD valid to leading EBI_ALE edge	-13.00 + (0 * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)			ns
t_{WIDTH_ALEn} [1 2 3 4]	EBI_ALEn pulse width	-7.00 + (ADDRSETUP+1) * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)			ns

[1]Applies to addressing modes D8A24ALE and D16A16ALE (figure only shows D16A16ALE)
[2]Applies for all polarities (figure only shows active low signals)
[3] The figure shows the timing for the case that the half strobe length functionality is not used, i.e. HALFALE=0. The trailing edge of EBI_ALE can be moved to the left by setting HALFALE=1. This decreases the length of t_{WIDTH_ALEn} and increases the length of tOH_ALEn by $t_{HFCORECLK}$ - 1/2 * $t_{HFCLKNODIV}$.
[4]Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of $_{VDD}$)
[5]Figure only shows a write operation. For a multiplexed read operation the address hold time is controlled via the RDSETUP state instead of via the ADDRHOLD state.

Figure 3.33. EBI Read Enable Related Output Timing

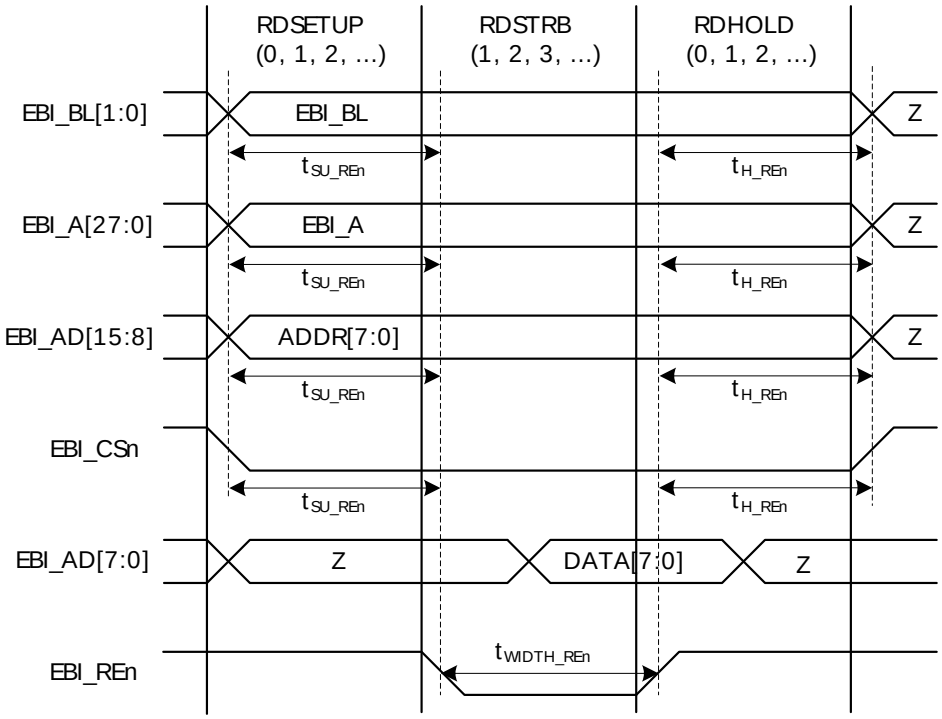


Table 3.21. EBI Read Enable Related Output Timing

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{OH_REn} [1 2 3 4]	Output hold time, from trailing EBI_REn/ EBI_NANDREn edge to EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CSn, EBI_BLn invalid	-10.00 + (RDHOLD * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)			ns
t_{OSU_REn} [1 2 3 4 5]	Output setup time, from EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CSn, EBI_BLn valid to leading EBI_REn/EBI_NANDREn edge	-10.00 + (RDSETUP * $t_{HFCORECLK}$)			ns
t_{WIDTH_REn} [1 2 3 4 5 6]	EBI_REn pulse width	-9.00 + ((RD-STRB+1) * $t_{HFCORE-CLK}$)			ns

[1]Applies for all addressing modes (figure only shows D8A8. Output timing for EBI_AD only applies to multiplexed addressing modes D8A24ALE and D16A16ALE)

[2]Applies for both EBI_REn and EBI_NANDREn (figure only shows EBI_REn)

[3]Applies for all polarities (figure only shows active low signals)

[4]Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of $_{VDD}$)

[5]The figure shows the timing for the case that the half strobe length functionality is not used, i.e. HALFRE=0. The leading edge of EBI_REn can be moved to the right by setting HALFRE=1. This decreases the length of t_{WIDTH_REn} and increases the length of t_{OSU_REn} by 1/2 * $t_{HFCLKNODIV}$.

[6]When page mode is used, RDSTRB is replaced by RDPA for page hits.

LQFP100 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
						ETM_TD0 #3
4	PA3	LCD_SEG16	EBI_AD12 #0/1/2	TIM0_CDTI0 #0	U0_TX #2	LES_ALTEX2 #0 ETM_TD1 #3
5	PA4	LCD_SEG17	EBI_AD13 #0/1/2	TIM0_CDTI1 #0	U0_RX #2	LES_ALTEX3 #0 ETM_TD2 #3
6	PA5	LCD_SEG18	EBI_AD14 #0/1/2	TIM0_CDTI2 #0	LEU1_TX #1	LES_ALTEX4 #0 ETM_TD3 #3
7	PA6	LCD_SEG19	EBI_AD15 #0/1/2		LEU1_RX #1	ETM_TCLK #3 GPIO_EM4WU1
8	IOVDD_0	Digital IO power supply 0.				
9	PB0	LCD_SEG32	EBI_A16 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC0 #2		
10	PB1	LCD_SEG33	EBI_A17 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC1 #2		
11	PB2	LCD_SEG34	EBI_A18 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC2 #2		
12	PB3	LCD_SEG20/ LCD_COM4	EBI_A19 #0/1/2	PCNT1_S0IN #1	US2_TX #1	
13	PB4	LCD_SEG21/ LCD_COM5	EBI_A20 #0/1/2	PCNT1_S1IN #1	US2_RX #1	
14	PB5	LCD_SEG22/ LCD_COM6	EBI_A21 #0/1/2		US2_CLK #1	
15	PB6	LCD_SEG23/ LCD_COM7	EBI_A22 #0/1/2		US2_CS #1	
16	VSS	Ground.				
17	IOVDD_1	Digital IO power supply 1.				
18	PC0	ACMP0_CH0 DAC0_OUT0ALT #0/ OPAMP_OUT0ALT	EBI_A23 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC1 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #2	US0_TX #5 US1_TX #0 I2C0_SDA #4	LES_CH0 #0 PRS_CH2 #0
19	PC1	ACMP0_CH1 DAC0_OUT0ALT #1/ OPAMP_OUT0ALT	EBI_A24 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC2 #4 PCNT0_S1IN #2	US0_RX #5 US1_RX #0 I2C0_SCL #4	LES_CH1 #0 PRS_CH3 #0
20	PC2	ACMP0_CH2 DAC0_OUT0ALT #2/ OPAMP_OUT0ALT	EBI_A25 #0/1/2	TIM0_CDTI0 #4	US2_TX #0	LES_CH2 #0
21	PC3	ACMP0_CH3 DAC0_OUT0ALT #3/ OPAMP_OUT0ALT	EBI_NANDREn #0/1/2	TIM0_CDTI1 #4	US2_RX #0	LES_CH3 #0
22	PC4	ACMP0_CH4 OPAMP_P0	EBI_A26 #0/1/2	TIM0_CDTI2 #4 LETIM0_OUT0 #3 PCNT1_S0IN #0	US2_CLK #0 I2C1_SDA #0	LES_CH4 #0
23	PC5	ACMP0_CH5 OPAMP_N0	EBI_NANDWEn #0/1/2	LETIM0_OUT1 #3 PCNT1_S1IN #0	US2_CS #0 I2C1_SCL #0	LES_CH5 #0
24	PB7	LFXTAL_P		TIM1_CC0 #3	US0_TX #4 US1_CLK #0	
25	PB8	LFXTAL_N		TIM1_CC1 #3	US0_RX #4 US1_CS #0	
26	PA7	LCD_SEG35	EBI_CSTFT #0/1/2			
27	PA8	LCD_SEG36	EBI_DCLK #0/1/2	TIM2_CC0 #0		
28	PA9	LCD_SEG37	EBI_DTEN #0/1/2	TIM2_CC1 #0		
29	PA10	LCD_SEG38	EBI_VSNC #0/1/2	TIM2_CC2 #0		
30	PA11	LCD_SEG39	EBI_HSNC #0/1/2			
31	IOVDD_2	Digital IO power supply 2.				

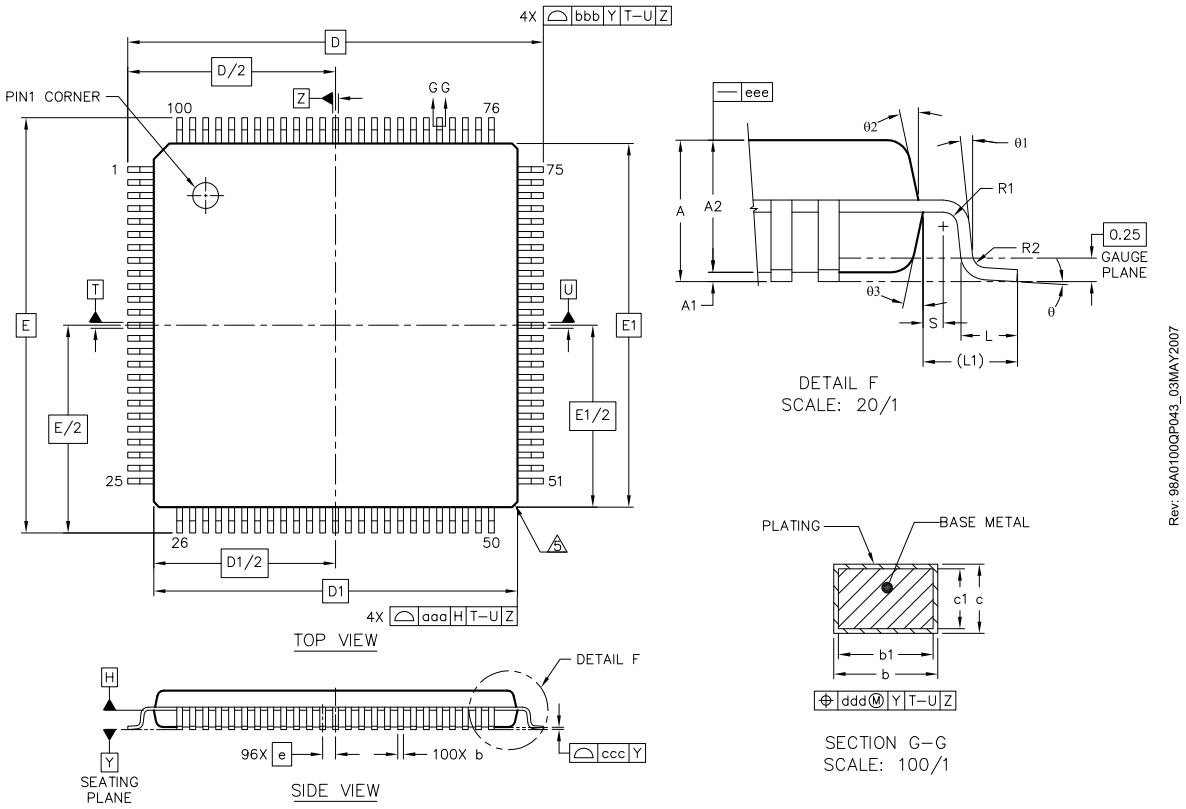
Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
EBI_AD09	PA0	PA0	PA0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 09.
EBI_AD10	PA1	PA1	PA1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 10.
EBI_AD11	PA2	PA2	PA2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 11.
EBI_AD12	PA3	PA3	PA3					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 12.
EBI_AD13	PA4	PA4	PA4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 13.
EBI_AD14	PA5	PA5	PA5					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 14.
EBI_AD15	PA6	PA6	PA6					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 15.
EBI_ALE	PF3	PC11	PC11					External Bus Interface (EBI) Address Latch Enable output.
EBI_ARDY	PF2	PF2	PF2					External Bus Interface (EBI) Hardware Ready Control input.
EBI_BL0	PF6	PF6	PF6					External Bus Interface (EBI) Byte Lane/Enable pin 0.
EBI_BL1	PF7	PF7	PF7					External Bus Interface (EBI) Byte Lane/Enable pin 1.
EBI_CS0	PD9	PD9	PD9					External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 0.
EBI_CS1	PD10	PD10	PD10					External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 1.
EBI_CS2	PD11	PD11	PD11					External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 2.
EBI_CS3	PD12	PD12	PD12					External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 3.
EBI_CSTFT	PA7	PA7	PA7					External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output TFT.
EBI_DCLK	PA8	PA8	PA8					External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Dot Clock pin.
EBI_DTEN	PA9	PA9	PA9					External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Data Enable pin.
EBI_HSNC	PA11	PA11	PA11					External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Horizontal Synchronization pin.
EBI_NANDREn	PC3	PC3	PC3					External Bus Interface (EBI) NAND Read Enable output.
EBI_NANDWEn	PC5	PC5	PC5					External Bus Interface (EBI) NAND Write Enable output.
EBI_REn	PF5	PF9	PF5					External Bus Interface (EBI) Read Enable output.
EBI_VSNC	PA10	PA10	PA10					External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Vertical Synchronization pin.
EBI_WEn	PF4	PF8	PF4					External Bus Interface (EBI) Write Enable output.
ETM_TCLK	PD7	PF8	PC6	PA6				Embedded Trace Module ETM clock .
ETM_TD0	PD6	PF9	PC7	PA2				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 0.
ETM_TD1	PD3		PD3	PA3				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 1.
ETM_TD2	PD4		PD4	PA4				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 2.
ETM_TD3	PD5	PF3	PD5	PA5				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 3.
GPIO_EM4WU0	PA0							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU1	PA6							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU2	PC9							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU3	PF1							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU4	PF2							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU5	PE13							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
HFXTAL_N	PB14							High Frequency Crystal negative pin. Also used as external optional clock input pin.

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
HFXTAL_P	PB13							High Frequency Crystal positive pin.
I2C0_SCL	PA1	PD7	PC7		PC1	PF1	PE13	I2C0 Serial Clock Line input / output.
I2C0_SDA	PA0	PD6	PC6		PC0	PF0	PE12	I2C0 Serial Data input / output.
I2C1_SCL	PC5	PB12	PE1					I2C1 Serial Clock Line input / output.
I2C1_SDA	PC4	PB11	PE0					I2C1 Serial Data input / output.
LCD_BCAP_N	PA13							LCD voltage booster (optional), boost capacitor, negative pin. If using the LCD voltage booster, connect a 22 nF capacitor between LCD_BCAP_N and LCD_BCAP_P.
LCD_BCAP_P	PA12							LCD voltage booster (optional), boost capacitor, positive pin. If using the LCD voltage booster, connect a 22 nF capacitor between LCD_BCAP_N and LCD_BCAP_P.
LCD_BEXT	PA14							LCD voltage booster (optional), boost output. If using the LCD voltage booster, connect a 1 uF capacitor between this pin and VSS. An external LCD voltage may also be applied to this pin if the booster is not enabled. If AVDD is used directly as the LCD supply voltage, this pin may be left unconnected or used as a GPIO.
LCD_COM0	PE4							LCD driver common line number 0.
LCD_COM1	PE5							LCD driver common line number 1.
LCD_COM2	PE6							LCD driver common line number 2.
LCD_COM3	PE7							LCD driver common line number 3.
LCD_SEG0	PF2							LCD segment line 0. Segments 0, 1, 2 and 3 are controlled by SEGEN0.
LCD_SEG1	PF3							LCD segment line 1. Segments 0, 1, 2 and 3 are controlled by SEGEN0.
LCD_SEG2	PF4							LCD segment line 2. Segments 0, 1, 2 and 3 are controlled by SEGEN0.
LCD_SEG3	PF5							LCD segment line 3. Segments 0, 1, 2 and 3 are controlled by SEGEN0.
LCD_SEG4	PE8							LCD segment line 4. Segments 4, 5, 6 and 7 are controlled by SEGEN1.
LCD_SEG5	PE9							LCD segment line 5. Segments 4, 5, 6 and 7 are controlled by SEGEN1.
LCD_SEG6	PE10							LCD segment line 6. Segments 4, 5, 6 and 7 are controlled by SEGEN1.
LCD_SEG7	PE11							LCD segment line 7. Segments 4, 5, 6 and 7 are controlled by SEGEN1.
LCD_SEG8	PE12							LCD segment line 8. Segments 8, 9, 10 and 11 are controlled by SEGEN2.
LCD_SEG9	PE13							LCD segment line 9. Segments 8, 9, 10 and 11 are controlled by SEGEN2.
LCD_SEG10	PE14							LCD segment line 10. Segments 8, 9, 10 and 11 are controlled by SEGEN2.
LCD_SEG11	PE15							LCD segment line 11. Segments 8, 9, 10 and 11 are controlled by SEGEN2.
LCD_SEG12	PA15							LCD segment line 12. Segments 12, 13, 14 and 15 are controlled by SEGEN3.
LCD_SEG13	PA0							LCD segment line 13. Segments 12, 13, 14 and 15 are controlled by SEGEN3.
LCD_SEG14	PA1							LCD segment line 14. Segments 12, 13, 14 and 15 are controlled by SEGEN3.
LCD_SEG15	PA2							LCD segment line 15. Segments 12, 13, 14 and 15 are controlled by SEGEN3.

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
LES_ALTEX3	PA4							LESENSE alternate exite output 3.
LES_ALTEX4	PA5							LESENSE alternate exite output 4.
LES_ALTEX5	PE11							LESENSE alternate exite output 5.
LES_ALTEX6	PE12							LESENSE alternate exite output 6.
LES_ALTEX7	PE13							LESENSE alternate exite output 7.
LES_CH0	PC0							LESENSE channel 0.
LES_CH1	PC1							LESENSE channel 1.
LES_CH2	PC2							LESENSE channel 2.
LES_CH3	PC3							LESENSE channel 3.
LES_CH4	PC4							LESENSE channel 4.
LES_CH5	PC5							LESENSE channel 5.
LES_CH6	PC6							LESENSE channel 6.
LES_CH7	PC7							LESENSE channel 7.
LES_CH8	PC8							LESENSE channel 8.
LES_CH9	PC9							LESENSE channel 9.
LES_CH10	PC10							LESENSE channel 10.
LES_CH11	PC11							LESENSE channel 11.
LES_CH12	PC12							LESENSE channel 12.
LES_CH13	PC13							LESENSE channel 13.
LES_CH14	PC14							LESENSE channel 14.
LES_CH15	PC15							LESENSE channel 15.
LETIM0_OUT0	PD6	PB11	PF0	PC4				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 0.
LETIM0_OUT1	PD7	PB12	PF1	PC5				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 1.
LEU0_RX	PD5	PB14	PE15	PF1	PA0			LEUART0 Receive input.
LEU0_TX	PD4	PB13	PE14	PF0	PF2			LEUART0 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LEU1_RX	PC7	PA6						LEUART1 Receive input.
LEU1_TX	PC6	PA5						LEUART1 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LFXTAL_N	PB8							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) negative pin. Also used as an optional external clock input pin.
LFXTAL_P	PB7							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) positive pin.
PCNT0_S0IN	PC13	PE0	PC0	PD6				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 0.
PCNT0_S1IN	PC14	PE1	PC1	PD7				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 1.
PCNT1_S0IN	PC4	PB3						Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 0.
PCNT1_S1IN	PC5	PB4						Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 1.
PCNT2_S0IN	PD0	PE8						Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 0.
PCNT2_S1IN	PD1	PE9						Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 1.
PRS_CH0	PA0	PF3						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 0.
PRS_CH1	PA1	PF4						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 1.
PRS_CH2	PC0	PF5						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 2.
PRS_CH3	PC1	PE8						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 3.
TIM0_CC0	PA0	PA0	PF6	PD1	PA0	PF0		Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.

4.5 LQFP100 Package

Figure 4.3. LQFP100



Note:

1. Datum 'T', 'U' and 'Z' to be determined at datum plane 'H'.
2. Datum 'D' and 'E' to be determined at seating plane datum 'Y'.
3. Dimension 'D1' and 'E1' do not include mold protrusions. Allowable protrusion is 0.25 per side. Dimensions 'D1' and 'E1' do include mold mismatch and are determined at datum plane datum 'H'.
4. Dimension 'b' does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall not cause the lead width to exceed the maximum 'b' dimension by more than 0.08 mm. Dambar can not be located on the lower radius or the foot. Minimum space between protrusion and an adjacent lead is 0.07 mm
5. Exact shape of each corner is optional.

7 Revision History

7.1 Revision 1.40

March 21st, 2016

Added clarification on conditions for INL_{ADC} and DNL_{ADC} parameters.

Reduced maximum and typical current consumption for all EM0 entries except 48 MHz in the Current Consumption table in the Electrical Characteristics section.

Increased maximum specifications for EM2 current, EM3 current, and EM4 current in the Current Consumption table in the Electrical Characteristics section.

Increased typical specification for EM2 and EM3 current at 85 C in the Current Consumption table in the Electrical Characteristics section.

Added EM2, EM3, and EM4 current consumption vs. temperature graphs.

Added a new EM2 entry and specified the existing specification is for EM0 for the BOD threshold on falling external supply voltage in the Power Management table in the Electrical Characteristics section.

Reduced maximum input leakage current in the GPIO table in the Electrical Characteristics section.

Added a maximum current consumption specification to the LFRCO table in the Electrical Characteristics section.

Added maximum specifications for the active current including references for two channels to the DAC table in the Electrical Characteristics section.

Increased the maximum specification for DAC offset voltage in the DAC table in the Electrical Characteristics section.

Increased the typical specifications for active current with FULLBIAS=1 and capacitive sense internal resistance in the ACMP table in the Electrical Characteristics section.

Added minimum and maximum specifications and updated the typical value for the VCMP offset voltage in the VCMP table in the Electrical Characteristics section.

Removed the maximum specification and reduced the typical value for hysteresis in the VCMP table in the Electrical Characteristics section.

Updated all graphs in the Electrical Characteristics section to display data for 2.0 V as the minimum voltage.

7.2 Revision 1.30

May 23rd, 2014

Removed "preliminary" markings

Updated HFRCO figures.

Corrected single power supply voltage minimum value from 1.85V to 1.98V.

Updated Current Consumption information.

Updated Power Management information.

Updated GPIO information.

Updated LFRCO information.

Updated HFRCO information.

Updated ULFRCO information.

Updated ADC information.

Updated DAC information.

Updated OPAMP information.

Updated ACMP information.

Updated VCMP information.

Added AUXHFRCO information.

7.3 Revision 1.21

November 21st, 2013

Updated figures.

Updated errata-link.

Updated chip marking.

Added link to Environmental and Quality information.

Re-added missing DAC-data.

7.4 Revision 1.20

September 30th, 2013

Added I2C characterization data.

Added SPI characterization data.

Added EBI characterization data.

Corrected the DAC and OPAMP2 pin sharing information in the Alternate Functionality Pinout section.

Corrected GPIO operating voltage from 1.8 V to 1.85 V.

Updated that the EM2 current consumption test was carried out with only one RAM block enabled.

Corrected the ADC resolution from 12, 10 and 6 bit to 12, 8 and 6 bit.

Updated Environmental information.

Updated trademark, disclaimer and contact information.

Other minor corrections.

7.5 Revision 1.10

June 28th, 2013

B Contact Information

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Please visit the Silicon Labs Technical Support web page:
http://www.silabs.com/support/pages/contacttechnicalsupport.aspx
and register to submit a technical support request.

List of Tables

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