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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	AVR
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, I ² C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	54
Program Memory Size	256KB (128K x 16)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-QFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/atmega2561-16mu

Figure 1-2. CBGA-pinout ATmega640/1280/2560

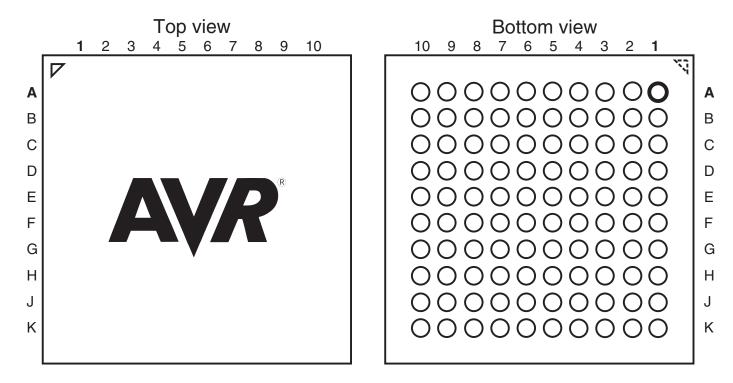


Table 1-1. CBGA-pinout ATmega640/1280/2560

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	'	2	3	4	3	0	1	0	9	10
Α	GND	AREF	PF0	PF2	PF5	PK0	PK3	PK6	GND	VCC
В	AVCC	PG5	PF1	PF3	PF6	PK1	PK4	PK7	PA0	PA2
С	PE2	PE0	PE1	PF4	PF7	PK2	PK5	PJ7	PA1	PA3
D	PE3	PE4	PE5	PE6	PH2	PA4	PA5	PA6	PA7	PG2
E	PE7	PH0	PH1	PH3	PH5	PJ6	PJ5	PJ4	PJ3	PJ2
F	VCC	PH4	PH6	PB0	PL4	PD1	PJ1	PJ0	PC7	GND
G	GND	PB1	PB2	PB5	PL2	PD0	PD5	PC5	PC6	VCC
Н	PB3	PB4	RESET	PL1	PL3	PL7	PD4	PC4	PC3	PC2
J	PH7	PG3	PB6	PL0	XTAL2	PL6	PD3	PC1	PC0	PG1
K	PB7	PG4	VCC	GND	XTAL1	PL5	PD2	PD6	PD7	PG0

Note: The functions for each pin is the same as for the 100 pin packages shown in Figure 1-1 on page 2.



2.2 Comparison Between ATmega1281/2561 and ATmega640/1280/2560

Each device in the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 family differs only in memory size and number of pins. Table 2-1 summarizes the different configurations for the six devices.

Table 2-1. Configuration Summary

Device	Flash	EEPROM	RAM	General Purpose I/O pins	16 bits resolution PWM channels	Serial USARTs	ADC Channels
ATmega640	64KB	4KB	8KB	86	12	4	16
ATmega1280	128KB	4KB	8KB	86	12	4	16
ATmega1281	128KB	4KB	8KB	54	6	2	8
ATmega2560	256KB	4KB	8KB	86	12	4	16
ATmega2561	256KB	4KB	8KB	54	6	2	8

2.3 Pin Descriptions

2.3.1 VCC

Digital supply voltage.

2.3.2 GND

Ground.

2.3.3 Port A (PA7..PA0)

Port A is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port A output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port A pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 as listed on page 75.

2.3.4 Port B (PB7..PB0)

Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port B has better driving capabilities than the other ports.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 as listed on page 76.

2.3.5 Port C (PC7..PC0)

Port C is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port C output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port C pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port C pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port C also serves the functions of special features of the ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 as listed on page 79.



2.3.12 Port K (PK7..PK0)

Port K serves as analog inputs to the A/D Converter.

Port K is a 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port K output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port K pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port K pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port K also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/2560 as listed on page 92.

2.3.13 Port L (PL7..PL0)

Port L is a 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port L output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port L pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port L pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port L also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega640/1280/2560 as listed on page 94.

2.3.14 **RESET**

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. The minimum pulse length is given in "System and Reset Characteristics" on page 360. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

2.3.15 XTAL1

Input to the inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.

2.3.16 XTAL2

Output from the inverting Oscillator amplifier.

2.3.17 AVCC

AVCC is the supply voltage pin for Port F and the A/D Converter. It should be externally connected to V_{CC} , even if the ADC is not used. If the ADC is used, it should be connected to V_{CC} through a low-pass filter.

2.3.18 AREF

This is the analog reference pin for the A/D Converter.



3. Resources

A comprehensive set of development tools and application notes, and datasheets are available for download on http://www.atmel.com/avr.

4. About Code Examples

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in C is compiler dependent. Confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. For I/O registers located in extended I/O map, "IN", "OUT", "SBIS", "SBIC", "CBI", and "SBI" instructions must be replaced with instructions that allow access to extended I/O. Typically "LDS" and "STS" combined with "SBRS", "SBRC", "SBR", and "CBR".

5. Data Retention

Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 ppm over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.

6. Capacitive touch sensing

The Atmel[®] QTouch[®] Library provides a simple to use solution to realize touch sensitive interfaces on most Atmel AVR[®] microcontrollers. The QTouch Library includes support for the QTouch and QMatrix acquisition methods.

Touch sensing can be added to any application by linking the appropriate Atmel QTouch Library for the AVR Microcontroller. This is done by using a simple set of APIs to define the touch channels and sensors, and then calling the touch sensing API's to retrieve the channel information and determine the touch sensor states.

The QTouch Library is FREE and downloadable from the Atmel website at the following location: www.atmel.com/qtouchlibrary. For implementation details and other information, refer to the Atmel QTouch Library User Guide - also available for download from the Atmel website.



7. Register Summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x1FF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x13F)	Reserved									
(0x13E)	Reserved									
(0x13D)	Reserved									
(0x13C)	Reserved									
(0x13B)	Reserved									
(0x13A)	Reserved									
(0x139)	Reserved									
(0x138)	Reserved									
(0x137)	Reserved UDR3				LICADTO I/O	Data Danistan				nama 010
(0x136) (0x135)	UBRR3H	-	-	-	USANTS I/C	Data Register	ICADT2 Paud Pa	te Register High E	Duto	page 218
(0x135) (0x134)	UBRR3L	-	-			ate Register Low I		te Register High E	byte	page 222 page 222
(0x134)	Reserved	-	-	-	- L		-	-	-	page 222
(0x132)	UCSR3C	UMSEL31	UMSEL30	UPM31	UPM30	USBS3	UCSZ31	UCSZ30	UCPOL3	page 235
(0x131)	UCSR3B	RXCIE3	TXCIE3	UDRIE3	RXEN3	TXEN3	UCSZ32	RXB83	TXB83	page 234
(0x130)	UCSR3A	RXC3	TXC3	UDRE3	FE3	DOR3	UPE3	U2X3	MPCM3	page 233
(0x12F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	P 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
(0x12E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x12D)	OCR5CH			Timer/Co	unter5 - Output C	ompare Register	C High Byte			page 160
(0x12C)	OCR5CL					Compare Register				page 160
(0x12B)	OCR5BH			Timer/Co	unter5 - Output C	ompare Register	B High Byte			page 160
(0x12A)	OCR5BL					Compare Register				page 160
(0x129)	OCR5AH			Timer/Co	unter5 - Output C	ompare Register	A High Byte			page 160
(0x128)	OCR5AL			Timer/Co	unter5 - Output C	ompare Register	A Low Byte			page 160
(0x127)	ICR5H			Timer/0	Counter5 - Input (Capture Register	High Byte			page 161
(0x126)	ICR5L			Timer/	Counter5 - Input	Capture Register	Low Byte			page 161
(0x125)	TCNT5H			Time	er/Counter5 - Co	unter Register Hig	gh Byte			page 158
(0x124)	TCNT5L			Tim	er/Counter5 - Co	unter Register Lo	w Byte			page 158
(0x123)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x122)	TCCR5C	FOC5A	FOC5B	FOC5C	-	-	-	-	-	page 157
(0x121)	TCCR5B	ICNC5	ICES5	-	WGM53	WGM52	CS52	CS51	CS50	page 156
(0x120)	TCCR5A	COM5A1	COM5A0	COM5B1	COM5B0	COM5C1	COM5C0	WGM51	WGM50	page 154
(0x11F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x11E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x11D)	Reserved Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x11C) (0x11B)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x11B) (0x11A)	Reserved	-	-		-	-	-	_	-	
(0x11A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x118)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x117)	Reserved	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	
(0x116)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x115)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x114)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x113)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x112)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x111)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x110)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x10F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x10E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x10D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x10C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- DODTI O	
(0x10B)	PORTL	PORTL7	PORTL6	PORTL5	PORTL4	PORTL3	PORTL2	PORTL1	PORTL0	page 100
(0x10A)	DDRL PINL	DDL7 PINL7	DDL6 PINL6	DDL5	DDL4	DDL3	DDL2	DDL1	DDL0	page 100
(0x109)	PORTK	PINL7 PORTK7	PORTK6	PINL5 PORTK5	PINL4 PORTK4	PINL3 PORTK3	PINL2 PORTK2	PINL1 PORTK1	PINL0 PORTK0	page 100
(0x108)	DDRK	DDK7	DDK6	DDK5	DDK4	DDK3	DDK2	DDK1	DDK0	page 99 page 99
(0v107)		אטט			PINK4	PINK3	PINK2	PINK1	PINK0	page 99
(0x107) (0x106)		PINK7	PINKE			I HALLO	1 1131134	1 11313.1	I II VI VU	page 00
(0x106)	PINK	PINK7 PORT.I7	PINK6 PORTJ6	PINK5 PORTJ5			PURT 12	PORT I1	PORT.In	page 90
(0x106) (0x105)	PINK PORTJ	PORTJ7	PORTJ6	PORTJ5	PORTJ4	PORTJ3	PORTJ2 DDJ2	PORTJ1	PORTJ0	page 99
(0x106) (0x105) (0x104)	PINK PORTJ DDRJ	PORTJ7 DDJ7	PORTJ6 DDJ6	PORTJ5 DDJ5	PORTJ4 DDJ4	PORTJ3 DDJ3	DDJ2	DDJ1	DDJ0	page 99
(0x106) (0x105)	PINK PORTJ	PORTJ7	PORTJ6	PORTJ5	PORTJ4	PORTJ3				



Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x100)	PINH	PINH7	PINH6	PINH5	PINH4	PINH3	PINH2	PINH1	PINH0	page 99
(0xFF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF7) (0xF6)	Reserved Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF4)	Reserved	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	
(0xF3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
(0xF2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xED)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xEA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xE6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE5) (0xE4)	Reserved Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
(0xE1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xE0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xDF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xDC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xD8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD7)	Reserved	-	-	-	LICADTO I//	Dota Parietar	-	-	-	2000 010
(0xD6) (0xD5)	UDR2 UBRR2H	-	-	-	USART2 I/C	Data Register	JSART2 Baud Rat	o Posistor High F	Duto	page 218 page 222
(0xD4)	UBRR2L	-	-			ate Register Low I		e negister nigit t	byte	page 222
(0xD3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 222
(0xD3)	UCSR2C	UMSEL21	UMSEL20	UPM21	UPM20	USBS2	UCSZ21	UCSZ20	UCPOL2	page 235
(0xD1)	UCSR2B	RXCIE2	TXCIE2	UDRIE2	RXEN2	TXEN2	UCSZ22	RXB82	TXB82	page 234
(0xD0)	UCSR2A	RXC2	TXC2	UDRE2	FE2	DOR2	UPE2	U2X2	MPCM2	page 233
(0xCF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCE)	UDR1				USART1 I/C	Data Register				page 218
(0xCD)	UBRR1H	-	-	-	-	U	JSART1 Baud Rat	e Register High E	Byte	page 222
(0xCC)	UBRR1L					ate Register Low I				page 222
(0xCB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCA)	UCSR1C	UMSEL11	UMSEL10	UPM11	UPM10	USBS1	UCSZ11	UCSZ10	UCPOL1	page 235
(0xC9)	UCSR1B	RXCIE1	TXCIE1	UDRIE1	RXEN1	TXEN1	UCSZ12	RXB81	TXB81	page 234
(0xC8)	UCSR1A	RXC1	TXC1	UDRE1	FE1	DOR1	UPE1	U2X1	MPCM1	page 233
(0xC7)	Reserved UDR0	-	-	-	- LICADTO I/C	Doto Basista	-	-	-	noge 010
(0xC6) (0xC5)	UBRR0H	-	-	-	USARTO I/C	Data Register	JSART0 Baud Rat	a Register High	Syte	page 218 page 222
(0xC4)	UBRR0L	_				ate Register Low I		o riogisioi Migil E	.y.0	page 222
(0xC4) (0xC3)	Reserved	-	-	-				-	-	paye 222
(0xC2)	UCSR0C	UMSEL01	UMSEL00	UPM01	UPM00	USBS0	UCSZ01	UCSZ00	UCPOL0	page 235
(0xC1)	UCSR0B	RXCIE0	TXCIE0	UDRIE0	RXEN0	TXEN0	UCSZ02	RXB80	TXB80	page 234
(0xC0)	UCSR0A	RXC0	TXC0	UDRE0	FE0	DOR0	UPE0	U2X0	MPCM0	page 234
(0xBF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBE)	neserveu									



Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0xBC)	TWCR	TWINT	TWEA	TWSTA	TWSTO	TWWC	TWEN	-	TWIE	page 261
(0xBB)	TWDR		T	Ī	1	erface Data Regis	1	1	•	page 263
(0xBA)	TWAR	TWA6	TWA5	TWA4	TWA3	TWA2	TWA1	TWA0	TWGCE	page 263
(0xB9)	TWSR	TWS7	TWS6	TWS5	TWS4	TWS3	-	TWPS1	TWPS0	page 262
(0xB8) (0xB7)	TWBR Reserved	_	_		-wire Serial Interf	ace bit Hate Reg	Ister	_	_	page 261
(0xB7)	ASSR	_	EXCLK	AS2	TCN2UB	OCR2AUB	OCR2BUB	TCR2AUB	TCR2BUB	page 179
(0xB5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 170
(0xB4)	OCR2B			Tin	ner/Counter2 Out	put Compare Reg	ister B		•	page 186
(0xB3)	OCR2A			Tin	ner/Counter2 Out	put Compare Reg	jister A			page 186
(0xB2)	TCNT2		ı		Timer/Co	unter2 (8 Bit)	1	1		page 186
(0xB1)	TCCR2B	FOC2A	FOC2B	-	-	WGM22	CS22	CS21	CS20	page 185
(0xB0) (0xAF)	TCCR2A Reserved	COM2A1	COM2A0	COM2B1	COM2B0	-	-	WGM21	WGM20	page 186
(0xAF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAD)	OCR4CH			Timer/Co	unter4 - Output C	ompare Register	C High Byte			page 160
(0xAC)	OCR4CL				unter4 - Output C					page 160
(0xAB)	OCR4BH			Timer/Co	unter4 - Output C	ompare Register	B High Byte			page 160
(0xAA)	OCR4BL			Timer/Co	unter4 - Output C	Compare Register	B Low Byte			page 160
(0xA9)	OCR4AH				unter4 - Output C					page 159
(0xA8)	OCR4AL				unter4 - Output C					page 159
(0xA7)	ICR4H				Counter4 - Input (,			page 161
(0xA6) (0xA5)	ICR4L TCNT4H				Counter4 - Input (er/Counter4 - Cou		•			page 161 page 158
(0xA3)	TCNT4L				er/Counter4 - Cou		•			page 158
(0xA3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 100
(0xA2)	TCCR4C	FOC4A	FOC4B	FOC4C	-	-	-	-	-	page 157
(0xA1)	TCCR4B	ICNC4	ICES4	-	WGM43	WGM42	CS42	CS41	CS40	page 156
(0xA0)	TCCR4A	COM4A1	COM4A0	COM4B1	COM4B0	COM4C1	COM4C0	WGM41	WGM40	page 154
(0x9F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9E)	Reserved	-	-		-		-	-	-	
(0x9D)	OCR3CH OCR3CL				unter3 - Output C					page 159
(0x9C) (0x9B)	OCR3CL OCR3BH				unter3 - Output C unter3 - Output C		•			page 159 page 159
(0x9A)	OCR3BL				ounter3 - Output C					page 159
(0x99)	OCR3AH				unter3 - Output C		•			page 159
(0x98)	OCR3AL			Timer/Co	unter3 - Output C	Compare Register	A Low Byte			page 159
(0x97)	ICR3H			Timer/	Counter3 - Input (Capture Register	High Byte			page 161
(0x96)	ICR3L				Counter3 - Input		•			page 161
(0x95)	TCNT3H				er/Counter3 - Cou					page 158
(0x94) (0x93)	TCNT3L Reserved	_	-	I IIM	er/Counter3 - Co	unter Hegister Lo	w Byte	_	_	page 158
(0x92)	TCCR3C	FOC3A	FOC3B	FOC3C	-	-	-	-	-	page 157
(0x91)	TCCR3B	ICNC3	ICES3	-	WGM33	WGM32	CS32	CS31	CS30	page 156
(0x90)	TCCR3A	COM3A1	COM3A0	COM3B1	COM3B0	COM3C1	COM3C0	WGM31	WGM30	page 154
(0x8F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8D)	OCR1CH				unter1 - Output C					page 159
(0x8C)	OCR1CL				unter1 - Output C		•			page 159
(0x8B) (0x8A)	OCR1BH OCR1BL				unter1 - Output Counter1 - Output C					page 159 page 159
(0x8A) (0x89)	OCR16L OCR1AH				unter1 - Output C		•			page 159
(0x88)	OCR1AL				unter1 - Output C					page 159
(0x87)	ICR1H				Counter1 - Input (•			page 160
(0x86)	ICR1L				Counter1 - Input (page 160
(0x85)	TCNT1H				er/Counter1 - Cou					page 158
(0x84)	TCNT1L				er/Counter1 - Co	unter Register Lo			_	page 158
(0x83)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
(0x82) (0x81)	TCCR1C TCCR1B	FOC1A ICNC1	FOC1B ICES1	FOC1C	- WGM13	- WGM12	- CS12	- CS11	- CS10	page 157
(0x81) (0x80)	TCCR16	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1B0	COM1C1	COM1C0	WGM11	WGM10	page 156 page 154
(0x86) (0x7F)	DIDR1	-	-	-	-	-	-	AIN1D	AINOD	page 154 page 267
(0x7E)	DIDR0	ADC7D	ADC6D	ADC5D	ADC4D	ADC3D	ADC2D	ADC1D	ADC0D	page 287
(0x7D)	DIDR2	ADC15D	ADC14D	ADC13D	ADC12D	ADC11D	ADC10D	ADC9D	ADC8D	page 288
(0x7C)	ADMUX	REFS1	REFS0	ADLAR	MUX4	MUX3	MUX2	MUX1	MUX0	page 281
(0x7B)	ADCSRB	-	ACME	-	-	MUX5	ADTS2	ADTS1	ADTS0	page 266, 282, 287
(0x7A)	ADCSRA	ADEN	ADSC	ADATE	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0	page 285
(0x79)	ADCH	<u> </u>			ADC Data Re	egister High byte				page 286



Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x14 (0x34)	PORTG	-	-	PORTG5	PORTG4	PORTG3	PORTG2	PORTG1	PORTG0	page 98
0x13 (0x33)	DDRG	-	-	DDG5	DDG4	DDG3	DDG2	DDG1	DDG0	page 98
0x12 (0x32)	PING	-	-	PING5	PING4	PING3	PING2	PING1	PING0	page 98
0x11 (0x31)	PORTF	PORTF7	PORTF6	PORTF5	PORTF4	PORTF3	PORTF2	PORTF1	PORTF0	page 97
0x10 (0x30)	DDRF	DDF7	DDF6	DDF5	DDF4	DDF3	DDF2	DDF1	DDF0	page 98
0x0F (0x2F)	PINF	PINF7	PINF6	PINF5	PINF4	PINF3	PINF2	PINF1	PINF0	page 98
0x0E (0x2E)	PORTE	PORTE7	PORTE6	PORTE5	PORTE4	PORTE3	PORTE2	PORTE1	PORTE0	page 97
0x0D (0x2D)	DDRE	DDE7	DDE6	DDE5	DDE4	DDE3	DDE2	DDE1	DDE0	page 97
0x0C (0x2C)	PINE	PINE7	PINE6	PINE5	PINE4	PINE3	PINE2	PINE1	PINE0	page 98
0x0B (0x2B)	PORTD	PORTD7	PORTD6	PORTD5	PORTD4	PORTD3	PORTD2	PORTD1	PORTD0	page 97
0x0A (0x2A)	DDRD	DDD7	DDD6	DDD5	DDD4	DDD3	DDD2	DDD1	DDD0	page 97
0x09 (0x29)	PIND	PIND7	PIND6	PIND5	PIND4	PIND3	PIND2	PIND1	PIND0	page 97
0x08 (0x28)	PORTC	PORTC7	PORTC6	PORTC5	PORTC4	PORTC3	PORTC2	PORTC1	PORTC0	page 97
0x07 (0x27)	DDRC	DDC7	DDC6	DDC5	DDC4	DDC3	DDC2	DDC1	DDC0	page 97
0x06 (0x26)	PINC	PINC7	PINC6	PINC5	PINC4	PINC3	PINC2	PINC1	PINC0	page 97
0x05 (0x25)	PORTB	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	page 96
0x04 (0x24)	DDRB	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	page 96
0x03 (0x23)	PINB	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	page 96
0x02 (0x22)	PORTA	PORTA7	PORTA6	PORTA5	PORTA4	PORTA3	PORTA2	PORTA1	PORTA0	page 96
0x01 (0x21)	DDRA	DDA7	DDA6	DDA5	DDA4	DDA3	DDA2	DDA1	DDA0	page 96
0x00 (0x20)	PINA	PINA7	PINA6	PINA5	PINA4	PINA3	PINA2	PINA1	PINA0	page 96

- Notes: 1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.
 - 2. I/O registers within the address range \$00 \$1F are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.
 - 3. Some of the status flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that the CBI and SBI instructions will operate on all bits in the I/O register, writing a one back into any flag read as set, thus clearing the flag. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.
 - 4. When using the I/O specific commands IN and OUT, the I/O addresses \$00 \$3F must be used. When addressing I/O registers as data space using LD and ST instructions, \$20 must be added to these addresses. The ATmega640/1280/1281/2560/2561 is a complex microcontroller with more peripheral units than can be supported within the 64 location reserved in Opcode for the IN and OUT instructions. For the Extended I/O space from \$60 - \$1FF in SRAM, only the ST/STS/STD and LD/LDS/LDD instructions can be used.



8. Instruction Set Summary

APPLIANT CAMP Add two Registers	Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ACC Ris Ris Add two Registers	ARITHMETIC AND L	OGIC INSTRUCTIONS	•			
ACOUNT Ris Ris Act will corpy to Engates Ris - Ris - Ris - Ris C				Rd ← Rd + Rr	Z. C. N. V. H	1
ADM ADM ADM Add Immediate to World Ref. Fig Ref Fig Z. C., N. V., S 2		,				
SUBBLE PR K Subtent Consistence Pac Pac Pac Fac K Z C, N, V, H 1						
Subsect Constant from Register Rec. Fig. 17.				Rd ← Rd - Rr		
SEC Ris Rr Subtent with Carry for Registers Ris C Ri		,				1
SEC Risk Subtest work Carry Corestant from Reg. Risk - Risk - C Z. C. N. V. N 2						
SIMPLE BALFAEL Subtect Immediate from Worst BARFAEL - BARFAEL Z. C. N. V. S. 1			-			1
AND	SBIW	Rdl,K		Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl - K		2
OR Rd, K. Logoal Of Registers Re ← Box Pr Z, N, V 1 EOR Rd, K. Exclusion OR Registers Rd ← Rd ≈ Rr Z, N, V 1 EOR Rd, R. Exclusion OR Registers Rd ← Rd ≈ Rr Z, N, V 1 NCO Rd Town Complement Rd ← Rd ≈ Rr Z, N, V 1 NEG Rd Town Complement Rd ← Rd ≈ Rr Z, N, V 1 SBR RdX Collega Rejoin Register Rd ← Rd « GoPF − K) Z, N, V 1 OSB RdX Collega Rejoin Register Rd ← Rd = GoPF − K) Z, N, V 1 DEC Rd Decoment Rd ← Rd = GoPF − K) Z, N, V 1 DEC Rd Decoment Rd ← Rd = GoPF − K) Z, N, V 1 CLI Rd Decoment Rd ← Rd = GoPF − K) Z, N, V 1 CLI Rd Decoment Rd − Rd = Rd = CoPF − K) Z, N, V 1 CLI Rd Decoment Rd − Rd = Rd = CoPF − K Z, N, V <td>AND</td> <td>Rd, Rr</td> <td></td> <td>Rd ← Rd • Rr</td> <td>Z, N, V</td> <td>1</td>	AND	Rd, Rr		Rd ← Rd • Rr	Z, N, V	1
OFI R.K. Logisted RR Register and Constant Rat − Rat = Rr 2_R, V 1 EGR R.M. R Exclusive OR Register Rat − Rat = Rr 2_C, N, V 1 COM Rd One Complement Rat − Rat = Rr 2_C, N, V 1 SRR RAK Set Billio in Register Rat − Rat × K 2_C, N, V 1 SRR RAK Set Billio in Register Rat − Rat × K 2_C, N, V 1 DCC Rd Moderner Rat − Rat × R 2_C, N, V 1 DCC Rd Docement Rat − Rat × R 2_C, N, V 1 TST Rd Text Cars on Minus Rat − Rat × R 2_C, N, V 1 TST Rd Text Cars on Minus Rat − Rat × R 2_C, N, V 1 SER Rd Text Cars on Minus Rat − Rat × R 2_C, N, V 1 SER Rd Text Cars on Minus Rat − Rat × R 2_C, N, V 1 SER Rd Moderno Minus Rat − Rat × R 2_C,	ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	Rd ← Rd • K	Z, N, V	1
EOR	OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	Rd ← Rd v Rr	Z, N, V	1
EOR	ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	Rd ← Rd v K	Z, N, V	1
NEG Rbt Two Complement Rd ← 000 − Rd Z ∈ N, V ↑ 1 SBR Bit M Class Right in Register Rd ← Rd × N ← T ← N ← T ← N ← T ← T ← T ← T ← T ←	EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z, N, V	1
SBR Rask Set Bild(s) in Register Ral ← Ral ∨ K Z, N, V 1 CBR Risk Cher Bilds) in Register Ral ← Ral + T Z, N, V 1 DBC Ral Incorrent Ral ← Ral + T Z, N, V 1 DBC Ral Incorrent Ral ← Ral + T Z, N, V 1 TST Ral Tast for Zaro or Minus Ral ← Ral + Ral Z, N, V 1 CIR Ral Tast for Zaro or Minus Ral ← Ral + Ral Z, N, V 1 CIR Ral Ral Call Sage Sage Sage Sage Sage Sage Sage Sage	СОМ	Rd		Rd ← 0xFF – Rd	Z, C, N, V	1
BRAK Clear Birgs) in Register Rid + (butter, K) 2, N, V 1	NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	Rd ← 0x00 – Rd	Z, C, N, V, H	1
BIC Bid	SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	Rd ← Rd v K	Z, N, V	1
DEC Rd	CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$	Z, N, V	1
Test	INC	Rd	Increment	Rd ← Rd + 1	Z, N, V	1
CLR Rd Clear Register Rd End Z. M. V 1 SER Rd Set Register Rd Autre None 1 MULS Rd, Rr Multiply Unsigned R1 Filo c. Rd x Rr Z. C 2 MULSU Rd, Rr Multiply Signed R1 Filo c. Rd x Rr Z. C 2 MULSU Rd, Rr Multiply Signed with Unsigned R1 Filo c. Rd x Rr Z. C 2 FMULS RB, Rr Fractional Multiply Signed R1 Filo c. Rd x Rr Z. C 2 FMULS RB, Rr Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned R1 Filo c. (Rd x Rp) <<1 Z. C 2 FMULS RB, Rr Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned R1 Filo c. (Rd x Rp) <<1 Z. C 2 FMULS RB, Rr Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned R1 Filo c. Rd x Rp) <<1 Z. C 2 FMULS RB, Rr Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned R1 Filo c. Rd x Rp) <<1 Z. C 2 FMULS RB, Rr RB Call c. Rd x Rp) RC T R RD	DEC	Rd	Decrement	Rd ← Rd – 1	Z, N, V	1
SeR	TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	Rd ← Rd • Rd	Z, N, V	1
MULS	CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z, N, V	1
MULS	SER	Rd	Set Register	Rd ← 0xFF	None	1
MULSU	MUL	Rd, Rr	Multiply Unsigned	R1:R0 ← Rd x Rr	Z, C	2
FMULL Rd, Rr	MULS	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed	R1:R0 ← Rd x Rr	Z, C	2
FMULS Rd, Rr	MULSU	Rd, Rr			Z, C	2
BANUCH INSTRUCTIONS	FMUL	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Unsigned	R1:R0 ← (Rd x Rr) << 1	Z, C	2
RJMP K Relative Jump PC← PC + K + 1 None 2	FMULS	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed	R1:R0 ← (Rd x Rr) << 1	Z, C	2
RUMP K	FMULSU	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned	R1:R0 ← (Rd x Rr) << 1	Z, C	2
LMMP	BRANCH INSTRUCT	TIONS				
ELMP	RJMP	k	Relative Jump	PC ← PC + k + 1	None	2
JMP	IJMP		Indirect Jump to (Z)	PC ← Z	None	2
RCALL K	EIJMP		Extended Indirect Jump to (Z)	PC ←(EIND:Z)	None	2
Indirect Call to (Z)	JMP	k	Direct Jump	PC ← k	None	3
EICALL Extended Indirect Call to (Z) PC ←(EIND:Z) None 4 CALL K Direct Subroutine Call PC ← K None 5 RET Subroutine Return PC ← STACK None 5 RETI Interrupt Return PC ← STACK None 5 RETI Interrupt Return PC ← STACK I 5 CPSE Rd.Rr Compare Skip if Equal if (Rd = Rr) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 CP Rd.Rr Compare Rd − Rr Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPC Rd.Rr Compare with Carry Rd − Rr − C Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPC Rd.Rr Compare with Carry Rd − Rr − C Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPC Rd.K Compare Register with Immediate Rd − K Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPI Rd.K Compare Register with Immediate Rd − K Z, N, V, C, H 1 SBRC Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register Cleared if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBRS Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register Cleared if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (R(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (R(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register I Set if (R(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register I Set if (R(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register I Set if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 SBRBC S, k Branch if Status Flag Set if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 SBRC S Branch if Grant Set if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 SBRC K Branch if Grant Set if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 SBRC K Branch if Grant Set if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 SBRC K Branch if Grant Set if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 SBRC K Branch if Grant Set if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 SBRC K Branch if I Munu Set if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 SBRC K Branch if Hunu Set if (SREG(s) = 0) t	RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	PC ← PC + k + 1	None	4
CALL k Direct Subroutine Call PC ← K None 5 RET Subroutine Return PC ← STACK None 5 RETI Interrupt Return PC ← STACK I 5 CPSE Rd,Rr Compare, Skip if Equal if (Rd = Rr) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 CP Rd,Rr Compare With Carry Rd – Rr – C Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPC Rd,Rr Compare with Carry Rd – Rr – C Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPI Rd,K Compare With Carry Rd – Rr – C Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPI Rd,K Compare Register with Immediate Rd – K Z, N, V, C, H 1 SBRC Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register Cleared if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBRS Rr, b Skip if Bit in VO Register Cleared if (R(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (RP(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBRS S, k	ICALL		Indirect Call to (Z)	PC ← Z	None	4
RET	EICALL		Extended Indirect Call to (Z)	PC ←(EIND:Z)	None	4
RETI	CALL	k	Direct Subroutine Call	PC ← k	None	5
CPSE Rd,Rr Compare, Skip if Equal if (Rd = Rr) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 CP Rd,Rr Compare Rd − Rr Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPC Rd,Rr Compare with Carry Rd − Rr − C Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPI Rd,K Compare Register with Immediate Rd − K 2, N, V, C, H 1 SBRC Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register cleared if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBRS Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register is Set if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIC P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS S, k Branch if Status Flag	RET		Subroutine Return	PC ← STACK	None	5
CP Rd,Rr Compare with Carry Rd − Rr − C Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPC Rd,Rr Compare with Carry Rd − Rr − C Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPI Rd,K Compare Register with Immediate Rd − K Z, N, V, C, H 1 SBRC Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register Cleared if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 11/2/3 SBRS Rr, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 11/2/3 SBIC P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 11/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 11/2/3 BRBS S, k Branch if Status Flag Set if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 11/2/3 BRBC S, k Branch if Status Flag Cleared if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 11/2 BREQ k Branch if Equal if (Z = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRCS k Branch if	RETI		Interrupt Return	PC ← STACK	1	5
CPC Rd,Rr Compare with Carry Rd − Rr − C Z, N, V, C, H 1 CPI Rd,K Compare Register with Immediate Rd − K Z, N, V, C, H 1 SBRC Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register Cleared if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 11/2/3 SBRS Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register is Set if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 11/2/3 SBIC P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 11/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 11/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 11/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + C + C + C + C + C + C + C + C + C	CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if (Rd = Rr) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
CPI Rd,K Compare Register with Immediate Rd – K Z, N, V, C, H 1 SBRC Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register Cleared if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBRS Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register is Set if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIC P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 BBS s, k Branch if Status Flag Cleared if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRBC s, k Branch if Status Flag Cleared if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRNE k Branch if Equal if (Z = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRN	СР	Rd,Rr	Compare	Rd – Rr	Z, N, V, C, H	1
SBRC Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register Cleared if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBRS Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register is Set if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIC P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS S, k Branch if Carl Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 BRD S, k Branch if Status Flag Set if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRBC s, k Branch if Status Flag Set if (C = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2	CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	Rd – Rr – C	Z, N, V, C, H	1
SBRS Rr, b Skip if Bit in Register is Set if (Rr(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIC P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 BRBS s, k Branch if Status Flag Set if (SREG(s)=1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2/3 BRBC s, k Branch if Status Flag Cleared if (SREG(s)=1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BREQ k Branch if Equal if (Z=1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRNE k Branch if Not Equal if (Z=0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRCS k Branch if Carry Set if (C=1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRCS k Branch if Carry Cleared if (C=0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRC k Branch if Gary Cleared if (C=0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRH k Branch if Minus <td>CPI</td> <td>Rd,K</td> <td>Compare Register with Immediate</td> <td>Rd – K</td> <td>Z, N, V, C, H</td> <td>1</td>	CPI	Rd,K	Compare Register with Immediate	Rd – K	Z, N, V, C, H	1
SBIC P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 BRBS s, k Branch if Status Flag Set if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC ← PC+k+1 None 1/2 BRBC s, k Branch if Status Flag Cleared if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC+k+1 None 1/2 BREQ k Branch if Status Flag Cleared if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC+k+1 None 1/2 BRNE k Branch if Not Equal if (Z = 1) then PC ← PC + k+1 None 1/2 BRCS k Branch if Carry Set if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k+1 None 1/2 BRCS k Branch if Carry Set if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k+1 None 1/2 BRCC k Branch if Garry Cleared if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k+1 None 1/2 BRSH k Branch if Jame or Higher if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k+1 None 1/2 BRMI k Branch if Minus <td>SBRC</td> <td>Rr, b</td> <td>Skip if Bit in Register Cleared</td> <td>if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3</td> <td></td> <td>1/2/3</td>	SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3		1/2/3
SBIC P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 SBIS P, b Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 None 1/2/3 BRBS s, k Branch if Status Flag Set if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC ← PC+k+1 None 1/2 BRBC s, k Branch if Status Flag Cleared if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC+k+1 None 1/2 BREQ k Branch if Status Flag Cleared if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC+k+1 None 1/2 BRNE k Branch if Not Equal if (Z = 1) then PC ← PC + k+1 None 1/2 BRCS k Branch if Carry Set if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k+1 None 1/2 BRCS k Branch if Carry Set if (C = 1) then PC ← PC + k+1 None 1/2 BRCC k Branch if Garry Cleared if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k+1 None 1/2 BRSH k Branch if Jame or Higher if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k+1 None 1/2 BRMI k Branch if Minus <td>SBRS</td> <td></td> <td>Skip if Bit in Register is Set</td> <td>` ` ` '</td> <td></td> <td>1/2/3</td>	SBRS		Skip if Bit in Register is Set	` ` ` '		1/2/3
BRBS s, k Branch if Status Flag Set if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC←PC+k+1 None 1/2 BRBC s, k Branch if Status Flag Cleared if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC←PC+k+1 None 1/2 BREQ k Branch if Equal if (Z = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRNE k Branch if Not Equal if (Z = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRCS k Branch if Carry Set if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRCC k Branch if Carry Cleared if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRSH k Branch if Same or Higher if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRLO k Branch if Lower if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRMI k Branch if Minus if (N = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRPL k Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed if (N = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRLT k Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed if (N ⊕						
BRBS s, k Branch if Status Flag Set if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC←PC+k+1 None 1/2 BRBC s, k Branch if Status Flag Cleared if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC←PC+k+1 None 1/2 BREQ k Branch if Equal if (Z = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRNE k Branch if Not Equal if (Z = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRCS k Branch if Carry Set if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRCC k Branch if Carry Cleared if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRSH k Branch if Same or Higher if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRLO k Branch if Lower if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRMI k Branch if Minus if (N = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRPL k Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed if (N = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRLT k Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed if (N ⊕			Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set		None	1/2/3
BRBC s, k Branch if Status Flag Cleared if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC←PC+k+1 None 1/2 BREQ k Branch if Equal if (Z = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRNE k Branch if Not Equal if (Z = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRCS k Branch if Carry Set if (C = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRCC k Branch if Carry Cleared if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRSH k Branch if Same or Higher if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRLO k Branch if Lower if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRMI k Branch if Minus if (N = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRPL k Branch if Plus if (N = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRGE k Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed if (N ⊕ V = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2 BRHS k Branch if Half Carry Flag Set if (H = 0) then PC ← P				if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC←PC+k + 1		
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BRCS k Branch if Carry Set if $(C=1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRCC k Branch if Carry Cleared if $(C=0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRSH k Branch if Same or Higher if $(C=0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRLO k Branch if Lower if $(C=0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRMI k Branch if Minus if $(C=1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRPL k Branch if Plus if $(N=1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRGE k Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed if $(N=0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRLT k Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed if $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRHS k Branch if Half Carry Flag Set if $(H=1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRTS k Branch if T Flag Set if $(T=1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRTC k Branch if T Flag Set if $(T=1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2	BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if (Z = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCCkBranch if Carry Clearedif $(C=0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRSHkBranch if Same or Higherif $(C=0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRLOkBranch if Lowerif $(C=1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRMIkBranch if Minusif $(N=1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRPLkBranch if Plusif $(N=0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRGEkBranch if Greater or Equal, Signedif $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRLTkBranch if Less Than Zero, Signedif $(N \oplus V = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRHSkBranch if Half Carry Flag Setif $(H = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRTSkBranch if T Flag Setif $(H = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRTCkBranch if T Flag Clearedif $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$	BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if (Z = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRSH k Branch if Same or Higher if $(C = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRLO k Branch if Lower if $(C = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRMI k Branch if Minus if $(N = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRPL k Branch if Plus if $(N = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRGE k Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed if $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRLT k Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed if $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRHS k Branch if Half Carry Flag Set if $(H = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRHC k Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared if $(H = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRTS k Branch if T Flag Set if $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRTC k Branch if T Flag Cleared if $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2	BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if (C = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRSH k Branch if Same or Higher if $(C = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRLO k Branch if Lower if $(C = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRMI k Branch if Minus if $(N = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRPL k Branch if Plus if $(N = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRGE k Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed if $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRLT k Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed if $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRHS k Branch if Half Carry Flag Set if $(H = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRHC k Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared if $(H = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRTS k Branch if T Flag Set if $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRTC k Branch if T Flag Cleared if $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2	BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if (C = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
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BRPLkBranch if Plusif $(N = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRGEkBranch if Greater or Equal, Signedif $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRLTkBranch if Less Than Zero, Signedif $(N \oplus V = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRHSkBranch if Half Carry Flag Setif $(H = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRHCkBranch if Half Carry Flag Clearedif $(H = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRTSkBranch if T Flag Setif $(T = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRTCkBranch if T Flag Clearedif $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$	BRMI	k	Branch if Minus		None	1/2
BRGEkBranch if Greater or Equal, Signedif $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRLTkBranch if Less Than Zero, Signedif $(N \oplus V = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRHSkBranch if Half Carry Flag Setif $(H = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRHCkBranch if Half Carry Flag Clearedif $(H = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRTSkBranch if T Flag Setif $(T = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRTCkBranch if T Flag Clearedif $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$		k		, ,		1/2
BRLTkBranch if Less Than Zero, Signedif $(N \oplus V = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRHSkBranch if Half Carry Flag Setif $(H = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRHCkBranch if Half Carry Flag Clearedif $(H = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRTSkBranch if T Flag Setif $(T = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRTCkBranch if T Flag Clearedif $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$	BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if (N \oplus V= 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1		1/2
BRHC k Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared if (H = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRTS k Branch if T Flag Set if (T = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRTC k Branch if T Flag Cleared if (T = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2	BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if $(N \oplus V= 1)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHC k Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared if (H = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRTS k Branch if T Flag Set if (T = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2 BRTC k Branch if T Flag Cleared if (T = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None 1/2		k	•	· ·		
BRTSkBranch if T Flag Setif $(T = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$ BRTCkBranch if T Flag Clearedif $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ None $1/2$		k				1/2
BRTC k Branch if T Flag Cleared if (T = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 None 1/2	BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if (T = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
		k		, ,		
				, ,		



Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if (V = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BIT AND BIT-TEST	INSTRUCTIONS				
SBI	P,b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
CBI	P,b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	$I/O(P,b) \leftarrow 0$	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	$Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$	Z, C, N, V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(7) \leftarrow 0$	Z, C, N, V	1
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry	$Rd(0)\leftarrow C,Rd(n+1)\leftarrow Rd(n),C\leftarrow Rd(7)$	Z, C, N, V	1
ROR	Rd	Rotate Right Through Carry	$Rd(7)\leftarrow C,Rd(n)\leftarrow Rd(n+1),C\leftarrow Rd(0)$	Z, C, N, V	1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), n=06$	Z, C, N, V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	Rd(30)←Rd(74),Rd(74)←Rd(30)	None	1
BSET	s	Flag Set	SREG(s) ← 1	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	s	Flag Clear	SREG(s) ← 0	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	T ← Rr(b)	T	1
BLD SEC	Rd, b	Bit load from T to Register	Rd(b) ← T	None C	1 1
CLC		Set Carry	C ← 1 C ← 0	C	1
SEN		Clear Carry Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 1 N ← 0	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	I ← 1	1	1 1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	1←0	i	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Twos Complement Overflow.	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Twos Complement Overflow	V ← 0	V	1
SET		Set T in SREG	T ← 1	Т	1
CLT		Clear T in SREG	T ← 0	Т	1
SEH		Set Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 1	Н	1
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	Н	1
DATA TRANSFER I	NSTRUCTIONS			_	•
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move Between Registers	Rd ← Rr	None	1
MOVW	Rd, Rr	Copy Register Word	$Rd+1:Rd \leftarrow Rr+1:Rr$	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	$Rd \leftarrow K$	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (X), X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - X	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1$, Rd $\leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Y), Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - Y	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Y ← Y - 1, Rd ← (Y)	None	2
LDD	Rd,Y+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Y + q)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Z)	None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	2
LDD	Rd, -Z Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec. Load Indirect with Displacement	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LDS	Rd, Z+q Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM	$Rd \leftarrow (Z + q)$ $Rd \leftarrow (k)$	None None	2
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	$(X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(X) \leftarrow \Pi$ $(X) \leftarrow Rr, X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
ST	- X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1, (X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr, Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
ST	- Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1, (Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Y+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	(Y + q) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	(Z) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Z) \leftarrow Rr, Z \leftarrow Z + 1$	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1$, $(Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Z+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Z+q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	(k) ← Rr	None	2
LPM		Load Program Memory	R0 ← (Z)	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z	Load Program Memory	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z+	Load Program Memory and Post-Inc	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	3
ELPM		Extended Load Program Memory	$R0 \leftarrow (RAMPZ:Z)$	None	3
	Rd, Z	Extended Load Program Memory	Rd ← (RAMPZ:Z)	None	3
ELPM	riu, Z				
ELPM	Rd, Z+	Extended Load Program Memory	$Rd \leftarrow (RAMPZ:Z), RAMPZ:Z \leftarrow RAMPZ:Z+1$	None	3
		-	$Rd \leftarrow (RAMPZ:Z), RAMPZ:Z \leftarrow RAMPZ:Z+1$ $(Z) \leftarrow R1:R0$	None None	3 -



Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	P ← Rr	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack	STACK ← Rr	None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	Rd ← STACK	None	2
MCU CONTROL INS	TRUCTIONS				
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/timer)	None	1
BREAK		Break	For On-chip Debug Only	None	N/A

EICALL and EIJMP do not exist in ATmega640/1280/1281. ELPM does not exist in ATmega640. Note:



Ordering Information 9.

9.1 ATmega640

Speed [MHz] ⁽²⁾	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Operation Range	
8	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega640V-8AU ATmega640V-8AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega640V-8CU ATmega640V-8CUR ⁽⁴⁾	100A 100A 100C1 100C1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)	
16	2.7 - 5.5V	ATmega640-16AU ATmega640-16AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega640-16CU ATmega640-16CUR ⁽⁴⁾	100A 100A 100C1 100C1	industrial (*40 0 to 65 0)	

- Notes: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
 - 2. See "Speed Grades" on page 357.
 - 3. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
 - 4. Tape & Reel.

	Package Type						
100A	100-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)						
100C1	100-ball, Chip Ball Grid Array (CBGA)						



9.4 ATmega2560

Speed [MHz] ⁽²⁾	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Operation Range
8	1.8V - 5.5V	ATmega2560V-8AU ATmega2560V-8AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega2560V-8CU ATmega2560V-8CUR ⁽⁴⁾	100A 100A 100C1 100C1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
16	4.5V - 5.5V	ATmega2560-16AU ATmega2560-16AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega2560-16CU ATmega2560-16CUR ⁽⁴⁾	100A 100A 100C1 100C1	

Notes: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

- 2. See "Speed Grades" on page 357.
- 3. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
- 4. Tape & Reel.

Package Type		
100A	100-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)	
100C1	100-ball, Chip Ball Grid Array (CBGA)	



9.5 ATmega2561

Speed [MHz] ⁽²⁾	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Operation Range	
8	1.8V - 5.5V	ATmega2561V-8AU ATmega2561V-8AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega2561V-8MU ATmega2561V-8MUR ⁽⁴⁾	64A 64A 64M2 64M2	Industrial	
16	4.5V - 5.5V	ATmega2561-16AU ATmega2561-16AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega2561-16MU ATmega2561-16MUR ⁽⁴⁾	64A 64A 64M2 64M2	(-40°C to 85°C)	

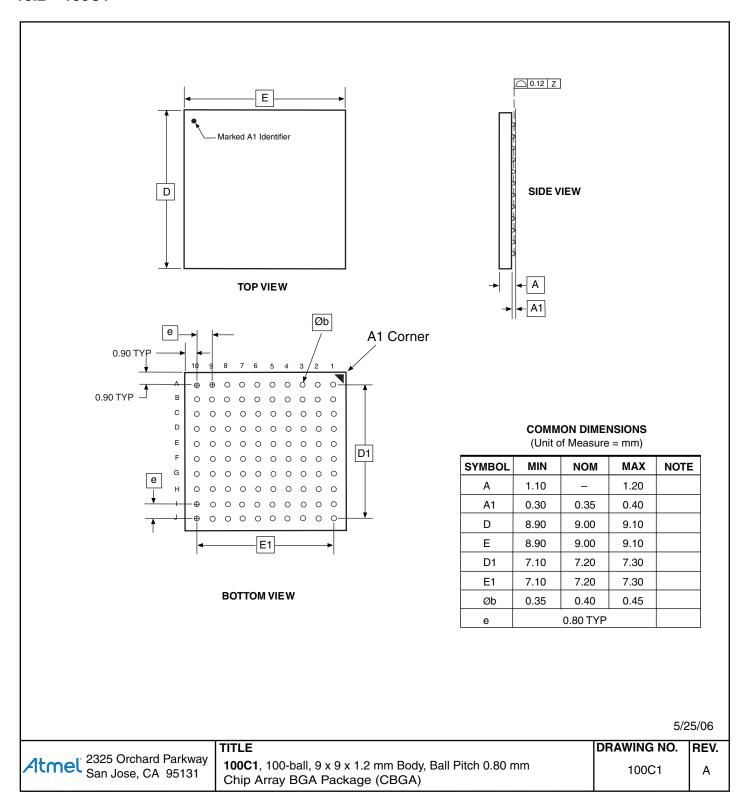
Notes: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

- 2. See "Speed Grades" on page 357.
- 3. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
- 4. Tape & Reel.

Package Type		
64 A	64-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)	
64M2	64-pad, 9mm × 9mm × 1.0mm Body, Quad Flat No-lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)	



10.2 100C1





11. Errata

11.1 ATmega640 rev. B

- Inaccurate ADC conversion in differential mode with 200x gain
- · High current consumption in sleep mode

1. Inaccurate ADC conversion in differential mode with 200x gain

With AVCC <3.6V, random conversions will be inaccurate. Typical absolute accuracy may reach 64 LSB.

Problem Fix/Workaround

None.

2. High current consumption in sleep mode

If a pending interrupt cannot wake the part up from the selected sleep mode, the current consumption will increase during sleep when executing the SLEEP instruction directly after a SEI instruction.

Problem Fix/Workaround

Before entering sleep, interrupts not used to wake the part from the sleep mode should be disabled.

11.2 ATmega640 rev. A

- Inaccurate ADC conversion in differential mode with 200x gain
- High current consumption in sleep mode

1. Inaccurate ADC conversion in differential mode with 200x gain

With AVCC <3.6V, random conversions will be inaccurate. Typical absolute accuracy may reach 64 LSB.

Problem Fix/Workaround

None.

2. High current consumption in sleep mode

If a pending interrupt cannot wake the part up from the selected sleep mode, the current consumption will increase during sleep when executing the SLEEP instruction directly after a SEI instruction.

Problem Fix/Workaround

Before entering sleep, interrupts not used to wake the part from the sleep mode should be disabled.

11.3 ATmega1280 rev. B

· High current consumption in sleep mode

1. High current consumption in sleep mode

If a pending interrupt cannot wake the part up from the selected sleep mode, the current consumption will increase during sleep when executing the SLEEP instruction directly after a SEI instruction.

Problem Fix/Workaround

Before entering sleep, interrupts not used to wake the part from the sleep mode should be disabled.

11.4 ATmega1280 rev. A

- Inaccurate ADC conversion in differential mode with 200x gain
- High current consumption in sleep mode

1. Inaccurate ADC conversion in differential mode with 200x gain

With AVCC <3.6V, random conversions will be inaccurate. Typical absolute accuracy may reach 64 LSB.



5. IN/OUT instructions may be executed twice when Stack is in external RAM

If either an IN or an OUT instruction is executed directly before an interrupt occurs and the stack pointer is located in external ram, the instruction will be executed twice. In some cases this will cause a problem, for example:

- If reading SREG it will appear that the I-flag is cleared.
- If writing to the PIN registers, the port will toggle twice.
- If reading registers with interrupt flags, the flags will appear to be cleared.

Problem Fix/Workaround

There are two application workarounds, where selecting one of them, will be omitting the issue:

- Replace IN and OUT with LD/LDS/LDD and ST/STS/STD instructions.
- Use internal RAM for stack pointer.

6. EEPROM read from application code does not work in Lock Bit Mode 3

When the Memory Lock Bits LB2 and LB1 are programmed to mode 3, EEPROM read does not work from the application code.

Problem Fix/Workaround

Do not set Lock Bit Protection Mode 3 when the application code needs to read from EEPROM.

11.13 ATmega2561 rev. F

- ADC differential input amplification by 46dB (200x) not functional
- ADC differential input amplification by 46dB (200x) not functional Problem Fix/Workaround

None.

11.14 ATmega2561 rev. E

No known errata.

11.15 ATmega2561 rev. D

Not sampled.

11.16 ATmega2561 rev. C

· High current consumption in sleep mode.

1. High current consumption in sleep mode

If a pending interrupt cannot wake the part up from the selected sleep mode, the current consumption will increase during sleep when executing the SLEEP instruction directly after a SEI instruction.

Problem Fix/Workaround

Before entering sleep, interrupts not used to wake the part from the sleep mode should be disabled.

11.17 ATmega2561 rev. B

Not sampled.



11.18 ATmega2561 rev. A

- Non-Read-While-Write area of flash not functional
- · Part does not work under 2.4 Volts
- Incorrect ADC reading in differential mode
- Internal ADC reference has too low value
- IN/OUT instructions may be executed twice when Stack is in external RAM
- EEPROM read from application code does not work in Lock Bit Mode 3

1. Non-Read-While-Write area of flash not functional

The Non-Read-While-Write area of the flash is not working as expected. The problem is related to the speed of the part when reading the flash of this area.

Problem Fix/Workaround

- Only use the first 248K of the flash.
- If boot functionality is needed, run the code in the Non-Read-While-Write area at maximum 1/4th of the maximum frequency of the device at any given voltage. This is done by writing the CLKPR register before entering the boot section of the code.

2. Part does not work under 2.4 volts

The part does not execute code correctly below 2.4 volts.

Problem Fix/Workaround

Do not use the part at voltages below 2.4 volts.

3. Incorrect ADC reading in differential mode

The ADC has high noise in differential mode. It can give up to 7 LSB error.

Problem Fix/Workaround

Use only the 7 MSB of the result when using the ADC in differential mode.

4. Internal ADC reference has too low value

The internal ADC reference has a value lower than specified.

Problem Fix/Workaround

- Use AVCC or external reference.
- The actual value of the reference can be measured by applying a known voltage to the ADC when using the internal reference. The result when doing later conversions can then be calibrated.

5. IN/OUT instructions may be executed twice when Stack is in external RAM

If either an IN or an OUT instruction is executed directly before an interrupt occurs and the stack pointer is located in external ram, the instruction will be executed twice. In some cases this will cause a problem, for example:

- If reading SREG it will appear that the I-flag is cleared.
- If writing to the PIN registers, the port will toggle twice.
- If reading registers with interrupt flags, the flags will appear to be cleared.

Problem Fix/Workaround

There are two application workarounds, where selecting one of them, will be omitting the issue:

- Replace IN and OUT with LD/LDS/LDD and ST/STS/STD instructions.



- Use internal RAM for stack pointer.

6. EEPROM read from application code does not work in Lock Bit Mode 3

When the Memory Lock Bits LB2 and LB1 are programmed to mode 3, EEPROM read does not work from the application code.

Problem Fix/Workaround

Do not set Lock Bit Protection Mode 3 when the application code needs to read from EEPROM.















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