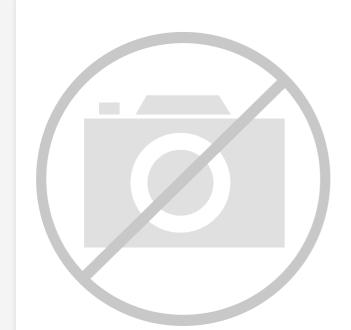
E·XFL

Intel - 5ASXFB3H6F40C6N Datasheet



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Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC) refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

What are **Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)**?

System On Chip (SoC) integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions. SoCs combine a central

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	Dual ARM® Cortex®-A9 MPCore [™] with CoreSight [™]
Flash Size	-
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	DMA, POR, WDT
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I ² C, MMC/SD/SDIO, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Speed	700MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 350K Logic Elements
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA, FC (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5asxfb3h6f40c6n

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Feature		Description
	Variable-precision DSP Memory controller (Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST only)	 Native support for up to four signal processing precision levels: Three 9 x 9, two 18 x 18, or one 27 x 27 multiplier in the same variable-precision DSP block One 36 x 36 multiplier using two variable-precision DSP blocks (Arria V GZ devices only) 64-bit accumulator and cascade for systolic finite impulse responses (FIRs) Embedded internal coefficient memory Preadder/subtractor for improved efficiency DDR3 and DDR2
Embedded Hard IP blocks	Embedded transceiver I/O	 Custom implementation: Arria V GX and SX devices—up to 6.5536 Gbps Arria V GT and ST devices—up to 10.3125 Gbps Arria V GZ devices—up to 12.5 Gbps PCI Express[®] (PCIe[®]) Gen2 (x1, x2, or x4) and Gen1 (x1, x2, x4, or x8) hard IP with multifunction support, endpoint, and root port PCIe Gen3 (x1, x2, x4, or x8) support (Arria V GZ only) Gbps Ethernet (GbE) and XAUI physical coding sublayer (PCS) Common Public Radio Interface (CPRI) PCS Gigabit-capable passive optical network (GPON) PCS 10-Gbps Ethernet (10GbE) PCS (Arria V GZ only) Serial RapidIO[®] (SRIO) PCS Interlaken PCS (Arria V GZ only)
Clock networks	-	bal clock network and peripheral clock networks at are not used can be powered down to reduce dynamic power
Phase-locked loops (PLLs)	(ZDB)Integer mode and f	thesis, clock delay compensation, and zero delay buffering



Summary of Arria V Features

4

Feature	Description
FPGA General- purpose I/Os (GPIOs)	 1.6 Gbps LVDS receiver and transmitter 800 MHz/1.6 Gbps external memory interface On-chip termination (OCT) 3.3 V support ⁽²⁾
External Memory Interface	 Memory interfaces with low latency: Hard memory controller-up to 1.066 Gbps Soft memory controller-up to 1.6 Gbps
Low-power high- speed serial interface	 600 Mbps to 12.5 Gbps integrated transceiver speed Less than 105 mW per channel at 6 Gbps, less than 165 mW per channel at 10 Gbps, and less than 170 mW per channel at 12.5 Gbps Transmit pre-emphasis and receiver equalization Dynamic partial reconfiguration of individual channels Physical medium attachment (PMA) with soft PCS that supports 9.8304 Gbps CPRI (Arria V GT and ST only) PMA with hard PCS that supports up to 9.8 Gbps CPRI (Arria V GZ only) Hard PCS that supports 10GBASE-R and 10GBASE-KR (Arria V GZ only)
HPS (Arria V SX and ST devices only)	 Dual-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor—up to 1.05 GHz maximum frequency with support for symmetric and asymmetric multiprocessing Interface peripherals—10/100/1000 Ethernet media access control (EMAC), USB 2.0 On-The-GO (OTG) controller, quad serial peripheral interface (QSPI) flash controller, NAND flash controller, Secure Digital/MultiMediaCard (SD/MMC) controller, UART, serial peripheral interface (SPI), I2C interface, and up to 85 HPS GPIO interfaces System peripherals—general-purpose timers, watchdog timers, direct memory access (DMA) controller, FPGA configuration manager, and clock and reset managers On-chip RAM and boot ROM HPS-FPGA bridges—include the FPGA-to-HPS, HPS-to-FPGA, and lightweight HPS-to-FPGA bridges that allow the FPGA fabric to issue transactions to slaves in the HPS, and vice versa FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM controller subsystem—provides a configurable interface to the multiport front end (MPFE) of the HPS SDRAM controller ARM CoreSight[™] JTAG debug access port, trace port, and on-chip trace storage





 $^{^{(2)}\,}$ Arria V GZ devices support 3.3 V with a 3.0 V V_{CCIO}.

Feature	Description
Configuration	 Tamper protection-comprehensive design protection to protect your valuable IP investments Enhanced advanced encryption standard (AES) design security features CvP Partial and dynamic reconfiguration of the FPGA Active serial (AS) x1 and x4, passive serial (PS), JTAG, and fast passive parallel (FPP) x8, x16, and x32 (Arria V GZ) configuration options Remote system upgrade

Arria V Device Variants and Packages

Table 3: Device Variants for the Arria V Device Family

Variant	Description
Arria V GX	FPGA with integrated 6.5536 Gbps transceivers that provides bandwidth, cost, and power levels that are optimized for high-volume data and signal-processing applications
Arria V GT	FPGA with integrated 10.3125 Gbps transceivers that provides enhanced high-speed serial I/O bandwidth for cost-sensitive data and signal processing applications
Arria V GZ	FPGA with integrated 12.5 Gbps transceivers that provides enhanced high-speed serial I/O bandwidth for high-performance and cost-sensitive data and signal processing applications
Arria V SX	SoC with integrated ARM-based HPS and 6.5536 Gbps transceivers
Arria V ST	SoC with integrated ARM-based HPS and 10.3125 Gbps transceivers

Arria V GX

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Arria V GX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Altera Product Selector.

Related Information

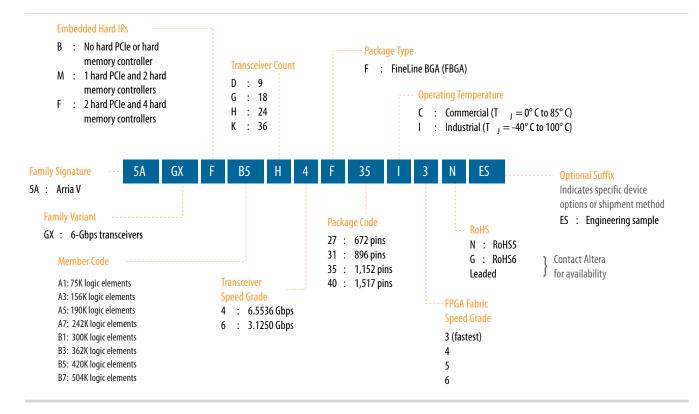
Altera Product Selector

Provides the latest information about Altera products.



Available Options

Figure 1: Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Arria V GX Devices



Maximum Resources

Table 4: Maximum Resource Counts for Arria V GX Devices

Poro	ource	Member Code								
heso	urce	A1	A3	A5	A7	B1	B3	B5	B7	
Logic I (LE) (H	Elements K)	75	156	190	242	300	362	420	504	
ALM		28,302	58,900	71,698	91,680	113,208	136,880	158,491	190,240	
Registe	er	113,208	235,600	286,792	366,720	452,832	547,520	633,964	760,960	
Mem	M10K	8,000	10,510	11,800	13,660	15,100	17,260	20,540	24,140	
ory (Kb)	MLAB	463	961	1,173	1,448	1,852	2,098	2,532	2,906	
	Variable- precision DSP Block		396	600	800	920	1,045	1,092	1,156	
	18 x 18 Multiplier		792	1,200	1,600	1,840	2,090	2,184	2,312	
PLL		10	10	12	12	12	12	16	16	

Arria V Device Overview



Resource -		Member Code							
Neso		С3	C3 C7 D3						
Transceiver	6 Gbps ⁽⁴⁾	3 (9)	6 (24)	6 (24)	6 (36)				
Tanscerver	10 Gbps ⁽⁵⁾	4	12	12	20				
GPIO ⁽⁶⁾	GPIO ⁽⁶⁾		544	704	704				
LVDS	Transmitter	68	120	160	160				
LVD3	Receiver	80	136	176	176				
PCIe Hard IP	Block	1	2	2	2				
Hard Memor	Hard Memory Controller		4	4	4				

Related Information

• High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces and DPA in Arria V Devices chapter, Arria V Device Handbook

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

• **Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices** Describes 10 Gbps channels usage conditions and SFF-8431 compliance requirements.

Package Plan

Memb	F672 (27 mm)		F896 (31 mm)		F1152 (35 mm)			F1517 (40 mm)				
er Code	XCVR			ХС	XCVR		XCVR			XCVR		
	GPIO	6- Gbps	10- Gbps	GPIO	6- Gbps	10- Gbps	GPIO	6- Gbps	10- Gbps	GPIO	6- Gbps	10-Gbps
C3	336	3 (9)	4	416	3 (9)	4	_	_	_	—	_	_
C7	_	_	_	384	6 (18)	8	544	6 (24)	12	—	_	—
D3	_	_	_	384	6 (18)	8	544	6 (24)	12	704	6 (24)	12
D7							544	6 (24)	12	704	6 (36)	20

Table 7: Package Plan for Arria V GT Devices

The 6-Gbps transceiver counts are for dedicated 6-Gbps channels. You can also configure any pair of 10-Gbps channels as three 6-Gbps channels—the total number of 6-Gbps channels are shown in brackets. For example, you can also configure the Arria V GT D7 device in the F1517 package with nine 6-Gbps



⁽⁴⁾ The 6 Gbps transceiver counts are for dedicated 6-Gbps channels. You can also configure any pair of 10 Gbps channels as three 6 Gbps channels-the total number of 6 Gbps channels are shown in brackets.

⁽⁵⁾ Chip-to-chip connections only. For 10 Gbps channel usage conditions, refer to the Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices chapter.

⁽⁶⁾ The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

Doce	ource	Member Code					
nesc	Jurce	B3	В5				
FPGA PLL		14	14				
HPS PLL		3	3				
6 Gbps Transceiver		30	30				
FPGA GPIO ⁽⁸⁾		540	540				
HPS I/O		208	208				
LVDS	Transmitter	120	120				
	Receiver	136	136				
PCIe Hard IP Block		2	2				
FPGA Hard Memory	Controller	3	3				
HPS Hard Memory C	Controller	1	1				
ARM Cortex-A9 MP	Core Processor	Dual-core	Dual-core				

Related Information

High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces and DPA in Arria V Devices chapter, Arria V Device Handbook

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

Package Plan

Table 11: Package Plan for Arria V SX Devices

The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.

		F896			F1152		F1517			
Member Code	(31 mm)			(35 mm)			(40 mm)			
Code	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR	
B3	250	208	12	385	208	18	540	208	30	
B5	250	208	12	385	208	18	540	208	30	

Arria V ST

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Arria V ST devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Altera Product Selector.



⁽⁸⁾ The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

Poso	ource	Member Code					
hesu	Jurce	D3	D5				
FPGA GPIO ⁽¹⁰⁾		540	540				
HPS I/O		208	208				
LVDS	Transmitter	120	120				
	Receiver	136	136				
PCIe Hard IP Block		2	2				
FPGA Hard Memory	Controller	3	3				
HPS Hard Memory C	Controller	1	1				
ARM Cortex-A9 MP	Core Processor	Dual-core	Dual-core				

Related Information

• High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces and DPA in Arria V Devices chapter, Arria V Device Handbook

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

• Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices Describes 10 Gbps channels usage conditions and SFF-8431 compliance requirements.

Package Plan

Table 13: Package Plan for Arria V ST Devices

The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.

Memb	F896 (31 mm)					F1152 (35 mm)				F1517 (40 mm)			
er Code		HPS I/O	XC 6 Gbps	VR 10 Gbps	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XC 6 Gbps	VR 10 Gbps	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	6 Gbps	KCVR 10 Gbps	
D3	250	208	12	6	385	208	18	8	540	208	30	16	
D5	250	208	12	6	385	208	18	8	540	208	30	16	

⁽⁹⁾ Chip-to-chip connections only. For 10 Gbps channel usage conditions, refer to the Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices chapter.

⁽¹⁰⁾ The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

Related Information

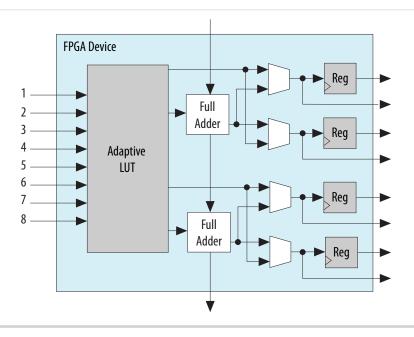
- Managing Device I/O Pins chapter, Quartus Prime Handbook Provides more information about vertical I/O migrations.
- **Power Management in Arria V Devices** Describes the power-up sequence required for Arria V GX and GT devices.

Adaptive Logic Module

Arria V devices use a 28 nm ALM as the basic building block of the logic fabric.

The ALM, as shown in following figure, uses an 8-input fracturable look-up table (LUT) with four dedicated registers to help improve timing closure in register-rich designs and achieve an even higher design packing capability than previous generations.

Figure 7: ALM for Arria V Devices



You can configure up to 50% of the ALMs in the Arria V devices as distributed memory using MLABs.

Related Information

Embedded Memory Capacity in Arria V Devices on page 20 Lists the embedded memory capacity for each device.



Types of Embedded Memory

The Arria V devices contain two types of memory blocks:

- 20 Kb M20K or 10 Kb M10K blocks—blocks of dedicated memory resources. The M20K and M10K blocks are ideal for larger memory arrays while still providing a large number of independent ports.
- 640 bit memory logic array blocks (MLABs)—enhanced memory blocks that are configured from dualpurpose logic array blocks (LABs). The MLABs are ideal for wide and shallow memory arrays. The MLABs are optimized for implementation of shift registers for digital signal processing (DSP) applications, wide shallow FIFO buffers, and filter delay lines. Each MLAB is made up of ten adaptive logic modules (ALMs). In the Arria V devices, you can configure these ALMs as ten 32 x 2 blocks, giving you one 32 x 20 simple dual-port SRAM block per MLAB. You can also configure these ALMs, in Arria V GZ devices, as ten 64 x 1 blocks, giving you one 64 x 10 simple dual-port SRAM block per MLAB.

Embedded Memory Capacity in Arria V Devices

		M20K		M1	M10K		.AB	
Variant	Membe r Code	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Total RAM Bit (Kb)
	A1	_		800	8,000	741	463	8,463
	A3	_	—	1,051	10,510	1538	961	11,471
	A5			1,180	11,800	1877	1,173	12,973
Arria V GX	A7		_	1,366	13,660	2317	1,448	15,108
Allia V GA	B1			1,510	15,100	2964	1,852	16,952
	B3	_	_	1,726	17,260	3357	2,098	19,358
	B5			2,054	20,540	4052	2,532	23,072
	B7	—		2,414	24,140	4650	2,906	27,046
Arria V GT	C3			1,051	10,510	1538	961	11,471
	C7		_	1,366	13,660	2317	1,448	15,108
Allia v GI	D3			1,726	17,260	3357	2,098	19,358
	D7	_	_	2,414	24,140	4650	2,906	27,046
	E1	585	11,700	_	_	4,151	2,594	14,294
Arria V GZ	E3	957	19,140	—	_	6,792	4,245	23,385
	E5	1,440	28,800	_	_	7,548	4,718	33,518
	E7	1,700	34,000	—	—	8,490	5,306	39,306
Arria V SX	B3	_		1,729	17,290	3223	2,014	19,304
	B5	—	—	2,282	22,820	4253	2,658	25,478

Table 16: Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Arria V Devices

Arria V Device Overview



		М20К		M10K		MLAB		
Variant	Membe r Code	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Total RAM Bit (Kb)
Arria V ST	D3	_	_	1,729	17,290	3223	2,014	19,304
	D5			2,282	22,820	4253	2,658	25,478

Embedded Memory Configurations

Table 17: Supported Embedded Memory Block Configurations for Arria V Devices

This table lists the maximum configurations supported for the embedded memory blocks. The information is applicable only to the single-port RAM and ROM modes.

Memory Block	Depth (bits)	Programmable Width
MLAB	32	x16, x18, or x20
MLAD	64 ⁽¹¹⁾	x10
	512	x40
	1K	x20
M20K	2K	x10
WIZOK	4K	x5
	8K	x2
	16K	x1
	256	x40 or x32
	512	x20 or x16
M10K	1K	x10 or x8
WITCH	2К	x5 or x4
	4K	x2
	8K	x1

Clock Networks and PLL Clock Sources

650 MHz Arria V devices have 16 global clock networks capable of up to operation. The clock network architecture is based on Altera's global, quadrant, and peripheral clock structure. This clock structure is supported by dedicated clock input pins and fractional PLLs.

Note: To reduce power consumption, the Quartus Prime software identifies all unused sections of the clock network and powers them down.



⁽¹¹⁾ Available for Arria V GZ devices only.

Related Information

External Memory Interface Spec Estimator

For the latest information and to estimate the external memory system performance specification, use Altera's External Memory Interface Spec Estimator tool.

Low-Power Serial Transceivers

Arria V devices deliver the industry's lowest power consumption per transceiver channel:

- 12.5 Gbps transceivers at less than 170 mW
- 10 Gbps transceivers at less than 165 mW
- 6 Gbps transceivers at less than 105 mW

Arria V transceivers are designed to be compliant with a wide range of protocols and data rates.

Transceiver Channels

The transceivers are positioned on the left and right outer edges of the device. The transceiver channels consist of the physical medium attachment (PMA), physical coding sublayer (PCS), and clock networks.

The following figures are graphical representations of a top view of the silicon die, which corresponds to a reverse view for flip chip packages. Different Arria V devices may have different floorplans than the ones shown in the figures.

Arria V Device Overview

Altera Corporation



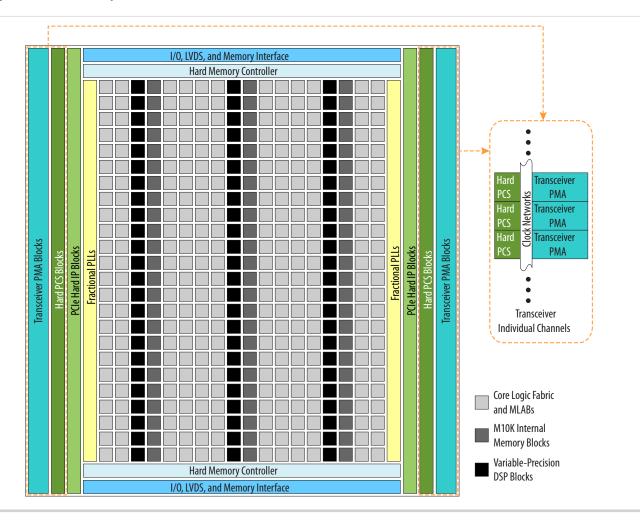


Figure 9: Device Chip Overview for Arria V GX and GT Devices

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Arria V Device Overview



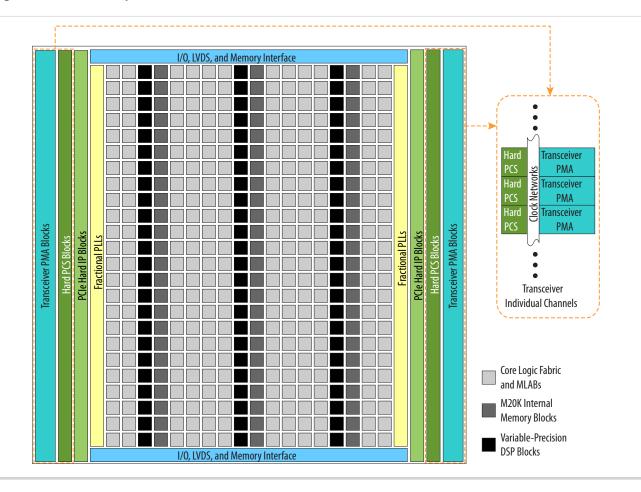


Figure 10: Device Chip Overview for Arria V GZ Devices

Arria V Device Overview

Altera Corporation



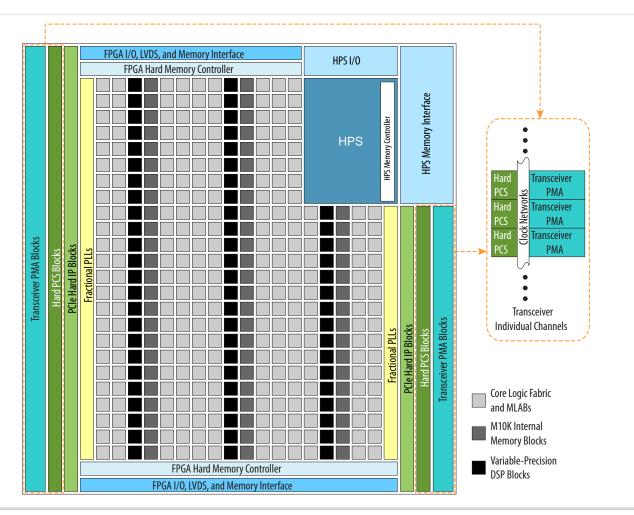


Figure 11: Device Chip Overview for Arria V SX and ST Devices

PMA Features

To prevent core and I/O noise from coupling into the transceivers, the PMA block is isolated from the rest of the chip—ensuring optimal signal integrity. For the transceivers, you can use the channel PLL of an unused receiver PMA as an additional transmit PLL.

Table 20: PMA Features of the Transceivers in Arria V Devices

Features	Capability
Backplane support	 Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices—Driving capability at 6.5536 Gbps with up to 25 dB channel loss Arria V GZ devices—Driving capability at 12.5 Gbps with up to 16 dB channel loss
Chip-to-chip support	 Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices—Up to 10.3125 Gbps Arria V GZ devices—Up to 12.5 Gbps

Arria V Device Overview



Features	Capability
PLL-based clock recovery	Superior jitter tolerance
Programmable serializer and deserializer (SERDES)	Flexible SERDES width
Equalization and pre-emphasis	 Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices—Up to 14.37 dB of pre-emphasis and up to 4.7 dB of equalization Arria V GZ devices—4-tap pre-emphasis and de-emphasis
Ring oscillator transmit PLLs	611 Mbps to 10.3125 Gbps
LC oscillator ATX transmit PLLs (Arria V GZ devices only)	600 Mbps to 12.5 Gbps
Input reference clock range	27 MHz to 710 MHz
Transceiver dynamic reconfigu- ration	Allows the reconfiguration of a single channel without affecting the operation of other channels

PCS Features

The Arria V core logic connects to the PCS through an 8, 10, 16, 20, 32, 40, 64, 66, or 67 bit interface, depending on the transceiver data rate and protocol. Arria V devices contain PCS hard IP to support PCIe Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3, GbE, Serial RapidIO (SRIO), GPON, and CPRI.

All other standard and proprietary protocols within the following speed ranges are also supported:

- 611 Mbps to 6.5536 Gbps—supported through the custom double-width mode (up to 6.5536 Gbps) and custom single-width mode (up to 3.75 Gbps) of the transceiver PCS hard IP.
- 6.5536 Gbps to 10.3125 Gbps—supported through dedicated 80 or 64 bit interface that bypass the PCS hard IP and connects the PMA directly to the core logic. In Arria V GZ, this is supported in the transceiver PCS hard IP.

Table 21: Transceiver PCS Features for Arria V GX, GT, ST, and SX Devices

PCS Support ⁽¹³⁾	Data Rates (Gbps)	Transmitter Data Path Feature	Receiver Data Path Feature
Custom single- and double-width modes	0.611 to ~6.5536	• Phase compensation FIFO	Word aligner8B/10B decoder
SRIO	1.25 to 6.25	Byte serializer8B/10B encoder	• Byte deserializer
Serial ATA	1.5, 3.0, 6.0		Phase compensation FIFO

Arria V Device Overview

Altera Corporation



⁽¹³⁾ Data rates above 6.5536 Gbps up to 10.3125 Gbps, such as 10GBASE-R, are supported through the soft PCS.

PCS Features

PCS Support ⁽¹³⁾	Data Rates (Gbps)	Transmitter Data Path Feature	Receiver Data Path Feature
PCIe Gen1 (x1, x2, x4, x8) PCIe Gen2 ⁽¹⁴⁾ (x1, x2, x4)	2.5 and 5.0	 Phase compensation FIFO Byte serializer 8B/10B encoder PIPE 2.0 interface to the core logic 	 Word aligner 8B/10B decoder Byte deserializer Phase compensation FIFO Rate match FIFO PIPE 2.0 interface to the core logic
GbE	1.25	 Phase compensation FIFO Byte serializer 8B/10B encoder 	 Word aligner 8B/10B decoder Byte deserializer Phase compensation FIFO Rate match FIFO
XAUI ⁽¹⁵⁾	3.125	 Phase compensation FIFO Byte serializer 8B/10B encoder XAUI state machine for bonding four channels 	 Word aligner 8B/10B decoder Byte deserializer Phase compensation FIFO XAUI state machine for realigning four channels Deskew FIFO circuitry
SDI	0.27 ⁽¹⁶⁾ , 1.485, 2.97	 Phase compensation FIFO Byte serializer	Byte deserializerPhase compensation FIFO
GPON ⁽¹⁷⁾	1.25 and 2.5		
CPRI ⁽¹⁸⁾	0.6144 to 6.144	 Phase compensation FIFO Byte serializer 8B/10B encoder TX deterministic latency 	 Word aligner 8B/10B decoder Byte deserializer Phase compensation FIFO RX deterministic latency



⁽¹³⁾ Data rates above 6.5536 Gbps up to 10.3125 Gbps, such as 10GBASE-R, are supported through the soft PCS.

⁽¹⁴⁾ PCIe Gen2 is supported only through the PCIe hard IP.

⁽¹⁵⁾ XAUI is supported through the soft PCS.

⁽¹⁶⁾ The 0.27 Gbps data rate is supported using oversampling user logic that you must implement in the FPGA fabric.

⁽¹⁷⁾ The GPON standard does not support burst mode.

⁽¹⁸⁾ CPRI data rates above 6.5536 Gbps, such as 9.8304 Gbps, are supported through the soft PCS.

PCS Features

Protocol	Data Rates (Gbps)	Transmitter Data Path Features	Receiver Data Path Features
40GBASE-R Ethernet 100GBASE-R Ethernet	4 x 10.3125 10 x 10.3125	 TX FIFO 64B/66B encoder Scrambler Alignment marker insertion Gearbox Block stripper 	 RX FIFO 64B/66B decoder Descrambler Lane reorder Deskew Alignment marker lock Block synchronization Gear box Destripper
40G and 100G OTN	(4 +1) x 11.3 (10 +1) x 11.3	TX FIFOChannel bondingByte serializer	 RX FIFO Lane deskew Byte deserializer
GbE	1.25	 Phase compensation FIFO Byte serializer 8B/10B encoder Bit-slip Channel bonding GbE state machine 	 Word aligner Deskew FIFO Rate match FIFO 8B/10B decoder Byte deserializer Byte ordering GbE state machine
XAUI	3.125 to 4.25	 Phase compensation FIFO Byte serializer 8B/10B encoder Bit-slip Channel bonding XAUI state machine for bonding four channels 	 Word aligner Deskew FIFO Rate match FIFO 8B/10B decoder Byte deserializer Byte ordering XAUI state machine for realigning four channels
SRIO	1.25 to 6.25	 Phase compensation FIFO Byte serializer 8B/10B encoder Bit-slip Channel bonding SRIO V2.1-compliant x2 and x4 channel bonding 	 Word aligner Deskew FIFO Rate match FIFO 8B/10B decoder Byte deserializer Byte ordering SRIO V2.1-compliant x2 and x4 deskew state machine

Arria V Device Overview



System Peripherals and Debug Access Port

Each Ethernet MAC, USB OTG, NAND flash controller, and SD/MMC controller module has an integrated DMA controller. For modules without an integrated DMA controller, an additional DMA controller module provides up to eight channels of high-bandwidth data transfers. Peripherals that communicate off-chip are multiplexed with other peripherals at the HPS pin level. This allows you to choose which peripherals to interface with other devices on your PCB.

The debug access port provides interfaces to industry standard JTAG debug probes and supports ARM CoreSight debug and core traces to facilitate software development.

HPS-FPGA AXI Bridges

The HPS–FPGA bridges, which support the Advanced Microcontroller Bus Architecture (AMBA[®]) Advanced eXtensible Interface (AXI[™]) specifications, consist of the following bridges:

- FPGA-to-HPS AXI bridge—a high-performance bus supporting 32, 64, and 128 bit data widths that allows the FPGA fabric to issue transactions to slaves in the HPS.
- HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge—a high-performance bus supporting 32, 64, and 128 bit data widths that allows the HPS to issue transactions to slaves in the FPGA fabric.
- Lightweight HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge—a lower latency 32 bit width bus that allows the HPS to issue transactions to slaves in the FPGA fabric. This bridge is primarily used for control and status register (CSR) accesses to peripherals in the FPGA fabric.

The HPS–FPGA AXI bridges allow masters in the FPGA fabric to communicate with slaves in the HPS logic, and vice versa. For example, the HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge allows you to share memories instantiated in the FPGA fabric with one or both microprocessors in the HPS, while the FPGA-to-HPS AXI bridge allows logic in the FPGA fabric to access the memory and peripherals in the HPS.

Each HPS–FPGA bridge also provides asynchronous clock crossing for data transferred between the FPGA fabric and the HPS.

HPS SDRAM Controller Subsystem

The HPS SDRAM controller subsystem contains a multiport SDRAM controller and DDR PHY that are shared between the FPGA fabric (through the FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM interface), the level 2 (L2) cache, and the level 3 (L3) system interconnect. The FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM interface supports AMBA AXI and Avalon[®] Memory-Mapped (Avalon-MM) interface standards, and provides up to six individual ports for access by masters implemented in the FPGA fabric.

To maximize memory performance, the SDRAM controller subsystem supports command and data reordering, deficit round-robin arbitration with aging, and high-priority bypass features. The SDRAM controller subsystem supports DDR2, DDR3, or LPDDR2 devices up to 4 Gb in density operating at up to 533 MHz (1066 Mbps data rate).

FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting

The FPGA fabric and HPS in the SoC are powered independently. You can reduce the clock frequencies or gate the clocks to reduce dynamic power, or shut down the entire FPGA fabric to reduce total system power.



Altera Corporation

Mode	Data Width	Max Clock Rate (MHz)	Max Data [Rate (Mbps)	Decompressio	Design Security F	Partial econfiguratio (20)	Remote System Update
	8 bits	125	_	Yes	Yes	_	
FPP	16 bits	125	_	Yes	Yes	Yes ⁽²¹⁾	Parallel flash loader
	32 bits ⁽²²⁾	100	_	Yes	Yes	_	
CvP (PCIe)	x1, x2, x4, and x8 lanes			Yes	Yes	Yes	_
JTAG	1 bit	33	33	—	_	_	
Configuration	16 bits	125	_	Yes	Yes	Yes (21)	Parallel flash loader
via HPS	32 bits	100	_	Yes	Yes	—	r araner nash loader

Instead of using an external flash or ROM, you can configure the Arria V devices through PCIe using CvP. The CvP mode offers the fastest configuration rate and flexibility with the easy-to-use PCIe hard IP block interface. The Arria V CvP implementation conforms to the PCIe 100 ms power-up-to-active time requirement.

Note: Although Arria V GZ devices support PCIe Gen3, you can use only PCIe Gen1 and PCIe Gen2 for CvP configuration scheme.

Related Information

Configuration via Protocol (CvP) Implementation in Altera FPGAs User Guide Provides more information about CvP.

Power Management

Leveraging the FPGA architectural features, process technology advancements, and transceivers that are designed for power efficiency, the Arria V devices consume less power than previous generation Arria V FPGAs:

- Total device core power consumption—less by up to 50%.
- Transceiver channel power consumption—less by up to 50%.

Additionally, Arria V devices contain several hard IP blocks, including PCIe Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3, GbE, SRIO, GPON, and CPRI protocols, that reduce logic resources and deliver substantial power savings of up to 25% less power than equivalent soft implementations.

Arria V Device Overview

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⁽²⁰⁾ Partial reconfiguration is an advanced feature of the device family. If you are interested in using partial reconfiguration, contact Altera for support.

⁽²¹⁾ Supported at a maximum clock rate of 62.5 MHz.

⁽²²⁾ Arria V GZ only

Date	Version	Changes
June 2013	2013.06.03	Removed statements about contacting Altera for SFF-8431 compliance requirements. Refer to the Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices chapter for the requirements.
May 2013	2013.05.06	 Moved all links to the Related Information section of respective topics for easy reference. Added link to the known document issues in the Knowledge Base. Updated the available options, maximum resource counts, and per package information for the Arria V SX and ST device variants. Updated the variable DSP multipliers counts for the Arria V SX and ST device variants. Clarified that partial reconfiguration is an advanced feature. Contact Altera for support of the feature. Added footnote to clarify that MLAB 64 bits depth is available only for Arria V GZ devices. Updated description about power-up sequence requirement for device migration to improve clarity.
January 2013	2013.01.11	 Added the L optional suffix to the Arria V GZ ordering code for the – I3 speed grade. Added a note about the power-up sequence requirement if you plan to migrate your design from the Arria V GX A5 and A7, and Arria V GT C7 devices to other Arria V devices.
November 2012	2012.11.19	 Updated the summary of features. Updated Arria V GZ information regarding 3.3 V I/O support. Removed Arria V GZ engineering sample ordering code. Updated the maximum resource counts for Arria V GX and GZ. Updated Arria V ST ordering codes for transceiver count. Updated transceiver counts for Arria V ST packages. Added simplified floorplan diagrams for Arria V GZ, SX, and ST. Added FPP x32 configuration mode for Arria V GZ only. Updated CvP (PCIe) remote system update support information. Added HPS external memory performance information. Updated template.
October 2012	3.0	 Added Arria V GZ information. Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 14, Table 15, Table 16, Table 17, Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, and Table 21. Added the "Arria V GZ" section. Added Table 8, Table 9 and Table 22.

