# E·XFL

## Intel - 5ASXFB5G6F35C6N Datasheet



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Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

**Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)** refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

#### What are Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)?

**System On Chip (SoC)** integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions. SoCs combine a central

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	Dual ARM <sup>®</sup> Cortex <sup>®</sup> -A9 MPCore <sup>™</sup> with CoreSight <sup>™</sup>
Flash Size	-
RAM Size	64КВ
Peripherals	DMA, POR, WDT
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I <sup>2</sup> C, MMC/SD/SDIO, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Speed	700MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 462K Logic Elements
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA, FC (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5asxfb5g6f35c6n

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Advantage	Supporting Feature
Lowest system cost	<ul> <li>Requires as few as four power supplies to operate</li> <li>Available in thermal composite flip chip ball-grid array (BGA) packaging</li> <li>Includes innovative features such as Configuration via Protocol (CvP), partial reconfiguration, and design security</li> </ul>

# Summary of Arria V Features

# Table 2: Summary of Features for Arria V Devices

Feature	Description
Technology	TSMC's 28-nm process technology:
	<ul> <li>Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST—28-nm low power (28LP) process</li> <li>Arria V GZ—28-nm high performance (28HP) process</li> <li>Lowest static power in its class (less than 1.2 W for 500K logic elements (LEs) at 85°C junction under typical conditions)</li> <li>0.85 W 1.1 W or 1.15 W core pominel voltage</li> </ul>
	0.85 V, 1.1 V, or 1.15 V core nominal voltage
Packaging	<ul> <li>Thermal composite flip chip BGA packaging</li> <li>Multiple device densities with identical package footprints for seamless migration between different device densities</li> <li>Leaded<sup>(1)</sup>, lead-free (Pb-free), and RoHS-compliant options</li> </ul>
High-performance	Enhanced 8-input ALM with four registers
FPGA fabric	• Improved routing architecture to reduce congestion and improve compilation time
Internal memory blocks	• M10K—10-kilobits (Kb) memory blocks with soft error correction code (ECC) ( Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices only)
	• M20K—20-Kb memory blocks with hard ECC (Arria V GZ devices only)
	• Memory logic array block (MLAB)-640-bit distributed LUTRAM where you can use up to 50% of the ALMs as MLAB memory

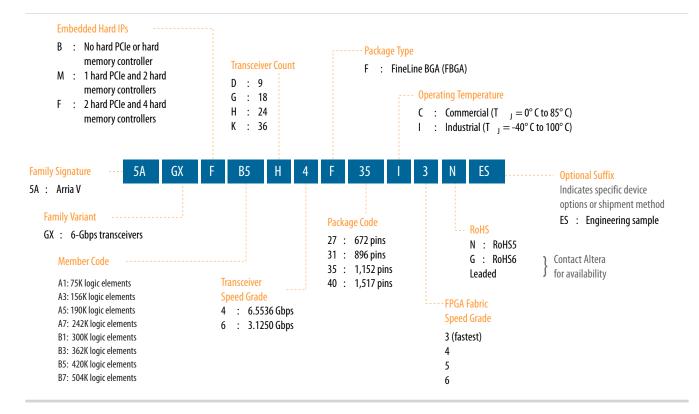




<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Contact Altera for availability.

# **Available Options**

#### Figure 1: Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Arria V GX Devices



#### **Maximum Resources**

#### Table 4: Maximum Resource Counts for Arria V GX Devices

Poro	Resource				Me	mber Code			
heso	urce	A1	A3	A5	A7	B1	B3	B5	B7
Logic I (LE) (H	Elements K)	75	156	190	242	300	362	420	504
ALM		28,302	58,900	71,698	91,680	113,208	136,880	158,491	190,240
Registe	er	113,208	235,600	286,792	366,720	452,832	547,520	633,964	760,960
Mem	M10K	8,000	10,510	11,800	13,660	15,100	17,260	20,540	24,140
ory (Kb)	MLAB	463	961	1,173	1,448	1,852	2,098	2,532	2,906
Variab precisi Block	on DSP	240	396	600	800	920	1,045	1,092	1,156
18 x 18 Multip		480	792	1,200	1,600	1,840	2,090	2,184	2,312
PLL		10	10	12	12	12	12	16	16

**Arria V Device Overview** 



Poso	Resource				Me	mber Code			
nesc	uice	A1	A3	A5	A7	B1	B3	B5	B7
6 Gbps Transc		9	9	24	24	24	24	36	36
GPIO <sup>(</sup>	3)	416	416	544	544	704	704	704	704
LVD S	Transmi tter	67	67	120	120	160	160	160	160
3	Receiver	80	80	136	136	176	176	176	176
PCIe H Block	Hard IP	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Hard I Contro	Memory oller	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4

#### **Related Information**

# High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces and DPA in Arria V Devices chapter, Arria V Device Handbook

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

# Package Plan

### Table 5: Package Plan for Arria V GX Devices

Member Code		72 mm)		F896 (31 mm)		F1152 (35 mm)		F1517 (40 mm)	
	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	
A1	336	9	416	9				_	
A3	336	9	416	9	—	—	_		
A5	336	9	384	18	544	24			
A7	336	9	384	18	544	24	—		
B1	_	_	384	18	544	24	704	24	
B3	—	—	384	18	544	24	704	24	
B5	_	—	_	_	544	24	704	36	
B7	_	—	_	—	544	24	704	36	

# Arria V GT

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Arria V GT devices.

Arria V Device Overview



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(3)</sup> The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Quartus<sup>®</sup> Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

Beco	Resource		Member Code						
Neso		С3	С7	D3	D7				
Transceiver	6 Gbps <sup>(4)</sup>	3 (9)	6 (24)	6 (24)	6 (36)				
Tanscerver	10 Gbps <sup>(5)</sup>	4	12	12	20				
GPIO <sup>(6)</sup>		416	544	704	704				
LVDS	Transmitter	68	120	160	160				
LVD3	Receiver	80	136	176	176				
PCIe Hard IP	PCIe Hard IP Block		2	2	2				
Hard Memor	y Controller	2	4	4	4				

#### **Related Information**

High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces and DPA in Arria V Devices chapter, Arria V Device Handbook

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

• **Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices** Describes 10 Gbps channels usage conditions and SFF-8431 compliance requirements.

# Package Plan

Memb		F672 (27 mm)		F896 (31 mm)		F1152 (35 mm)		F1517 (40 mm)				
er Code		ХС	VR		ХС	VR		ХС	VR		)	KCVR
	GPIO	6- Gbps	10- Gbps	GPIO	6- Gbps	10- Gbps	GPIO	6- Gbps	10- Gbps	GPIO	6- Gbps	10-Gbps
C3	336	3 (9)	4	416	3 (9)	4	_	_	_	—	_	_
C7	_	_	_	384	6 (18)	8	544	6 (24)	12	—	_	—
D3	_	_	_	384	6 (18)	8	544	6 (24)	12	704	6 (24)	12
D7							544	6 (24)	12	704	6 (36)	20

## Table 7: Package Plan for Arria V GT Devices

The 6-Gbps transceiver counts are for dedicated 6-Gbps channels. You can also configure any pair of 10-Gbps channels as three 6-Gbps channels—the total number of 6-Gbps channels are shown in brackets. For example, you can also configure the Arria V GT D7 device in the F1517 package with nine 6-Gbps



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(4)</sup> The 6 Gbps transceiver counts are for dedicated 6-Gbps channels. You can also configure any pair of 10 Gbps channels as three 6 Gbps channels-the total number of 6 Gbps channels are shown in brackets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(5)</sup> Chip-to-chip connections only. For 10 Gbps channel usage conditions, refer to the Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices chapter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(6)</sup> The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

#### 10 Arria V GZ

and eighteen 10-Gbps, twelve 6-Gbps and sixteen 10-Gbps, fifteen 6-Gbps and fourteen 10-Gbps, or up to thirty-six 6-Gbps with no 10-Gbps channels.

# Arria V GZ

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Arria V GZ devices.

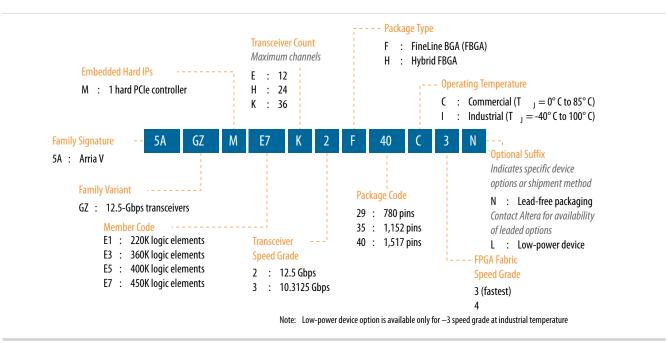
The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Altera Product Selector.

#### **Related Information**

#### **Altera Product Selector**

Provides the latest information about Altera products.

## **Available Options**



## Figure 3: Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Arria V GZ Devices

#### **Maximum Resources**

#### Table 8: Maximum Resource Counts for Arria V GZ Devices

Resource	Member Code						
nesource	E1	E3	E5	E7			
Logic Elements (LE) (K)	220	360	400	450			
ALM	83,020	135,840	150,960	169,800			
Register	332,080	543,360	603,840	679,200			

Arria V Device Overview



Porc	Resource		Μ	ember Code	
nesc	Juice	E1	E3	E5	E7
Memory	M20K	11,700	19,140	28,800	34,000
(Kb)	MLAB	2,594	4,245	4,718	5,306
Variable-prec	cision DSP Block	800	1,044	1,092	1,139
18 x 18 Multi	18 x 18 Multiplier		2,088	2,184	2,278
PLL		20	20	24	24
12.5 Gbps Tr	ansceiver	24	24	36	36
GPIO <sup>(7)</sup>		414	414	674	674
LVDS	Transmitter		99	166	166
	Receiver		108	168	168
PCIe Hard IF	9 Block	1	1	1	1

# **Related Information**

High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces and DPA in Arria V Devices chapter, Arria V Device Handbook

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

# Package Plan

## Table 9: Package Plan for Arria V GZ Devices

Member Code	H780 (33 mm)			152 mm)	F1517 (40 mm)		
	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	
E1	342	12	414	24	—	_	
E3	342	12	414	24	—	—	
E5			534	24	674	36	
E7			534	24	674	36	

# Arria V SX

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Arria V SX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Altera Product Selector.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(7)</sup> The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

#### 12 Available Options

### **Related Information**

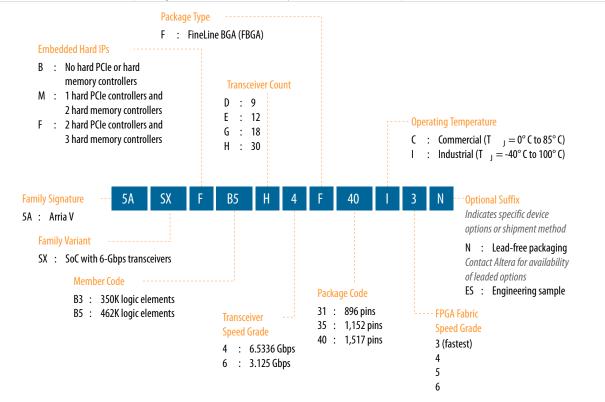
Altera Product Selector

Provides the latest information about Altera products.

# **Available Options**

# Figure 4: Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Arria V SX Devices

The –3 FPGA fabric speed grade is available only for industrial temperature devices.



# **Maximum Resources**

# Table 10: Maximum Resource Counts for Arria V SX Devices

Poss	ource	Member Code				
nesc		B3	B5			
Logic Elements (LE)	(K)	350	462			
ALM		132,075	174,340			
Register		528,300	697,360			
Momory (Kb)	M10K	17,290	22,820			
Memory (KD)	Memory (Kb) MLAB		2,658			
Variable-precision D	Variable-precision DSP Block		1,090			
18 x 18 Multiplier		1,618	2,180			

Arria V Device Overview



# I/O Vertical Migration for Arria V Devices

#### Figure 6: Vertical Migration Capability Across Arria V Device Packages and Densities

The arrows indicate the vertical migration paths. Some packages have several migration paths. The devices included in each vertical migration path are shaded. You can also migrate your design across device densities in the same package option if the devices have the same dedicated pins, configuration pins, and power pins.

Madant	Member			Package				
Variant	Code	F67.	2	F780	F896	F 1152	F1517	
	A1					<b>^</b>		
	A3							
	A5					<b>•</b>		
Arria V GX	A7	V						
	B1						<b>•</b>	
	B3							
	B5							
	B7							
	C3		•					
Arria V GT	С7							
Alla V GI	D3				•			
	D7					•	•	
	E1					<b>↑</b>		
Arria V GZ	E3			•				
Allia V GZ	E5						<b>•</b>	
	E7					•		
Arria V SX	B3					<b>↑</b>		
	B5							
Arria V ST	D3							
AIIId V SI	D5					•		

You can achieve the vertical migration shaded in red if you use only up to 320 GPIOs, up to nine 6 Gbps transceiver channels, and up to four 10 Gbps transceiver (for Arria V GT devices). This migration path is not shown in the Quartus Prime software Pin Migration View.

- **Note:** To verify the pin migration compatibility, use the Pin Migration View window in the Quartus Prime software Pin Planner.
- **Note:** Except for Arria V GX A5 and A7, and Arria V GT C7 devices, all other Arria V GX and GT devices require a specific power-up sequence. If you plan to migrate your design from Arria V GX A5 and A7, and Arria V GT C7 devices to other Arria V devices, your design must adhere to the same required power-up sequence.

**Arria V Device Overview** 



# Variable-Precision DSP Block

Arria V devices feature a variable-precision DSP block that supports these features:

- Configurable to support signal processing precisions ranging from 9 x 9, 18 x 18, 27 x 27, and 36 x 36 bits natively
- A 64-bit accumulator
- Double accumulator
- A hard preadder that is available in both 18- and 27-bit modes
- Cascaded output adders for efficient systolic finite impulse response (FIR) filters
- Dynamic coefficients
- 18-bit internal coefficient register banks
- Enhanced independent multiplier operation
- Efficient support for single-precision floating point arithmetic
- The inferability of all modes by the Quartus Prime design software

#### Table 14: Variable-Precision DSP Block Configurations for Arria V Devices

Usage Example	Multiplier Size (Bit)	DSP Block Resource
Low precision fixed point for video applications	Three 9 x 9	1
Medium precision fixed point in FIR filters	Two 18 x 18	1
FIR filters	Two 18 x 18 with accumulate	1
Single-precision floating- point implementations	One 27 x 27	1
Very high precision fixed point implementations	One 36 x 36	2

You can configure each DSP block during compilation as independent three  $9 \ge 9$ , two  $18 \ge 18$ , or one 27  $\ge 27$  multipliers. Using two DSP block resources, you can also configure a  $36 \ge 36$  multiplier for high-precision applications. With a dedicated 64 bit cascade bus, you can cascade multiple variable-precision DSP blocks to implement even higher precision DSP functions efficiently.

Arria V Device Overview



		М20К		М10К		MLAB		
Variant	Membe r Code	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Total RAM Bit (Kb)
Arria V ST	D3	_	_	1,729	17,290	3223	2,014	19,304
	D5			2,282	22,820	4253	2,658	25,478

# **Embedded Memory Configurations**

## Table 17: Supported Embedded Memory Block Configurations for Arria V Devices

This table lists the maximum configurations supported for the embedded memory blocks. The information is applicable only to the single-port RAM and ROM modes.

Memory Block	Depth (bits)	Programmable Width
MLAB	32	x16, x18, or x20
MLAD		x10
	512	x40
	1K	x20
M20K	2K	x10
WIZOK	4K	x5
	8K	x2
	16K	x1
	256	x40 or x32
	512	x20 or x16
M10K	1K	x10 or x8
WITCH	2K	x5 or x4
	4K	x2
	8K	x1

# **Clock Networks and PLL Clock Sources**

650 MHz Arria V devices have 16 global clock networks capable of up to operation. The clock network architecture is based on Altera's global, quadrant, and peripheral clock structure. This clock structure is supported by dedicated clock input pins and fractional PLLs.

**Note:** To reduce power consumption, the Quartus Prime software identifies all unused sections of the clock network and powers them down.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(11)</sup> Available for Arria V GZ devices only.

#### **PLL Features**

The PLLs in the Arria V devices support the following features:

- Frequency synthesis
- On-chip clock deskew
- Jitter attenuation
- Counter reconfiguration
- Programmable output clock duty cycles
- PLL cascading
- Reference clock switchover
- Programmable bandwidth
- Dynamic phase shift
- Zero delay buffers

### **Fractional PLL**

In addition to integer PLLs, the Arria V devices use a fractional PLL architecture. The devices have up to 16 PLLs, each with 18 output counters. One fractional PLL can use up to 18 output counters and two adjacent fractional PLLs share the 18 output counters. You can use the output counters to reduce PLL usage in two ways:

- Reduce the number of oscillators that are required on your board by using fractional PLLs
- Reduce the number of clock pins that are used in the device by synthesizing multiple clock frequencies from a single reference clock source

If you use the fractional PLL mode, you can use the PLLs for precision fractional-N frequency synthesis—removing the need for off-chip reference clock sources in your design.

The transceiver fractional PLLs that are not used by the transceiver I/Os can be used as general purpose fractional PLLs by the FPGA fabric.

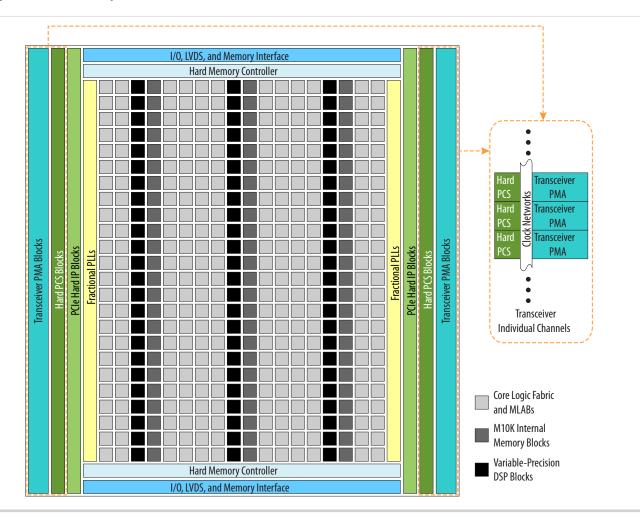
# FPGA General Purpose I/O

Arria V devices offer highly configurable GPIOs. The following list describes the features of the GPIOs:

- Programmable bus hold and weak pull-up
- + LVDS output buffer with programmable differential output voltage (V $_{\rm OD}$  ) and programmable preemphasis
- On-chip parallel termination (R<sub>T</sub> OCT) for all I/O banks with OCT calibration to limit the termination impedance variation
- On-chip dynamic termination that has the ability to swap between series and parallel termination, depending on whether there is read or write on a common bus for signal integrity
- Unused voltage reference ( VREF ) pins that can be configured as user I/Os ( Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST only)
- Easy timing closure support using the hard read FIFO in the input register path, and delay-locked loop (DLL) delay chain with fine and coarse architecture







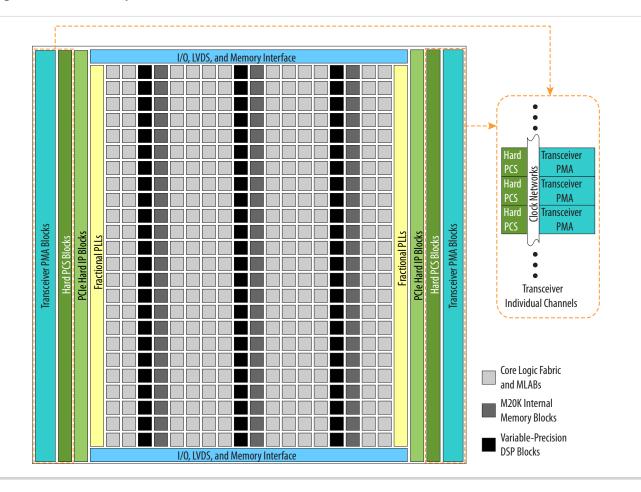
### Figure 9: Device Chip Overview for Arria V GX and GT Devices

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Arria V Device Overview





#### Figure 10: Device Chip Overview for Arria V GZ Devices

Arria V Device Overview



Features	Capability
PLL-based clock recovery	Superior jitter tolerance
Programmable serializer and deserializer (SERDES)	Flexible SERDES width
Equalization and pre-emphasis	<ul> <li>Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices—Up to 14.37 dB of pre-emphasis and up to 4.7 dB of equalization</li> <li>Arria V GZ devices—4-tap pre-emphasis and de-emphasis</li> </ul>
Ring oscillator transmit PLLs	611 Mbps to 10.3125 Gbps
LC oscillator ATX transmit PLLs (Arria V GZ devices only)	600 Mbps to 12.5 Gbps
Input reference clock range	27 MHz to 710 MHz
Transceiver dynamic reconfigu- ration	Allows the reconfiguration of a single channel without affecting the operation of other channels

# **PCS Features**

The Arria V core logic connects to the PCS through an 8, 10, 16, 20, 32, 40, 64, 66, or 67 bit interface, depending on the transceiver data rate and protocol. Arria V devices contain PCS hard IP to support PCIe Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3, GbE, Serial RapidIO (SRIO), GPON, and CPRI.

All other standard and proprietary protocols within the following speed ranges are also supported:

- 611 Mbps to 6.5536 Gbps—supported through the custom double-width mode (up to 6.5536 Gbps) and custom single-width mode (up to 3.75 Gbps) of the transceiver PCS hard IP.
- 6.5536 Gbps to 10.3125 Gbps—supported through dedicated 80 or 64 bit interface that bypass the PCS hard IP and connects the PMA directly to the core logic. In Arria V GZ, this is supported in the transceiver PCS hard IP.

# Table 21: Transceiver PCS Features for Arria V GX, GT, ST, and SX Devices

PCS Support <sup>(13)</sup>	Data Rates (Gbps)	Transmitter Data Path Feature	Receiver Data Path Feature
Custom single- and double-width modes	0.611 to ~6.5536	<ul> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>Byte serializer</li> <li>8B/10B encoder</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Word aligner</li><li>8B/10B decoder</li></ul>
SRIO	1.25 to 6.25		• Byte deserializer
Serial ATA	1.5, 3.0, 6.0		Phase compensation FIFO

Arria V Device Overview



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(13)</sup> Data rates above 6.5536 Gbps up to 10.3125 Gbps, such as 10GBASE-R, are supported through the soft PCS.

PCS Features

PCS Support <sup>(13)</sup>	Data Rates (Gbps)	Transmitter Data Path Feature	Receiver Data Path Feature
PCIe Gen1 (x1, x2, x4, x8) PCIe Gen2 <sup>(14)</sup> (x1, x2, x4)	2.5 and 5.0	<ul> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>Byte serializer</li> <li>8B/10B encoder</li> <li>PIPE 2.0 interface to the core logic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Word aligner</li> <li>8B/10B decoder</li> <li>Byte deserializer</li> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>Rate match FIFO</li> <li>PIPE 2.0 interface to the core logic</li> </ul>
GbE	1.25	<ul> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>Byte serializer</li> <li>8B/10B encoder</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Word aligner</li> <li>8B/10B decoder</li> <li>Byte deserializer</li> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>Rate match FIFO</li> </ul>
XAUI <sup>(15)</sup>	3.125	<ul> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>Byte serializer</li> <li>8B/10B encoder</li> <li>XAUI state machine for bonding four channels</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Word aligner</li> <li>8B/10B decoder</li> <li>Byte deserializer</li> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>XAUI state machine for realigning four channels</li> <li>Deskew FIFO circuitry</li> </ul>
SDI	0.27 <sup>(16)</sup> , 1.485, 2.97	<ul><li> Phase compensation FIFO</li><li> Byte serializer</li></ul>	<ul><li>Byte deserializer</li><li>Phase compensation FIFO</li></ul>
GPON <sup>(17)</sup>	1.25 and 2.5		
CPRI <sup>(18)</sup>	0.6144 to 6.144	<ul> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>Byte serializer</li> <li>8B/10B encoder</li> <li>TX deterministic latency</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Word aligner</li> <li>8B/10B decoder</li> <li>Byte deserializer</li> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>RX deterministic latency</li> </ul>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(13)</sup> Data rates above 6.5536 Gbps up to 10.3125 Gbps, such as 10GBASE-R, are supported through the soft PCS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(14)</sup> PCIe Gen2 is supported only through the PCIe hard IP.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(15)</sup> XAUI is supported through the soft PCS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(16)</sup> The 0.27 Gbps data rate is supported using oversampling user logic that you must implement in the FPGA fabric.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(17)</sup> The GPON standard does not support burst mode.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(18)</sup> CPRI data rates above 6.5536 Gbps, such as 9.8304 Gbps, are supported through the soft PCS.

# Table 22: Transceiver PCS Features for Arria V GZ Devices

Protocol	Data Rates (Gbps)	Transmitter Data Path Features	Receiver Data Path Features
Custom PHY GPON Custom 10G PHY	0.6 to 9.80 1.25 and 2.5 9.98 to 12.5	<ul> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>Byte serializer</li> <li>8B/10B encoder</li> <li>Bit-slip</li> <li>Channel bonding</li> <li>TX FIFO</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Word aligner</li> <li>Deskew FIFO</li> <li>Rate match FIFO</li> <li>8B/10B decoder</li> <li>Byte deserializer</li> <li>Byte ordering</li> <li>RX FIFO</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>Gear box</li><li>Bit-slip</li></ul>	Gear box
PCIe Gen1 (x1, x2 x4, x8) PCIe Gen2 (x1, x2, x4, x8)	2.5 and 5.0	<ul> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>Byte serializer</li> <li>8B/10B encoder</li> <li>Bit-slip</li> <li>Channel bonding</li> <li>PIPE 2.0 interface to core logic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Word aligner</li> <li>Deskew FIFO</li> <li>Rate match FIFO</li> <li>8B/10B decoder</li> <li>Byte deserializer,</li> <li>Byte ordering</li> <li>PIPE 2.0 interface to core logic</li> </ul>
PCIe Gen3 (x1, x2, x4, x8)	8.0	<ul> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>128B/130B encoder</li> <li>Scrambler</li> <li>Gear box</li> <li>Bit-slip</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Block synchronization</li> <li>Rate match FIFO</li> <li>128B/130B decoder</li> <li>Descrambler</li> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> </ul>
10GbE	10.3125	<ul> <li>TX FIFO</li> <li>64B/66B encoder</li> <li>Scrambler</li> <li>Gear box</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>RX FIFO</li> <li>64B/66B decoder</li> <li>Descrambler</li> <li>Block synchronization</li> <li>Gear box</li> </ul>
Interlaken	3.125 to 12.5	<ul> <li>TX FIFO</li> <li>Frame generator</li> <li>CRC-32 generator</li> <li>Scrambler</li> <li>Disparity generator</li> <li>Gear box</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>RX FIFO</li> <li>Frame generator</li> <li>CRC-32 checker</li> <li>Frame decoder</li> <li>Descrambler</li> <li>Disparity checker</li> <li>Block synchronization</li> <li>Gear box</li> </ul>

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# SoC with HPS

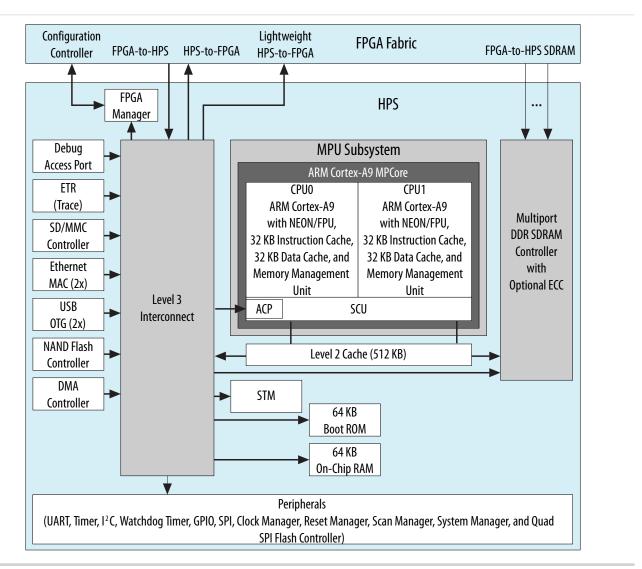
Each SoC combines an FPGA fabric and an HPS in a single device. This combination delivers the flexibility of programmable logic with the power and cost savings of hard IP in these ways:

- Reduces board space, system power, and bill of materials cost by eliminating a discrete embedded processor
- Allows you to differentiate the end product in both hardware and software, and to support virtually any interface standard
- Extends the product life and revenue through in-field hardware and software updates

# **HPS Features**

The HPS consists of a dual-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor, a rich set of peripherals, and a shared multiport SDRAM memory controller, as shown in the following figure.

# Figure 12: HPS with Dual-Core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore Processor





You can configure the FPGA fabric and boot the HPS independently, in any order, providing you with more design flexibility:

- You can boot the HPS independently. After the HPS is running, the HPS can fully or partially reconfigure the FPGA fabric at any time under software control. The HPS can also configure other FPGAs on the board through the FPGA configuration controller.
- You can power up both the HPS and the FPGA fabric together, configure the FPGA fabric first, and then boot the HPS from memory accessible to the FPGA fabric.

**Note:** Although the FPGA fabric and HPS are on separate power domains, the HPS must remain powered up during operation while the FPGA fabric can be powered up or down as required.

### **Related Information**

• Arria V GT, GX, ST, and SX Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines

Provides detailed information about power supply pin connection guidelines and power regulator sharing.

• Arria V GZ Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines Provides detailed information about power supply pin connection guidelines and power regulator sharing.

# Hardware and Software Development

For hardware development, you can configure the HPS and connect your soft logic in the FPGA fabric to the HPS interfaces using the Qsys system integration tool in the Quartus Prime software.

For software development, the ARM-based SoC devices inherit the rich software development ecosystem available for the ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor. The software development process for Altera SoCs follows the same steps as those for other SoC devices from other manufacturers. Support for Linux, VxWorks<sup>®</sup>, and other operating systems is available for the SoCs. For more information on the operating systems support availability, contact the Altera sales team.

You can begin device-specific firmware and software development on the Altera SoC Virtual Target. The Virtual Target is a fast PC-based functional simulation of a target development system—a model of a complete development board that runs on a PC. The Virtual Target enables the development of device-specific production software that can run unmodified on actual hardware.

## **Related Information**

Altera Worldwide Sales Support

# **Dynamic and Partial Reconfiguration**

The Arria V devices support dynamic reconfiguration and partial reconfiguration.

# **Dynamic Reconfiguration**

The dynamic reconfiguration feature allows you to dynamically change the transceiver data rates, PMA settings, or protocols of a channel, without affecting data transfer on adjacent channels. This feature is ideal for applications that require on-the-fly multiprotocol or multirate support. You can reconfigure the PMA, PCS, and PCIe hard IP blocks with dynamic reconfiguration.

Arria V Device Overview



Altera Corporation

Mode	Data Width	Max Clock Rate (MHz)	Max Data [ Rate (Mbps)	Decompressio	Design Security F	Partial econfiguratio (20)	Remote System Update
	8 bits	125	_	Yes	Yes	_	
FPP	16 bits	125	_	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>(21)</sup>	Parallel flash loader
	32 bits <sup>(22)</sup>	100	_	Yes	Yes	_	
CvP (PCIe)	x1, x2, x4, and x8 lanes			Yes	Yes	Yes	_
JTAG	1 bit	33	33	—		_	
Configuration	16 bits	125	_	Yes	Yes	Yes (21)	Parallel flash loader
via HPS	32 bits	100	_	Yes	Yes	—	r araner nash loader

Instead of using an external flash or ROM, you can configure the Arria V devices through PCIe using CvP. The CvP mode offers the fastest configuration rate and flexibility with the easy-to-use PCIe hard IP block interface. The Arria V CvP implementation conforms to the PCIe 100 ms power-up-to-active time requirement.

**Note:** Although Arria V GZ devices support PCIe Gen3, you can use only PCIe Gen1 and PCIe Gen2 for CvP configuration scheme.

#### **Related Information**

**Configuration via Protocol (CvP) Implementation in Altera FPGAs User Guide** Provides more information about CvP.

# **Power Management**

Leveraging the FPGA architectural features, process technology advancements, and transceivers that are designed for power efficiency, the Arria V devices consume less power than previous generation Arria V FPGAs:

- Total device core power consumption—less by up to 50%.
- Transceiver channel power consumption—less by up to 50%.

Additionally, Arria V devices contain several hard IP blocks, including PCIe Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3, GbE, SRIO, GPON, and CPRI protocols, that reduce logic resources and deliver substantial power savings of up to 25% less power than equivalent soft implementations.

Arria V Device Overview

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(20)</sup> Partial reconfiguration is an advanced feature of the device family. If you are interested in using partial reconfiguration, contact Altera for support.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(21)</sup> Supported at a maximum clock rate of 62.5 MHz.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(22)</sup> Arria V GZ only

Date	Version	Changes
July 2012	2.1	<ul> <li>Added –13 speed grade to Figure 1 for Arria V GX devices.</li> <li>Updated the 6-Gbps transceiver speed from 6.553 Gbps to 6.5536 Gbps in Figure 3 and Figure 1.</li> </ul>
June 2012	2.0	<ul> <li>Restructured the document.</li> <li>Added the "Embedded Memory Capacity" and "Embedded Memory Configurations" sections.</li> <li>Added Table 1, Table 3, Table 12, Table 15, and Table 16.</li> <li>Updated Table 2, Table 4, Table 5, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 9, Table 10, Table 11, Table 13, Table 14, and Table 19.</li> <li>Updated Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3, Figure 4, and Figure 8.</li> <li>Updated the "FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting" and "Hardware and Software Development" sections.</li> <li>Text edits throughout the document.</li> </ul>
February 2012	1.3	<ul> <li>Updated Table 1–7 and Table 1–8.</li> <li>Updated Figure 1–9 and Figure 1–10.</li> <li>Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
December 2011	1.2	Minor text edits.
November 2011	1.1	<ul> <li>Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–2, Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–6, Table 1–7, Table 1–9, and Table 1–10.</li> <li>Added "SoC FPGA with HPS" section.</li> <li>Updated "Clock Networks and PLL Clock Sources" and "Ordering Information" sections.</li> <li>Updated Figure 1–5.</li> <li>Added Figure 1–6.</li> <li>Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
August 2011	1.0	Initial release.

