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Embedded - System On Chip (SoC): The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC) refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

What are **Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)**?

System On Chip (SoC) integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions. SoCs combine a central

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	Dual ARM® Cortex®-A9 MPCore™ with CoreSight™
Flash Size	-
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	DMA, POR, WDT
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I ² C, MMC/SD/SDIO, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Speed	800MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 462K Logic Elements
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	896-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	896-FBGA, FC (31x31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5asxmb5e4f31c5n

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Advantage	Supporting Feature
Lowest system cost	 Requires as few as four power supplies to operate Available in thermal composite flip chip ball-grid array (BGA) packaging Includes innovative features such as Configuration via Protocol (CvP), partial reconfiguration, and design security

Summary of Arria V Features

Table 2: Summary of Features for Arria V Devices

Feature	Description
Technology	 TSMC's 28-nm process technology: Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST—28-nm low power (28LP) process Arria V GZ—28-nm high performance (28HP) process Lowest static power in its class (less than 1.2 W for 500K logic elements (LEs) at 85°C junction under typical conditions) 0.85 V, 1.1 V, or 1.15 V core nominal voltage
Packaging	 Thermal composite flip chip BGA packaging Multiple device densities with identical package footprints for seamless migration between different device densities Leaded⁽¹⁾, lead-free (Pb-free), and RoHS-compliant options
High-performance FPGA fabric	 Enhanced 8-input ALM with four registers Improved routing architecture to reduce congestion and improve compilation time
Internal memory blocks	 M10K—10-kilobits (Kb) memory blocks with soft error correction code (ECC) (Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices only) M20K—20-Kb memory blocks with hard ECC (Arria V GZ devices only) Memory logic array block (MLAB)-640-bit distributed LUTRAM where you can use up to 50% of the ALMs as MLAB memory

Send Feedback

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Contact Altera for availability.

Feature	Description						
Embedded Hard IP blocks	Memory controller (Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST only) Embedded transceiver I/O	 Native support for up to four signal processing precision levels: Three 9 x 9, two 18 x 18, or one 27 x 27 multiplier in the same variable-precision DSP block One 36 x 36 multiplier using two variable-precision DSP blocks (Arria V GZ devices only) 64-bit accumulator and cascade for systolic finite impulse responses (FIRs) Embedded internal coefficient memory Preadder/subtractor for improved efficiency DDR3 and DDR2 Custom implementation: Arria V GX and SX devices—up to 6.5536 Gbps Arria V GT and ST devices—up to 10.3125 Gbps Arria V GZ devices—up to 12.5 Gbps PCI Express® (PCIe®) Gen2 (x1, x2, or x4) and Gen1 (x1, x2, x4, or x8) hard IP with multifunction support, endpoint, and root port PCIe Gen3 (x1, x2, x4, or x8) support (Arria V GZ only) Gbps Ethernet (GbE) and XAUI physical coding sublayer (PCS) Common Public Radio Interface (CPRI) PCS Gigabit-capable passive optical network (GPON) PCS 10-Gbps Ethernet (10GbE) PCS (Arria V GZ only) Serial RapidIO® (SRIO) PCS Interlaken PCS (Arria V GZ only) 					
Clock networks	 Up to 650 MHz global clock network Global, quadrant, and peripheral clock networks Clock networks that are not used can be powered down to reduce dynamic power 						
Phase-locked loops (PLLs)	 High-resolution fractional PLLs Precision clock synthesis, clock delay compensation, and zero delay buffering (ZDB) Integer mode and fractional mode LC oscillator ATX transmitter PLLs (Arria V GZ only) 						



Feature	Description
FPGA General- purpose I/Os (GPIOs)	 1.6 Gbps LVDS receiver and transmitter 800 MHz/1.6 Gbps external memory interface On-chip termination (OCT) 3.3 V support (2)
External Memory Interface	 Memory interfaces with low latency: Hard memory controller-up to 1.066 Gbps Soft memory controller-up to 1.6 Gbps
Low-power high- speed serial interface	 600 Mbps to 12.5 Gbps integrated transceiver speed Less than 105 mW per channel at 6 Gbps, less than 165 mW per channel at 10 Gbps, and less than 170 mW per channel at 12.5 Gbps Transmit pre-emphasis and receiver equalization Dynamic partial reconfiguration of individual channels Physical medium attachment (PMA) with soft PCS that supports 9.8304 Gbps CPRI (Arria V GT and ST only) PMA with hard PCS that supports up to 9.8 Gbps CPRI (Arria V GZ only) Hard PCS that supports 10GBASE-R and 10GBASE-KR (Arria V GZ only)
HPS (Arria V SX and ST devices only)	 Dual-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor—up to 1.05 GHz maximum frequency with support for symmetric and asymmetric multiprocessing Interface peripherals—10/100/1000 Ethernet media access control (EMAC), USB 2.0 On-The-GO (OTG) controller, quad serial peripheral interface (QSPI) flash controller, NAND flash controller, Secure Digital/MultiMediaCard (SD/MMC) controller, UART, serial peripheral interface (SPI), I2C interface, and up to 85 HPS GPIO interfaces System peripherals—general-purpose timers, watchdog timers, direct memory access (DMA) controller, FPGA configuration manager, and clock and reset managers On-chip RAM and boot ROM HPS-FPGA bridges—include the FPGA-to-HPS, HPS-to-FPGA, and lightweight HPS-to-FPGA bridges that allow the FPGA fabric to issue transactions to slaves in the HPS, and vice versa FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM controller subsystem—provides a configurable interface to the multiport front end (MPFE) of the HPS SDRAM controller ARM CoreSight™ JTAG debug access port, trace port, and on-chip trace storage



 $^{^{(2)}~{\}rm Arria~V~GZ}$ devices support 3.3 V with a 3.0 V ${\rm V}_{\rm CCIO}.$

Feature	Description
Configuration	 Tamper protection-comprehensive design protection to protect your valuable IP investments Enhanced advanced encryption standard (AES) design security features CvP Partial and dynamic reconfiguration of the FPGA Active serial (AS) x1 and x4, passive serial (PS), JTAG, and fast passive parallel (FPP) x8, x16, and x32 (Arria V GZ) configuration options Remote system upgrade

Arria V Device Variants and Packages

Table 3: Device Variants for the Arria V Device Family

Variant	Description
Arria V GX	FPGA with integrated 6.5536 Gbps transceivers that provides bandwidth, cost, and power levels that are optimized for high-volume data and signal-processing applications
Arria V GT	FPGA with integrated 10.3125 Gbps transceivers that provides enhanced high-speed serial I/O bandwidth for cost-sensitive data and signal processing applications
Arria V GZ	FPGA with integrated 12.5 Gbps transceivers that provides enhanced high-speed serial I/O bandwidth for high-performance and cost-sensitive data and signal processing applications
Arria V SX	SoC with integrated ARM-based HPS and 6.5536 Gbps transceivers
Arria V ST	SoC with integrated ARM-based HPS and 10.3125 Gbps transceivers

Arria V GX

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Arria V GX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Altera Product Selector.

Related Information

Altera Product Selector

Provides the latest information about Altera products.



Available Options

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Altera Product Selector.

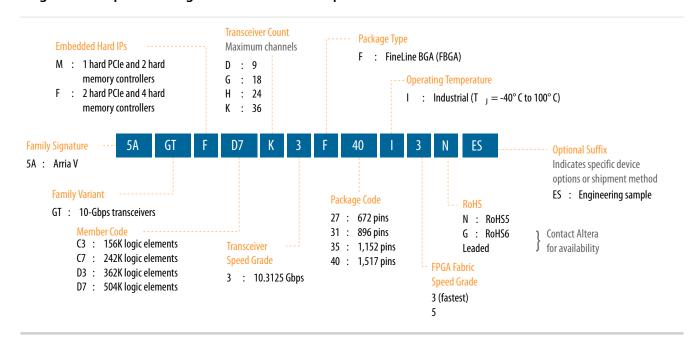
Related Information

Altera Product Selector

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Available Options

Figure 2: Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Arria V GT Devices



Maximum Resources

Table 6: Maximum Resource Counts for Arria V GT Devices

Resource		Member Code				
nes	ouice	C 3	C 7	D3	D7	
Logic Eleme	nts (LE) (K)	156	242	362	504	
ALM	ALM		91,680	136,880	190,240	
Register	Register		366,720	547,520	760,960	
Memory	M10K	10,510	13,660	17,260	24,140	
(Kb)	MLAB	961	1,448	2,098	2,906	
Variable-pre	Variable-precision DSP Block		800	1,045	1,156	
18 x 18 Multiplier		792	1,600	2,090	2,312	
PLL		10	12	12	16	



Resource		Member Code					
Neso	ui ce	C 3	C 7	D3	D7		
Transceiver	6 Gbps ⁽⁴⁾	3 (9)	6 (24)	6 (24)	6 (36)		
Transcerver	10 Gbps ⁽⁵⁾	4	12	12	20		
GPIO ⁽⁶⁾	GPIO ⁽⁶⁾		544	704	704		
LVDS	Transmitter	68	120	160	160		
LVD3	Receiver	80	136	176	176		
PCIe Hard IP Block		1	2	2	2		
Hard Memor	Hard Memory Controller		4	4	4		

 High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces and DPA in Arria V Devices chapter, Arria V Device Handbook

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

• Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices

Describes 10 Gbps channels usage conditions and SFF-8431 compliance requirements.

Package Plan

Table 7: Package Plan for Arria V GT Devices

Memb	F672 (27 mm)		F896 (31 mm)			F1152 (35 mm)			F151 (40 mr			
er Code		ХС	VR		ХС	VR		ХС	VR		2	KCVR
	GPIO	6- Gbps	10- Gbps	GPIO	6- Gbps	10- Gbps	GPIO	6- Gbps	10- Gbps	GPIO	6- Gbps	10-Gbps
C3	336	3 (9)	4	416	3 (9)	4	_	_	_	_	_	_
C7	_	_	_	384	6 (18)	8	544	6 (24)	12	_	_	_
D3	_	_	_	384	6 (18)	8	544	6 (24)	12	704	6 (24)	12
D7	_	_	_	_	_	_	544	6 (24)	12	704	6 (36)	20

The 6-Gbps transceiver counts are for dedicated 6-Gbps channels. You can also configure any pair of 10-Gbps channels as three 6-Gbps channels—the total number of 6-Gbps channels are shown in brackets. For example, you can also configure the Arria V GT D7 device in the F1517 package with nine 6-Gbps



⁽⁴⁾ The 6 Gbps transceiver counts are for dedicated 6-Gbps channels. You can also configure any pair of 10 Gbps channels as three 6 Gbps channels-the total number of 6 Gbps channels are shown in brackets.

⁽⁵⁾ Chip-to-chip connections only. For 10 Gbps channel usage conditions, refer to the Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices chapter.

⁽⁶⁾ The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

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and eighteen 10-Gbps, twelve 6-Gbps and sixteen 10-Gbps, fifteen 6-Gbps and fourteen 10-Gbps, or up to thirty-six 6-Gbps with no 10-Gbps channels.

Arria V GZ

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Arria V GZ devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Altera Product Selector.

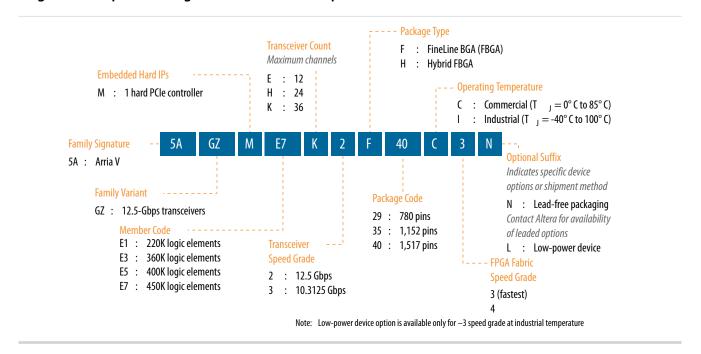
Related Information

Altera Product Selector

Provides the latest information about Altera products.

Available Options

Figure 3: Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Arria V GZ Devices



Maximum Resources

Table 8: Maximum Resource Counts for Arria V GZ Devices

Resource	Member Code					
nesource	E1	E 3	E 5	E 7		
Logic Elements (LE) (K)	220	360	400	450		
ALM	83,020	135,840	150,960	169,800		
Register	332,080	543,360	603,840	679,200		



Poss	ource	Member Code			
neso	ruice	В3	B5		
FPGA PLL		14	14		
HPS PLL		3	3		
6 Gbps Transceiver		30	30		
FPGA GPIO ⁽⁸⁾	FPGA GPIO ⁽⁸⁾		PGA GPIO ⁽⁸⁾		540
HPS I/O	HPS I/O		IPS I/O		208
LVDS	Transmitter	120	120		
LVDS	Receiver	136	136		
PCIe Hard IP Block	PCIe Hard IP Block		PCIe Hard IP Block		2
FPGA Hard Memory	FPGA Hard Memory Controller		3		
HPS Hard Memory Controller		1	1		
ARM Cortex-A9 MP	RM Cortex-A9 MPCore Processor		Dual-core		

High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces and DPA in Arria V Devices chapter, Arria V Device Handbook

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

Package Plan

Table 11: Package Plan for Arria V SX Devices

The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.

	F896				F1152		F1517		
Member Code	(31 mm)			(35 mm)			(40 mm)		
Code	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR
В3	250	208	12	385	208	18	540	208	30
B5	250	208	12	385	208	18	540	208	30

Arria V ST

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Arria V ST devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Altera Product Selector.



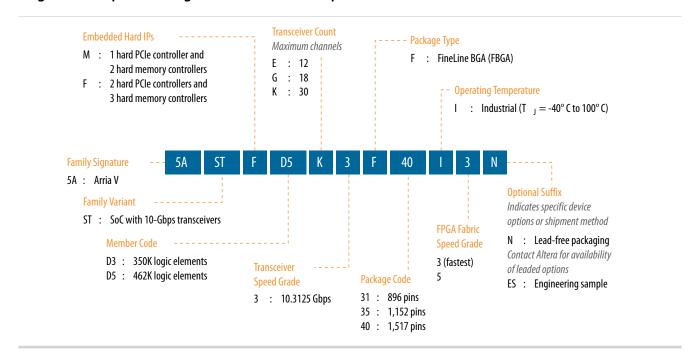
⁽⁸⁾ The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

Altera Product Selector

Provides the latest information about Altera products.

Available Options

Figure 5: Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Arria V ST Devices



Maximum Resources

Table 12: Maximum Resource Counts for Arria V ST Devices

Reso	LINEO	Member Code			
Reso	ource	D3	D5		
Logic Elements (LE)	(K)	350	462		
ALM		132,075	174,340		
Register		528,300	697,360		
Memory (Kb)	M10K	17,290	22,820		
Memory (Rb)	MLAB	2,014	2,658		
Variable-precision D	SP Block	809	1,090		
18 x 18 Multiplier	3 x 18 Multiplier		2,180		
FPGA PLL	FPGA PLL		14		
HPS PLL	PS PLL		3		
Transceiver	6-Gbps	30	30		
Transcerver	10-Gbps ⁽⁹⁾	16	16		



Poso	ource	Member Code			
neso	raice	D3	D5		
FPGA GPIO ⁽¹⁰⁾		540	540		
HPS I/O		208	208		
LVDS	Transmitter	120	120		
LVD3	Receiver	136	136		
PCIe Hard IP Block		2	2		
FPGA Hard Memory	FPGA Hard Memory Controller		3		
HPS Hard Memory C	HPS Hard Memory Controller		PS Hard Memory Controller		1
ARM Cortex-A9 MP	Core Processor	Dual-core	Dual-core		

• High-Speed Differential I/O Interfaces and DPA in Arria V Devices chapter, Arria V Device Handbook

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices
 Describes 10 Gbps channels usage conditions and SFF-8431 compliance requirements.

Package Plan

Table 13: Package Plan for Arria V ST Devices

The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.

Memb	F896 (31 mm)				F1152 (35 mm)			F1517 (40 mm)				
er Code	FPGA	XCVR		FPGA HPS XCVR			TOTAL STATE OF THE			KCVR		
110	GPIO	1/0 60	6 Gbps	10 Gbps	GPIO	1/0	6 Gbps	10 Gbps	GPIO	1/0	6 Gbps	10 Gbps
D3	250	208	12	6	385	208	18	8	540	208	30	16
D5	250	208	12	6	385	208	18	8	540	208	30	16



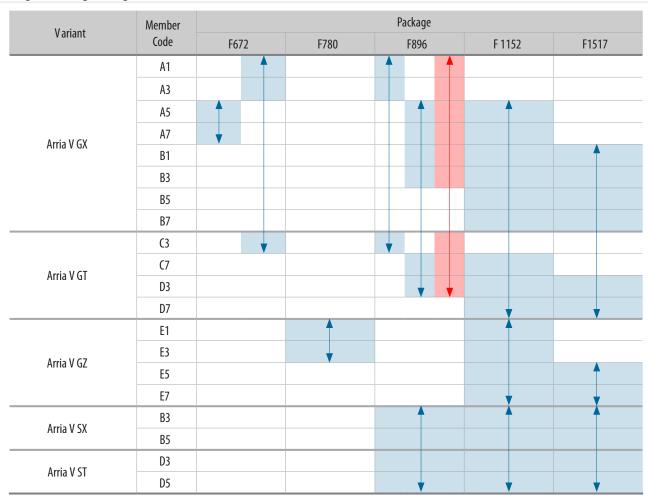
⁽⁹⁾ Chip-to-chip connections only. For 10 Gbps channel usage conditions, refer to the Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices chapter.

⁽¹⁰⁾ The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

I/O Vertical Migration for Arria V Devices

Figure 6: Vertical Migration Capability Across Arria V Device Packages and Densities

The arrows indicate the vertical migration paths. Some packages have several migration paths. The devices included in each vertical migration path are shaded. You can also migrate your design across device densities in the same package option if the devices have the same dedicated pins, configuration pins, and power pins.



You can achieve the vertical migration shaded in red if you use only up to 320 GPIOs, up to nine 6 Gbps transceiver channels, and up to four 10 Gbps transceiver (for Arria V GT devices). This migration path is not shown in the Quartus Prime software Pin Migration View.

Note: To verify the pin migration compatibility, use the Pin Migration View window in the Quartus Prime software Pin Planner.

Note: Except for Arria V GX A5 and A7, and Arria V GT C7 devices, all other Arria V GX and GT devices require a specific power-up sequence. If you plan to migrate your design from Arria V GX A5 and A7, and Arria V GT C7 devices to other Arria V devices, your design must adhere to the same required power-up sequence.



Table 15: Number of Multipliers in Arria V Devices

The table lists the variable-precision DSP resources by bit precision for each Arria V device.

Mem Variant ber		Variable- precision	Independ	ent Input and Ope	18 x 18 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Summed		
Variant	Code	DSP Block	9 x 9 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier	27 x 27 Multiplier	36 x 36 Multiplier	Adder Mode	with 36 bit Input
	A1	240	720	480	240	_	240	240
	A3	396	1,188	792	396	_	396	396
	A5	600	1,800	1,200	600	_	600	600
Arria V	A7	800	2,400	1,600	800	_	800	800
GX	B1	920	2,760	1,840	920	_	920	920
	В3	1,045	3,135	2,090	1,045	_	1,045	1,045
	B5	1,092	3,276	2,184	1,092	_	1,092	1,092
	B7	1,156	3,468	2,312	1,156	_	1,156	1,156
	C3	396	1,188	792	396	_	396	396
Arria V	C7	800	2,400	1,600	800	_	800	800
GT	D3	1,045	3,135	2,090	1,045	_	1,045	1,045
	D7	1,156	3,468	2,312	1,156	_	1,156	1,156
	E1	800	2,400	1,600	800	400	800	800
Arria V	Е3	1,044	3,132	2,088	1,044	522	1,044	1,044
GZ	E5	1,092	3,276	2,184	1,092	546	1,092	1,092
	E7	1,139	3,417	2,278	1,139	569	1,139	1,139
Arria V	В3	809	2,427	1,618	809	_	809	809
SX	B5	1,090	3,270	2,180	1,090	_	1,090	1,090
Arria V	D3	809	2,427	1,618	809	_	809	809
ST	D5	1,090	3,270	2,180	1,090	_	1,090	1,090

Embedded Memory Blocks

The embedded memory blocks in the devices are flexible and designed to provide an optimal amount of small- and large-sized memory arrays to fit your design requirements.



Types of Embedded Memory

The Arria V devices contain two types of memory blocks:

- 20 Kb M20K or 10 Kb M10K blocks—blocks of dedicated memory resources. The M20K and M10K blocks are ideal for larger memory arrays while still providing a large number of independent ports.
- 640 bit memory logic array blocks (MLABs)—enhanced memory blocks that are configured from dual-purpose logic array blocks (LABs). The MLABs are ideal for wide and shallow memory arrays. The MLABs are optimized for implementation of shift registers for digital signal processing (DSP) applications, wide shallow FIFO buffers, and filter delay lines. Each MLAB is made up of ten adaptive logic modules (ALMs). In the Arria V devices, you can configure these ALMs as ten 32 x 2 blocks, giving you one 32 x 20 simple dual-port SRAM block per MLAB. You can also configure these ALMs, in Arria V GZ devices, as ten 64 x 1 blocks, giving you one 64 x 10 simple dual-port SRAM block per MLAB.

Embedded Memory Capacity in Arria V Devices

Table 16: Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Arria V Devices

		M20K		M10K		ML	.AB	
Variant	Membe r Code	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Total RAM Bit (Kb)
	A1	_	_	800	8,000	741	463	8,463
	A3	_	_	1,051	10,510	1538	961	11,471
	A5	_	_	1,180	11,800	1877	1,173	12,973
Arria V GX	A7	_	_	1,366	13,660	2317	1,448	15,108
Allia V GA	B1	_	_	1,510	15,100	2964	1,852	16,952
	В3	_	_	1,726	17,260	3357	2,098	19,358
	B5	_	_	2,054	20,540	4052	2,532	23,072
	В7	_	_	2,414	24,140	4650	2,906	27,046
	C3	_	_	1,051	10,510	1538	961	11,471
Arria V GT	C7	_	_	1,366	13,660	2317	1,448	15,108
Allia V GI	D3	_	_	1,726	17,260	3357	2,098	19,358
	D7	_	_	2,414	24,140	4650	2,906	27,046
	E1	585	11,700	_	_	4,151	2,594	14,294
Arria V GZ	E3	957	19,140	_	_	6,792	4,245	23,385
Allia V GZ	E5	1,440	28,800	_	_	7,548	4,718	33,518
	E7	1,700	34,000	_	_	8,490	5,306	39,306
Arria V SX	В3	_	_	1,729	17,290	3223	2,014	19,304
Allia v SA	B5	_	_	2,282	22,820	4253	2,658	25,478



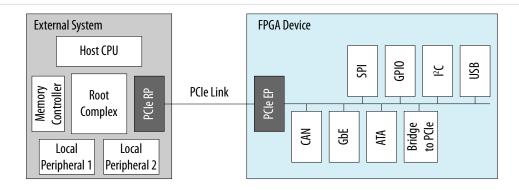
PCIe Gen1, Gen2, and Gen 3 Hard IP

Arria V devices contain PCIe hard IP that is designed for performance and ease-of-use. The PCIe hard IP consists of the MAC, data link, and transaction layers.

The PCIe hard IP supports PCIe Gen3, Gen 2, and Gen 1 end point and root port for up to x8 lane configuration.

The PCIe endpoint support includes multifunction support for up to eight functions, as shown in the following figure. The integrated multifunction support reduces the FPGA logic requirements by up to 20,000 LEs for PCIe designs that require multiple peripherals.

Figure 8: PCIe Multifunction for Arria V Devices



The Arria V PCIe hard IP operates independently from the core logic. This independent operation allows the PCIe link to wake up and complete link training in less than 100 ms while the Arria V device completes loading the programming file for the rest of the device.

In addition, the PCIe hard IP in the Arria V device provides improved end-to-end datapath protection using ECC.

External Memory Interface

This section provides an overview of the external memory interface in Arria V devices.

Hard and Soft Memory Controllers

Arria V GX,GT, SX, and ST devices support up to four hard memory controllers for DDR3 and DDR2 SDRAM devices. Each controller supports 8 to 32 bit components of up to 4 gigabits (Gb) in density with two chip selects and optional ECC. For the Arria V SoC devices, an additional hard memory controller in the HPS supports DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 SDRAM devices.

All Arria V devices support soft memory controllers for DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 SDRAM devices, QDR II+, QDR II, and DDR II+ SRAM devices, and RLDRAM II devices for maximum flexibility.

Note: DDR3 SDRAM leveling is supported only in Arria V GZ devices.



External Memory Interface Spec Estimator

For the latest information and to estimate the external memory system performance specification, use Altera's External Memory Interface Spec Estimator tool.

Low-Power Serial Transceivers

Arria V devices deliver the industry's lowest power consumption per transceiver channel:

- 12.5 Gbps transceivers at less than 170 mW
- 10 Gbps transceivers at less than 165 mW
- 6 Gbps transceivers at less than 105 mW

Arria V transceivers are designed to be compliant with a wide range of protocols and data rates.

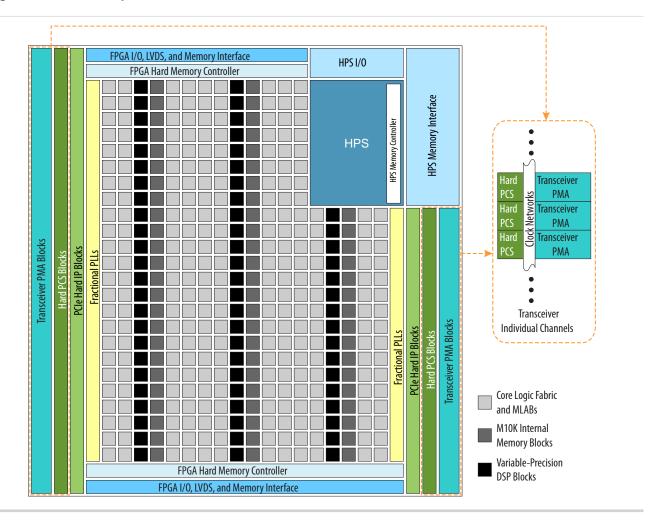
Transceiver Channels

The transceivers are positioned on the left and right outer edges of the device. The transceiver channels consist of the physical medium attachment (PMA), physical coding sublayer (PCS), and clock networks.

The following figures are graphical representations of a top view of the silicon die, which corresponds to a reverse view for flip chip packages. Different Arria V devices may have different floorplans than the ones shown in the figures.



Figure 11: Device Chip Overview for Arria V SX and ST Devices



PMA Features

To prevent core and I/O noise from coupling into the transceivers, the PMA block is isolated from the rest of the chip—ensuring optimal signal integrity. For the transceivers, you can use the channel PLL of an unused receiver PMA as an additional transmit PLL.

Table 20: PMA Features of the Transceivers in Arria V Devices

Features	Capability
Backplane support	 Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices—Driving capability at 6.5536 Gbps with up to 25 dB channel loss Arria V GZ devices—Driving capability at 12.5 Gbps with up to 16 dB channel loss
Chip-to-chip support	 Arria V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices—Up to 10.3125 Gbps Arria V GZ devices—Up to 12.5 Gbps



You can configure the FPGA fabric and boot the HPS independently, in any order, providing you with more design flexibility:

- You can boot the HPS independently. After the HPS is running, the HPS can fully or partially reconfigure the FPGA fabric at any time under software control. The HPS can also configure other FPGAs on the board through the FPGA configuration controller.
- You can power up both the HPS and the FPGA fabric together, configure the FPGA fabric first, and then boot the HPS from memory accessible to the FPGA fabric.

Note: Although the FPGA fabric and HPS are on separate power domains, the HPS must remain powered up during operation while the FPGA fabric can be powered up or down as required.

Related Information

- Arria V GT, GX, ST, and SX Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines
 Provides detailed information about power supply pin connection guidelines and power regulator sharing.
- Arria V GZ Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines
 Provides detailed information about power supply pin connection guidelines and power regulator sharing.

Hardware and Software Development

For hardware development, you can configure the HPS and connect your soft logic in the FPGA fabric to the HPS interfaces using the Qsys system integration tool in the Quartus Prime software.

For software development, the ARM-based SoC devices inherit the rich software development ecosystem available for the ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor. The software development process for Altera SoCs follows the same steps as those for other SoC devices from other manufacturers. Support for Linux, VxWorks®, and other operating systems is available for the SoCs. For more information on the operating systems support availability, contact the Altera sales team.

You can begin device-specific firmware and software development on the Altera SoC Virtual Target. The Virtual Target is a fast PC-based functional simulation of a target development system—a model of a complete development board that runs on a PC. The Virtual Target enables the development of device-specific production software that can run unmodified on actual hardware.

Related Information

Altera Worldwide Sales Support

Dynamic and Partial Reconfiguration

The Arria V devices support dynamic reconfiguration and partial reconfiguration.

Dynamic Reconfiguration

The dynamic reconfiguration feature allows you to dynamically change the transceiver data rates, PMA settings, or protocols of a channel, without affecting data transfer on adjacent channels. This feature is ideal for applications that require on-the-fly multiprotocol or multirate support. You can reconfigure the PMA, PCS, and PCIe hard IP blocks with dynamic reconfiguration.



Mode	Data Width	Max Clock Rate (MHz)	Max Data I Rate (Mbps)	Decompression	Design Security F	Partial econfiguratio (20)	Remote System Update
	8 bits	125	_	Yes	Yes	_	
FPP	16 bits	125	_	Yes	Yes	Yes ⁽²¹⁾	Parallel flash loader
	32 bits ⁽²²⁾	100	_	Yes	Yes	_	
CvP (PCIe)	x1, x2, x4, and x8 lanes	_	_	Yes	Yes	Yes	_
JTAG	1 bit	33	33	_	_	_	_
Configuration via HPS	16 bits	125	_	Yes	Yes	Yes (21)	Parallel flash loader
	32 bits	100	_	Yes	Yes	_	Parallel flash loader

Instead of using an external flash or ROM, you can configure the Arria V devices through PCIe using CvP. The CvP mode offers the fastest configuration rate and flexibility with the easy-to-use PCIe hard IP block interface. The Arria V CvP implementation conforms to the PCIe 100 ms power-up-to-active time requirement.

Note: Although Arria V GZ devices support PCIe Gen3, you can use only PCIe Gen1 and PCIe Gen2 for CvP configuration scheme.

Related Information

Configuration via Protocol (CvP) Implementation in Altera FPGAs User Guide Provides more information about CvP.

Power Management

Leveraging the FPGA architectural features, process technology advancements, and transceivers that are designed for power efficiency, the Arria V devices consume less power than previous generation Arria V FPGAs:

- Total device core power consumption—less by up to 50%.
- Transceiver channel power consumption—less by up to 50%.

Additionally, Arria V devices contain several hard IP blocks, including PCIe Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3, GbE, SRIO, GPON, and CPRI protocols, that reduce logic resources and deliver substantial power savings of up to 25% less power than equivalent soft implementations.



⁽²⁰⁾ Partial reconfiguration is an advanced feature of the device family. If you are interested in using partial reconfiguration, contact Altera for support.

⁽²¹⁾ Supported at a maximum clock rate of 62.5 MHz.

⁽²²⁾ Arria V GZ only

Date	Version	Changes
June 2013	2013.06.03	Removed statements about contacting Altera for SFF-8431 compliance requirements. Refer to the Transceiver Architecture in Arria V Devices chapter for the requirements.
May 2013	2013.05.06	 Moved all links to the Related Information section of respective topics for easy reference. Added link to the known document issues in the Knowledge Base. Updated the available options, maximum resource counts, and per package information for the Arria V SX and ST device variants. Updated the variable DSP multipliers counts for the Arria V SX and ST device variants. Clarified that partial reconfiguration is an advanced feature. Contact Altera for support of the feature. Added footnote to clarify that MLAB 64 bits depth is available only for Arria V GZ devices. Updated description about power-up sequence requirement for device migration to improve clarity.
January 2013	2013.01.11	 Added the L optional suffix to the Arria V GZ ordering code for the – I3 speed grade. Added a note about the power-up sequence requirement if you plan to migrate your design from the Arria V GX A5 and A7, and Arria V GT C7 devices to other Arria V devices.
November 2012	2012.11.19	 Updated the summary of features. Updated Arria V GZ information regarding 3.3 V I/O support. Removed Arria V GZ engineering sample ordering code. Updated the maximum resource counts for Arria V GX and GZ. Updated Arria V ST ordering codes for transceiver count. Updated transceiver counts for Arria V ST packages. Added simplified floorplan diagrams for Arria V GZ, SX, and ST. Added FPP x32 configuration mode for Arria V GZ only. Updated CvP (PCIe) remote system update support information. Added HPS external memory performance information. Updated template.
October 2012	3.0	 Added Arria V GZ information. Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 14, Table 15, Table 16, Table 17, Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, and Table 21. Added the "Arria V GZ" section. Added Table 8, Table 9 and Table 22.



Date	Version	Changes
July 2012	2.1	 Added –I3 speed grade to Figure 1 for Arria V GX devices. Updated the 6-Gbps transceiver speed from 6.553 Gbps to 6.5536 Gbps in Figure 3 and Figure 1.
June 2012	2.0	 Restructured the document. Added the "Embedded Memory Capacity" and "Embedded Memory Configurations" sections. Added Table 1, Table 3, Table 12, Table 15, and Table 16. Updated Table 2, Table 4, Table 5, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 9, Table 10, Table 11, Table 13, Table 14, and Table 19. Updated Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3, Figure 4, and Figure 8. Updated the "FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting" and "Hardware and Software Development" sections. Text edits throughout the document.
February 2012	1.3	 Updated Table 1–7 and Table 1–8. Updated Figure 1–9 and Figure 1–10. Minor text edits.
December 2011	1.2	Minor text edits.
November 2011	1.1	 Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–2, Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–6, Table 1–7, Table 1–9, and Table 1–10. Added "SoC FPGA with HPS" section. Updated "Clock Networks and PLL Clock Sources" and "Ordering Information" sections. Updated Figure 1–5. Added Figure 1–6. Minor text edits.
August 2011	1.0	Initial release.

