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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	CIP-51 8051
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, SMBus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	29
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	1.25K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 20x14b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-UFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	32-QFN (4x4)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm8lb10f16e-a-qfn32r

1. Feature List

The EFM8LB1 device family are fully integrated, mixed-signal system-on-a-chip MCUs. Highlighted features are listed below.

- · Core:
 - · Pipelined CIP-51 Core
 - · Fully compatible with standard 8051 instruction set
 - 70% of instructions execute in 1-2 clock cycles
 - · 72 MHz maximum operating frequency
- · Memory:
 - Up to 64 kB flash memory (63 kB user-accessible), in-system re-programmable from firmware in 512-byte sectors
 - Up to 4352 bytes RAM (including 256 bytes standard 8051 RAM and 4096 bytes on-chip XRAM)
- Power:
 - · Internal LDO regulator for CPU core voltage
 - · Power-on reset circuit and brownout detectors
- I/O: Up to 29 total multifunction I/O pins:
 - · Up to 25 pins 5 V tolerant under bias
 - · Selectable state retention through reset events
 - · Flexible peripheral crossbar for peripheral routing
 - · 5 mA source, 12.5 mA sink allows direct drive of LEDs
- · Clock Sources:
 - Internal 72 MHz oscillator with accuracy of ±2%
 - Internal 24.5 MHz oscillator with ±2% accuracy
 - Internal 80 kHz low-frequency oscillator
 - · External CMOS clock option
 - · External crystal/RC/C Oscillator (up to 25 MHz)

- Analog:
 - 14/12/10-Bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)
 - Internal calibrated temperature sensor (±3 °C)
 - 4 x 12-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converters (DAC)
 - · 2 x Low-current analog comparators with adjustable refer-
- · Communications and Digital Peripherals:
 - · 2 x UART, up to 3 Mbaud
 - SPI™ Master / Slave, up to 12 Mbps
 - SMBus[™]/I2C[™] Master / Slave, up to 400 kbps
 - I²C High-Speed Slave, up to 3.4 Mbps
 - · 16-bit CRC unit, supporting automatic CRC of flash at 256byte boundaries
 - 4 Configurable Logic Units
- · Timers/Counters and PWM:
 - 6-channel Programmable Counter Array (PCA) supporting PWM, capture/compare, and frequency output modes
 - 6 x 16-bit general-purpose timers
 - · Independent watchdog timer, clocked from the low frequency oscillator
- · On-Chip, Non-Intrusive Debugging
 - · Full memory and register inspection
 - Four hardware breakpoints, single-stepping

With on-chip power-on reset, voltage supply monitor, watchdog timer, and clock oscillator, the EFM8LB1 devices are truly standalone system-on-a-chip solutions. The flash memory is reprogrammable in-circuit, providing nonvolatile data storage and allowing field upgrades of the firmware. The on-chip debugging interface (C2) allows non-intrusive (uses no on-chip resources), full speed, in-circuit debugging using the production MCU installed in the final application. This debug logic supports inspection and modification of memory and registers, setting breakpoints, single stepping, and run and halt commands. All analog and digital peripherals are fully functional while debugging. Device operation is specified from 2.2 V up to a 3.6 V supply. Devices are AEC-Q100 qualified (pending) and available in 4x4 mm 32-pin QFN, 3x3 mm 24-pin QFN, 32-pin QFP, or 24-pin QSOP packages. All package options are lead-free and RoHS compliant.

3.8 Reset Sources

Reset circuitry allows the controller to be easily placed in a predefined default condition. On entry to this reset state, the following occur:

- · The core halts program execution.
- Module registers are initialized to their defined reset values unless the bits reset only with a power-on reset.
- · External port pins are forced to a known state.
- Interrupts and timers are disabled.

All registers are reset to the predefined values noted in the register descriptions unless the bits only reset with a power-on reset. The contents of RAM are unaffected during a reset; any previously stored data is preserved as long as power is not lost. By default, the Port I/O latches are reset to 1 in open-drain mode, with weak pullups enabled during and after the reset. Optionally, firmware may configure the port I/O, DAC outputs, and precision reference to maintain state through system resets other than power-on resets. For Supply Monitor and power-on resets, the RSTb pin is driven low until the device exits the reset state. On exit from the reset state, the program counter (PC) is reset, and the system clock defaults to an internal oscillator. The Watchdog Timer is enabled, and program execution begins at location 0x0000.

Reset sources on the device include the following:

- · Power-on reset
- External reset pin
- · Comparator reset
- Software-triggered reset
- · Supply monitor reset (monitors VDD supply)
- · Watchdog timer reset
- · Missing clock detector reset
- · Flash error reset

3.9 Debugging

The EFM8LB1 devices include an on-chip Silicon Labs 2-Wire (C2) debug interface to allow flash programming and in-system debugging with the production part installed in the end application. The C2 interface uses a clock signal (C2CK) and a bi-directional C2 data signal (C2D) to transfer information between the device and a host system. See the C2 Interface Specification for details on the C2 protocol.

4. Electrical Specifications

4.1 Electrical Characteristics

All electrical parameters in all tables are specified under the conditions listed in Table 4.1 Recommended Operating Conditions on page 13, unless stated otherwise.

4.1.1 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 4.1. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Supply Voltage on VDD	V_{DD}		2.2	_	3.6	V
Operating Supply Voltage on VIO ^{2,}	V _{IO}		TBD	_	V _{DD}	V
System Clock Frequency	f _{SYSCLK}		0	_	73.5	MHz
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _A		-40	_	105	°C

Note:

- 1. All voltages with respect to GND
- 2. In certain package configurations, the VIO and VDD supplies are bonded to the same pin.
- 3. GPIO levels are undefined whenever VIO is less than 1 V.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Temperature Sensor	I _{TSENSE}		_	75	120	μA
Digital-to-Analog Converters (DAC0, DAC1, DAC2, DAC3) ⁶	I _{DAC}		_	125	_	μA
Comparators (CMP0, CMP1)	I _{CMP}	CPMD = 11	_	0.5	_	μA
		CPMD = 10	_	3	_	μA
		CPMD = 01	_	10	_	μA
		CPMD = 00	_	25	_	μA
Comparator Reference	I _{CPREF}		_	TBD	_	μA
Voltage Supply Monitor (VMON0)	I _{VMON}		_	15	20	μA

Note:

- 1. Currents are additive. For example, where I_{DD} is specified and the mode is not mutually exclusive, enabling the functions increases supply current by the specified amount.
- 2. Includes supply current from internal LDO regulator, supply monitor, and High Frequency Oscillator.
- 3. Includes supply current from internal LDO regulator, supply monitor, and Low Frequency Oscillator.
- 4. ADC0 power excludes internal reference supply current.
- 5. The internal reference is enabled as-needed when operating the ADC in low power mode. Total ADC + Reference current will depend on sampling rate.
- 6. DAC supply current for each enabled DA and not including external load on pin.

4.1.3 Reset and Supply Monitor

Table 4.3. Reset and Supply Monitor

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VDD Supply Monitor Threshold	V_{VDDM}		1.85	1.95	2.1	V
Power-On Reset (POR) Threshold	V _{POR}	Rising Voltage on VDD	_	1.4	_	V
		Falling Voltage on VDD	0.75	_	1.36	V
VDD Ramp Time	t _{RMP}	Time to V _{DD} > 2.2 V	10	_	_	μs
Reset Delay from POR	t _{POR}	Relative to V _{DD} > V _{POR}	3	10	31	ms
Reset Delay from non-POR source	trst	Time between release of reset source and code execution	_	50	_	μs
RST Low Time to Generate Reset	t _{RSTL}		15	_	_	μs
Missing Clock Detector Response Time (final rising edge to reset)	t _{MCD}	F _{SYSCLK} >1 MHz	_	0.625	1.2	ms
Missing Clock Detector Trigger Frequency	F _{MCD}		_	7.5	13.5	kHz
VDD Supply Monitor Turn-On Time	t _{MON}		_	2	_	μs

4.1.4 Flash Memory

Table 4.4. Flash Memory

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Write Time ¹ , ²	t _{WRITE}	One Byte,	19	20	21	μs
		F _{SYSCLK} = 24.5 MHz				
Erase Time ¹ , ²	t _{ERASE}	One Page,	5.2	5.35	5.5	ms
		F _{SYSCLK} = 24.5 MHz				
V _{DD} Voltage During Programming ³	V _{PROG}		2.2	_	3.6	V
Endurance (Write/Erase Cycles)	N _{WE}		20k	100k	_	Cycles

Note:

- 1. Does not include sequencing time before and after the write/erase operation, which may be multiple SYSCLK cycles.
- 2. The internal High-Frequency Oscillator 0 has a programmable output frequency, which is factory programmed to 24.5 MHz. If user firmware adjusts the oscillator speed, it must be between 22 and 25 MHz during any flash write or erase operation. It is recommended to write the HFO0CAL register back to its reset value when writing or erasing flash.
- 3. Flash can be safely programmed at any voltage above the supply monitor threshold (V_{VDDM}).
- 4. Data Retention Information is published in the Quarterly Quality and Reliability Report.

4.1.5 Power Management Timing

Table 4.5. Power Management Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Idle Mode Wake-up Time	t _{IDLEWK}		2	_	3	SYSCLKs
Suspend Mode Wake-up Time	t _{SUS-} PENDWK	SYSCLK = HFOSC0 CLKDIV = 0x00	_	170	_	ns
Snooze Mode Wake-up Time	t _{SLEEPWK}	SYSCLK = HFOSC0 CLKDIV = 0x00	_	12	_	μs

4.1.6 Internal Oscillators

Table 4.6. Internal Oscillators

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
High Frequency Oscillator 0 (24.5 M	ЛHz)					
Oscillator Frequency	f _{HFOSC0}	Full Temperature and Supply Range	24	24.5	25	MHz
Power Supply Sensitivity	PSS _{HFOS}	T _A = 25 °C	_	0.5	_	%/V
Temperature Sensitivity	TS _{HFOSC0}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V	_	40	_	ppm/°C
High Frequency Oscillator 1 (72 MH	łz)		ı	1	1	1
Oscillator Frequency	f _{HFOSC1}	Full Temperature and Supply Range	70.5	72	73.5	MHz
Power Supply Sensitivity	PSS _{HFOS}	T _A = 25 °C	_	TBD	_	%/V
Temperature Sensitivity	TS _{HFOSC1}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V	_	TBD	_	ppm/°C
Low Frequency Oscillator (80 kHz)			I	I	ı	1
Oscillator Frequency	f _{LFOSC}	Full Temperature and Supply Range	75	80	85	kHz
Power Supply Sensitivity	PSS _{LFOSC}	T _A = 25 °C	_	0.05	_	%/V
Temperature Sensitivity	TS _{LFOSC}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V	_	65	_	ppm/°C

4.1.7 External Clock Input

Table 4.7. External Clock Input

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
External Input CMOS Clock	f _{CMOS}		0	_	50	MHz
Frequency (at EXTCLK pin)						
External Input CMOS Clock High Time	t _{смоѕн}		9	_	_	ns
External Input CMOS Clock Low Time	t _{CMOSL}		9	_	_	ns

4.1.8 Crystal Oscillator

Table 4.8. Crystal Oscillator

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Crystal Frequency	f _{XTAL}		0.02	_	25	MHz
Crystal Drive Current	I _{XTAL}	XFCN = 0	_	0.5	_	μΑ
		XFCN = 1	_	1.5	_	μΑ
		XFCN = 2	_	4.8	_	μΑ
		XFCN = 3	_	14	_	μΑ
		XFCN = 4	_	40	_	μΑ
		XFCN = 5	_	120	_	μΑ
		XFCN = 6	_	550	_	μА
		XFCN = 7	_	2.6	_	mA

4.1.11 Temperature Sensor

Table 4.11. Temperature Sensor

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Uncalibrated Offset	V _{OFF}	T _A = 0 °C	_	TBD	_	mV
Uncalibrated Offset Error ¹	E _{OFF}	T _A = 0 °C	_	TBD	_	mV
Slope	М		_	2.83	_	mV/°C
Slope Error ¹	E _M		_	TBD	_	μV/°C
Linearity			_	TBD	_	°C
Turn-on Time			_	TBD	_	μs
Temp Sensor Error Using Typical		T = 0 °C to 70 °C	TBD	_	TBD	°C
Slope and Factory-Calibrated Off- set ^{2, 3}		T = -20 °C to 85 °C	-3	_	3	°C
		T = -40 °C to 105 °C	TBD	_	TBD	°C

Note:

- 1. Represents one standard deviation from the mean.
- 2. The factory-calibrated offset value is stored in the read-only area of flash in locations 0xFFD4 (low byte) and 0xFFD5 (high byte). The 14-bit result represents the output of the ADC when sampling the temp sensor using the 1.65 V internal voltage reference.
- 3. Temp sensor error is based upon characterization and is not tested across temperature in production. The values represent three standard deviations above and below the mean.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Negative Hysteresis	HYS _{CP} -	CPHYN = 00	_	-1.5	_	mV
Mode 3 (CPMD = 11)		CPHYN = 01	_	-4	_	mV
		CPHYN = 10	_	-8	_	mV
		CPHYN = 11	_	-16	_	mV
Input Range (CP+ or CP-)	V _{IN}		-0.25	_	V _{IO} +0.25	V
Input Pin Capacitance	C _{CP}		_	7.5	_	pF
Internal Reference DAC Resolution	N _{bits}			6		bits
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR _{CP}		_	70	_	dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR _{CP}		_	72	_	dB
Input Offset Voltage	V _{OFF}	T _A = 25 °C	-10	0	10	mV
Input Offset Tempco	TC _{OFF}		_	3.5	_	μV/°

4.1.14 Configurable Logic

Table 4.14. Configurable Logic

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Propagation Delay	t _{DLY}	Through single CLU	TBD	_	TBD	ns
Clocking Frequency	F _{CLK}	1 or 2 CLUs Cascaded	_	_	73.5	MHz
		3 or 4 CLUs Cascaded	_	_	36.75	MHz

Table 6.1. Pin Definitions for EFM8LB1x-QFN32

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description	Crossbar Capability	Additional Digital Functions	Analog Functions
1	P0.0	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.0	VREF
				INT0.0	
				INT1.0	
				CLU0A.8	
				CLU2A.8	
				CLU3B.8	
2	VIO	I/O Supply Power Input			
3	VDD	Supply Power Input			
4	RSTb /	Active-low Reset /			
	C2CK	C2 Debug Clock			
5	P3.7 /	Multifunction I/O /			
	C2D	C2 Debug Data			
6	P3.4	Multifunction I/O			
7	P3.3	Multifunction I/O			DAC3
8	P3.2	Multifunction I/O			DAC2
9	P3.1	Multifunction I/O			DAC1
10	P3.0	Multifunction I/O			DAC0
11	P2.6	Multifunction I/O			ADC0.19
					CMP1P.8
					CMP1N.8
12	P2.5	Multifunction I/O		CLU3OUT	ADC0.18
					CMP1P.7
					CMP1N.7
13	P2.4	Multifunction I/O			ADC0.17
					CMP1P.6
					CMP1N.6
14	P2.3	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P2MAT.3	ADC0.16
				CLU1B.15	CMP1P.5
				CLU2B.15	CMP1N.5
				CLU3A.15	

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description	Crossbar Capability	Additional Digital Functions	Analog Functions
15	P2.2	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P2MAT.2	ADC0.15
				CLU2OUT	CMP1P.4
				CLU1A.15	CMP1N.4
				CLU2B.14	
				CLU3A.14	
16	P2.1	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P2MAT.1	ADC0.14
				I2C0_SCL	CMP1P.3
				CLU1B.14	CMP1N.3
				CLU2A.15	
				CLU3B.15	
17	P2.0	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P2MAT.0	CMP1P.2
				I2C0_SDA	CMP1N.2
				CLU1A.14	
				CLU2A.14	
				CLU3B.14	
18	P1.7	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P1MAT.7	ADC0.13
				CLU0B.15	CMP0P.9
				CLU1B.13	CMP0N.9
				CLU2A.13	
19	P1.6	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P1MAT.6	ADC0.12
				CLU0A.15	
				CLU1B.12	
				CLU2A.12	
20	P1.5	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P1MAT.5	ADC0.11
				CLU0B.14	
				CLU1A.13	
				CLU2B.13	
				CLU3B.11	
21	P1.4	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P1MAT.4	ADC0.10
				CLU0A.14	
				CLU1A.12	
				CLU2B.12	
				CLU3B.10	

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description	Crossbar Capability	Additional Digital Functions	Analog Functions
28	P0.5	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.5	ADC0.3
				INT0.5	CMP0P.3
				INT1.5	CMP0N.3
				UART0_RX	
				CLU0B.10	
				CLU1A.9	
29	P0.4	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.4	ADC0.2
				INT0.4	CMP0P.2
				INT1.4	CMP0N.2
				UART0_TX	
				CLU0A.10	
				CLU1A.8	
30	P0.3	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.3	XTAL2
				EXTCLK	
				INT0.3	
				INT1.3	
				CLU0B.9	
				CLU2B.10	
				CLU3A.9	
31	P0.2	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.2	XTAL1
				INT0.2	ADC0.1
				INT1.2	CMP0P.1
				CLU0OUT	CMP0N.1
				CLU0A.9	
				CLU2B.8	
				CLU3A.8	
32	P0.1	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.1	ADC0.0
				INT0.1	CMP0P.0
				INT1.1	CMP0N.0
				CLU0B.8	AGND
				CLU2A.9	
				CLU3B.9	
Center	GND	Ground			

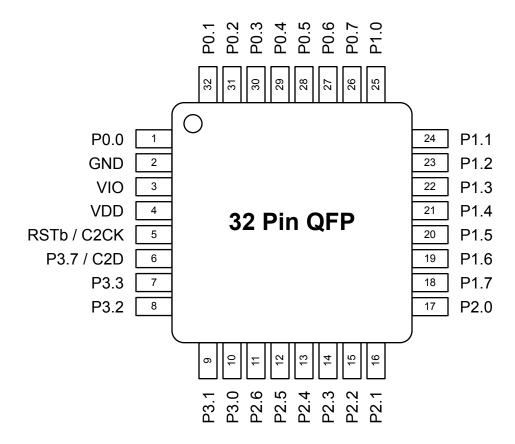


Figure 6.2. EFM8LB1x-QFP32 Pinout

Table 6.2. Pin Definitions for EFM8LB1x-QFP32

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description	Crossbar Capability	Additional Digital Functions	Analog Functions
1	P0.0	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.0	VREF
				INT0.0	
				INT1.0	
				CLU0A.8	
				CLU2A.8	
				CLU3B.8	
2	GND	Ground			
3	VIO	I/O Supply Power Input			
4	VDD	Supply Power Input			
5	RSTb /	Active-low Reset /			
	C2CK	C2 Debug Clock			

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description	Crossbar Capability	Additional Digital Functions	Analog Functions
30	P0.3	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.3	XTAL2
				EXTCLK	
				INT0.3	
				INT1.3	
				CLU0B.9	
				CLU2B.10	
				CLU3A.9	
31	P0.2	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.2	XTAL1
				INT0.2	ADC0.1
				INT1.2	CMP0P.1
				CLU0OUT	CMP0N.1
				CLU0A.9	
				CLU2B.8	
				CLU3A.8	
32	P0.1	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.1	ADC0.0
				INT0.1	CMP0P.0
				INT1.1	CMP0N.0
				CLU0B.8	AGND
				CLU2A.9	
				CLU3B.9	

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description	Crossbar Capability	Additional Digital Functions	Analog Functions
18	P1.2	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P1MAT.2	ADC0.8
				CLU0A.13	
				CLU1A.11	
				CLU2B.10	
				CLU3A.12	
				CLU3B.13	
19	P1.1	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P1MAT.1	ADC0.7
				CLU0B.12	
				CLU1B.10	
				CLU2A.11	
				CLU3B.12	
20	P1.0	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P1MAT.0	ADC0.6
				CLU0A.12	
				CLU1A.10	
				CLU2A.10	
21	P0.7	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.7	ADC0.5
				INT0.7	CMP0P.5
				INT1.7	CMP0N.5
				CLU1OUT	CMP1P.1
				CLU0B.11	CMP1N.1
				CLU1B.9	
				CLU3A.11	
22	P0.6	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.6	ADC0.4
				CNVSTR	CMP0P.4
				INT0.6	CMP0N.4
				INT1.6	CMP1P.0
				CLU0A.11	CMP1N.0
				CLU1B.8	
				CLU3A.10	
23	P0.5	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.5	ADC0.3
				INT0.5	CMP0P.3
				INT1.5	CMP0N.3
				UART0_RX	
				CLU0B.10	
				CLU1A.9	

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description	Crossbar Capability	Additional Digital Functions	Analog Functions
24	P0.4	Multifunction I/O	Yes	P0MAT.4	ADC0.2
				INT0.4	CMP0P.2
				INT1.4	CMP0N.2
				UART0_TX	
				CLU0A.10	
				CLU1A.8	

9. QFN24 Package Specifications

9.1 QFN24 Package Dimensions

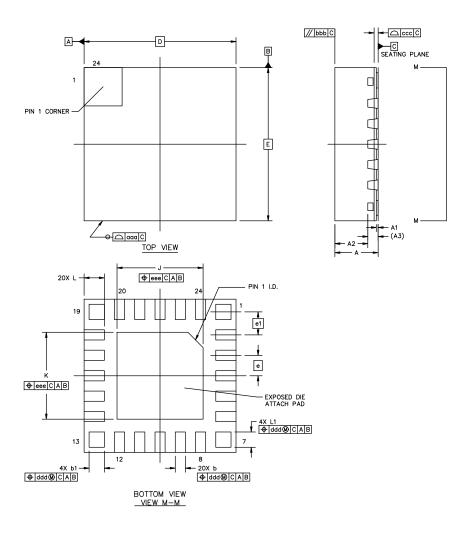


Figure 9.1. QFN24 Package Drawing

Table 9.1. QFN24 Package Dimensions

Dimension	Min	Тур	Max		
А	0.8	0.85	0.9		
A1	0.00	_	0.05		
A2	_	0.65	_		
A3	0.203 REF				
b	0.15	0.2	0.25		
b1	0.25	0.3	0.35		
D	3.00 BSC				
Е	3.00 BSC				

10.3 QSOP24 Package Marking



Figure 10.3. QSOP24 Package Marking

The package marking consists of:

- PPPPPPP The part number designation.
- TTTTTT A trace or manufacturing code.
- YY The last 2 digits of the assembly year.
- WW The 2-digit workweek when the device was assembled.
- # The device revision (A, B, etc.).

11. Revision History

11.1 Revision 0.1

Initial release.

11.2 Revision 0.2

Added information on the bootloader to 3.10 Bootloader.

Updated some characterization TBD values.

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