

Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	STM8A
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	512 x 8
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 7x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	32-VFQFPN (5x5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm8af6246uax

10.3.7	Reset pin characteristics	67
10.3.8	TIM 1, 2, 3, and 4 timer specifications	69
10.3.9	SPI serial peripheral interface	69
10.3.10	I ² C interface characteristics	72
10.3.11	10-bit ADC characteristics	73
10.3.12	EMC characteristics	75
11	Package information	78
11.1	VFQFPN32 package information	78
11.2	LQFP48 package information	82
11.3	LQFP32 package information	85
11.4	Thermal characteristics	88
11.4.1	Reference document	88
11.4.2	Selecting the product temperature range	88
12	Ordering information	90
13	STM8 development tools	91
13.1	Emulation and in-circuit debugging tools	91
13.1.1	STice key features	91
13.2	Software tools	92
13.2.1	STM8 toolset	92
13.2.2	C and assembly toolchains	92
13.3	Programming tools	93
14	Revision history	94

5.8 Analog-to-digital converter (ADC)

The STM8A products described in this datasheet contain a 10-bit successive approximation ADC with up to 16 multiplexed input channels, depending on the package.

The ADC name differs between the datasheet and STM8S series and STM8AF series 8-bit microcontrollers reference manual (see [Table 5](#)).

Table 5. ADC naming

Peripheral name in datasheet	Peripheral name in reference manual (RM0016)
ADC	ADC1

ADC features

- 10-bit resolution
- Single and continuous conversion modes
- Programmable prescaler: f_{MASTER} divided by 2 to 18
- Conversion trigger on timer events and external events
- Interrupt generation at end of conversion
- Selectable alignment of 10-bit data in 2 x 8 bit result register
- Shadow registers for data consistency
- ADC input range: $V_{SSA} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DDA}$
- Analog watchdog
- Schmitt-trigger on analog inputs can be disabled to reduce power consumption
- Scan mode (single and continuous)
- Dedicated result register for each conversion channel
- Buffer mode for continuous conversion

Note: An additional AIN12 analog input is not selectable in ADC scan mode or with analog watchdog. Values converted from AIN12 are stored only into the ADC_DRH/ADC_DRL registers.

5.9 Communication interfaces

The following sections give a brief overview of the communication peripheral. Some peripheral names differ between the datasheet and STM8S series and STM8AF series 8-bit microcontrollers reference manual (see [Table 6](#)).

Table 6. Communication peripheral naming correspondence

Peripheral name in datasheet	Peripheral name in reference manual (RM0016)
LINUART	UART2

UART mode

- Full duplex, asynchronous communications - NRZ standard format (mark/space)
- High-precision baud rate generator
 - A common programmable transmit and receive baud rates up to $f_{MASTER}/16$
- Programmable data word length (8 or 9 bits) – 1 or 2 stop bits – parity control
- Separate enable bits for transmitter and receiver
- Error detection flags
- Reduced power consumption mode
- Multi-processor communication - enter mute mode if address match does not occur
- Wakeup from mute mode (by idle line detection or address mark detection)
- Two receiver wakeup modes:
 - Address bit (MSB)
 - Idle line

5.10 Input/output specifications

The product features four different I/O types:

- Standard I/O 2 MHz
- Fast I/O up to 10 MHz
- High sink 8 mA, 2 MHz
- True open drain (I^2C interface)

To decrease EMI (electromagnetic interference), high sink I/Os have a limited maximum slew rate. The rise and fall times are similar to those of standard I/Os.

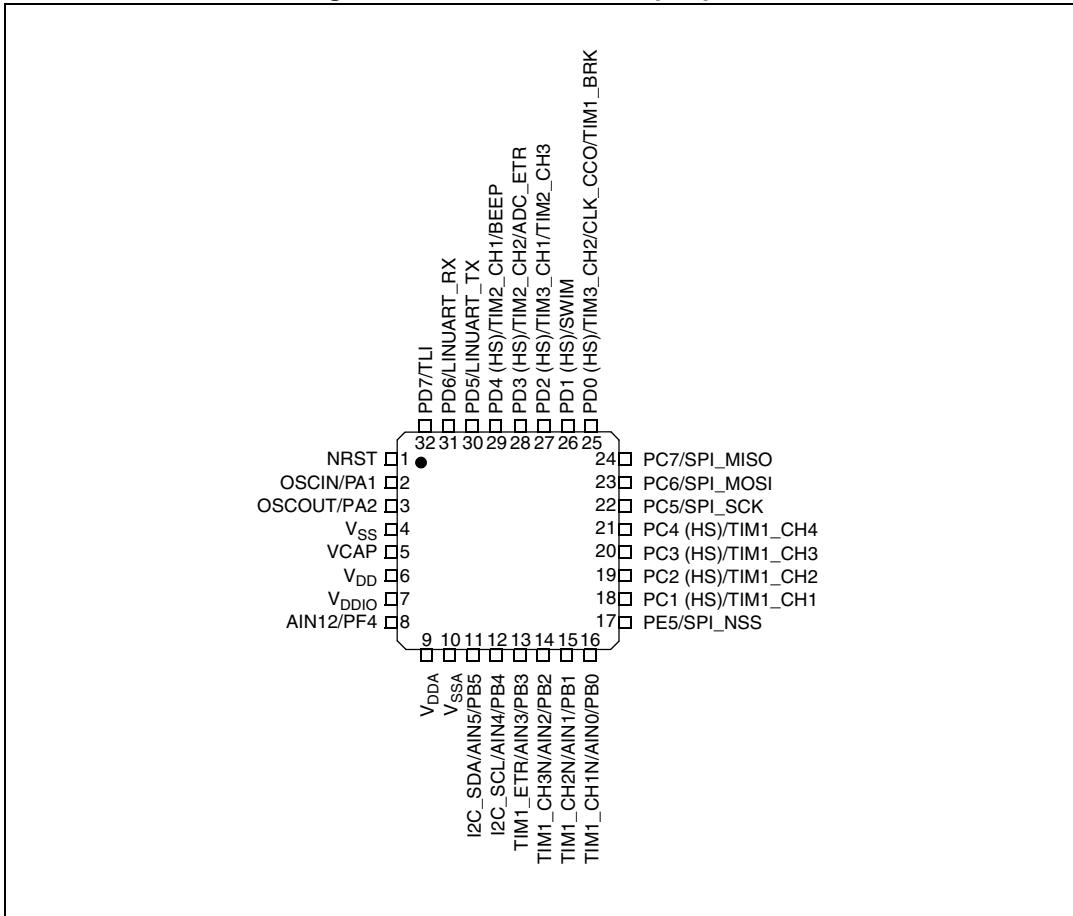
The analog inputs are equipped with a low leakage analog switch. Additionally, the schmitt-trigger input stage on the analog I/Os can be disabled in order to reduce the device standby consumption.

STM8A I/Os are designed to withstand current injection. For a negative injection current of 4 mA, the resulting leakage current in the adjacent input does not exceed 1 μ A. Thanks to this feature, external protection diodes against current injection are no longer required.

6 Pinouts and pin description

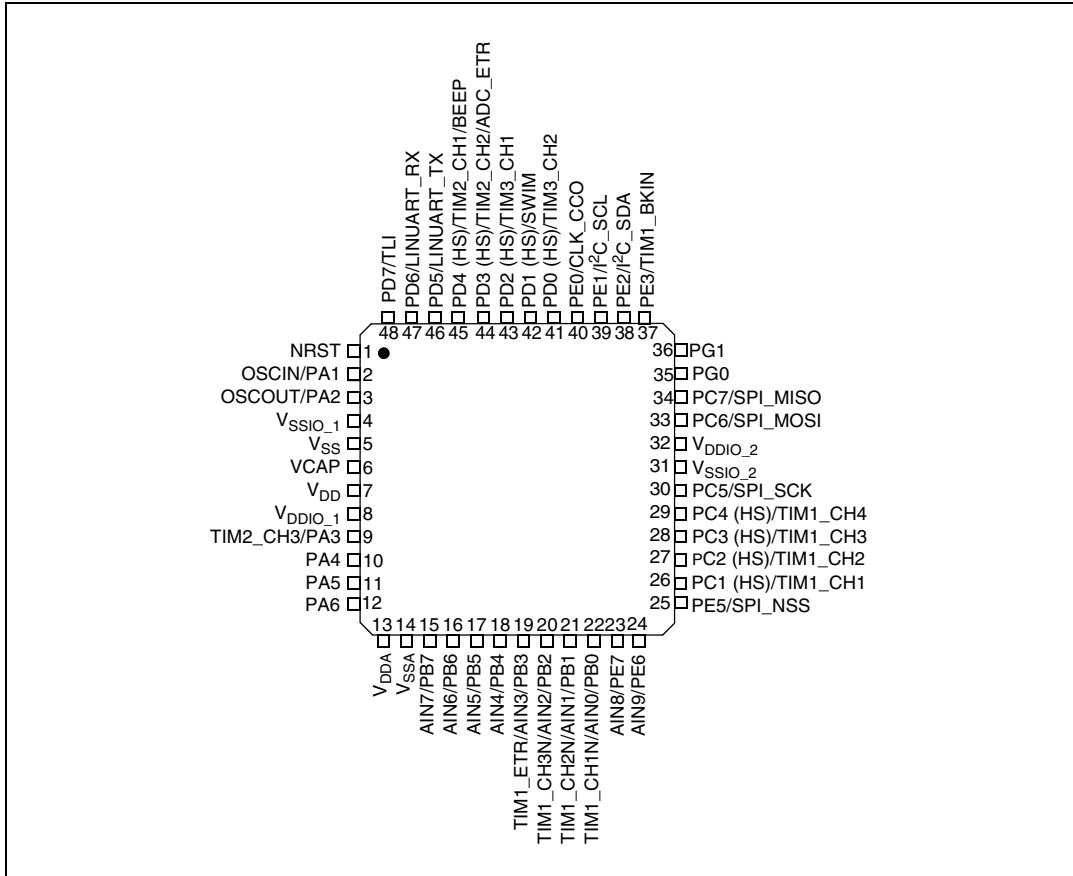
6.1 Package pinouts

Figure 3. VFQFPN/LQFP 32-pin pinout



1. (HS) high sink capability.

Figure 4. LQFP 48-pin pinout



2. (HS) high sink capability.

Table 7. Legend/abbreviation

Type	I = input, O = output, S = power supply	
Level	Input	CM = CMOS (standard for all I/Os)
	Output	HS = High sink (8 mA)
Output speed	O1 = Standard (up to 2 MHz) O2 = Fast (up to 10 MHz) O3 = Fast/slow programmability with slow as default state after reset O4 = Fast/slow programmability with fast as default state after reset	
Port and control configuration	Input	float = floating, wpu = weak pull-up
	Output	T = true open drain, OD = open drain, PP = push pull
Reset state	Bold X (pin state after reset release). Unless otherwise specified, the pin state is the same during the reset phase (i.e. "under reset") and after internal reset release (i.e. at reset state).	

Table 8. STM8AF6246/48/66/68 (32 Kbyte) microcontroller pin description⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (continued)

LQFP48 VQFPN/LQFP32	Pin number	Pin name	Type	Input			Output			Main function (after reset)	Default alternate function	Alternate function after remap [option bit]	
				floating	wpu	Ext. interrupt	High sink	Speed	OD				
24	PE6/AIN9	I/O	X	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port E7	Analog input 9	-	
25	17	PE5/SPI_NSS	I/O	X	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port E5	SPI master/slave select	-
26	18	PC1/TIM1_CH1	I/O	X	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C1	Timer 1 - channel 1	-
27	19	PC2/TIM1_CH2	I/O	X	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C2	Timer 1- channel 2	-
28	20	PC3/TIM1_CH3	I/O	X	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C3	Timer 1 - channel 3	-
29	21	PC4/TIM1_CH4	I/O	X	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C4	Timer 1 - channel 4	-
30	22	PC5/SPI_SCK	I/O	X	X	X		O3	X	X	Port C5	SPI clock	-
31	-	V _{SSIO_2}	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I/O ground	-	
32	-	V _{DDIO_2}	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I/O power supply	-	
33	23	PC6/SPI_MOSI	I/O	X	X	X	-	O3	X	X	Port C6	SPI master out/ slave in	-
34	24	PC7/SPI_MISO	I/O	X	X	X	-	O3	X	X	Port C7	SPI master in/ slave out	-
35	-	PG0	I/O	X	X	-	-	O1	X	X	Port G0	-	-
36	-	PG1	I/O	X	X	-	-	O1	X	X	Port G1	-	-
37	-	PE3/TIM1_BKIN	I/O	X	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port E3	Timer 1 - break input	-
38	-	PE2/I ² C_SDA	I/O	X	-	X	-	O1	T ⁽⁶⁾	-	Port E2	I ² C data	-
39	-	PE1/I ² C_SCL	I/O	X	-	X	-	O1	T ⁽⁶⁾	-	Port E1	I ² C clock	-
40	-	PE0/CLK_CCO	I/O	X	X	X	-	O3	X	X	Port E0	Configurable clock output	-
41	25	PD0/TIM3_CH2	I/O	X	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D0	Timer 3 - channel 2	TIM1_BKIN [AFR3]/ CLK_CCO [AFR2]
42	26	PD1/SWIM ⁽⁷⁾	I/O	X	X	X	HS	O4	X	X	Port D1	SWIM data interface	-
43	27	PD2/TIM3_CH1	I/O	X	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D2	Timer 3 - channel 1	TIM2_CH3 [AFR1]
44	28	PD3/TIM2_CH2	I/O	X	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D3	Timer 2 - channel 2	ADC_ETR [AFR0]
45	29	PD4/TIM2_CH1/ BEEP	I/O	X	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D4	Timer 2 - channel 1	BEEP output [AFR7]
46	30	PD5/ LINUART_TX	I/O	X	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port D5	LINUART data transmit	-

Table 8. STM8AF6246/48/66/68 (32 Kbyte) microcontroller pin description⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (continued)

LQFP48	VFQFPN/LQFP32	Pin number	Pin name	Type	Input			Output			Main function (after reset)	Default alternate function	Alternate function after remap [option bit]	
					floating	wpu	Ext. interrupt	High sink	Speed	OD	PP			
47	31	PD6/LINUART_RX	PD6/LINUART_RX	I/O	X	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port D6	LINUART data receive	-
48	32	PD7/TLI ⁽⁸⁾	PD7/TLI ⁽⁸⁾	I/O	X	X	X	-	O1	X	X	Port D7	Top level interrupt	-

1. Refer to [Table 7](#) for the definition of the abbreviations.
2. Reset state is shown in bold.
3. In Halt/Active-halt mode this pad behaves in the following way:
 - the input/output path is disabled
 - if the HSE clock is used for wakeup, the internal weak pull up is disabled
 - if the HSE clock is off, internal weak pull up setting from corresponding OR bit is used
 By managing the OR bit correctly, it must be ensured that the pad is not left floating during Halt/Active-halt.
4. On this pin, a pull-up resistor as specified in [Table 35](#). I/O static characteristics is enabled during the reset phase of the product.
5. AIN12 is not selectable in ADC scan mode or with analog watchdog.
6. In the open-drain output column, 'T' defines a true open-drain I/O (P-buffer, weak pull-up, and protection diode to V_{DD} are not implemented)
7. The PD1 pin is in input pull-up during the reset phase and after reset release.
8. If this pin is configured as interrupt pin, it will trigger the TLI.

6.2 Alternate function remapping

As shown in the rightmost column of [Table 8](#), some alternate functions can be remapped at different I/O ports by programming one of eight AFR (alternate function remap) option bits. Refer to [Section 9: Option bytes on page 44](#). When the remapping option is active, the default alternate function is no longer available.

To use an alternate function, the corresponding peripheral must be enabled in the peripheral registers.

Alternate function remapping does not effect GPIO capabilities of the I/O ports (see the GPIO section of STM8S series and STM8AF series 8-bit microcontrollers reference manual, RM0016).

Table 9. Memory model for the devices covered in this datasheet

Flash program memory size	Flash program memory end address	RAM size	RAM end address	Stack roll-over address
32K	0x00 0FFF			
16K	0x00 0BFFF	2K	0x00 07FF	0x00 0600

7.2 Register map

In this section the memory and register map of the devices covered by this datasheet is described. For a detailed description of the functionality of the registers, refer to STM8S series and STM8AF series 8-bit microcontrollers reference manual, RM0016.

Table 10. I/O port hardware register map

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 5000	Port A	PA_ODR	Port A data output latch register	0x00
0x00 5001		PA_IDR	Port A input pin value register	0xXX ⁽¹⁾
0x00 5002		PA_DDR	Port A data direction register	0x00
0x00 5003		PA_CR1	Port A control register 1	0x00
0x00 5004		PA_CR2	Port A control register 2	0x00
0x00 5005	Port B	PB_ODR	Port B data output latch register	0x00
0x00 5006		PB_IDR	Port B input pin value register	0xXX ⁽¹⁾
0x00 5007		PB_DDR	Port B data direction register	0x00
0x00 5008		PB_CR1	Port B control register 1	0x00
0x00 5009		PB_CR2	Port B control register 2	0x00
0x00 500A	Port C	PC_ODR	Port C data output latch register	0x00
0x00 500B		PC_IDR	Port C input pin value register	0xXX ⁽¹⁾
0x00 500C		PC_DDR	Port C data direction register	0x00
0x00 500D		PC_CR1	Port C control register 1	0x00
0x00 500E		PC_CR2	Port C control register 2	0x00
0x00 500F	Port D	PD_ODR	Port D data output latch register	0x00
0x00 5010		PD_IDR	Port D input pin value register	0xXX ⁽¹⁾
0x00 5011		PD_DDR	Port D data direction register	0x00
0x00 5012		PD_CR1	Port D control register 1	0x02
0x00 5013		PD_CR2	Port D control register 2	0x00

Table 11. General hardware register map (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 50A0	ITC	EXTI_CR1	External interrupt control register 1	0x00
0x00 50A1		EXTI_CR2	External interrupt control register 2	0x00
0x00 50A2 to 0x00 50B2	Reserved area (17 bytes)			
0x00 50B3	RST	RST_SR	Reset status register	0xXX ⁽¹⁾
0x00 50B4 to 0x00 50BF	Reserved area (12 bytes)			
0x00 50C0	CLK	CLK_ICKR	Internal clock control register	0x01
0x00 50C1		CLK_ECKR	External clock control register	0x00
0x00 50C2	Reserved area (1 byte)			
0x00 50C3	CLK	CLK_CMSR	Clock master status register	0xE1
0x00 50C4		CLK_SWR	Clock master switch register	0xE1
0x00 50C5		CLK_SWCR	Clock switch control register	0XX
0x00 50C6		CLK_CKDIVR	Clock divider register	0x18
0x00 50C7		CLK_PCKENR1	Peripheral clock gating register 1	0xFF
0x00 50C8		CLK_CSSR	Clock security system register	0x00
0x00 50C9		CLK_CCOR	Configurable clock control register	0x00
0x00 50CA		CLK_PCKENR2	Peripheral clock gating register 2	0xFF
0x00 50CB	Reserved area (1 byte)			
0x00 50CC	CLK	CLK_HSITRIMR	HSI clock calibration trimming register	0x00
0x00 50CD		CLK_SWIMCCR	SWIM clock control register	0bXXXX XXX0
0x00 50CE to 0x00 50D0	Reserved area (3 bytes)			
0x00 50D1	WWDG	WWDG_CR	WWDG control register	0x7F
0x00 50D2		WWDG_WR	WWDR window register	0x7F
0x00 50D3 to 0x00 50DF	Reserved area (13 bytes)			
0x00 50E0	IWDG	IWDG_KR	IWDG key register	0xXX ⁽²⁾
0x00 50E1		IWDG_PR	IWDG prescaler register	0x00
0x00 50E2		IWDG_RLR	IWDG reload register	0xFF
0x00 50E3 to 0x00 50EF	Reserved area (13 bytes)			
0x00 50F0	AWU	AWU_CSR1	AWU control/status register 1	0x00
0x00 50F1		AWU_APR	AWU asynchronous prescaler buffer register	0x3F
0x00 50F2		AWU_TBR	AWU timebase selection register	0x00

Table 12. CPU/SWIM/debug module/interrupt controller registers (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status	
0x00 7F81 to 0x00 7F8F		Reserved area (15 bytes)			
0x00 7F90	DM	DM_BK1RE	DM breakpoint 1 register extended byte	0xFF	
0x00 7F91		DM_BK1RH	DM breakpoint 1 register high byte	0xFF	
0x00 7F92		DM_BK1RL	DM breakpoint 1 register low byte	0xFF	
0x00 7F93		DM_BK2RE	DM breakpoint 2 register extended byte	0xFF	
0x00 7F94		DM_BK2RH	DM breakpoint 2 register high byte	0xFF	
0x00 7F95		DM_BK2RL	DM breakpoint 2 register low byte	0xFF	
0x00 7F96		DM_CR1	DM debug module control register 1	0x00	
0x00 7F97		DM_CR2	DM debug module control register 2	0x00	
0x00 7F98		DM_CSR1	DM debug module control/status register 1	0x10	
0x00 7F99		DM_CSR2	DM debug module control/status register 2	0x00	
0x00 7F9A		DM_ENFCTR	DM enable function register	0xFF	
0x00 7F9B to 0x00 7F9F		Reserved area (5 bytes)			

1. Accessible by debug module only
2. Product dependent value, see [Figure 5: Register and memory map of STM8A products](#).

Table 13. Temporary memory unprotection registers

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 5800	TMU	TMU_K1	Temporary memory unprotection key register 1	0x00
0x00 5801		TMU_K2	Temporary memory unprotection key register 2	0x00
0x00 5802		TMU_K3	Temporary memory unprotection key register 3	0x00
0x00 5803		TMU_K4	Temporary memory unprotection key register 4	0x00
0x00 5804		TMU_K5	Temporary memory unprotection key register 5	0x00
0x00 5805		TMU_K6	Temporary memory unprotection key register 6	0x00
0x00 5806		TMU_K7	Temporary memory unprotection key register 7	0x00
0x00 5807		TMU_K8	Temporary memory unprotection key register 8	0x00
0x00 5808		TMU_CSR	Temporary memory unprotection control and status register	0x00

8 Interrupt table

Table 14. STM8A interrupt table

Priority	Source block	Description	Interrupt vector address	Wakeup from Halt	Comments
-	Reset	Reset	0x00 8000	Yes	User RESET vector
-	TRAP	SW interrupt	0x00 8004	-	-
0	TLI	External top level interrupt	0x00 8008	-	-
1	AWU	Auto-wakeup from Halt	0x00 800C	Yes	-
2	Clock controller	Main clock controller	0x00 8010	-	-
3	MISC	Ext interrupt E0	0x00 8014	Yes	Port A interrupts
4	MISC	Ext interrupt E1	0x00 8018	Yes	Port B interrupts
5	MISC	Ext interrupt E2	0x00 801C	Yes	Port C interrupts
6	MISC	Ext interrupt E3	0x00 8020	Yes	Port D interrupts
7	MISC	Ext interrupt E4	0x00 8024	Yes	Port E interrupts
8	Reserved ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-
9	Reserved ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-
10	SPI	End of transfer	0x00 8030	Yes	-
11	Timer 1	Update/overflow/trigger/break	0x00 8034	-	-
12	Timer 1	Capture/compare	0x00 8038	-	-
13	Timer 2	Update/overflow	0x00 803C	-	-
14	Timer 2	Capture/compare	0x00 8040	-	-
15	Timer 3	Update/overflow	0x00 8044	-	-
16	Timer 3	Capture/compare	0x00 8048	-	-
17	Reserved ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-
18	Reserved ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-
19	I ² C	I ² C interrupts	0x00 8054	Yes	-
20	LINUART	Tx complete/error	0x00 8058	-	-
21	LINUART	Receive data full reg.	0x00 805C	-	-
22	ADC	End of conversion	0x00 8060	-	-
23	Timer 4	Update/overflow	0x00 8064	-	-
24	EEPROM	End of Programming/ Write in not allowed area	0x00 8068	-	-

1. All reserved and unused interrupts must be initialized with 'IRET' for robust programming.

Table 16. Option byte description (continued)

Option byte no.	Description
OPT3	HSITRIM: Trimming option for 16 MHz internal RC oscillator 0: 3-bit on-the-fly trimming (compatible with devices based on the 128K silicon) 1: 4-bit on-the-fly trimming
	LSI_EN: Low speed internal clock enable 0: LSI clock is not available as CPU clock source 1: LSI clock is available as CPU clock source
	IWDG_HW: Independent watchdog 0: IWDG independent watchdog activated by software 1: IWDG independent watchdog activated by hardware
	WWDG_HW: Window watchdog activation 0: WWDG window watchdog activated by software 1: WWDG window watchdog activated by hardware
	WWDG_HALT: Window watchdog reset on Halt 0: No reset generated on Halt if WWDG active 1: Reset generated on Halt if WWDG active
OPT4	EXTCLK: External clock selection 0: External crystal connected to OSCIN/OSCOUT 1: External clock signal on OSCIN
	CKAWUSEL: Auto-wakeup unit/clock 0: LSI clock source selected for AWU 1: HSE clock with prescaler selected as clock source for AWU
	PRSC[1:0]: AWU clock prescaler 00: Reserved 01: 16 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler 10: 8 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler 11: 4 MHz to 128 kHz prescaler
OPT5	HSECNT[7:0]: HSE crystal oscillator stabilization time This configures the stabilization time to 0.5, 8, 128, and 2048 HSE cycles with corresponding option byte values of 0xE1, 0xD2, 0xB4, and 0x00.
OPT6	TMU[3:0]: Enable temporary memory unprotection 0101: TMU disabled (permanent ROP). Any other value: TMU enabled.
OPT7	Reserved
OPT8	TMU_KEY 1 [7:0]: Temporary unprotection key 0 Temporary unprotection key: Must be different from 0x00 or 0xFF
OPT9	TMU_KEY 2 [7:0]: Temporary unprotection key 1 Temporary unprotection key: Must be different from 0x00 or 0xFF
OPT10	TMU_KEY 3 [7:0]: Temporary unprotection key 2 Temporary unprotection key: Must be different from 0x00 or 0xFF
OPT11	TMU_KEY 4 [7:0]: Temporary unprotection key 3 Temporary unprotection key: Must be different from 0x00 or 0xFF

Table 18. Current characteristics

Symbol	Ratings	Max.	Unit
I_{VDDIO}	Total current into V_{DDIO} power lines (source) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	100	mA
I_{VSSIO}	Total current out of V_{SS} IO ground lines (sink) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	100	
I_{IO}	Output current sunk by any I/O and control pin	20	
	Output current source by any I/Os and control pin	-20	
$I_{INJ(PIN)}^{(4)}$	Injected current on any pin	± 10	
$I_{INJ(TOT)}$	Sum of injected currents	50	

1. All power (V_{DD} , V_{DDIO} , V_{DDA}) and ground (V_{SS} , V_{SSIO} , V_{SSA}) pins must always be connected to the external supply.
2. The total limit applies to the sum of operation and injected currents.
3. V_{DDIO} includes the sum of the positive injection currents. V_{SSIO} includes the sum of the negative injection currents.
4. This condition is implicitly insured if V_{IN} maximum is respected. If V_{IN} maximum cannot be respected, the injection current must be limited externally to the $I_{INJ(PIN)}$ value. A positive injection is induced by $V_{IN} > V_{DD}$ while a negative injection is induced by $V_{IN} < V_{SS}$. For true open-drain pads, there is no positive injection current allowed and the corresponding V_{IN} maximum must always be respected.

Table 19. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Ratings	Value	Unit
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	°C
T_J	Maximum junction temperature	160	

Table 20. Operating lifetime⁽¹⁾

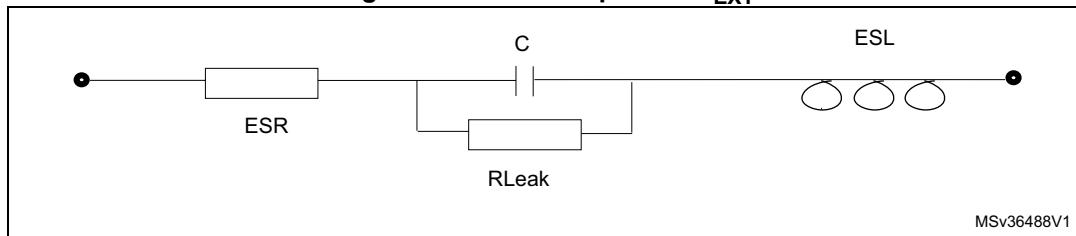
Symbol	Ratings	Value	Unit
OLF	Conforming to AEC-Q100 rev G	-40 to 125 °C	Grade 1
		-40 to 150 °C	Grade 0

1. For detailed mission profile analysis, please contact the nearest local ST Sales Office.

10.3.1 VCAP external capacitor

Stabilization for the main regulator is achieved connecting an external capacitor C_{EXT} to the V_{CAP} pin. C_{EXT} is specified in [Table 21](#). Care should be taken to limit the series inductance to less than 15 nH.

Figure 9. External capacitor C_{EXT}



- Legend: ESR is the equivalent series resistance and ESL is the equivalent inductance.

10.3.2 Supply current characteristics

The current consumption is measured as described in [Figure 6 on page 49](#) and [Figure 7 on page 50](#).

If not explicitly stated, general conditions of temperature and voltage apply.

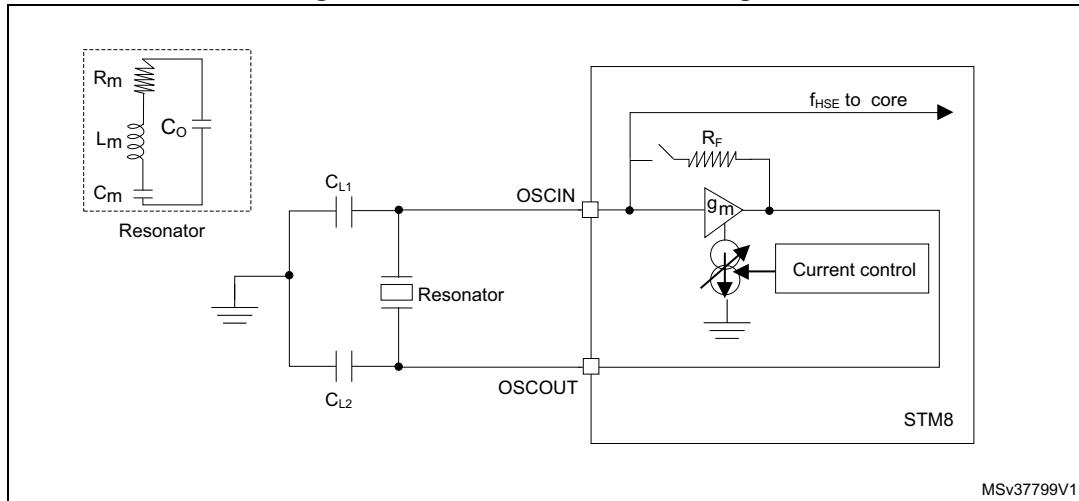
**Table 23. Total current consumption in Run, Wait and Slow mode.
General conditions for V_{DD} apply, $T_A = -40$ to 150 °C**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_{DD(RUN)}^{(1)}$	Supply current in Run mode	All peripherals clocked, code executed from Flash program memory, HSE external clock (without resonator)	$f_{CPU} = 16$ MHz	7.4	14
			$f_{CPU} = 8$ MHz	4.0	7.4 ⁽²⁾
			$f_{CPU} = 4$ MHz	2.4	4.1 ⁽²⁾
			$f_{CPU} = 2$ MHz	1.5	2.5
$I_{DD(RUN)}^{(1)}$	Supply current in Run mode	All peripherals clocked, code executed from RAM and EEPROM, HSE external clock (without resonator)	$f_{CPU} = 16$ MHz	3.7	5.0
			$f_{CPU} = 8$ MHz	2.2	3.0 ⁽²⁾
			$f_{CPU} = 4$ MHz	1.4	2.0 ⁽²⁾
			$f_{CPU} = 2$ MHz	1.0	1.5
$I_{DD(WFI)}^{(1)}$	Supply current in Wait mode	CPU stopped, all peripherals off, HSE external clock	$f_{CPU} = 16$ MHz	1.65	2.5
			$f_{CPU} = 8$ MHz	1.15	1.9 ⁽²⁾
			$f_{CPU} = 4$ MHz	0.90	1.6 ⁽²⁾
			$f_{CPU} = 2$ MHz	0.80	1.5
$I_{DD(SLOW)}^{(1)}$	Supply current in Slow mode	f_{CPU} scaled down, all peripherals off, code executed from RAM	Ext. clock 16 MHz $f_{CPU} = 125$ kHz	1.50	1.95
			LSI internal RC $f_{CPU} = 128$ kHz	1.50	1.80 ⁽²⁾

- The current due to I/O utilization is not taken into account in these values.

- Values not tested in production. Design guidelines only.

Figure 17. HSE oscillator circuit diagram



HSE oscillator critical g_m formula

The crystal characteristics have to be checked with the following formula:

$$g_m \gg g_{mcrit}$$

where g_{mcrit} can be calculated with the crystal parameters as follows:

$$g_{mcrit} = (2 \times \pi \times f_{HSE})^2 \times R_m (2C_0 + C)^2$$

R_m : Notional resistance (see crystal specification)

L_m : Notional inductance (see crystal specification)

C_m : Notional capacitance (see crystal specification)

C_0 : Shunt capacitance (see crystal specification)

$C_{L1} = C_{L2} = C$: Grounded external capacitance

10.3.4 Internal clock sources and timing characteristics

Subject to general operating conditions for V_{DD} and T_A .

High speed internal RC oscillator (HSI)

Table 30. HSI oscillator characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HSI}	Frequency	-	-	16	-	MHz

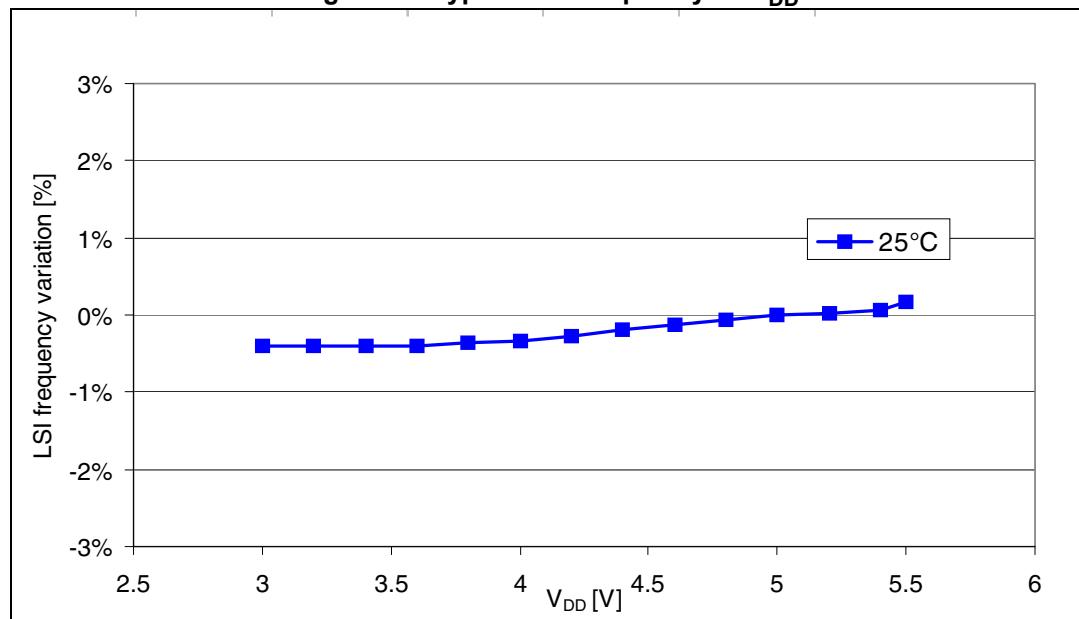
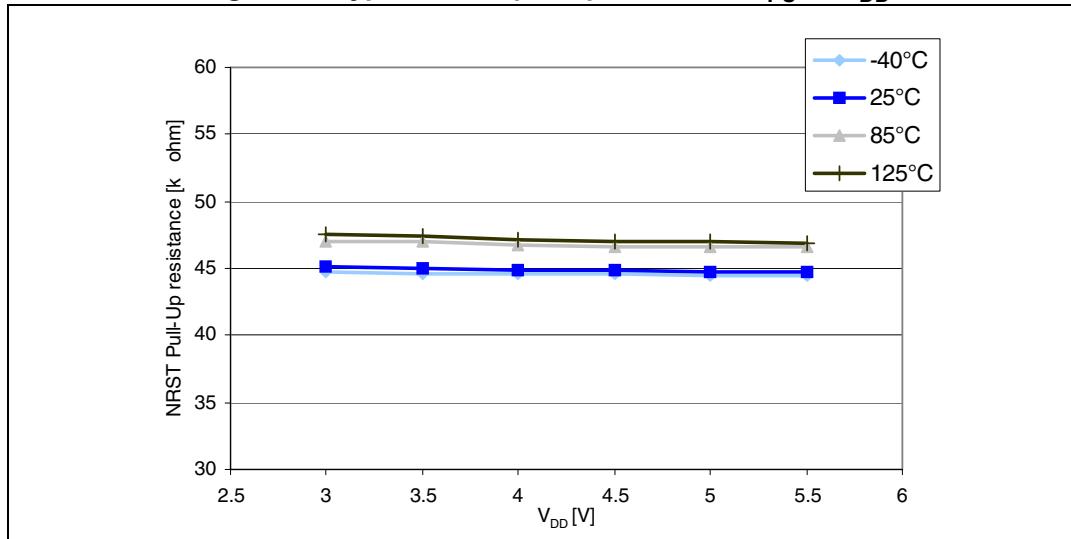
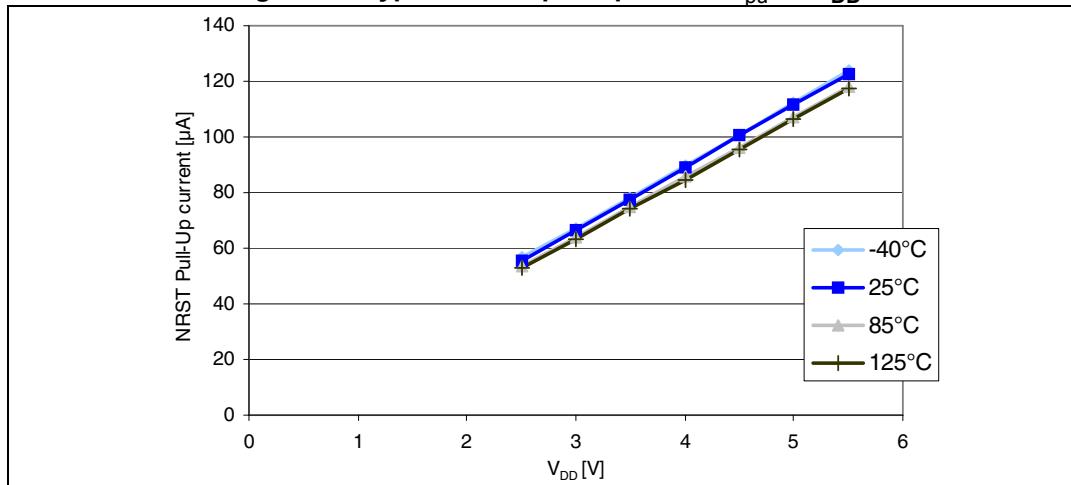
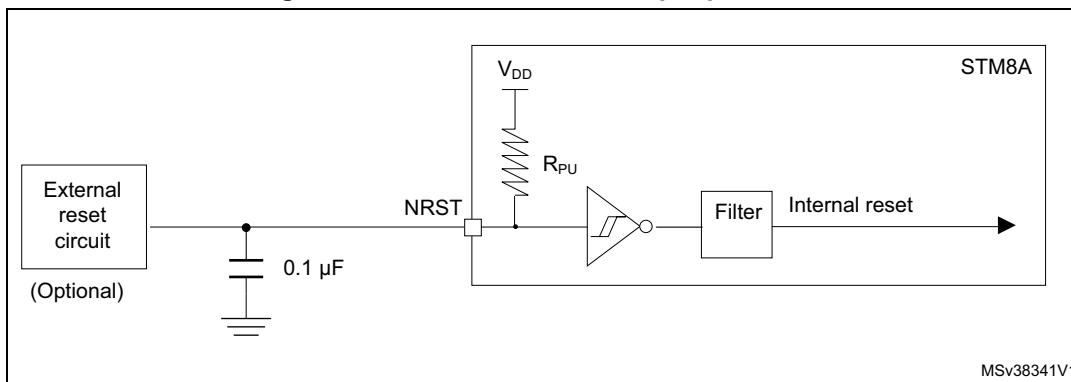
Figure 19. Typical LSI frequency vs V_{DD}

Figure 34. Typical NRST pull-up resistance R_{PU} vs V_{DD} **Figure 35. Typical NRST pull-up current I_{pu} vs V_{DD}** 

The reset network shown in [Figure 36](#) protects the device against parasitic resets. The user must ensure that the level on the NRST pin can go below $V_{IL(NRST)}$ max (see [Table 36: NRST pin characteristics](#)), otherwise the reset is not taken into account internally.

Figure 36. Recommended reset pin protection

Static latch-up

Two complementary static tests are required on 10 parts to assess the latch-up performance.

- A supply overvoltage (applied to each power supply pin) and
- A current injection (applied to each input, output and configurable I/O pin) are performed on each sample.

This test conforms to the EIA/JESD 78 IC latch-up standard. For more details, refer to the application note AN1181.

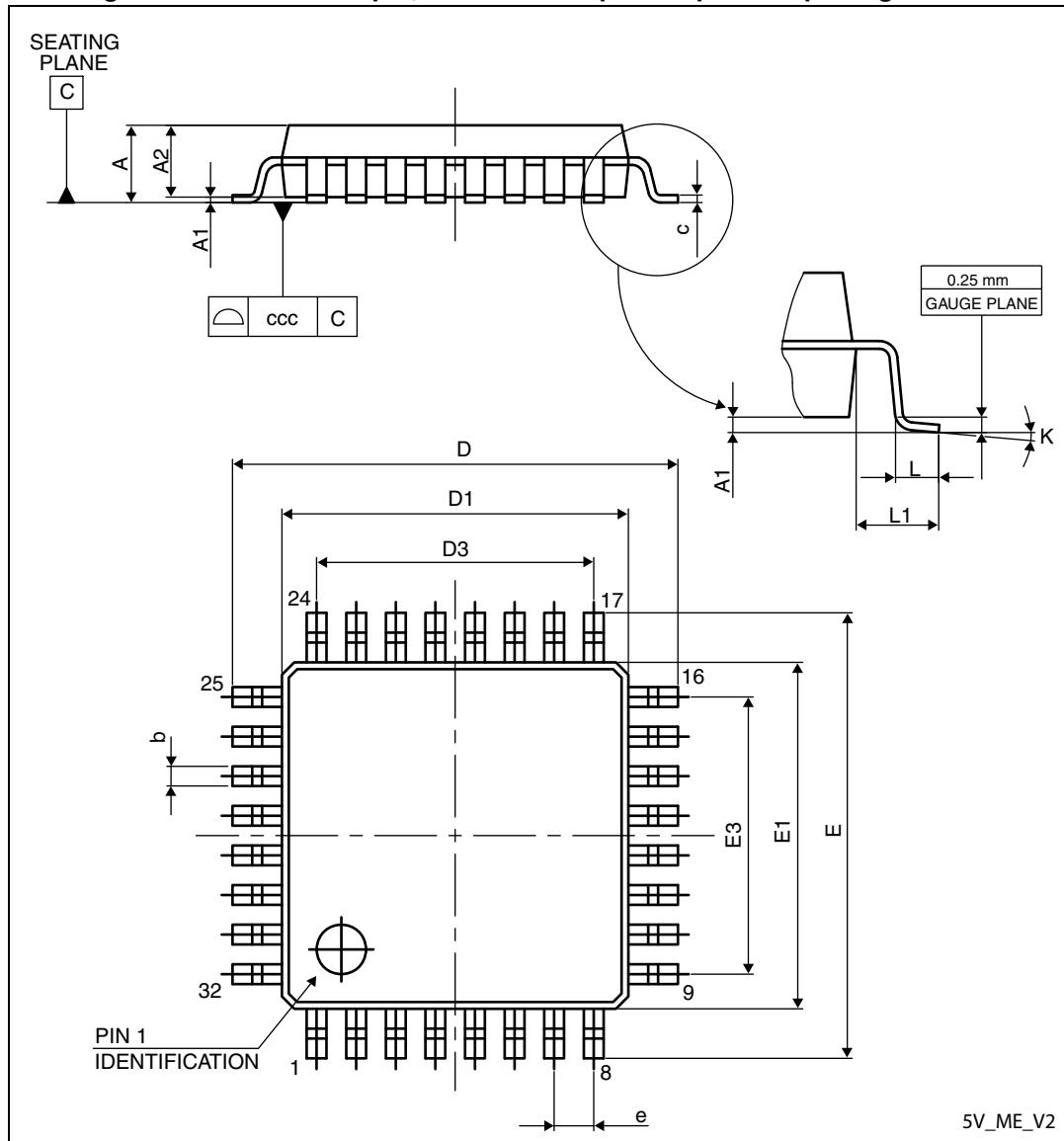
Table 45. Electrical sensitivities

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Class ⁽¹⁾
LU	Static latch-up class	$T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	A
		$T_A = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	
		$T_A = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	
		$T_A = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	

1. Class description: A Class is an STMicroelectronics internal specification. All its limits are higher than the JEDEC specifications, that means when a device belongs to class A it exceeds the JEDEC standard. B class strictly covers all the JEDEC criteria (international standard).

11.3 LQFP32 package information

Figure 48. LQFP32 - 32-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 50. Document revision history (continued)

Date	Revision	Changes
31-Jan-2011	5	<p>Modified references to reference manual, and Flash programming manual in the whole document.</p> <p>Added reference to AEC Q100 standard on cover page.</p> <p>Renamed timer types as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Auto-reload timer to general purpose timer – Multipurpose timer to advanced control timer – System timer to basic timer <p>Introduced concept of medium density Flash program memory.</p> <p>Updated timer names in <i>Figure: STM8A block diagram</i>.</p> <p>Added TMU brief description in <i>Section: Flash program and data EEPROM</i>, and updated TMU_MAXATT description in <i>Table: Option byte description</i>.</p> <p>Updated clock sources in clock controller features. Changed 16MHZTRIM0 to HSITRIM bit in <i>Section: User trimming</i>.</p> <p>Added <i>Table: Peripheral clock gating bits</i>.</p> <p>Updated <i>Section: Low-power operating modes</i>.</p> <p>Added calibration using TIM3 in <i>Section: Auto-wakeup counter</i>.</p> <p>Added <i>Table: ADC naming</i> and <i>Table: Communication peripheral naming correspondence</i>.</p> <p>Added Note 1 related AIN12 pin in <i>Section: Analog-to-digital converter (ADC)</i> and <i>Table: STM8AF61xx/62xx (32 Kbyte) microcontroller pin description</i>.</p> <p>Updated SPI data rate to 10 Mbit/s or $f_{MASTER}/2$ in <i>Section: Serial peripheral interface (SPI)</i>.</p> <p>Added reset state in <i>Table: Legend/abbreviation</i>.</p> <p><i>Table: STM8AF61xx/62xx (32 Kbyte) microcontroller pin description</i>: added Note 7 related to PD1/SWIM, modified Note 6, corrected wpu input for PE1 and PE2, and renamed TIMn_CCx and TIMn_NCCx to TIMn_CHx and TIMn_CHxN, respectively.</p> <p>Section: Register map:</p> <p>Replaced tables describing register maps and reset values for non-volatile memory, global configuration, reset status, clock controller, interrupt controller, timers, communication interfaces, and ADC, by <i>Table: General hardware register map</i>.</p> <p>Added Note 1 for Px_IDR registers in <i>Table: I/O port hardware register map</i>. Updated register reset values for Px_IDR registers.</p> <p>Added SWIM and debug module register map.</p>