Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)**Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

**Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

**Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	15000
Total RAM Bits	331776
Number of I/O	268
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	388-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	388-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfxp15e-4fn388c">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfxp15e-4fn388c</a>

### Features

- **Non-volatile, Infinitely Reconfigurable**
  - Instant-on – powers up in microseconds
  - No external configuration memory
  - Excellent design security, no bit stream to intercept
  - Reconfigure SRAM based logic in milliseconds
  - SRAM and non-volatile memory programmable through system configuration and JTAG ports
- **Sleep Mode**
  - Allows up to 1000x static current reduction
- **TransFR™ Reconfiguration (TFR)**
  - In-field logic update while system operates
- **Extensive Density and Package Options**
  - 3.1K to 19.7K LUT4s
  - 62 to 340 I/Os
  - Density migration supported
- **Embedded and Distributed Memory**
  - 54 Kbits to 396 Kbits sysMEM™ Embedded Block RAM
  - Up to 79 Kbits distributed RAM
  - Flexible memory resources:
    - Distributed and block memory

### ■ Flexible I/O Buffer

- Programmable sysIO™ buffer supports wide range of interfaces:
  - LVCMS 3.3/2.5/1.8/1.5/1.2
  - LVTTL
  - SSTL 18 Class I
  - SSTL 3/2 Class I, II
  - HSTL15 Class I, III
  - HSTL 18 Class I, II, III
  - PCI
  - LVDS, Bus-LVDS, LVPECL, RSDS

### ■ Dedicated DDR Memory Support

- Implements interface up to DDR333 (166MHz)

### ■ sysCLOCK™ PLLs

- Up to 4 analog PLLs per device
- Clock multiply, divide and phase shifting

### ■ System Level Support

- IEEE Standard 1149.1 Boundary Scan, plus ispTRACY™ internal logic analyzer capability
- Onboard oscillator for configuration
- Devices operate with 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V or 1.2V power supply

**Table 1-1. LatticeXP Family Selection Guide**

Device	LFXP3	LFXP6	LFXP10	LFXP15	LFXP20
PFU/PFF Rows	16	24	32	40	44
PFU/PFF Columns	24	30	38	48	56
PFU/PFF (Total)	384	720	1216	1932	2464
LUTs (K)	3	6	10	15	20
Distributed RAM (KBits)	12	23	39	61	79
EBR SRAM (KBits)	54	72	216	324	396
EBR SRAM Blocks	6	8	24	36	44
V <sub>CC</sub> Voltage	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V
PLLs	2	2	4	4	4
Max. I/O	136	188	244	300	340
<b>Packages and I/O Combinations:</b>					
100-pin TQFP (14 x 14 mm)	62				
144-pin TQFP (20 x 20 mm)	100	100			
208-pin PQFP (28 x 28 mm)	136	142			
256-ball fpBGA (17 x 17 mm)		188	188	188	188
388-ball fpBGA (23 x 23 mm)			244	268	268
484-ball fpBGA (23 x 23 mm)				300	340

### Architecture Overview

The LatticeXP architecture contains an array of logic blocks surrounded by Programmable I/O Cells (PIC). Interspersed between the rows of logic blocks are rows of sysMEM Embedded Block RAM (EBR) as shown in Figure 2-1.

On the left and right sides of the PFU array, there are Non-volatile Memory Blocks. In configuration mode this non-volatile memory is programmed via the IEEE 1149.1 TAP port or the sysCONFIG™ peripheral port. On power up, the configuration data is transferred from the Non-volatile Memory Blocks to the configuration SRAM. With this technology, expensive external configuration memories are not required and designs are secured from unauthorized read-back. This transfer of data from non-volatile memory to configuration SRAM via wide busses happens in microseconds, providing an “instant-on” capability that allows easy interfacing in many applications.

There are two kinds of logic blocks, the Programmable Functional Unit (PFU) and Programmable Functional unit without RAM/ROM (PFF). The PFU contains the building blocks for logic, arithmetic, RAM, ROM and register functions. The PFF block contains building blocks for logic, arithmetic and ROM functions. Both PFU and PFF blocks are optimized for flexibility, allowing complex designs to be implemented quickly and efficiently. Logic Blocks are arranged in a two-dimensional array. Only one type of block is used per row. The PFU blocks are used on the outside rows. The rest of the core consists of rows of PFF blocks interspersed with rows of PFU blocks. For every three rows of PFF blocks there is a row of PFU blocks.

Each PIC block encompasses two PIOs (PIO pairs) with their respective sysIO interfaces. PIO pairs on the left and right edges of the device can be configured as LVDS transmit/receive pairs. sysMEM EBRs are large dedicated fast memory blocks. They can be configured as RAM or ROM.

The PFU, PFF, PIC and EBR Blocks are arranged in a two-dimensional grid with rows and columns as shown in Figure 2-1. The blocks are connected with many vertical and horizontal routing channel resources. The place and route software tool automatically allocates these routing resources.

At the end of the rows containing the sysMEM Blocks are the sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loop (PLL) Blocks. These PLLs have multiply, divide and phase shifting capability; they are used to manage the phase relationship of the clocks. The LatticeXP architecture provides up to four PLLs per device.

Every device in the family has a JTAG Port with internal Logic Analyzer (ispTRACY) capability. The sysCONFIG port which allows for serial or parallel device configuration. The LatticeXP devices are available for operation from 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V and 1.2V power supplies, providing easy integration into the overall system.

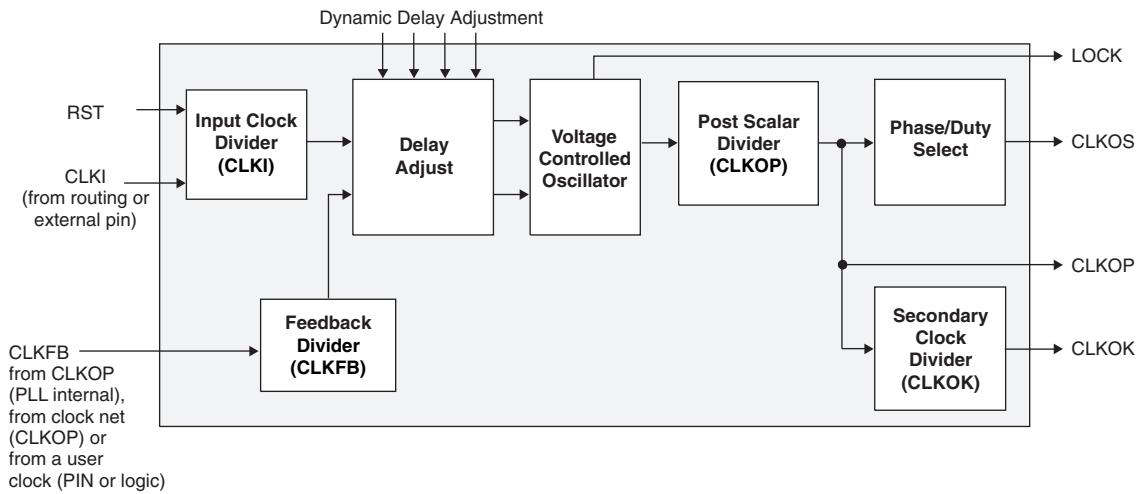
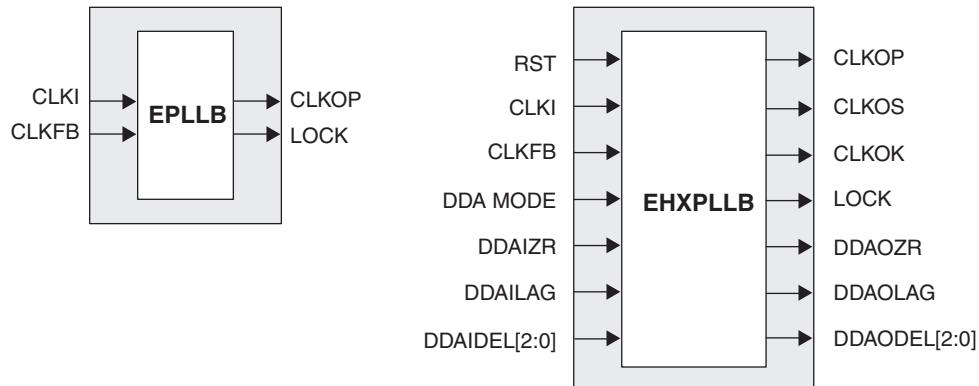
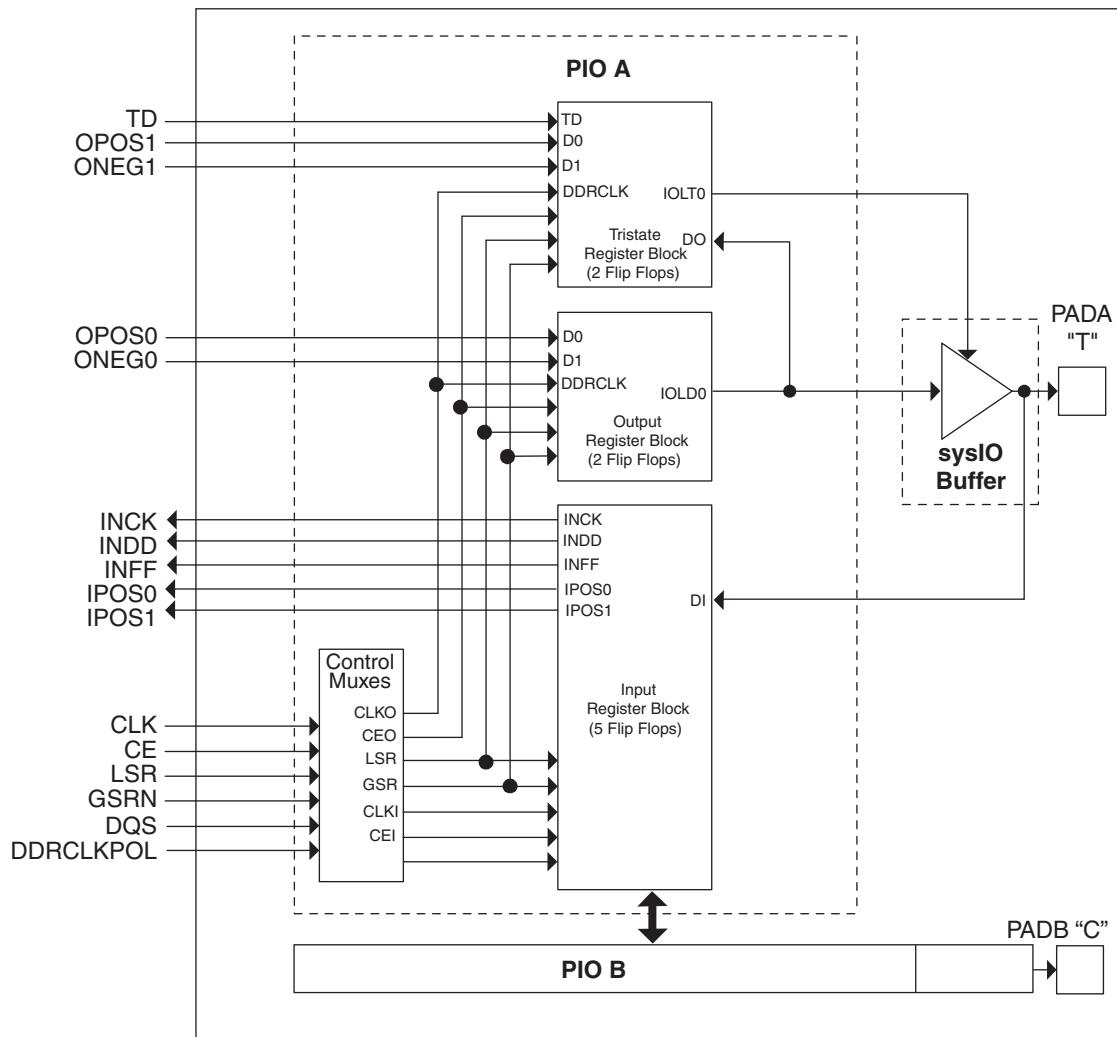
**Figure 2-10. PLL Diagram**

Figure 2-11 shows the available macros for the PLL. Table 2-11 provides signal description of the PLL Block.

**Figure 2-11. PLL Primitive****Table 2-5. PLL Signal Descriptions**

Signal	I/O	Description
CLKI	I	Clock input from external pin or routing
CLKFB	I	PLL feedback input from CLKOP (PLL internal), from clock net (CLKOP) or from a user clock (PIN or logic)
RST	I	"1" to reset input clock divider
CLKOS	O	PLL output clock to clock tree (phase shifted/duty cycle changed)
CLKOP	O	PLL output clock to clock tree (No phase shift)
CLKOK	O	PLL output to clock tree through secondary clock divider
LOCK	O	"1" indicates PLL LOCK to CLKI
DDAMODE	I	Dynamic Delay Enable. "1" Pin control (dynamic), "0": Fuse Control (static)
DDAIZR	I	Dynamic Delay Zero. "1": delay = 0, "0": delay = on
DDAILAG	I	Dynamic Delay Lag/Lead. "1": Lag, "0": Lead
DDAIDEL[2:0]	I	Dynamic Delay Input
DDAOZR	O	Dynamic Delay Zero Output
DDAOLAG	O	Dynamic Delay Lag/Lead Output
DDAODEL[2:0]	O	Dynamic Delay Output

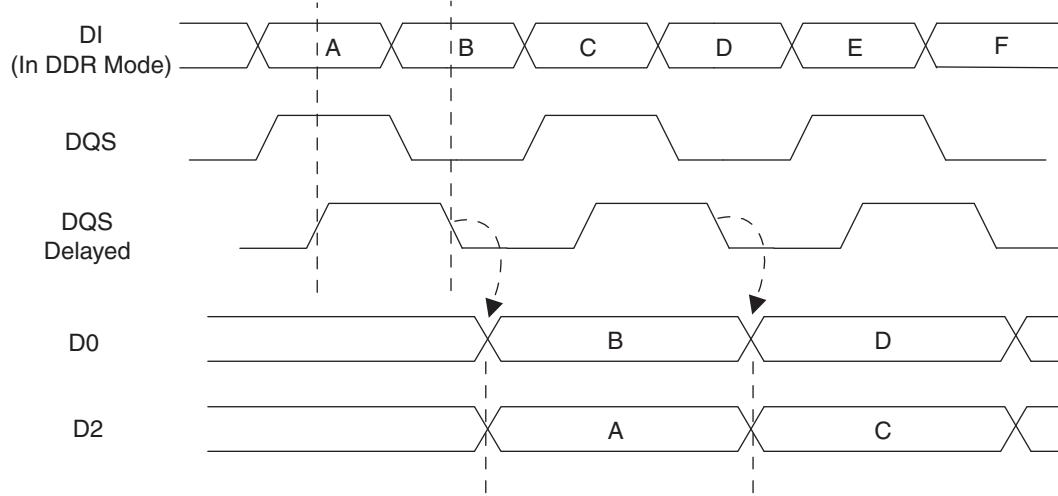
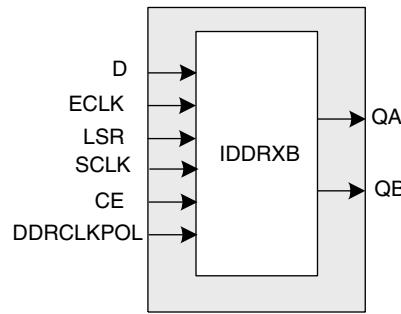
**Figure 2-17. PIC Diagram**

In the LatticeXP family, seven PIOs or four (3.5) PICs are grouped together to provide two LVDS differential pairs, one PIC pair and one single I/O, as shown in Figure 2-18.

Two adjacent PIOs can be joined to provide a differential I/O pair (labeled as “T” and “C”). The PAD Labels “T” and “C” distinguish the two PIOs. Only the PIO pairs on the left and right edges of the device can be configured as LVDS transmit/receive pairs.

One of every 14 PIOs (a group of 8 PICs) contains a delay element to facilitate the generation of DQS signals as shown in Figure 2-19. The DQS signal feeds the DQS bus which spans the set of 13 PIOs (8 PICs). The DQS signal from the bus is used to strobe the DDR data from the memory into input register blocks. This interface is designed for memories that support one DQS strobe per eight bits of data.

The exact DQS pins are shown in a dual function in the Logic Signal Connections table in this data sheet. Additional detail is provided in the Signal Descriptions table in this data sheet.

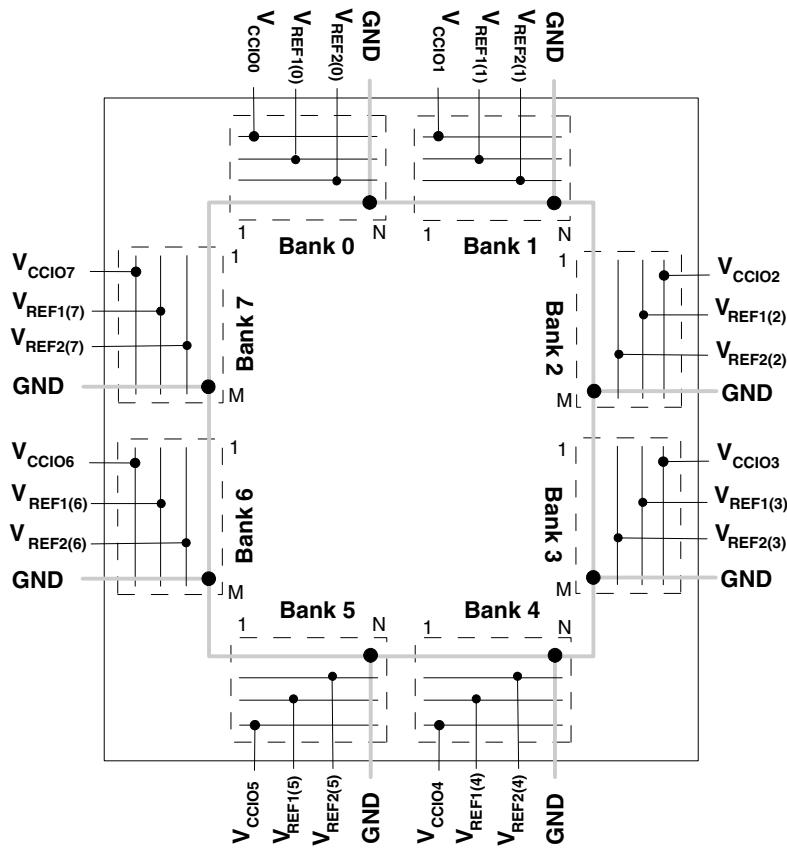
**Figure 2-21. Input Register DDR Waveforms****Figure 2-22. INDDRXB Primitive**

### Output Register Block

The output register block provides the ability to register signals from the core of the device before they are passed to the sysIO buffers. The block contains a register for SDR operation that is combined with an additional latch for DDR operation. Figure 2-23 shows the diagram of the Output Register Block.

In SDR mode, ONEG0 feeds one of the flip-flops that then feeds the output. The flip-flop can be configured as a D-type or as a latch. In DDR mode, ONEG0 is fed into one register on the positive edge of the clock and OPOS0 is latched. A multiplexer running off the same clock selects the correct register for feeding to the output (D0).

Figure 2-24 shows the design tool DDR primitives. The SDR output register has reset and clock enable available. The additional register for DDR operation does not have reset or clock enable available.

**Figure 2-28. LatticeXP Banks**

Note: N and M are the maximum number of I/Os per bank.

LatticeXP devices contain two types of sysIO buffer pairs.

#### 1. Top and Bottom sysIO Buffer Pair (Single-Ended Outputs Only)

The sysIO buffer pairs in the top and bottom banks of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two sets of single-ended input buffers (both ratioed and referenced). The referenced input buffer can also be configured as a differential input.

The two pads in the pair are described as “true” and “comp”, where the true pad is associated with the positive side of the differential input buffer and the comp (complementary) pad is associated with the negative side of the differential input buffer.

Only the I/Os on the top and bottom banks have PCI clamps. Note that the PCI clamp is enabled after  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{CCAUX}$  and  $V_{CCIO}$  are at valid operating levels and the device has been configured.

#### 2. Left and Right sysIO Buffer Pair (Differential and Single-Ended Outputs)

The sysIO buffer pairs in the left and right banks of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers, two sets of single-ended input buffers (both ratioed and referenced) and one differential output driver. The referenced input buffer can also be configured as a differential input. In these banks the two pads in the pair are described as “true” and “comp”, where the true pad is associated with the positive side of the differential I/O, and the comp (complementary) pad is associated with the negative side of the differential I/O.

Select I/Os in the left and right banks have LVDS differential output drivers. Refer to the Logic Signal Connections tables for more information.

November 2007

Data Sheet DS1001

### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1, 2, 3, 4</sup>

	XPE (1.2V)	XPC (1.8V/2.5V/3.3V)
Supply Voltage V <sub>CC</sub> . . . . .	-0.5 to 1.32V . . . . .	-0.5 to 3.75V . . . . .
Supply Voltage V <sub>CCP</sub> . . . . .	-0.5 to 1.32V . . . . .	-0.5 to 3.75V . . . . .
Supply Voltage V <sub>CCAUX</sub> . . . . .	-0.5 to 3.75V . . . . .	-0.5 to 3.75V . . . . .
Supply Voltage V <sub>CCJ</sub> . . . . .	-0.5 to 3.75V . . . . .	-0.5 to 3.75V . . . . .
Output Supply Voltage V <sub>CCIO</sub> . . . . .	-0.5 to 3.75V . . . . .	-0.5 to 3.75V . . . . .
I/O Tristate Voltage Applied <sup>5</sup> . . . . .	-0.5 to 3.75V . . . . .	-0.5 to 3.75V . . . . .
Dedicated Input Voltage Applied <sup>5</sup> . . . . .	-0.5 to 3.75V . . . . .	-0.5 to 4.25V . . . . .
Storage Temperature (Ambient) . . . . .	-65 to 150°C . . . . .	-65 to 150°C . . . . .
Junction Temp. (T <sub>j</sub> ) . . . . .	+125°C . . . . .	+125°C . . . . .

1. Stress above those listed under the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside of those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

2. Compliance with the Lattice *Thermal Management* document is required.

3. All voltages referenced to GND.

4. All chip grounds are connected together to a common package GND plane.

5. Overshoot and undershoot of -2V to (V<sub>IHMAX</sub> + 2) volts is permitted for a duration of <20ns.

### Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>3</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
V <sub>CC</sub>	Core Supply Voltage for 1.2V Devices	1.14	1.26	V
	Core Supply Voltage for 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V Devices	1.71	3.465	V
V <sub>CCP</sub>	Supply Voltage for PLL for 1.2V Devices	1.14	1.26	V
	Supply Voltage for PLL for 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V Devices	1.71	3.465	V
V <sub>CCAUX</sub> <sup>4</sup>	Auxiliary Supply Voltage	3.135	3.465	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub> <sup>1, 2</sup>	I/O Driver Supply Voltage	1.14	3.465	V
V <sub>CCJ</sub> <sup>1</sup>	Supply Voltage for IEEE 1149.1 Test Access Port	1.14	3.465	V
t <sub>JCOM</sub>	Junction Temperature, Commercial Operation	0	85	C
t <sub>JIND</sub>	Junction Temperature, Industrial Operation	-40	100	C
t <sub>JFLASHCOM</sub>	Junction Temperature, Flash Programming, Commercial	0	85	C
t <sub>JFLASHIND</sub>	Junction Temperature, Flash Programming, Industrial	0	85	C

1. If V<sub>CCIO</sub> or V<sub>CCJ</sub> is set to 3.3V, they must be connected to the same power supply as V<sub>CCAUX</sub>. For the XPE devices (1.2V V<sub>CC</sub>), if V<sub>CCIO</sub> or V<sub>CCJ</sub> is set to 1.2V, they must be connected to the same power supply as V<sub>CC</sub>.

2. See recommended voltages by I/O standard in subsequent table.

3. The system designer must ensure that the FPGA design stays within the specified junction temperature and package thermal capabilities of the device based on the expected operating frequency, activity factor and environment conditions of the system.

4. V<sub>CCAUX</sub> ramp rate must not exceed 30mV/μs during power up when transitioning between 0V and 3.3V.

**DC Electrical Characteristics****Over Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$I_{IL}, I_{IH}^{1, 2, 4}$	Input or I/O Leakage	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq (V_{CCIO} - 0.2V)$	—	—	10	$\mu A$
		$(V_{CCIO} - 0.2V) < V_{IN} \leq 3.6V$	—	—	40	$\mu A$
$I_{PU}$	I/O Active Pull-up Current	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq 0.7 V_{CCIO}$	-30	—	-150	$\mu A$
$I_{PD}$	I/O Active Pull-down Current	$V_{IL} (\text{MAX}) \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IH} (\text{MAX})$	30	—	150	$\mu A$
$I_{BHLS}$	Bus Hold Low sustaining current	$V_{IN} = V_{IL} (\text{MAX})$	30	—	—	$\mu A$
$I_{BHH}$	Bus Hold High sustaining current	$V_{IN} = 0.7V_{CCIO}$	-30	—	—	$\mu A$
$I_{BHLO}$	Bus Hold Low Overdrive current	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IH} (\text{MAX})$	—	—	150	$\mu A$
$I_{BHHO}$	Bus Hold High Overdrive current	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IH} (\text{MAX})$	—	—	-150	$\mu A$
$V_{BHT}$	Bus Hold trip Points	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IH} (\text{MAX})$	$V_{IL} (\text{MAX})$	—	$V_{IH} (\text{MIN})$	V
C1	I/O Capacitance <sup>3</sup>	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V, 1.5V, 1.2V, V_{CC} = 1.2V, V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{IH} (\text{MAX})$	—	8	—	pf
C2	Dedicated Input Capacitance <sup>3</sup>	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V, 1.5V, 1.2V, V_{CC} = 1.2V, V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{IH} (\text{MAX})$	—	8	—	pf

1. Input or I/O leakage current is measured with the pin configured as an input or as an I/O with the output driver tri-stated. It is not measured with the output driver active. Bus maintenance circuits are disabled.
2. Not applicable to SLEEPN/TOE pin.
3.  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ ,  $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
4. When  $V_{IH}$  is higher than  $V_{CCIO}$ , a transient current typically of 30ns in duration or less with a peak current of 6mA can be expected on the high-to-low transition.

**Supply Current (Sleep Mode)<sup>1, 2, 3</sup>**

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. <sup>4</sup>	Max	Units
$I_{CC}$	Core Power Supply	LFXP3C	12	65	$\mu A$
		LFXP6C	14	75	$\mu A$
		LFXP10C	16	85	$\mu A$
		LFXP15C	18	95	$\mu A$
		LFXP20C	20	105	$\mu A$
$I_{CCP}$	PLL Power Supply (per PLL)	All LFXP 'C' Devices	1	5	$\mu A$
$I_{CCAUX}$	Auxiliary Power Supply	LFXP3C	2	90	$\mu A$
		LFXP6C	2	100	$\mu A$
		LFXP10C	2	110	$\mu A$
		LFXP15C	3	120	$\mu A$
		LFXP20C	4	130	$\mu A$
$I_{CCIO}$	Bank Power Supply <sup>5</sup>	LFXP3C	2	20	$\mu A$
		LFXP6C	2	22	$\mu A$
		LFXP10C	2	24	$\mu A$
		LFXP15C	3	27	$\mu A$
		LFXP20C	4	30	$\mu A$
$I_{CCJ}$	VCCJ Power Supply	All LFXP 'C' Devices	1	5	$\mu A$

1. Assumes all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at the VCCIO or GND.
2. Frequency 0MHz.
3. User pattern: blank.
4.  $T_A=25^\circ C$ , power supplies at nominal voltage.
5. Per bank.

**Supply Current (Standby)<sup>1, 2, 3, 4</sup>**

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. <sup>5</sup>	Units
$I_{CC}$	Core Power Supply	LFXP3E	15	mA
		LFXP6E	20	mA
		LFXP10E	35	mA
		LFXP15E	45	mA
		LFXP20E	55	mA
		LFXP3C	35	mA
		LFXP6C	40	mA
		LFXP10C	70	mA
		LFXP15C	80	mA
		LFXP20C	90	mA
$I_{CCP}$	PLL Power Supply (per PLL)	All	8	mA
$I_{CCAUX}$	Auxiliary Power Supply $V_{CCAUX} = 3.3V$	LFXP3E/C	22	mA
		LFXP6E/C	22	mA
		LFXP10E/C	30	mA
		LFXP15E/C	30	mA
		LFXP20E/C	30	mA
$I_{CCIO}$	Bank Power Supply <sup>6</sup>	All	2	mA
$I_{CCJ}$	$V_{CCJ}$ Power Supply	All	1	mA

- For further information on supply current, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.
- Assumes all outputs are tristated, all inputs are configured as LVC MOS and held at the VCCIO or GND.
- Frequency 0MHz.
- User pattern: blank.
- $T_A=25^\circ C$ , power supplies at nominal voltage.
- Per bank.

## sysCLOCK PLL Timing

### Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$f_{IN}$	Input Clock Frequency (CLKI, CLKFB)		25	—	375	MHz
$f_{OUT}$	Output Clock Frequency (CLKOP, CLKOS)		25	—	375	MHz
$f_{OUT2}$	K-Divider Output Frequency (CLKOK)		0.195	—	187.5	MHz
$f_{VCO}$	PLL VCO Frequency		375	—	750	MHz
$f_{PFD}$	Phase Detector Input Frequency		25	—	—	MHz
<b>AC Characteristics</b>						
$t_{DT}$	Output Clock Duty Cycle	Default duty cycle elected <sup>3</sup>	45	50	55	%
$t_{PH}^4$	Output Phase Accuracy		—	—	0.05	UI
$t_{OPJIT}^1$	Output Clock Period Jitter	$f_{OUT} \geq 100\text{MHz}$	—	—	+/- 125	ps
		$f_{OUT} < 100\text{MHz}$	—	—	0.02	UIPP
$t_{SK}$	Input Clock to Output Clock Skew	Divider ratio = integer	—	—	+/- 200	ps
$t_W$	Output Clock Pulse Width	At 90% or 10% <sup>3</sup>	1	—	—	ns
$t_{LOCK}^2$	PLL Lock-in Time		—	—	150	us
$t_{PA}$	Programmable Delay Unit		100	250	400	ps
$t_{IPJIT}$	Input Clock Period Jitter		—	—	+/- 200	ps
$t_{FBKDLY}$	External Feedback Delay		—	—	10	ns
$t_{HI}$	Input Clock High Time	90% to 90%	0.5	—	—	ns
$t_{LO}$	Input Clock Low Time	10% to 10%	0.5	—	—	ns
$t_{RST}$	RST Pulse Width		10	—	—	ns

1. Jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with clean reference clock.

2. Output clock is valid after  $t_{LOCK}$  for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.

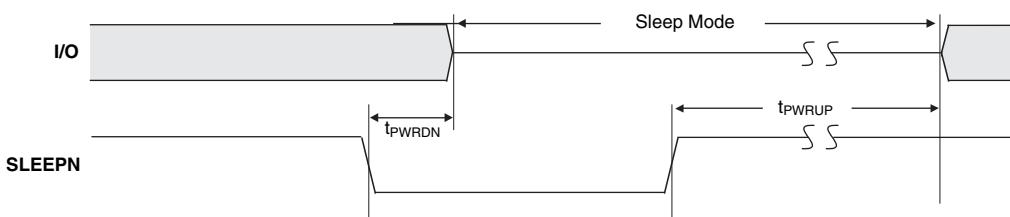
3. Using LVDS output buffers.

4. As compared to CLKOP output.

Timing v.F0.11

## LatticeXP “C” Sleep Mode Timing

Parameter	Descriptions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
$t_{PWRDN}$	SLEEPN Low to I/O Tristate	—	20	32	ns	
$t_{PWRUP}$	SLEEPN High to Power Up	LFXP3	—	1.4	2.1	ms
		LFXP6	—	1.7	2.4	ms
		LFXP10	—	1.1	1.8	ms
		LFXP15	—	1.4	2.1	ms
		LFXP20	—	1.7	2.4	ms
$t_{WSLEEPN}$	SLEEPN Pulse Width to Initiate Sleep Mode	400	—	—	ns	
$t_{WAWAKE}$	SLEEPN Pulse Rejection	—	—	120	ns	



**Power Supply and NC Connections**

Signals	100 TQFP	144 TQFP	208 PQFP	256 fpBGA	388 fpBGA	484 fpBGA
V <sub>CC</sub>	28, 77	14, 39, 73, 112	19, 35, 53, 80, 107, 151, 158, 182	D4, D13, E5, E12, M5, M12, N4, N13	H9, J8, J15, K8, K15, L8, L15, M8, M15, N8, N15, P8, P15, R9	F10, F13, G9, G10, G13, G14, H8, H15, J7, J16, K6, K7, K16, K17, N6, N7, N16, N17, P7, P16, R8, R15, T9, T10, T13, T14, U10, U13
V <sub>CCIO0</sub>	94	133	189, 199	F7, F8	G8, G9, G10, G11, H8	F11, G11, H10, H11
V <sub>CCIO1</sub>	82	119	167, 177	F9, F10	G12, G13, G14, G15, H15	F12, G12, H12, H13
V <sub>CCIO2</sub>	65	98	140, 149	G11, H11	H16, J16, K16, L16	K15, L15, L16, L17
V <sub>CCIO3</sub>	58	88	115, 125	J11, K11	M16, N16, P16, R16	M15, M16, M17, N15
V <sub>CCIO4</sub>	47	61, 68	87, 97	L9, L10	R15, T12, T13, T14, T15	R12, R13, T12, U12
V <sub>CCIO5</sub>	38	49	64, 74	L7, L8	R8, T8, T9, T10, T11	R10, R11, T11, U11
V <sub>CCIO6</sub>	22	21	28, 41	J6, K6	M7, N7, P7, R7	M6, M7, M8, N8
V <sub>CCIO7</sub>	7	8	13, 23	G6, H6	H7, J7, K7, L7	K8, L6, L7, L8
V <sub>CCJ</sub>	73	108	154	D16	E20	E20
V <sub>CCP0</sub>	17	19	25	H4	M2	L5
V <sub>CCP1</sub>	60	91	128	J12	M21	L18
V <sub>CCAUX</sub>	25, 71	36, 106	50, 152	E4, E13, M4, M13	G7, G16, T7, T16	G7, G8, G15, G16, H7, H16, R7, R16, T7, T8, T15, T16
GND <sup>1</sup>	10, 18, 21, 33, 43, 44, 52, 59, 68, 84, 90, 99	3, 11, 20, 28, 44, 54, 56, 64, 75, 85, 90, 101, 121, 127, 136	5, 7, 16, 26, 38, 47, 49, 59, 69, 79, 82, 92, 106, 109, 118, 121, 127, 130, 135, 143, 163, 172, 181, 184, 194, 207	A1, A16, F6, F11, G7, G8, G9, G10, H5, H7, H8, H9, H10, J7, J8, J9, J10, J13, K7, K8, K9, K10, L6, L11, T1, T16	A1, A22, H10, H11, H12, H13, H14, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, N1, N9, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, N22, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, R10, R11, R12, R13, R14, AB1, AB22	A1, A2, A21, A22, B1, B22, H9, H14, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M20, N2, N9, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, P8, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, R9, R14, AA1, AA22, AB1, AB2, AB21, AB22
NC <sup>2</sup>	—	—	XP3: 27, 33, 34, 129, 133, 134	—	XP10: C2, C15, C16, C17, D4, D5, D6, D7, D16, D17, E4, E19, W3, W4, W7, W17, W18, W19, W20, Y3, Y15, Y16, AA1, AA2	XP15: B21, C4, C5, C6, C18, C19, C20, C21, D6, D18, E4, E6, E18, F6, L1, L19, L20, M1, M2, M19, M21, N1, N21, N22, P1, P2, U5, U6, U17, U18, V5, V6, V17, V18, W17, W18, W19, Y3, Y4, Y5

1. All grounds must be electrically connected at the board level.

2. NC pins should not be connected to any active signals, V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.

**LFXP6 & LFXP10 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)**

Ball Number	LFXP6				LFXP10			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
R8	PB16A	5	T	-	PB20A	5	T	-
T9	PB16B	5	C	-	PB20B	5	C	-
R9	PB17A	4	T	-	PB21A	4	T	-
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
P9	PB17B	4	C	-	PB21B	4	C	-
T10	PB18A	4	T	PCLKT4_0	PB22A	4	T	PCLKT4_0
T11	PB18B	4	C	PCLKC4_0	PB22B	4	C	PCLKC4_0
R10	PB19A	4	T	-	PB23A	4	T	-
P10	PB19B	4	C	-	PB23B	4	C	-
N9	PB20A	4	-	-	PB24A	4	-	-
M9	PB21B	4	-	-	PB25B	4	-	-
R12	PB22A	4	T	DQS	PB26A	4	T	DQS
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
T12	PB22B	4	C	VREF1_4	PB26B	4	C	VREF1_4
P13	PB23A	4	T	-	PB27A	4	T	-
R13	PB23B	4	C	-	PB27B	4	C	-
M11	PB24A	4	T	-	PB28A	4	T	-
N11	PB24B	4	C	-	PB28B	4	C	-
N10	PB25A	4	T	-	PB29A	4	T	-
M10	PB25B	4	C	-	PB29B	4	C	-
T13	PB26A	4	T	-	PB30A	4	T	-
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
P14	PB26B	4	C	-	PB30B	4	C	-
R11	PB27A	4	T	VREF2_4	PB31A	4	T	VREF2_4
P12	PB27B	4	C	-	PB31B	4	C	-
T14	PB28A	4	-	-	PB32A	4	-	-
R14	PB29B	4	-	-	PB33B	4	-	-
P11	PB30A	4	T	DQS	PB34A	4	T	DQS
N12	PB30B	4	C	-	PB34B	4	C	-
T15	PB31A	4	T	-	PB35A	4	T	-
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
R15	PB31B	4	C	-	PB35B	4	C	-
-	GNDIO3	3	-	-	GNDIO3	3	-	-
P15	PR26B	3	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR34B	3	C	RLM0_PLLC_FB_A
N15	PR26A	3	T <sup>3</sup>	-	PR34A	3	T	RLM0_PLLT_FB_A
P16	PR24B	3	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR33B	3	C <sup>3</sup>	-
R16	PR24A	3	T <sup>3</sup>	DQS	PR33A	3	T <sup>3</sup>	DQS
M15	PR15B	3	-	-	PR32B	3	-	-
N14	PR23B	3	-	VREF1_3	PR31A	3	-	VREF1_3
-	GNDIO3	3	-	-	GNDIO3	3	-	-
M14	PR25B	3	C	-	PR29B	3	C	-
L13	PR25A	3	T	-	PR29A	3	T	-

**LFXP6 & LFXP10 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)**

Ball Number	LFXP6				LFXP10			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
L15	PR21B	3	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR28B	3	C <sup>3</sup>	-
L14	PR21A	3	T <sup>3</sup>	-	PR28A	3	T <sup>3</sup>	-
-	GNDIO3	3	-	-	GNDIO3	3	-	-
L12	PR17B	3	C	-	PR26A	3	-	-
M16	PR20B	3	C	-	PR25B	3	C	RLM0_PLLC_IN_A
N16	PR20A	3	T	-	PR25A	3	T	RLM0_PLLT_IN_A
K14	PR19B	3	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR24B	3	C <sup>3</sup>	-
K15	PR19A	3	T <sup>3</sup>	-	PR24A	3	T <sup>3</sup>	DQS
K12	PR17A	3	T	-	PR23B	3	-	-
K13	PR22A	3	-	VREF2_3	PR22A	3	-	VREF2_3
-	GNDIO3	3	-	-	GNDIO3	3	-	-
L16	PR18B	3	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR21B	3	C <sup>3</sup>	-
K16	PR18A	3	T <sup>3</sup>	-	PR21A	3	T <sup>3</sup>	-
J15	PR16B	3	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR19B	3	C <sup>3</sup>	-
J14	PR16A	3	T <sup>3</sup>	-	PR19A	3	T <sup>3</sup>	-
J13	GNDP1	-	-	-	GNDP1	-	-	-
J12	VCCP1	-	-	-	VCCP1	-	-	-
-	GNDIO2	2	-	-	GNDIO2	2	-	-
J16	PR12B	2	C	PCLKC2_0	PR17B	2	C	PCLKC2_0
H16	PR12A	2	T	PCLKT2_0	PR17A	2	T	PCLKT2_0
H13	PR13B	2	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR16B	2	C <sup>3</sup>	-
H12	PR13A	2	T <sup>3</sup>	-	PR16A	2	T <sup>3</sup>	DQS
H15	PR2B	2	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR15B	2	-	-
H14	PR6B	2	-	VREF1_2	PR14A	2	-	VREF1_2
-	GNDIO2	2	-	-	GNDIO2	2	-	-
G15	PR11B	2	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR13B	2	C <sup>3</sup>	-
G14	PR11A	2	T <sup>3</sup>	-	PR13A	2	T <sup>3</sup>	-
G16	PR8B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_IN_A	PR12B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_IN_A
F16	PR8A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_IN_A	PR12A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_IN_A
G13	PR2A	2	T <sup>3</sup>	-	PR11B	2	-	-
-	GNDIO2	2	-	-	GNDIO2	2	-	-
G12	PR9B	2	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR8B	2	C	-
F13	PR9A	2	T <sup>3</sup>	-	PR8A	2	T	-
B16	PR7B	2	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR7B	2	C <sup>3</sup>	-
C16	PR7A	2	T <sup>3</sup>	DQS	PR7A	2	T <sup>3</sup>	DQS
F15	PR14A	2	-	-	PR6B	2	-	-
E15	PR5A	2	-	VREF2_2	PR5A	2	-	VREF2_2
-	GNDIO2	2	-	-	GNDIO2	2	-	-
F14	PR4B	2	C <sup>3</sup>	-	PR4B	2	C <sup>3</sup>	-
E14	PR4A	2	T <sup>3</sup>	-	PR4A	2	T <sup>3</sup>	-
D15	PR3B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_FB_A	PR3B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_FB_A
C15	PR3A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_FB_A	PR3A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_FB_A

**LFXP6 & LFXP10 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)**

Ball Number	LFXP6				LFXP10			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
E16	TDO	-	-	-	TDO	-	-	-
D16	VCCJ	-	-	-	VCCJ	-	-	-
D14	TDI	-	-	-	TDI	-	-	-
C14	TMS	-	-	-	TMS	-	-	-
B14	TCK	-	-	-	TCK	-	-	-
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
A15	PT31B	1	C	-	PT35B	1	C	-
B15	PT31A	1	T	-	PT35A	1	T	-
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
D12	PT28A	1	-	VREF1_1	PT34B	1	C	VREF1_1
C11	PT30A	1	T	DQS	PT34A	1	T	DQS
A14	PT29B	1	-	-	PT33B	1	-	-
B13	PT30B	1	C	-	PT32A	1	-	-
F12	PT27B	1	C	-	PT31B	1	C	-
E11	PT27A	1	T	-	PT31A	1	T	-
A13	PT26B	1	C	-	PT30B	1	C	-
C13	PT26A	1	T	D0	PT30A	1	T	D0
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
C10	PT25B	1	C	D1	PT29B	1	C	D1
E10	PT25A	1	T	VREF2_1	PT29A	1	T	VREF2_1
A12	PT24B	1	C	-	PT28B	1	C	-
B12	PT24A	1	T	D2	PT28A	1	T	D2
C12	PT23B	1	C	D3	PT27B	1	C	D3
A11	PT23A	1	T	-	PT27A	1	T	-
B11	PT22B	1	C	-	PT26B	1	C	-
D11	PT22A	1	T	DQS	PT26A	1	T	DQS
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
B9	PT21B	1	-	-	PT25B	1	-	-
D9	PT20A	1	-	D4	PT24A	1	-	D4
A10	PT19B	1	C	-	PT23B	1	C	-
B10	PT19A	1	T	D5	PT23A	1	T	D5
D10	PT18B	1	C	D6	PT22B	1	C	D6
A9	PT18A	1	T	-	PT22A	1	T	-
C9	PT17B	1	C	D7	PT21B	1	C	D7
C8	PT17A	1	T	-	PT21A	1	T	-
E9	PT16B	0	C	BUSY	PT20B	0	C	BUSY
-	GNDIO0	0	-	-	GNDIO0	0	-	-
B8	PT16A	0	T	CS1N	PT20A	0	T	CS1N
A8	PT15B	0	C	PCLKC0_0	PT19B	0	C	PCLKC0_0
A7	PT15A	0	T	PCLKT0_0	PT19A	0	T	PCLKT0_0
B7	PT14B	0	C	-	PT18B	0	C	-
C7	PT14A	0	T	DQS	PT18A	0	T	DQS

**LFXP6 & LFXP10 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)**

Ball Number	LFXP6				LFXP10			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
K10	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K7	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K8	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K9	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
L11	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
L6	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
T1	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
T16	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
D13	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
D4	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E12	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E5	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
M12	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
M5	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N13	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N4	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E13	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
E4	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
M13	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
M4	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
F7	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
F8	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
F10	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
F9	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
G11	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
H11	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
J11	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
K11	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
L10	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
L9	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
L7	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
L8	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
J6	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
K6	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
G6	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-
H6	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-

1. Applies to LFXP "C" only.

2. Applies to LFXP "E" only.

3. Supports dedicated LVDS outputs.

**LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)**

Ball Number	LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
G10	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
G7	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
G8	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
G9	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
H10	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
H7	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
H8	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
H9	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
J10	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
J7	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
J8	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
J9	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K10	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K7	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K8	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K9	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
L11	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
L6	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
T1	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
T16	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
D13	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
D4	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E12	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E5	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
M12	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
M5	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N13	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N4	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E13	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
E4	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
M13	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
M4	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
F7	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
F8	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
F10	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
F9	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
G11	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
H11	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
J11	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
K11	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
L10	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
L9	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-

**LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 484 fpBGA (Cont.)**

Ball Number	LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
AB5	PB16A	5	T	-	PB20A	5	T	-
AB6	PB16B	5	C	-	PB20B	5	C	-
AA8	PB17A	5	T	-	PB21A	5	T	-
AA9	PB17B	5	C	VREF2_5	PB21B	5	C	VREF2_5
W10	PB18A	5	T	-	PB22A	5	T	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
V10	PB18B	5	C	-	PB22B	5	C	-
AB7	PB19A	5	T	-	PB23A	5	T	-
AB8	PB19B	5	C	-	PB23B	5	C	-
AB9	PB20A	5	T	-	PB24A	5	T	-
AB10	PB20B	5	C	-	PB24B	5	C	-
Y10	PB21A	5	-	-	PB25A	5	-	-
AA10	PB22B	5	-	-	PB26B	5	-	-
W11	PB23A	5	T	DQS	PB27A	5	T	DQS
V11	PB23B	5	C	-	PB27B	5	C	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
Y11	PB24A	5	T	-	PB28A	5	T	-
AA11	PB24B	5	C	-	PB28B	5	C	-
AB11	PB25A	5	T	-	PB29A	5	T	-
AB12	PB25B	5	C	-	PB29B	5	C	-
Y12	PB26A	4	T	-	PB30A	4	T	-
AA12	PB26B	4	C	-	PB30B	4	C	-
W12	PB27A	4	T	PCLKT4_0	PB31A	4	T	PCLKT4_0
V12	PB27B	4	C	PCLKC4_0	PB31B	4	C	PCLKC4_0
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
AB13	PB28A	4	T	-	PB32A	4	T	-
AB14	PB28B	4	C	-	PB32B	4	C	-
AA13	PB29A	4	-	-	PB33A	4	-	-
Y13	PB30B	4	-	-	PB34B	4	-	-
AB15	PB31A	4	T	DQS	PB35A	4	T	DQS
AB16	PB31B	4	C	VREF1_4	PB35B	4	C	VREF1_4
V13	PB32A	4	T	-	PB36A	4	T	-
W13	PB32B	4	C	-	PB36B	4	C	-
AA14	PB33A	4	T	-	PB37A	4	T	-
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
AA15	PB33B	4	C	-	PB37B	4	C	-
AB17	PB34A	4	T	-	PB38A	4	T	-
AB18	PB34B	4	C	-	PB38B	4	C	-
W14	PB35A	4	T	-	PB39A	4	T	-
Y14	PB35B	4	C	-	PB39B	4	C	-
U14	PB36A	4	T	VREF2_4	PB40A	4	T	VREF2_4
V14	PB36B	4	C	-	PB40B	4	C	-

**LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 484 fpBGA (Cont.)**

Ball Number	LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
H13	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
K15	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
L15	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
L16	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
L17	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
M15	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
M16	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
M17	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
N15	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
R12	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
R13	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
T12	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
U12	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
R10	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
R11	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
T11	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
U11	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
M6	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
M7	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
M8	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
N8	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
K8	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-
L6	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-
L7	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-
L8	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-

1. Applies to LFXP "C" only.
2. Applies to LFXP "E" only.
3. Supports dedicated LVDS outputs.

**Conventional Packaging****Commercial**

<b>Part Number</b>	<b>I/Os</b>	<b>Voltage</b>	<b>Grade</b>	<b>Package</b>	<b>Pins</b>	<b>Temp.</b>	<b>LUTs</b>
LFXP3C-3Q208C	136	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	PQFP	208	COM	3.1K
LFXP3C-4Q208C	136	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	PQFP	208	COM	3.1K
LFXP3C-5Q208C	136	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	PQFP	208	COM	3.1K
LFXP3C-3T144C	100	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	TQFP	144	COM	3.1K
LFXP3C-4T144C	100	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	TQFP	144	COM	3.1K
LFXP3C-5T144C	100	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	TQFP	144	COM	3.1K
LFXP3C-3T100C	62	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	TQFP	100	COM	3.1K
LFXP3C-4T100C	62	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	TQFP	100	COM	3.1K
LFXP3C-5T100C	62	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	TQFP	100	COM	3.1K

<b>Part Number</b>	<b>I/Os</b>	<b>Voltage</b>	<b>Grade</b>	<b>Package</b>	<b>Pins</b>	<b>Temp.</b>	<b>LUTs</b>
LFXP6C-3F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	256	COM	5.8K
LFXP6C-4F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	256	COM	5.8K
LFXP6C-5F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	256	COM	5.8K
LFXP6C-3Q208C	142	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	PQFP	208	COM	5.8K
LFXP6C-4Q208C	142	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	PQFP	208	COM	5.8K
LFXP6C-5Q208C	142	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	PQFP	208	COM	5.8K
LFXP6C-3T144C	100	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	TQFP	144	COM	5.8K
LFXP6C-4T144C	100	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	TQFP	144	COM	5.8K
LFXP6C-5T144C	100	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	TQFP	144	COM	5.8K

<b>Part Number</b>	<b>I/Os</b>	<b>Voltage</b>	<b>Grade</b>	<b>Package</b>	<b>Pins</b>	<b>Temp.</b>	<b>LUTs</b>
LFXP10C-3F388C	244	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	388	COM	9.7K
LFXP10C-4F388C	244	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	388	COM	9.7K
LFXP10C-5F388C	244	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	388	COM	9.7K
LFXP10C-3F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	256	COM	9.7K
LFXP10C-4F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	256	COM	9.7K
LFXP10C-5F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	256	COM	9.7K



# LatticeXP Family Data Sheet

## Revision History

November 2007

Data Sheet DS1001

### Revision History

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
February 2005	01.0	—	Initial release.
April 2005	01.1	Architecture	EBR memory support section updated with clarification.
May 2005	01.2	Introduction	Added TransFR Reconfiguration to Features section.
		Architecture	Added TransFR section.
June 2005	01.3	Pinout Information	Added pinout information for LFXP3, LFXP6, LFXP15 and LFXP20.
July 2005	02.0	Introduction	Updated XP6, XP15 and XP20 EBR SRAM Bits and Block numbers.
		Architecture	Updated Per Quadrant Primary Clock Selection figure.
			Added Typical I/O Behavior During Power-up section.
			Updated Device Configuration section under Configuration and Testing.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Clarified Hot Socketing Specification
			Updated Supply Current (Standby) Table
			Updated Initialization Supply Current Table
			Added Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current table
			Added LVDS Emulation section. Updated LVDS25E Output Termination Example figure and LVDS25E DC Conditions table.
			Updated Differential LVPECL diagram and LVPECL DC Conditions table.
			Deleted 5V Tolerant Input Buffer section. Updated RSDS figure and RSDS DC Conditions table.
			Updated sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications
			Updated JTAG Port Timing Specifications. Added Flash Download Time table.
		Pinout Information	Updated Signal Descriptions table.
			Updated Logic Signal Connections Dual Function column.
		Ordering Information	Added lead-free ordering part numbers.
July 2005	02.1	DC and Switching Characteristics	Clarification of Flash Programming Junction Temperature
August 2005	02.2	Introduction	Added Sleep Mode feature.
		Architecture	Added Sleep Mode section.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Added Sleep Mode Supply Current Table
			Added Sleep Mode Timing section
		Pinout Information	Added SLEEPN and TOE signal names, descriptions and footnotes.
			Added SLEEPN and TOE to pinout information and footnotes.
			Added footnote 3 to Logic Signal Connections tables for clarification on emulated LVDS output.
September 2005	03.0	Architecture	Added clarification of PCI clamp.
			Added clarification to SLEEPN Pin Characteristics section.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	DC Characteristics, added footnote 4 for clarification. Updated Supply Current (Sleep Mode), Supply Current (Standby), Initialization Supply Current, and Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current typical numbers.