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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	3000
Total RAM Bits	55296
Number of I/O	100
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfxp3c-3t144i

LatticeXP Family Data Sheet Introduction

July 2007 Data Sheet DS1001

Features

- **Non-volatile, Infinitely Reconfigurable**
  - Instant-on – powers up in microseconds
  - No external configuration memory
  - Excellent design security, no bit stream to intercept
  - Reconfigure SRAM based logic in milliseconds
  - SRAM and non-volatile memory programmable through system configuration and JTAG ports
- **Sleep Mode**
  - Allows up to 1000x static current reduction
- **TransFR™ Reconfiguration (TFR)**
  - In-field logic update while system operates
- **Extensive Density and Package Options**
  - 3.1K to 19.7K LUT4s
  - 62 to 340 I/Os
  - Density migration supported
- **Embedded and Distributed Memory**
  - 54 Kbits to 396 Kbits sysMEM™ Embedded Block RAM
  - Up to 79 Kbits distributed RAM
  - Flexible memory resources:
    - Distributed and block memory
- **Flexible I/O Buffer**
  - Programmable sysIO™ buffer supports wide range of interfaces:
    - LVCMOS 3.3/2.5/1.8/1.5/1.2
    - LVTTL
    - SSTL 18 Class I
    - SSTL 3/2 Class I, II
    - HSTL15 Class I, III
    - HSTL 18 Class I, II, III
    - PCI
    - LVDS, Bus-LVDS, LVPECL, RSDS
- **Dedicated DDR Memory Support**
  - Implements interface up to DDR333 (166MHz)
- **sysCLOCK™ PLLs**
  - Up to 4 analog PLLs per device
  - Clock multiply, divide and phase shifting
- **System Level Support**
  - IEEE Standard 1149.1 Boundary Scan, plus ispTRACY™ internal logic analyzer capability
  - Onboard oscillator for configuration
  - Devices operate with 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V or 1.2V power supply

Table 1-1. LatticeXP Family Selection Guide

Device	LFXP3	LFXP6	LFXP10	LFXP15	LFXP20
PFU/PFF Rows	16	24	32	40	44
PFU/PFF Columns	24	30	38	48	56
PFU/PFF (Total)	384	720	1216	1932	2464
LUTs (K)	3	6	10	15	20
Distributed RAM (KBits)	12	23	39	61	79
EBR SRAM (KBits)	54	72	216	324	396
EBR SRAM Blocks	6	8	24	36	44
V_{CC} Voltage	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V	1.2/1.8/2.5/3.3V
PLLs	2	2	4	4	4
Max. I/O	136	188	244	300	340
Packages and I/O Combinations:					
100-pin TQFP (14 x 14 mm)	62				
144-pin TQFP (20 x 20 mm)	100	100			
208-pin PQFP (28 x 28 mm)	136	142			
256-ball fpBGA (17 x 17 mm)		188	188	188	188
388-ball fpBGA (23 x 23 mm)			244	268	268
484-ball fpBGA (23 x 23 mm)				300	340

LatticeXP Family Data Sheet Architecture

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Architecture Overview

The LatticeXP architecture contains an array of logic blocks surrounded by Programmable I/O Cells (PIC). Interspersed between the rows of logic blocks are rows of sysMEM Embedded Block RAM (EBR) as shown in Figure 2-1.

On the left and right sides of the PFU array, there are Non-volatile Memory Blocks. In configuration mode this non-volatile memory is programmed via the IEEE 1149.1 TAP port or the sysCONFIG™ peripheral port. On power up, the configuration data is transferred from the Non-volatile Memory Blocks to the configuration SRAM. With this technology, expensive external configuration memories are not required and designs are secured from unauthorized read-back. This transfer of data from non-volatile memory to configuration SRAM via wide busses happens in microseconds, providing an “instant-on” capability that allows easy interfacing in many applications.

There are two kinds of logic blocks, the Programmable Functional Unit (PFU) and Programmable Functional unit without RAM/ROM (PFF). The PFU contains the building blocks for logic, arithmetic, RAM, ROM and register functions. The PFF block contains building blocks for logic, arithmetic and ROM functions. Both PFU and PFF blocks are optimized for flexibility, allowing complex designs to be implemented quickly and efficiently. Logic Blocks are arranged in a two-dimensional array. Only one type of block is used per row. The PFU blocks are used on the outside rows. The rest of the core consists of rows of PFF blocks interspersed with rows of PFU blocks. For every three rows of PFF blocks there is a row of PFU blocks.

Each PIC block encompasses two PIOs (PIO pairs) with their respective sysIO interfaces. PIO pairs on the left and right edges of the device can be configured as LVDS transmit/receive pairs. sysMEM EBRs are large dedicated fast memory blocks. They can be configured as RAM or ROM.

The PFU, PFF, PIC and EBR Blocks are arranged in a two-dimensional grid with rows and columns as shown in Figure 2-1. The blocks are connected with many vertical and horizontal routing channel resources. The place and route software tool automatically allocates these routing resources.

At the end of the rows containing the sysMEM Blocks are the sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loop (PLL) Blocks. These PLLs have multiply, divide and phase shifting capability; they are used to manage the phase relationship of the clocks. The LatticeXP architecture provides up to four PLLs per device.

Every device in the family has a JTAG Port with internal Logic Analyzer (ispTRACY) capability. The sysCONFIG port which allows for serial or parallel device configuration. The LatticeXP devices are available for operation from 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V and 1.2V power supplies, providing easy integration into the overall system.

Table 2-8. Supported Output Standards

Output Standard	Drive	V_{CCIO} (Nom.)
Single-ended Interfaces		
LVTTL	4mA, 8mA, 12mA, 16mA, 20mA	3.3
LVCMOS33	4mA, 8mA, 12mA 16mA, 20mA	3.3
LVCMOS25	4mA, 8mA, 12mA 16mA, 20mA	2.5
LVCMOS18	4mA, 8mA, 12mA 16mA	1.8
LVCMOS15	4mA, 8mA	1.5
LVCMOS12	2mA, 6mA	1.2
LVCMOS33, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA, 12mA 16mA, 20mA	—
LVCMOS25, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA, 12mA 16mA, 20mA	—
LVCMOS18, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA, 12mA 16mA	—
LVCMOS15, Open Drain	4mA, 8mA	—
LVCMOS12, Open Drain	2mA. 6mA	—
PCI33	N/A	3.3
HSTL18 Class I, II, III	N/A	1.8
HSTL15 Class I, III	N/A	1.5
SSTL3 Class I, II	N/A	3.3
SSTL2 Class I, II	N/A	2.5
SSTL18 Class I	N/A	1.8
Differential Interfaces		
Differential SSTL3, Class I, II	N/A	3.3
Differential SSTL2, Class I, II	N/A	2.5
Differential SSTL18, Class I	N/A	1.8
Differential HSTL18, Class I, II, III	N/A	1.8
Differential HSTL15, Class I, III	N/A	1.5
LVDS	N/A	2.5
BLVDS[1]	N/A	2.5
LVPECL[1]	N/A	3.3

1. Emulated with external resistors.

Hot Socketing

The LatticeXP devices have been carefully designed to ensure predictable behavior during power-up and power-down. Power supplies can be sequenced in any order. During power up and power-down sequences, the I/Os remain in tristate until the power supply voltage is high enough to ensure reliable operation. In addition, leakage into I/O pins is controlled to within specified limits, which allows easy integration with the rest of the system. These capabilities make the LatticeXP ideal for many multiple power supply and hot-swap applications.

Sleep Mode

The LatticeXP "C" devices (V_{CC} = 1.8/2.5/3.3V) have a sleep mode that allows standby current to be reduced by up to three orders of magnitude during periods of system inactivity. Entry and exit to Sleep Mode is controlled by the SLEEPN pin.

During Sleep Mode, the FPGA logic is non-operational, registers and EBR contents are not maintained and I/Os are tri-stated. Do not enter Sleep Mode during device programming or configuration operation. In Sleep Mode, power supplies can be maintained in their normal operating range, eliminating the need for external switching of power supplies. Table 2-9 compares the characteristics of Normal, Off and Sleep Modes.

master serial clock is 2.5MHz. Table 2-10 lists all the available Master Serial Clock frequencies. When a different Master Serial Clock is selected during the design process, the following sequence takes place:

1. User selects a different Master Serial Clock frequency for configuration.
2. During configuration the device starts with the default (2.5MHz) Master Serial Clock frequency.
3. The clock configuration settings are contained in the early configuration bit stream.
4. The Master Serial Clock frequency changes to the selected frequency once the clock configuration bits are received.

For further information on the use of this oscillator for configuration, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

Table 2-10. Selectable Master Serial Clock (CCLK) Frequencies During Configuration

CCLK (MHz)	CCLK (MHz)	CCLK (MHz)
2.5[1]	13	45
4.3	15	51
5.4	20	55
6.9	26	60
8.1	30	130
9.2	34	—
10.0	41	—

1. Default

Density Shifting

The LatticeXP family has been designed to ensure that different density devices in the same package have the same pin-out. Furthermore, the architecture ensures a high success rate when performing design migration from lower density parts to higher density parts. In many cases, it is also possible to shift a lower utilization design targeted for a high-density device to a lower density device. However, the exact details of the final resource utilization will impact the likely success in each case.

Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.[6]	Units
I_{CC}	Core Power Supply	LFXP3E	30	mA
		LFXP6E	40	mA
		LFXP10E	50	mA
		LFXP15E	60	mA
		LFXP20E	70	mA
		LFXP3C	50	mA
		LFXP6C	60	mA
		LFXP10C	90	mA
		LFXP15C	100	mA
		LFXP20C	110	mA
I_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary Power Supply V_{CCAUX} = 3.3V	LFXP3E/C	50	mA
		LFXP6E/C	60	mA
		LFXP10E/C	90	mA
		LFXP15E/C	110	mA
		LFXP20E/C	130	mA
I_{CCJ}	V_{CCJ} Power Supply[7]	All	2	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.
2. Assumes all outputs are tristated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at the V_{CCIO} or GND.
3. Blank user pattern; typical Flash pattern.
4. Bypass or decoupling capacitor across the supply.
5. JTAG programming is at 1MHz.
6. T_A=25°C, power supplies at nominal voltage.
7. When programming via JTAG.

sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics

LVDS

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{INP}, V_{INM}	Input Voltage		0	—	2.4	V
V_{THD}	Differential Input Threshold		+/-100	—	—	mV
V_{CM}	Input Common Mode Voltage	100mV ≤ V_{THD}	V_{THD}/2	1.2	1.8	V
		200mV ≤ V_{THD}	V_{THD}/2	1.2	1.9	V
		350mV ≤ V_{THD}	V_{THD}/2	1.2	2.0	V
I_{IN}	Input current	Power on or power off	—	—	+/-10	µA
V_{OH}	Output high voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	R_T = 100 ohms	—	1.38	1.60	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	R_T = 100 ohms	0.9V	1.03	—	V
V_{OD}	Output voltage differential	(V_{OP} - V_{OM}), R_T = 100 ohms	250	350	450	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in V_{OD} between high and low		—	—	50	mV
V_{OS}	Output voltage offset	(V_{OP} - V_{OM})/2, R_T = 100 ohms	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
ΔV_{OS}	Change in V_{OS} between H and L		—	—	50	mV
I_{OSD}	Output short circuit current	V_{OD} = 0V Driver outputs shorted	—	—	6	mA

LVPECL

The LatticeXP devices support differential LVPECL standard. This standard is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with a parallel resistor across the driver outputs. The LVPECL input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. The scheme shown in Figure 3-3 is one possible solution for point-to-point signals.

Figure 3-3. Differential LVPECL

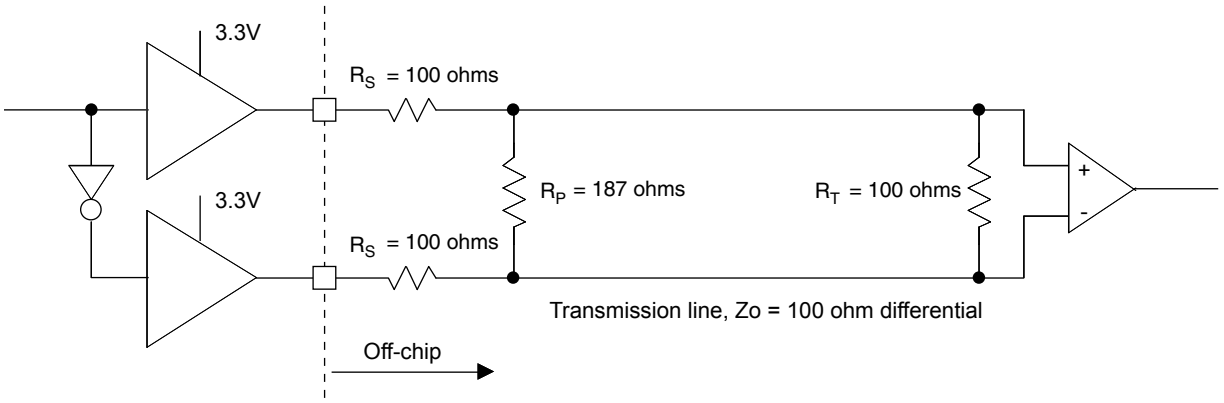


Table 3-3. LVPECL DC Conditions[1]

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description	Typical	Units
Z_{OUT}	Output impedance	100	ohms
R_P	Driver parallel resistor	187	ohms
R_S	Driver series resistor	100	ohms
R_T	Receiver termination	100	ohms
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	2.03	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	1.27	V
V_{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.76	V
V_{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.65	V
Z_{BACK}	Back impedance	85.7	ohms
I_{DC}	DC output current	12.7	mA

1. For input buffer, see LVDS table.

For further information on LVPECL, BLVDS and other differential interfaces please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of the data sheet.

RSDS

The LatticeXP devices support differential RSDS standard. This standard is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with a parallel resistor across the driver outputs. The RSDS input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. The scheme shown in Figure 3-4 is one possible solution for RSDS standard implementation. Use LVDS25E mode with suggested resistors for RSDS operation. Resistor values in Figure 3-4 are industry standard values for 1% resistors.

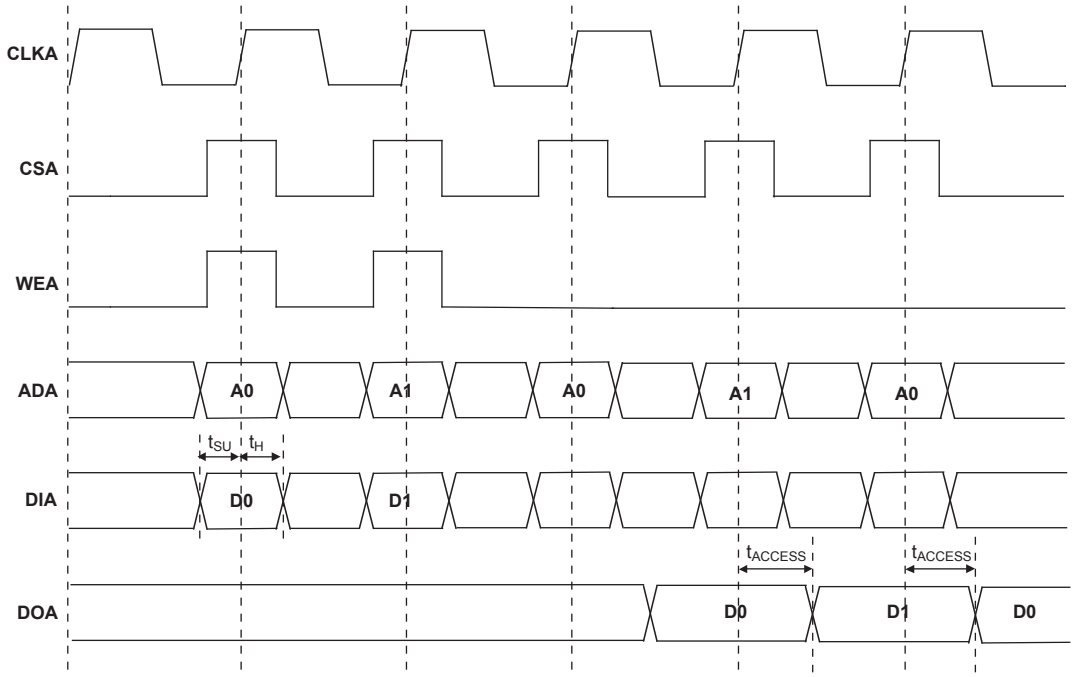
LatticeXP Internal Timing Parameters[1]

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	-5		-4		-3		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
PFU/PFF Logic Mode Timing								
t_{LUT4_PFU}	LUT4 Delay (A to D Inputs to F Output)	—	0.28	—	0.34	—	0.40	ns
t_{LUT6_PFU}	LUT6 Delay (A to D Inputs to OFX Output)	—	0.44	—	0.53	—	0.63	ns
t_{LSR_PFU}	Set/Reset to Output of PFU	—	0.90	—	1.08	—	1.29	ns
t_{SUM_PFU}	Clock to Mux (M0,M1) Input Setup Time	0.13	—	0.15	—	0.19	—	ns
t_{HM_PFU}	Clock to Mux (M0,M1) Input Hold Time	-0.04	—	-0.03	—	-0.03	—	ns
t_{SUD_PFU}	Clock to D Input Setup Time	0.13	—	0.16	—	0.19	—	ns
t_{HD_PFU}	Clock to D Input Hold Time	-0.03	—	-0.02	—	-0.02	—	ns
t_{CK2Q_PFU}	Clock to Q Delay, D-type Register Configuration	—	0.40	—	0.48	—	0.58	ns
t_{LE2Q_PFU}	Clock to Q Delay Latch Configuration	—	0.53	—	0.64	—	0.76	ns
t_{LD2Q_PFU}	D to Q Throughput Delay when Latch is Enabled	—	0.55	—	0.66	—	0.79	ns
PFU Dual Port Memory Mode Timing								
t_{CORAM_PFU}	Clock to Output	—	0.40	—	0.48	—	0.58	ns
t_{SUDATA_PFU}	Data Setup Time	-0.18	—	-0.14	—	-0.11	—	ns
t_{HDATA_PFU}	Data Hold Time	0.28	—	0.34	—	0.40	—	ns
t_{SUADDR_PFU}	Address Setup Time	-0.46	—	-0.37	—	-0.30	—	ns
t_{HADDR_PFU}	Address Hold Time	0.71	—	0.85	—	1.02	—	ns
t_{SUWREN_PFU}	Write/Read Enable Setup Time	-0.22	—	-0.17	—	-0.14	—	ns
t_{HWREN_PFU}	Write/Read Enable Hold Time	0.33	—	0.40	—	0.48	—	ns
PIC Timing								
PIO Input/Output Buffer Timing								
t_{IN_PIO}	Input Buffer Delay	—	0.62	—	0.72	—	0.85	ns
t_{OUT_PIO}	Output Buffer Delay	—	2.12	—	2.54	—	3.05	ns
IOLOGIC Input/Output Timing								
t_{SUI_PIO}	Input Register Setup Time (Data Before Clock)	1.35	—	1.83	—	2.37	—	ns
t_{HI_PIO}	Input Register Hold Time (Data After Clock)	0.05	—	0.05	—	0.05	—	ns
t_{COO_PIO}	Output Register Clock to Output Delay	—	0.36	—	0.44	—	0.52	ns
t_{SUCE_PIO}	Input Register Clock Enable Setup Time	-0.09	—	-0.07	—	-0.06	—	ns
t_{HCE_PIO}	Input Register Clock Enable Hold Time	0.13	—	0.16	—	0.19	—	ns
t_{SULSR_PIO}	Set/Reset Setup Time	0.19	—	0.23	—	0.28	—	ns
t_{HLSR_PIO}	Set/Reset Hold Time	-0.14	—	-0.11	—	-0.09	—	ns
EBR Timing								
t_{CO_EBR}	Clock to Output from Address or Data	—	4.01	—	4.81	—	5.78	ns
t_{COO_EBR}	Clock to Output from EBR Output Register	—	0.81	—	0.97	—	1.17	ns
t_{SUDATA_EBR}	Setup Data to EBR Memory	-0.26	—	-0.21	—	-0.17	—	ns
t_{HDATA_EBR}	Hold Data to EBR Memory	0.41	—	0.49	—	0.59	—	ns
t_{SUADDR_EBR}	Setup Address to EBR Memory	-0.26	—	-0.21	—	-0.17	—	ns
t_{HADDR_EBR}	Hold Address to EBR Memory	0.41	—	0.49	—	0.59	—	ns
t_{SUWREN_EBR}	Setup Write/Read Enable to EBR Memory	-0.17	—	-0.13	—	-0.11	—	ns
t_{HWREN_EBR}	Hold Write/Read Enable to EBR Memory	0.26	—	0.31	—	0.37	—	ns
t_{SUCE_EBR}	Clock Enable Setup Time to EBR Output Register	0.19	—	0.23	—	0.28	—	ns
t_{HCE_EBR}	Clock Enable Hold Time to EBR Output Register	-0.13	—	-0.10	—	-0.08	—	ns

EBR Memory Timing Diagrams

Figure 3-8. Read Mode (Normal)



Note: Input data and address are registered at the positive edge of the clock and output data appears after the positive of the clock.

Figure 3-9. Read Mode with Input and Output Registers

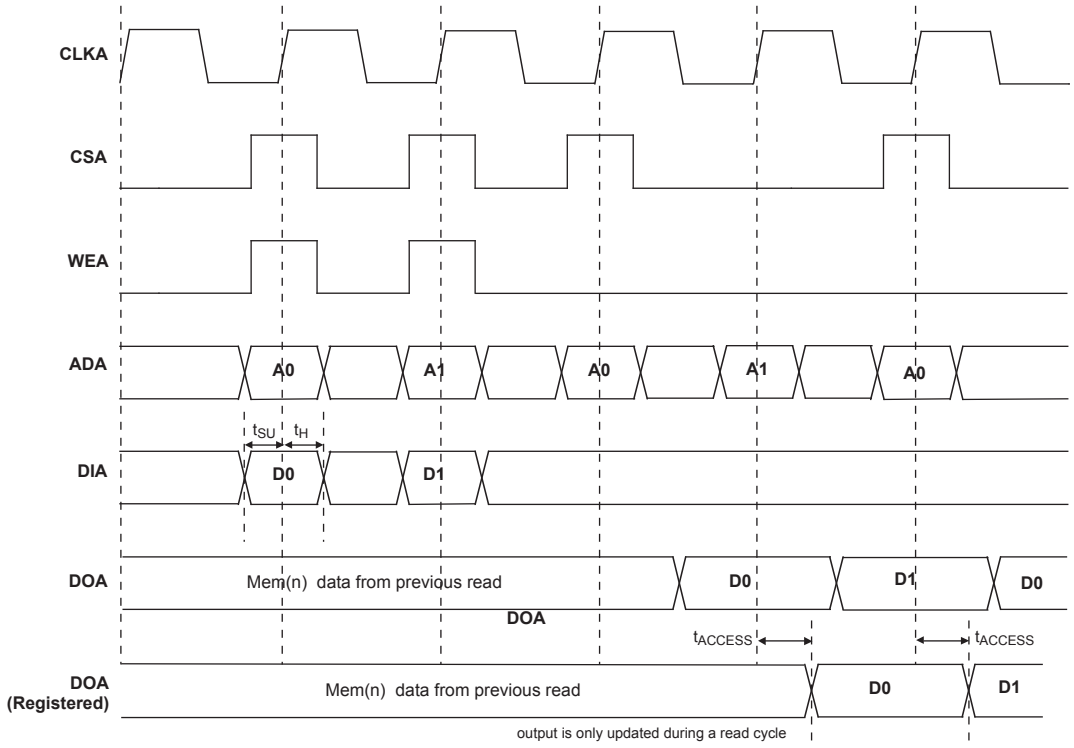
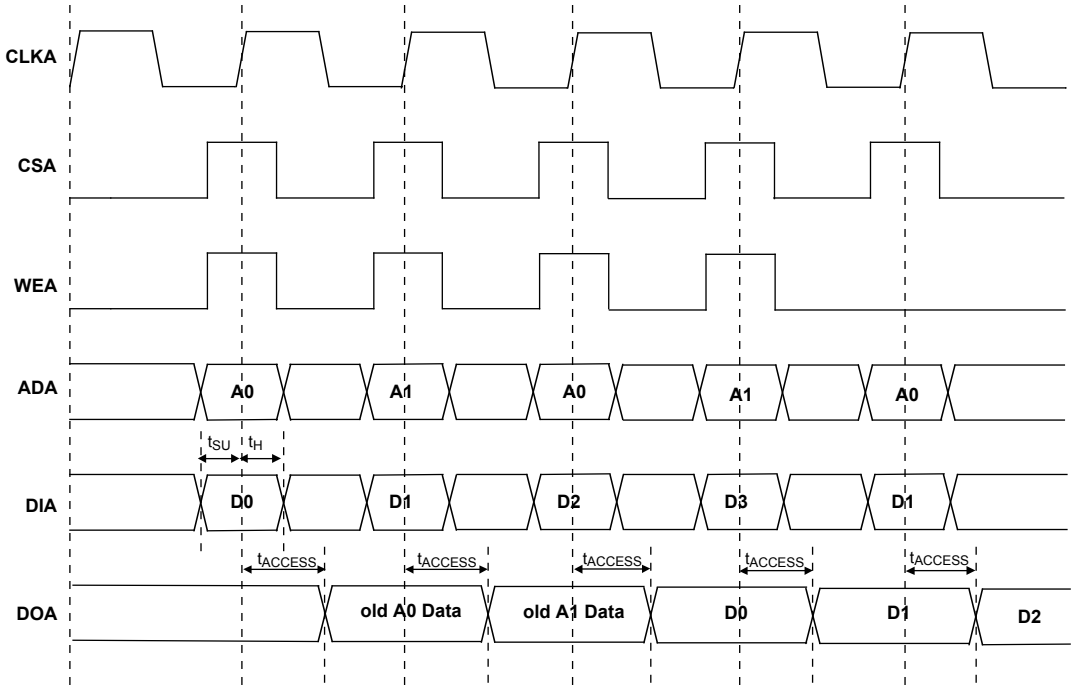
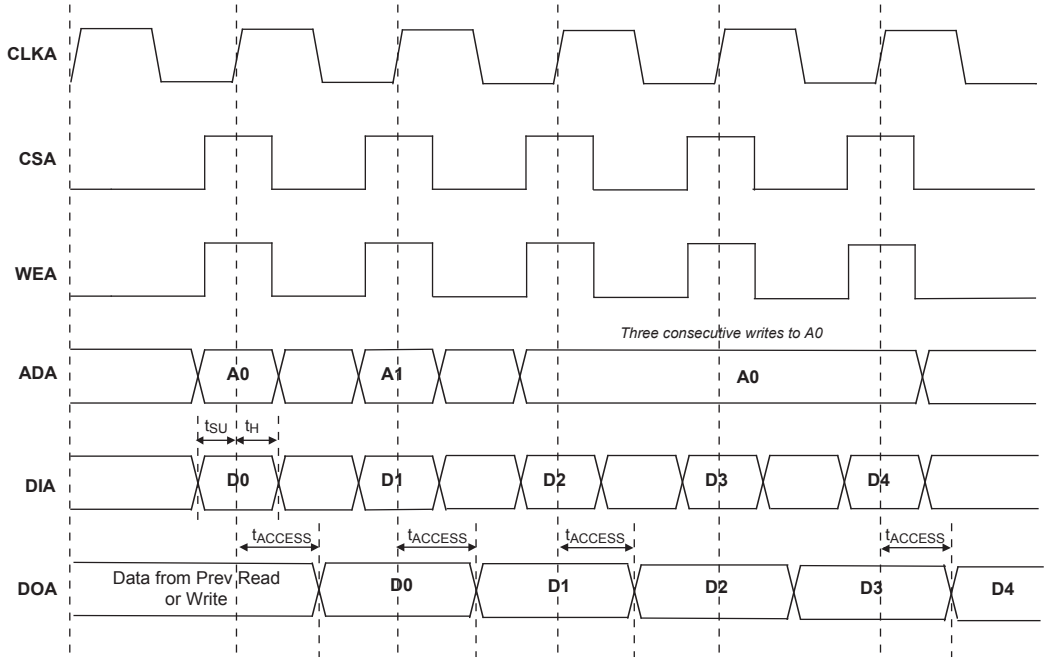


Figure 3-10. Read Before Write (SP Read/Write on Port A, Input Registers Only)



Note: Input data and address are registered at the positive edge of the clock and output data appears after the positive of the clock.

Figure 3-11. Write Through (SP Read/Write On Port A, Input Registers Only)



Note: Input data and address are registered at the positive edge of the clock and output data appears after the positive of the clock.

LatticeXP Family Timing Adders[1]

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Buffer Type	Description	-5	-4	-3	Units
Input Adjusters					
LVDS25E	LVDS 2.5 Emulated	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
LVDS25	LVDS	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
BLVDS25	BLVDS	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
LVPECL33	LVPECL	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
HSTL18_I	HSTL_18 class I	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
HSTL18_II	HSTL_18 class II	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
HSTL18_III	HSTL_18 class III	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
HSTL18D_I	Differential HSTL 18 class I	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
HSTL18D_II	Differential HSTL 18 class II	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
HSTL18D_III	Differential HSTL 18 class III	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
HSTL15_I	HSTL_15 class I	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
HSTL15_III	HSTL_15 class III	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
HSTL15D_I	Differential HSTL 15 class I	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
HSTL15D_III	Differential HSTL 15 class III	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
SSTL33_I	SSTL_3 class I	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
SSTL33_II	SSTL_3 class II	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
SSTL33D_I	Differential SSTL_3 class I	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
SSTL33D_II	Differential SSTL_3 class II	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
SSTL25_I	SSTL_2 class I	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
SSTL25_II	SSTL_2 class II	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
SSTL25D_I	Differential SSTL_2 class I	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
SSTL25D_II	Differential SSTL_2 class II	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
SSTL18_I	SSTL_18 class I	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
SSTL18D_I	Differential SSTL_18 class I	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
LVTTL33	LVTTL	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
LVCMOS33	LVCMOS 3.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
LVCMOS25	LVCMOS 2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
LVCMOS18	LVCMOS 1.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
LVCMOS15	LVCMOS 1.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
LVCMOS12	LVCMOS 1.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
PCI33	PCI	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
Output Adjusters					
LVDS25E	LVDS 2.5 Emulated	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
LVDS25	LVDS 2.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
BLVDS25	BLVDS 2.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
LVPECL33	LVPECL 3.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
HSTL18_I	HSTL_18 class I	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
HSTL18_II	HSTL_18 class II	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
HSTL18_III	HSTL_18 class III	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
HSTL18D_I	Differential HSTL 18 class I	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
HSTL18D_II	Differential HSTL 18 class II	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	ns
HSTL18D_III	Differential HSTL 18 class III	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns

Signal Descriptions (Cont.)

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
Test and Programming (Dedicated pins. Pull-up is enabled on input pins during configuration.)		
TMS	I	Test Mode Select input, used to control the 1149.1 state machine.
TCK	I	Test Clock input pin, used to clock the 1149.1 state machine.
TDI	I	Test Data in pin, used to load data into device using 1149.1 state machine. After power-up, this TAP port can be activated for configuration by sending appropriate command. (Note: once a configuration port is selected it is locked. Another configuration port cannot be selected until the power-up sequence).
TDO	O	Output pin -Test Data out pin used to shift data out of device using 1149.1.
V_{CCJ}	—	V_{CCJ} - The power supply pin for JTAG Test Access Port.
Configuration Pads (used during sysCONFIG)		
CFG[1:0]	I	Mode pins used to specify configuration modes values latched on rising edge of INITN. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled.
INITN	I/O	Open Drain pin - Indicates the FPGA is ready to be configured. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. If CFG1 and CFG0 are high (SDM) then this pin is pulled low.
PROGRAMN	I	Initiates configuration sequence when asserted low. This pin always has an active pull-up.
DONE	I/O	Open Drain pin - Indicates that the configuration sequence is complete, and the startup sequence is in progress.
CCLK	I/O	Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in sysCONFIG mode.
BUSY	I/O	Generally not used. After configuration it is a user-programmable I/O pin.
CSN	I	sysCONFIG chip select (Active low). During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. After configuration it is user a programmable I/O pin.
CS1N	I	sysCONFIG chip select (Active Low). During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. After configuration it is user programmable I/O pin
WRITEN	I	Write Data on Parallel port (Active low). After configuration it is a user programmable I/O pin
D[7:0]	I/O	sysCONFIG Port Data I/O. After configuration these are user programmable I/O pins.
DOUT, CSON	O	Output for serial configuration data (rising edge of CCLK) when using sysCONFIG port. After configuration, it is a user-programmable I/O pin.
DI	I	Input for serial configuration data (clocked with CCLK) when using sysCONFIG port. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. After configuration it is a user-programmable I/O pin.
SLEEPN[2]	I	Sleep Mode pin - Active low sleep pin.þ When this pin is held high, the device operates normally.þ When driven low, the device moves into Sleep Mode after a specified time.This pin has a weak internal pull-up, but when not used an external pull-up to V_{CC} is recommended.
TOE[3]	I	Test Output Enable tri-states all I/O pins when driven low. This pin has a weak internal pull-up, but when not used an external pull-up to V_{CC} is recommended.

1. Applies toþ LFXP10, LFXP15 and LFXP20 only.
2. Applies to LFXP “C” devices only.
3. Applies to LFXP “E” devices only.

Power Supply and NC Connections

Signals	100 TQFP	144 TQFP	208 PQFP	256 fpBGA	388 fpBGA	484 fpBGA
V_{CC}	28, 77	14, 39, 73, 112	19, 35, 53, 80, 107, 151, 158, 182	D4, D13, E5, E12, M5, M12, N4, N13	H9, J8, J15, K8, K15, L8, L15, M8, M15, N8, N15, P8, P15, R9	F10, F13, G9, G10, G13, G14, H8, H15, J7, J16, K6, K7, K16, K17, N6, N7, N16, N17, P7, P16, R8, R15, T9, T10, T13, T14, U10, U13
V_{CCIO0}	94	133	189, 199	F7, F8	G8, G9, G10, G11, H8	F11, G11, H10, H11
V_{CCIO1}	82	119	167, 177	F9, F10	G12, G13, G14, G15, H15	F12, G12, H12, H13
V_{CCIO2}	65	98	140, 149	G11, H11	H16, J16, K16, L16	K15, L15, L16, L17
V_{CCIO3}	58	88	115, 125	J11, K11	M16, N16, P16, R16	M15, M16, M17, N15
V_{CCIO4}	47	61, 68	87, 97	L9, L10	R15, T12, T13, T14, T15	R12, R13, T12, U12
V_{CCIO5}	38	49	64, 74	L7, L8	R8, T8, T9, T10, T11	R10, R11, T11, U11
V_{CCIO6}	22	21	28, 41	J6, K6	M7, N7, P7, R7	M6, M7, M8, N8
V_{CCIO7}	7	8	13, 23	G6, H6	H7, J7, K7, L7	K8, L6, L7, L8
V_{CCJ}	73	108	154	D16	E20	E20
V_{CCP0}	17	19	25	H4	M2	L5
V_{CCP1}	60	91	128	J12	M21	L18
V_{CCAUX}	25, 71	36, 106	50, 152	E4, E13, M4, M13	G7, G16, T7, T16	G7, G8, G15, G16, H7, H16, R7, R16, T7, T8, T15, T16
GND[1]	10, 18, 21, 33, 43, 44, 52, 59, 68, 84, 90, 99	3, 11, 20, 28, 44, 54, 56, 64, 75, 85, 90, 101, 121, 127, 136	5, 7, 16, 26, 38, 47, 49, 59, 69, 79, 82, 92, 106, 109, 118, 121, 127, 130, 135, 143, 163, 172, 181, 184, 194, 207	A1, A16, F6, F11, G7, G8, G9, G10, H5, H7, H8, H9, H10, J7, J8, J9, J10, J13, K7, K8, K9, K10, L6, L11, T1, T16	A1, A22, H10, H11, H12, H13, H14, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, N1, N9, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, N22, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, R10, R11, R12, R13, R14, AB1, AB22	A1, A2, A21, A22, B1, B22, H9, H14, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M20, N2, N9, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, P8, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, R9, R14, AA1, AA22, AB1, AB2, AB21, AB22
NC[2]	—	—	XP3: 27, 33, 34, 129, 133, 134	—	XP10: C2, C15, C16, C17, D4, D5, D6, D7, D16, D17, E4, E19, W3, W4, W7, W17, W18, W19, W20, Y3, Y15, Y16, AA1, AA2	XP15: B21, C4, C5, C6, C18, C19, C20, C21, D6, D18, E4, E6, E18, F6, L1, L19, L20, M1, M2, M19, M21, N1, N21, N22, P1, P2, U5, U6, U17, U18, V5, V6, V17, V18, W17, W18, W19, Y3, Y4, Y5

1. All grounds must be electrically connected at the board level.
2. NC pins should not be connected to any active signals, V_{CC} or GND.

LFXP3 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
88	PT14B	1	-	D7
89	PT13B	0	C	BUSY
90	GNDIO0	0	-	-
91	PT13A	0	T	CS1N
92	PT12B	0	C	PCLKC0_0
93	PT12A	0	T	PCLKT0_0
94	VCCIO0	0	-	-
95	PT9A	0	-	DOUT
96	PT8A	0	-	WRITEN
97	PT6A	0	-	DI
98	PT5A	0	-	CSN
99	GND	-	-	-
100	CFG0	0	-	-

1. Applies to LFXP “C” only.
2. Applies to LFXP “E” only.
3. Supports dedicated LVDS outputs.

LFXP3 & LFXP6 Logic Signal Connections: 144 TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	LFXP3				LFXP6			
	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
93	PR9A	2	T	PCLKT2_0	PR12A	2	T	PCLKT2_0
94	PR8B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_IN_A	PR8B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_IN_A
95	PR8A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_IN_A	PR8A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_IN_A
96	PR7B	2	C[3]	-	PR7B	2	C[3]	-
97	PR7A	2	T[3]	DQS	PR7A	2	T[3]	DQS
98	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
99	PR6B	2	-	VREF1_2	PR6B	2	-	VREF1_2
100	PR5A	2	-	VREF2_2	PR5A	2	-	VREF2_2
101	GNDIO2	2	-	-	GNDIO2	2	-	-
102	PR3B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_FB_A	PR3B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_FB_A
103	PR3A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_FB_A	PR3A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_FB_A
104	PR2B	2	C[3]	-	PR2B	2	C[3]	-
105	PR2A	2	T[3]	-	PR2A	2	T[3]	-
106	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
107	TDO	-	-	-	TDO	-	-	-
108	VCCJ	-	-	-	VCCJ	-	-	-
109	TDI	-	-	-	TDI	-	-	-
110	TMS	-	-	-	TMS	-	-	-
111	TCK	-	-	-	TCK	-	-	-
112	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
113	PT25A	1	-	VREF1_1	PT28A	1	-	VREF1_1
114	PT24A	1	-	-	PT27A	1	-	-
115	PT23A	1	-	D0	PT26A	1	-	D0
116	PT22B	1	C	D1	PT25B	1	C	D1
117	PT22A	1	T	VREF2_1	PT25A	1	T	VREF2_1
118	PT21A	1	-	D2	PT24A	1	-	D2
119	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
120	PT20B	1	-	D3	PT23B	1	-	D3
121	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
122	PT17A	1	-	D4	PT20A	1	-	D4
123	PT16A	1	-	D5	PT19A	1	-	D5
124	PT15B	1	C	D6	PT18B	1	C	D6
125	PT15A	1	T	-	PT18A	1	T	-
126	PT14B	1	-	D7	PT17B	1	-	D7
127	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
128	PT13B	0	C	BUSY	PT16B	0	C	BUSY
129	PT13A	0	T	CS1N	PT16A	0	T	CS1N
130	PT12B	0	C	PCLKC0_0	PT15B	0	C	PCLKC0_0
131	PT12A	0	T	PCLKT0_0	PT15A	0	T	PCLKT0_0
132	PT11B	0	C	-	PT14B	0	C	-
133	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
134	PT11A	0	T	DQS	PT14A	0	T	DQS
135	PT9A	0	-	DOUT	PT12A	0	-	DOUT
136	GNDIO0	0	-	-	GNDIO0	0	-	-
137	PT8A	0	-	WRITEN	PT11A	0	-	WRITEN
138	PT7A	0	-	VREF1_0	PT10A	0	-	VREF1_0

LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
T7	PB23B	5	C	-	PB27B	5	C	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
P8	PB24A	5	T	-	PB28A	5	T	-
T8	PB24B	5	C	-	PB28B	5	C	-
R8	PB25A	5	T	-	PB29A	5	T	-
T9	PB25B	5	C	-	PB29B	5	C	-
R9	PB26A	4	T	-	PB30A	4	T	-
P9	PB26B	4	C	-	PB30B	4	C	-
T10	PB27A	4	T	PCLKT4_0	PB31A	4	T	PCLKT4_0
T11	PB27B	4	C	PCLKC4_0	PB31B	4	C	PCLKC4_0
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
R10	PB28A	4	T	-	PB32A	4	T	-
P10	PB28B	4	C	-	PB32B	4	C	-
N9	PB29A	4	-	-	PB33A	4	-	-
M9	PB30B	4	-	-	PB34B	4	-	-
R12	PB31A	4	T	DQS	PB35A	4	T	DQS
T12	PB31B	4	C	VREF1_4	PB35B	4	C	VREF1_4
P13	PB32A	4	T	-	PB36A	4	T	-
R13	PB32B	4	C	-	PB36B	4	C	-
M11	PB33A	4	T	-	PB37A	4	T	-
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
N11	PB33B	4	C	-	PB37B	4	C	-
N10	PB34A	4	T	-	PB38A	4	T	-
M10	PB34B	4	C	-	PB38B	4	C	-
T13	PB35A	4	T	-	PB39A	4	T	-
P14	PB35B	4	C	-	PB39B	4	C	-
R11	PB36A	4	T	VREF2_4	PB40A	4	T	VREF2_4
P12	PB36B	4	C	-	PB40B	4	C	-
T14	PB37A	4	-	-	PB41A	4	-	-
R14	PB38B	4	-	-	PB42B	4	-	-
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
P11	PB39A	4	T	DQS	PB43A	4	T	DQS
N12	PB39B	4	C	-	PB43B	4	C	-
T15	PB40A	4	T	-	PB44A	4	T	-
R15	PB40B	4	C	-	PB44B	4	C	-
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
-	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
-	GNDIO3	3	-	-	GNDIO3	3	-	-
-	GNDIO3	3	-	-	GNDIO3	3	-	-
P15	PR38B	3	C	RLM0_PLLC_FB_A	PR42B	3	C	RLM0_PLLC_FB_A
N15	PR38A	3	T	RLM0_PLLT_FB_A	PR42A	3	T	RLM0_PLLT_FB_A

LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
G10	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
G7	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
G8	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
G9	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
H10	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
H7	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
H8	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
H9	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
J10	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
J7	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
J8	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
J9	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K10	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K7	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K8	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K9	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
L11	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
L6	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
T1	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
T16	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
D13	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
D4	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E12	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E5	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
M12	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
M5	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N13	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N4	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E13	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
E4	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
M13	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
M4	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
F7	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
F8	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
F10	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
F9	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
G11	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
H11	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
J11	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
K11	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
L10	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
L9	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-

LFXP10, LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 388 fpBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFXP10				LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Diff.	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Diff.	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Diff.	Dual Function
C20	PT38A	1	T	-	PT43A	1	T	-	PT47A	1	T	-
C21	PT37B	1	C	-	PT42B	1	C	-	PT46B	1	C	-
C22	PT37A	1	T	-	PT42A	1	T	-	PT46A	1	T	-
B22	PT36B	1	C	-	PT41B	1	C	-	PT45B	1	C	-
A21	PT36A	1	T	-	PT41A	1	T	-	PT45A	1	T	-
D15	PT35B	1	C	-	PT40B	1	C	-	PT44B	1	C	-
D14	PT35A	1	T	-	PT40A	1	T	-	PT44A	1	T	-
B21	PT34B	1	C	VREF1_1	PT39B	1	C	VREF1_1	PT43B	1	C	VREF1_1
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
A20	PT34A	1	T	DQS	PT39A	1	T	DQS	PT43A	1	T	DQS
B20	PT33B	1	-	-	PT38B	1	-	-	PT42B	1	-	-
A19	PT32A	1	-	-	PT37A	1	-	-	PT41A	1	-	-
B19	PT31B	1	C	-	PT36B	1	C	-	PT40B	1	C	-
A18	PT31A	1	T	-	PT36A	1	T	-	PT40A	1	T	-
C14	PT30B	1	C	-	PT35B	1	C	-	PT39B	1	C	-
C13	PT30A	1	T	D0	PT35A	1	T	D0	PT39A	1	T	D0
B18	PT29B	1	C	D1	PT34B	1	C	D1	PT38B	1	C	D1
A17	PT29A	1	T	VREF2_1	PT34A	1	T	VREF2_1	PT38A	1	T	VREF2_1
B17	PT28B	1	C	-	PT33B	1	C	-	PT37B	1	C	-
A16	PT28A	1	T	D2	PT33A	1	T	D2	PT37A	1	T	D2
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
B16	PT27B	1	C	D3	PT32B	1	C	D3	PT36B	1	C	D3
A15	PT27A	1	T	-	PT32A	1	T	-	PT36A	1	T	-
B15	PT26B	1	C	-	PT31B	1	C	-	PT35B	1	C	-
A14	PT26A	1	T	DQS	PT31A	1	T	DQS	PT35A	1	T	DQS
D13	PT25B	1	-	-	PT30B	1	-	-	PT34B	1	-	-
D12	PT24A	1	-	D4	PT29A	1	-	D4	PT33A	1	-	D4
B14	PT23B	1	C	-	PT28B	1	C	-	PT32B	1	C	-
A13	PT23A	1	T	D5	PT28A	1	T	D5	PT32A	1	T	D5
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
B13	PT22B	1	C	D6	PT27B	1	C	D6	PT31B	1	C	D6
A12	PT22A	1	T	-	PT27A	1	T	-	PT31A	1	T	-
B12	PT21B	1	C	D7	PT26B	1	C	D7	PT30B	1	C	D7
C12	PT21A	1	T	-	PT26A	1	T	-	PT30A	1	T	-
C11	PT20B	0	C	BUSY	PT25B	0	C	BUSY	PT29B	0	C	BUSY
-	GNDIO0	0	-	-	GNDIO0	0	-	-	GNDIO0	0	-	-
B11	PT20A	0	T	CS1N	PT25A	0	T	CS1N	PT29A	0	T	CS1N
A11	PT19B	0	C	PCLKC0_0	PT24B	0	C	PCLKC0_0	PT28B	0	C	PCLKC0_0
A10	PT19A	0	T	PCLKT0_0	PT24A	0	T	PCLKT0_0	PT28A	0	T	PCLKT0_0
B10	PT18B	0	C	-	PT23B	0	C	-	PT27B	0	C	-
B9	PT18A	0	T	DQS	PT23A	0	T	DQS	PT27A	0	T	DQS
D11	PT17B	0	-	-	PT22B	0	-	-	PT26B	0	-	-
D10	PT16A	0	-	DOUT	PT21A	0	-	DOUT	PT25A	0	-	DOUT
A9	PT15B	0	C	-	PT20B	0	C	-	PT24B	0	C	-
-	GNDIO0	0	-	-	GNDIO0	0	-	-	GNDIO0	0	-	-
C8	PT15A	0	T	WRITEN	PT20A	0	T	WRITEN	PT24A	0	T	WRITEN
B8	PT14B	0	C	-	PT19B	0	C	-	PT23B	0	C	-
A8	PT14A	0	T	VREF1_0	PT19A	0	T	VREF1_0	PT23A	0	T	VREF1_0
C7	PT13B	0	C	-	PT18B	0	C	-	PT22B	0	C	-

LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 484 fpBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
T6	PL41A	6	T	-	PL45A	6	T	-
T5	PL41B	6	C	-	PL45B	6	C	-
-	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-
U3	PL42A	6	T[3]	-	PL46A	6	T[3]	-
U4	PL42B	6	C[3]	-	PL46B	6	C[3]	-
V4	PL43A	6	-	-	PL47A	6	-	-
W4	SLEEPN[1]/ TOE[2]	-	-	-	SLEEPN[1]/ TOE[2]	-	-	-
W5	INITN	5	-	-	INITN	5	-	-
Y3	-	-	-	-	PB3B	5	-	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
U5	-	-	-	-	PB4A	5	T	-
V5	-	-	-	-	PB4B	5	C	-
Y4	-	-	-	-	PB5A	5	T	-
Y5	-	-	-	-	PB5B	5	C	-
V6	-	-	-	-	PB6A	5	T	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
U6	-	-	-	-	PB6B	5	C	-
W6	PB3A	5	T	-	PB7A	5	T	-
Y6	PB3B	5	C	-	PB7B	5	C	-
AA2	PB4A	5	T	-	PB8A	5	T	-
AA3	PB4B	5	C	-	PB8B	5	C	-
V7	PB5A	5	-	-	PB9A	5	-	-
U7	PB6B	5	-	-	PB10B	5	-	-
Y7	PB7A	5	T	DQS	PB11A	5	T	DQS
W7	PB7B	5	C	-	PB11B	5	C	-
AA4	PB8A	5	T	-	PB12A	5	T	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
AA5	PB8B	5	C	-	PB12B	5	C	-
AB3	PB9A	5	T	-	PB13A	5	T	-
AB4	PB9B	5	C	-	PB13B	5	C	-
AA6	PB10A	5	T	-	PB14A	5	T	-
AA7	PB10B	5	C	-	PB14B	5	C	-
U8	PB11A	5	T	-	PB15A	5	T	-
V8	PB11B	5	C	-	PB15B	5	C	-
Y8	PB12A	5	T	VREF1_5	PB16A	5	T	VREF1_5
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
W8	PB12B	5	C	-	PB16B	5	C	-
V9	PB13A	5	-	-	PB17A	5	-	-
U9	PB14B	5	-	-	PB18B	5	-	-
Y9	PB15A	5	T	DQS	PB19A	5	T	DQS
W9	PB15B	5	C	-	PB19B	5	C	-

Industrial (Cont.)

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP10C-3FN388I	244	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	388	IND	9.7K
LFXP10C-4FN388I	244	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	388	IND	9.7K
LFXP10C-3FN256I	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	256	IND	9.7K
LFXP10C-4FN256I	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	256	IND	9.7K

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP15C-3FN484I	300	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	484	IND	15.5K
LFXP15C-4FN484I	300	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	484	IND	15.5K
LFXP15C-3FN388I	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	388	IND	15.5K
LFXP15C-4FN388I	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	388	IND	15.5K
LFXP15C-3FN256I	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	256	IND	15.5K
LFXP15C-4FN256I	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	256	IND	15.5K

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP20C-3FN484I	340	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	484	IND	19.7K
LFXP20C-4FN484I	340	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	484	IND	19.7K
LFXP20C-3FN388I	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	388	IND	19.7K
LFXP20C-4FN388I	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	388	IND	19.7K
LFXP20C-3FN256I	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	256	IND	19.7K
LFXP20C-4FN256I	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	256	IND	19.7K

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP3E-3QN208I	136	1.2V	-3	PQFP	208	IND	3.1K
LFXP3E-4QN208I	136	1.2V	-4	PQFP	208	IND	3.1K
LFXP3E-3TN144I	100	1.2V	-3	TQFP	144	IND	3.1K
LFXP3E-4TN144I	100	1.2V	-4	TQFP	144	IND	3.1K
LFXP3E-3TN100I	62	1.2V	-3	TQFP	100	IND	3.1K
LFXP3E-4TN100I	62	1.2V	-4	TQFP	100	IND	3.1K

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP6E-3FN256I	188	1.2V	-3	fpBGA	256	IND	5.8K
LFXP6E-4FN256I	188	1.2V	-4	fpBGA	256	IND	5.8K
LFXP6E-3QN208I	142	1.2V	-3	PQFP	208	IND	5.8K
LFXP6E-4QN208I	142	1.2V	-4	PQFP	208	IND	5.8K
LFXP6E-3TN144I	100	1.2V	-3	TQFP	144	IND	5.8K
LFXP6E-4TN144I	100	1.2V	-4	TQFP	144	IND	5.8K