Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

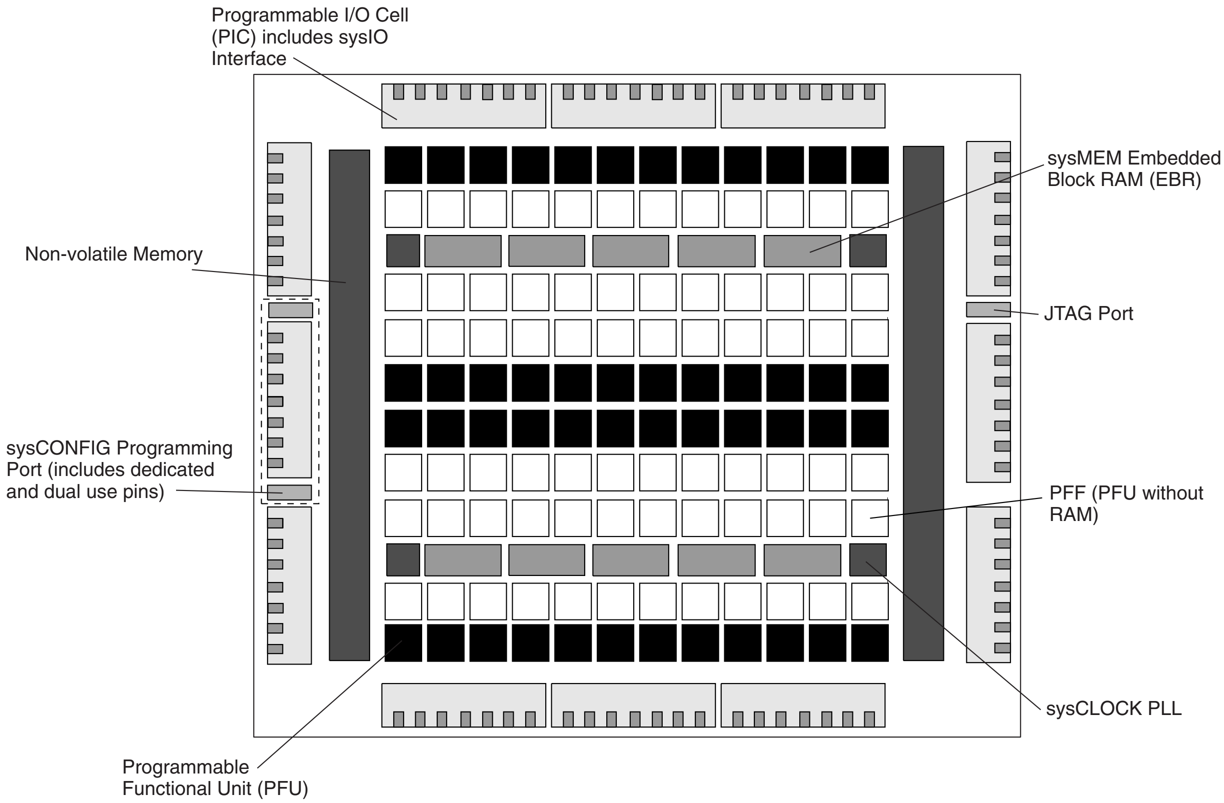
Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	6000
Total RAM Bits	73728
Number of I/O	100
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfxp6c-4tn144i

Figure 2-1. LatticeXP Top Level Block Diagram



PFU and PFF Blocks

The core of the LatticeXP devices consists of PFU and PFF blocks. The PFUs can be programmed to perform Logic, Arithmetic, Distributed RAM and Distributed ROM functions. PFF blocks can be programmed to perform Logic, Arithmetic and ROM functions. Except where necessary, the remainder of the data sheet will use the term PFU to refer to both PFU and PFF blocks.

Each PFU block consists of four interconnected slices, numbered 0-3 as shown in Figure 2-2. All the interconnections to and from PFU blocks are from routing. There are 53 inputs and 25 outputs associated with each PFU block.

Figure 2-2. PFU Diagram

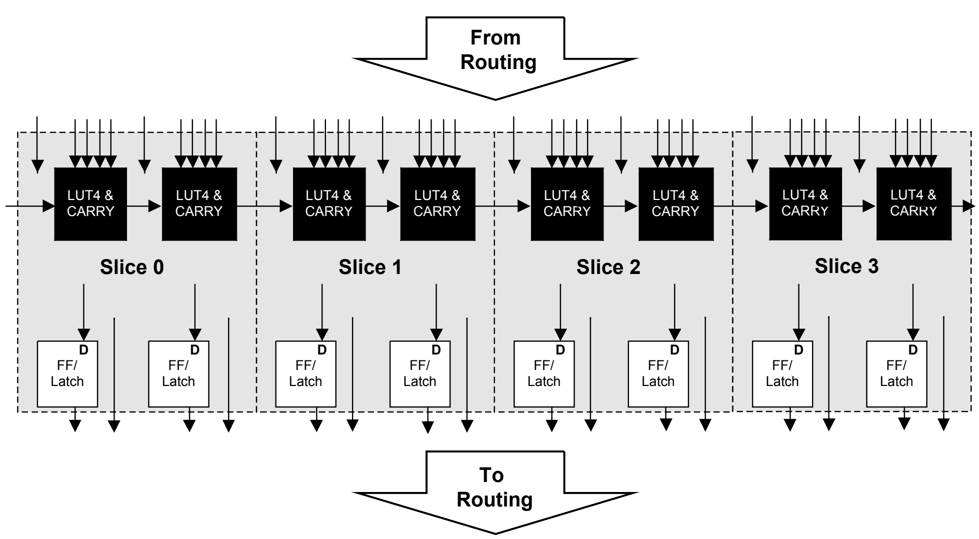
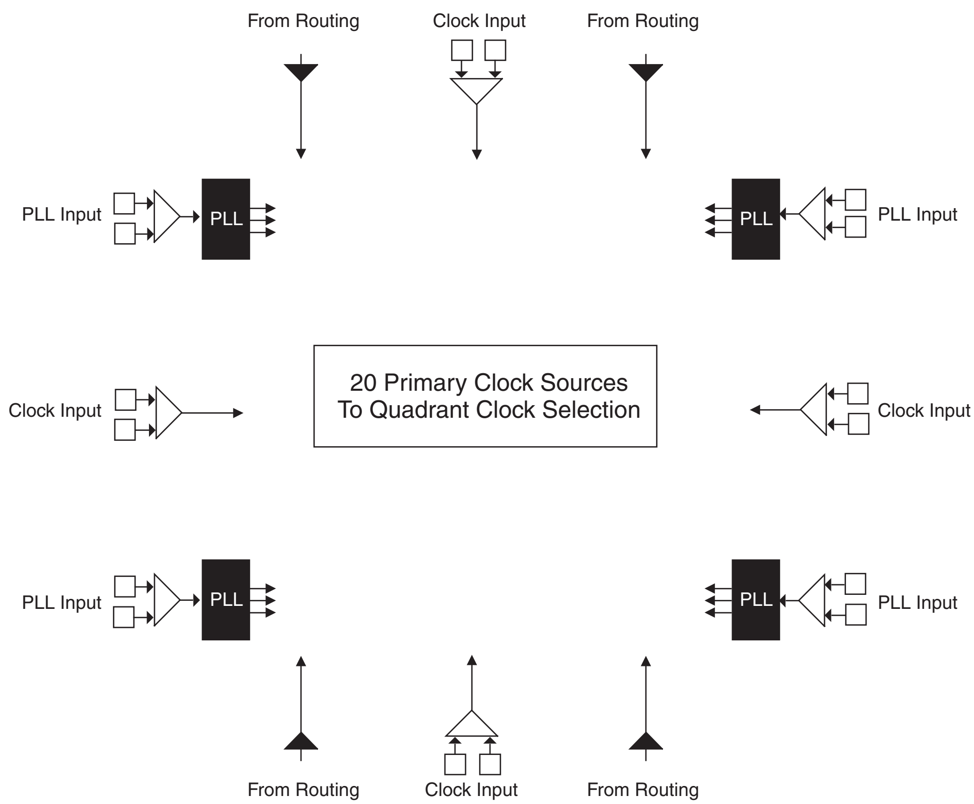


Figure 2-5. Primary Clock Sources

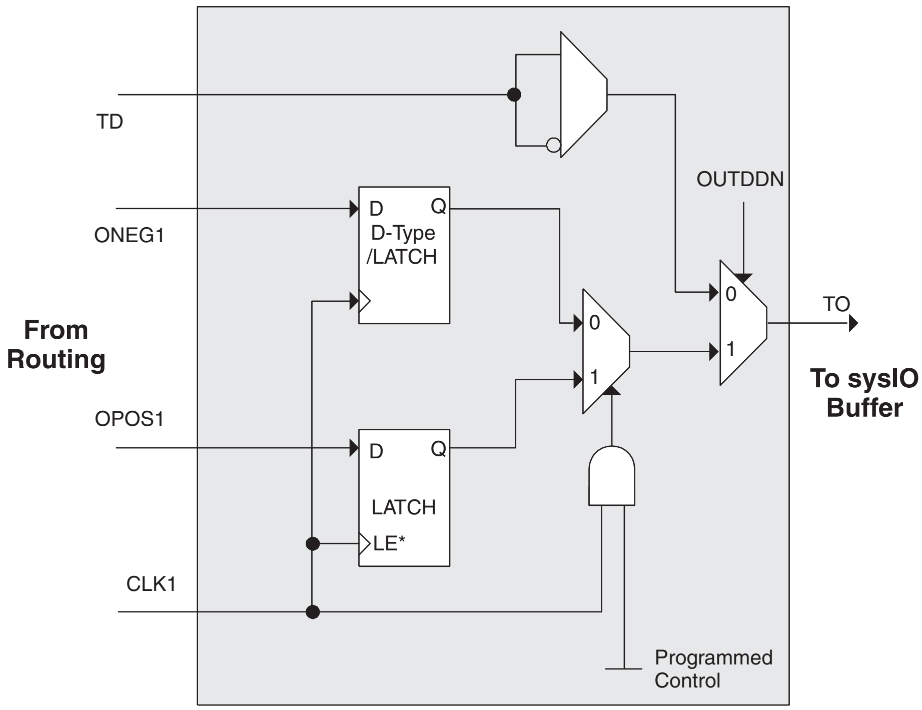


Note: Smaller devices have two PLLs.

Secondary Clock Sources

LatticeXP devices have four secondary clock resources per quadrant. The secondary clock branches are tapped at every PFU. These secondary clock networks can also be used for controls and high fanout data. These secondary clocks are derived from four clock input pads and 16 routing signals as shown in Figure 2-6.

Figure 2-25. Tristate Register Block



*Latch is transparent when input is low.

Control Logic Block

The control logic block allows the selection and modification of control signals for use in the PIO block. A clock is selected from one of the clock signals provided from the general purpose routing and a DQS signal provided from the programmable DQS pin. The clock can optionally be inverted.

The clock enable and local reset signals are selected from the routing and optionally inverted. The global tristate signal is passed through this block.

DDR Memory Support

Implementing high performance DDR memory interfaces requires dedicated DDR register structures in the input (for read operations) and in the output (for write operations). As indicated in the PIO Logic section, the LatticeXP devices provide this capability. In addition to these registers, the LatticeXP devices contain two elements to simplify the design of input structures for read operations: the DQS delay block and polarity control logic.

DLL Calibrated DQS Delay Block

Source Synchronous interfaces generally require the input clock to be adjusted in order to correctly capture data at the input register. For most interfaces a PLL is used for this adjustment, however in DDR memories the clock (referred to as DQS) is not free running so this approach cannot be used. The DQS Delay block provides the required clock alignment for DDR memory interfaces.

The DQS signal (selected PIOs only) feeds from the PAD through a DQS delay element to a dedicated DQS routing resource. The DQS signal also feeds the polarity control logic which controls the polarity of the clock to the sync registers in the input register blocks. Figures 2-26 and 2-27 show how the polarity control logic are routed to the PIOs.

The temperature, voltage and process variations of the DQS delay block are compensated by a set of calibration (6-bit bus) signals from two DLLs on opposite sides of the device. Each DLL compensates DQS Delays in its half of the device as shown in Figure 2-27. The DLL loop is compensated for temperature, voltage and process variations by the system clock and feedback loop.

LatticeXP Family Data Sheet DC and Switching Characteristics

November 2007 — Data Sheet DS1001

Absolute Maximum Ratings[1, 2, 3, 4]

	XPE (1.2V)	XPC (1.8V/2.5V/3.3V)
Supply Voltage V_{CC}	-0.5 to 1.32V	-0.5 to 3.75V
Supply Voltage V_{CCP}	-0.5 to 1.32V	-0.5 to 3.75V
Supply Voltage V_{CCAUX}	-0.5 to 3.75V	-0.5 to 3.75V
Supply Voltage V_{CCJ}	-0.5 to 3.75V	-0.5 to 3.75V
Output Supply Voltage V_{CCIO}	-0.5 to 3.75V	-0.5 to 3.75V
I/O Tristate Voltage Applied[5]	-0.5 to 3.75V	-0.5 to 3.75V
Dedicated Input Voltage Applied [5]	-0.5 to 3.75V	-0.5 to 4.25V
Storage Temperature (Ambient)	-65 to 150°C	-65 to 150°C
Junction Temp. (Tj)	+125°C	+125°C

1. Stress above those listed under the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside of those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.
2. Compliance with the Lattice *Thermal Management* document is required.
3. All voltages referenced to GND.
4. All chip grounds are connected together to a common package GND plane.
5. Overshoot and undershoot of -2V to (V_{IHMAX} + 2) volts is permitted for a duration of <20ns.

Recommended Operating Conditions[3]

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{CC}	Core Supply Voltage for 1.2V Devices	1.14	1.26	V
	Core Supply Voltage for 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V Devices	1.71	3.465	V
V_{CCP}	Supply Voltage for PLL for 1.2V Devices	1.14	1.26	V
	Supply Voltage for PLL for 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V Devices	1.71	3.465	V
V_{CCAUX}[4]	Auxiliary Supply Voltage	3.135	3.465	V
V_{CCIO}[1, 2]	I/O Driver Supply Voltage	1.14	3.465	V
V_{CCJ}[1]	Supply Voltage for IEEE 1149.1 Test Access Port	1.14	3.465	V
t_{JCOM}	Junction Temperature, Commercial Operation	0	85	C
t_{JIND}	Junction Temperature, Industrial Operation	-40	100	C
$t_{JFLASHCOM}$	Junction Temperature, Flash Programming, Commercial	0	85	C
$t_{JFLASHIND}$	Junction Temperature, Flash Programming, Industrial	0	85	C

1. If V_{CCIO} or V_{CCJ} is set to 3.3V, they must be connected to the same power supply as V_{CCAUX}. For the XPE devices (1.2V V_{CC}), if V_{CCIO} or V_{CCJ} is set to 1.2V, they must be connected to the same power supply as V_{CC}.
2. See recommended voltages by I/O standard in subsequent table.
3. The system designer must ensure that the FPGA design stays within the specified junction temperature and package thermal capabilities of the device based on the expected operating frequency, activity factor and environment conditions of the system.
4. V_{CCAUX} ramp rate must not exceed 30mV/µs during power up when transitioning between 0V and 3.3V.

sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions

Standard	V_{CCIO}			V_{REF} (V)		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
LVCMOS 3.3	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	—	—
LVCMOS 2.5	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.8	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.5	1.425	1.5	1.575	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.2	1.14	1.2	1.26	—	—	—
LVTTL	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	—	—
PCI33	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	—	—
SSTL18 Class I	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969
SSTL2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.15	1.25	1.35
SSTL3 Class I, II	3.135	3.3	3.465	1.3	1.5	1.7
HSTL15 Class I	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9
HSTL15 Class III	1.425	1.5	1.575	—	0.9	—
HSTL 18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	0.9	—
HSTL 18 Class III	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	1.08	—
LVDS	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
LVPECL[1]	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	—	—
BLVDS[1]	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—

1. Inputs on chip. Outputs are implemented with the addition of external resistors.

Figure 3-4. RSDS (Reduced Swing Differential Standard)

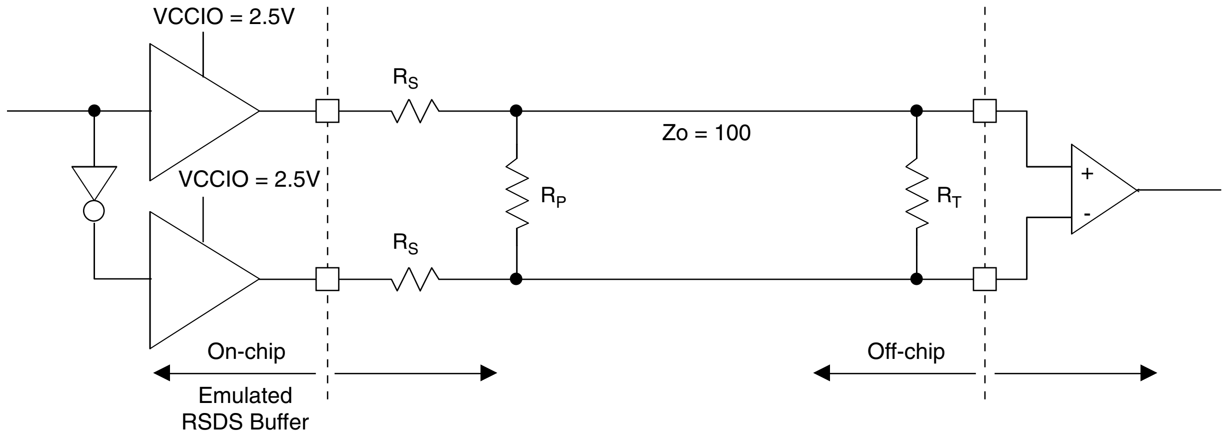


Table 3-4. RSDS DC Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typical	Units
Z_{OUT}	Output impedance	20	ohms
R_S	Driver series resistor	300	ohms
R_P	Driver parallel resistor	121	ohms
R_T	Receiver termination	100	ohms
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	1.35	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	1.15	V
V_{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.20	V
V_{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.25	V
Z_{BACK}	Back impedance	101.5	ohms
I_{DC}	DC output current	3.66	mA

Derating Logic Timing

Logic timing provided in the following sections of this data sheet and in the ispLEVER design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays at nominal temperature and voltage for best-case process can be much better than the values given in the tables. The ispLEVER design tool from Lattice can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.

LatticeXP Family Timing Adders[1] (Continued)

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Buffer Type	Description	-5	-4	-3	Units
HSTL15_I	HSTL_15 class I	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
HSTL15_III	HSTL_15 class III	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
HSTL15D_I	Differential HSTL 15 class I	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
HSTL15D_III	Differential HSTL 15 class III	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
SSTL33_I	SSTL_3 class I	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
SSTL33_II	SSTL_3 class II	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
SSTL33D_I	Differential SSTL_3 class I	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
SSTL33D_II	Differential SSTL_3 class II	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
SSTL25_I	SSTL_2 class I	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	ns
SSTL25_II	SSTL_2 class II	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
SSTL25D_I	Differential SSTL_2 class I	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	ns
SSTL25D_II	Differential SSTL_2 class II	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
SSTL18_I	SSTL_1.8 class I	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
SSTL18D_I	Differential SSTL_1.8 class I	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
LVTTL33_4mA	LVTTL 4mA drive	0.8	0.8	0.8	ns
LVTTL33_8mA	LVTTL 8mA drive	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
LVTTL33_12mA	LVTTL 12mA drive	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
LVTTL33_16mA	LVTTL 16mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVTTL33_20mA	LVTTL 20mA drive	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
LVCMOS33_2mA	LVCMOS 3.3 2mA drive	0.8	0.8	0.8	ns
LVCMOS33_4mA	LVCMOS 3.3 4mA drive	0.8	0.8	0.8	ns
LVCMOS33_8mA	LVCMOS 3.3 8mA drive	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
LVCMOS33_12mA	LVCMOS 3.3 12mA drive	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
LVCMOS33_16mA	LVCMOS 3.3 16mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVCMOS33_20mA	LVCMOS 3.3 20mA drive	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
LVCMOS25_2mA	LVCMOS 2.5 2mA drive	0.7	0.7	0.7	ns
LVCMOS25_4mA	LVCMOS 2.5 4mA drive	0.7	0.7	0.7	ns
LVCMOS25_8mA	LVCMOS 2.5 8mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVCMOS25_12mA	LVCMOS 2.5 12mA drive	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
LVCMOS25_16mA	LVCMOS 2.5 16mA drive	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
LVCMOS25_20mA	LVCMOS 2.5 20mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVCMOS18_2mA	LVCMOS 1.8 2mA drive	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
LVCMOS18_4mA	LVCMOS 1.8 4mA drive	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
LVCMOS18_8mA	LVCMOS 1.8 8mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVCMOS18_12mA	LVCMOS 1.8 12mA drive	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
LVCMOS18_16mA	LVCMOS 1.8 16mA drive	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
LVCMOS15_2mA	LVCMOS 1.5 2mA drive	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
LVCMOS15_4mA	LVCMOS 1.5 4mA drive	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
LVCMOS15_8mA	LVCMOS 1.5 8mA drive	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
LVCMOS12_2mA	LVCMOS 1.2 2mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVCMOS12_6mA	LVCMOS 1.2 6mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
PCI33	PCI33	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns

1. General timing numbers based on LVCMOS 2.5, 12mA.

Timing v.F0.11

Signal Descriptions (Cont.)

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
Test and Programming (Dedicated pins. Pull-up is enabled on input pins during configuration.)		
TMS	I	Test Mode Select input, used to control the 1149.1 state machine.
TCK	I	Test Clock input pin, used to clock the 1149.1 state machine.
TDI	I	Test Data in pin, used to load data into device using 1149.1 state machine. After power-up, this TAP port can be activated for configuration by sending appropriate command. (Note: once a configuration port is selected it is locked. Another configuration port cannot be selected until the power-up sequence).
TDO	O	Output pin -Test Data out pin used to shift data out of device using 1149.1.
V_{CCJ}	—	V_{CCJ} - The power supply pin for JTAG Test Access Port.
Configuration Pads (used during sysCONFIG)		
CFG[1:0]	I	Mode pins used to specify configuration modes values latched on rising edge of INITN. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled.
INITN	I/O	Open Drain pin - Indicates the FPGA is ready to be configured. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. If CFG1 and CFG0 are high (SDM) then this pin is pulled low.
PROGRAMN	I	Initiates configuration sequence when asserted low. This pin always has an active pull-up.
DONE	I/O	Open Drain pin - Indicates that the configuration sequence is complete, and the startup sequence is in progress.
CCLK	I/O	Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in sysCONFIG mode.
BUSY	I/O	Generally not used. After configuration it is a user-programmable I/O pin.
CSN	I	sysCONFIG chip select (Active low). During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. After configuration it is user a programmable I/O pin.
CS1N	I	sysCONFIG chip select (Active Low). During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. After configuration it is user programmable I/O pin
WRITEN	I	Write Data on Parallel port (Active low). After configuration it is a user programmable I/O pin
D[7:0]	I/O	sysCONFIG Port Data I/O. After configuration these are user programmable I/O pins.
DOUT, CSON	O	Output for serial configuration data (rising edge of CCLK) when using sysCONFIG port. After configuration, it is a user-programmable I/O pin.
DI	I	Input for serial configuration data (clocked with CCLK) when using sysCONFIG port. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. After configuration it is a user-programmable I/O pin.
SLEEPN[2]	I	Sleep Mode pin - Active low sleep pin.þ When this pin is held high, the device operates normally.þ When driven low, the device moves into Sleep Mode after a specified time.This pin has a weak internal pull-up, but when not used an external pull-up to V_{CC} is recommended.
TOE[3]	I	Test Output Enable tri-states all I/O pins when driven low. This pin has a weak internal pull-up, but when not used an external pull-up to V_{CC} is recommended.

1. Applies toþ LFXP10, LFXP15 and LFXP20 only.
2. Applies to LFXP “C” devices only.
3. Applies to LFXP “E” devices only.

PICs and DDR Data (DQ) Pins Associated with the DDR Strobe (DQS) Pin

PICs Associated with DQS Strobe	PIO within PIC	Polarity	DDR Strobe (DQS) and Data (DQ) Pins
P[Edge] [n-4]	A	True	DQ
	B	Complement	DQ
P[Edge] [n-3]	A	True	DQ
	B	Complement	DQ
P[Edge] [n-2]	A	True	DQ
	B	Complement	DQ
P[Edge] [n-1]	A	True	DQ
P[Edge] [n]			
	B	Complement	DQ
P[Edge] [n+1]	A	True	[Edge]DQSn
	B	Complement	DQ
P[Edge] [n+2]	A	True	DQ
	B	Complement	DQ
P[Edge] [n+3]	A	True	DQ
	B	Complement	DQ

Notes:
1. “n” is a row/column PIC number.
2. The DDR interface is designed for memories that support one DQS strobe per eight bits of data. In some packages, all the potential DDR data (DQ) pins may not be available.
3. The definition of the PIC numbering is provided in the Signal Names column of the Signal Descriptions table in this data sheet.

LFXP3 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
88	PT14B	1	-	D7
89	PT13B	0	C	BUSY
90	GNDIO0	0	-	-
91	PT13A	0	T	CS1N
92	PT12B	0	C	PCLKC0_0
93	PT12A	0	T	PCLKT0_0
94	VCCIO0	0	-	-
95	PT9A	0	-	DOUT
96	PT8A	0	-	WRITEN
97	PT6A	0	-	DI
98	PT5A	0	-	CSN
99	GND	-	-	-
100	CFG0	0	-	-

1. Applies to LFXP “C” only.
2. Applies to LFXP “E” only.
3. Supports dedicated LVDS outputs.

LFXP3 & LFXP6 Logic Signal Connections: 144 TQFP

Pin Number	LFXP3				LFXP6			
	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
1	PROGRAMN	7	-	-	PROGRAMN	7	-	-
2	CCLK	7	-	-	CCLK	7	-	-
3	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
4	PL2A	7	T[3]	-	PL2A	7	T[3]	-
5	PL2B	7	C[3]	-	PL2B	7	C[3]	-
6	PL3A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	PL3A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A
7	PL3B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	PL3B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A
8	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-
9	PL5A	7	-	VREF1_7	PL5A	7	-	VREF1_7
10	PL6B	7	-	VREF2_7	PL6B	7	-	VREF2_7
11	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
12	PL7A	7	T[3]	DQS	PL7A	7	T[3]	DQS
13	PL7B	7	C[3]	-	PL7B	7	C[3]	-
14	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
15	PL8A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	PL8A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A
16	PL8B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	PL8B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A
17	PL9A	7	T[3]	-	PL9A	7	T[3]	-
18	PL9B	7	C[3]	-	PL9B	7	C[3]	-
19	VCCP0	-	-	-	VCCP0	-	-	-
20	GNDP0	-	-	-	GNDP0	-	-	-
21	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
22	PL11A	6	T[3]	-	PL16A	6	T[3]	-
23	PL11B	6	C[3]	-	PL16B	6	C[3]	-
24	PL12A	6	T	PCLKT6_0	PL17A	6	T	PCLKT6_0
25	PL12B	6	C	PCLKC6_0	PL17B	6	C	PCLKC6_0
26	PL13A	6	T[3]	-	PL18A	6	T[3]	-
27	PL13B	6	C[3]	-	PL18B	6	C[3]	-
28	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-
29	PL14A	6	-	VREF1_6	PL22A	6	-	VREF1_6
30	PL15B	6	-	VREF2_6	PL23B	6	-	VREF2_6
31	PL16A	6	T[3]	DQS	PL24A	6	T[3]	DQS
32	PL16B	6	C[3]	-	PL24B	6	C[3]	-
33	PL17A	6	-	-	PL25A	6	-	-
34	PL18A	6	T[3]	-	PL26A	6	T[3]	-
35	PL18B	6	C[3]	-	PL26B	6	C[3]	-
36	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
37	SLEEPN[1]/TOE[2]	-	-	-	SLEEPN[1]/TOE[2]	-	-	-
38	INITN	5	-	-	INITN	5	-	-
39	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
40	PB2B	5	-	VREF1_5	PB5B	5	-	VREF1_5
41	PB5B	5	-	VREF2_5	PB8B	5	-	VREF2_5
42	PB7A	5	T	-	PB10A	5	T	-
43	PB7B	5	C	-	PB10B	5	C	-
44	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
45	PB9A	5	-	-	PB12A	5	-	-
46	PB10B	5	-	-	PB13B	5	-	-

LFXP6 & LFXP10 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFXP6				LFXP10			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
K10	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K7	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K8	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
K9	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
L11	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
L6	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
T1	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
T16	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
D13	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
D4	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E12	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E5	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
M12	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
M5	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N13	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N4	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
E13	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
E4	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
M13	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
M4	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
F7	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
F8	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
F10	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
F9	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
G11	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
H11	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
J11	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
K11	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
L10	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
L9	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
L7	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
L8	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
J6	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
K6	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
G6	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-
H6	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-

1. Applies to LFXP “C” only.
2. Applies to LFXP “E” only.
3. Supports dedicated LVDS outputs.

LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA

	LFXP15				LFXP20			
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
C2	PROGRAMN	7	-	-	PROGRAMN	7	-	-
C1	CCLK	7	-	-	CCLK	7	-	-
-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
D2	PL7A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	PL7A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A
D3	PL7B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	PL7B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A
D1	PL9A	7	-	-	PL9A	7	-	-
E2	PL10B	7	-	VREF1_7	PL10B	7	-	VREF1_7
E1	PL11A	7	T[3]	DQS	PL11A	7	T[3]	DQS
F1	PL11B	7	C[3]	-	PL11B	7	C[3]	-
-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
E3	PL12A	7	T	-	PL12A	7	T	-
F4	PL12B	7	C	-	PL12B	7	C	-
F3	PL13A	7	T[3]	-	PL13A	7	T[3]	-
F2	PL13B	7	C[3]	-	PL13B	7	C[3]	-
G1	PL15B	7	-	-	PL15B	7	-	-
-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
G3	PL16A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	PL16A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A
G2	PL16B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	PL16B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A
H1	PL17A	7	T[3]	-	PL17A	7	T[3]	-
H2	PL17B	7	C[3]	-	PL17B	7	C[3]	-
G4	PL18A	7	-	VREF2_7	PL18A	7	-	VREF2_7
G5	PL19B	7	-	-	PL19B	7	-	-
J1	PL20A	7	T[3]	DQS	PL20A	7	T[3]	DQS
-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
J2	PL20B	7	C[3]	-	PL20B	7	C[3]	-
H3	PL22A	7	T[3]	-	PL22A	7	T[3]	-
J3	PL22B	7	C[3]	-	PL22B	7	C[3]	-
H4	VCCP0	-	-	-	VCCP0	-	-	-
H5	GNDP0	-	-	-	GNDP0	-	-	-
K1	PL24A	6	T	PCLKT6_0	PL28A	6	T	PCLKT6_0
-	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-
K2	PL24B	6	C	PCLKC6_0	PL28B	6	C	PCLKC6_0
J4	PL26A	6	-	-	PL30A	6	-	-
J5	PL27B	6	-	VREF1_6	PL31B	6	-	VREF1_6
L1	PL28A	6	T[3]	DQS	PL32A	6	T[3]	DQS
L2	PL28B	6	C[3]	-	PL32B	6	C[3]	-
-	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-
M1	PL29A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	PL33A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A
M2	PL29B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	PL33B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A
K3	PL30A	6	T[3]	-	PL34A	6	T[3]	-
L3	PL30B	6	C[3]	-	PL34B	6	C[3]	-

LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
L7	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
L8	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
J6	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
K6	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
G6	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-
H6	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-

1. Applies to LFXP “C” only.
2. Applies to LFXP “E” only.
3. Supports dedicated LVDS outputs.

LFXP10, LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 388 fpBGA (Cont.)

	LFXP10				LFXP15				LFXP20			
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Diff.	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Diff.	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Diff.	Dual Function
C20	PT38A	1	T	-	PT43A	1	T	-	PT47A	1	T	-
C21	PT37B	1	C	-	PT42B	1	C	-	PT46B	1	C	-
C22	PT37A	1	T	-	PT42A	1	T	-	PT46A	1	T	-
B22	PT36B	1	C	-	PT41B	1	C	-	PT45B	1	C	-
A21	PT36A	1	T	-	PT41A	1	T	-	PT45A	1	T	-
D15	PT35B	1	C	-	PT40B	1	C	-	PT44B	1	C	-
D14	PT35A	1	T	-	PT40A	1	T	-	PT44A	1	T	-
B21	PT34B	1	C	VREF1_1	PT39B	1	C	VREF1_1	PT43B	1	C	VREF1_1
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
A20	PT34A	1	T	DQS	PT39A	1	T	DQS	PT43A	1	T	DQS
B20	PT33B	1	-	-	PT38B	1	-	-	PT42B	1	-	-
A19	PT32A	1	-	-	PT37A	1	-	-	PT41A	1	-	-
B19	PT31B	1	C	-	PT36B	1	C	-	PT40B	1	C	-
A18	PT31A	1	T	-	PT36A	1	T	-	PT40A	1	T	-
C14	PT30B	1	C	-	PT35B	1	C	-	PT39B	1	C	-
C13	PT30A	1	T	D0	PT35A	1	T	D0	PT39A	1	T	D0
B18	PT29B	1	C	D1	PT34B	1	C	D1	PT38B	1	C	D1
A17	PT29A	1	T	VREF2_1	PT34A	1	T	VREF2_1	PT38A	1	T	VREF2_1
B17	PT28B	1	C	-	PT33B	1	C	-	PT37B	1	C	-
A16	PT28A	1	T	D2	PT33A	1	T	D2	PT37A	1	T	D2
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
B16	PT27B	1	C	D3	PT32B	1	C	D3	PT36B	1	C	D3
A15	PT27A	1	T	-	PT32A	1	T	-	PT36A	1	T	-
B15	PT26B	1	C	-	PT31B	1	C	-	PT35B	1	C	-
A14	PT26A	1	T	DQS	PT31A	1	T	DQS	PT35A	1	T	DQS
D13	PT25B	1	-	-	PT30B	1	-	-	PT34B	1	-	-
D12	PT24A	1	-	D4	PT29A	1	-	D4	PT33A	1	-	D4
B14	PT23B	1	C	-	PT28B	1	C	-	PT32B	1	C	-
A13	PT23A	1	T	D5	PT28A	1	T	D5	PT32A	1	T	D5
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
B13	PT22B	1	C	D6	PT27B	1	C	D6	PT31B	1	C	D6
A12	PT22A	1	T	-	PT27A	1	T	-	PT31A	1	T	-
B12	PT21B	1	C	D7	PT26B	1	C	D7	PT30B	1	C	D7
C12	PT21A	1	T	-	PT26A	1	T	-	PT30A	1	T	-
C11	PT20B	0	C	BUSY	PT25B	0	C	BUSY	PT29B	0	C	BUSY
-	GNDIO0	0	-	-	GNDIO0	0	-	-	GNDIO0	0	-	-
B11	PT20A	0	T	CS1N	PT25A	0	T	CS1N	PT29A	0	T	CS1N
A11	PT19B	0	C	PCLKC0_0	PT24B	0	C	PCLKC0_0	PT28B	0	C	PCLKC0_0
A10	PT19A	0	T	PCLKT0_0	PT24A	0	T	PCLKT0_0	PT28A	0	T	PCLKT0_0
B10	PT18B	0	C	-	PT23B	0	C	-	PT27B	0	C	-
B9	PT18A	0	T	DQS	PT23A	0	T	DQS	PT27A	0	T	DQS
D11	PT17B	0	-	-	PT22B	0	-	-	PT26B	0	-	-
D10	PT16A	0	-	DOUT	PT21A	0	-	DOUT	PT25A	0	-	DOUT
A9	PT15B	0	C	-	PT20B	0	C	-	PT24B	0	C	-
-	GNDIO0	0	-	-	GNDIO0	0	-	-	GNDIO0	0	-	-
C8	PT15A	0	T	WRITEN	PT20A	0	T	WRITEN	PT24A	0	T	WRITEN
B8	PT14B	0	C	-	PT19B	0	C	-	PT23B	0	C	-
A8	PT14A	0	T	VREF1_0	PT19A	0	T	VREF1_0	PT23A	0	T	VREF1_0
C7	PT13B	0	C	-	PT18B	0	C	-	PT22B	0	C	-

LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 484 fpBGA (Cont.)

	LFXP15				LFXP20			
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
H13	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
K15	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
L15	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
L16	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
L17	VCCIO2	2	-	-	VCCIO2	2	-	-
M15	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
M16	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
M17	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
N15	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
R12	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
R13	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
T12	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
U12	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
R10	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
R11	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
T11	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
U11	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
M6	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
M7	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
M8	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
N8	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
K8	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-
L6	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-
L7	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-
L8	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-

1. Applies to LFXP “C” only.
2. Applies to LFXP “E” only.
3. Supports dedicated LVDS outputs.

Thermal Management

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Designers must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the Thermal Management document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following located on the Lattice website at www.latticesemi.com.

- Thermal Management document
- Technical Note TN1052 - Power Estimation and Management for LatticeECP/EC and LatticeXP Devices
- Power Calculator tool included with Lattice's ispLEVER design tool, or as a standalone download from www.latticesemi.com/software

Commercial (Cont.)

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP20C-3FN484C	340	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	484	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-4FN484C	340	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	484	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-5FN484C	340	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	484	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-3FN388C	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	388	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-4FN388C	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	388	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-5FN388C	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	388	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-3FN256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	256	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-4FN256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	256	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-5FN256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	256	COM	19.7K

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP3E-3QN208C	136	1.2V	-3	PQFP	208	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-4QN208C	136	1.2V	-4	PQFP	208	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-5QN208C	136	1.2V	-5	PQFP	208	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-3TN144C	100	1.2V	-3	TQFP	144	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-4TN144C	100	1.2V	-4	TQFP	144	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-5TN144C	100	1.2V	-5	TQFP	144	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-3TN100C	62	1.2V	-3	TQFP	100	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-4TN100C	62	1.2V	-4	TQFP	100	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-5TN100C	62	1.2V	-5	TQFP	100	COM	3.1K

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP6E-3FN256C	188	1.2V	-3	fpBGA	256	COM	5.8K
LFXP6E-4FN256C	188	1.2V	-4	fpBGA	256	COM	5.8K
LFXP6E-5FN256C	188	1.2V	-5	fpBGA	256	COM	5.8K
LFXP6E-3QN208C	142	1.2V	-3	PQFP	208	COM	5.8K
LFXP6E-4QN208C	142	1.2V	-4	PQFP	208	COM	5.8K
LFXP6E-5QN208C	142	1.2V	-5	PQFP	208	COM	5.8K
LFXP6E-3TN144C	100	1.2V	-3	TQFP	144	COM	5.8K
LFXP6E-4TN144C	100	1.2V	-4	TQFP	144	COM	5.8K
LFXP6E-5TN144C	100	1.2V	-5	TQFP	144	COM	5.8K

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP10E-3FN388C	244	1.2V	-3	fpBGA	388	COM	9.7K
LFXP10E-4FN388C	244	1.2V	-4	fpBGA	388	COM	9.7K
LFXP10E-5FN388C	244	1.2V	-5	fpBGA	388	COM	9.7K
LFXP10E-3FN256C	188	1.2V	-3	fpBGA	256	COM	9.7K
LFXP10E-4FN256C	188	1.2V	-4	fpBGA	256	COM	9.7K
LFXP10E-5FN256C	188	1.2V	-5	fpBGA	256	COM	9.7K

LatticeXP Family Data Sheet Supplemental Information

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For Further Information

A variety of technical notes for the LatticeXP family are available on the Lattice website at www.latticesemi.com.

- LatticeECP/EC and LatticeXP sysIO Usage Guide (TN1056)
- Lattice ispTRACY Usage Guide (TN1054)
- LatticeECP/EC and LatticeXP sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide (TN1049)
- Memory Usage Guide for LatticeECP/EC and LatticeXP Devices (TN1051)
- LatticeECP/EC and XP DDR Usage Guide (TN1050)
- Power Estimation and Management for LatticeECP/EC and LatticeXP Devices (TN1052)
- LatticeXP sysCONFIG Usage Guide (TN1082)

For further information on interface standards refer to the following web sites:

- JEDEC Standards (LVTTL, LVCMOS, SSTL, HSTL): www.jedec.org
- PCI: www.pcisig.com