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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	6000
Total RAM Bits	73728
Number of I/O	188
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-BGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FPBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfxp6c-5fn256c

Architecture Overview

The LatticeXP architecture contains an array of logic blocks surrounded by Programmable I/O Cells (PIC). Interspersed between the rows of logic blocks are rows of sysMEM Embedded Block RAM (EBR) as shown in Figure 2-1.

On the left and right sides of the PFU array, there are Non-volatile Memory Blocks. In configuration mode this non-volatile memory is programmed via the IEEE 1149.1 TAP port or the sysCONFIG™ peripheral port. On power up, the configuration data is transferred from the Non-volatile Memory Blocks to the configuration SRAM. With this technology, expensive external configuration memories are not required and designs are secured from unauthorized read-back. This transfer of data from non-volatile memory to configuration SRAM via wide busses happens in microseconds, providing an “instant-on” capability that allows easy interfacing in many applications.

There are two kinds of logic blocks, the Programmable Functional Unit (PFU) and Programmable Functional unit without RAM/ROM (PFF). The PFU contains the building blocks for logic, arithmetic, RAM, ROM and register functions. The PFF block contains building blocks for logic, arithmetic and ROM functions. Both PFU and PFF blocks are optimized for flexibility, allowing complex designs to be implemented quickly and efficiently. Logic Blocks are arranged in a two-dimensional array. Only one type of block is used per row. The PFU blocks are used on the outside rows. The rest of the core consists of rows of PFF blocks interspersed with rows of PFU blocks. For every three rows of PFF blocks there is a row of PFU blocks.

Each PIC block encompasses two PIOs (PIO pairs) with their respective sysIO interfaces. PIO pairs on the left and right edges of the device can be configured as LVDS transmit/receive pairs. sysMEM EBRs are large dedicated fast memory blocks. They can be configured as RAM or ROM.

The PFU, PFF, PIC and EBR Blocks are arranged in a two-dimensional grid with rows and columns as shown in Figure 2-1. The blocks are connected with many vertical and horizontal routing channel resources. The place and route software tool automatically allocates these routing resources.

At the end of the rows containing the sysMEM Blocks are the sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loop (PLL) Blocks. These PLLs have multiply, divide and phase shifting capability; they are used to manage the phase relationship of the clocks. The LatticeXP architecture provides up to four PLLs per device.

Every device in the family has a JTAG Port with internal Logic Analyzer (ispTRACY) capability. The sysCONFIG port which allows for serial or parallel device configuration. The LatticeXP devices are available for operation from 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V and 1.2V power supplies, providing easy integration into the overall system.

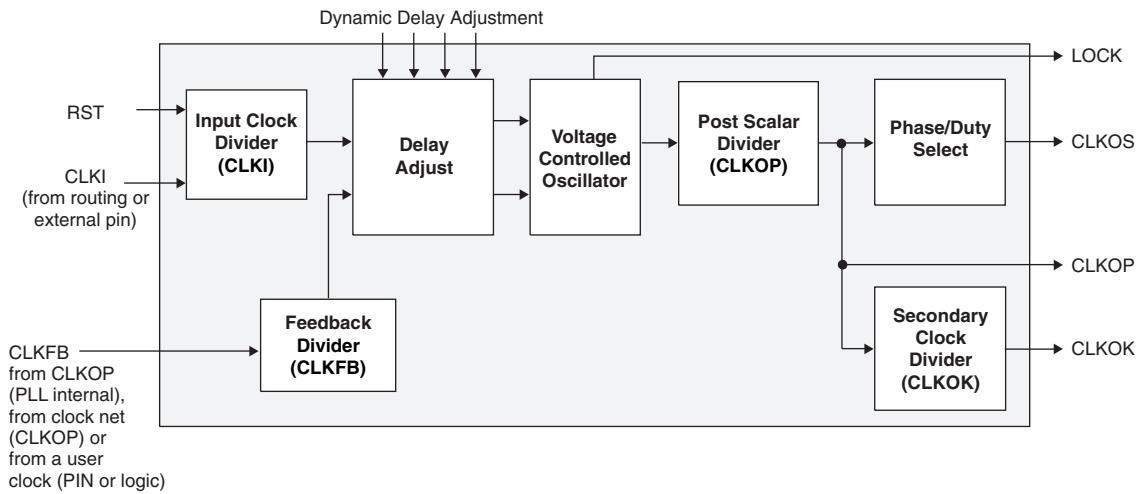
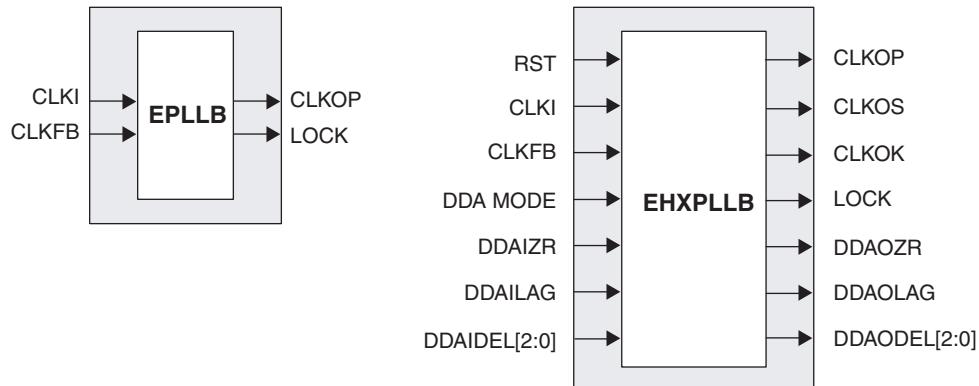
Figure 2-10. PLL Diagram

Figure 2-11 shows the available macros for the PLL. Table 2-11 provides signal description of the PLL Block.

Figure 2-11. PLL Primitive**Table 2-5. PLL Signal Descriptions**

Signal	I/O	Description
CLKI	I	Clock input from external pin or routing
CLKFB	I	PLL feedback input from CLKOP (PLL internal), from clock net (CLKOP) or from a user clock (PIN or logic)
RST	I	"1" to reset input clock divider
CLKOS	O	PLL output clock to clock tree (phase shifted/duty cycle changed)
CLKOP	O	PLL output clock to clock tree (No phase shift)
CLKOK	O	PLL output to clock tree through secondary clock divider
LOCK	O	"1" indicates PLL LOCK to CLKI
DDAMODE	I	Dynamic Delay Enable. "1": Pin control (dynamic), "0": Fuse Control (static)
DDAIZR	I	Dynamic Delay Zero. "1": delay = 0, "0": delay = on
DDAILAG	I	Dynamic Delay Lag/Lead. "1": Lag, "0": Lead
DDAIDEL[2:0]	I	Dynamic Delay Input
DDAOZR	O	Dynamic Delay Zero Output
DDAOLAG	O	Dynamic Delay Lag/Lead Output
DDAODEL[2:0]	O	Dynamic Delay Output

in selected blocks the input to the DQS delay block. If one of the bypass options is not chosen, the signal first passes through an optional delay block. This delay, if selected, ensures no positive input-register hold-time requirement when using a global clock.

The input block allows two modes of operation. In the single data rate (SDR) the data is registered, by one of the registers in the single data rate sync register block, with the system clock. In the DDR Mode two registers are used to sample the data on the positive and negative edges of the DQS signal creating two data streams, D0 and D2. These two data streams are synchronized with the system clock before entering the core. Further discussion on this topic is in the DDR Memory section of this data sheet.

Figure 2-21 shows the input register waveforms for DDR operation and Figure 2-22 shows the design tool primitives. The SDR/SYNC registers have reset and clock enable available.

The signal DDRCLKPOL controls the polarity of the clock used in the synchronization registers. It ensures adequate timing when data is transferred from the DQS to the system clock domain. For further discussion of this topic, see the DDR memory section of this data sheet.

Figure 2-20. Input Register Diagram

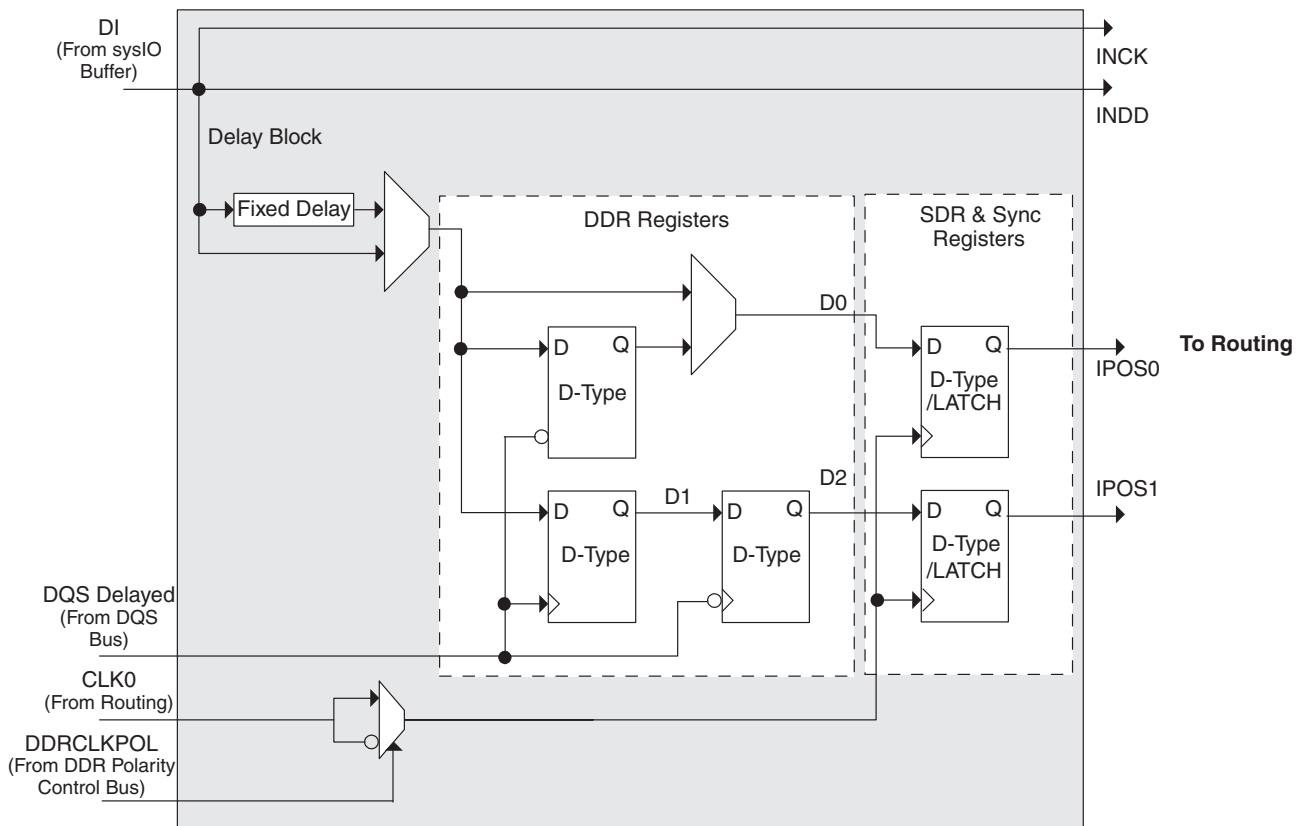
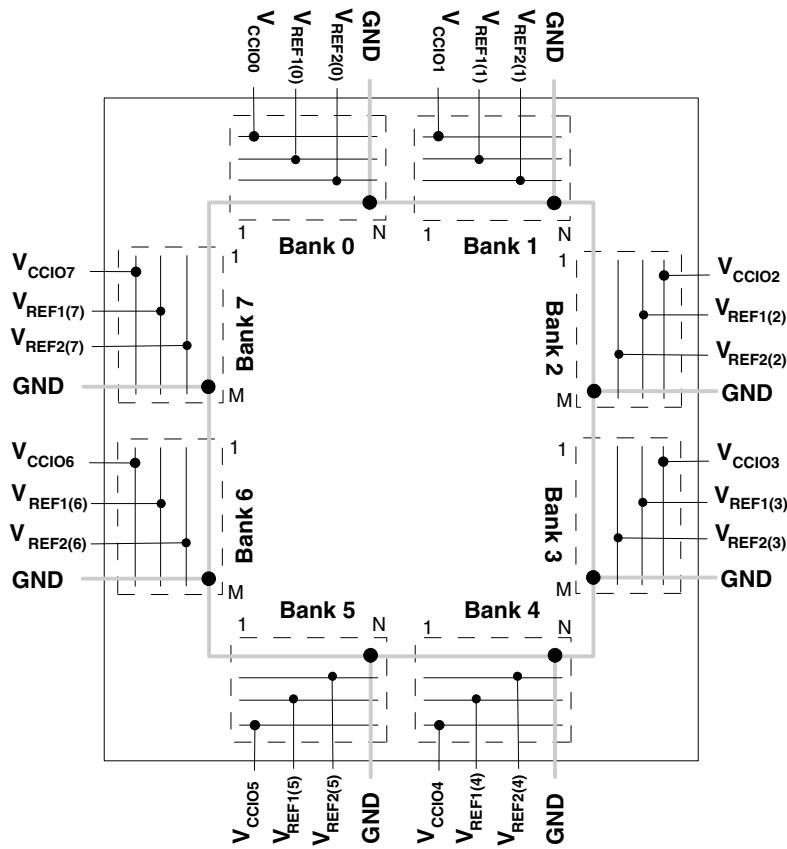


Figure 2-28. LatticeXP Banks

Note: N and M are the maximum number of I/Os per bank.

LatticeXP devices contain two types of sysIO buffer pairs.

1. Top and Bottom sysIO Buffer Pair (Single-Ended Outputs Only)

The sysIO buffer pairs in the top and bottom banks of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers and two sets of single-ended input buffers (both ratioed and referenced). The referenced input buffer can also be configured as a differential input.

The two pads in the pair are described as “true” and “comp”, where the true pad is associated with the positive side of the differential input buffer and the comp (complementary) pad is associated with the negative side of the differential input buffer.

Only the I/Os on the top and bottom banks have PCI clamps. Note that the PCI clamp is enabled after V_{CC} , V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCIO} are at valid operating levels and the device has been configured.

2. Left and Right sysIO Buffer Pair (Differential and Single-Ended Outputs)

The sysIO buffer pairs in the left and right banks of the device consist of two single-ended output drivers, two sets of single-ended input buffers (both ratioed and referenced) and one differential output driver. The referenced input buffer can also be configured as a differential input. In these banks the two pads in the pair are described as “true” and “comp”, where the true pad is associated with the positive side of the differential I/O, and the comp (complementary) pad is associated with the negative side of the differential I/O.

Select I/Os in the left and right banks have LVDS differential output drivers. Refer to the Logic Signal Connections tables for more information.

Typical I/O Behavior During Power-up

The internal power-on-reset (POR) signal is deactivated when V_{CC} and V_{CCAUX} have reached satisfactory levels. After the POR signal is deactivated, the FPGA core logic becomes active. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that all other V_{CCIO} banks are active with valid input logic levels to properly control the output logic states of all the I/O banks that are critical to the application. The default configuration of the I/O pins in a blank device is tri-state with a weak pull-up to V_{CCIO} . The I/O pins will not take on the user configuration until V_{CC} , V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCIO} have reached satisfactory levels at which time the I/Os will take on the user-configured settings.

The V_{CC} and V_{CCAUX} supply the power to the FPGA core fabric, whereas the V_{CCIO} supplies power to the I/O buffers. In order to simplify system design while providing consistent and predictable I/O behavior, it is recommended that the I/O buffers be powered-up prior to the FPGA core fabric. V_{CCIO} supplies should be powered up before or together with the V_{CC} and V_{CCAUX} supplies.

Supported Standards

The LatticeXP sysIO buffer supports both single-ended and differential standards. Single-ended standards can be further subdivided into LVCMS, LVTTL and other standards. The buffers support the LVTTL, LVCMS 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, 2.5 and 3.3V standards. In the LVCMS and LVTTL modes, the buffer has individually configurable options for drive strength, bus maintenance (weak pull-up, weak pull-down, or a bus-keeper latch) and open drain. Other single-ended standards supported include SSTL and HSTL. Differential standards supported include LVDS, BLVDS, LVPECL, differential SSTL and differential HSTL. Tables 2-7 and 2-8 show the I/O standards (together with their supply and reference voltages) supported by the LatticeXP devices. For further information on utilizing the sysIO buffer to support a variety of standards please see the details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

Table 2-7. Supported Input Standards

Input Standard	V_{REF} (Nom.)	V_{CCIO} ¹ (Nom.)
Single Ended Interfaces		
LVTTL	—	—
LVCMS33 ²	—	—
LVCMS25 ²	—	—
LVCMS18	—	1.8
LVCMS15	—	1.5
LVCMS12 ²	—	—
PCI	—	3.3
HSTL18 Class I, II	0.9	—
HSTL18 Class III	1.08	—
HSTL15 Class I	0.75	—
HSTL15 Class III	0.9	—
SSTL3 Class I, II	1.5	—
SSTL2 Class I, II	1.25	—
SSTL18 Class I	0.9	—
Differential Interfaces		
Differential SSTL18 Class I	—	—
Differential SSTL2 Class I, II	—	—
Differential SSTL3 Class I, II	—	—
Differential HSTL15 Class I, III	—	—
Differential HSTL18 Class I, II, III	—	—
LVDS, LVPECL	—	—
BLVDS	—	—

1. When not specified V_{CCIO} can be set anywhere in the valid operating range.2. JTAG inputs do not have a fixed threshold option and always follow V_{CCJ} .

Hot Socketing Specifications^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
I_{DK}	Input or I/O Leakage Current	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IH}$ (MAX.)	—	—	+/-1000	μA

1. Insensitive to sequence of V_{CC} , V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCIO} . However, assumes monotonic rise/fall rates for V_{CC} , V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCIO} .
2. $0 \leq V_{CC} \leq V_{CC}$ (MAX) or $0 \leq V_{CCAUX} \leq V_{CCAUX}$ (MAX).
3. $0 \leq V_{CCIO} \leq V_{CCIO}$ (MAX) for top and bottom I/O banks.
4. $0.2 \leq V_{CCIO} \leq V_{CCIO}$ (MAX) for left and right I/O banks.
5. I_{DK} is additive to I_{PU} , I_{PW} or I_{BH} .
6. LVCMS and LVTTL only.

Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ ⁶	Units
I _{CC}	Core Power Supply	LFXP3E	30	mA
		LFXP6E	40	mA
		LFXP10E	50	mA
		LFXP15E	60	mA
		LFXP20E	70	mA
		LFXP3C	50	mA
		LFXP6C	60	mA
		LFXP10C	90	mA
		LFXP15C	100	mA
		LFXP20C	110	mA
I _{CCAUX}	Auxiliary Power Supply V _{CCAUX} = 3.3V	LFXP3E/C	50	mA
		LFXP6E/C	60	mA
		LFXP10E/C	90	mA
		LFXP15E/C	110	mA
		LFXP20E/C	130	mA
I _{CCJ}	V _{CCJ} Power Supply ⁷	All	2	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.
2. Assumes all outputs are tristated, all inputs are configured as LVC MOS and held at the V_{CCIO} or GND.
3. Blank user pattern; typical Flash pattern.
4. Bypass or decoupling capacitor across the supply.
5. JTAG programming is at 1MHz.
6. T_A=25°C, power supplies at nominal voltage.
7. When programming via JTAG.

Derating Logic Timing

Logic timing provided in the following sections of this data sheet and in the ispLEVER design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays at nominal temperature and voltage for best-case process can be much better than the values given in the tables. The ispLEVER design tool from Lattice can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.

LatticeXP Family Timing Adders¹ (Continued)

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Buffer Type	Description	-5	-4	-3	Units
HSTL15_I	HSTL_15 class I	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
HSTL15_III	HSTL_15 class III	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
HSTL15D_I	Differential HSTL 15 class I	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
HSTL15D_III	Differential HSTL 15 class III	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
SSTL33_I	SSTL_3 class I	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
SSTL33_II	SSTL_3 class II	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
SSTL33D_I	Differential SSTL_3 class I	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
SSTL33D_II	Differential SSTL_3 class II	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
SSTL25_I	SSTL_2 class I	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	ns
SSTL25_II	SSTL_2 class II	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
SSTL25D_I	Differential SSTL_2 class I	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	ns
SSTL25D_II	Differential SSTL_2 class II	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
SSTL18_I	SSTL_1.8 class I	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
SSTL18D_I	Differential SSTL_1.8 class I	0.1	0.1	0.1	ns
LVTTL33_4mA	LVTTL 4mA drive	0.8	0.8	0.8	ns
LVTTL33_8mA	LVTTL 8mA drive	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
LVTTL33_12mA	LVTTL 12mA drive	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
LVTTL33_16mA	LVTTL 16mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVTTL33_20mA	LVTTL 20mA drive	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
LVCMOS33_2mA	LVCMOS 3.3 2mA drive	0.8	0.8	0.8	ns
LVCMOS33_4mA	LVCMOS 3.3 4mA drive	0.8	0.8	0.8	ns
LVCMOS33_8mA	LVCMOS 3.3 8mA drive	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
LVCMOS33_12mA	LVCMOS 3.3 12mA drive	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
LVCMOS33_16mA	LVCMOS 3.3 16mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVCMOS33_20mA	LVCMOS 3.3 20mA drive	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns
LVCMOS25_2mA	LVCMOS 2.5 2mA drive	0.7	0.7	0.7	ns
LVCMOS25_4mA	LVCMOS 2.5 4mA drive	0.7	0.7	0.7	ns
LVCMOS25_8mA	LVCMOS 2.5 8mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVCMOS25_12mA	LVCMOS 2.5 12mA drive	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
LVCMOS25_16mA	LVCMOS 2.5 16mA drive	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
LVCMOS25_20mA	LVCMOS 2.5 20mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVCMOS18_2mA	LVCMOS 1.8 2mA drive	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
LVCMOS18_4mA	LVCMOS 1.8 4mA drive	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
LVCMOS18_8mA	LVCMOS 1.8 8mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVCMOS18_12mA	LVCMOS 1.8 12mA drive	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
LVCMOS18_16mA	LVCMOS 1.8 16mA drive	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
LVCMOS15_2mA	LVCMOS 1.5 2mA drive	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
LVCMOS15_4mA	LVCMOS 1.5 4mA drive	0.6	0.6	0.6	ns
LVCMOS15_8mA	LVCMOS 1.5 8mA drive	0.2	0.2	0.2	ns
LVCMOS12_2mA	LVCMOS 1.2 2mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
LVCMOS12_6mA	LVCMOS 1.2 6mA drive	0.4	0.4	0.4	ns
PCI33	PCI33	0.3	0.3	0.3	ns

1. General timing numbers based on LVCMOS 2.5, 12mA.

Timing v.F0.11

Signal Descriptions (Cont.)

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
Test and Programming (Dedicated pins. Pull-up is enabled on input pins during configuration.)		
TMS	I	Test Mode Select input, used to control the 1149.1 state machine.
TCK	I	Test Clock input pin, used to clock the 1149.1 state machine.
TDI	I	Test Data in pin, used to load data into device using 1149.1 state machine. After power-up, this TAP port can be activated for configuration by sending appropriate command. (Note: once a configuration port is selected it is locked. Another configuration port cannot be selected until the power-up sequence).
TDO	O	Output pin -Test Data out pin used to shift data out of device using 1149.1.
V _{CCJ}	—	V _{CCJ} - The power supply pin for JTAG Test Access Port.
Configuration Pads (used during sysCONFIG)		
CFG[1:0]	I	Mode pins used to specify configuration modes values latched on rising edge of INITN. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled.
INITN	I/O	Open Drain pin - Indicates the FPGA is ready to be configured. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. If CFG1 and CFG0 are high (SDM) then this pin is pulled low.
PROGRAMN	I	Initiates configuration sequence when asserted low. This pin always has an active pull-up.
DONE	I/O	Open Drain pin - Indicates that the configuration sequence is complete, and the startup sequence is in progress.
CCLK	I/O	Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in sysCONFIG mode.
BUSY	I/O	Generally not used. After configuration it is a user-programmable I/O pin.
CSN	I	sysCONFIG chip select (Active low). During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. After configuration it is user a programmable I/O pin.
CS1N	I	sysCONFIG chip select (Active Low). During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. After configuration it is user programmable I/O pin
WRITEN	I	Write Data on Parallel port (Active low). After configuration it is a user programmable I/O pin
D[7:0]	I/O	sysCONFIG Port Data I/O. After configuration these are user programmable I/O pins.
DOUT, CSON	O	Output for serial configuration data (rising edge of CCLK) when using sysCONFIG port. After configuration, it is a user-programmable I/O pin.
DI	I	Input for serial configuration data (clocked with CCLK) when using sysCONFIG port. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. After configuration it is a user-programmable I/O pin.
SLEEPN ²	I	Sleep Mode pin - Active low sleep pin. ^b When this pin is held high, the device operates normally. ^b When driven low, the device moves into Sleep Mode after a specified time. This pin has a weak internal pull-up, but when not used an external pull-up to V _{CC} is recommended.
TOE ³	I	Test Output Enable tri-states all I/O pins when driven low. This pin has a weak internal pull-up, but when not used an external pull-up to V _{CC} is recommended.

1. Applies to LFXP10, LFXP15 and LFXP20 only.

2. Applies to LFXP "C" devices only.

3. Applies to LFXP "E" devices only.

LFXP3 & LFXP6 Logic Signal Connections: 144 TQFP

Pin Number	LFXP3				LFXP6			
	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
1	PROGRAMN	7	-	-	PROGRAMN	7	-	-
2	CCLK	7	-	-	CCLK	7	-	-
3	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
4	PL2A	7	T ³	-	PL2A	7	T ³	-
5	PL2B	7	C ³	-	PL2B	7	C ³	-
6	PL3A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	PL3A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A
7	PL3B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	PL3B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A
8	VCCIO7	7	-	-	VCCIO7	7	-	-
9	PL5A	7	-	VREF1_7	PL5A	7	-	VREF1_7
10	PL6B	7	-	VREF2_7	PL6B	7	-	VREF2_7
11	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
12	PL7A	7	T ³	DQS	PL7A	7	T ³	DQS
13	PL7B	7	C ³	-	PL7B	7	C ³	-
14	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
15	PL8A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	PL8A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A
16	PL8B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	PL8B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A
17	PL9A	7	T ³	-	PL9A	7	T ³	-
18	PL9B	7	C ³	-	PL9B	7	C ³	-
19	VCCP0	-	-	-	VCCP0	-	-	-
20	GNDP0	-	-	-	GNDP0	-	-	-
21	VCCIO6	6	-	-	VCCIO6	6	-	-
22	PL11A	6	T ³	-	PL16A	6	T ³	-
23	PL11B	6	C ³	-	PL16B	6	C ³	-
24	PL12A	6	T	PCLKT6_0	PL17A	6	T	PCLKT6_0
25	PL12B	6	C	PCLKC6_0	PL17B	6	C	PCLKC6_0
26	PL13A	6	T ³	-	PL18A	6	T ³	-
27	PL13B	6	C ³	-	PL18B	6	C ³	-
28	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-
29	PL14A	6	-	VREF1_6	PL22A	6	-	VREF1_6
30	PL15B	6	-	VREF2_6	PL23B	6	-	VREF2_6
31	PL16A	6	T ³	DQS	PL24A	6	T ³	DQS
32	PL16B	6	C ³	-	PL24B	6	C ³	-
33	PL17A	6	-	-	PL25A	6	-	-
34	PL18A	6	T ³	-	PL26A	6	T ³	-
35	PL18B	6	C ³	-	PL26B	6	C ³	-
36	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
37	SLEEPN ¹ /TOE ²	-	-	-	SLEEPN ¹ /TOE ²	-	-	-
38	INITN	5	-	-	INITN	5	-	-
39	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
40	PB2B	5	-	VREF1_5	PB5B	5	-	VREF1_5
41	PB5B	5	-	VREF2_5	PB8B	5	-	VREF2_5
42	PB7A	5	T	-	PB10A	5	T	-
43	PB7B	5	C	-	PB10B	5	C	-
44	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
45	PB9A	5	-	-	PB12A	5	-	-
46	PB10B	5	-	-	PB13B	5	-	-

LFXP3 & LFXP6 Logic Signal Connections: 144 TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	LFXP3				LFXP6			
	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
47	PB11A	5	T	DQS	PB14A	5	T	DQS
48	PB11B	5	C	-	PB14B	5	C	-
49	VCCIO5	5	-	-	VCCIO5	5	-	-
50	PB12A	5	T	-	PB15A	5	T	-
51	PB12B	5	C	-	PB15B	5	C	-
52	PB13A	5	T	-	PB16A	5	T	-
53	PB13B	5	C	-	PB16B	5	C	-
54	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
55	PB14A	4	T	-	PB17A	4	T	-
56	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
57	PB14B	4	C	-	PB17B	4	C	-
58	PB15A	4	T	PCLKT4_0	PB18A	4	T	PCLKT4_0
59	PB15B	4	C	PCLKC4_0	PB18B	4	C	PCLKC4_0
60	PB16A	4	T	-	PB19A	4	T	-
61	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
62	PB16B	4	C	-	PB19B	4	C	-
63	PB19A	4	T	DQS	PB22A	4	T	DQS
64	GNDIO4	4	-	-	GNDIO4	4	-	-
65	PB19B	4	C	VREF1_4	PB22B	4	C	VREF1_4
66	PB20A	4	T	-	PB23A	4	T	-
67	PB20B	4	C	-	PB23B	4	C	-
68	VCCIO4	4	-	-	VCCIO4	4	-	-
69	PB22A	4	-	-	PB25A	4	-	-
70	PB24A	4	T	VREF2_4	PB27A	4	T	VREF2_4
71	PB24B	4	C	-	PB27B	4	C	-
72	PB25A	4	-	-	PB28A	4	-	-
73	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
74	PR18B	3	C ³	-	PR26B	3	C ³	-
75	GNDIO3	3	-	-	GNDIO3	3	-	-
76	PR18A	3	T ³	-	PR26A	3	T ³	-
77	PR17B	3	C	-	PR25B	3	C	-
78	PR17A	3	T	-	PR25A	3	T	-
79	PR16B	3	C ³	-	PR24B	3	C ³	-
80	PR16A	3	T ³	DQS	PR24A	3	T ³	DQS
81	PR15B	3	-	VREF1_3	PR23B	3	-	VREF1_3
82	PR14A	3	-	VREF2_3	PR22A	3	-	VREF2_3
83	PR13B	3	C	-	PR21B	3	C ³	-
84	PR13A	3	T	-	PR21A	3	T ³	-
85	GND	-	-	-	GND	-	-	-
86	PR12A	3	-	-	PR20A	3	-	-
87	PR11B	3	C	-	PR19B	3	C ³	-
88	VCCIO3	3	-	-	VCCIO3	3	-	-
89	PR11A	3	T	-	PR19A	3	T ³	-
90	GNDP1	-	-	-	GNDP1	-	-	-
91	VCCP1	-	-	-	VCCP1	-	-	-
92	PR9B	2	C	PCLKC2_0	PR12B	2	C	PCLKC2_0

LFXP3 & LFXP6 Logic Signal Connections: 144 TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	LFXP3				LFXP6			
	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Pin Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
139	PT6A	0	-	DI	PT9A	0	-	DI
140	PT5A	0	-	CSN	PT8A	0	-	CSN
141	PT3B	0	-	VREF2_0	PT6B	0	-	VREF2_0
142	CFG0	0	-	-	CFG0	0	-	-
143	CFG1	0	-	-	CFG1	0	-	-
144	DONE	0	-	-	DONE	0	-	-

1. Applies to LFXP "C" only.
2. Applies to LFXP "E" only.
3. Supports dedicated LVDS outputs.

LFXP6 & LFXP10 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFXP6				LFXP10			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
E16	TDO	-	-	-	TDO	-	-	-
D16	VCCJ	-	-	-	VCCJ	-	-	-
D14	TDI	-	-	-	TDI	-	-	-
C14	TMS	-	-	-	TMS	-	-	-
B14	TCK	-	-	-	TCK	-	-	-
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
A15	PT31B	1	C	-	PT35B	1	C	-
B15	PT31A	1	T	-	PT35A	1	T	-
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
D12	PT28A	1	-	VREF1_1	PT34B	1	C	VREF1_1
C11	PT30A	1	T	DQS	PT34A	1	T	DQS
A14	PT29B	1	-	-	PT33B	1	-	-
B13	PT30B	1	C	-	PT32A	1	-	-
F12	PT27B	1	C	-	PT31B	1	C	-
E11	PT27A	1	T	-	PT31A	1	T	-
A13	PT26B	1	C	-	PT30B	1	C	-
C13	PT26A	1	T	D0	PT30A	1	T	D0
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
C10	PT25B	1	C	D1	PT29B	1	C	D1
E10	PT25A	1	T	VREF2_1	PT29A	1	T	VREF2_1
A12	PT24B	1	C	-	PT28B	1	C	-
B12	PT24A	1	T	D2	PT28A	1	T	D2
C12	PT23B	1	C	D3	PT27B	1	C	D3
A11	PT23A	1	T	-	PT27A	1	T	-
B11	PT22B	1	C	-	PT26B	1	C	-
D11	PT22A	1	T	DQS	PT26A	1	T	DQS
-	GNDIO1	1	-	-	GNDIO1	1	-	-
B9	PT21B	1	-	-	PT25B	1	-	-
D9	PT20A	1	-	D4	PT24A	1	-	D4
A10	PT19B	1	C	-	PT23B	1	C	-
B10	PT19A	1	T	D5	PT23A	1	T	D5
D10	PT18B	1	C	D6	PT22B	1	C	D6
A9	PT18A	1	T	-	PT22A	1	T	-
C9	PT17B	1	C	D7	PT21B	1	C	D7
C8	PT17A	1	T	-	PT21A	1	T	-
E9	PT16B	0	C	BUSY	PT20B	0	C	BUSY
-	GNDIO0	0	-	-	GNDIO0	0	-	-
B8	PT16A	0	T	CS1N	PT20A	0	T	CS1N
A8	PT15B	0	C	PCLKC0_0	PT19B	0	C	PCLKC0_0
A7	PT15A	0	T	PCLKT0_0	PT19A	0	T	PCLKT0_0
B7	PT14B	0	C	-	PT18B	0	C	-
C7	PT14A	0	T	DQS	PT18A	0	T	DQS

LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
L4	PL32A	6	-	-	PL36A	6	-	-
-	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-
K4	PL33A	6	T	-	PL37A	6	T	-
K5	PL33B	6	C	-	PL37B	6	C	-
N1	PL35A	6	-	VREF2_6	PL39A	6	-	VREF2_6
N2	PL36B	6	-	-	PL40B	6	-	-
P1	PL37A	6	T ³	DQS	PL41A	6	T ³	DQS
P2	PL37B	6	C ³	-	PL41B	6	C ³	-
-	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-
L5	PL38A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	PL42A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A
M6	PL38B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	PL42B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A
M3	PL39A	6	T ³	-	PL43A	6	T ³	-
N3	PL39B	6	C ³	-	PL43B	6	C ³	-
-	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-
P4	SLEEPN ¹ /TOE ²	-	-	-	SLEEPN ¹ /TOE ²	-	-	-
P3	INITN	5	-	-	INITN	5	-	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
R4	PB11A	5	T	-	PB15A	5	T	-
N5	PB11B	5	C	-	PB15B	5	C	-
P5	PB12A	5	T	VREF1_5	PB16A	5	T	VREF1_5
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
R1	PB12B	5	C	-	PB16B	5	C	-
N6	PB13A	5	-	-	PB17A	5	-	-
M7	PB14B	5	-	-	PB18B	5	-	-
R2	PB15A	5	T	DQS	PB19A	5	T	DQS
T2	PB15B	5	C	-	PB19B	5	C	-
R3	PB16A	5	T	-	PB20A	5	T	-
T3	PB16B	5	C	-	PB20B	5	C	-
T4	PB17A	5	T	-	PB21A	5	T	-
R5	PB17B	5	C	VREF2_5	PB21B	5	C	VREF2_5
N7	PB18A	5	T	-	PB22A	5	T	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
M8	PB18B	5	C	-	PB22B	5	C	-
T5	PB19A	5	T	-	PB23A	5	T	-
P6	PB19B	5	C	-	PB23B	5	C	-
T6	PB20A	5	T	-	PB24A	5	T	-
R6	PB20B	5	C	-	PB24B	5	C	-
P7	PB21A	5	-	-	PB25A	5	-	-
N8	PB22B	5	-	-	PB26B	5	-	-
R7	PB23A	5	T	DQS	PB27A	5	T	DQS

LFXP10, LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 388 fpBGA

Ball Number	LFXP10				LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Diff.	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Diff.	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Diff.	Dual Function
F4	PROGRAMN	7	-	-	PROGRAMN	7	-	-	PROGRAMN	7	-	-
G4	CCLK	7	-	-	CCLK	7	-	-	CCLK	7	-	-
-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
D2	PL2A	7	T ³	-	PL6A	7	T ³	-	PL6A	7	T ³	-
D1	PL2B	7	C ³	-	PL6B	7	C ³	-	PL6B	7	C ³	-
-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
E2	PL3A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	PL7A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A	PL7A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A
E3	PL3B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	PL7B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A	PL7B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A
F3	PL4A	7	T ³	-	PL8A	7	T ³	-	PL8A	7	T ³	-
F2	PL4B	7	C ³	-	PL8B	7	C ³	-	PL8B	7	C ³	-
H4	PL5A	7	-	-	PL9A	7	-	-	PL9A	7	-	-
H3	PL6B	7	-	VREF1_7	PL10B	7	-	VREF1_7	PL10B	7	-	VREF1_7
G3	PL7A	7	T ³	DQS	PL11A	7	T ³	DQS	PL11A	7	T ³	DQS
G2	PL7B	7	C ³	-	PL11B	7	C ³	-	PL11B	7	C ³	-
-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
F1	PL8A	7	T	-	PL12A	7	T	-	PL12A	7	T	-
E1	PL8B	7	C	-	PL12B	7	C	-	PL12B	7	C	-
J4	PL9A	7	T ³	-	PL13A	7	T ³	-	PL13A	7	T ³	-
K4	PL9B	7	C ³	-	PL13B	7	C ³	-	PL13B	7	C ³	-
G1	PL11A	7	T ³	-	PL15A	7	T ³	-	PL15A	7	T ³	-
H2	PL11B	7	C ³	-	PL15B	7	C ³	-	PL15B	7	C ³	-
-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
J2	PL12A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	PL16A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A	PL16A	7	T	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A
H1	PL12B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	PL16B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A	PL16B	7	C	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A
J1	PL13A	7	T ³	-	PL17A	7	T ³	-	PL17A	7	T ³	-
K2	PL13B	7	C ³	-	PL17B	7	C ³	-	PL17B	7	C ³	-
K3	PL14A	7	-	VREF2_7	PL18A	7	-	VREF2_7	PL18A	7	-	VREF2_7
J3	PL15B	7	-	-	PL19B	7	-	-	PL19B	7	-	-
K1	PL16A	7	T ³	DQS	PL20A	7	T ³	DQS	PL20A	7	T ³	DQS
-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-	GNDIO7	7	-	-
L2	PL16B	7	C ³	-	PL20B	7	C ³	-	PL20B	7	C ³	-
L3	PL17A	7	T	-	PL21A	7	T	-	PL21A	7	T	-
L4	PL17B	7	C	-	PL21B	7	C	-	PL21B	7	C	-
L1	PL18A	7	T ³	-	PL22A	7	T ³	-	PL22A	7	T ³	-
M1	PL18B	7	C ³	-	PL22B	7	C ³	-	PL22B	7	C ³	-
M2	VCCP0	-	-	-	VCCP0	-	-	-	VCCP0	-	-	-
N1	GNDP0	-	-	-	GNDP0	-	-	-	GNDP0	-	-	-
M3	PL19A	6	T ³	-	PL23A	6	T ³	-	PL27A	6	T ³	-
M4	PL19B	6	C ³	-	PL23B	6	C ³	-	PL27B	6	C ³	-
P1	PL20A	6	T	PCLKT6_0	PL24A	6	T	PCLKT6_0	PL28A	6	T	PCLKT6_0
-	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-
N2	PL20B	6	C	PCLKC6_0	PL24B	6	C	PCLKC6_0	PL28B	6	C	PCLKC6_0
R1	PL21A	6	T ³	-	PL25A	6	T ³	-	PL29A	6	T ³	-
P2	PL21B	6	C ³	-	PL25B	6	C ³	-	PL29B	6	C ³	-
N3	PL22A	6	-	-	PL26A	6	-	-	PL30A	6	-	-
N4	PL23B	6	-	VREF1_6	PL27B	6	-	VREF1_6	PL31B	6	-	VREF1_6
T1	PL24A	6	T ³	DQS	PL28A	6	T ³	DQS	PL32A	6	T ³	DQS
R2	PL24B	6	C ³	-	PL28B	6	C ³	-	PL32B	6	C ³	-
-	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-

LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 484 fpBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
T6	PL41A	6	T	-	PL45A	6	T	-
T5	PL41B	6	C	-	PL45B	6	C	-
-	GNDIO6	6	-	-	GNDIO6	6	-	-
U3	PL42A	6	T ³	-	PL46A	6	T ³	-
U4	PL42B	6	C ³	-	PL46B	6	C ³	-
V4	PL43A	6	-	-	PL47A	6	-	-
W4	SLEEPN ¹ /TOE ²	-	-	-	SLEEPN ¹ /TOE ²	-	-	-
W5	INITN	5	-	-	INITN	5	-	-
Y3	-	-	-	-	PB3B	5	-	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
U5	-	-	-	-	PB4A	5	T	-
V5	-	-	-	-	PB4B	5	C	-
Y4	-	-	-	-	PB5A	5	T	-
Y5	-	-	-	-	PB5B	5	C	-
V6	-	-	-	-	PB6A	5	T	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
U6	-	-	-	-	PB6B	5	C	-
W6	PB3A	5	T	-	PB7A	5	T	-
Y6	PB3B	5	C	-	PB7B	5	C	-
AA2	PB4A	5	T	-	PB8A	5	T	-
AA3	PB4B	5	C	-	PB8B	5	C	-
V7	PB5A	5	-	-	PB9A	5	-	-
U7	PB6B	5	-	-	PB10B	5	-	-
Y7	PB7A	5	T	DQS	PB11A	5	T	DQS
W7	PB7B	5	C	-	PB11B	5	C	-
AA4	PB8A	5	T	-	PB12A	5	T	-
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
AA5	PB8B	5	C	-	PB12B	5	C	-
AB3	PB9A	5	T	-	PB13A	5	T	-
AB4	PB9B	5	C	-	PB13B	5	C	-
AA6	PB10A	5	T	-	PB14A	5	T	-
AA7	PB10B	5	C	-	PB14B	5	C	-
U8	PB11A	5	T	-	PB15A	5	T	-
V8	PB11B	5	C	-	PB15B	5	C	-
Y8	PB12A	5	T	VREF1_5	PB16A	5	T	VREF1_5
-	GNDIO5	5	-	-	GNDIO5	5	-	-
W8	PB12B	5	C	-	PB16B	5	C	-
V9	PB13A	5	-	-	PB17A	5	-	-
U9	PB14B	5	-	-	PB18B	5	-	-
Y9	PB15A	5	T	DQS	PB19A	5	T	DQS
W9	PB15B	5	C	-	PB19B	5	C	-

LFXP15 & LFXP20 Logic Signal Connections: 484 fpBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	LFXP15				LFXP20			
	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	Differential	Dual Function
G9	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
H15	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
H8	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
J16	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
J7	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
K16	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
K17	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
K6	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
K7	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N16	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N17	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N6	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
N7	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
P16	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
P7	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
R15	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
R8	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
T10	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
T13	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
T14	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
T9	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
U10	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
U13	VCC	-	-	-	VCC	-	-	-
G15	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
G16	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
G7	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
G8	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
H16	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
H7	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
R16	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
R7	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
T15	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
T16	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
T7	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
T8	VCCAUX	-	-	-	VCCAUX	-	-	-
F11	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
G11	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
H10	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
H11	VCCIO0	0	-	-	VCCIO0	0	-	-
F12	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
G12	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-
H12	VCCIO1	1	-	-	VCCIO1	1	-	-

Thermal Management

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Designers must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the Thermal Management document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following located on the Lattice website at www.latticesemi.com.

- Thermal Management document
- Technical Note TN1052 - Power Estimation and Management for LatticeECP/EC and LatticeXP Devices
- Power Calculator tool included with Lattice's ispLEVER design tool, or as a standalone download from www.latticesemi.com/software

Commercial (Cont.)

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP15C-3F484C	300	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	484	COM	15.5K
LFXP15C-4F484C	300	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	484	COM	15.5K
LFXP15C-5F484C	300	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	484	COM	15.5K
LFXP15C-3F388C	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	388	COM	15.5K
LFXP15C-4F388C	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	388	COM	15.5K
LFXP15C-5F388C	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	388	COM	15.5K
LFXP15C-3F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	256	COM	15.5K
LFXP15C-4F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	256	COM	15.5K
LFXP15C-5F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	256	COM	15.5K

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP20C-3F484C	340	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	484	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-4F484C	340	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	484	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-5F484C	340	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	484	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-3F388C	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	388	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-4F388C	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	388	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-5F388C	268	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	388	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-3F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-3	fpBGA	256	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-4F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-4	fpBGA	256	COM	19.7K
LFXP20C-5F256C	188	1.8/2.5/3.3V	-5	fpBGA	256	COM	19.7K

Part Number	I/Os	Voltage	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFXP3E-3Q208C	136	1.2V	-3	PQFP	208	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-4Q208C	136	1.2V	-4	PQFP	208	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-5Q208C	136	1.2V	-5	PQFP	208	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-3T144C	100	1.2V	-3	TQFP	144	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-4T144C	100	1.2V	-4	TQFP	144	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-5T144C	100	1.2V	-5	TQFP	144	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-3T100C	62	1.2V	-3	TQFP	100	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-4T100C	62	1.2V	-4	TQFP	100	COM	3.1K
LFXP3E-5T100C	62	1.2V	-5	TQFP	100	COM	3.1K