

Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.85V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 1x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32tg842f16-qfp64

1 Ordering Information

Table 1.1 (p. 2) shows the available EFM32TG842 devices.

Table 1.1. Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Flash (kB)	RAM (kB)	Max Speed (MHz)	Supply Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Package
EFM32TG842F8-QFP64	8	2	32	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	TQFP64
EFM32TG842F16-QFP64	16	4	32	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	TQFP64
EFM32TG842F32-QFP64	32	4	32	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	TQFP64

Visit www.silabs.com for information on global distributors and representatives.

Figure 3.1. EM2 current consumption. RTC prescaled to 1kHz, 32.768 kHz LFRCO.

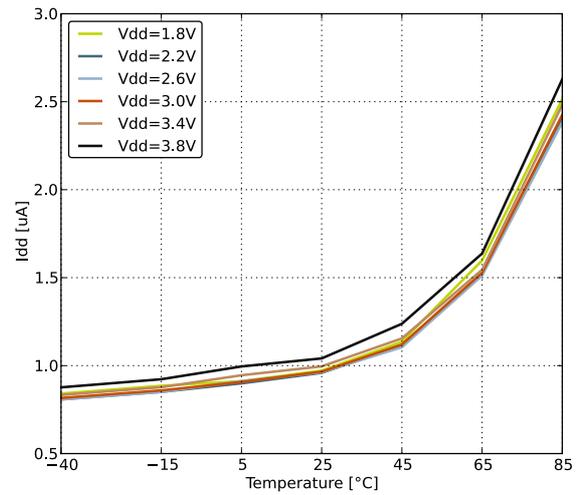
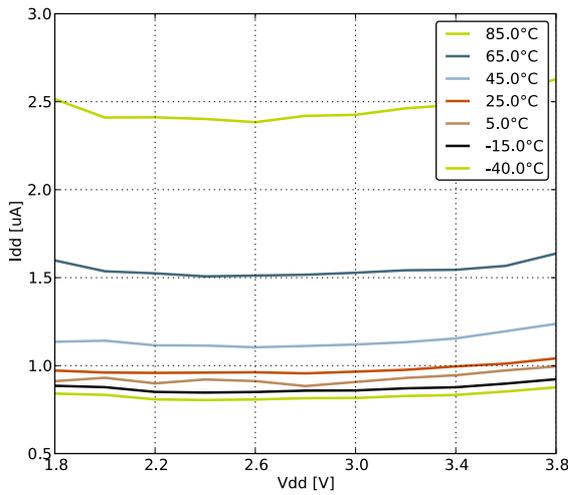


Figure 3.2. EM3 current consumption.

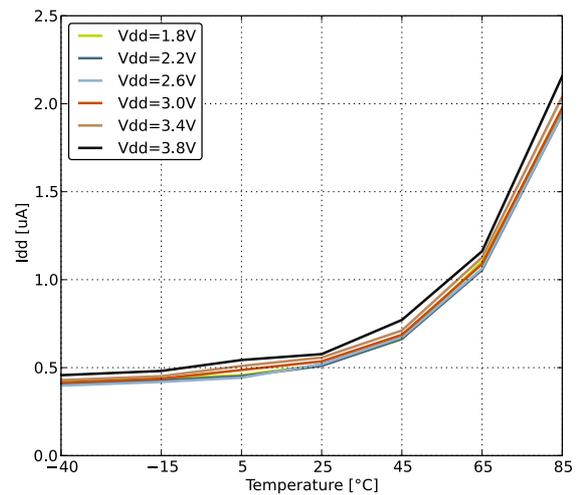
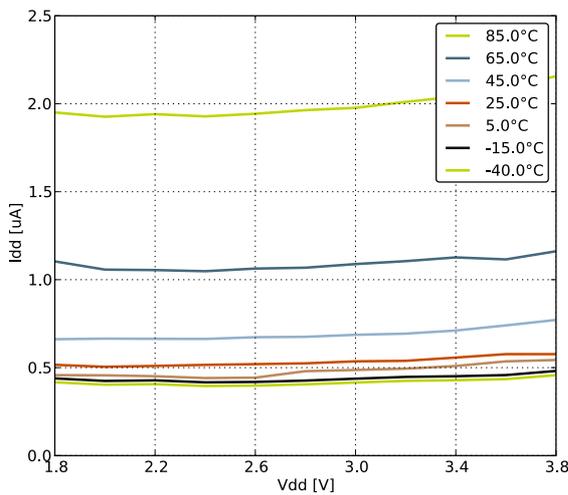
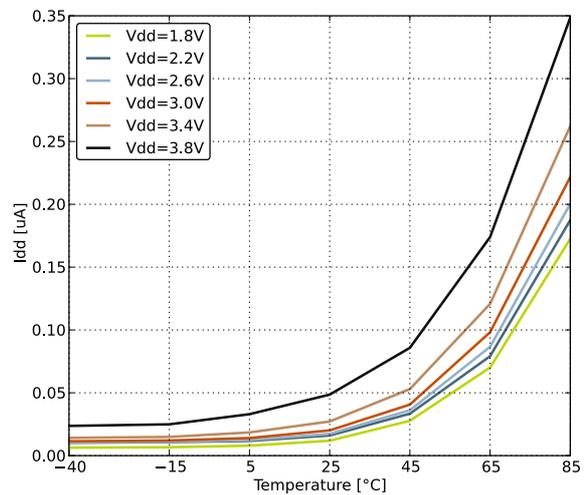
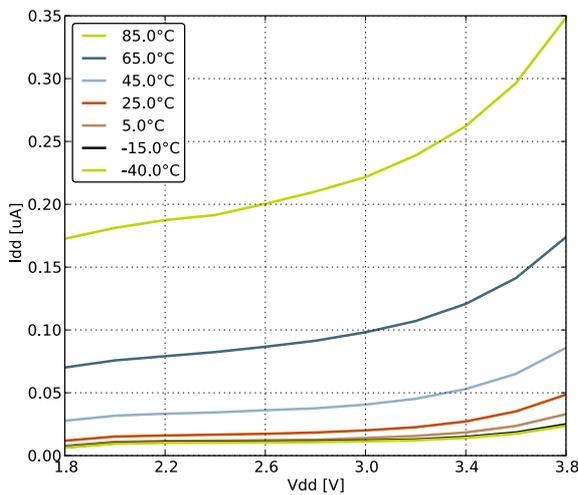


Figure 3.3. EM4 current consumption.



3.5 Transition between Energy Modes

The transition times are measured from the trigger to the first clock edge in the CPU.

Table 3.4. Energy Modes Transitions

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{EM10}	Transition time from EM1 to EM0		0		HF-CORE-CLK cycles
t_{EM20}	Transition time from EM2 to EM0		2		μ s
t_{EM30}	Transition time from EM3 to EM0		2		μ s
t_{EM40}	Transition time from EM4 to EM0		163		μ s

3.6 Power Management

The EFM32TG requires the AVDD_x, VDD_DREG and IOVDD_x pins to be connected together (with optional filter) at the PCB level. For practical schematic recommendations, please see the application note, "AN0002 EFM32 Hardware Design Considerations".

Table 3.5. Power Management

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{BODextthr-}$	BOD threshold on falling external supply voltage		1.74		1.96	V
$V_{BODextthr+}$	BOD threshold on rising external supply voltage			1.85	1.98	V
$V_{PORthr+}$	Power-on Reset (POR) threshold on rising external supply voltage				1.98	V
t_{RESET}	Delay from reset is released until program execution starts	Applies to Power-on Reset, Brown-out Reset and pin reset.		163		μ s
$C_{DECOUPLE}$	Voltage regulator decoupling capacitor.	X5R capacitor recommended. Apply between DECOUPLE pin and GROUND		1		μ F

3.7 Flash

Table 3.6. Flash

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
EC _{FLASH}	Flash erase cycles before failure		20000			cycles
RET _{FLASH}	Flash data retention	T _{AMB} <150°C	10000			h
		T _{AMB} <85°C	10			years
		T _{AMB} <70°C	20			years
t _{W_PROG}	Word (32-bit) programming time		20			µs
t _{P_ERASE}	Page erase time		20	20.4	20.8	ms
t _{D_ERASE}	Device erase time		40	40.8	41.6	ms
I _{ERASE}	Erase current				7 ¹	mA
I _{WRITE}	Write current				7 ¹	mA
V _{FLASH}	Supply voltage during flash erase and write		1.98		3.8	V

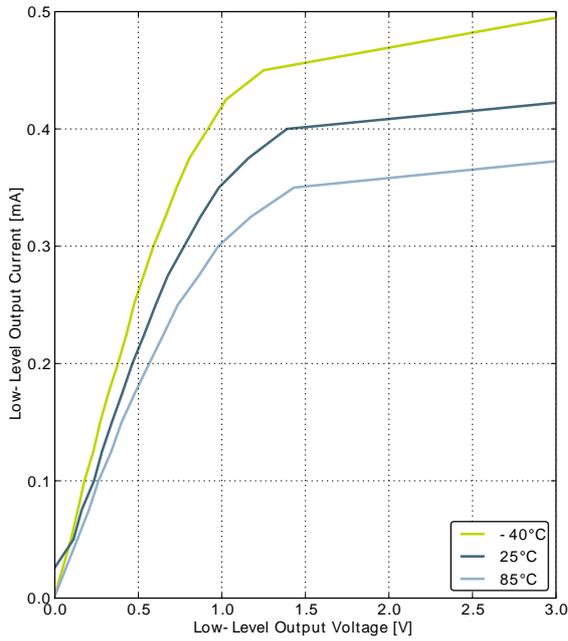
¹Measured at 25°C

3.8 General Purpose Input Output

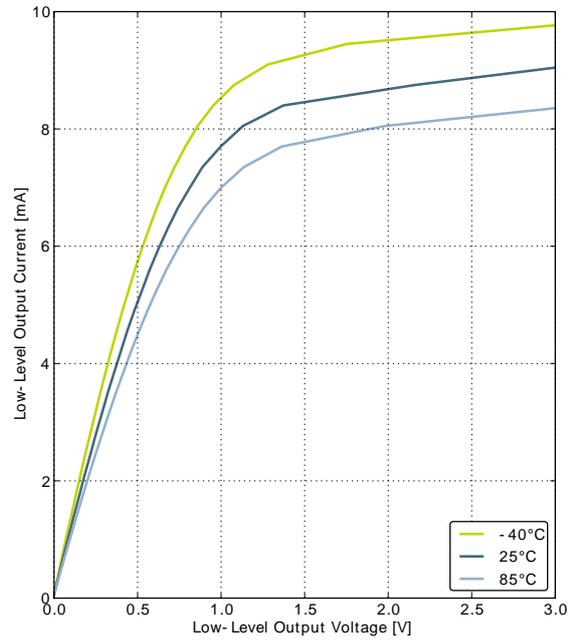
Table 3.7. GPIO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{IOIL}	Input low voltage				0.30V _{DD}	V
V _{IOIH}	Input high voltage		0.70V _{DD}			V
V _{IOOH}	Output high voltage (Production test condition = 3.0V, DRIVEMODE = STANDARD)	Sourcing 0.1 mA, V _{DD} =1.98 V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST		0.80V _{DD}		V
		Sourcing 0.1 mA, V _{DD} =3.0 V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST		0.90V _{DD}		V
		Sourcing 1 mA, V _{DD} =1.98 V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW		0.85V _{DD}		V
		Sourcing 1 mA, V _{DD} =3.0 V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW		0.90V _{DD}		V
		Sourcing 6 mA, V _{DD} =1.98 V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD	0.75V _{DD}			V
		Sourcing 6 mA, V _{DD} =3.0 V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD	0.85V _{DD}			V
		Sourcing 20 mA, V _{DD} =1.98 V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH	0.60V _{DD}			V

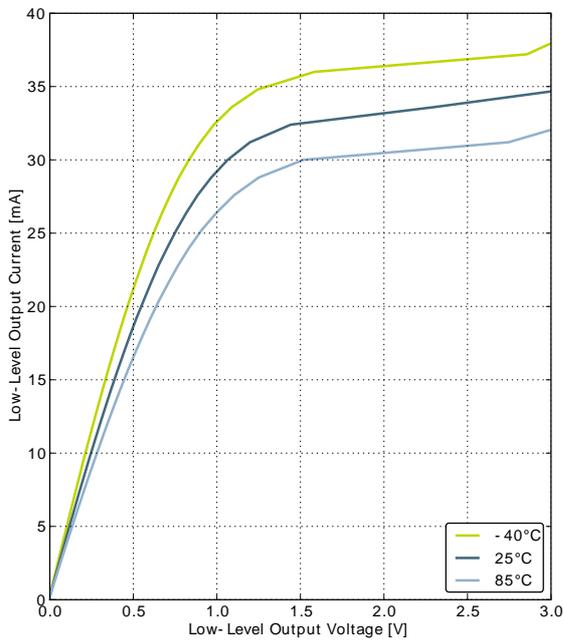
Figure 3.6. Typical Low-Level Output Current, 3V Supply Voltage



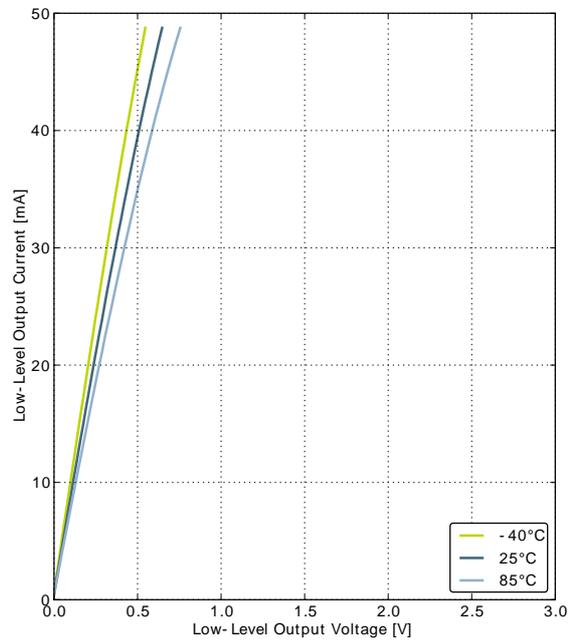
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD



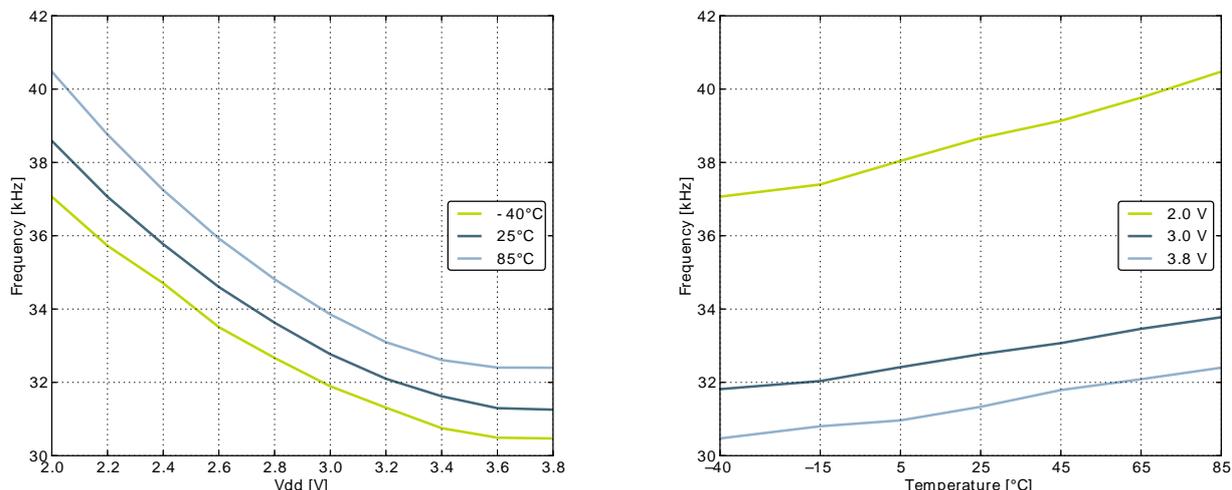
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

3.9.3 LFRCO

Table 3.10. LFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{LFRCO}	Oscillation frequency, $V_{DD}=3.0\text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		31.29	32.768	34.24	kHz
t_{LFRCO}	Startup time not including software calibration			150		μs
I_{LFRCO}	Current consumption			210	380	nA
TUNESTEP _{LFRCO}	Frequency step for LSB change in TUNING value			1.5		%

Figure 3.10. Calibrated LFRCO Frequency vs Temperature and Supply Voltage



3.9.4 HFRCO

Table 3.11. HFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HFRCO}	Oscillation frequency, $V_{DD}=3.0\text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	28 MHz frequency band	27.16	28.0	28.84	MHz
		21 MHz frequency band	20.37	21.0	21.63	MHz
		14 MHz frequency band	13.58	14.0	14.42	MHz
		11 MHz frequency band	10.67	11.0	11.33	MHz
		7 MHz frequency band	6.40 ¹	6.60 ¹	6.80 ¹	MHz
		1 MHz frequency band	1.16 ²	1.20 ²	1.24 ²	MHz
$t_{HFRCO_settling}$	Settling time after start-up	$f_{HFRCO} = 14\text{ MHz}$		0.6		Cycles
I_{HFRCO}	Current consumption (Production test condition = 14 MHz)	$f_{HFRCO} = 28\text{ MHz}$		160	190	μA
		$f_{HFRCO} = 21\text{ MHz}$		125	155	μA

Figure 3.13. Calibrated HFRCO 11 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature

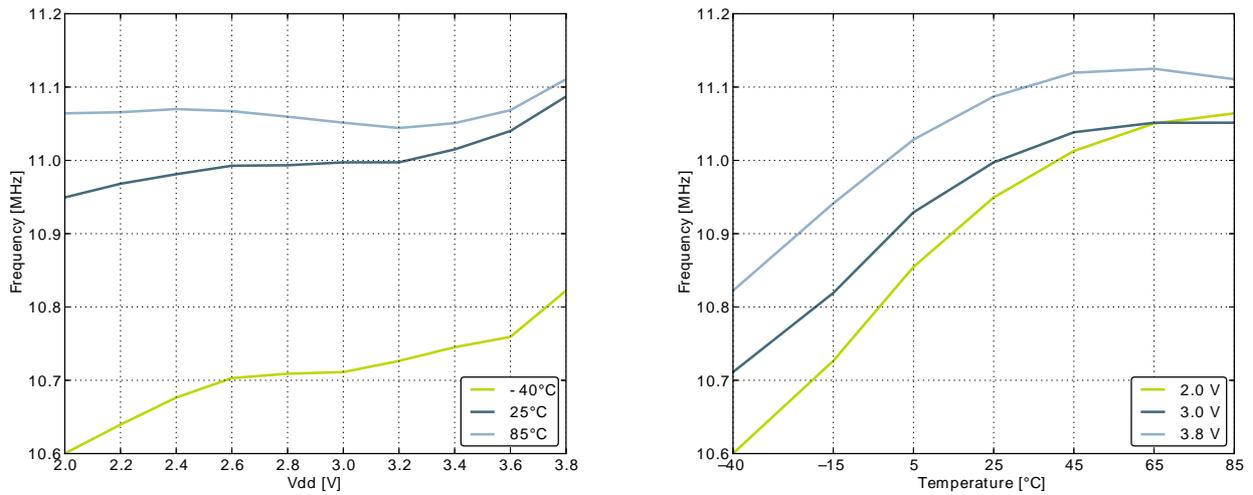


Figure 3.14. Calibrated HFRCO 14 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature

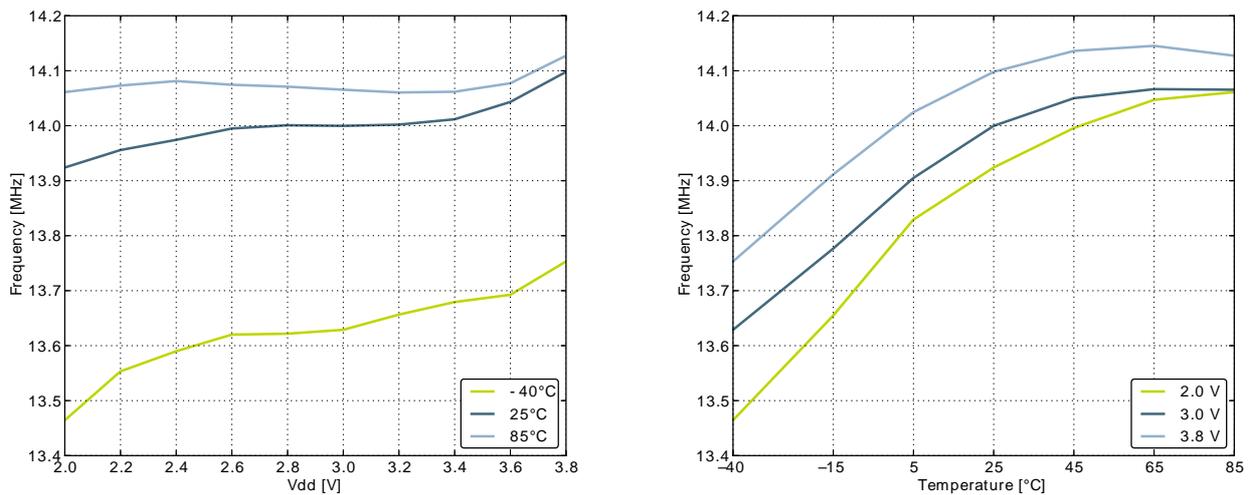
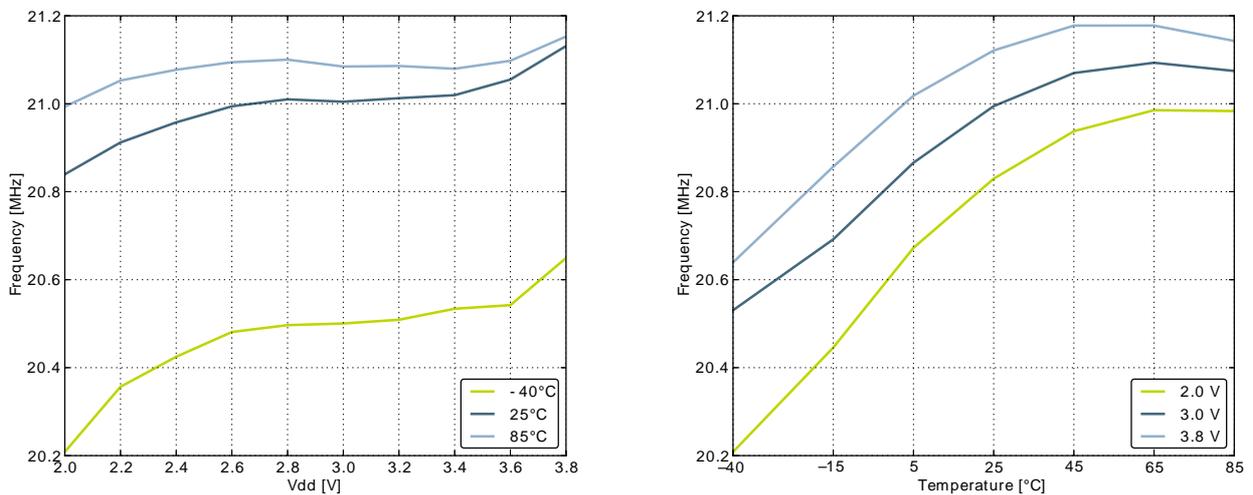


Figure 3.15. Calibrated HFRCO 21 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature



Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{ADCCLK}	ADC Clock Frequency				13	MHz
t _{ADCCONV}	Conversion time	6 bit		7		ADC-CLK Cycles
		8 bit		11		ADC-CLK Cycles
		12 bit		13		ADC-CLK Cycles
t _{ADCACQ}	Acquisition time	Programmable		1	256	ADC-CLK Cycles
t _{ADCACQVDD3}	Required acquisition time for VDD/3 reference			2		µs
t _{ADCSTART}	Startup time of reference generator and ADC core in NORMAL mode				5	µs
	Startup time of reference generator and ADC core in KEEPADCWARM mode				1	µs
SNR _{ADC}	Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR)	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference			59	dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference			63	dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V _{DD} reference			65	dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference			60	dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference			65	dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference			54	dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V _{DD} reference			67	dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 2xV _{DD} reference			69	dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference			62	dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference			63	dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V _{DD} reference	63	67		dB

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		63		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V _{DD} reference		69		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 2xV _{DD} reference		70		dB
SINAD _{ADC}	Signal-to-Noise And Distortion-ratio (SINAD)	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		58		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		62		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V _{DD} reference		64		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		60		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		64		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		54		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V _{DD} reference		66		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 2xV _{DD} reference		68		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		61		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		65		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V _{DD} reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		63		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V _{DD} reference	62	68		dB
200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 2xV _{DD} reference		69		dB		
SFDR _{ADC}	Spurious-Free Dynamic Range (SF-DR)	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		64		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		76		dBc

at all times so that a response to a slowly increasing input will always be a slowly increasing output. Around the one code that is missing, the neighbour codes will look wider in the DNL plot. The spectra will show spurs on the level of -78dBc for a full scale input for chips that have the missing code issue.

²Typical numbers given by $\text{abs}(\text{Mean}) / (85 - 25)$.

³Max number given by $(\text{abs}(\text{Mean}) + 3 \times \text{stddev}) / (85 - 25)$.

The integral non-linearity (INL) and differential non-linearity parameters are explained in Figure 3.17 (p. 30) and Figure 3.18 (p. 30), respectively.

Figure 3.17. Integral Non-Linearity (INL)

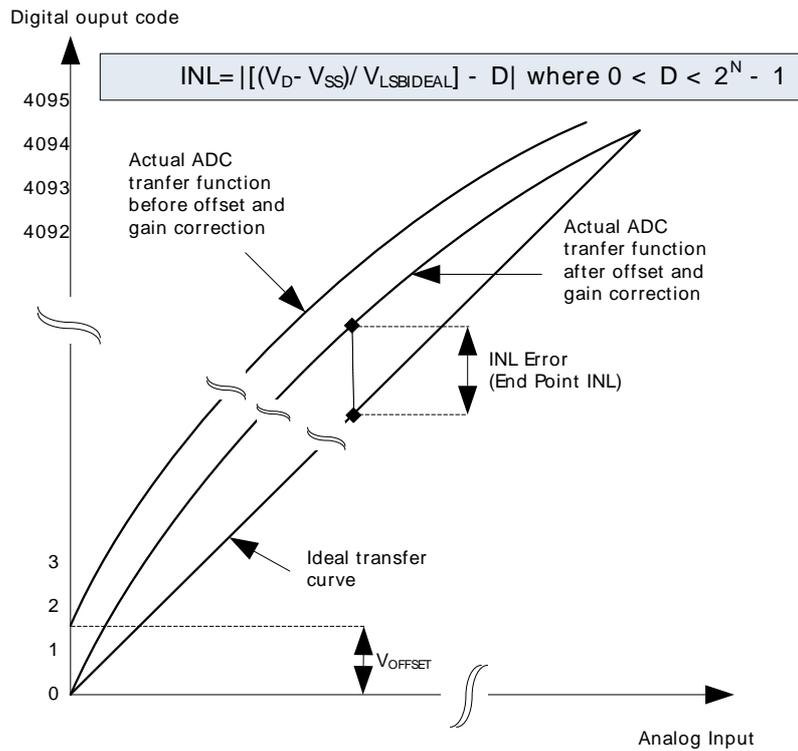


Figure 3.18. Differential Non-Linearity (DNL)

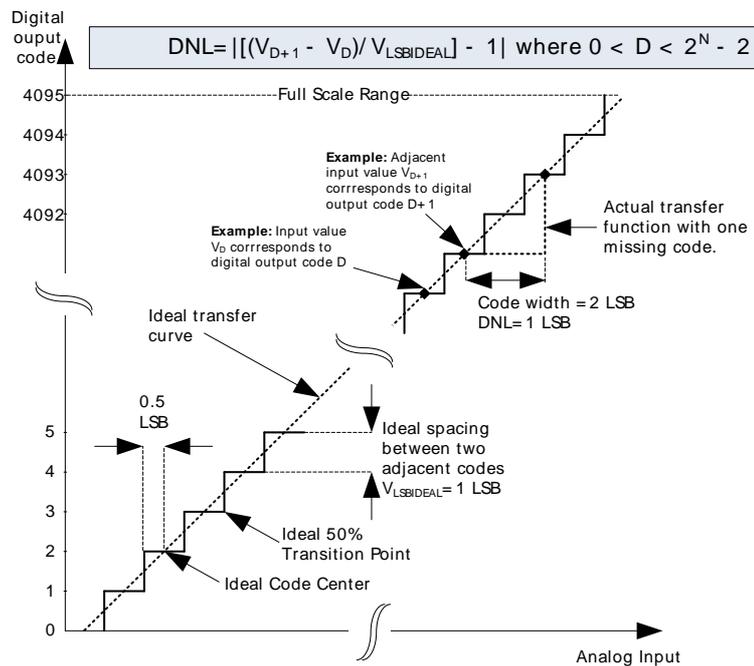
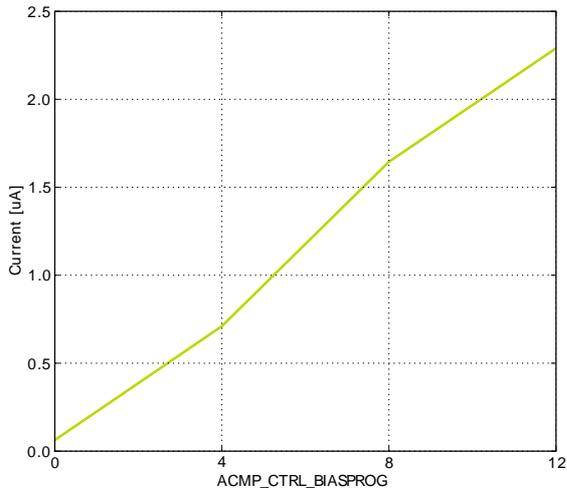
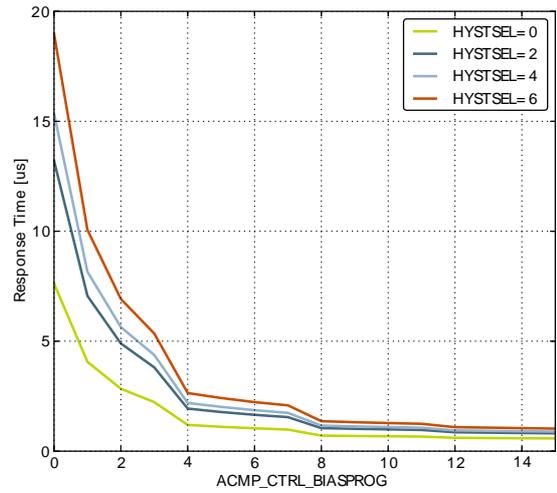


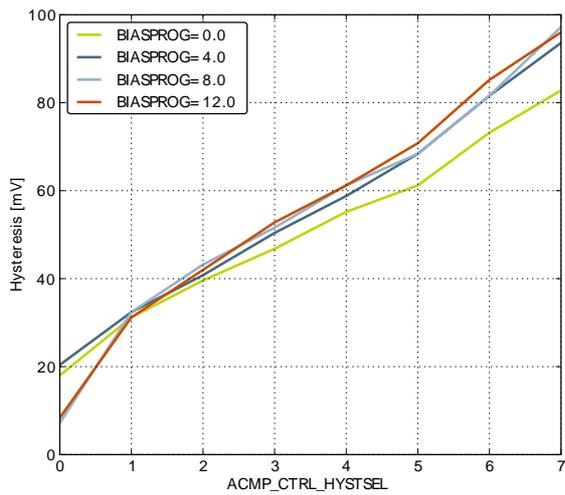
Figure 3.29. ACMP Characteristics, V_{dd} = 3V, Temp = 25°C, FULLBIAS = 0, HALFBIAS = 1



Current consumption, HYSTSEL = 4



Response time, V_{cm} = 1.25V, CP+ to CP- = 100mV



Hysteresis

3.14 Voltage Comparator (VCMP)

Table 3.18. VCMP

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{VCMPIN}	Input voltage range			V _{DD}		V
V _{VCMP_{CM}}	VCMP Common Mode voltage range			V _{DD}		V
I _{VCMP}	Active current	BIASPROG=0b0000 and HALFBIAS=1 in VCMPn_CTRL register		0.3	0.6	μA
		BIASPROG=0b1111 and HALFBIAS=0 in VCMPn_CTRL register. LPREF=0.		22	30	μA
t _{VCMPREF}	Startup time reference generator	NORMAL		10		μs
V _{VCMP_{OFFSET}}	Offset voltage	Single ended		10		mV
		Differential		10		mV
V _{VCMPHYST}	VCMP hysteresis			17		mV
t _{VCMPSTART}	Startup time				10	μs

The V_{DD} trigger level can be configured by setting the TRIGLEVEL field of the VCMP_CTRL register in accordance with the following equation:

VCMP Trigger Level as a Function of Level Setting

$$V_{DD \text{ Trigger Level}} = 1.667V + 0.034 \times \text{TRIGLEVEL} \quad (3.2)$$

3.15 LCD

Table 3.19. LCD

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{LCDFR}	Frame rate		30		200	Hz
NUM _{SEG}	Number of segments supported			18x8		seg
V _{LCD}	LCD supply voltage range	Internal boost circuit enabled	2.0		3.8	V
I _{LCD}	Steady state current consumption.	Display disconnected, static mode, framerate 32 Hz, all segments on.		250		nA
		Display disconnected, quadruplex mode, framerate 32 Hz, all segments on, bias mode to ONETHIRD in LCD_DISPCTRL register.		550		nA
I _{LCDBOOST}	Steady state Current contribution of internal boost.	Internal voltage boost off		0		μA
		Internal voltage boost on, boosting from 2.2 V to 3.0 V.		8.4		μA
V _{BOOST}	Boost Voltage	VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL0		3.0		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL1		3.08		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL2		3.17		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL3		3.26		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL4		3.34		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL5		3.43		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL6		3.52		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL7		3.6		V

The total LCD current is given by Equation 3.3 (p. 43) . I_{LCDBOOST} is zero if internal boost is off.

Total LCD Current Based on Operational Mode and Internal Boost

$$I_{LCDTOTAL} = I_{LCD} + I_{LCDBOOST} \tag{3.3}$$

QFP64 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
3	PA2	LCD_SEG15	TIM0_CC2 #0/1		CMU_CLK0 #0
4	PA3	LCD_SEG16			LES_ALTEX2 #0
5	PA4	LCD_SEG17			LES_ALTEX3 #0
6	PA5	LCD_SEG18			LES_ALTEX4 #0
7	IOVDD_0	Digital IO power supply 0.			
8	VSS	Ground.			
9	PB3	LCD_SEG20/ LCD_COM4			
10	PB4	LCD_SEG21/ LCD_COM5			
11	PB5	LCD_SEG22/ LCD_COM6			
12	PB6	LCD_SEG23/ LCD_COM7			
13	PC4	ACMP0_CH4 DAC0_P0 / OPAMP_P0	LETIM0_OUT0 #3		LES_CH4 #0
14	PC5	ACMP0_CH5 DAC0_N0 / OPAMP_N0	LETIM0_OUT1 #3		LES_CH5 #0
15	PB7	LFXTAL_P	TIM1_CC0 #3	US0_TX #4 US1_CLK #0	
16	PB8	LFXTAL_N	TIM1_CC1 #3	US0_RX #4 US1_CS #0	
17	PA12	LCD_BCAP_P			
18	PA13	LCD_BCAP_N			
19	PA14	LCD_BEXT			
20	RESETn	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.			
21	PB11	DAC0_OUT0 / OPAMP_OUT0	TIM1_CC2 #3 LETIM0_OUT0 #1		
22	VSS	Ground.			
23	AVDD_1	Analog power supply 1.			
24	PB13	HFXTAL_P		US0_CLK #4/5 LEU0_TX #1	
25	PB14	HFXTAL_N		US0_CS #4/5 LEU0_RX #1	
26	IOVDD_3	Digital IO power supply 3.			
27	AVDD_0	Analog power supply 0.			
28	PD0	ADC0_CH0 DAC0_OUT0ALT #4/ OPAMP_OUT0ALT OPAMP_OUT2 #1		US1_TX #1	
29	PD1	ADC0_CH1 DAC0_OUT1ALT #4/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM0_CC0 #3	US1_RX #1	
30	PD2	ADC0_CH2	TIM0_CC1 #3	US1_CLK #1	
31	PD3	ADC0_CH3 OPAMP_N2	TIM0_CC2 #3	US1_CS #1	

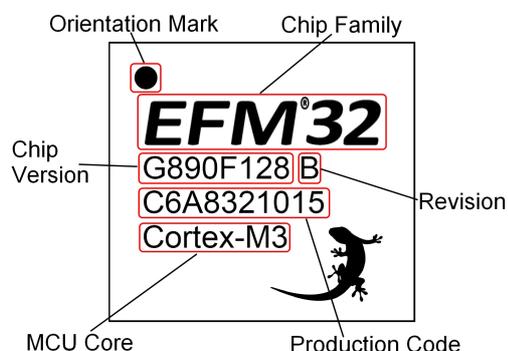
QFP64 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
32	PD4	ADC0_CH4 OPAMP_P2		LEU0_TX #0	
33	PD5	ADC0_CH5 OPAMP_OUT2 #0		LEU0_RX #0	
34	PD6	ADC0_CH6 DAC0_P1 / OPAMP_P1	TIM1_CC0 #4 LETIM0_OUT0 #0 PCNT0_S0IN #3	US1_RX #2 I2C0_SDA #1	LES_ALTEX0 #0 ACMP0_O #2
35	PD7	ADC0_CH7 DAC0_N1 / OPAMP_N1	TIM1_CC1 #4 LETIM0_OUT1 #0 PCNT0_S1IN #3	US1_TX #2 I2C0_SCL #1	CMU_CLK0 #2 LES_ALTEX1 #0 ACMP1_O #2
36	PD8				CMU_CLK1 #1
37	PC6	ACMP0_CH6		I2C0_SDA #2	LES_CH6 #0
38	PC7	ACMP0_CH7		I2C0_SCL #2	LES_CH7 #0
39	VDD_DREG	Power supply for on-chip voltage regulator.			
40	DECOUPLE	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external capacitance of size C _{DECOUPLE} is required at this pin.			
41	PE4	LCD_COM0		US0_CS #1	
42	PE5	LCD_COM1		US0_CLK #1	
43	PE6	LCD_COM2		US0_RX #1	
44	PE7	LCD_COM3		US0_TX #1	
45	PC12	ACMP1_CH4 DAC0_OUT1ALT #0/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT			CMU_CLK0 #1 LES_CH12 #0
46	PC13	ACMP1_CH5 DAC0_OUT1ALT #1/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM1_CC0 #0 TIM1_CC2 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #0		LES_CH13 #0
47	PC14	ACMP1_CH6 DAC0_OUT1ALT #2/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM1_CC1 #0 PCNT0_S1IN #0	US0_CS #3	LES_CH14 #0
48	PC15	ACMP1_CH7 DAC0_OUT1ALT #3/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM1_CC2 #0	US0_CLK #3	LES_CH15 #0 DBG_SWO #1
49	PF0		TIM0_CC0 #5 LETIM0_OUT0 #2	US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3 I2C0_SDA #5	DBG_SWCLK #0/1
50	PF1		TIM0_CC1 #5 LETIM0_OUT1 #2	US1_CS #2 LEU0_RX #3 I2C0_SCL #5	DBG_SWDIO #0/1 GPIO_EM4WU3
51	PF2	LCD_SEG0	TIM0_CC2 #5	LEU0_TX #4	ACMP1_O #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU4
52	PF3	LCD_SEG1			PRS_CH0 #1
53	PF4	LCD_SEG2			PRS_CH1 #1
54	PF5	LCD_SEG3			PRS_CH2 #1
55	IOVDD_5	Digital IO power supply 5.			
56	VSS	Ground.			
57	PE8	LCD_SEG4			PRS_CH3 #1
58	PE9	LCD_SEG5			
59	PE10	LCD_SEG6	TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
60	PE11	LCD_SEG7	TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX

6 Chip Marking, Revision and Errata

6.1 Chip Marking

In the illustration below package fields and position are shown.

Figure 6.1. Example Chip Marking (top view)



6.2 Revision

The revision of a chip can be determined from the "Revision" field in Figure 6.1 (p. 59) .

6.3 Errata

Please see the errata document for EFM32TG842 for description and resolution of device erratas. This document is available in Simplicity Studio and online at:

<http://www.silabs.com/support/pages/document-library.aspx?p=MCUs--32-bit>

Added link to Environmental and Quality information.

Re-added missing DAC-data.

7.4 Revision 1.20

September 30th, 2013

Added I2C characterization data.

Corrected GPIO operating voltage from 1.8 V to 1.85 V.

Corrected the ADC gain and offset measurement reference voltage from 2.25 to 2.5V.

Corrected the ADC resolution from 12, 10 and 6 bit to 12, 8 and 6 bit.

Document changed status from "Preliminary".

Updated Environmental information.

Updated trademark, disclaimer and contact information.

Other minor corrections.

7.5 Revision 1.10

June 28th, 2013

Updated power requirements in the Power Management section.

Removed minimum load capacitance figure and table. Added reference to application note.

Other minor corrections.

7.6 Revision 1.00

September 11th, 2012

Updated the HFRCO 1 MHz band typical value to 1.2 MHz.

Updated the HFRCO 7 MHz band typical value to 6.6 MHz.

Added GPIO_EM4WU3, GPIO_EM4WU4 and GPIO_EM4WU5 pins and removed GPIO_EM4WU1 in the Alternate functionality overview table.

Other minor corrections.

7.7 Revision 0.96

May 4th, 2012

Corrected PCB footprint figures and tables.

7.8 Revision 0.95

February 27th, 2012

Corrected operating voltage from 1.8 V to 1.85 V.

A Disclaimer and Trademarks

A.1 Disclaimer

Silicon Laboratories intends to provide customers with the latest, accurate, and in-depth documentation of all peripherals and modules available for system and software implementers using or intending to use the Silicon Laboratories products. Characterization data, available modules and peripherals, memory sizes and memory addresses refer to each specific device, and "Typical" parameters provided can and do vary in different applications. Application examples described herein are for illustrative purposes only. Silicon Laboratories reserves the right to make changes without further notice and limitation to product information, specifications, and descriptions herein, and does not give warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of the included information. Silicon Laboratories shall have no liability for the consequences of use of the information supplied herein. This document does not imply or express copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits. The products must not be used within any Life Support System without the specific written consent of Silicon Laboratories. A "Life Support System" is any product or system intended to support or sustain life and/or health, which, if it fails, can be reasonably expected to result in significant personal injury or death. Silicon Laboratories products are generally not intended for military applications. Silicon Laboratories products shall under no circumstances be used in weapons of mass destruction including (but not limited to) nuclear, biological or chemical weapons, or missiles capable of delivering such weapons.

A.2 Trademark Information

Silicon Laboratories Inc., Silicon Laboratories, Silicon Labs, SiLabs and the Silicon Labs logo, CMEMS[®], EFM, EFM32, EFR, Energy Micro, Energy Micro logo and combinations thereof, "the world's most energy friendly microcontrollers", Ember[®], EZLink[®], EZMac[®], EZRadio[®], EZRadioPRO[®], DSPLL[®], ISO-modem[®], Precision32[®], ProSLIC[®], SiPHY[®], USBXpress[®] and others are trademarks or registered trademarks of Silicon Laboratories Inc. ARM, CORTEX, Cortex-M3 and THUMB are trademarks or registered trademarks of ARM Holdings. Keil is a registered trademark of ARM Limited. All other products or brand names mentioned herein are trademarks of their respective holders.

List of Tables

1.1. Ordering Information	2
2.1. Configuration Summary	7
3.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings	9
3.2. General Operating Conditions	9
3.3. Current Consumption	10
3.4. Energy Modes Transitions	12
3.5. Power Management	12
3.6. Flash	13
3.7. GPIO	13
3.8. LFXO	21
3.9. HFXO	21
3.10. LFRCO	22
3.11. HFRCO	22
3.12. AUXHFRCO	25
3.13. ULFRCO	25
3.14. ADC	26
3.15. DAC	34
3.16. OPAMP	35
3.17. ACMP	40
3.18. VCMP	42
3.19. LCD	43
3.20. I2C Standard-mode (Sm)	44
3.21. I2C Fast-mode (Fm)	44
3.22. I2C Fast-mode Plus (Fm+)	45
3.23. Digital Peripherals	45
4.1. Device Pinout	46
4.2. Alternate functionality overview	49
4.3. GPIO Pinout	53
4.4. QFP64 (Dimensions in mm)	54
5.1. QFP64 PCB Land Pattern Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)	56
5.2. QFP64 PCB Solder Mask Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)	57
5.3. QFP64 PCB Stencil Design Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)	58

silabs.com



ZERO
ARM Cortex-M0+

TINY
ARM Cortex-M3

GECKO
ARM Cortex-M3

LEOPARD
ARM Cortex-M3

GIANT
ARM Cortex-M3

WONDER
ARM Cortex-M4