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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	F ² MC-16FX
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SCI, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	52
Program Memory Size	160KB (160K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	10K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 21x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/mb96f625abpmc-gse1

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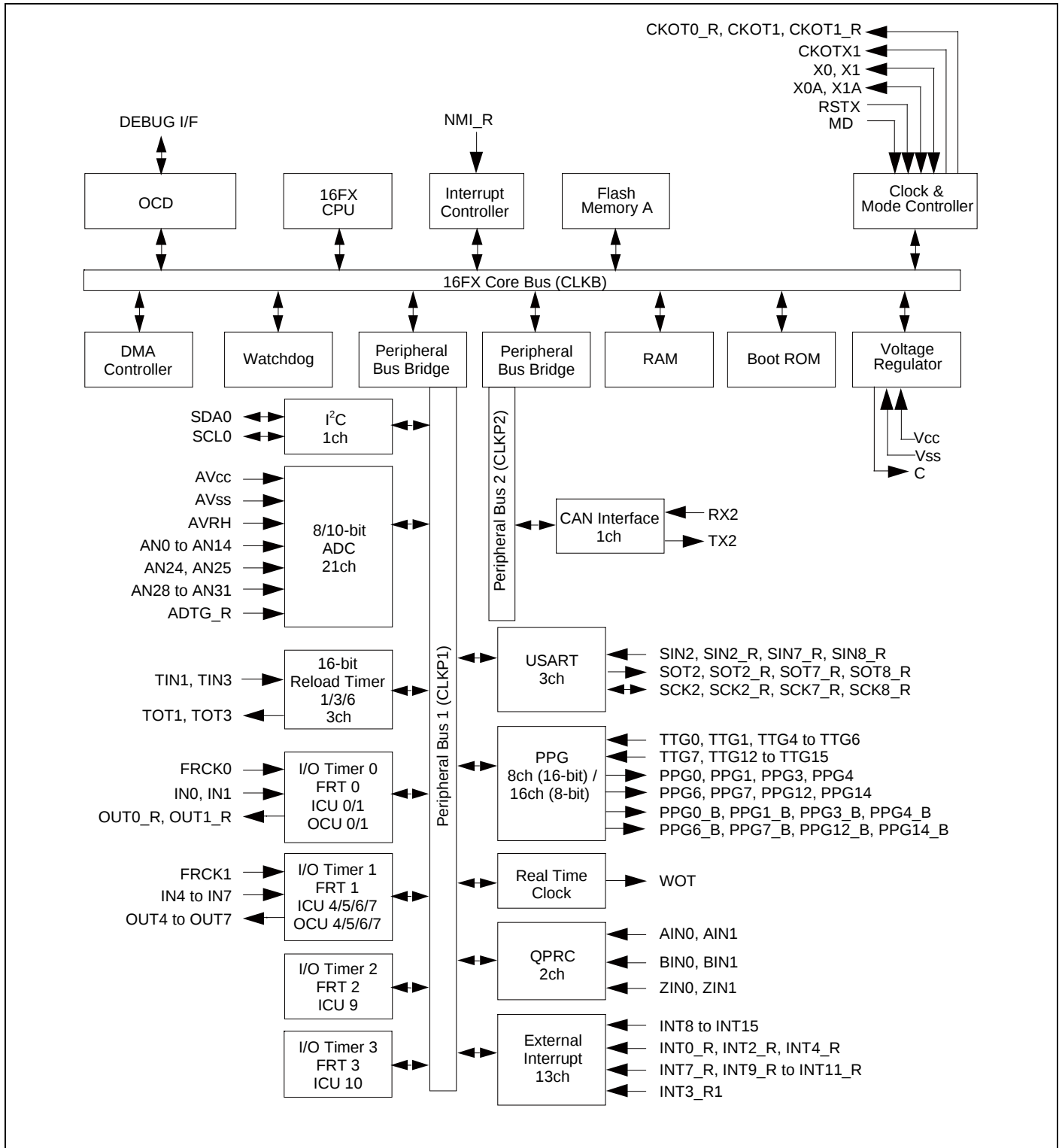
1. Product Lineup

Features		MB96620	Remark
Product Type		Flash Memory Product	
Subclock		Subclock can be set by software	
Dual Operation Flash Memory	RAM	-	
32.5KB + 32KB	4KB	MB96F622R, MB96F622A	Product Options R: MCU with CAN A: MCU without CAN
64.5KB + 32KB	10KB	MB96F623R, MB96F623A	
128.5KB + 32KB	10KB	MB96F625R, MB96F625A	
Package		LQFP-64 FPT-64P-M23/M24	
DMA		2ch	
USART		3ch	LIN-USART 2/7/8
	with automatic LIN-Header transmission/reception	Yes (only 1ch)	LIN-USART 2
	with 16 byte RX- and TX-FIFO	No	
I ² C		1ch	I ² C 0
8/10-bit A/D Converter		21ch	AN 0 to 14/24/25/28 to 31
	with Data Buffer	No	
	with Range Comparator	Yes	
	with Scan Disable	No	
	with ADC Pulse Detection	No	
16-bit Reload Timer (RLT)		3ch	RLT 1/3/6
16-bit Free-Running Timer (FRT)		4ch	FRT 0 to 3 FRT 2/3 does not have external clock input pin
16-bit Input Capture Unit (ICU)		8ch (2 channels for LIN-USART)	ICU 0/1/4 to 7/9/10 (ICU 9/10 for LIN-USART)
16-bit Output Compare Unit (OCU)		6ch	OCU 0/1/4 to 7
8/16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator (PPG)		8ch (16-bit) / 16ch (8-bit)	PPG 0/1/3/4/6/7/12/14
	with Timing point capture	Yes	
	with Start delay	No	
	with Ramp	No	
Quadrature Position/Revolution Counter (QPRC)		2ch	QPRC 0/1
CAN Interface		1ch	CAN 2 32 Message Buffers
External Interrupts (INT)		13ch	INT 0/2/3/4/7 to 15
Non-Maskable Interrupt (NMI)		1ch	
Real Time Clock (RTC)		1ch	
I/O Ports		50 (Dual clock mode) 52 (Single clock mode)	
Clock Calibration Unit (CAL)		1ch	
Clock Output Function		2ch	
Low Voltage Detection Function		Yes	Low voltage detection function can be disabled by software
Hardware Watchdog Timer		Yes	
On-chip RC-oscillator		Yes	
On-chip Debugger		Yes	

Note:

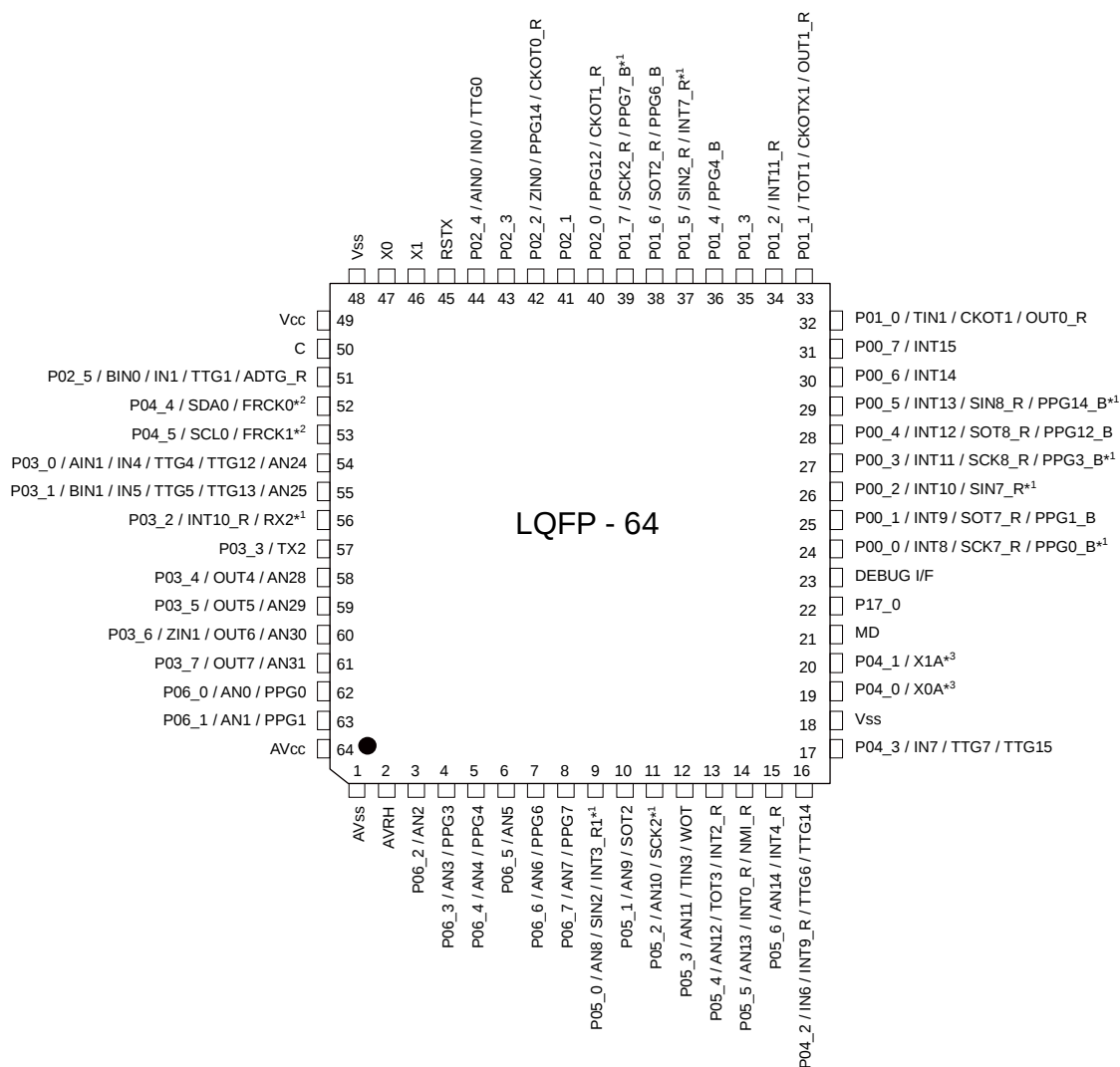
All signals of the peripheral function in each product cannot be allocated by limiting the pins of package.
It is necessary to use the port relocate function of the general I/O port according to your function use.

2. Block Diagram



3. Pin Assignment

(Top view)



(FPT-64P-M23/M24)

*1: CMOS input level only

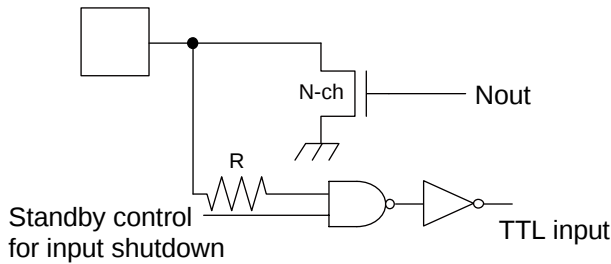
*2: CMOS input level only for I²C

*3: Please set ROM Configuration Block (RCB) to use the subclock.

Other than those above, general-purpose pins have only Automotive input level.

4. Pin Description

Pin name	Feature	Description
ADTG_R	ADC	Relocated A/D converter trigger input pin
AINn	QPRC	Quadrature Position/Revolution Counter Unit n input pin
ANn	ADC	A/D converter channel n input pin
AVcc	Supply	Analog circuits power supply pin
AVRH	ADC	A/D converter high reference voltage input pin
AVss	Supply	Analog circuits power supply pin
BINn	QPRC	Quadrature Position/Revolution Counter Unit n input pin
C	Voltage regulator	Internally regulated power supply stabilization capacitor pin
CKOTn	Clock Output function	Clock Output function n output pin
CKOTn_R	Clock Output function	Relocated Clock Output function n output pin
CKOTXn	Clock Output function	Clock Output function n inverted output pin
DEBUG I/F	OCD	On Chip Debugger input/output pin
FRCKn	Free-Running Timer	Free-Running Timer n input pin
INn	ICU	Input Capture Unit n input pin
INTn	External Interrupt	External Interrupt n input pin
INTn_R	External Interrupt	Relocated External Interrupt n input pin
INTn_R1	External Interrupt	Relocated External Interrupt n input pin
MD	Core	Input pin for specifying the operating mode
NMI_R	External Interrupt	Relocated Non-Maskable Interrupt input pin
OUTn	OCU	Output Compare Unit n waveform output pin
OUTn_R	OCU	Relocated Output Compare Unit n waveform output pin
Pnn_m	GPIO	General purpose I/O pin
PPGn	PPG	Programmable Pulse Generator n output pin (16bit/8bit)
PPGn_B	PPG	Programmable Pulse Generator n output pin (16bit/8bit)
RSTX	Core	Reset input pin
RXn	CAN	CAN interface n RX input pin
SCKn	USART	USART n serial clock input/output pin
SCKn_R	USART	Relocated USART n serial clock input/output pin
SCLn	I ² C	I ² C interface n clock I/O input/output pin
SDAn	I ² C	I ² C interface n serial data I/O input/output pin
SINn	USART	USART n serial data input pin
SINn_R	USART	Relocated USART n serial data input pin
SOTn	USART	USART n serial data output pin
SOTn_R	USART	Relocated USART n serial data output pin
TINn	Reload Timer	Reload Timer n event input pin
TOTn	Reload Timer	Reload Timer n output pin
TTGn	PPG	Programmable Pulse Generator n trigger input pin
TXn	CAN	CAN interface n TX output pin
Vcc	Supply	Power supply pin
Vss	Supply	Power supply pin

Type	Circuit	Remarks
O	 Standby control for input shutdown Nout TTL input	• Open-drain I/O • Output 25mA, $V_{CC} = 2.7V$ • TTL input

Vector number	Offset in vector table	Vector name	Cleared by DMA	Index in ICR to program	Description
40	35C _H	-	-	40	Reserved
41	358H	PPG3	Yes	41	Programmable Pulse Generator 3
42	354H	PPG4	Yes	42	Programmable Pulse Generator 4
43	350H	-	-	43	Reserved
44	34CH	PPG6	Yes	44	Programmable Pulse Generator 6
45	348H	PPG7	Yes	45	Programmable Pulse Generator 7
46	344H	-	-	46	Reserved
47	340H	-	-	47	Reserved
48	33CH	-	-	48	Reserved
49	338H	-	-	49	Reserved
50	334H	PPG12	Yes	50	Programmable Pulse Generator 12
51	330H	-	-	51	Reserved
52	32CH	PPG14	Yes	52	Programmable Pulse Generator 14
53	328H	-	-	53	Reserved
54	324H	-	-	54	Reserved
55	320H	-	-	55	Reserved
56	31CH	-	-	56	Reserved
57	318H	-	-	57	Reserved
58	314H	-	-	58	Reserved
59	310H	RLT1	Yes	59	Reload Timer 1
60	30CH	-	-	60	Reserved
61	308H	RLT3	Yes	61	Reload Timer 3
62	304H	-	-	62	Reserved
63	300H	-	-	63	Reserved
64	2FCH	RLT6	Yes	64	Reload Timer 6
65	2F8H	ICU0	Yes	65	Input Capture Unit 0
66	2F4H	ICU1	Yes	66	Input Capture Unit 1
67	2F0H	-	-	67	Reserved
68	2ECH	-	-	68	Reserved
69	2E8H	ICU4	Yes	69	Input Capture Unit 4
70	2E4H	ICU5	Yes	70	Input Capture Unit 5
71	2E0H	ICU6	Yes	71	Input Capture Unit 6
72	2DCH	ICU7	Yes	72	Input Capture Unit 7
73	2D8H	-	-	73	Reserved
74	2D4H	ICU9	Yes	74	Input Capture Unit 9
75	2D0H	ICU10	Yes	75	Input Capture Unit 10
76	2CCH	-	-	76	Reserved
77	2C8H	OCU0	Yes	77	Output Compare Unit 0
78	2C4H	OCU1	Yes	78	Output Compare Unit 1
79	2C0H	-	-	79	Reserved
80	2BCH	-	-	80	Reserved

■Precautions Related to Usage of Devices

Cypress semiconductor devices are intended for use in standard applications (computers, office automation and other office equipment, industrial, communications, and measurement equipment, personal or household devices, etc.).

CAUTION: Customers considering the use of our products in special applications where failure or abnormal operation may directly affect human lives or cause physical injury or property damage, or where extremely high levels of reliability are demanded (such as aerospace systems, atomic energy controls, sea floor repeaters, vehicle operating controls, medical devices for life support, etc.) are requested to consult with sales representatives before such use. The company will not be responsible for damages arising from such use without prior approval.

12.2 Precautions for Package Mounting

Package mounting may be either lead insertion type or surface mount type. In either case, for heat resistance during soldering, you should only mount under Cypress's recommended conditions. For detailed information about mount conditions, contact your sales representative.

■Lead Insertion Type

Mounting of lead insertion type packages onto printed circuit boards may be done by two methods: direct soldering on the board, or mounting by using a socket.

Direct mounting onto boards normally involves processes for inserting leads into through-holes on the board and using the flow soldering (wave soldering) method of applying liquid solder. In this case, the soldering process usually causes leads to be subjected to thermal stress in excess of the absolute ratings for storage temperature. Mounting processes should conform to Cypress recommended mounting conditions.

If socket mounting is used, differences in surface treatment of the socket contacts and IC lead surfaces can lead to contact deterioration after long periods. For this reason it is recommended that the surface treatment of socket contacts and IC leads be verified before mounting.

■Surface Mount Type

Surface mount packaging has longer and thinner leads than lead-insertion packaging, and therefore leads are more easily deformed or bent. The use of packages with higher pin counts and narrower pin pitch results in increased susceptibility to open connections caused by deformed pins, or shorting due to solder bridges.

You must use appropriate mounting techniques. Cypress recommends the solder reflow method, and has established a ranking of mounting conditions for each product. Users are advised to mount packages in accordance with Cypress ranking of recommended conditions.

■Lead-Free Packaging

CAUTION: When ball grid array (BGA) packages with Sn-Ag-Cu balls are mounted using Sn-Pb eutectic soldering, junction strength may be reduced under some conditions of use.

■Storage of Semiconductor Devices

Because plastic chip packages are formed from plastic resins, exposure to natural environmental conditions will cause absorption of moisture. During mounting, the application of heat to a package that has absorbed moisture can cause surfaces to peel, reducing moisture resistance and causing packages to crack. To prevent, do the following:

1. Avoid exposure to rapid temperature changes, which cause moisture to condense inside the product. Store products in locations where temperature changes are slight.
2. Use dry boxes for product storage. Products should be stored below 70% relative humidity, and at temperatures between 5°C and 30°C.
When you open Dry Package that recommends humidity 40% to 70% relative humidity.
3. When necessary, Cypress packages semiconductor devices in highly moisture-resistant aluminum laminate bags, with a silica gel desiccant. Devices should be sealed in their aluminum laminate bags for storage.
4. Avoid storing packages where they are exposed to corrosive gases or high levels of dust.

■Baking

Packages that have absorbed moisture may be de-moisturized by baking (heat drying). Follow the Cypress recommended conditions for baking.

Condition: 125°C/24 h

14.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

($V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0V$)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Remarks
		Min	Typ	Max		
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}, AV_{CC}	2.7	-	5.5	V	
		2.0	-	5.5	V	Maintains RAM data in stop mode
Smoothing capacitor at C pin	C_S	0.5	1.0 to 3.9	4.7	μF	1.0 μF (Allowance within $\pm 50\%$) 3.9 μF (Allowance within $\pm 20\%$) Please use the ceramic capacitor or the capacitor of the frequency response of this level. The smoothing capacitor at V_{CC} must use the one of a capacity value that is larger than C_S .

WARNING

The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure. No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their representatives beforehand.

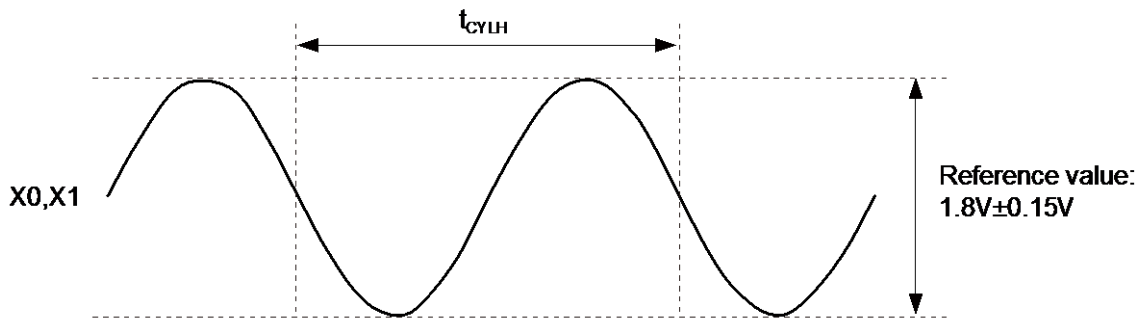
14.4 AC Characteristics

14.4.1 Main Clock Input Characteristics

($V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$, $V_D = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0V$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$)

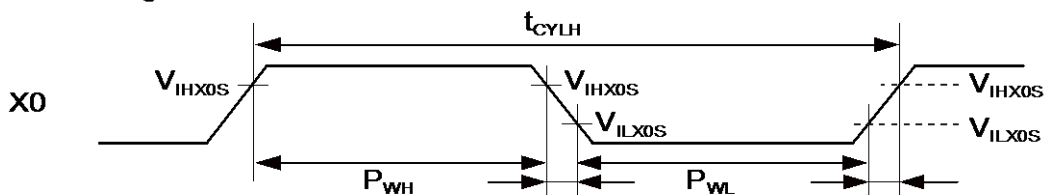
Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value			Unit	Remarks
			Min	Typ	Max		
Input frequency	f_c	X0, X1	4	-	8	MHz	When using a crystal oscillator, PLL off
			-	-	8	MHz	When using an opposite phase external clock, PLL off
			4	-	8	MHz	When using a crystal oscillator or opposite phase external clock, PLL on
Input frequency	f_{FCI}	X0	-	-	8	MHz	When using a single phase external clock in "Fast Clock Input mode", PLL off
			4	-	8	MHz	When using a single phase external clock in "Fast Clock Input mode", PLL on
Input clock cycle	t_{CYLH}	-	125	-	-	ns	
Input clock pulse width	P_{WH}, P_{WL}	-	55	-	-	ns	

When using the crystal oscillator



The amplitude changes by resistance, capacity which added outside or the difference of the device.

When using the external clock



14.4.8 USART Timing
 $(V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V, V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C, C_L=50pF)$

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Conditions	$4.5V \leq V_{CC} < 5.5V$		$2.7V \leq V_{CC} < 4.5V$		Unit
				Min	Max	Min	Max	
Serial clock cycle time	t_{SCYC}	SCKn	Internal shift clock mode	$4t_{CLKP1}$	-	$4t_{CLKP1}$	-	ns
SCK ↓ → SOT delay time	t_{SLOVI}	SCKn, SOTn		- 20	+ 20	- 30	+ 30	ns
SOT → SCK ↑ delay time	t_{OVSHI}	SCKn, SOTn		$N \times t_{CLKP1} - 20^*$	-	$N \times t_{CLKP1} - 30^*$	-	ns
SIN → SCK ↑ setup time	t_{IVSHI}	SCKn, SINn		$t_{CLKP1} + 45$	-	$t_{CLKP1} + 55$	-	ns
SCK ↑ → SIN hold time	t_{SHIXI}	SCKn, SINn		0	-	0	-	ns
Serial clock "L" pulse width	t_{SLSH}	SCKn	External shift clock mode	$t_{CLKP1} + 10$	-	$t_{CLKP1} + 10$	-	ns
Serial clock "H" pulse width	t_{SHSL}	SCKn		$t_{CLKP1} + 10$	-	$t_{CLKP1} + 10$	-	ns
SCK ↓ → SOT delay time	t_{SLOVE}	SCKn, SOTn		-	$2t_{CLKP1} + 45$	-	$2t_{CLKP1} + 55$	ns
SIN → SCK ↑ setup time	t_{IVSHE}	SCKn, SINn		$t_{CLKP1}/2 + 10$	-	$t_{CLKP1}/2 + 10$	-	ns
SCK ↑ → SIN hold time	t_{SHIXE}	SCKn, SINn		$t_{CLKP1} + 10$	-	$t_{CLKP1} + 10$	-	ns
SCK fall time	t_F	SCKn		-	20	-	20	ns
SCK rise time	t_R	SCKn		-	20	-	20	ns

Notes:

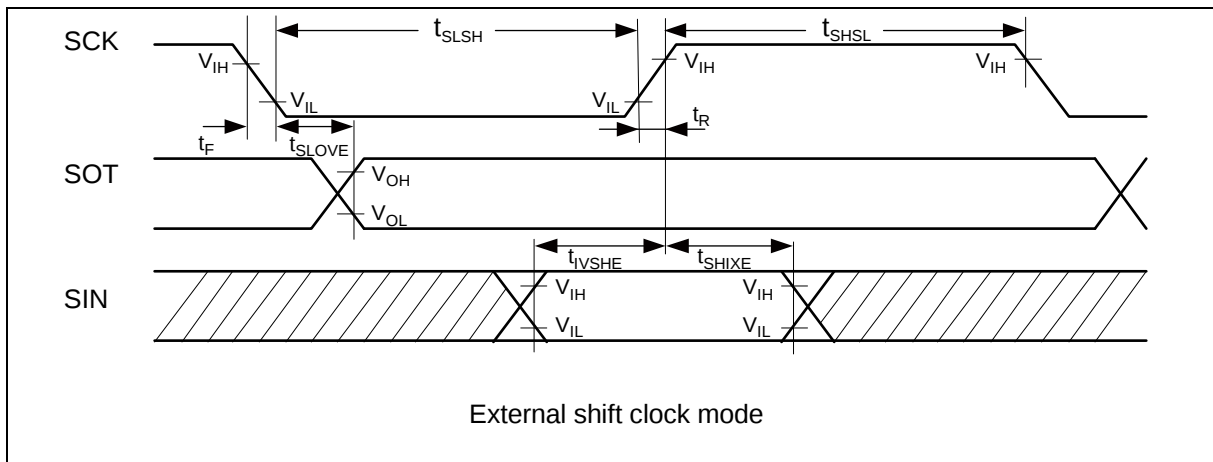
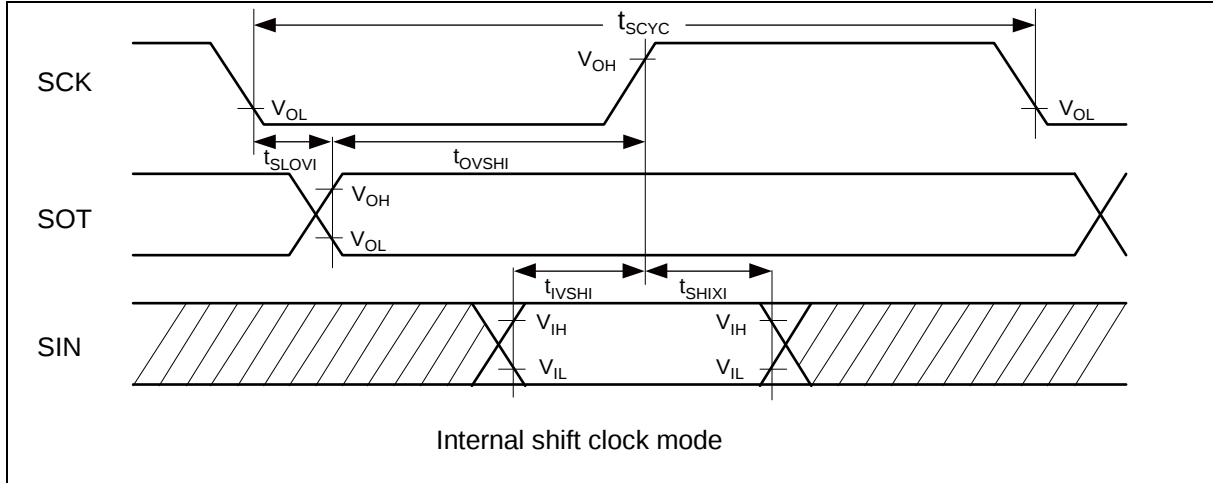
- AC characteristic in CLK synchronized mode.
- C_L is the load capacity value of pins when testing.
- Depending on the used machine clock frequency, the maximum possible baud rate can be limited by some parameters. These parameters are shown in "MB96600 series HARDWARE MANUAL".
- t_{CLKP1} indicates the peripheral clock 1 (CLKP1), Unit: ns
- These characteristics only guarantee the same relocate port number.
For example, the combination of SCKn and SOTn_R is not guaranteed.

*: Parameter N depends on t_{SCYC} and can be calculated as follows:

- If $t_{SCYC} = 2 \times k \times t_{CLKP1}$, then $N = k$, where k is an integer > 2
- If $t_{SCYC} = (2 \times k + 1) \times t_{CLKP1}$, then $N = k + 1$, where k is an integer > 1

Examples:

t_{scyc}	N
$4 \times t_{CLKP1}$	2
$5 \times t_{CLKP1}, 6 \times t_{CLKP1}$	3
$7 \times t_{CLKP1}, 8 \times t_{CLKP1}$	4
...	...

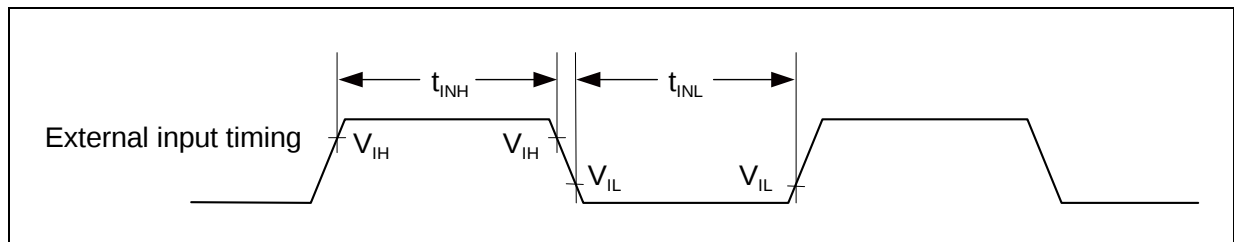


14.4.9 External Input Timing

($V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0V$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$)

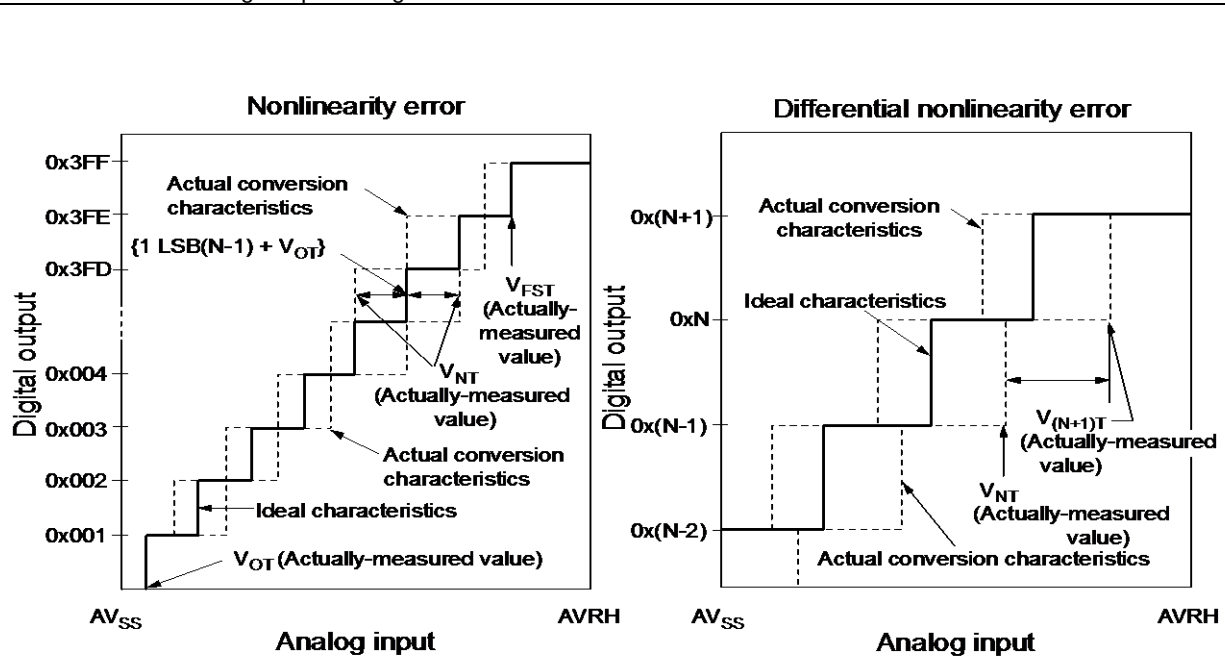
Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min	Max		
Input pulse width	t_{INH} , t_{INL}	Pnn_m	$2t_{CLKP1} + 200$ ($t_{CLKP1} = 1/f_{CLKP1}$)*	-	ns	General Purpose I/O
		ADTG_R				A/D Converter trigger input
		TINn				Reload Timer
		TTGn				PPG trigger input
		FRCKn				Free-Running Timer input clock
		INn				Input Capture
		AINn, BINn, ZINn				Quadrature Position/Revolution Counter
		INTn, INTn_R, INTn_R1	200	-	ns	External Interrupt
		NMI_R				Non-Maskable Interrupt

*: t_{CLKP1} indicates the peripheral clock1 (CLKP1) cycle time except stop when in stop mode.



14.5.3 Definition of A/D Converter Terms

- Resolution : Analog variation that is recognized by an A/D converter.
- Nonlinearity error : Deviation of the actual conversion characteristics from a straight line that connects the zero transition point (0b0000000000 $\longleftrightarrow$ 0b0000000001) to the full-scale transition point (0b1111111110 $\longleftrightarrow$ 0b1111111111).
- Differential nonlinearity error : Deviation from the ideal value of the input voltage that is required to change the output code by 1LSB.
- Total error : Difference between the actual value and the theoretical value. The total error includes zero transition error, full-scale transition error and nonlinearity error.
- Zero transition voltage : Input voltage which results in the minimum conversion value.
- Full scale transition voltage: Input voltage which results in the maximum conversion value.

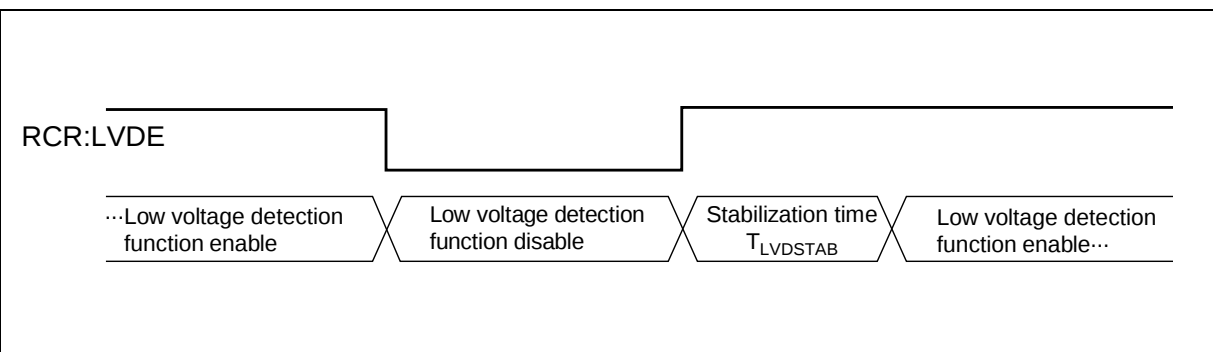
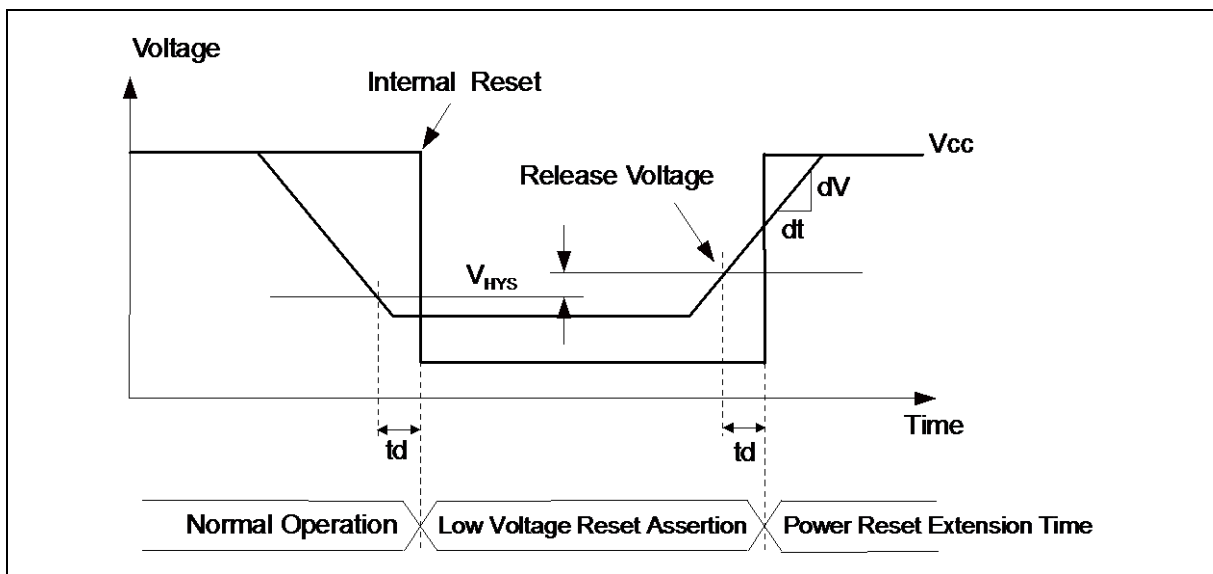
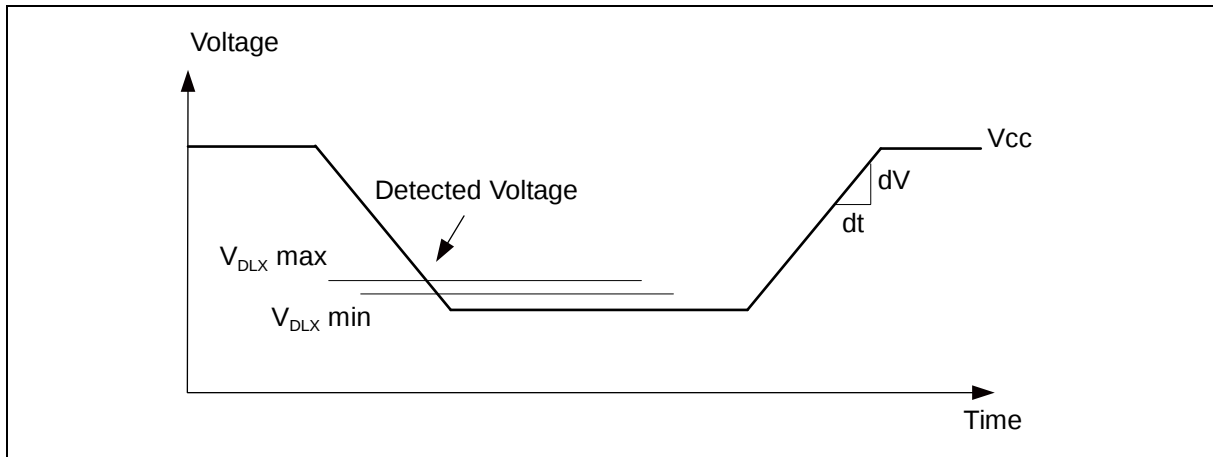


$$\text{Nonlinearity error of digital output } N = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1\text{LSB} \times (N - 1) + V_{OT}\}}{1\text{LSB}} \text{ [LSB]}$$

$$\text{Differential nonlinearity error of digital output } N = \frac{V_{(N+1)T} - V_{NT}}{1\text{LSB}} - 1 \text{ [LSB]}$$

$$1\text{LSB} = \frac{V_{FST} - V_{OT}}{1022}$$

- N : A/D converter digital output value.
 V_{OT} : Voltage at which the digital output changes from 0x000 to 0x001.
 V_{FST} : Voltage at which the digital output changes from 0x3FE to 0x3FF.
 V_{NT} : Voltage at which the digital output changes from 0x(N - 1) to 0xN.



■ Used setting

Mode	Selected Source Clock	Clock/Regulator and FLASH Settings
Run mode	PLL	CLKS1 = CLKS2 = CLKB = CLKP1 = CLKP2 = 32MHz
	Main osc.	CLKS1 = CLKS2 = CLKB = CLKP1 = CLKP2 = 4MHz
	RC clock fast	CLKS1 = CLKS2 = CLKB = CLKP1 = CLKP2 = 2MHz
	RC clock slow	CLKS1 = CLKS2 = CLKB = CLKP1 = CLKP2 = 100kHz
	Sub osc.	CLKS1 = CLKS2 = CLKB = CLKP1 = CLKP2 = 32kHz
Sleep mode	PLL	CLKS1 = CLKS2 = CLKP1 = CLKP2 = 32MHz Regulator in High Power Mode, (CLKB is stopped in this mode)
	Main osc.	CLKS1 = CLKS2 = CLKP1 = CLKP2 = 4MHz Regulator in High Power Mode, (CLKB is stopped in this mode)
	RC clock fast	CLKS1 = CLKS2 = CLKP1 = CLKP2 = 2MHz Regulator in High Power Mode, (CLKB is stopped in this mode)
	RC clock slow	CLKS1 = CLKS2 = CLKP1 = CLKP2 = 100kHz Regulator in Low Power Mode, (CLKB is stopped in this mode)
	Sub osc.	CLKS1 = CLKS2 = CLKP1 = CLKP2 = 32kHz Regulator in Low Power Mode, (CLKB is stopped in this mode)
Timer mode	PLL	CLKMC = 4MHz, CLKPLL = 32MHz (System clocks are stopped in this mode) Regulator in High Power Mode, FLASH in Power-down / reset mode
	Main osc.	CLKMC = 4MHz (System clocks are stopped in this mode) Regulator in High Power Mode, FLASH in Power-down / reset mode
	RC clock fast	CLKMC = 2MHz (System clocks are stopped in this mode) Regulator in High Power Mode, FLASH in Power-down / reset mode
	RC clock slow	CLKMC = 100kHz (System clocks are stopped in this mode) Regulator in Low Power Mode, FLASH in Power-down / reset mode
	Sub osc.	CLKMC = 32 kHz (System clocks are stopped in this mode) Regulator in Low Power Mode, FLASH in Power-down / reset mode
Stop mode	stopped	(All clocks are stopped in this mode) Regulator in Low Power Mode, FLASH in Power-down / reset mode

18. Major Changes

Spanion Publication Number: MB96620_DS704-00008

Page	Section	Change Results
Revision 2.0		
4	Features	Changed the description of "External Interrupts" Interrupt mask and pending bit per channel → Interrupt mask bit per channel
25 to 28	Handling Precautions	Added a section
36	Electrical Characteristics 3. Dc Characteristics (1) Current Rating	Changed the Conditions for I_{CCSRCH} $CLKS1/2 = CLKB = CLKP1/2 = CLKRC = 2MHz$, → $CLKS1/2 = CLKP1/2 = CLKRC = 2MHz$,
		Changed the Conditions for I_{CCSRCL} $CLKS1/2 = CLKB = CLKP1/2 = CLKRC = 100kHz$ → $CLKS1/2 = CLKP1/2 = CLKRC = 100kHz$
37		Changed the Conditions for I_{CCTPLL} PLL Timer mode with $CLKP1 = 32MHz$ → PLL Timer mode with $CLKPLL = 32MHz$
		Changed the Value of "Power supply current in Timer modes" I_{CCTPLL} Typ: $2480\mu A \rightarrow 1800\mu A$ ($T_A = +25^\circ C$) Max: $2710\mu A \rightarrow 2245\mu A$ ($T_A = +25^\circ C$) Max: $3985\mu A \rightarrow 3165\mu A$ ($T_A = +105^\circ C$) Max: $4830\mu A \rightarrow 3975\mu A$ ($T_A = +125^\circ C$)
38		Changed the Conditions for I_{CCTRCL} RC Timer mode with $CLKRC = 100kHz$, SMCR:LPMSS = 0 ($CLKPLL$, $CLKMC$ and $CLKSC$ stopped) → RC Timer mode with $CLKRC = 100kHz$ ($CLKPLL$, $CLKMC$ and $CLKSC$ stopped)
		Changed the annotation *2 Power supply for "On Chip Debugger" part is not included. Power supply current in Run mode does not include Flash Write / Erase current. → The current for "On Chip Debugger" part is not included.
49	4. Ac Characteristics (10) I^2C Timing	Added parameter, "Noise filter" and an annotation *5 for it Added t_{SP} to the figure
51	5. A/D Converter (2) Accuracy And Setting Of The A/D Converter Sampling Time	Deleted the unit "[Min]" from approximation formula of Sampling time
56	7. Flash Memory Write/Erase Characteristics	Changed the condition ($V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$, $V_D = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0V$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$) → ($V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0V$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$)

Document History

Document Title: MB96620 Series F²MC-16FX 16-Bit Microcontroller

Document Number: 002-04712

Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	-	KSUN	01/31/2014	Migrated to Cypress and assigned document number 002-04712. No change to document contents or format.
*A	5137624	KSUN	02/17/2016	Updated to Cypress format.

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