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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

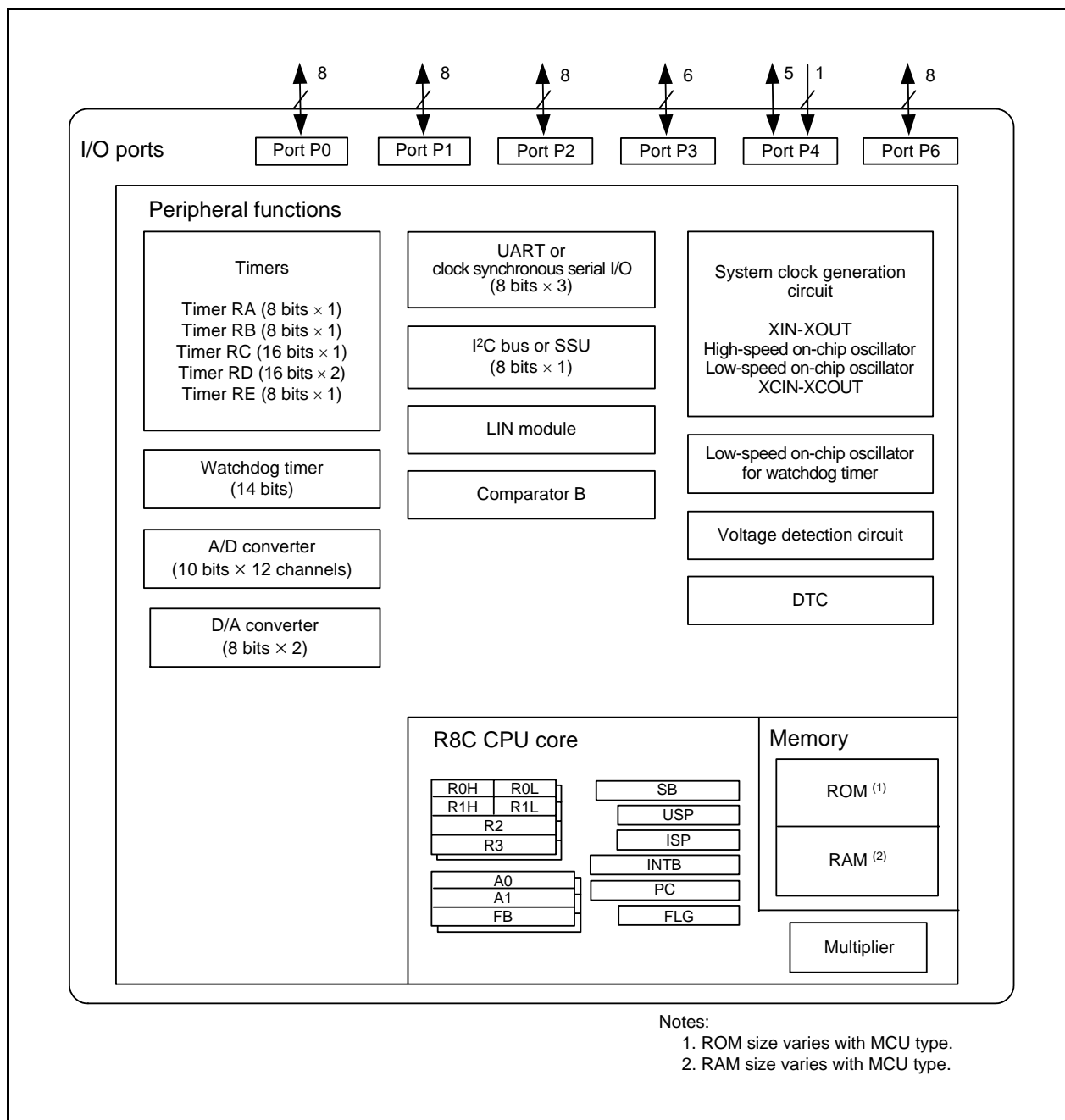
### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	43
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	2.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21346cdfp-30">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21346cdfp-30</a>

### 1.3 Block Diagram

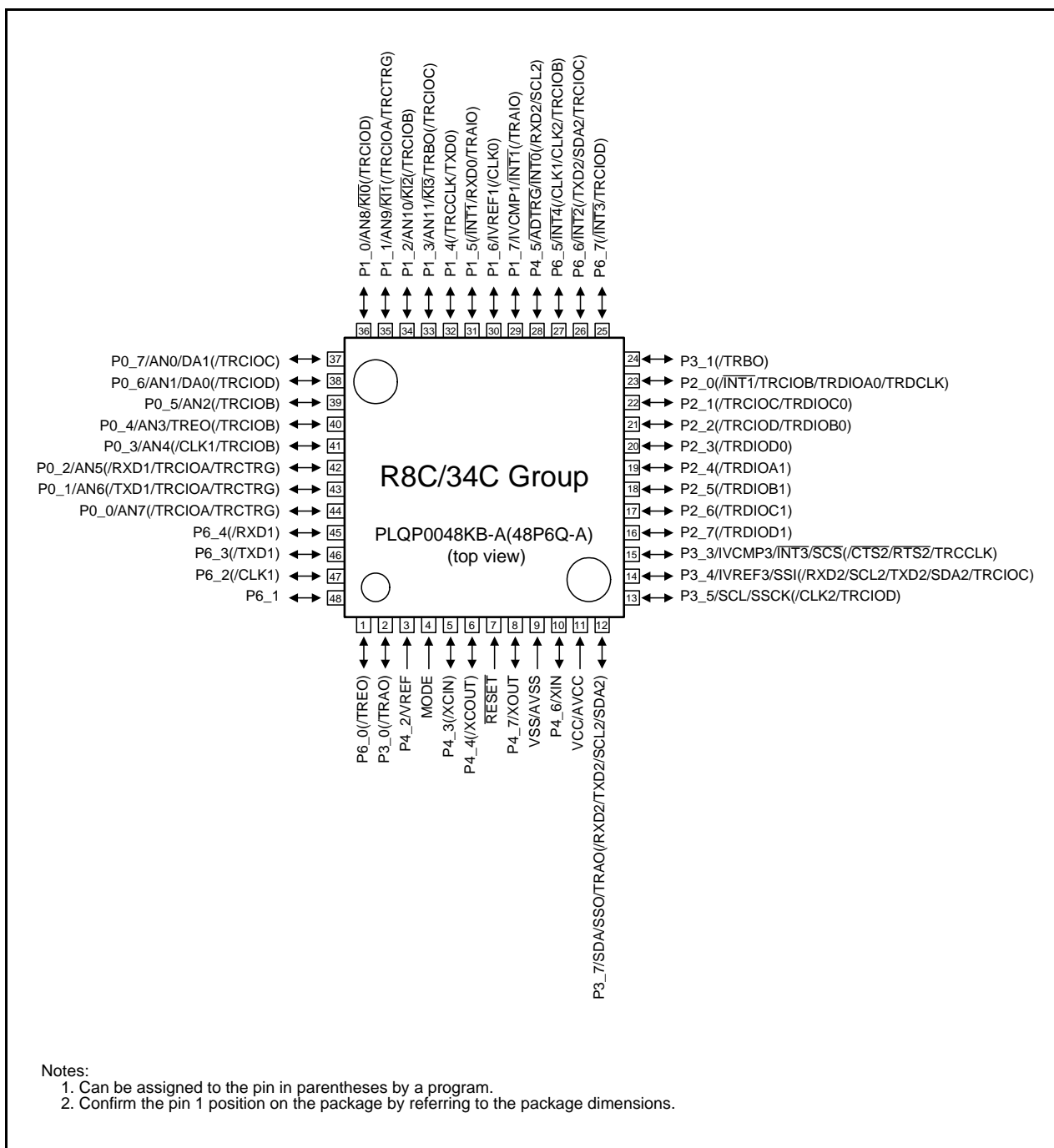
Figure 1.2 shows a Block Diagram.



**Figure 1.2 Block Diagram**

## 1.4 Pin Assignment

Figure 1.3 shows the Pin Assignment (Top View). Tables 1.4 and 1.5 outline the Pin Name Information by Pin Number.



**Figure 1.3 Pin Assignment (Top View)**

**Table 4.3 SFR Information (3) <sup>(1)</sup>**

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0080h	DTC Activation Control Register	DTCTL	00h
0081h			
0082h			
0083h			
0084h			
0085h			
0086h			
0087h			
0088h	DTC Activation Enable Register 0	DTCEN0	00h
0089h	DTC Activation Enable Register 1	DTCEN1	00h
008Ah	DTC Activation Enable Register 2	DTCEN2	00h
008Bh	DTC Activation Enable Register 3	DTCEN3	00h
008Ch	DTC Activation Enable Register 4	DTCEN4	00h
008Dh	DTC Activation Enable Register 5	DTCEN5	00h
008Eh	DTC Activation Enable Register 6	DTCEN6	00h
008Fh			
0090h			
0091h			
0092h			
0093h			
0094h			
0095h			
0096h			
0097h			
0098h			
0099h			
009Ah			
009Bh			
009Ch			
009Dh			
009Eh			
009Fh			
00A0h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U0MR	00h
00A1h	UART0 Bit Rate Register	U0BRG	XXh
00A2h	UART0 Transmit Buffer Register	U0TB	XXh
00A3h			XXh
00A4h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U0C0	00001000b
00A5h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U0C1	00000010b
00A6h	UART0 Receive Buffer Register	U0RB	XXh
00A7h			XXh
00A8h	UART2 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U2MR	00h
00A9h	UART2 Bit Rate Register	U2BRG	XXh
00AAh	UART2 Transmit Buffer Register	U2TB	XXh
00ABh			XXh
00ACh	UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U2C0	00001000b
00ADh	UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U2C1	00000010b
00AEh	UART2 Receive Buffer Register	U2RB	XXh
00AFh			XXh
00B0h	UART2 Digital Filter Function Select Register	URXDF	00h
00B1h			
00B2h			
00B3h			
00B4h			
00B5h			
00B6h			
00B7h			
00B8h			
00B9h			
00BAh			
00BBh	UART2 Special Mode Register 5	U2SMR5	00h
00BCh	UART2 Special Mode Register 4	U2SMR4	00h
00BDh	UART2 Special Mode Register 3	U2SMR3	000X0X0Xb
00BEh	UART2 Special Mode Register 2	U2SMR2	X0000000b
00BFh	UART2 Special Mode Register	U2SMR	X0000000b

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

**Table 4.4 SFR Information (4) (1)**

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
00C0h	A/D Register 0	AD0	XXh
00C1h			000000XXb
00C2h	A/D Register 1	AD1	XXh
00C3h			000000XXb
00C4h	A/D Register 2	AD2	XXh
00C5h			000000XXb
00C6h	A/D Register 3	AD3	XXh
00C7h			000000XXb
00C8h	A/D Register 4	AD4	XXh
00C9h			000000XXb
00CAh	A/D Register 5	AD5	XXh
00CBh			000000XXb
00CCh	A/D Register 6	AD6	XXh
00CDh			000000XXb
00CEh	A/D Register 7	AD7	XXh
00CFh			000000XXb
00D0h			
00D1h			
00D2h			
00D3h			
00D4h	A/D Mode Register	ADMOD	00h
00D5h	A/D Input Select Register	ADINSEL	11000000b
00D6h	A/D Control Register 0	ADCON0	00h
00D7h	A/D Control Register 1	ADCON1	00h
00D8h	D/A0 Register	DA0	00h
00D9h	D/A1 Register	DA1	00h
00DAh			
00DBh			
00DCh	D/A Control Register	DACON	00h
00DDh			
00DEh			
00DFh			
00E0h	Port P0 Register	P0	XXh
00E1h	Port P1 Register	P1	XXh
00E2h	Port P0 Direction Register	PD0	00h
00E3h	Port P1 Direction Register	PD1	00h
00E4h	Port P2 Register	P2	XXh
00E5h	Port P3 Register	P3	XXh
00E6h	Port P2 Direction Register	PD2	00h
00E7h	Port P3 Direction Register	PD3	00h
00E8h	Port P4 Register	P4	XXh
00E9h			
00EAh	Port P4 Direction Register	PD4	00h
00EBh			
00ECh	Port P6 Register	P6	XXh
00EDh			
00EEh	Port P6 Direction Register	PD6	00h
00EFh			
00F0h			
00F1h			
00F2h			
00F3h			
00F4h			
00F5h			
00F6h			
00F7h			
00F8h			
00F9h			
00FAh			
00FBh			
00FCh			
00FDh			
00FEh			
00FFh			

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

**Table 4.6 SFR Information (6) <sup>(1)</sup>**

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0140h	Timer RD Control Register 0	TRDCR0	00h
0141h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A0	TRDIOA0	10001000b
0142h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C0	TRDIORC0	10001000b
0143h	Timer RD Status Register 0	TRDSR0	11100000b
0144h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 0	TRDIER0	11100000b
0145h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 0	TRDPOCR0	11111000b
0146h	Timer RD Counter 0	TRD0	00h
0147h			00h
0148h	Timer RD General Register A0	TRDGRA0	FFh
0149h			FFh
014Ah	Timer RD General Register B0	TRDGRB0	FFh
014Bh			FFh
014Ch	Timer RD General Register C0	TRDGRC0	FFh
014Dh			FFh
014Eh	Timer RD General Register D0	TRDGRD0	FFh
014Fh			FFh
0150h	Timer RD Control Register 1	TRDCR1	00h
0151h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A1	TRDIOA1	10001000b
0152h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C1	TRDIORC1	10001000b
0153h	Timer RD Status Register 1	TRDSR1	11000000b
0154h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 1	TRDIER1	11100000b
0155h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 1	TRDPOCR1	11111000b
0156h	Timer RD Counter 1	TRD1	00h
0157h			00h
0158h	Timer RD General Register A1	TRDGRA1	FFh
0159h			FFh
015Ah	Timer RD General Register B1	TRDGRB1	FFh
015Bh			FFh
015Ch	Timer RD General Register C1	TRDGRC1	FFh
015Dh			FFh
015Eh	Timer RD General Register D1	TRDGRD1	FFh
015Fh			FFh
0160h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
0161h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
0162h	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	XXh
0163h			XXh
0164h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U1C0	00001000b
0165h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C1	00000010b
0166h	UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
0167h			XXh
0168h			
0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			
0170h			
0171h			
0172h			
0173h			
0174h			
0175h			
0176h			
0177h			
0178h			
0179h			
017Ah			
017Bh			
017Ch			
017Dh			
017Eh			
017Fh			

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

**Table 4.7 SFR Information (7) <sup>(1)</sup>**

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0180h	Timer RA Pin Select Register	TRASR	00h
0181h	Timer RB/RC Pin Select Register	TRBRCSR	00h
0182h	Timer RC Pin Select Register 0	TRCPSR0	00h
0183h	Timer RC Pin Select Register 1	TRCPSR1	00h
0184h	Timer RD Pin Select Register 0	TRDPSR0	00h
0185h	Timer RD Pin Select Register 1	TRDPSR1	00h
0186h	Timer Pin Select Register	TIMSR	00h
0187h			
0188h	UART0 Pin Select Register	U0SR	00h
0189h	UART1 Pin Select Register	U1SR	00h
018Ah	UART2 Pin Select Register 0	U2SR0	00h
018Bh	UART2 Pin Select Register 1	U2SR1	00h
018Ch	SSU/IIC Pin Select Register	SSUIICSR	00h
018Dh			
018Eh	INT Interrupt Input Pin Select Register	INTSR	00h
018Fh	I/O Function Pin Select Register	PINSR	00h
0190h			
0191h			
0192h			
0193h	SS Bit Counter Register	SSBR	11111000b
0194h	SS Transmit Data Register L / IIC bus Transmit Data Register <sup>(2)</sup>	SSTDR / ICDRT	FFh
0195h	SS Transmit Data Register H <sup>(2)</sup>	SSTDRH	FFh
0196h	SS Receive Data Register L / IIC bus Receive Data Register <sup>(2)</sup>	SSRDR / ICDRR	FFh
0197h	SS Receive Data Register H <sup>(2)</sup>	SSRDRH	FFh
0198h	SS Control Register H / IIC bus Control Register 1 <sup>(2)</sup>	SSCRH / ICCR1	00h
0199h	SS Control Register L / IIC bus Control Register 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	SSCRL / ICCR2	01111101b
019Ah	SS Mode Register / IIC bus Mode Register <sup>(2)</sup>	SSMR / ICMR	00010000b / 00011000b
019Bh	SS Enable Register / IIC bus Interrupt Enable Register <sup>(2)</sup>	SSER / ICIER	00h
019Ch	SS Status Register / IIC bus Status Register <sup>(2)</sup>	SSSR / ICSR	00h / 0000X000b
019Dh	SS Mode Register 2 / Slave Address Register <sup>(2)</sup>	SSMR2 / SAR	00h
019Eh			
019Fh			
01A0h			
01A1h			
01A2h			
01A3h			
01A4h			
01A5h			
01A6h			
01A7h			
01A8h			
01A9h			
01AAh			
01ABh			
01ACh			
01ADh			
01AEh			
01AFh			
01B0h			
01B1h			
01B2h	Flash Memory Status Register	FST	10000X00b
01B3h			
01B4h	Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	00h
01B5h	Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	00h
01B6h	Flash Memory Control Register 2	FMR2	00h
01B7h			
01B8h			
01B9h			
01BAh			
01BBh			
01BCh			
01BDh			
01BEh			
01BFh			

X: Undefined

Notes:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.
2. Selectable by the IICSEL bit in the SSUIICSR register.

**Table 4.10 SFR Information (10) (1)**

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2C70h	DTC Control Data 6	DTCD6	XXh
2C71h			XXh
2C72h			XXh
2C73h			XXh
2C74h			XXh
2C75h			XXh
2C76h			XXh
2C77h			XXh
2C78h	DTC Control Data 7	DTCD7	XXh
2C79h			XXh
2C7Ah			XXh
2C7Bh			XXh
2C7Ch			XXh
2C7Dh			XXh
2C7Eh			XXh
2C7Fh			XXh
2C80h	DTC Control Data 8	DTCD8	XXh
2C81h			XXh
2C82h			XXh
2C83h			XXh
2C84h			XXh
2C85h			XXh
2C86h			XXh
2C87h			XXh
2C88h	DTC Control Data 9	DTCD9	XXh
2C89h			XXh
2C8Ah			XXh
2C8Bh			XXh
2C8Ch			XXh
2C8Dh			XXh
2C8Eh			XXh
2C8Fh			XXh
2C90h	DTC Control Data 10	DTCD10	XXh
2C91h			XXh
2C92h			XXh
2C93h			XXh
2C94h			XXh
2C95h			XXh
2C96h			XXh
2C97h			XXh
2C98h	DTC Control Data 11	DTCD11	XXh
2C99h			XXh
2C9Ah			XXh
2C9Bh			XXh
2C9Ch			XXh
2C9Dh			XXh
2C9Eh			XXh
2C9Fh			XXh
2CA0h	DTC Control Data 12	DTCD12	XXh
2CA1h			XXh
2CA2h			XXh
2CA3h			XXh
2CA4h			XXh
2CA5h			XXh
2CA6h			XXh
2CA7h			XXh
2CA8h	DTC Control Data 13	DTCD13	XXh
2CA9h			XXh
2CAAh			XXh
2CABh			XXh
2CACH			XXh
2CADh			XXh
2CAEh			XXh
2CAFh			XXh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.



**Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter			Conditions	Standard			Unit	
					Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage				1.8	–	5.5	V	
Vss/AVss	Supply voltage				–	0	–	V	
VIH	Input “H” voltage	Other than CMOS input				0.8 Vcc	–	Vcc	V
		CMOS input	Input level switching function (I/O port)	Input level selection : 0.35 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.5 Vcc	–	Vcc	V
					2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.55 Vcc	–	Vcc	V
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.65 Vcc	–	Vcc	V
			Input level selection : 0.5 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.65 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
				2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.7 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.8 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
			Input level selection : 0.7 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.85 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
				2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.85 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.85 Vcc	–	Vcc	V	
	External clock input (XOUT)				1.2	–	Vcc	V	
VIL	Input “L” voltage	Other than CMOS input				0	–	0.2 Vcc	V
		CMOS input	Input level switching function (I/O port)	Input level selection : 0.35 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	0.2 Vcc	V
					2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0	–	0.2 Vcc	V
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0	–	0.2 Vcc	V
			Input level selection : 0.5 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	0.4 Vcc	V	
				2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0	–	0.3 Vcc	V	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0	–	0.2 Vcc	V	
			Input level selection : 0.7 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	0.55 Vcc	V	
				2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0	–	0.45 Vcc	V	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0	–	0.35 Vcc	V	
	External clock input (XOUT)				0	–	0.4	V	
IOH(sum)	Peak sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins IOH(peak)		–	–	–160	mA		
IOH(sum)	Average sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins IOH(avg)		–	–	–80	mA		
IOH(peak)	Peak output “H” current	Drive capacity Low		–	–	–10	mA		
		Drive capacity High		–	–	–40	mA		
IOH(avg)	Average output “H” current	Drive capacity Low		–	–	–5	mA		
		Drive capacity High		–	–	–20	mA		
IOL(sum)	Peak sum output “L” current	Sum of all pins IOL(peak)		–	–	160	mA		
IOL(sum)	Average sum output “L” current	Sum of all pins IOL(avg)		–	–	80	mA		
IOL(peak)	Peak output “L” current	Drive capacity Low		–	–	10	mA		
		Drive capacity High		–	–	40	mA		
IOL(avg)	Average output “L” current	Drive capacity Low		–	–	5	mA		
		Drive capacity High		–	–	20	mA		
f(XIN)	XIN clock input oscillation frequency			2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	20	MHz	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	–	–	5	MHz	
f(XCIN)	XCIN clock input oscillation frequency			1.8 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	32.768	50	kHz	
fOCO40M	When used as the count source for timer RC or timer RD (3)			2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	32	–	40	MHz	
fOCO-F	fOCO-F frequency			2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	20	MHz	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	–	–	5	MHz	
–	System clock frequency			2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	20	MHz	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	–	–	5	MHz	
f(BCLK)	CPU clock frequency			2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	20	MHz	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	–	–	5	MHz	

## Notes:

1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 to 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.
3. f<sub>OCO40M</sub> can be used as the count source for timer RC or timer RD in the range of V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5V.

**Table 5.4 D/A Converter Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		—	—	8	Bit
—	Absolute accuracy		—	—	2.5	LSB
$t_{su}$	Setup time		—	—	3	$\mu s$
$R_o$	Output resistor		—	6	—	$k\Omega$
$I_{Vref}$	Reference power input current	(Note 2)	—	—	1.5	mA

Notes:

1.  $V_{CC}/AV_{CC} = V_{ref} = 2.7$  to  $5.5$  V and  $T_{opr} = -20$  to  $85^{\circ}C$  (N version) /  $-40$  to  $85^{\circ}C$  (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. This applies when one D/A converter is used and the value of the  $DA_i$  register ( $i = 0$  or  $1$ ) for the unused D/A converter is  $00h$ . The resistor ladder of the A/D converter is not included.

**Table 5.5 Comparator B Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{ref}$	$IVREF1$ , $IVREF3$ input reference voltage		0	—	$V_{CC} - 1.4$	V
$V_I$	$IVCMP1$ , $IVCMP3$ input voltage		$-0.3$	—	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
—	Offset		—	5	100	mV
$t_d$	Comparator output delay time <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_I = V_{ref} \pm 100$ mV	—	0.1	—	$\mu s$
$I_{CMP}$	Comparator operating current	$V_{CC} = 5.0$ V	—	17.5	—	$\mu A$

Notes:

1.  $V_{CC} = 2.7$  to  $5.5$  V,  $T_{opr} = -20$  to  $85^{\circ}C$  (N version) /  $-40$  to  $85^{\circ}C$  (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. When the digital filter is disabled.

**Table 5.6 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Program/erase endurance <sup>(2)</sup>		1,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	—	times
—	Byte program time		—	80	500	μs
—	Block erase time		—	0.3	—	s
t <sub>d</sub> (SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		—	—	5+CPU clock × 3 cycles	ms
—	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		0	—	—	μs
—	Time from suspend until erase restart		—	—	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μs
t <sub>d</sub> (CMDRST-READY)	Time from when command is forcibly stopped until reading is enabled		—	—	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μs
—	Program, erase voltage		2.7	—	5.5	V
—	Read voltage		1.8	—	5.5	V
—	Program, erase temperature		0	—	60	°C
—	Data hold time <sup>(7)</sup>	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	—	—	year

**Notes:**

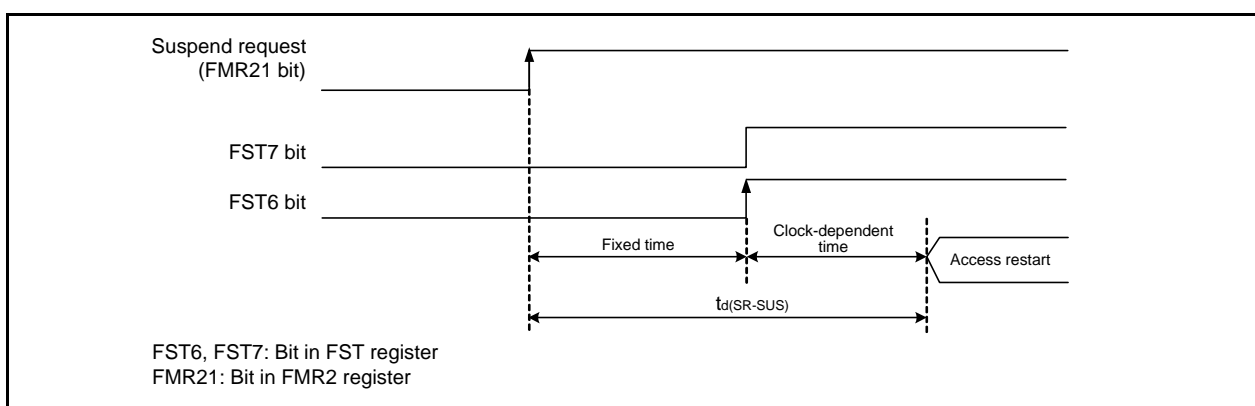
1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = 0 to 60°C, unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance  
The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.  
If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.  
However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

**Table 5.7 Flash Memory (Data flash Block A to Block D) Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Program/erase endurance <sup>(2)</sup>		10,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	—	times
—	Byte program time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		—	160	1,500	μs
—	Byte program time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		—	300	1,500	μs
—	Block erase time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		—	0.2	1	s
—	Block erase time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		—	0.3	1	s
t <sub>d</sub> (SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		—	—	5+CPU clock × 3 cycles	ms
—	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		0	—	—	μs
—	Time from suspend until erase restart		—	—	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μs
t <sub>d</sub> (CMDRST-READY)	Time from when command is forcibly stopped until reading is enabled		—	—	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μs
—	Program, erase voltage		2.7	—	5.5	V
—	Read voltage		1.8	—	5.5	V
—	Program, erase temperature		−20 <sup>(7)</sup>	—	85	°C
—	Data hold time <sup>(8)</sup>	Ambient temperature = 55 °C	20	—	—	year

**Notes:**

1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = −20 to 85°C (N version) / −40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance  
The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.  
If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 10,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.  
However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. In addition, averaging the erasure endurance between blocks A to D can further reduce the actual erasure endurance. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
7. −40°C for D version.
8. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

**Figure 5.2 Time delay until Suspend**

**Table 5.12 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency after reset	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V to } 5.5\text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	38.4	40	41.6	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V to } 5.5\text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	38.0	40	42.0	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when the FRA4 register correction value is written into the FRA1 register and the FRA5 register correction value into the FRA3 register <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V to } 5.5\text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	35.389	36.864	38.338	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V to } 5.5\text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	35.020	36.864	38.707	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when the FRA6 register correction value is written into the FRA1 register and the FRA7 register correction value into the FRA3 register	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V to } 5.5\text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	30.72	32	33.28	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V to } 5.5\text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	30.40	32	33.60	MHz
–	Oscillation stability time	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$ , $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	0.5	3	ms
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$ , $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	400	–	$\mu\text{A}$

Notes:

1.  $V_{CC} = 1.8$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_{opr} = -20$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (N version) /  $-40$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. This enables the setting errors of bit rates such as 9600 bps and 38400 bps to be 0% when the serial interface is used in UART mode.

**Table 5.13 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		60	125	250	kHz
–	Oscillation stability time	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$ , $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	30	100	$\mu\text{s}$
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$ , $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	2	–	$\mu\text{A}$

Note:

1.  $V_{CC} = 1.8$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_{opr} = -20$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (N version) /  $-40$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (D version), unless otherwise specified.

**Table 5.14 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t <sub>d</sub> (P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on <sup>(2)</sup>		–	–	2,000	$\mu\text{s}$

Notes:

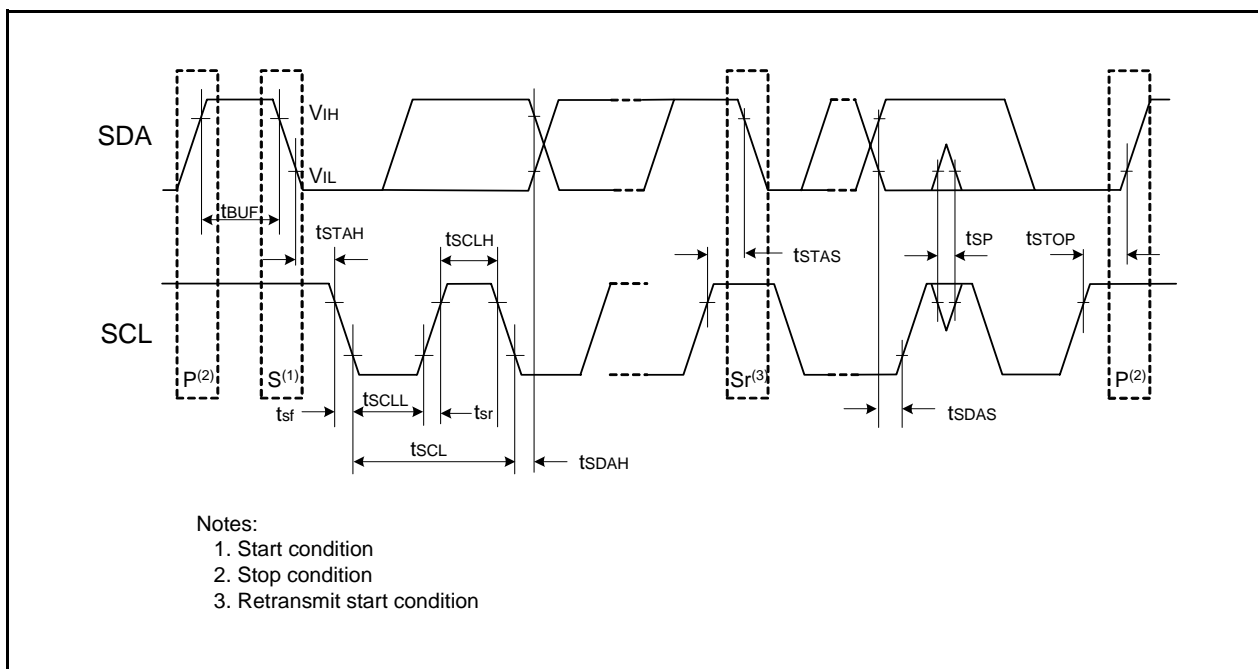
1. The measurement condition is  $V_{CC} = 1.8$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$  and  $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.

**Table 5.16 Timing Requirements of I<sup>2</sup>C bus Interface (1)**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t <sub>SCL</sub>	SCL input cycle time		12tcyc + 600 (2)	–	–	ns
t <sub>SCLH</sub>	SCL input “H” width		3tcyc + 300 (2)	–	–	ns
t <sub>SCLL</sub>	SCL input “L” width		5tcyc + 500 (2)	–	–	ns
t <sub>sf</sub>	SCL, SDA input fall time		–	–	300	ns
t <sub>SP</sub>	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		–	–	1tcyc (2)	ns
t <sub>BUF</sub>	SDA input bus-free time		5tcyc (2)	–	–	ns
t <sub>STAH</sub>	Start condition input hold time		3tcyc (2)	–	–	ns
t <sub>STAS</sub>	Retransmit start condition input setup time		3tcyc (2)	–	–	ns
t <sub>STOP</sub>	Stop condition input setup time		3tcyc (2)	–	–	ns
t <sub>SDAS</sub>	Data input setup time		1tcyc + 40 (2)	–	–	ns
t <sub>SDAH</sub>	Data input hold time		10	–	–	ns

Notes:

1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 to 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1tcyc = 1/f<sub>1</sub>(s)

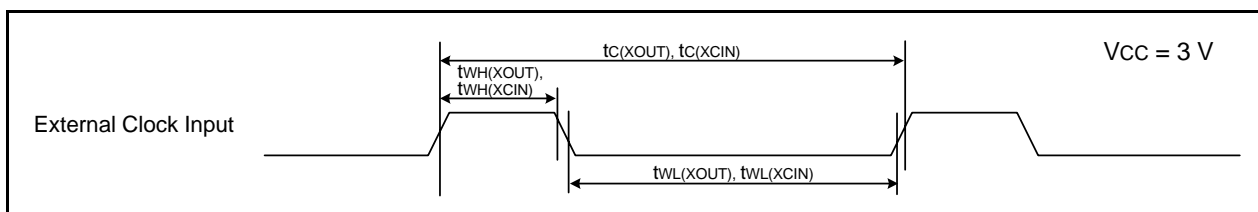
**Figure 5.7 I/O Timing of I<sup>2</sup>C bus Interface**

**Table 5.24 Electrical Characteristics (4) [ $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 3.3\text{ V}$ ]**  
**( $T_{opr} = -20\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (N version) /  $-40\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (D version), unless otherwise specified.)**

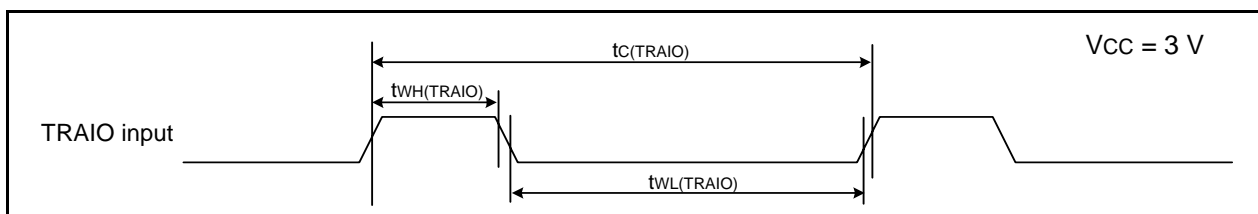
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply current ( $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ to }3.3\text{ V}$ ) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V <sub>SS</sub>	High-speed clock mode	—	3.5	10	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	1.5	7.5	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	7.0	15	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	90	390	$\mu\text{A}$
		Low-speed clock mode	—	80	400	$\mu\text{A}$
		Wait mode	—	15	90	$\mu\text{A}$
		Stop mode	—	2.0	5.0	$\mu\text{A}$

**Timing Requirements****(Unless Otherwise Specified:  $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$  at  $T_{op} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )****Table 5.25 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XOUT)}$	XOUT input cycle time	50	–	ns
$t_{WH(XOUT)}$	XOUT input “H” width	24	–	ns
$t_{WL(XOUT)}$	XOUT input “L” width	24	–	ns
$t_{c(XCIN)}$	XCIN input cycle time	14	–	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{WH(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “H” width	7	–	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{WL(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “L” width	7	–	$\mu\text{s}$

**Figure 5.12 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when  $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$** **Table 5.26 TRAIO Input**

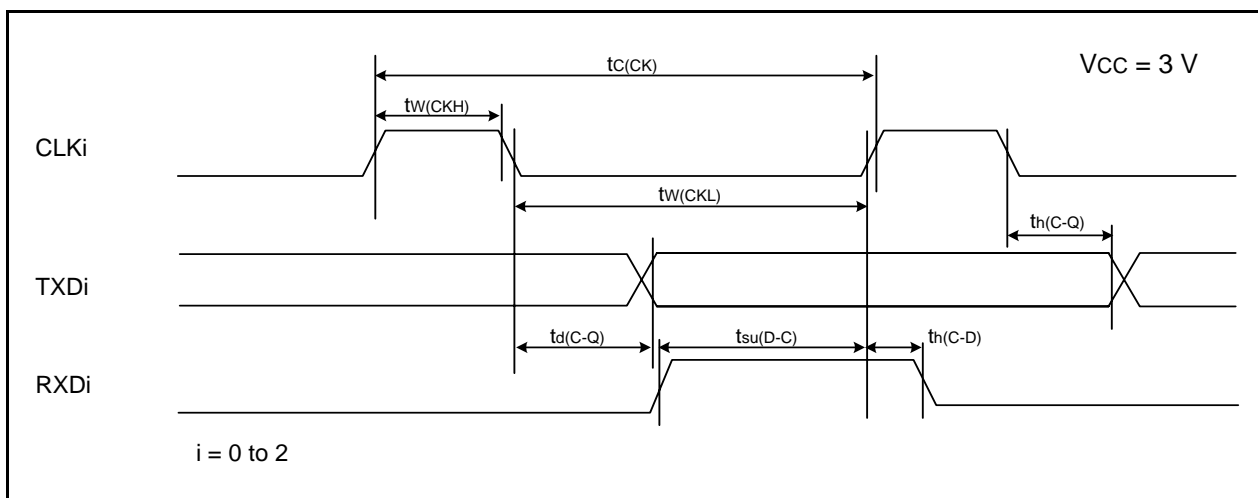
Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	120	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	120	–	ns

**Figure 5.13 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when  $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$**



**Table 5.27 Serial Interface**

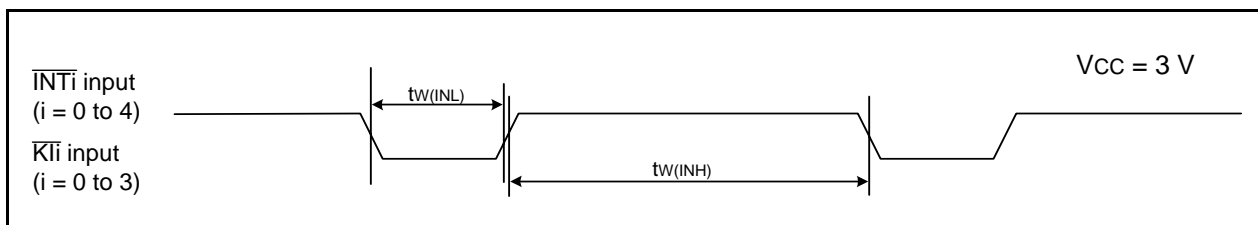
Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	300	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	150	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi Input "L" width	150	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	70	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

 $i = 0 \text{ to } 2$ **Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V****Table 5.28 External Interrupt  $\overline{INTi}$  ( $i = 0 \text{ to } 4$ ) Input, Key Input Interrupt  $\overline{Kli}$  ( $i = 0 \text{ to } 3$ )**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input "H" width, $\overline{Kli}$ input "H" width	380 (1)	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input "L" width, $\overline{Kli}$ input "L" width	380 (2)	—	ns

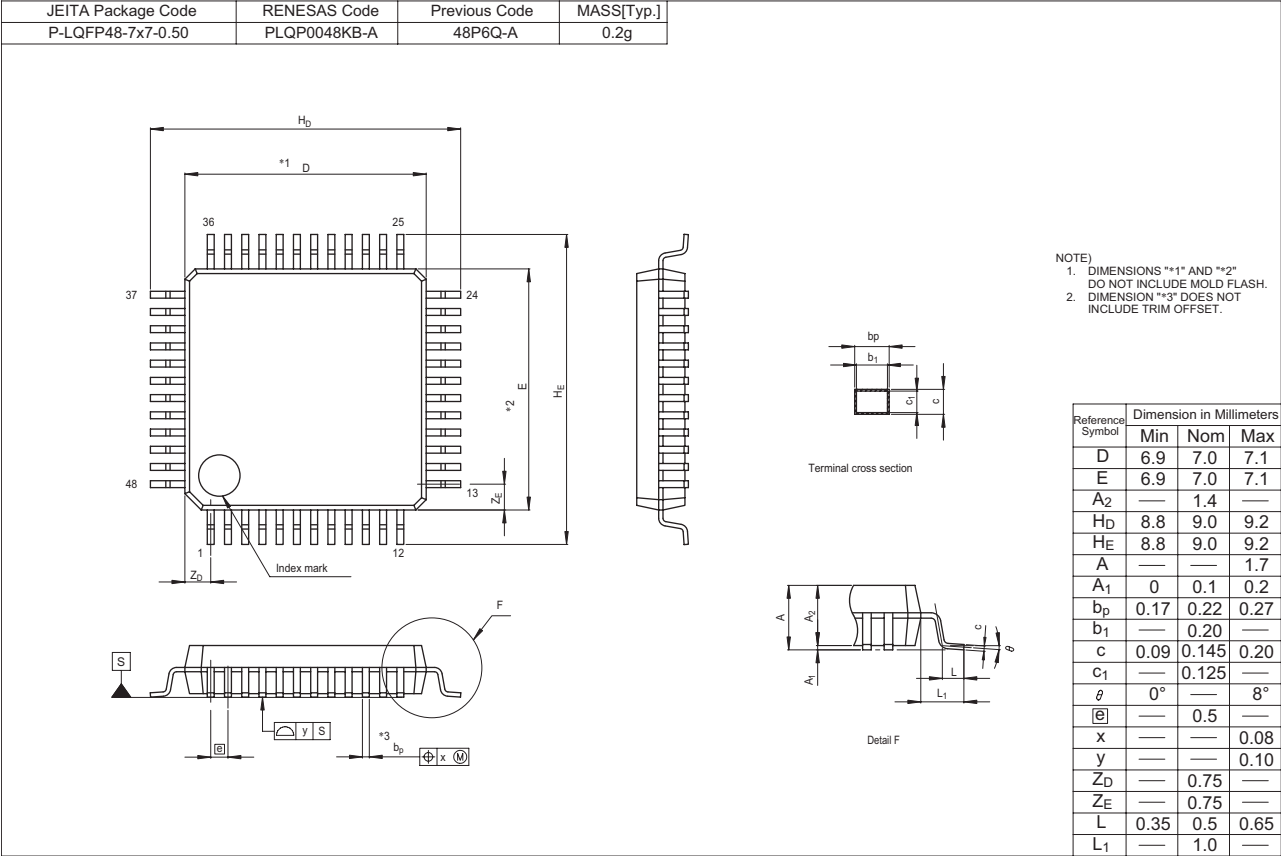
Notes:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INTi}$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{INTi}$  input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency  $\times 3$ ) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INTi}$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{INTi}$  input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency  $\times 3$ ) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

**Figure 5.15 Input Timing Diagram for External Interrupt  $\overline{INTi}$  and Key Input Interrupt  $\overline{Kli}$  when Vcc = 3 V**

Package Dimensions

Diagrams showing the latest package dimensions and mounting information are available in the “Packages” section of the Renesas Electronics website.



REVISION HISTORY	R8C/34C Group Datasheet
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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
0.10	Aug. 07, 2009	–	First Edition issued
1.00	Aug. 24, 2010	All 4 27 to 53	“Preliminary” and “Under development” deleted Table1.3 revised “5. Electrical Characteristics” added

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## General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all MPU/MCU products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this manual, refer to the relevant sections of the manual. If the descriptions under General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products and in the body of the manual differ from each other, the description in the body of the manual takes precedence.

### 1. Handling of Unused Pins

Handle unused pins in accord with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

- The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

### 2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

- The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed.

In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

### 3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

- The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

### 4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

- When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

### 5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to one with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

- The characteristics of MPU/MCU in the same group but having different part numbers may differ because of the differences in internal memory capacity and layout pattern. When changing to products of different part numbers, implement a system-evaluation test for each of the products.

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