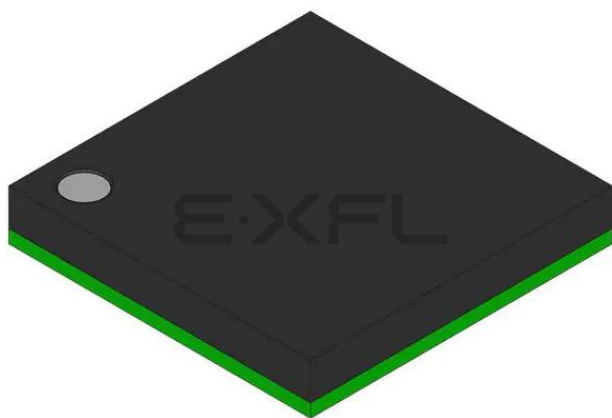




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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, I ² C, IrDA, SPI, UART/USART, USB, USB OTG
Peripherals	DMA, I ² S, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	70
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	64K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 35x16b; D/A 1x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	121-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	121-MAPBGA (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/pro/item?MUrl=&PartUrl=mk20dx256vmc7

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1 Ordering parts

1.1 Determining valid orderable parts

Valid orderable part numbers are provided on the web. To determine the orderable part numbers for this device, go to www.freescale.com and perform a part number search for the following device numbers: PK20 and MK20 .

2 Part identification

2.1 Description

Part numbers for the chip have fields that identify the specific part. You can use the values of these fields to determine the specific part you have received.

2.2 Format

Part numbers for this device have the following format:

Q K## A M FFF R T PP CC N

2.3 Fields

This table lists the possible values for each field in the part number (not all combinations are valid):

Field	Description	Values
Q	Qualification status	- M = Fully qualified, general market flow - P = Prequalification
K##	Kinetis family	K20
A	Key attribute	- D = Cortex-M4 w/ DSP - F = Cortex-M4 w/ DSP and FPU
M	Flash memory type	- N = Program flash only - X = Program flash and FlexMemory

Table continues on the next page...

5.2.1 Voltage and current operating requirements

Table 1. Voltage and current operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
V_{DDA}	Analog supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
$V_{DD} - V_{DDA}$	V_{DD} -to- V_{DDA} differential voltage	-0.1	0.1	V	
$V_{SS} - V_{SSA}$	V_{SS} -to- V_{SSA} differential voltage	-0.1	0.1	V	
V_{BAT}	RTC battery supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
V_{IH}	Input high voltage $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ $1.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	—	V	
		$0.75 \times V_{DD}$	—	V	
V_{IL}	Input low voltage $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ $1.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$	—	$0.35 \times V_{DD}$	V	
		—	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V	
V_{HYS}	Input hysteresis	$0.06 \times V_{DD}$	—	V	
I_{ICDIO}	Digital pin negative DC injection current — single pin $V_{IN} < V_{SS}-0.3\text{V}$	-5	—	mA	1
I_{ICAIO}	Analog ² , EXTAL, and XTAL pin DC injection current — single pin $V_{IN} < V_{SS}-0.3\text{V}$ (Negative current injection) $V_{IN} > V_{DD}+0.3\text{V}$ (Positive current injection)	-5	—	mA	3
		—	+5		
I_{ICcont}	Contiguous pin DC injection current —regional limit, includes sum of negative injection currents or sum of positive injection currents of 16 contiguous pins - Negative current injection - Positive current injection	-25	—	mA	
		—	+25		
V_{RAM}	V_{DD} voltage required to retain RAM	1.2	—	V	
V_{RFVBAT}	V_{BAT} voltage required to retain the VBAT register file	V_{POR_VBAT}	—	V	

1. All 5 V tolerant digital I/O pins are internally clamped to V_{SS} through a ESD protection diode. There is no diode connection to V_{DD} . If V_{IN} greater than V_{DIO_MIN} ($=V_{SS}-0.3\text{V}$) is observed, then there is no need to provide current limiting resistors at the pads. If this limit cannot be observed then a current limiting resistor is required. The negative DC injection current limiting resistor is calculated as $R=(V_{DIO_MIN}-V_{IN})/|I_{IC}|$.
2. Analog pins are defined as pins that do not have an associated general purpose I/O port function.
3. All analog pins are internally clamped to V_{SS} and V_{DD} through ESD protection diodes. If V_{IN} is greater than V_{AIO_MIN} ($=V_{SS}-0.3\text{V}$) and V_{IN} is less than V_{AIO_MAX} ($=V_{DD}+0.3\text{V}$) is observed, then there is no need to provide current limiting resistors at the pads. If these limits cannot be observed then a current limiting resistor is required. The negative DC injection current limiting resistor is calculated as $R=(V_{AIO_MIN}-V_{IN})/|I_{IC}|$. The positive injection current limiting resistor is calculated as $R=(V_{IN}-V_{AIO_MAX})/|I_{IC}|$. Select the larger of these two calculated resistances.

5.2.3 Voltage and current operating behaviors

Table 4. Voltage and current operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{OH}	Output high voltage — high drive strength				
	• $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -9\text{mA}$	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	V	
	• $1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -3\text{mA}$	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	V	
	Output high voltage — low drive strength				
	• $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -2\text{mA}$	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	V	
	• $1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -0.6\text{mA}$	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	V	
I_{OHT}	Output high current total for all ports	—	100	mA	
V_{OL}	Output low voltage — high drive strength				
	• $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 9\text{mA}$	—	0.5	V	
	• $1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 3\text{mA}$	—	0.5	V	
	Output low voltage — low drive strength				
	• $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 2\text{mA}$	—	0.5	V	
	• $1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 0.6\text{mA}$	—	0.5	V	
I_{OLT}	Output low current total for all ports	—	100	mA	
I_{IN}	Input leakage current (per pin) for full temperature range	—	1	μA	1
I_{IN}	Input leakage current (per pin) at 25°C	—	0.025	μA	1
I_{OZ}	Hi-Z (off-state) leakage current (per pin)	—	1	μA	
R_{PU}	Internal pullup resistors	20	50	k Ω	2
R_{PD}	Internal pulldown resistors	20	50	k Ω	3

1. Measured at $V_{DD}=3.6\text{V}$

2. Measured at V_{DD} supply voltage = V_{DD} min and $V_{input} = V_{SS}$

3. Measured at V_{DD} supply voltage = V_{DD} min and $V_{input} = V_{DD}$

5.2.4 Power mode transition operating behaviors

All specifications except t_{POR} , and $V_{LLSx} \rightarrow \text{RUN}$ recovery times in the following table assume this clock configuration:

- CPU and system clocks = 72 MHz
- Bus clock = 36 MHz
- FlexBus clock = 36 MHz
- Flash clock = 24 MHz

Table 6. Power consumption operating behaviors (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DD_VLPW}	Very-low-power wait mode current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks disabled	—	0.61	—	mA	8
I _{DD_STOP}	Stop mode current at 3.0 V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	0.35	0.567	mA	
	• @ 70°C	—	0.384	0.793	mA	
	• @ 105°C	—	0.628	1.2	mA	
I _{DD_VLPS}	Very-low-power stop mode current at 3.0 V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	5.9	32.7	μA	
	• @ 70°C	—	26.1	59.8	μA	
	• @ 105°C	—	98.1	188	μA	
I _{DD_LLS}	Low leakage stop mode current at 3.0 V					9
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	2.6	8.6	μA	
	• @ 70°C	—	10.3	29.1	μA	
	• @ 105°C	—	42.5	92.5	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS3}	Very low-leakage stop mode 3 current at 3.0 V					9
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	1.9	5.8	μA	
	• @ 70°C	—	6.9	12.1	μA	
	• @ 105°C	—	28.1	41.9	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS2}	Very low-leakage stop mode 2 current at 3.0 V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	1.59	5.5	μA	
	• @ 70°C	—	4.3	9.5	μA	
	• @ 105°C	—	17.5	34	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS1}	Very low-leakage stop mode 1 current at 3.0 V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	1.47	5.4	μA	
	• @ 70°C	—	2.97	8.1	μA	
	• @ 105°C	—	12.41	32	μA	
I _{DD_VBAT}	Average current with RTC and 32kHz disabled at 3.0 V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	0.19	0.22	μA	
	• @ 70°C	—	0.49	0.64	μA	
	• @ 105°C	—	2.2	3.2	μA	

Table continues on the next page...

Table 9. General switching specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled, analog filter enabled) — Asynchronous path	100	—	ns	3
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled, analog filter disabled) — Asynchronous path	16	—	ns	3
	External reset pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled)	100	—	ns	3
	Mode select (EZP_CS) hold time after reset deassertion	2	—	Bus clock cycles	
	Port rise and fall time (high drive strength) - Slew disabled $1.71 \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7V$ $2.7 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6V$ - Slew enabled $1.71 \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7V$ $2.7 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6V$	— — — —	12 6 36 24	ns ns ns ns	4
	Port rise and fall time (low drive strength) - Slew disabled $1.71 \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7V$ $2.7 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6V$ - Slew enabled $1.71 \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7V$ $2.7 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6V$	— — — —	12 6 36 24	ns ns ns ns	5

1. This is the minimum pulse width that is guaranteed to pass through the pin synchronization circuitry. Shorter pulses may or may not be recognized. In Stop, VLPS, LLS, and VLLSx modes, the synchronizer is bypassed so shorter pulses can be recognized in that case.
2. The greater synchronous and asynchronous timing must be met.
3. This is the minimum pulse width that is guaranteed to be recognized as a pin interrupt request in Stop, VLPS, LLS, and VLLSx modes.
4. 75pF load
5. 15pF load

5.4 Thermal specifications

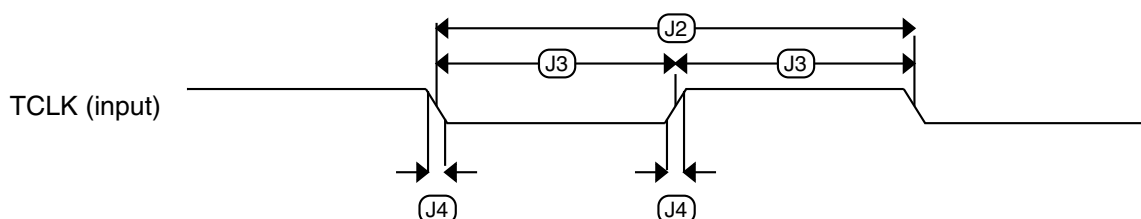
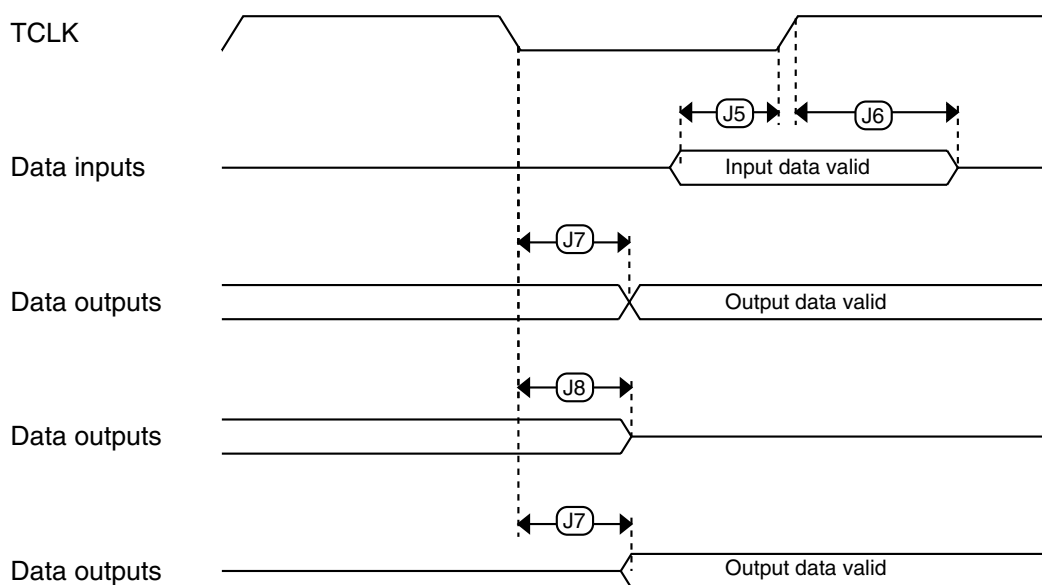
5.4.1 Thermal operating requirements

Table 10. Thermal operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
T_J	Die junction temperature	−40	125	°C
T_A	Ambient temperature	−40	105	°C

Table 13. JTAG full voltage range electricals (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
J5	Boundary scan input data setup time to TCLK rise	20	—	ns
J6	Boundary scan input data hold time after TCLK rise	0	—	ns
J7	TCLK low to boundary scan output data valid	—	25	ns
J8	TCLK low to boundary scan output high-Z	—	25	ns
J9	TMS, TDI input data setup time to TCLK rise	8	—	ns
J10	TMS, TDI input data hold time after TCLK rise	1.4	—	ns
J11	TCLK low to TDO data valid	—	22.1	ns
J12	TCLK low to TDO high-Z	—	22.1	ns
J13	TRST assert time	100	—	ns
J14	TRST setup time (negation) to TCLK high	8	—	ns

**Figure 6. Test clock input timing****Figure 7. Boundary scan (JTAG) timing**

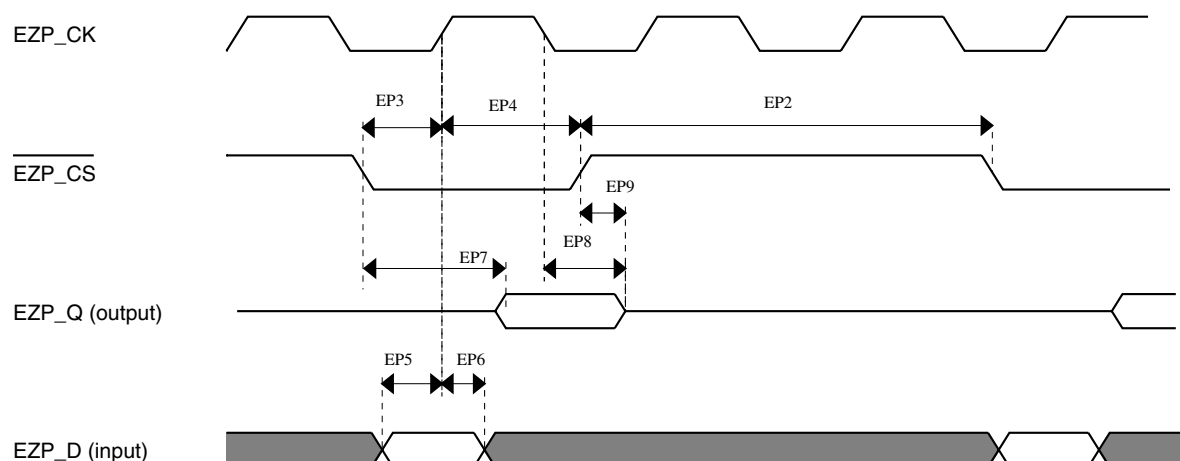


Figure 11. EzPort Timing Diagram

6.4.3 Flexbus Switching Specifications

All processor bus timings are synchronous; input setup/hold and output delay are given in respect to the rising edge of a reference clock, FB_CLK. The FB_CLK frequency may be the same as the internal system bus frequency or an integer divider of that frequency.

The following timing numbers indicate when data is latched or driven onto the external bus, relative to the Flexbus output clock (FB_CLK). All other timing relationships can be derived from these values.

Table 24. Flexbus limited voltage range switching specifications

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V	
	Frequency of operation	—	FB_CLK	MHz	
FB1	Clock period	20	—	ns	
FB2	Address, data, and control output valid	—	11.5	ns	1
FB3	Address, data, and control output hold	0.5	—	ns	1
FB4	Data and $\overline{\text{FB_TA}}$ input setup	8.5	—	ns	2
FB5	Data and $\overline{\text{FB_TA}}$ input hold	0.5	—	ns	2

1. Specification is valid for all FB_AD[31:0], $\overline{\text{FB_BE/BWEn}}$, $\overline{\text{FB_CSn}}$, $\overline{\text{FB_OE}}$, FB_R/W, $\overline{\text{FB_TBST}}$, FB_TSI[1:0], FB_ALE, and $\overline{\text{FB_TS}}$.

2. Specification is valid for all FB_AD[31:0] and $\overline{\text{FB_TA}}$.

Table 25. Flexbus full voltage range switching specifications

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
	Frequency of operation	—	FB_CLK	MHz	
FB1	Clock period	1/FB_CLK	—	ns	
FB2	Address, data, and control output valid	—	13.5	ns	1
FB3	Address, data, and control output hold	0	—	ns	1
FB4	Data and $\overline{\text{FB_TA}}$ input setup	13.7	—	ns	2
FB5	Data and $\overline{\text{FB_TA}}$ input hold	0.5	—	ns	2

1. Specification is valid for all FB_AD[31:0], $\overline{\text{FB_BE/BWEn}}$, $\overline{\text{FB_CSn}}$, $\overline{\text{FB_OE}}$, FB_R/W, $\overline{\text{FB_TBST}}$, FB_TSI[1:0], FB_ALE, and $\overline{\text{FB_TS}}$.
2. Specification is valid for all FB_AD[31:0] and $\overline{\text{FB_TA}}$.

6.6.1 ADC electrical specifications

The 16-bit accuracy specifications listed in [Table 26](#) and [Table 27](#) are achievable on the differential pins ADCx_DP0, ADCx_DM0.

The ADCx_DP2 and ADCx_DM2 ADC inputs are connected to the PGA outputs and are not direct device pins. Accuracy specifications for these pins are defined in [Table 28](#) and [Table 29](#).

All other ADC channels meet the 13-bit differential/12-bit single-ended accuracy specifications.

6.6.1.1 16-bit ADC operating conditions

Table 26. 16-bit ADC operating conditions

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DDA}	Supply voltage	Absolute	1.71	—	3.6	V	
ΔV _{DDA}	Supply voltage	Delta to V _{DD} (V _{DD} - V _{DDA})	-100	0	+100	mV	2
ΔV _{SSA}	Ground voltage	Delta to V _{SS} (V _{SS} - V _{SSA})	-100	0	+100	mV	2
V _{REFH}	ADC reference voltage high		1.13	V _{DDA}	V _{DDA}	V	
V _{REFL}	ADC reference voltage low		V _{SSA}	V _{SSA}	V _{SSA}	V	
V _{ADIN}	Input voltage	16-bit differential mode - All other modes	V _{REFL} V _{REFL}	— —	31/32 * V _{REFH} V _{REFH}	V	
C _{ADIN}	Input capacitance	16-bit mode 8-/10-/12-bit modes	— —	8 4	10 5	pF	
R _{ADIN}	Input resistance		—	2	5	kΩ	
R _{AS}	Analog source resistance	13-/12-bit modes f _{ADCK} < 4 MHz	—	—	5	kΩ	3
f _{ADCK}	ADC conversion clock frequency	≤ 13-bit mode	1.0	—	18.0	MHz	4
f _{ADCK}	ADC conversion clock frequency	16-bit mode	2.0	—	12.0	MHz	4
C _{rate}	ADC conversion rate	≤ 13 bit modes No ADC hardware averaging Continuous conversions enabled, subsequent conversion time	20.000	—	818.330	Ksps	5

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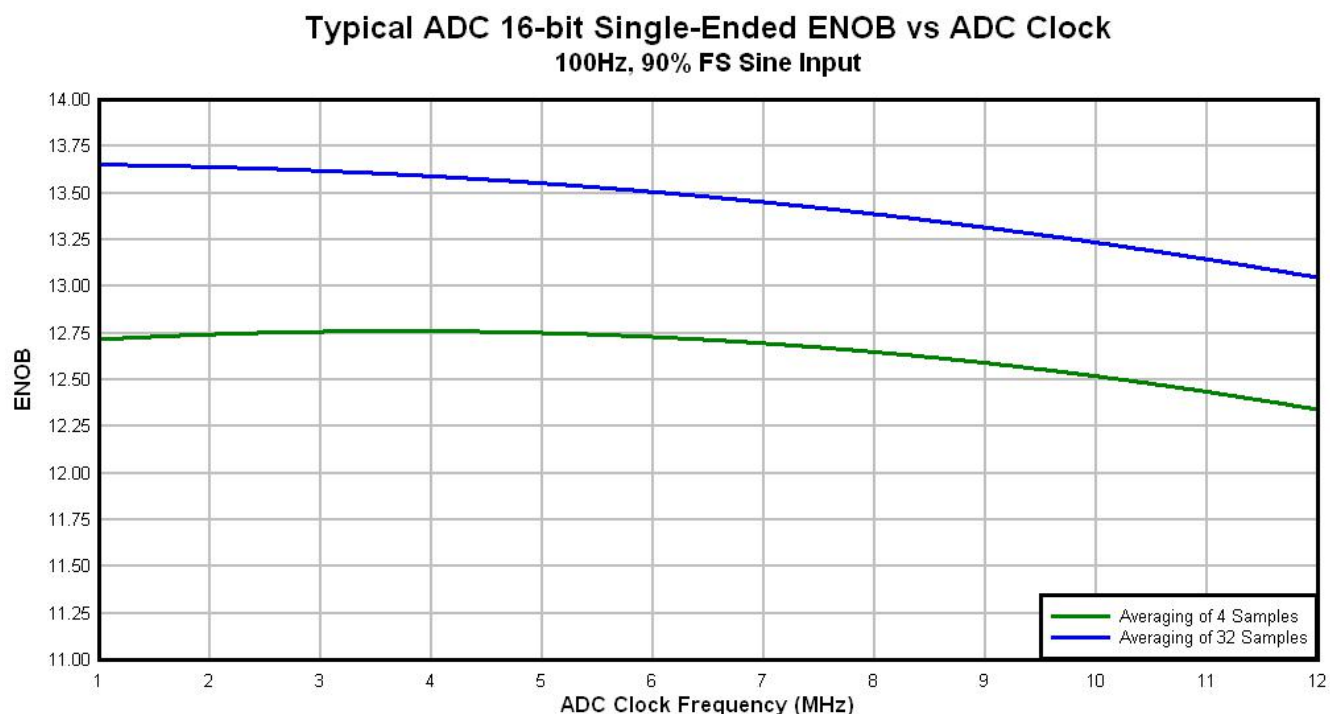


Figure 16. Typical ENOB vs. ADC_CLK for 16-bit single-ended mode

6.6.1.3 16-bit ADC with PGA operating conditions

Table 28. 16-bit ADC with PGA operating conditions

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DDA}	Supply voltage	Absolute	1.71	—	3.6	V	
V _{REFPGA}	PGA ref voltage		V _{REF_OU} T	V _{REF_OU} T	V _{REF_OU} T	V	2, 3
V _{ADIN}	Input voltage		V _{SSA}	—	V _{DDA}	V	
V _{CM}	Input Common Mode range		V _{SSA}	—	V _{DDA}	V	
R _{PGAD}	Differential input impedance	Gain = 1, 2, 4, 8 Gain = 16, 32 Gain = 64	— — —	128 64 32	— — —	kΩ	IN+ to IN- ⁴
R _{AS}	Analog source resistance		—	100	—	Ω	5
T _S	ADC sampling time		1.25	—	—	μs	6

Table continues on the next page...

Table 29. 16-bit ADC with PGA characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
G	Gain ⁴	- PGAG=0 - PGAG=1 - PGAG=2 - PGAG=3 - PGAG=4 - PGAG=5 - PGAG=6	0.95 1.9 3.8 7.6 15.2 30.0 58.8	1 2 4 8 16 31.6 63.3	1.05 2.1 4.2 8.4 16.6 33.2 67.8		R _{AS} < 100Ω
BW	Input signal bandwidth	16-bit modes < 16-bit modes	— —	— —	4 40	kHz kHz	
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	Gain=1	—	-84	—	dB	V _{DDA} = 3V ±100mV, f _{VDDA} = 50Hz, 60Hz
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	- Gain=1 - Gain=64	— —	-84 -85	— —	dB dB	V _{CM} = 500mVpp, f _{VCM} = 50Hz, 100Hz
V _{OFS}	Input offset voltage		—	0.2	—	mV	Output offset = V _{OFS} *(Gain+1)
T _{GSW}	Gain switching settling time		—	—	10	μs	5
dG/dT	Gain drift over full temperature range	- Gain=1 - Gain=64	— —	6 31	10 42	ppm/°C ppm/°C	
dG/dV _{DDA}	Gain drift over supply voltage	- Gain=1 - Gain=64	— —	0.07 0.14	0.21 0.31	%/V %/V	V _{DDA} from 1.71 to 3.6V
E _{IL}	Input leakage error	All modes	I _{in} × R _{AS}			mV	I _{in} = leakage current (refer to the MCU's voltage and current operating ratings)
V _{PP,DIFF}	Maximum differential input signal swing		$\left(\frac{(\min(V_X, V_{DDA} - V_X) - 0.2) \times 4}{\text{Gain}} \right)$ where V _X = V _{REFPGA} × 0.583			V	6
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	- Gain=1 - Gain=64	80 52	90 66	— —	dB dB	16-bit differential mode, Average=32
THD	Total harmonic distortion	- Gain=1 - Gain=64	85 49	100 95	— —	dB dB	16-bit differential mode, Average=32, f _{in} =100Hz

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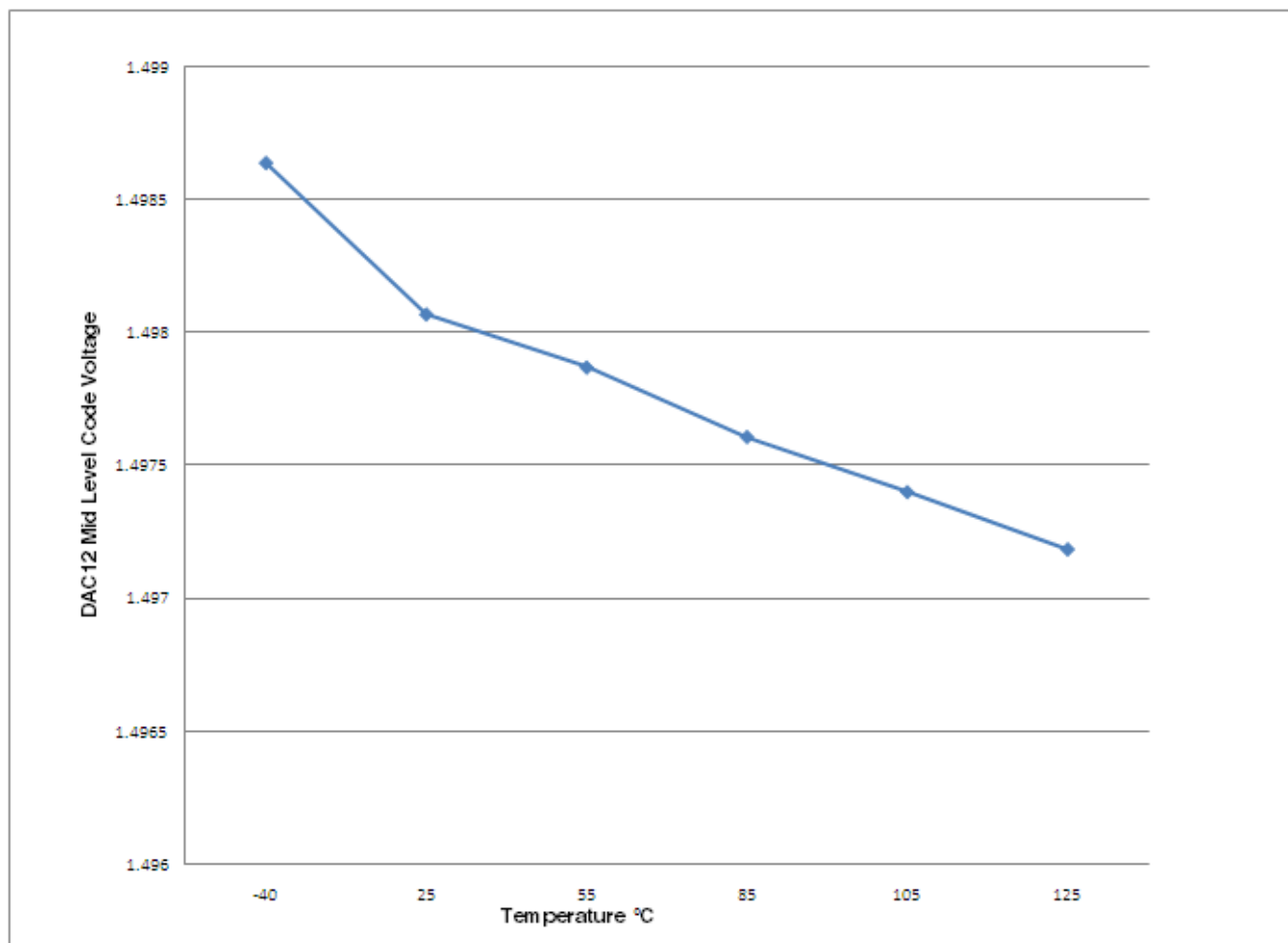


Figure 20. Offset at half scale vs. temperature

6.6.4 Voltage reference electrical specifications

Table 33. VREF full-range operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DDA}	Supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
T _A	Temperature	Operating temperature range of the device		°C	
C _L	Output load capacitance	100		nF	1, 2

1. C_L must be connected to VREF_OUT if the VREF_OUT functionality is being used for either an internal or external reference.
2. The load capacitance should not exceed +/-25% of the nominal specified C_L value over the operating temperature range of the device.

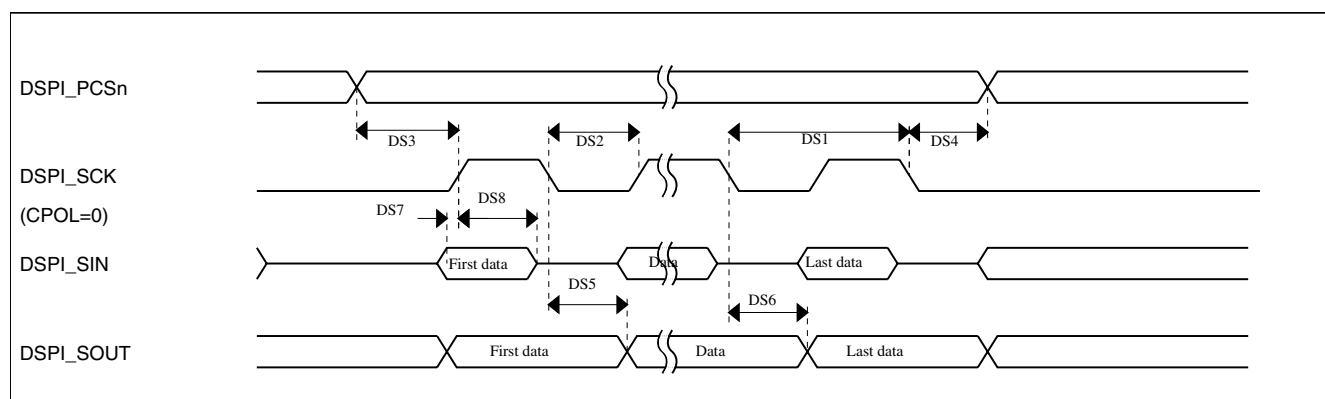


Figure 21. DSPI classic SPI timing — master mode

Table 40. Slave mode DSPI timing (limited voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
	Frequency of operation		12.5	MHz
DS9	DSPI_SCK input cycle time	$4 \times t_{BUS}$	—	ns
DS10	DSPI_SCK input high/low time	$(t_{SCK}/2) - 2$	$(t_{SCK}/2) + 2$	ns
DS11	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	10	ns
DS12	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	0	—	ns
DS13	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	2	—	ns
DS14	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	7	—	ns
DS15	DSPI_SS active to DSPI_SOUT driven	—	14	ns </td
DS16	DSPI_SS inactive to DSPI_SOUT not driven	—	14	ns

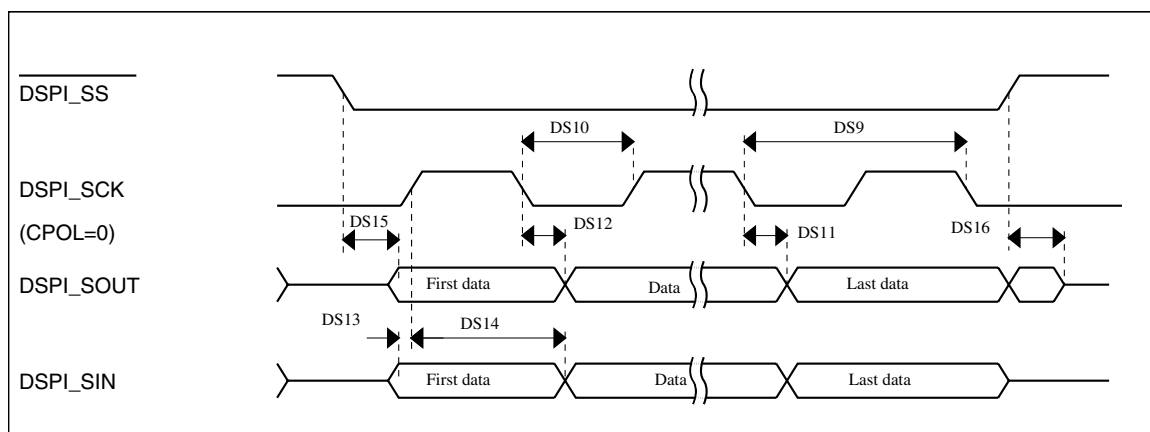


Figure 22. DSPI classic SPI timing — slave mode

6.8.6 DSPI switching specifications (full voltage range)

The DMA Serial Peripheral Interface (DSPI) provides a synchronous serial bus with master and slave operations. Many of the transfer attributes are programmable. The tables below provides DSPI timing characteristics for classic SPI timing modes. Refer to the DSPI chapter of the Reference Manual for information on the modified transfer formats used for communicating with slower peripheral devices.

Table 41. Master mode DSPI timing (full voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V	1
	Frequency of operation	—	12.5	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	$4 \times t_{\text{BUS}}$	—	ns	
DS2	DSPI_SCK output high/low time	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) - 4$	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) + 4$	ns	
DS3	DSPI_PCSn valid to DSPI_SCK delay	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 4$	—	ns	2
DS4	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_PCSn invalid delay	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 4$	—	ns	3
DS5	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	10	ns	
DS6	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	-4.5	—	ns	
DS7	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	20.5	—	ns	
DS8	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	0	—	ns	

1. The DSPI module can operate across the entire operating voltage for the processor, but to run across the full voltage range the maximum frequency of operation is reduced.
2. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PSSCK] and SPIx_CTARn[CSSCK].
3. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PASC] and SPIx_CTARn[ASC].

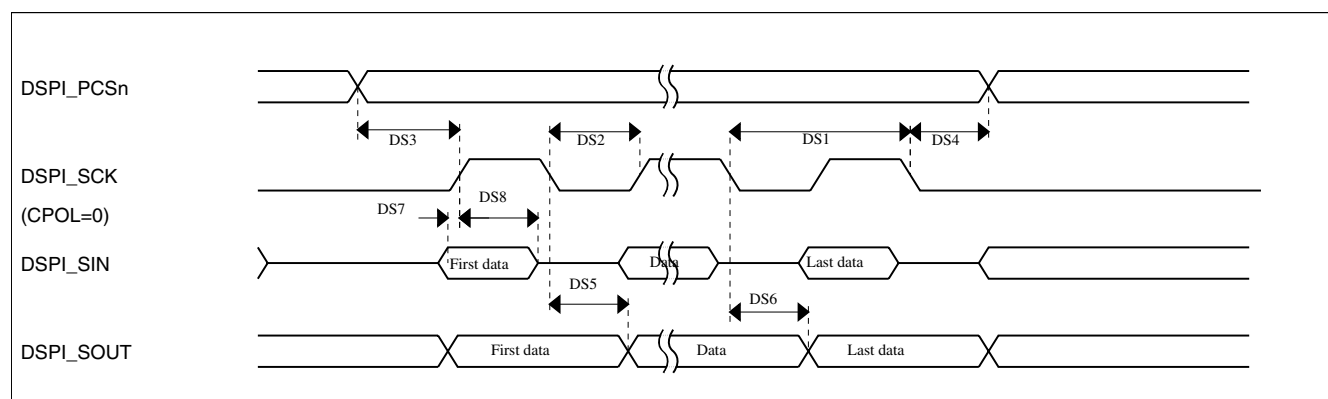


Figure 23. DSPI classic SPI timing — master mode

Table 42. Slave mode DSPI timing (full voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
	Frequency of operation	—	6.25	MHz

Table continues on the next page...

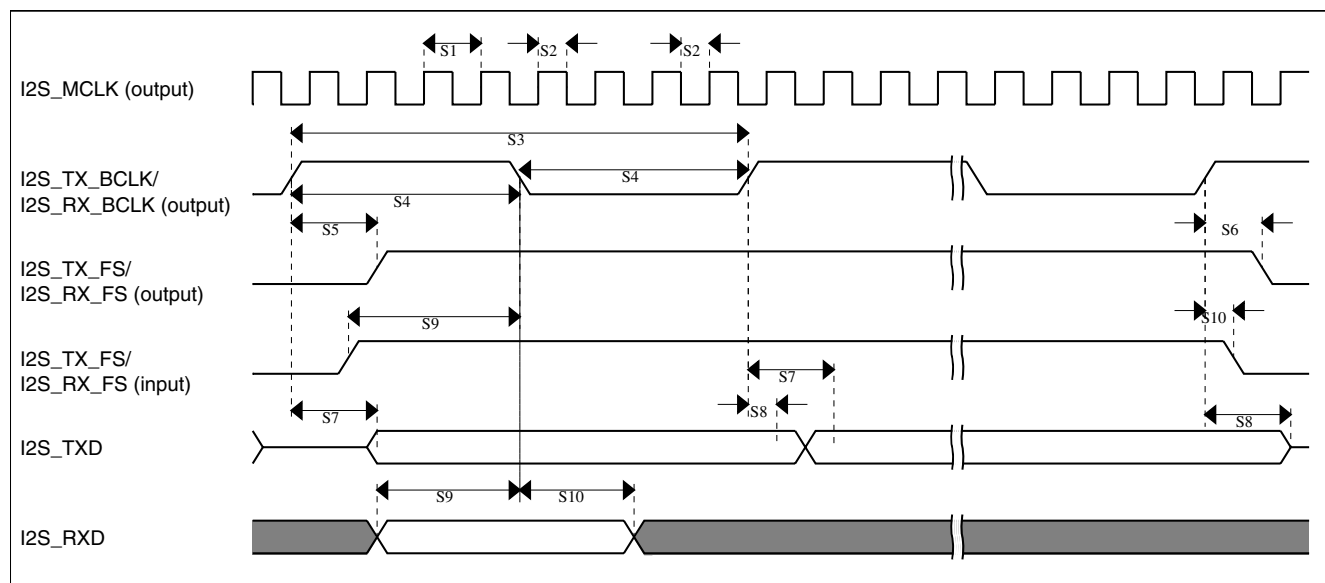


Figure 25. I2S/SAI timing — master modes

Table 44. I2S/SAI slave mode timing in Normal Run, Wait and Stop modes (full voltage range)

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S11	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (input)	80	—	ns
S12	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low (input)	45%	55%	MCLK period
S13	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	5.8	—	ns
S14	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	2	—	ns
S16	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output invalid	0	—	ns
S17	I2S_RXD setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	5.8	—	ns
S18	I2S_RXD hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	2	—	ns
S19	I2S_TX_FS input assertion to I2S_TXD output valid ¹	—	25	ns

1. Applies to first bit in each frame and only if the TCR4[FSE] bit is clear

8.1 K20 Signal Multiplexing and Pin Assignments

The following table shows the signals available on each pin and the locations of these pins on the devices supported by this document. The Port Control Module is responsible for selecting which ALT functionality is available on each pin.

121 MAP BGA	100 LQFP	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
E4	1	PTE0	ADC1_SE4a	ADC1_SE4a	PTE0	SPI1_PCS1	UART1_TX			I2C1_SDA	RTC_CLKOUT	
E3	2	PTE1/ LLWU_P0	ADC1_SE5a	ADC1_SE5a	PTE1/ LLWU_P0	SPI1_SOUT	UART1_RX			I2C1_SCL	SPI1_SIN	
E2	3	PTE2/ LLWU_P1	ADC1_SE6a	ADC1_SE6a	PTE2/ LLWU_P1	SPI1_SCK	UART1_CTS_ b					
F4	4	PTE3	ADC1_SE7a	ADC1_SE7a	PTE3	SPI1_SIN	UART1_RTS_ b				SPI1_SOUT	
E7	—	VDD	VDD	VDD								
F7	—	VSS	VSS	VSS								
H7	5	PTE4/ LLWU_P2	DISABLED		PTE4/ LLWU_P2	SPI1_PCS0	UART3_TX					
G4	6	PTE5	DISABLED		PTE5	SPI1_PCS2	UART3_RX					
F3	7	PTE6	DISABLED		PTE6	SPI1_PCS3	UART3_CTS_ b	I2S0_MCLK			USB_SOF_ OUT	
E6	8	VDD	VDD	VDD								
G7	9	VSS	VSS	VSS								
L6	—	VSS	VSS	VSS								
F1	10	USB0_DP	USB0_DP	USB0_DP								
F2	11	USB0_DM	USB0_DM	USB0_DM								
G1	12	VOUT33	VOUT33	VOUT33								
G2	13	VREGIN	VREGIN	VREGIN								
H1	14	ADC0_DP1	ADC0_DP1	ADC0_DP1								
H2	15	ADC0_DM1	ADC0_DM1	ADC0_DM1								
J1	16	ADC1_DP1	ADC1_DP1	ADC1_DP1								
J2	17	ADC1_DM1	ADC1_DM1	ADC1_DM1								
K1	18	PGA0_DP/ ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3	PGA0_DP/ ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3	PGA0_DP/ ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3								
K2	19	PGA0_DM/ ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3	PGA0_DM/ ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3	PGA0_DM/ ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3								
L1	20	PGA1_DP/ ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3	PGA1_DP/ ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3	PGA1_DP/ ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3								
L2	21	PGA1_DM/ ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3	PGA1_DM/ ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3	PGA1_DM/ ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3								
F5	22	VDDA	VDDA	VDDA								
G5	23	VREFH	VREFH	VREFH								

121 MAP BGA	100 LQFP	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
H10	47	PTA17	ADC1_SE17	ADC1_SE17	PTA17	SPI0_SIN	UART0_RTS_b			I2S0_MCLK		
L10	48	VDD	VDD	VDD								
K10	49	VSS	VSS	VSS								
L11	50	PTA18	EXTAL0	EXTAL0	PTA18		FTM0_FLT2	FTM_CLKIN0				
K11	51	PTA19	XTAL0	XTAL0	PTA19		FTM1_FLT0	FTM_CLKIN1		LPTMR0_ALT1		
J11	52	RESET_b	RESET_b	RESET_b								
G11	53	PTB0/ LLWU_P5	ADC0_SE8/ ADC1_SE8/ TSI0_CH0	ADC0_SE8/ ADC1_SE8/ TSI0_CH0	PTB0/ LLWU_P5	I2C0_SCL	FTM1_CH0			FTM1_QD_PHA		
G10	54	PTB1	ADC0_SE9/ ADC1_SE9/ TSI0_CH6	ADC0_SE9/ ADC1_SE9/ TSI0_CH6	PTB1	I2C0_SDA	FTM1_CH1			FTM1_QD_PHB		
G9	55	PTB2	ADC0_SE12/ TSI0_CH7	ADC0_SE12/ TSI0_CH7	PTB2	I2C0_SCL	UART0_RTS_b			FTM0_FLT3		
G8	56	PTB3	ADC0_SE13/ TSI0_CH8	ADC0_SE13/ TSI0_CH8	PTB3	I2C0_SDA	UART0_CTS_b/ UART0_COL_b			FTM0_FLT0		
F11	—	PTB6	ADC1_SE12	ADC1_SE12	PTB6				FB_AD23			
E11	—	PTB7	ADC1_SE13	ADC1_SE13	PTB7				FB_AD22			
D11	—	PTB8	DISABLED		PTB8		UART3_RTS_b		FB_AD21			
E10	57	PTB9	DISABLED		PTB9	SPI1_PCS1	UART3_CTS_b		FB_AD20			
D10	58	PTB10	ADC1_SE14	ADC1_SE14	PTB10	SPI1_PCS0	UART3_RX		FB_AD19	FTM0_FLT1		
C10	59	PTB11	ADC1_SE15	ADC1_SE15	PTB11	SPI1_SCK	UART3_TX		FB_AD18	FTM0_FLT2		
—	60	VSS	VSS	VSS								
—	61	VDD	VDD	VDD								
B10	62	PTB16	TSI0_CH9	TSI0_CH9	PTB16	SPI1_SOUT	UART0_RX		FB_AD17	EWM_IN		
E9	63	PTB17	TSI0_CH10	TSI0_CH10	PTB17	SPI1_SIN	UART0_TX		FB_AD16	EWM_OUT_b		
D9	64	PTB18	TSI0_CH11	TSI0_CH11	PTB18	CAN0_TX	FTM2_CH0	I2S0_TX_BCLK	FB_AD15	FTM2_QD_PHA		
C9	65	PTB19	TSI0_CH12	TSI0_CH12	PTB19	CAN0_RX	FTM2_CH1	I2S0_TX_FS	FB_OE_b	FTM2_QD_PHB		
F10	66	PTB20	DISABLED		PTB20				FB_AD31	CMP0_OUT		
F9	67	PTB21	DISABLED		PTB21				FB_AD30	CMP1_OUT		
F8	68	PTB22	DISABLED		PTB22				FB_AD29	CMP2_OUT		
E8	69	PTB23	DISABLED		PTB23		SPI0_PCS5		FB_AD28			
B9	70	PTC0	ADC0_SE14/ TSI0_CH13	ADC0_SE14/ TSI0_CH13	PTC0	SPI0_PCS4	PDB0_EXTRG		FB_AD14	I2S0_TXD1		
D8	71	PTC1/ LLWU_P6	ADC0_SE15/ TSI0_CH14	ADC0_SE15/ TSI0_CH14	PTC1/ LLWU_P6	SPI0_PCS3	UART1_RTS_b	FTM0_CH0	FB_AD13	I2S0_TXD0		

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
A	PTD7	PTD5	PTD4/ LLWU_P14	PTC19	PTC14	PTC13	PTC8	PTC4/ LLWU_P8	NC	NC	NC	A
B	NC	PTD6/ LLWU_P15	PTD3	PTC18	PTC15	PTC12	PTC7	PTC3/ LLWU_P7	PTC0	PTB16	NC	B
C	NC	NC	PTD2/ LLWU_P13	PTC17	PTC11/ LLWU_P11	PTC10	PTC6/ LLWU_P10	PTC2	PTB19	PTB11	NC	C
D	NC	NC	PTD1	PTD0/ LLWU_P12	PTC16	PTC9	PTC5/ LLWU_P9	PTC1/ LLWU_P6	PTB18	PTB10	PTB8	D
E	NC	PTE2/ LLWU_P1	PTE1/ LLWU_P0	PTE0	VDD	VDD	VDD	PTB23	PTB17	PTB9	PTB7	E
F	USB0_DP	USB0_DM	PTE6	PTE3	VDDA	VSSA	VSS	PTB22	PTB21	PTB20	PTB6	F
G	VOOUT33	VREGIN	VSS	PTE5	VREFH	VREFL	VSS	PTB3	PTB2	PTB1	PTB0/ LLWU_P5	G
H	ADC0_DP1	ADC0_DM1	NC	NC	PTE24	PTE26	PTE4/ LLWU_P2	PTA1	PTA3	PTA17	NC	H
J	ADC1_DP	ADC1_DM	NC	NC	PTE25	PTA0	PTA2	PTA4/ LLWU_P3	NC	PTA16	RESET_b	J
K	PGA0_DP/ ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3	PGA0_DM/ ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3	NC	NC	DAC0_OUT/ CMP1_IN3/ ADC0_SE23	VBAT	PTA5	PTA12	PTA14	VSS	PTA19	K
L	PGA1_DP/ ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3	PGA1_DM/ ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18	XTAL32	EXTAL32	VSS	RTC WAKEUP_B	PTA13/ LLWU_P4	PTA15	VDD	PTA18	L
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	

Figure 30. K20 121 MAPBGA Pinout Diagram

9 Revision History

The following table provides a revision history for this document.

Table 48. Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
1	3/2012	Initial public release

Table continues on the next page...

Table 48. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
2	4/2012	• Replaced TBDs throughout. • Updated "Power consumption operating behaviors" table. • Updated "ADC electrical specifications" section. • Updated "VREF full-range operating behaviors" table. • Updated "I2S/SAI Switching Specifications" section. • Updated "TSI electrical specifications" table.
3	11/2012	• Updated orderable part numbers. • Updated the maximum input voltage (V_{ADIN}) specification in the "16-bit ADC operating conditions" section. • Updated the maximum I_{DDstby} specification in the "USB VREG electrical specifications" section.