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Understanding <u>Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)</u>

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - CPLDs**

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	4.7 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	1.7V ~ 1.9V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	4
Number of Macrocells	64
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	64
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 90°C (TJ)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lc4064ze-4tcn100c

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



### Introduction

The high performance ispMACH 4000ZE family from Lattice offers an ultra low power CPLD solution. The new family is based on Lattice's industry-leading ispMACH 4000 architecture. Retaining the best of the previous generation, the ispMACH 4000ZE architecture focuses on significant innovations to combine high performance with low power in a flexible CPLD family. For example, the family's new Power Guard feature minimizes dynamic power consumption by preventing internal logic toggling due to unnecessary I/O pin activity.

The ispMACH 4000ZE combines high speed and low power with the flexibility needed for ease of design. With its robust Global Routing Pool and Output Routing Pool, this family delivers excellent First-Time-Fit, timing predictability, routing, pin-out retention and density migration.

The ispMACH 4000ZE family offers densities ranging from 32 to 256 macrocells. There are multiple density-I/O combinations in Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP), Chip Scale BGA (csBGA), and Ultra Chip Scale BGA (ucBGA) packages ranging from 32 to 144 pins/balls. Table 1 shows the macrocell, package and I/O options, along with other key parameters.

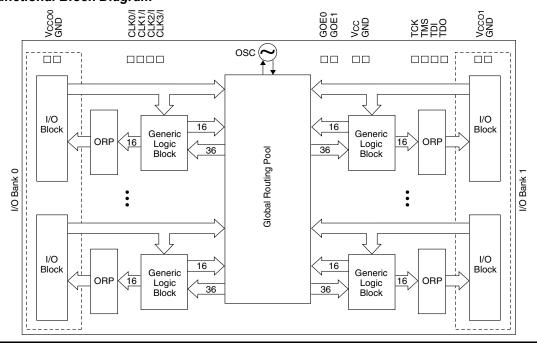
A user programmable internal oscillator and a timer are included in the device for tasks like LED control, keyboard scanner and similar housekeeping type state machines. This feature can be optionally disabled to save power.

The ispMACH 4000ZE family has enhanced system integration capabilities. It supports a 1.8V supply voltage and 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V and 1.5V interface voltages. Additionally, inputs can be safely driven up to 5.5V when an I/O bank is configured for 3.3V operation, making this family 5V tolerant. The ispMACH 4000ZE also offers enhanced I/O features such as slew rate control, PCI compatibility, bus-keeper latches, pull-up resistors, pull-down resistors, open drain outputs and hot socketing. Pull-up, pull-down and bus-keeper features are controllable on a "per-pin" basis. The ispMACH 4000ZE family members are 1.8V in-system programmable through the IEEE Standard 1532 interface. IEEE Standard 1149.1 boundary scan testing capability also allows product testing on automated test equipment. The 1532 interface signals TCK, TMS, TDI and TDO are referenced to V<sub>CC</sub> (logic core).

#### **Overview**

The ispMACH 4000ZE devices consist of multiple 36-input, 16-macrocell Generic Logic Blocks (GLBs) interconnected by a Global Routing Pool (GRP). Output Routing Pools (ORPs) connect the GLBs to the I/O Blocks (IOBs), which contain multiple I/O cells. This architecture is shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram





The I/Os in the ispMACH 4000ZE are split into two banks. Each bank has a separate I/O power supply. Inputs can support a variety of standards independent of the chip or bank power supply. Outputs support the standards compatible with the power supply provided to the bank. Support for a variety of standards helps designers implement designs in mixed voltage environments. In addition, 5V tolerant inputs are specified within an I/O bank that is connected to a  $V_{CCO}$  of 3.0V to 3.6V for LVCMOS 3.3, LVTTL and PCI interfaces.

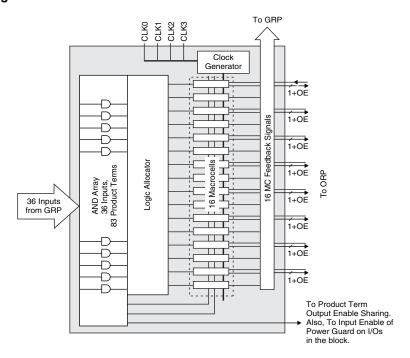
#### **Architecture**

There are a total of two GLBs in the ispMACH 4032ZE, increasing to 16 GLBs in the ispMACH 4256ZE. Each GLB has 36 inputs. All GLB inputs come from the GRP and all outputs from the GLB are brought back into the GRP to be connected to the inputs of any other GLB on the device. Even if feedback signals return to the same GLB, they still must go through the GRP. This mechanism ensures that GLBs communicate with each other with consistent and predictable delays. The outputs from the GLB are also sent to the ORP. The ORP then sends them to the associated I/O cells in the I/O block.

#### **Generic Logic Block**

The ispMACH 4000ZE GLB consists of a programmable AND array, logic allocator, 16 macrocells and a GLB clock generator. Macrocells are decoupled from the product terms through the logic allocator and the I/O pins are decoupled from macrocells through the ORP. Figure 2 illustrates the GLB.

Figure 2. Generic Logic Block



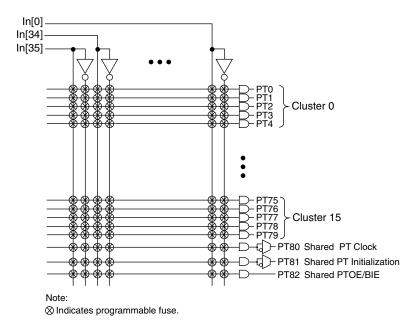
#### **AND Array**

The programmable AND Array consists of 36 inputs and 83 output product terms. The 36 inputs from the GRP are used to form 72 lines in the AND Array (true and complement of the inputs). Each line in the array can be connected to any of the 83 output product terms via a wired-AND. Each of the 80 logic product terms feed the logic allocator with the remaining three control product terms feeding the Shared PT Clock, Shared PT Initialization and Shared PT OE. The Shared PT Clock and Shared PT Initialization signals can optionally be inverted before being fed to the macrocells.

Every set of five product terms from the 80 logic product terms forms a product term cluster starting with PT0. There is one product term cluster for every macrocell in the GLB. Figure 3 is a graphical representation of the AND Array.



Figure 3. AND Array



#### **Enhanced Logic Allocator**

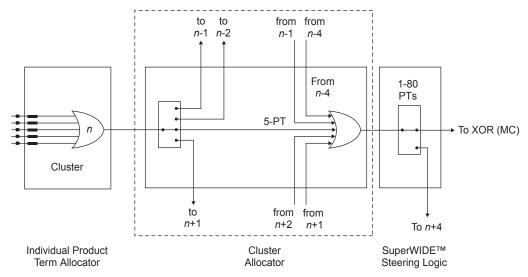
Within the logic allocator, product terms are allocated to macrocells in product term clusters. Each product term cluster is associated with a macrocell. The cluster size for the ispMACH 4000ZE family is 4+1 (total 5) product terms. The software automatically considers the availability and distribution of product term clusters as it fits the functions within a GLB. The logic allocator is designed to provide two speed paths: 20-PT Speed Locking path and an up to 80-PT path. The availability of these two paths lets designers trade timing variability for increased performance.

The enhanced Logic Allocator of the ispMACH 4000ZE family consists of the following blocks:

- Product Term Allocator
- Cluster Allocator
- Wide Steering Logic

Figure 4 shows a macrocell slice of the Logic Allocator. There are 16 such slices in the GLB.

Figure 4. Macrocell Slice





- Block CLK2
- Block CLK3
- PT Clock
- PT Clock Inverted
- Shared PT Clock
- Ground

### **Clock Enable Multiplexer**

Each macrocell has a 4:1 clock enable multiplexer. This allows the clock enable signal to be selected from the following four sources:

- PT Initialization/CE
- PT Initialization/CE Inverted
- Shared PT Clock
- Logic High

#### **Initialization Control**

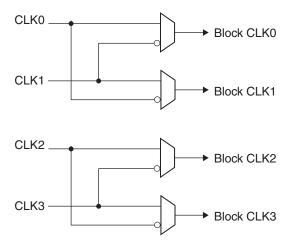
The ispMACH 4000ZE family architecture accommodates both block-level and macrocell-level set and reset capability. There is one block-level initialization term that is distributed to all macrocell registers in a GLB. At the macrocell level, two product terms can be "stolen" from the cluster associated with a macrocell to be used for set/reset functionality. A reset/preset swapping feature in each macrocell allows for reset and preset to be exchanged, providing flexibility.

Note that the reset/preset swapping selection feature affects power-up reset as well. All flip-flops power up to a known state for predictable system initialization. If a macrocell is configured to SET on a signal from the block-level initialization, then that macrocell will be SET during device power-up. If a macrocell is configured to RESET on a signal from the block-level initialization or is not configured for set/reset, then that macrocell will RESET on power-up. To guarantee initialization values, the  $V_{CC}$  rise must be monotonic, and the clock must be inactive until the reset delay time has elapsed.

#### **GLB Clock Generator**

Each ispMACH 4000ZE device has up to four clock pins that are also routed to the GRP to be used as inputs. These pins drive a clock generator in each GLB, as shown in Figure 6. The clock generator provides four clock signals that can be used anywhere in the GLB. These four GLB clock signals can consist of a number of combinations of the true and complement edges of the global clock signals.

Figure 6. GLB Clock Generator





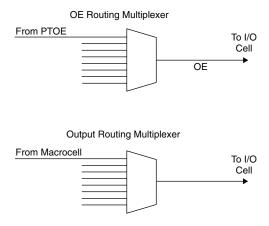
#### **Output Routing Pool (ORP)**

The Output Routing Pool allows macrocell outputs to be connected to any of several I/O cells within an I/O block. This provides greater flexibility in determining the pinout and allows design changes to occur without affecting the pinout. The output routing pool also provides a parallel capability for routing macrocell-level OE product terms. This allows the OE product term to follow the macrocell output as it is switched between I/O cells. The enhanced ORP of the ispMACH 4000ZE family consists of the following elements:

- Output Routing Multiplexers
- OE Routing Multiplexers

Figure 7 shows the structure of the ORP from the I/O cell perspective. This is referred to as an ORP slice. Each ORP has as many ORP slices as there are I/O cells in the corresponding I/O block.

Figure 7. ORP Slice



### **Output Routing Multiplexers**

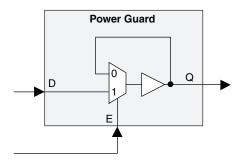
The details of connections between the macrocells and the I/O cells vary across devices and within a device dependent on the maximum number of I/Os available. Tables 5-7 provide the connection details.

Table 5. GLB/MC/ORP Combinations for ispMACH 4256ZE

GLB/MC	ORP Mux Input Macrocells
[GLB] [MC 0]	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
[GLB] [MC 1]	M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9
[GLB] [MC 2]	M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11
[GLB] [MC 3]	M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13
[GLB] [MC 4]	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
[GLB] [MC 5]	M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M0, M1
[GLB] [MC 6]	M12, M13, M14, M15, M0, M1, M2, M3
[GLB] [MC 7]	M14, M15, M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5



Figure 9. Power Guard

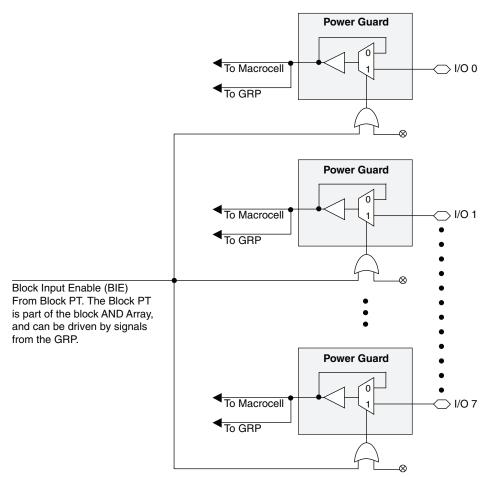


All the I/O pins in a block share a common Power Guard Enable signal. For a block of I/Os, this signal is called a Block Input Enable (BIE) signal. BIE can be internally generated using MC logic, or could come from external sources using one of the user I/O or input pins.

Any I/O pin in the block can be programmed to ignore the BIE signal. Thus, the feature can be enabled or disabled on a pin-by-pin basis.

Figure 10 shows Power Guard and BIE across multiple I/Os in a block that has eight I/Os.

Figure 10. Power Guard and BIE in a Block with 8 I/Os





### I/O Recommended Operating Conditions

	V <sub>CCO</sub> (V) <sup>1</sup>		
Standard	Min.	Max.	
LVTTL	3.0	3.6	
LVCMOS 3.3	3.0	3.6	
Extended LVCMOS 3.3	2.7	3.6	
LVCMOS 2.5	2.3	2.7	
LVCMOS 1.8	1.65	1.95	
LVCMOS 1.5	1.4	1.6	
PCI 3.3	3.0	3.6	

<sup>1.</sup> Typical values for  $\ensuremath{V_{\text{CCO}}}$  are the average of the min. and max. values.

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

#### **Over Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
I <sub>IL</sub> , I <sub>IH</sub> <sup>1, 2</sup>	Input Leakage Current	$0 \le V_{IN} < V_{CCO}$	_	0.5	1	μΑ
I <sub>IH</sub> <sup>1</sup>	Input High Leakage Current	$V_{CCO} < V_{IN} \le 5.5V$	_	_	10	μΑ
I <sub>PU</sub>	I/O Weak Pull-up Resistor Current	$0 \le V_{IN} \le 0.7V_{CCO}$	-20		-150	μΑ
I <sub>PD</sub>	I/O Weak Pull-down Resistor Current	$V_{IL}$ (MAX) $\leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IH}$ (MAX)	30	_	150	μΑ
I <sub>BHLS</sub>	Bus Hold Low Sustaining Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> (MAX)	30		_	μΑ
I <sub>BHHS</sub>	Bus Hold High Sustaining Current	$V_{IN} = 0.7 V_{CCO}$	-20	_	_	μΑ
I <sub>BHLO</sub>	Bus Hold Low Overdrive Current	$0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{BHT}$	_	_	150	μΑ
I <sub>BHHO</sub>	Bus Hold High Overdrive Current	$V_{BHT} \le V_{IN} \le V_{CCO}$	_		-150	μΑ
V <sub>BHT</sub>	Bus Hold Trip Points	_	V <sub>CCO</sub> * 0.35	_	V <sub>CCO</sub> * 0.65	V
C <sub>1</sub>	I/O Capacitance <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V, 1.5V	_	8	_	pf
O <sub>1</sub>	1/O Capacitance	$V_{CC}$ = 1.8V, $V_{IO}$ = 0 to $V_{IH}$ (MAX)	_	0	_	ρι
C	Clock Capacitance <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V, 1.5V	_	6	_	nf
C <sub>2</sub>	Опоск Сараспансе	$V_{CC} = 1.8V$ , $V_{IO} = 0$ to $V_{IH}$ (MAX)	_	O	_	pf
C-	Global Input Capacitance <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V, 1.5V	_	6	_	nf
C <sub>3</sub>		$V_{CC} = 1.8V$ , $V_{IO} = 0$ to $V_{IH}$ (MAX)	_	O	_	pf

<sup>1.</sup> Input or I/O leakage current is measured with the pin configured as an input or as an I/O with the output driver tristated. It is not measured with the output driver active. Bus maintenance circuits are disabled.

<sup>2.</sup> I<sub>IH</sub> excursions of up to 1.5μA maximum per pin above the spec limit may be observed for certain voltage conditions on no more than 10% of the device's I/O pins.

<sup>3.</sup> Measured  $T_A = 25$ °C, f = 1.0MHz.



### **Boundary Scan Waveforms and Timing Specifications**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
t <sub>BTCP</sub>	TCK [BSCAN test] clock cycle	40	_	ns
t <sub>BTCH</sub>	TCK [BSCAN test] pulse width high	20	_	ns
t <sub>BTCL</sub>	TCK [BSCAN test] pulse width low	20	_	ns
t <sub>BTSU</sub>	TCK [BSCAN test] setup time	8	_	ns
t <sub>BTH</sub>	TCK [BSCAN test] hold time	10	_	ns
t <sub>BRF</sub>	TCK [BSCAN test] rise and fall time	50	_	mV/ns
t <sub>BTCO</sub>	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid output	_	10	ns
t <sub>BTOZ</sub>	TAP controller falling edge of clock to data output disable	_	10	ns
t <sub>BTVO</sub>	TAP controller falling edge of clock to data output enable	_	10	ns
t <sub>BTCPSU</sub>	BSCAN test Capture register setup time	8	_	ns
t <sub>BTCPH</sub>	BSCAN test Capture register hold time	10	_	ns
t <sub>BTUCO</sub>	BSCAN test Update reg, falling edge of clock to valid output	_	25	ns
t <sub>BTUOZ</sub>	BSCAN test Update reg, falling edge of clock to output disable	_	25	ns
t <sub>BTUOV</sub>	BSCAN test Update reg, falling edge of clock to output enable		25	ns



### **Switching Test Conditions**

Figure 17 shows the output test load that is used for AC testing. The specific values for resistance, capacitance, voltage, and other test conditions are shown in Table 13.

Figure 17. Output Test Load, LVTTL and LVCMOS Standards

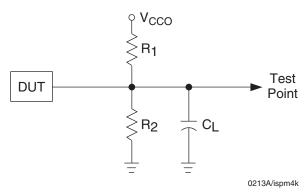


Table 13. Test Fixture Required Components

Test Condition	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> <sup>1</sup>	Timing Ref.	V <sub>cco</sub>
				LVCMOS 3.3 = 1.5V	LVCMOS 3.3 = 3.0V
				LVCMOS $2.5 = \frac{V_{CCO}}{2}$	LVCMOS 2.5 = 2.3V
LVCMOS I/O, (L -> H, H -> L)	106Ω	106Ω	35pF	LVCMOS 1.8 = $\frac{V_{CCO}}{2}$	LVCMOS 1.8 = 1.65V
				LVCMOS 1.5 = $\frac{V_{CCO}}{2}$	LVCMOS 1.5 = 1.4V
LVCMOS I/O (Z -> H)	∞	106Ω	35pF	1.5V	3.0V
LVCMOS I/O (Z -> L)	106Ω	$\infty$	35pF	1.5V	3.0V
LVCMOS I/O (H -> Z)	∞	106Ω	5pF	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.3	3.0V
LVCMOS I/O (L -> Z)	106Ω	8	5pF	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3	3.0V

<sup>1.</sup> C<sub>L</sub> includes test fixtures and probe capacitance.



### ispMACH 4000ZE Power Supply and NC Connections<sup>1</sup> (Cont.)

Signal	132 ucBGA³	144 csBGA³	144 TQFP <sup>2</sup>
VCC	M1, M7, A12, B5	H5, H8, E8, E5	36, 57, 108, 129
VCCO0 VCCO (Bank 0)	B1, H4, L2, J5, A4	E4, F4, G4, J5, D5	3, 19, 34, 47, 136
VCCO1 VCCO (Bank 1)	K9, L12, F12, D9, C7	J8, H9, G9, F9, D8	64, 75, 91, 106, 119
GND	E5, E8, H5, H8	F6, G6, G7, F7	1, 37, 73, 109
GND (Bank 0)	E2, H2, M4, B7, B3	G5, H4, H6, E6, F5	10, 184, 27, 46, 127, 137
GND (Bank 1)	L7, J9, H12, E9, A9	H7, J9, G8, F8, E7	55, 65, 82, 90 <sup>4</sup> , 99, 118
NC	_	4064ZE: E4, B2, B1, D2, D3, E1, H1, H3, H2, L1, G4, M1, K3, M2, M4, L5, H7, L8, M8, L10, K9, M11, H9, L12, L11, J12, J11, H10, D10, F10, D12, B12, F9, A12, C10, B10, A9, B8, E6, B5, A5, C4, B3, A2 4128ZE: D2, D3, H2, M1, K3, M11, J12, J11, D12, A12, C10, A2	,

<sup>1.</sup> All grounds must be electrically connected at the board level. However, for the purposes of I/O current loading, grounds are associated with the bank shown.

<sup>2.</sup> Pin orientation follows the conventional order from pin 1 marking of the top side view and counter-clockwise.

<sup>3.</sup> Pin orientation A1 starts from the upper left corner of the top side view with alphabetical order ascending vertically and numerical order ascending horizontally.

<sup>4.</sup> For the LC4256ZE, pins 18 and 90 are no connects.



### ispMACH 4032ZE and 4064ZE Logic Signal Connections: 64 csBGA

		ispMACH 4032ZE	ispMACH 4064ZE
Ball Number	Bank Number	GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad
B2	-	TDI	TDI
B1	0	A5	A8
C2	0	A6	A10
C1	0	A7	A11
GND*	0	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)
C3	0	NC	A12
E3	0	VCCO (Bank 0)	VCCO (Bank 0)
D1	0	A8	B15
D2	0	NC	B14
E1	0	A9	B13
D3	0	A10	B12
F1	0	A11	B11
E2	0	NC	B10
G1	0	NC	B9
F2	0	NC	B8
H1	-	TCK	TCK
E4	-	VCC	VCC
GND*	-	GND	GND
G2	0	A12	B6
H2	0	NC	B5
H3	0	A13	B4
GND*	0	NC	GND (Bank 0)
F4	0	NC	VCCO (Bank 0)
G3	0	A14	B3
F3	0	NC	B2
H4	0	A15	В0
G4	0	CLK1/I	CLK1/I
H5	1	CLK2/I	CLK2/I
F5	1	В0	C0
G5	1	B1	C1
G6	1	B2	C2
H6	1	B3	C4
F6	1	B4	C5
H7	1	NC	C6
H8	-	TMS	TMS
G7	1	B5	C8
F7	1	B6	C10
G8	1	B7	C11
GND*	1	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 1)
F8	1	NC	C12
D6	1	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)
E8	1	B8	D15



### ispMACH 4032ZE and 4064ZE Logic Signal Connections: 64 csBGA (Cont.)

		ispMACH 4032ZE	ispMACH 4064ZE
Ball Number	Bank Number	GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad
E7	1	NC	D14
E6	1	B9	D13
D7	1	B10	D12
D8	1	NC	D11
C5	1	NC	D10
C7	1	B11	D9
C8	1	NC	D8
B8	-	TDO	TDO
D5	-	VCC	VCC
GND*	-	GND	GND
A8	1	B12	D7
A7	1	NC	D6
B7	1	NC	D5
A6	1	B13	D4
GND*	1	NC	GND (Bank 1)
C6	1	NC	VCCO (Bank 1)
B6	1	B14	D3
A5	1	NC	D2
B5	1	B15/GOE1	D0/GOE1
A4	1	CLK3/I	CLK3/I
C4	0	CLK0/I	CLK0/I
B4	0	A0/GOE0	A0/GOE0
B3	0	A1	A1
A3	0	A2	A2
A2	0	A3	A4
A1	0	A4	A6

<sup>\*</sup> All bonded grounds are connected to the following two balls, D4 and E5.



### ispMACH 4128ZE Logic Signal Connections: 132 ucBGA

Ball Number	Bank Number	GLB/MC/Pad
GND*	-	GND
A1	-	TDI
B1	0	VCCO (Bank 0)
D3	0	В0
C1	0	B1
D2	0	B2
D1	0	B4
E4	0	B5
F3	0	B6
E2	0	GND (Bank 0)
E1	0	B8
E3	0	В9
F4	0	B10
G4	0	B12
F2	0	B13
G3	0	B14
H4	0	VCCO (Bank 0)
F1	0	C14
G2	0	C13
G1	0	C12
H3	0	C10
J4	0	C9
H1	0	C8
H2	0	GND (Bank 0)
J3	0	C6
J1	0	C5
J2	0	C4
КЗ	0	C2
K2	0	C1
K1	0	C0
L2	0	VCCO (Bank 0)
L1	-	TCK
M1	-	VCC
GND*	-	GND
L3	0	D14
M2	0	D13
K4	0	D12
M3	0	D10
K5	0	D9
L4	0	D8
M4	0	GND (Bank 0)
J5	0	VCCO (Bank 0)
L5	0	D6



### ispMACH 4128ZE Logic Signal Connections: 132 ucBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	Bank Number	GLB/MC/Pad
M5	0	D5
J6	0	D4
K6	0	D2
L6	0	D1
M6	0	D0
K7	0	CLK1/I
L7	1	GND (Bank 1)
J7	1	CLK2/I
M7	-	VCC
K8	1	E0
L8	1	E1
M8	1	E2
J8	1	E4
L9	1	E5
M9	1	E6
K9	1	VCCO (Bank 1)
J9	1	GND (Bank 1)
L10	1	E8
K10	1	E9
M10	1	E10
L11	1	E12
K12	1	E13
M11	1	E14
GND*	-	GND
M12	-	TMS
L12	1	VCCO (Bank 1)
K11	1	F0
J10	1	F1
H9	1	F2
J12	1	F4
J11	1	F5
H10	1	F6
H12	1	GND (Bank 1)
G9	1	F8
H11	1	F9
F9	1	F10
G12	1	F12
G11	1	F13
G10	1	F14
F12	1	VCCO (Bank 1)
F10	1	G14
F11	1	G13
E11	1	G12
E10	1	G10



### ispMACH 4128ZE Logic Signal Connections: 132 ucBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	Bank Number	GLB/MC/Pad
D10	1	G9
E12	1	G8
E9	1	GND (Bank 1)
D12	1	G6
D11	1	G5
C12	1	G4
C10	1	G2
C11	1	G1
B11	1	G0
D9	1	VCCO (Bank 1)
B12	-	TDO
A12	-	VCC
GND*	-	GND
A10	1	H14
A11	1	H13
B10	1	H12
C9	1	H10
D8	1	H9
C8	1	H8
A9	1	GND (Bank 1)
C7	1	VCCO (Bank 1)
B9	1	H6
B8	1	H5
D7	1	H4
A8	1	H2
A7	1	H1
B6	1	H0/GOE1
C6	1	CLK3/I
B7	0	GND (Bank 0)
D6	0	CLK0/I
B5	-	VCC
A6	0	A0/GOE0
C5	0	A1
B4	0	A2
A5	0	A4
C4	0	A5
D5	0	A6
A4	0	VCCO (Bank 0)
B3	0	GND (Bank 0)
D4	0	A8
A3	0	A9
C3	0	A10
B2	0	A12
C2	0	A13



## ispMACH 4064ZE, 4128ZE and 4256ZE Logic Signal Connections: 144 csBGA

Ball	Bank	LC4064ZE	LC4128ZE	LC4256ZE		
Number	Number	GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad		
F6	-	GND	GND	GND		
A1	-	TDI	TDI	TDI		
E4	0	NC Ball	VCCO (Bank 0)	VCCO (Bank 0)		
B2	0	NC Ball	В0	C12		
B1	0	NC Ball	B1	C10		
C3	0	A8	B2	C8		
C2	0	A9	B4	C6		
C1	0	A10	B5	C4		
D1	0	A11	B6	C2		
G5	0	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)		
D2	0	NC Ball	NC Ball	D14		
D3	0	NC Ball	NC Ball	D12		
E1	0	NC Ball	B8	D10		
E2	0	A12	B9	D8		
F2	0	A13	B10	D6		
D4	0	A14	B12	D4		
F1	0	A15	B13	D2		
F3*	0	I	B14	D0		
F4	0	VCCO (Bank 0)	VCCO (Bank 0)	VCCO (Bank 0)		
G1	0	B15	C14	E0		
E3	0	B14	C13	E2		
G2	0	B13	C12	E4		
G3	0	B12	C10	E6		
H1	0	NC Ball	C9	E8		
НЗ	0	NC Ball	C8	E10		
H2	0	NC Ball	NC Ball	E12		
H4	0	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)		
J1	0	B11	C6	F2		
J3	0	B10	C5	F4		
J2	0	B9	C4	F6		
K1	0	B8	C2	F8		
K2*	0	I	C1	F10		
L1	0	NC Ball	C0	F12		
G4	0	NC Ball	VCCO (Bank 0)	VCCO (Bank 0)		
L2	-	TCK	TCK	TCK		
H5	-	VCC	VCC	VCC		
G6	-	GND	GND	GND		
M1	0	NC Ball	NC Ball	G14		
K3	0	NC Ball	NC Ball	G12		
M2	0	NC Ball	D14	G10		
L3*	0	I	D13	G8		



# ispMACH 4064ZE, 4128ZE and 4256ZE Logic Signal Connections: 144 csBGA (Cont.)

J12 J11 H10 H12 G11 H11 G12 G10* G9 F12	Bank Number	GLB/MC/Pad  NC Ball  NC Ball  NC Ball  C12  C13  C14  C15	GLB/MC/Pad  NC Ball  NC Ball  F8  F9  F10  F12	GLB/MC/Pad  L14  L12  L10  L8  L6  L4
J11 H10 H12 G11 H11 G12 G10* G9 F12	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	NC Ball NC Ball C12 C13 C14 C15	NC Ball F8 F9 F10 F12	L12 L10 L8 L6
H10 H12 G11 H11 G12 G10* G9 F12	1 1 1 1 1	NC Ball C12 C13 C14 C15	F8 F9 F10 F12	L10 L8 L6
H12 G11 H11 G12 G10* G9 F12	1 1 1 1	C12 C13 C14 C15	F9 F10 F12	L8 L6
G11 H11 G12 G10* G9 F12	1 1 1	C13 C14 C15	F10 F12	L6
H11 G12 G10* G9 F12	1 1 1	C14 C15	F12	
G12 G10* G9 F12	1 1	C15		Ι /
G10* G9 F12	1		E40	L <del>4</del>
G9 F12		ı	F13	L2
F12	1	I .	F14	LO
		VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)
	1	D15	G14	MO
F11	1	D14	G13	M2
E11	1	D13	G12	M4
E12	1	D12	G10	M6
D10	1	NC Ball	G9	M8
F10	1	NC Ball	G8	M10
D12	1	NC Ball	NC Ball	M12
F8	1	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)
E10	1	D11	G6	N2
D11	1	D10	G5	N4
E9	1	D9	G4	N6
C12	1	D8	G2	N8
C11*	1		G1	N10
B12	1	NC Ball	G0	N12
F9	1	NC Ball	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)
B11	-	TDO	TDO	TDO
E8	-	VCC	VCC	VCC
F7	-	GND	GND	GND
A12	1	NC Ball	NC Ball	014
C10	1	NC Ball	NC Ball	012
B10	1	NC Ball	H14	O10
A11*	1	I	H13	O8
D9	1	D7	H12	O6
B9	1	D6	H10	04
C9	1	D5	H9	02
A10	1	D4	H8	00
E7	1	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)
D8	1	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)
A9	1	NC Ball	H6	P12
B8	1	NC Ball	H5	P10
C8	1	D3	H4	P8
A8	1	D2	H2	P6
D7	1	D1	H1	P4
B7	1	D0/G0F1	H0/G0F1	P2/GOF1



### ispMACH 4128ZE and 4256ZE Logic Signal Connections: 144 TQFP

			LC4256ZE		
Pin Number	Bank Number	GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad		
1	-	GND	GND		
2	-	TDI	TDI		
3	0	VCCO (Bank 0)	VCCO (Bank 0)		
4	0	В0	C12		
5	0	B1	C10		
6	0	B2	C8		
7	0	B4	C6		
8	0	B5	C4		
9	0	B6	C2		
10	0	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)		
11	0	B8	D14		
12	0	B9	D12		
13	0	B10	D10		
14	0	B12	D8		
15	0	B13	D6		
16	0	B14	D4		
17*	0	NC	I		
18	0	GND (Bank 0)	NC		
19	0	VCCO (Bank 0)	VCCO (Bank 0)		
20*	0	NC	I		
21	0	C14	E2		
22	0	C13	E4		
23	0	C12	E6		
24	0	C10	E8		
25	0	C9	E10		
26	0	C8	E12		
27	0	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)		
28	0	C6	F2		
29	0	C5	F4		
30	0	C4	F6		
31	0	C2	F8		
32	0	C1	F10		
33	0	C0	F12		
34	0	VCCO (Bank 0)	VCCO (Bank 0)		
35	-	TCK	TCK		
36	-	VCC	VCC		
37	-	GND	GND		
38*	0	NC	I		
39	0	D14	G12		
40	0	D13	G10		
41	0	D12	G8		
42	0	D10	G6		



Figure 20. Mark Format for 64 ucBGA and 132 ucBGA Packages

LC4064ZE 4UN-5I Datecode



**Dual Mark** 

Single Mark

### **Lead-Free Packaging**

#### Commercial

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage	t <sub>PD</sub>	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
	LC4032ZE-4TN48C	32	1.8	4.4	Lead-Free TQFP	48	32	С
LC4032ZE	LC4032ZE-5TN48C	32	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free TQFP	48	32	С
	LC4032ZE-7TN48C	32	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	48	32	С
	LC4032ZE-4MN64C	32	1.8	4.4	Lead-Free csBGA	64	32	С
	LC4032ZE-5MN64C	32	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free csBGA	64	32	С
	LC4032ZE-7MN64C	32	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free csBGA	64	32	С
	LC4064ZE-4TN48C	64	1.8	4.7	Lead-Free TQFP	48	32	С
	LC4064ZE-5TN48C	64	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free TQFP	48	32	С
	LC4064ZE-7TN48C	64	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	48	32	С
	LC4064ZE-4TN100C	64	1.8	4.7	Lead-Free TQFP	100	64	С
	LC4064ZE-5TN100C	64	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free TQFP	100	64	С
1.0406475	LC4064ZE-7TN100C	64	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	100	64	С
LC4064ZE	LC4064ZE-4MN64C	64	1.8	4.7	Lead-Free csBGA	64	48	С
	LC4064ZE-5MN64C	64	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free csBGA	64	48	С
	LC4064ZE-7MN64C	64	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free csBGA	64	48	С
	LC4064ZE-4MN144C	64	1.8	4.7	Lead-Free csBGA	144	64	С
	LC4064ZE-5MN144C	64	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free csBGA	144	64	С
	LC4064ZE-7MN144C	64	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free csBGA	144	64	С
	LC4128ZE-5TN100C	128	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free TQFP	100	64	С
	LC4128ZE-7TN100C	128	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	100	64	С
	LC4128ZE-5TN144C	128	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free TQFP	144	96	С
10410075	LC4128ZE-7TN144C	128	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	144	96	С
LC4128ZE	LC4128ZE-5UMN132C	128	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free ucBGA	132	96	С
	LC4128ZE-7UMN132C	128	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free ucBGA	132	96	С
	LC4128ZE-5MN144C	128	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free csBGA	144	96	С
	LC4128ZE-7MN144C	128	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free csBGA	144	96	С
1.0405075	LC4256ZE-5TN100C	256	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free TQFP	100	64	С
	LC4256ZE-7TN100C	256	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	100	64	С
	LC4256ZE-5TN144C	256	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free TQFP	144	96	С
LC4256ZE	LC4256ZE-7TN144C	256	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	144	96	С
	LC4256ZE-5MN144C	256	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free csBGA	144	108	С
	LC4256ZE-7MN144C	256	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free csBGA	144	108	С



### **Revision History**

Date	Version	Change Summary			
April 2008	01.0	Initial release.			
July 2008	01.1	Updated Features bullets.			
		Updated typical Hysteresis voltage.			
		Updated Power Guard for Dedicated Inputs section.			
		Updated DC Electrical Characteristics table.			
		Updated Supply Current table.			
		Updated I/O DC Electrical Characteristics table and note 2.			
		Updated ispMACH 4000ZE Timing Model.			
		Added new parameters for the Internal Oscillator.			
		Updated ORP Reference table.			
		Updated Power Supply and NC Connections table.			
		Updated 100 TQFP Logic Signal Connections table with LC4128ZE and 4256ZE.			
		Updated 144 csBGA Logic Signal Connections table with LC4128ZE and 4256ZE.			
		Added 144 TQFP Logic Signal Connections table.			
August 2008	01.2	Data sheet status changed from advance to final.			
		Updated Supply Current table.			
		Updated External Switching Characteristics.			
		Updated Internal Timing Parameters.			
		Updated Power Consumption graph and Power Estimation Coefficients table.			
		Updated Ordering Information mark format example.			
December 2008	01.3	Updated ispMACH 4000ZE Family Selection Guide table to include 64-ball ucBGA and 132-ball ucBGA packages.			
		Updated ispMACH 4000ZE Power Supply and NC Connections table to include 64-ball ucBGA and 132-ball ucBGA packages.			
		Added Logic Signal Connections tables for 64-ball ucBGA and 132-ball ucBGA packages.			
		Updated Part Number Description diagram for 64-ball ucBGA and 132-ball ucBGA packages.			
		Updated Ordering Information tables for 64-ball ucBGA and 132-ball ucBGA packages.			
May 2009	01.4	Correction to t <sub>CW</sub> , t <sub>GW</sub> , t <sub>WIR</sub> and f <sub>MAX</sub> parameters in External Switching Characteristics table.			
June 2011 01.5		Added copper bond package part numbers.			
		Added footnote 4 to Absolute Maximum Ratings.			
February 2012	01.6	Updated document with new corporate logo.			
February 2012	01.7	Removed copper bond packaging information. Refer to PCN 04A-12 for further information.			
		Updated topside marks with new logos in the Ordering Information section.			