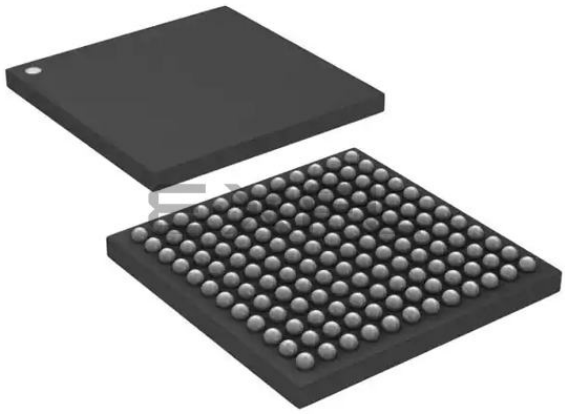

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Understanding Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Active
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	7.5 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	1.7V ~ 1.9V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	8
Number of Macrocells	128
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	96
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TJ)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	144-TFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-CSBGA (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lc4128ze-7mn144i

The I/Os in the ispMACH 4000ZE are split into two banks. Each bank has a separate I/O power supply. Inputs can support a variety of standards independent of the chip or bank power supply. Outputs support the standards compatible with the power supply provided to the bank. Support for a variety of standards helps designers implement designs in mixed voltage environments. In addition, 5V tolerant inputs are specified within an I/O bank that is connected to a V_{CCO} of 3.0V to 3.6V for LVCMOS 3.3, LVTTL and PCI interfaces.

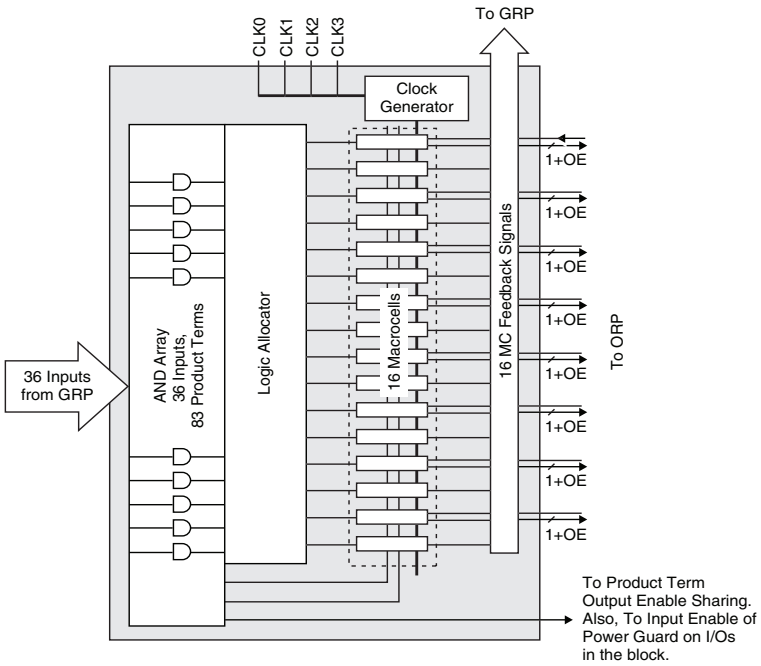
Architecture

There are a total of two GLBs in the ispMACH 4032ZE, increasing to 16 GLBs in the ispMACH 4256ZE. Each GLB has 36 inputs. All GLB inputs come from the GRP and all outputs from the GLB are brought back into the GRP to be connected to the inputs of any other GLB on the device. Even if feedback signals return to the same GLB, they still must go through the GRP. This mechanism ensures that GLBs communicate with each other with consistent and predictable delays. The outputs from the GLB are also sent to the ORP. The ORP then sends them to the associated I/O cells in the I/O block.

Generic Logic Block

The ispMACH 4000ZE GLB consists of a programmable AND array, logic allocator, 16 macrocells and a GLB clock generator. Macrocells are decoupled from the product terms through the logic allocator and the I/O pins are decoupled from macrocells through the ORP. Figure 2 illustrates the GLB.

Figure 2. Generic Logic Block

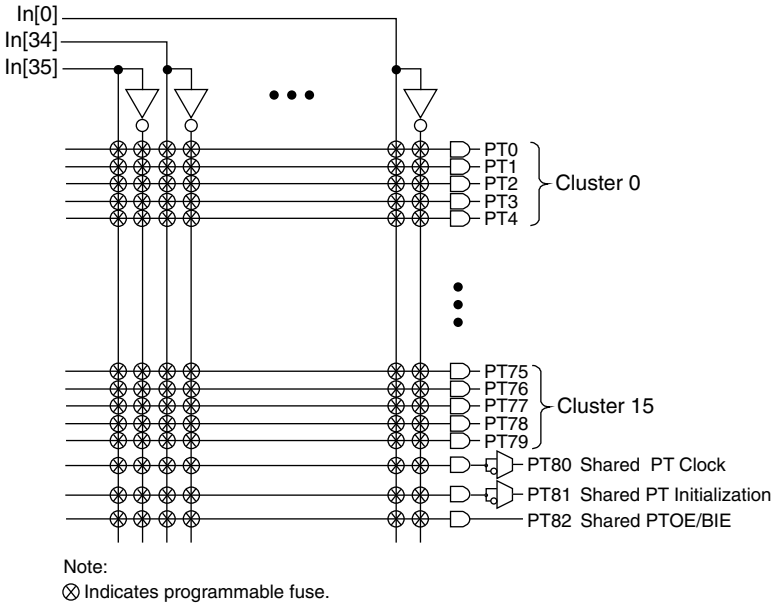


AND Array

The programmable AND Array consists of 36 inputs and 83 output product terms. The 36 inputs from the GRP are used to form 72 lines in the AND Array (true and complement of the inputs). Each line in the array can be connected to any of the 83 output product terms via a wired-AND. Each of the 80 logic product terms feed the logic allocator with the remaining three control product terms feeding the Shared PT Clock, Shared PT Initialization and Shared PT OE. The Shared PT Clock and Shared PT Initialization signals can optionally be inverted before being fed to the macrocells.

Every set of five product terms from the 80 logic product terms forms a product term cluster starting with PT0. There is one product term cluster for every macrocell in the GLB. Figure 3 is a graphical representation of the AND Array.

Figure 3. AND Array



Enhanced Logic Allocator

Within the logic allocator, product terms are allocated to macrocells in product term clusters. Each product term cluster is associated with a macrocell. The cluster size for the ispMACH 4000ZE family is 4+1 (total 5) product terms. The software automatically considers the availability and distribution of product term clusters as it fits the functions within a GLB. The logic allocator is designed to provide two speed paths: 20-PT Speed Locking path and an up to 80-PT path. The availability of these two paths lets designers trade timing variability for increased performance.

The enhanced Logic Allocator of the ispMACH 4000ZE family consists of the following blocks:

- Product Term Allocator
- Cluster Allocator
- Wide Steering Logic

Figure 4 shows a macrocell slice of the Logic Allocator. There are 16 such slices in the GLB.

Figure 4. Macrocell Slice

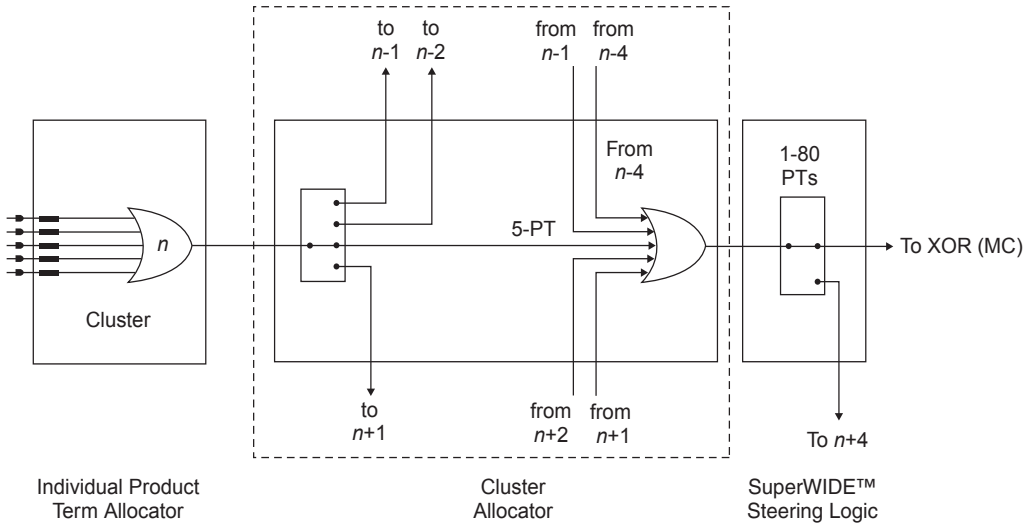
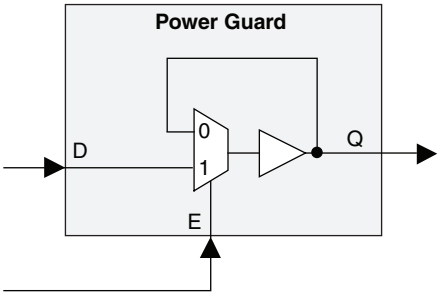


Figure 9. Power Guard



All the I/O pins in a block share a common Power Guard Enable signal. For a block of I/Os, this signal is called a Block Input Enable (BIE) signal. BIE can be internally generated using MC logic, or could come from external sources using one of the user I/O or input pins.

Any I/O pin in the block can be programmed to ignore the BIE signal. Thus, the feature can be enabled or disabled on a pin-by-pin basis.

Figure 10 shows Power Guard and BIE across multiple I/Os in a block that has eight I/Os.

Figure 10. Power Guard and BIE in a Block with 8 I/Os

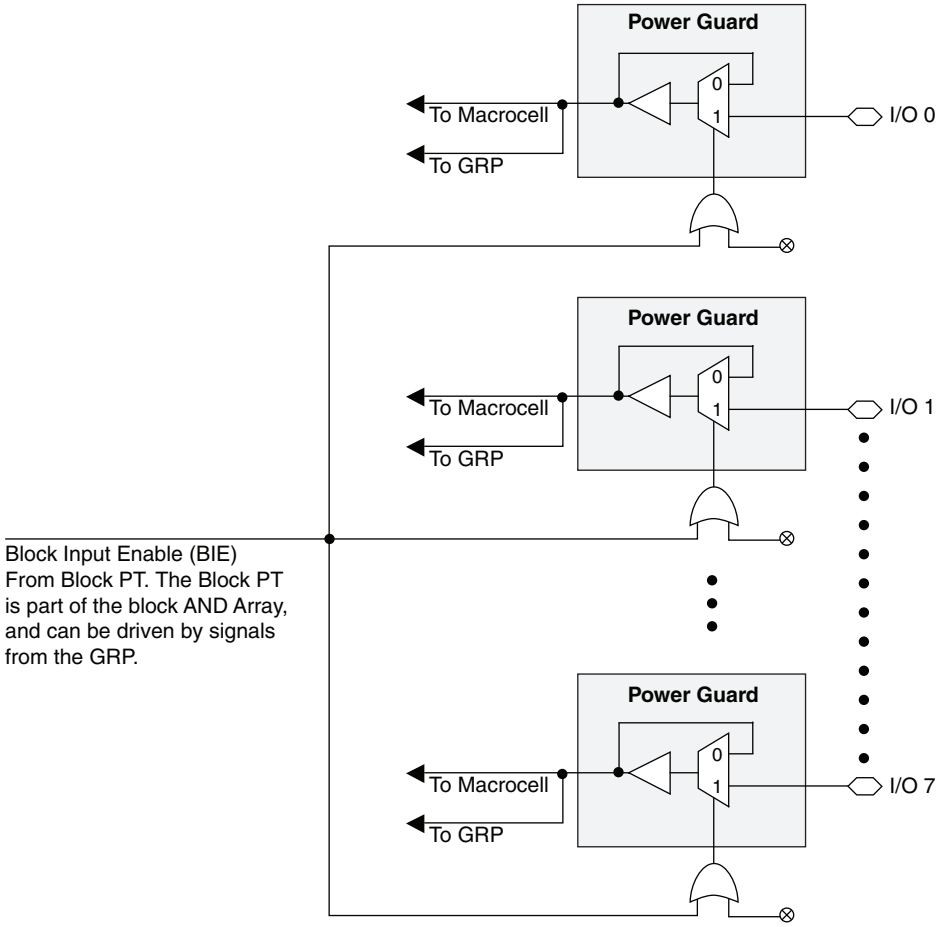


Figure 13. On-Chip Oscillator and Timer

Table 11. On-Chip Oscillator and Timer Signal Names

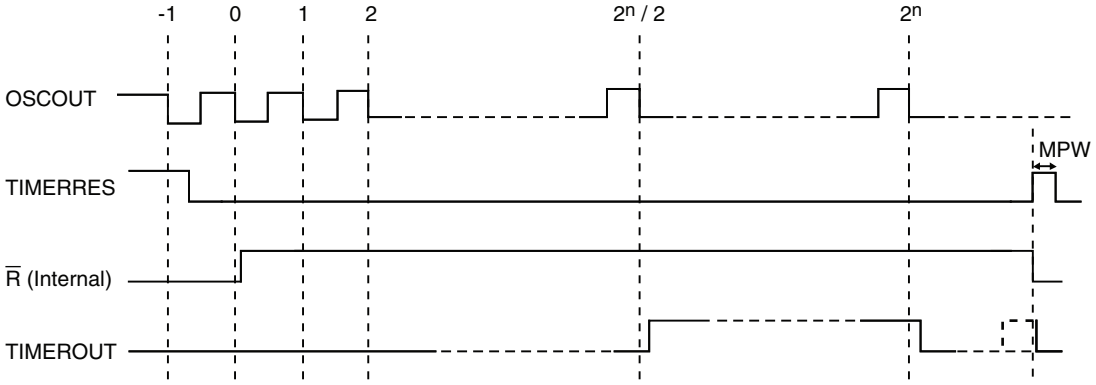
Signal Name	Input or Output	Optional / Required	Description
OSCOUT	Output	Optional	Oscillator Output (Nominal Frequency: 5MHz)
TIMEROUT	Output	Optional	Oscillator Frequency Divided by an integer TIMER_DIV (Default 128)
TIMERRES	Input	Optional	Reset the Timer
DYNOSCDIS	Input	Optional	Disables the Oscillator, resets the Timer and saves the power.

OSCTIMER has two outputs, OSCOUT and TIMEROUT. The outputs feed into the Global Routing Pool (GRP). From GRP, these signals can drive any macrocell input, as well as any output pin (with macrocell bypass). The output OSCOUT is the direct oscillator output with a typical frequency of 5MHz, whereas, the output TIMEROUT is the oscillator output divided by an attribute TIMER_DIV.

The attribute TIMER_DIV can be: 128 (7 bits), 1024 (10 bits) or 1,048,576 (20 bits). The divided output is provided for those user situations, where a very slow clock is desired. If even a slower toggling clock is desired, then the programmable macrocell resources can be used to further divide down the TIMEROUT output.

Figure 14 shows the simplified relationship among OSCOUT, TIMERRES and TIMEROUT. In the diagram, the signal "$\overline{R}$" is an internal reset signal that is used to synchronize TIMERRES to OSCOUT. This adds one extra clock cycle delay for the first timer transition after TIMERRES.

Figure 14. Relationship Among OSCOUT, TIMERRES and TIMEROUT



Note: n = Number of bits in the divider (7, 10 or 20)
Metastability: If the signal TIMERRES is not synchronous to OSCOUT, it could make a difference of one or two clock cycles to the TIMEROUT going high the first time.

Supply Current

To minimize transient current during power-on, configure CPLD I/Os to a pull-up or float state. If this logic scenario is not possible, then the recommended power sequence should assert VCC and VCCO at the same time or VCC before VCCO.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
ispMACH 4032ZE						
$ICC^{1, 2, 3, 5, 6}$	Operating Power Supply Current	Vcc = 1.8V, T_A = 25°C	—	50	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = 0 to 70°C	—	58	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = -40 to 85°C	—	60	—	µA
$ICC^{4, 5, 6}$	Standby Power Supply Current	Vcc = 1.8V, T_A = 25°C	—	10	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = 0 to 70°C	—	13	25	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = -40 to 85°C	—	15	40	µA
ispMACH 4064ZE						
$ICC^{1, 2, 3, 5, 6}$	Operating Power Supply Current	Vcc = 1.8V, T_A = 25°C	—	80	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = 0 to 70°C	—	89	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = -40 to 85°C	—	92	—	µA
$ICC^{4, 5, 6}$	Standby Power Supply Current	Vcc = 1.8V, T_A = 25°C	—	11	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = 0 to 70°C	—	15	30	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = -40 to 85°C	—	18	50	µA
ispMACH 4128ZE						
$ICC^{1, 2, 3, 5, 6}$	Operating Power Supply Current	Vcc = 1.8V, T_A = 25°C	—	168	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = 0 to 70°C	—	190	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = -40 to 85°C	—	195	—	µA
$ICC^{4, 5, 6}$	Standby Power Supply Current	Vcc = 1.8V, T_A = 25°C	—	12	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = 0 to 70°C	—	16	40	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = -40 to 85°C	—	19	60	µA
ispMACH 4256ZE						
$ICC^{1, 2, 3, 5, 6}$	Operating Power Supply Current	Vcc = 1.8V, T_A = 25°C	—	341	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = 0 to 70°C	—	361	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = -40 to 85°C	—	372	—	µA
$ICC^{4, 5, 6}$	Standby Power Supply Current	Vcc = 1.8V, T_A = 25°C	—	13	—	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = 0 to 70°C	—	32	65	µA
		Vcc = 1.9V, T_A = -40 to 85°C	—	43	100	µA

1. Frequency = 1.0 MHz.
2. Device configured with 16-bit counters.
3. I_{CC} varies with specific device configuration and operating frequency.
4. V_{CCO} = 3.6V, V_{IN} = 0V or V_{CCO}, bus maintenance turned off. V_{IN} above V_{CCO} will add transient current above the specified standby I_{CC}.
5. Includes V_{CCO} current without output loading.
6. This operating supply current is with the internal oscillator disabled. Enabling the internal oscillator adds approximately 15µA typical current plus additional current from any logic it drives.

ispMACH 4000ZE Internal Timing Parameters (Cont.)

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description		LC4032ZE -4 Min.	LC4032ZE -4 Max.	LC4064ZE -4 Min.	LC4064ZE -4 Max.	Units
t_{SRR}	Asynchronous Reset or Set Recovery Delay		—	2.00	—	1.70	ns
Control Delays							
t_{BCLK}	GLB PT Clock Delay		—	1.20	—	1.30	ns
t_{PTCLK}	Macrocell PT Clock Delay		—	1.40	—	1.50	ns
t_{BSR}	Block PT Set/Reset Delay		—	1.10	—	1.85	ns
t_{PTSR}	Macrocell PT Set/Reset Delay		—	1.20	—	1.90	ns
t_{BIE}	Power Guard Block Input Enable Delay		—	1.60	—	1.70	ns
t_{PTOE}	Macrocell PT OE Delay		—	2.30	—	3.15	ns
t_{GPTOE}	Global PT OE Delay		—	1.80	—	2.15	ns
Internal Oscillator							
t_{OSCSU}	Oscillator DYNOSCDIS Setup Time		5.00	—	5.00	—	ns
t_{OSCH}	Oscillator DYNOSCDIS Hold Time		5.00	—	5.00	—	ns
t_{OSCEN}	Oscillator OSCOUT Enable Time (To Stable)		—	5.00	—	5.00	ns
t_{OSCOD}	Oscillator Output Delay		—	4.00	—	4.00	ns
t_{OSCNOM}	Oscillator OSCOUT Nominal Frequency			5.00		5.00	MHz
t_{OSCvar}	Oscillator Variation of Nominal Frequency		—	30	—	30	%
$t_{TMRCO20}$	Oscillator TIMEROUT Clock (Negative Edge) to Out (20-Bit Divider)		—	12.50	—	12.50	ns
$t_{TMRCO10}$	Oscillator TIMEROUT Clock (Negative Edge) to Out (10-Bit Divider)		—	7.50	—	7.50	ns
t_{TMRCO7}	Oscillator TIMEROUT Clock (Negative Edge) to Out (7-Bit Divider)		—	6.00	—	6.00	ns
$t_{TMRRSTO}$	Oscillator TIMEROUT Reset to Out (Going Low)		—	5.00	—	5.00	ns
t_{TMRRR}	Oscillator TIMEROUT Asynchronous Reset Recovery Delay		—	4.00	—	4.00	ns
$t_{TMRRSTPW}$	Oscillator TIMEROUT Reset Minimum Pulse Width		3.00	—	3.00	—	ns
Optional Delay Adjusters		**Base Parameter**					
t_{INDIO}	Input Register Delay	t_{INREG}	—	1.00	—	1.00	ns
t_{EXP}	Product Term Expander Delay	t_{MCELL}	—	0.40	—	0.40	ns
t_{BLA}	Additional Block Loading Adders	t_{ROUTE}	—	0.04	—	0.05	ns
t_{IOI} Input Buffer Delays							
LVTTL_in	Using LVTTL Standard with Hysteresis	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.60	—	0.60	ns
LVCMOS15_in	Using LVCMOS 1.5 Standard	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.20	—	0.20	ns
LVCMOS18_in	Using LVCMOS 1.8 Standard	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.00	—	0.00	ns
LVCMOS25_in	Using LVCMOS 2.5 Standard with Hysteresis	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.80	—	0.80	ns
LVCMOS33_in	Using LVCMOS 3.3 Standard with Hysteresis	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.80	—	0.80	ns
PCI_in	Using PCI Compatible Input with Hysteresis	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.80	—	0.80	ns
t_{IOO} Output Buffer Delays							
LVTTL_out	Output Configured as TTL Buffer	t_{EN}, t_{DIS}, t_{BUF}	—	0.20	—	0.20	ns

ispMACH 4000ZE Internal Timing Parameters (Cont.)

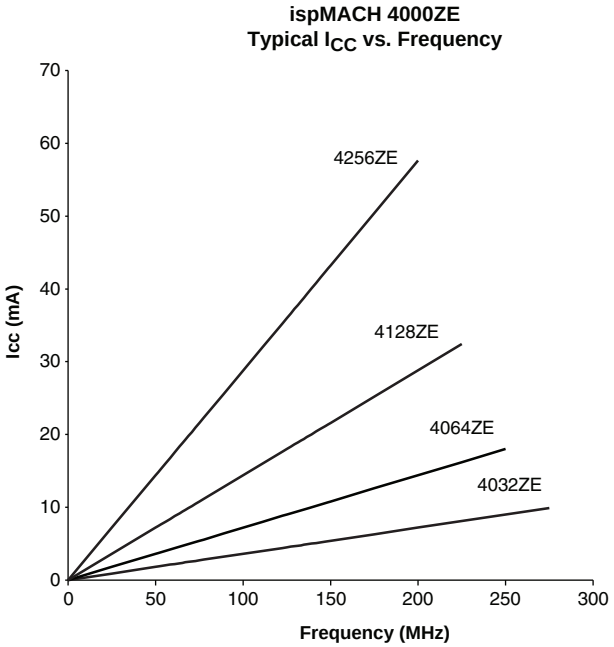
Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description		All Devices				Units
			-5		-7		
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{SRR}	Asynchronous Reset or Set Recovery Delay		—	1.80	—	1.67	ns
Control Delays							
t_{BCLK}	GLB PT Clock Delay		—	1.45	—	0.95	ns
t_{PTCLK}	Macrocell PT Clock Delay		—	1.45	—	1.15	ns
t_{BSR}	Block PT Set/Reset Delay		—	1.85	—	1.83	ns
t_{PTSR}	Macrocell PT Set/Reset Delay		—	1.85	—	2.72	ns
t_{BIE}	Power Guard Block Input Enable Delay		—	1.75	—	1.95	ns
t_{PTOE}	Macrocell PT OE Delay		—	2.40	—	1.90	ns
t_{GPTOE}	Global PT OE Delay		—	4.20	—	3.40	ns
Internal Oscillator							
t_{OSCSU}	Oscillator DYNOSCDIS Setup Time		5.00	—	5.00	—	ns
t_{OSCH}	Oscillator DYNOSCDIS Hold Time		5.00	—	5.00	—	ns
t_{OSCEN}	Oscillator OSCOUT Enable Time (To Stable)		—	5.00	—	5.00	ns
t_{OSCOD}	Oscillator Output Delay		—	4.00	—	4.00	ns
t_{OSCNOM}	Oscillator OSCOUT Nominal Frequency			5.00		5.00	MHz
t_{OSCvar}	Oscillator Variation of Nominal Frequency		—	30	—	30	%
$t_{TMRCO20}$	Oscillator TIMEROUT Clock (Negative Edge) to Out (20-Bit Divider)		—	12.50	—	14.50	ns
$t_{TMRCO10}$	Oscillator TIMEROUT Clock (Negative Edge) to Out (10-Bit Divider)		—	7.50	—	9.50	ns
t_{TMRCO7}	Oscillator TIMEROUT Clock (Negative Edge) to Out (7-Bit Divider)		—	6.00	—	8.00	ns
$t_{TMRRSTO}$	Oscillator TIMEROUT Reset to Out (Going Low)		—	5.00	—	7.00	ns
t_{TMRRR}	Oscillator TIMEROUT Asynchronous Reset Recovery Delay		—	4.00	—	6.00	ns
$t_{TMRRSTPW}$	Oscillator TIMEROUT Reset Minimum Pulse Width		3.00	—	5.00	—	ns
Optional Delay Adjusters		**Base Parameter**					
t_{INDIO}	Input Register Delay	t_{INREG}	—	1.60	—	2.60	ns
t_{EXP}	Product Term Expander Delay	t_{MCELL}	—	0.45	—	0.50	ns
t_{BLA}	Additional Block Loading Adders	t_{ROUTE}	—	0.05	—	0.05	ns
t_{IOI} Input Buffer Delays							
LVTTL_in	Using LVTTL Standard with Hysteresis	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.60	—	0.60	ns
LVCMOS15_in	Using LVCMOS 1.5 Standard	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.20	—	0.20	ns
LVCMOS18_in	Using LVCMOS 1.8 Standard	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.00	—	0.00	ns
LVCMOS25_in	Using LVCMOS 2.5 Standard with Hysteresis	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.80	—	0.80	ns
LVCMOS33_in	Using LVCMOS 3.3 Standard with Hysteresis	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.80	—	0.80	ns
PCI_in	Using PCI Compatible Input with Hysteresis	t_{IN}, t_{GCLK_IN}, t_{GOE}	—	0.80	—	0.80	ns
t_{IOO} Output Buffer Delays							
LVTTL_out	Output Configured as TTL Buffer	t_{EN}, t_{DIS}, t_{BUF}	—	0.20	—	0.20	ns

Boundary Scan Waveforms and Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
t_{BTCP}	TCK [BSCAN test] clock cycle	40	—	ns
t_{BTCH}	TCK [BSCAN test] pulse width high	20	—	ns
t_{BTCL}	TCK [BSCAN test] pulse width low	20	—	ns
t_{BTSU}	TCK [BSCAN test] setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTH}	TCK [BSCAN test] hold time	10	—	ns
t_{BRF}	TCK [BSCAN test] rise and fall time	50	—	mV/ns
t_{BTCO}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid output	—	10	ns
t_{BTOZ}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to data output disable	—	10	ns
t_{BTVO}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to data output enable	—	10	ns
t_{BTCPSU}	BSCAN test Capture register setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTCPH}	BSCAN test Capture register hold time	10	—	ns
t_{BTUCO}	BSCAN test Update reg, falling edge of clock to valid output	—	25	ns
t_{BTUOZ}	BSCAN test Update reg, falling edge of clock to output disable	—	25	ns
t_{BTUOV}	BSCAN test Update reg, falling edge of clock to output enable	—	25	ns

Power Consumption



Power Estimation Coefficients[1]

Device	A	B
ispMACH 4032ZE	0.010	0.009
ispMACH 4064ZE	0.011	0.009
ispMACH 4128ZE	0.012	0.009
ispMACH 4256ZE	0.013	0.009

1. For further information about the use of these coefficients, refer to TN1187, Power Estimation in ispMACH 4000ZE Devices.

Switching Test Conditions

Figure 17 shows the output test load that is used for AC testing. The specific values for resistance, capacitance, voltage, and other test conditions are shown in Table 13.

Figure 17. Output Test Load, LVTTL and LVCMOS Standards

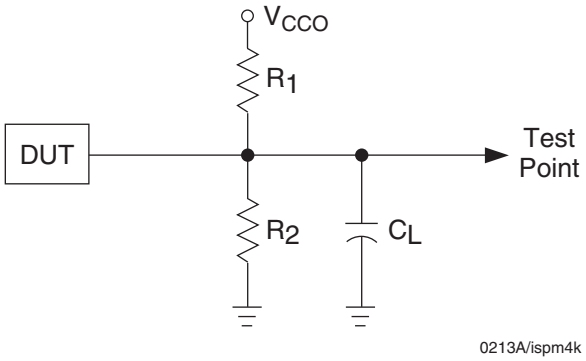


Table 13. Test Fixture Required Components

Test Condition	R_1	R_2	C_L[1]	Timing Ref.	V_{CCO}
LVCMOS I/O, (L -> H, H -> L)	106Ω	106Ω	35pF	LVCMOS 3.3 = 1.5V	LVCMOS 3.3 = 3.0V
				LVCMOS 2.5 = $\frac{V_{CCO}}{2}$	LVCMOS 2.5 = 2.3V
				LVCMOS 1.8 = $\frac{V_{CCO}}{2}$	LVCMOS 1.8 = 1.65V
				LVCMOS 1.5 = $\frac{V_{CCO}}{2}$	LVCMOS 1.5 = 1.4V
LVCMOS I/O (Z -> H)	∞	106Ω	35pF	1.5V	3.0V
LVCMOS I/O (Z -> L)	106Ω	∞	35pF	1.5V	3.0V
LVCMOS I/O (H -> Z)	∞	106Ω	5pF	V_{OH} - 0.3	3.0V
LVCMOS I/O (L -> Z)	106Ω	∞	5pF	V_{OL} + 0.3	3.0V

1. C_L includes test fixtures and probe capacitance.

ispMACH 4000ZE Power Supply and NC Connections[1] (Cont.)

Signal	132 ucBGA[3]	144 csBGA[3]	144 TQFP[2]
VCC	M1, M7, A12, B5	H5, H8, E8, E5	36, 57, 108, 129
VCCO0 VCCO (Bank 0)	B1, H4, L2, J5, A4	E4, F4, G4, J5, D5	3, 19, 34, 47, 136
VCCO1 VCCO (Bank 1)	K9, L12, F12, D9, C7	J8, H9, G9, F9, D8	64, 75, 91, 106, 119
GND	E5, E8, H5, H8	F6, G6, G7, F7	1, 37, 73, 109
GND (Bank 0)	E2, H2, M4, B7, B3	G5, H4, H6, E6, F5	10, 18[4], 27, 46, 127, 137
GND (Bank 1)	L7, J9, H12, E9, A9	H7, J9, G8, F8, E7	55, 65, 82, 90[4], 99, 118
NC	—	**4064ZE:** E4, B2, B1, D2, D3, E1, H1, H3, H2, L1, G4, M1, K3, M2, M4, L5, H7, L8, M8, L10, K9, M11, H9, L12, L11, J12, J11, H10, D10, F10, D12, B12, F9, A12, C10, B10, A9, B8, E6, B5, A5, C4, B3, A2 **4128ZE:** D2, D3, H2, M1, K3, M11, J12, J11, D12, A12, C10, A2	**4128ZE:** 17, 20, 38, 45, 72, 89, 92, 110, 117, 144 **4256ZE:** 18, 90

1. All grounds must be electrically connected at the board level. However, for the purposes of I/O current loading, grounds are associated with the bank shown.
2. Pin orientation follows the conventional order from pin 1 marking of the top side view and counter-clockwise.
3. Pin orientation A1 starts from the upper left corner of the top side view with alphabetical order ascending vertically and numerical order ascending horizontally.
4. For the LC4256ZE, pins 18 and 90 are no connects.

ispMACH 4032ZE and 4064ZE Logic Signal Connections: 48 TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	Bank Number	ispMACH 4032ZE	ispMACH 4064ZE
		GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad
43	0	CLK0/I	CLK0/I
44	0	A0/GOE0	A0/GOE0
45	0	A1	A1
46	0	A2	A2
47	0	A3	A4
48	0	A4	A6

ispMACH 4032ZE and 4064ZE Logic Signal Connections: 64 csBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	Bank Number	ispMACH 4032ZE	ispMACH 4064ZE
		GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad
E7	1	NC	D14
E6	1	B9	D13
D7	1	B10	D12
D8	1	NC	D11
C5	1	NC	D10
C7	1	B11	D9
C8	1	NC	D8
B8	-	TDO	TDO
D5	-	VCC	VCC
GND*	-	GND	GND
A8	1	B12	D7
A7	1	NC	D6
B7	1	NC	D5
A6	1	B13	D4
GND*	1	NC	GND (Bank 1)
C6	1	NC	VCCO (Bank 1)
B6	1	B14	D3
A5	1	NC	D2
B5	1	B15/GOE1	D0/GOE1
A4	1	CLK3/I	CLK3/I
C4	0	CLK0/I	CLK0/I
B4	0	A0/GOE0	A0/GOE0
B3	0	A1	A1
A3	0	A2	A2
A2	0	A3	A4
A1	0	A4	A6

* All bonded grounds are connected to the following two balls, D4 and E5.

ispMACH 4064ZE Logic Signal Connections: 64 ucBGA

Ball Number	Bank Number	GLB/MC/Pad
A1	-	TDI
B1	0	A8
B2	0	A10
B3	0	A11
GND*	0	GND (Bank 0)
C1	0	A12
C3	0	VCCO (Bank 0)
C2	0	B15
D1	0	B14
D2	0	B13
D3	0	B12
E1	0	B11
E2	0	B10
E3	0	B9
F1	0	B8
F2	-	TCK
E4	-	VCC
GND*	-	GND
H2	0	B6
H1	0	B5
G1	0	B4
GND*	0	GND (Bank 0)
F3	0	VCCO (Bank 0)
G2	0	B3
G3	0	B2
H3	0	B0
G4	0	CLK1/I
F4	1	CLK2/I
H4	1	C0
H5	1	C1
G5	1	C2
H6	1	C4
H7	1	C5
H8	1	C6
G8	-	TMS
G7	1	C8
G6	1	C10
F8	1	C11
GND*	1	GND (Bank 1)
F7	1	C12
F6	1	VCCO (Bank 1)
F5	1	D15
E8	1	D14

ispMACH 4064ZE, 4128ZE and 4256ZE Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	Bank Number	LC4064ZE	LC4128ZE	LC4256ZE
		GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad
42	1	C1	E2	I6
43	1	C2	E4	I10
44	1	C3	E6	I12
45	1	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)
46	1	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)
47	1	C4	E8	J2
48	1	C5	E10	J6
49	1	C6	E12	J10
50	1	C7	E14	J12
51	-	GND	GND	GND
52	-	TMS	TMS	TMS
53	1	C8	F0	K12
54	1	C9	F2	K10
55	1	C10	F4	K6
56	1	C11	F6	K2
57	1	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)
58	1	C12	F8	L12
59	1	C13	F10	L10
60	1	C14	F12	L6
61	1	C15	F13	L4
62*	1	I	I	I
63	1	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)
64	1	D15	G14	M4
65	1	D14	G12	M6
66	1	D13	G10	M10
67	1	D12	G8	M12
68	1	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)
69	1	D11	G6	N2
70	1	D10	G5	N6
71	1	D9	G4	N10
72	1	D8	G2	N12
73*	1	I	I	I
74	-	TDO	TDO	TDO
75	-	VCC	VCC	VCC
76	-	GND	GND	GND
77*	1	I	I	I
78	1	D7	H13	O12
79	1	D6	H12	O10
80	1	D5	H10	O6
81	1	D4	H8	O2
82	1	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)

ispMACH 4064ZE, 4128ZE and 4256ZE Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	Bank Number	LC4064ZE	LC4128ZE	LC4256ZE
		GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad
83	1	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)
84	1	D3	H6	P12
85	1	D2	H4	P10
86	1	D1	H2	P6
87	1	D0/GOE1	H0/GOE1	P2/GOE1
88	1	CLK3/I	CLK3/I	CLK3/I
89	0	CLK0/I	CLK0/I	CLK0/I
90	-	VCC	VCC	VCC
91	0	A0/GOE0	A0/GOE0	A2/GOE0
92	0	A1	A2	A6
93	0	A2	A4	A10
94	0	A3	A6	A12
95	0	VCCO (Bank 0)	VCCO (Bank 0)	VCCO (Bank 0)
96	0	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)	GND (Bank 0)
97	0	A4	A8	B2
98	0	A5	A10	B6
99	0	A6	A12	B10
100	0	A7	A14	B12

* This pin is input only.

ispMACH 4128ZE Logic Signal Connections: 132 ucBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	Bank Number	GLB/MC/Pad
A2	0	A14

* All bonded core grounds are connected to the following four balls, E5, E8, H5 and H8.

ispMACH 4064ZE, 4128ZE and 4256ZE Logic Signal Connections: 144 csBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	Bank Number	LC4064ZE	LC4128ZE	LC4256ZE
		GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad	GLB/MC/Pad
J12	1	NC Ball	NC Ball	L14
J11	1	NC Ball	NC Ball	L12
H10	1	NC Ball	F8	L10
H12	1	C12	F9	L8
G11	1	C13	F10	L6
H11	1	C14	F12	L4
G12	1	C15	F13	L2
G10*	1	I	F14	L0
G9	1	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)
F12	1	D15	G14	M0
F11	1	D14	G13	M2
E11	1	D13	G12	M4
E12	1	D12	G10	M6
D10	1	NC Ball	G9	M8
F10	1	NC Ball	G8	M10
D12	1	NC Ball	NC Ball	M12
F8	1	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)
E10	1	D11	G6	N2
D11	1	D10	G5	N4
E9	1	D9	G4	N6
C12	1	D8	G2	N8
C11*	1	I	G1	N10
B12	1	NC Ball	G0	N12
F9	1	NC Ball	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)
B11	-	TDO	TDO	TDO
E8	-	VCC	VCC	VCC
F7	-	GND	GND	GND
A12	1	NC Ball	NC Ball	O14
C10	1	NC Ball	NC Ball	O12
B10	1	NC Ball	H14	O10
A11*	1	I	H13	O8
D9	1	D7	H12	O6
B9	1	D6	H10	O4
C9	1	D5	H9	O2
A10	1	D4	H8	O0
E7	1	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)	GND (Bank 1)
D8	1	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)	VCCO (Bank 1)
A9	1	NC Ball	H6	P12
B8	1	NC Ball	H5	P10
C8	1	D3	H4	P8
A8	1	D2	H2	P6
D7	1	D1	H1	P4
B7	1	D0/GOE1	H0/GOE1	P2/GOE1

Part Number Description

LC XXXX XX – XX XX XXX X XX

Device Family

Device Number
4032 = 32 Macrocells
4064 = 64 Macrocells
4128 = 128 Macrocells
4256 = 256 Macrocells

Power
ZE = Zero Power, Enhanced

Speed
4 = 4.4ns (4032ZE Only)
4 = 4.7ns (4064ZE Only)
5 = 5.8ns (All Devices)
7 = 7.5ns (All Devices)

Production Status
Blank = Final production device
ES = Engineering samples

Operating Temperature Range
C = Commercial
I = Industrial

Pin/Ball Count
48 (1.0 mm thickness)
64
100
132
144

Package
TN = Lead-free TQFP
MN = Lead-free csBGA (0.5 mm pitch)
UMN = Lead-free ucBGA (0.4 mm pitch)

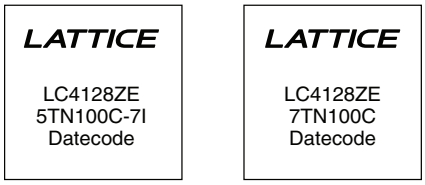
ispMACH 4000ZE Family Speed Grade Offering

	-4	-5		-7	
	Commercial	Commercial	Industrial	Commercial	Industrial
ispMACH 4032ZE	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
ispMACH 4064ZE	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
ispMACH 4128ZE		✓		✓	✓
ispMACH 4256ZE		✓		✓	✓

Ordering Information

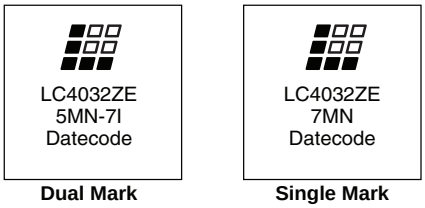
Note: ispMACH 4000ZE devices are dual marked except for the slowest commercial speed grade. For example, the commercial speed grade LC4128ZE-5TN100C is also marked with the industrial grade -7I. The commercial grade is always one speed grade faster than the associated dual mark industrial grade. The slowest commercial speed grade devices are marked as commercial grade only. The markings appear as follows:

Figure 18. Mark Format for 100 TQFP and 144 TQFP Packages



Dual Mark **Single Mark**

Figure 19. Mark Format for 48 TQFP, 64 csBGA and 144 csBGA Packages



Dual Mark **Single Mark**

Industrial

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage	t_{PD}	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC4032ZE	LC4032ZE-5TN48I	32	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4032ZE-7TN48I	32	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4032ZE-5MN64I	32	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free csBGA	64	32	I
	LC4032ZE-7MN64I	32	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free csBGA	64	32	I
LC4064ZE	LC4064ZE-5TN48I	64	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4064ZE-7TN48I	64	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4064ZE-5TN100I	64	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4064ZE-7TN100I	64	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4064ZE-5MN64I	64	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free csBGA	64	48	I
	LC4064ZE-7MN64I	64	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free csBGA	64	48	I
	LC4064ZE-5UMN64I	64	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free ucBGA	64	48	I
	LC4064ZE-7UMN64I	64	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free ucBGA	64	48	I
	LC4064ZE-5MN144I	64	1.8	5.8	Lead-Free csBGA	144	64	I
	LC4064ZE-7MN144I	64	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free csBGA	144	64	I
LC4128ZE	LC4128ZE-7TN100I	128	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4128ZE-7UMN132I	128	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free ucBGA	132	96	I
	LC4128ZE-7TN144I	128	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	144	96	I
	LC4128ZE-7MN144I	128	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free csBGA	144	96	I
LC4256ZE	LC4256ZE-7TN100I	256	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4256ZE-7TN144I	256	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free TQFP	144	96	I
	LC4256ZE-7MN144I	256	1.8	7.5	Lead-Free csBGA	144	108	I

1. Contact factory for product availability.

For Further Information

In addition to this data sheet, the following technical notes may be helpful when designing with the ispMACH 4000ZE family:

- TN1168, ispMACH 4000ZE Timing Model Design and Usage Guidelines
- TN1174, Advanced Features of the ispMACH 4000ZE Family
- TN1187, Power Estimation in ispMACH 4000ZE Devices
- Package Diagrams

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