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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, I²C, IrDA, LINbus, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	56
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 12bit SAR; D/A 12bit
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (Tj)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-QFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32tg11b120f128im64-ar

3.10 Core and Memory	16
3.10.1 Processor Core	16
3.10.2 Memory System Controller (MSC)	16
3.10.3 Linked Direct Memory Access Controller (LDMA)	16
3.10.4 Bootloader	16
3.11 Memory Map	17
3.12 Configuration Summary	18
4. Electrical Specifications	19
4.1 Electrical Characteristics	19
4.1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	19
4.1.2 Operating Conditions	20
4.1.3 Thermal Characteristics	22
4.1.4 DC-DC Converter	23
4.1.5 Backup Supply Domain	25
4.1.6 Current Consumption	26
4.1.7 Wake Up Times	33
4.1.8 Brown Out Detector (BOD)	34
4.1.9 Oscillators	35
4.1.10 Flash Memory Characteristics	41
4.1.11 General-Purpose I/O (GPIO)	42
4.1.12 Voltage Monitor (VMON)	44
4.1.13 Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)	45
4.1.14 Analog Comparator (ACMP)	47
4.1.15 Digital to Analog Converter (VDAC)	50
4.1.16 Capacitive Sense (CSEN)	53
4.1.17 Operational Amplifier (OPAMP)	55
4.1.18 LCD Driver	58
4.1.19 Pulse Counter (PCNT)	59
4.1.20 Analog Port (APORT)	59
4.1.21 I2C	60
4.1.22 USART SPI	63
4.2 Typical Performance Curves	64
4.2.1 Supply Current	65
4.2.2 DC-DC Converter	70
5. Pin Definitions	72
5.1 EFM32TG11B5xx in QFP80 Device Pinout	72
5.2 EFM32TG11B5xx in QFN80 Device Pinout	75
5.3 EFM32TG11B5xx in QFP64 Device Pinout	78
5.4 EFM32TG11B3xx in QFP64 Device Pinout	80
5.5 EFM32TG11B1xx in QFP64 Device Pinout	82
5.6 EFM32TG11B5xx in QFN64 Device Pinout	84
5.7 EFM32TG11B3xx in QFN64 Device Pinout	86
5.8 EFM32TG11B1xx in QFN64 Device Pinout	88

3.11 Memory Map

The EFM32TG11 memory map is shown in the figures below. RAM and flash sizes are for the largest memory configuration.

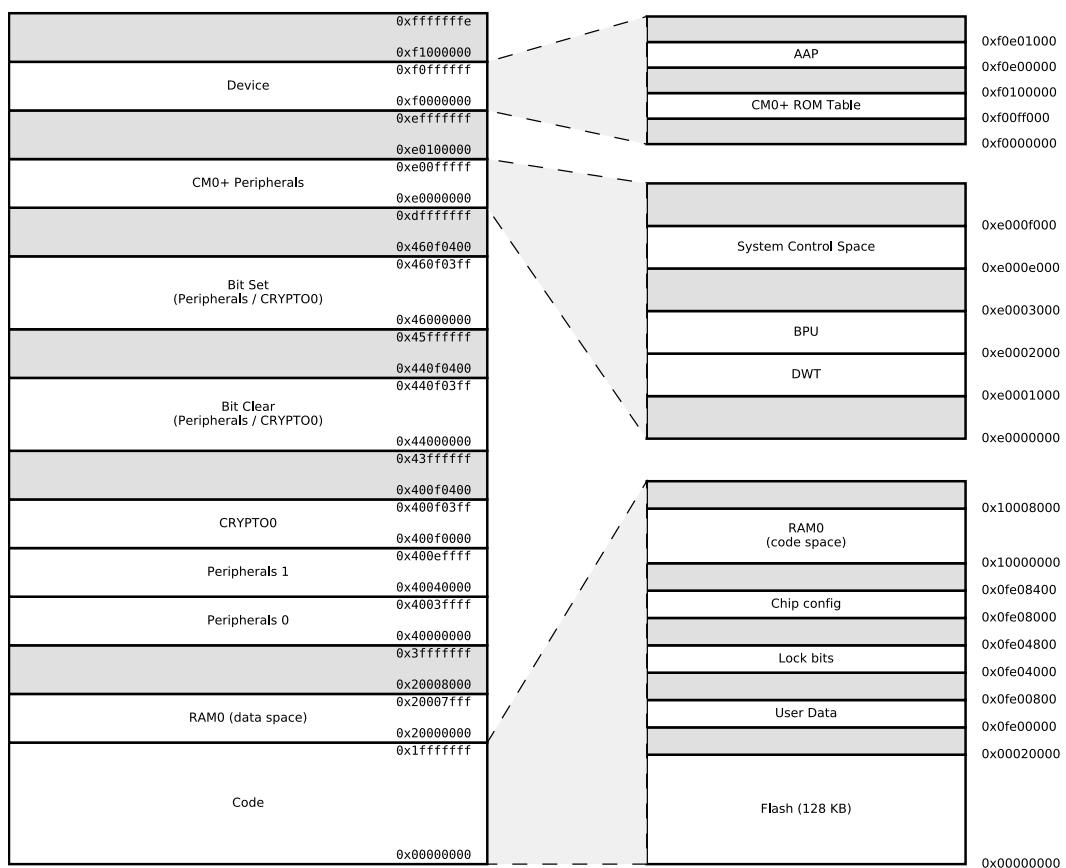


Figure 3.2. EFM32TG11 Memory Map — Core Peripherals and Code Space

4. Electrical Specifications

4.1 Electrical Characteristics

All electrical parameters in all tables are specified under the following conditions, unless stated otherwise:

- Typical values are based on $T_{AMB}=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{DD}=3.3\text{ V}$, by production test and/or technology characterization.
- Minimum and maximum values represent the worst conditions across supply voltage, process variation, and operating temperature, unless stated otherwise.

Refer to [4.1.2.1 General Operating Conditions](#) for more details about operational supply and temperature limits.

4.1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above those listed below may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the devices at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. For more information on the available quality and reliability data, see the Quality and Reliability Monitor Report at <http://www.silabs.com/support/quality/pages/default.aspx>.

Table 4.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Storage temperature range	T_{STG}		-50	—	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Voltage on any supply pin	V_{DDMAX}		-0.3	—	3.8	V
Voltage ramp rate on any supply pin	$V_{DDRAMPMAX}$		—	—	1	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
DC voltage on any GPIO pin	V_{DIGPIN}	5V tolerant GPIO pins ^{1 2 3}	-0.3	—	Min of 5.25 and IOVDD +2	V
		LCD pins ³	-0.3	—	Min of 3.8 and IOVDD +2	V
		Standard GPIO pins	-0.3	—	IOVDD+0.3	V
Total current into VDD power lines	I_{VDDMAX}	Source	—	—	200	mA
Total current into VSS ground lines	I_{VSSMAX}	Sink	—	—	200	mA
Current per I/O pin	I_{IOMAX}	Sink	—	—	50	mA
		Source	—	—	50	mA
Current for all I/O pins	$I_{IOALLMAX}$	Sink	—	—	200	mA
		Source	—	—	200	mA
Junction temperature	T_J	-G grade devices	-40	—	105	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
		-I grade devices	-40	—	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Note:

- When a GPIO pin is routed to the analog module through the APORT, the maximum voltage = IOVDD.
- Valid for IOVDD in valid operating range or when IOVDD is undriven (high-Z). If IOVDD is connected to a low-impedance source below the valid operating range (e.g. IOVDD shorted to VSS), the pin voltage maximum is IOVDD + 0.3 V, to avoid exceeding the maximum IO current specifications.
- To operate above the IOVDD supply rail, over-voltage tolerance must be enabled according to the GPIO_Px_OVTDIS register. Pins with over-voltage tolerance disabled have the same limits as Standard GPIO.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current consumption in EM4H mode, with voltage scaling enabled	I_{EM4H_VS}	128 byte RAM retention, RTCC running from LFXO	—	0.82	—	µA
		128 byte RAM retention, CRYO-TIMER running from ULFRCO	—	0.45	—	µA
		128 byte RAM retention, no RTCC	—	0.45	TBD	µA
Current consumption in EM4S mode	I_{EM4S}	No RAM retention, no RTCC	—	0.07	TBD	µA
Current consumption of peripheral power domain 1, with voltage scaling enabled	I_{PD1_VS}	Additional current consumption in EM2/3 when any peripherals on power domain 1 are enabled ¹	—	0.18	—	µA
Current consumption of peripheral power domain 2, with voltage scaling enabled	I_{PD2_VS}	Additional current consumption in EM2/3 when any peripherals on power domain 2 are enabled ¹	—	0.18	—	µA

Note:

1. Extra current consumed by power domain. Does not include current associated with the enabled peripherals. See [3.2.3 EM2 and EM3 Power Domains](#) for a list of the peripherals in each power domain.
2. CMU_LFRCOCTRL_ENVREF = 1, CMU_LFRCOCTRL_VREFUPDATE = 1

4.1.9 Oscillators

4.1.9.1 Low-Frequency Crystal Oscillator (LFXO)

Table 4.11. Low-Frequency Crystal Oscillator (LFXO)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Crystal frequency	f_{LFXO}		—	32.768	—	kHz
Supported crystal equivalent series resistance (ESR)	ESR_{LFXO}		—	—	70	kΩ
Supported range of crystal load capacitance ¹	C_{LFXO_CL}		6	—	18	pF
On-chip tuning cap range ²	C_{LFXO_T}	On each of LFXTAL_N and LFXTAL_P pins	8	—	40	pF
On-chip tuning cap step size	SS_{LFXO}		—	0.25	—	pF
Current consumption after startup ³	I_{LFXO}	$ESR = 70 \text{ kOhm}, C_L = 7 \text{ pF}, GAIN^4 = 2, AGC^4 = 1$	—	273	—	nA
Start-up time	t_{LFXO}	$ESR = 70 \text{ kOhm}, C_L = 7 \text{ pF}, GAIN^4 = 2$	—	308	—	ms

Note:

1. Total load capacitance as seen by the crystal.
2. The effective load capacitance seen by the crystal will be $C_{LFXO_T} / 2$. This is because each XTAL pin has a tuning cap and the two caps will be seen in series by the crystal.
3. Block is supplied by AVDD if ANASW = 0, or DVDD if ANASW=1 in EMU_PWRCTRL register.
4. In CMU_LFXOCTRL register.

4.1.21.3 I2C Fast-mode Plus (Fm+)¹Table 4.30. I2C Fast-mode Plus (Fm+)¹

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
SCL clock frequency ²	f_{SCL}		0	—	1000	kHz
SCL clock low time	t_{LOW}		0.5	—	—	μs
SCL clock high time	t_{HIGH}		0.26	—	—	μs
SDA set-up time	t_{SU_DAT}		50	—	—	ns
SDA hold time	t_{HD_DAT}		100	—	—	ns
Repeated START condition set-up time	t_{SU_STA}		0.26	—	—	μs
(Repeated) START condition hold time	t_{HD_STA}		0.26	—	—	μs
STOP condition set-up time	t_{SU_STO}		0.26	—	—	μs
Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	t_{BUF}		0.5	—	—	μs

Note:

- 1. For CLHR set to 0 or 1 in the I2Cn_CTRL register.
- 2. For the minimum HFFPERCLK frequency required in Fast-mode Plus, refer to the I2C chapter in the reference manual.

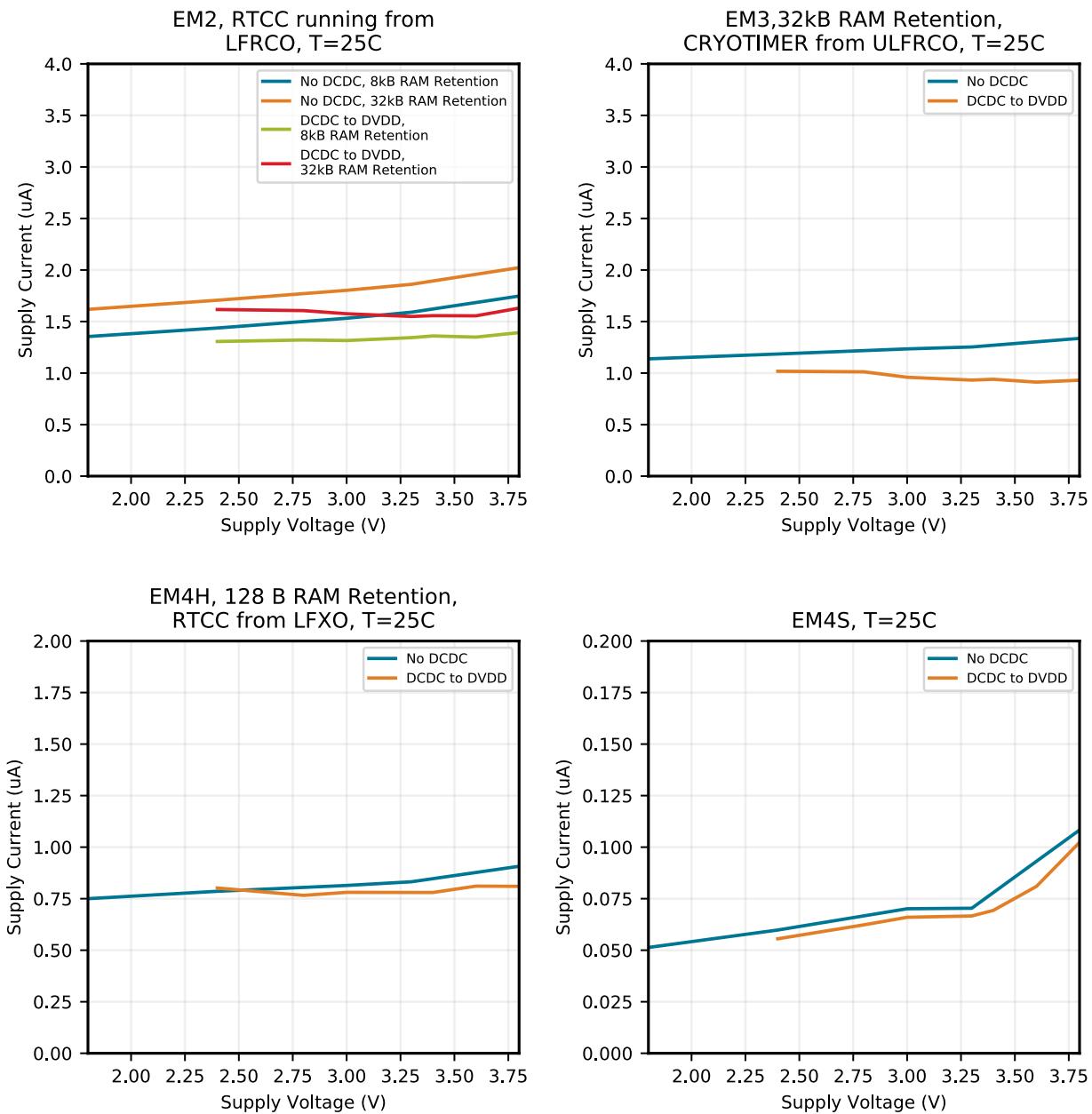


Figure 4.7. EM2, EM3, EM4H and EM4S Typical Supply Current vs. Supply

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PE12	76	GPIO	PE13	77	GPIO
PE14	78	GPIO	PE15	79	GPIO
PA15	80	GPIO			

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PB4	10	GPIO	PB5	11	GPIO
PB6	12	GPIO	PC0	13	GPIO (5V)
PC1	14	GPIO (5V)	PC2	15	GPIO (5V)
PC3	16	GPIO (5V)	PC4	17	GPIO
PC5	18	GPIO	PB7	19	GPIO
PB8	20	GPIO	PA8	21	GPIO
PA9	22	GPIO	PA10	23	GPIO
PA12	24	GPIO	PA13	25	GPIO (5V)
PA14	26	GPIO	RESETn	27	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.
PB11	28	GPIO	PB12	29	GPIO
AVDD	30 34	Analog power supply.	PB13	31	GPIO
PB14	32	GPIO	PD0	35	GPIO (5V)
PD1	36	GPIO	PD2	37	GPIO (5V)
PD3	38	GPIO	PD4	39	GPIO
PD5	40	GPIO	PD6	41	GPIO
PD7	42	GPIO	PD8	43	GPIO
PC6	44	GPIO	PC7	45	GPIO
VREGSW	47	DCDC regulator switching node	VREGVDD	48	Voltage regulator VDD input
DVDD	49	Digital power supply.	DECOPPLE	50	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.
PE4	52	GPIO	PE5	53	GPIO
PE6	54	GPIO	PE7	55	GPIO
PC8	56	GPIO	PC9	57	GPIO
PC10	58	GPIO (5V)	PC11	59	GPIO (5V)
PC12	60	GPIO (5V)	PC13	61	GPIO (5V)
PC14	62	GPIO (5V)	PC15	63	GPIO (5V)
PF0	64	GPIO (5V)	PF1	65	GPIO (5V)
PF2	66	GPIO	PF3	67	GPIO
PF4	68	GPIO	PF5	69	GPIO
PE8	71	GPIO	PE9	72	GPIO
PE10	73	GPIO	PE11	74	GPIO
BODEN	75	Brown-Out Detector Enable. This pin may be left disconnected or tied to AVDD.	PE12	76	GPIO
PE13	77	GPIO	PE14	78	GPIO

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PE15	79	GPIO	PA15	80	GPIO
Note:					
1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).					

5.9 EFM32TG11B5xx in QFP48 Device Pinout

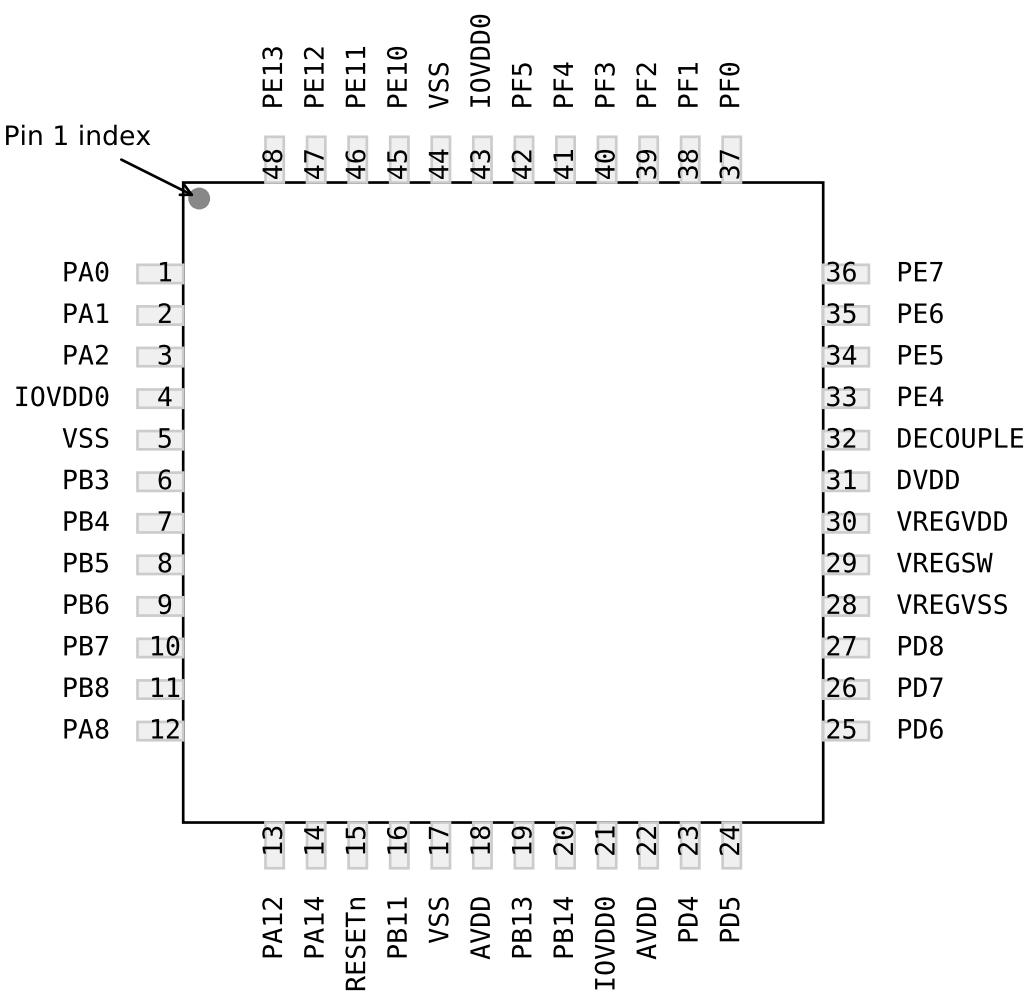


Figure 5.9. EFM32TG11B5xx in QFP48 Device Pinout

The following table provides package pin connections and general descriptions of pin functionality. For detailed information on the supported features for each GPIO pin, see [5.14 GPIO Functionality Table](#) or [5.15 Alternate Functionality Overview](#).

Table 5.9. EFM32TG11B5xx in QFP48 Device Pinout

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PA0	1	GPIO	PA1	2	GPIO
PA2	3	GPIO	IOVDD0	4 21 43	Digital IO power supply 0.
VSS	5 17 44	Ground	PB3	6	GPIO
PB4	7	GPIO	PB5	8	GPIO
PB6	9	GPIO	PB7	10	GPIO

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PB8	11	GPIO	PA8	12	GPIO
PA12	13	GPIO	PA14	14	GPIO
RESETn	15	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.	PB11	16	GPIO
AVDD	18 22	Analog power supply.	PB13	19	GPIO
PB14	20	GPIO	PD4	23	GPIO
PD5	24	GPIO	PD6	25	GPIO
PD7	26	GPIO	PD8	27	GPIO
VREGVSS	28	Voltage regulator VSS	VREGSW	29	DCDC regulator switching node
VREGVDD	30	Voltage regulator VDD input	DVDD	31	Digital power supply.
DECOUPLE	32	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.	PE4	33	GPIO
PE5	34	GPIO	PE6	35	GPIO
PE7	36	GPIO	PF0	37	GPIO (5V)
PF1	38	GPIO (5V)	PF2	39	GPIO
PF3	40	GPIO	PF4	41	GPIO
PF5	42	GPIO	PE10	45	GPIO
PE11	46	GPIO	PE12	47	GPIO
PE13	48	GPIO			

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).

5.11 EFM32TG11B1xx in QFP48 Device Pinout

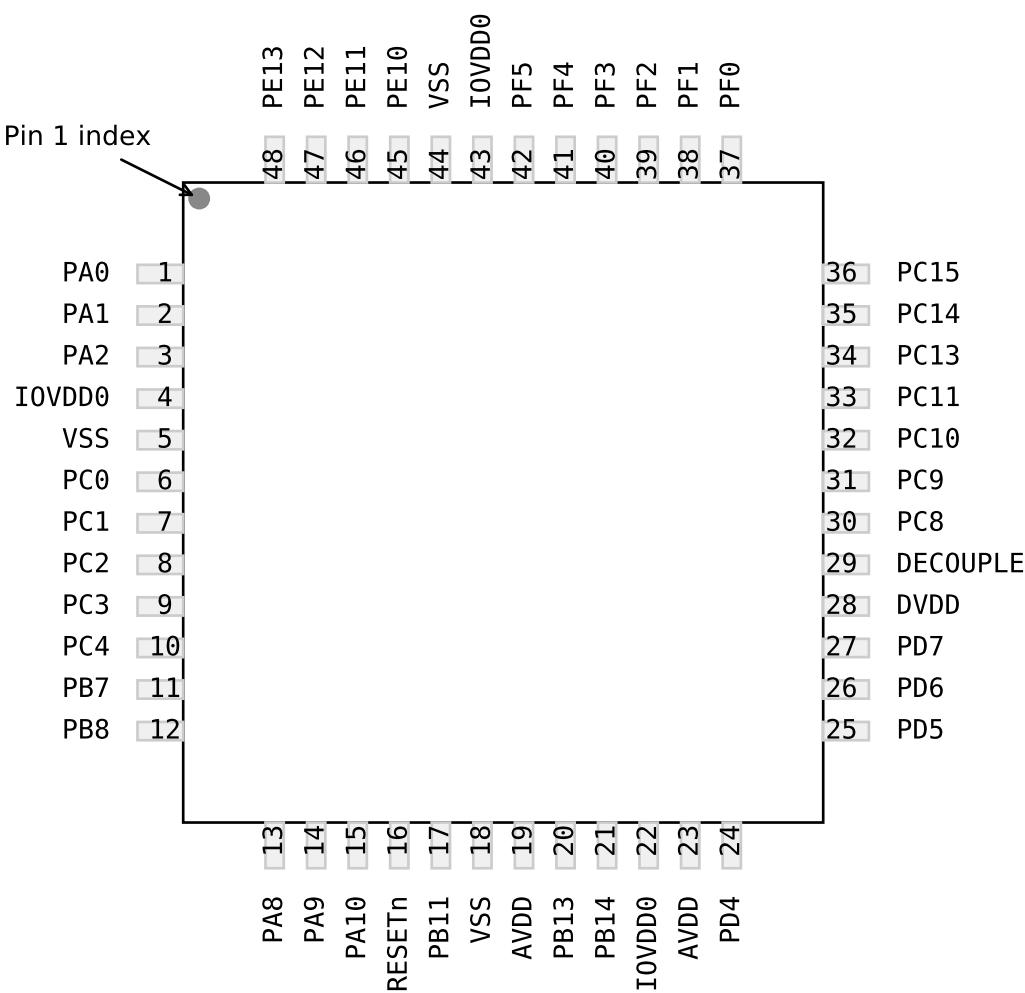


Figure 5.11. EFM32TG11B1xx in QFP48 Device Pinout

The following table provides package pin connections and general descriptions of pin functionality. For detailed information on the supported features for each GPIO pin, see [5.14 GPIO Functionality Table](#) or [5.15 Alternate Functionality Overview](#).

Table 5.11. EFM32TG11B1xx in QFP48 Device Pinout

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PA0	1	GPIO	PA1	2	GPIO
PA2	3	GPIO	IOVDD0	4 22 43	Digital IO power supply 0.
VSS	5 18 44	Ground	PC0	6	GPIO (5V)
PC1	7	GPIO (5V)	PC2	8	GPIO (5V)
PC3	9	GPIO (5V)	PC4	10	GPIO

Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description	Pin Name	Pin(s)	Description
PB8	8	GPIO	RESETn	9	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.
PB11	10	GPIO	AVDD	11 15	Analog power supply.
PB13	12	GPIO	PB14	13	GPIO
PD4	16	GPIO	PD5	17	GPIO
PD6	18	GPIO	PD7	19	GPIO
DVDD	20	Digital power supply.	DECOPPLE	21	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.
PC13	22	GPIO (5V)	PC14	23	GPIO (5V)
PC15	24	GPIO (5V)	PF0	25	GPIO (5V)
PF1	26	GPIO (5V)	PF2	27	GPIO
PE10	29	GPIO	PE11	30	GPIO
PE12	31	GPIO	PE13	32	GPIO

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
LCD_SEG22 / LCD_COM6	0: PB5		LCD segment line 22. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 6
LCD_SEG23 / LCD_COM7	0: PB6		LCD segment line 23. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 7
LCD_SEG24	0: PC4		LCD segment line 24.
LCD_SEG25	0: PC5		LCD segment line 25.
LCD_SEG26	0: PA9		LCD segment line 26.
LCD_SEG27	0: PA10		LCD segment line 27.
LCD_SEG28	0: PB11		LCD segment line 28.
LCD_SEG29	0: PB12		LCD segment line 29.
LCD_SEG30	0: PD3		LCD segment line 30.
LCD_SEG31	0: PD4		LCD segment line 31.
LCD_SEG32	0: PC6		LCD segment line 32.
LCD_SEG33	0: PC7		LCD segment line 33.
LCD_SEG34	0: PC8		LCD segment line 34.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
OPA3_N	0: PC7		Operational Amplifier 3 external negative input.
OPA3_OUT	0: PD1		Operational Amplifier 3 output.
OPA3_P	0: PC6		Operational Amplifier 3 external positive input.
PCNT0_S0IN	0: PC13 2: PC0 3: PD6	4: PA0 6: PB5 7: PB12	Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 0.
PCNT0_S1IN	0: PC14 2: PC1 3: PD7	4: PA1 6: PB6 7: PB11	Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 1.
PRS_CH0	0: PA0 1: PF3 2: PC14 3: PF2		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 0.
PRS_CH1	0: PA1 1: PF4 2: PC15 3: PE12		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 1.
PRS_CH2	0: PC0 1: PF5 2: PE10 3: PE13		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 2.
PRS_CH3	0: PC1 1: PE8 2: PE11 3: PA0		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 3.
PRS_CH4	0: PC8 2: PF1		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 4.
PRS_CH5	0: PC9 2: PD6		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 5.
PRS_CH6	0: PA6 1: PB14 2: PE6		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 6.
PRS_CH7	0: PB13 2: PE7		Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 7.

Alternate	LOCATION		
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	Description
TIM0_CC0	0: PA0 2: PD1 3: PB6	4: PF0 5: PC4 6: PA8 7: PA1	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM0_CC1	0: PA1 2: PD2 3: PC0	4: PF1 5: PC5 6: PA9 7: PA0	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM0_CC2	0: PA2 2: PD3 3: PC1	4: PF2 6: PA10 7: PA13	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM0_CDTI0	0: PA3 1: PC13 2: PF3 3: PC2	4: PB7	Timer 0 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 0.
TIM0_CDTI1	0: PA4 1: PC14 2: PF4 3: PC3	4: PB8	Timer 0 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 1.
TIM0_CDTI2	0: PA5 1: PC15 2: PF5 3: PC4	4: PB11	Timer 0 Complimentary Dead Time Insertion channel 2.
TIM1_CC0	0: PC13 1: PE10 3: PB7	4: PD6 5: PF2	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM1_CC1	0: PC14 1: PE11 3: PB8	4: PD7 5: PF3	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM1_CC2	0: PC15 1: PE12 3: PB11	4: PC13 5: PF4	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM1_CC3	0: PC12 1: PE13 2: PB3 3: PB12	4: PC14 6: PF5	Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 3.
U0_CTS	2: PA5 3: PC13	4: PB7 5: PD5	UART0 Clear To Send hardware flow control input.
U0_RTS	2: PA6 3: PC12	4: PB8 5: PD6	UART0 Request To Send hardware flow control output.
U0_RX	2: PA4 3: PC15	4: PC5 5: PF2 6: PE4	UART0 Receive input.

Table 5.18. ADC0 Bus and Pin Mapping

APORT4Y	APORT4X	APORT3Y	APORT3X	APORT2Y	APORT2X	APORT1Y	APORT1X	APORT0Y	APORT0X	Port
BUSDY	BUSDX	BUSCY	BUSCX	BUSBY	BUSBX	BUSAY	BUSAX	BUSADC0Y	BUSADC0X	Bus
										CH31
				PB14			PB14			CH30
				PB13	PB13	PB12				CH29
				PB12		PB11				CH28
				PB11						CH27
										CH26
										CH25
										CH24
										CH23
				PB6		PB6				CH22
PF4	PF5	PF5	PF4	PF4	PF4	PB5	PB5	PB4	PB4	CH21
PF2	PF3	PF3	PF2	PF2	PF2	PB3	PB3	PB3	PB3	CH20
PF0	PF1	PF1	PF1	PF0	PF0					CH19
PE15	PE15	PE15	PE14	PE14	PE14	PA15	PA15	PA14	PA14	CH18
PE14	PE13	PE13	PE13	PE12	PE12	PA13	PA13	PA13	PA13	CH17
PE12	PE11	PE11	PE11	PE10	PE10	PA10	PA10	PA10	PA10	CH16
PE10	PE9	PE9	PE9	PE8	PE8	PA9	PA9	PA9	PA9	CH15
PE8	PE7	PE7	PE7	PE6	PE6	PA6	PA6	PA6	PA6	CH14
PE6	PE5	PE5	PE5	PE4	PE4	PA5	PA5	PA5	PA5	CH13
PE4						PA3	PA3	PA3	PA3	CH12
						PA2	PA2	PA2	PA2	CH11
						PA1	PA1	PA1	PA1	CH10
						PA0	PA0	PA0	PA0	CH9
										CH8
										CH7
								PD7	PD7	PD7
								PD6	PD6	PD6
								PD5	PD5	PD5
								PD4	PD4	PD4
								PD3	PD3	PD3
								PD2	PD2	PD2
								PD1	PD1	PD1
								PD0	PD0	PD0

7. QFN80 Package Specifications

7.1 QFN80 Package Dimensions

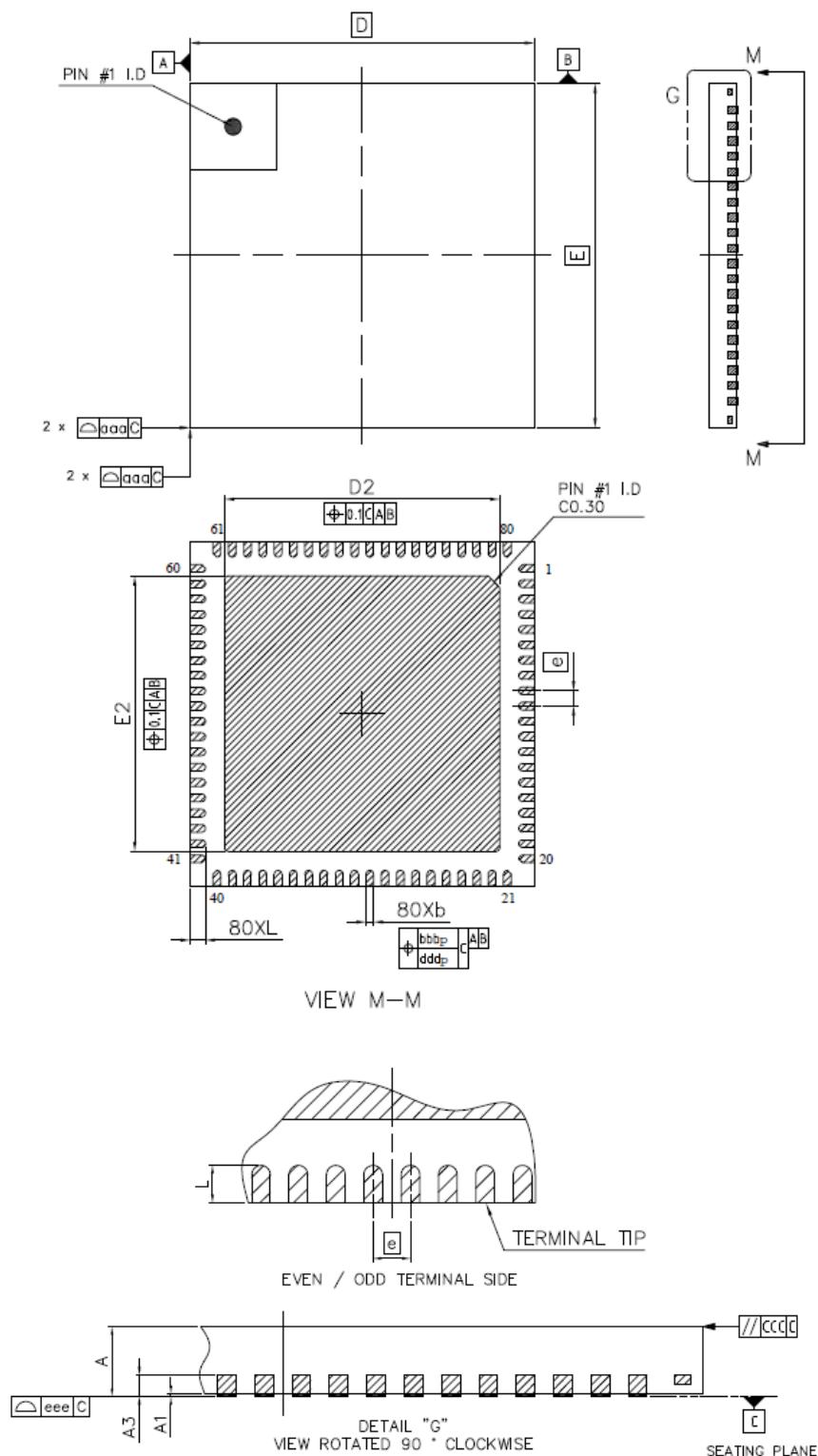


Figure 7.1. QFN80 Package Drawing

12. Revision History

Revision 0.5

February, 2018

- [4.1 Electrical Characteristics](#) updated with latest characterization data and production test limits.
- Added [4.1.3 Thermal Characteristics](#).
- Added [4.2 Typical Performance Curves](#) section.
- Corrected OPA / VDAC output connections in [Figure 5.14 APOR Connection Diagram](#) on page 119.

Revision 0.1

May 1st, 2017

Initial release.