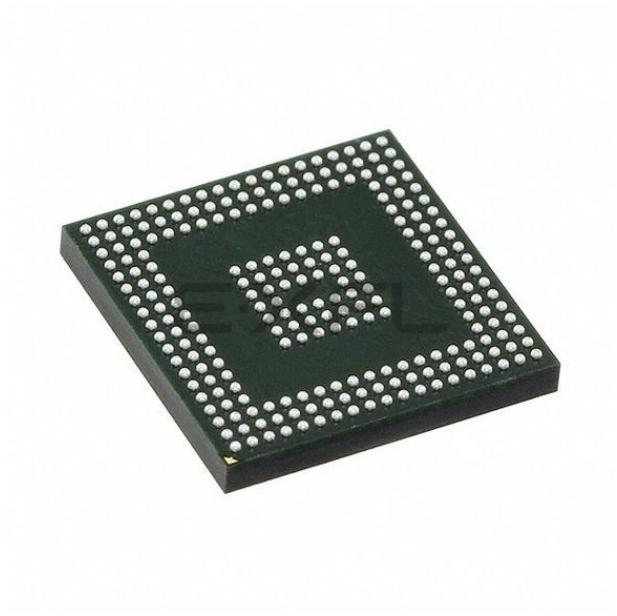

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Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

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The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	1000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	12800
Total RAM Bits	737280
Number of I/O	106
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.95V ~ 1.05V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	238-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	238-CSBGA (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc7a12t-2cpg236i

Table 1: **Absolute Maximum Ratings(1) *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
Temperature				
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (ambient)	–65	150	°C
T_{SOL}	Maximum soldering temperature for Pb/Sn component bodies (6)	–	+220	°C
	Maximum soldering temperature for Pb-free component bodies (6)	–	+260	°C
T_j	Maximum junction temperature(6)	–	+125	°C

Notes:

1. Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings might cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time might affect device reliability.
2. The lower absolute voltage specification always applies.
3. For I/O operation, refer to UG471: *7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide*.
4. The maximum limit applied to DC signals.
5. For maximum undershoot and overshoot AC specifications, see Table 4.
6. For soldering guidelines and thermal considerations, see UG475: *7 Series FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specification*.

Table 2: **Recommended Operating Conditions(1)(2)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
FPGA Logic					
V_{CCINT}	Internal supply voltage	0.95	1.00	1.05	V
	For -2L (0.9V) devices: internal supply voltage	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply voltage	1.71	1.80	1.89	V
V_{CCBRAM}	Block RAM supply voltage	0.95	1.00	1.05	V
V_{CCO}(3)(4)	Supply voltage for 3.3V HR I/O banks	1.14	–	3.465	V
V_{IN}(5)	I/O input voltage	–0.20	–	V_{CCO} + 0.20	V
	I/O input voltage for V_{REF} and differential I/O standards	–0.20	–	2.625	V
I_{IN}(6)	Maximum current through any pin in a powered or unpowered bank when forward biasing the clamp diode.	–	–	10	mA
V_{CCBATT}(7)	Battery voltage	1.0	–	1.89	V
GTP Transceiver					
$V_{MGTAVCC}$(8)(9)	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver circuits	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
$V_{MGTAVTT}$(8)(9)	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver termination circuits	1.17	1.2	1.23	V
XADC					
V_{CCADC}	XADC supply relative to GNDADC	1.71	1.80	1.89	V
V_{REFP}	Externally supplied reference voltage	1.20	1.25	1.30	V

Table 3: **DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Units
n	Temperature diode ideality factor	–	1.010	–	–
r	Temperature diode series resistance	–	2	–	Ω

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
2. This measurement represents the die capacitance at the pad, not including the package.
3. Maximum value specified for worst case process at 25°C.
4. Termination resistance to a $V_{CCO}/2$ level.

Table 4: **V_{IN} Maximum Allowed AC Voltage Overshoot and Undershoot for 3.3V HR I/O Banks[1]**

AC Voltage Overshoot	% of UI @–40°C to 100°C	AC Voltage Undershoot	% of UI @–40°C to 100°C
V_{CCO} + 0.40	100	–0.40	100
V_{CCO} + 0.45	100	–0.45	61.7
V_{CCO} + 0.50	100	–0.50	25.8
V_{CCO} + 0.55	100	–0.55	11.0
V_{CCO} + 0.60	46.6	–0.60	4.77
V_{CCO} + 0.65	21.2	–0.65	2.10
V_{CCO} + 0.70	9.75	–0.70	0.94
V_{CCO} + 0.75	4.55	–0.75	0.43
V_{CCO} + 0.80	2.15	–0.80	0.20
V_{CCO} + 0.85	1.02	–0.85	0.09
V_{CCO} + 0.90	0.49	–0.90	0.04
V_{CCO} + 0.95	0.24	–0.95	0.02

Notes:

1. A total of 200 mA per bank should not be exceeded.

Table 5: **Typical Quiescent Supply Current**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
I_{CCINTQ}	Quiescent V_{CCINT} supply current	XC7A100T	155	155	155	108	mA
		XC7A200T	328	328	328	232	mA
I_{CCOQ}	Quiescent V_{CCO} supply current	XC7A100T	4	4	4	4	mA
		XC7A200T	5	5	5	5	mA
I_{CCAUXQ}	Quiescent V_{CCAUX} supply current	XC7A100T	36	36	36	36	mA
		XC7A200T	73	73	73	73	mA
$I_{CCBRAMQ}$	Quiescent V_{CCBRAM} supply current	XC7A100T	4	4	4	4	mA
		XC7A200T	11	11	11	11	mA

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 85°C junction temperature (T_j) with single-ended SelectIO resources.
2. Typical values are for blank configured devices with no output current loads, no active input pull-up resistors, all I/O pins are 3-state and floating.
3. Use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at http://www.xilinx.com/power) to calculate static power consumption for conditions other than those specified.

Power-On/Off Power Supply Sequencing

The recommended power-on sequence is V_{CCINT}, V_{CCBRAM}, V_{CCAUX}, and V_{CCO} to achieve minimum current draw and ensure that the I/Os are 3-stated at power-on. The recommended power-off sequence is the reverse of the power-on sequence. If V_{CCINT} and V_{CCBRAM} have the same recommended voltage levels then both can be powered by the same supply and ramped simultaneously. If V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCO} have the same recommended voltage levels then both can be powered by the same supply and ramped simultaneously.

For V_{CCO} voltages of 3.3V in HR I/O banks and configuration bank 0:

- The voltage difference between V_{CCO} and V_{CCAUX} must not exceed 2.625V for longer than $T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$ for each power-on/off cycle to maintain device reliability levels.
- The $T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$ time can be allocated in any percentage between the power-on and power-off ramps.

The recommended power-on sequence to achieve minimum current draw for the GTP transceivers is V_{CCINT}, $V_{MGTAVCC}$, $V_{MGTAVTT}$ OR $V_{MGTAVCC}$, V_{CCINT}, $V_{MGTAVTT}$. There is no recommended sequencing for $V_{MGTVCCAUX}$. Both $V_{MGTAVCC}$ and V_{CCINT} can be ramped simultaneously. The recommended power-off sequence is the reverse of the power-on sequence to achieve minimum current draw.

If these recommended sequences are not met, current drawn from $V_{MGTAVTT}$ can be higher than specifications during power-up and power-down.

- When $V_{MGTAVTT}$ is powered before $V_{MGTAVCC}$ and $V_{MGTAVTT} - V_{MGTAVCC} > 150$ mV and $V_{MGTAVCC} < 0.7$V, the $V_{MGTAVTT}$ current draw can increase by 460 mA per transceiver during $V_{MGTAVCC}$ ramp up. The duration of the current draw can be up to 0.3 x $T_{MGTAVCC}$ (ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{MGTAVCC}$). The reverse is true for power-down.
- When $V_{MGTAVTT}$ is powered before V_{CCINT} and $V_{MGTAVTT} - V_{CCINT} > 150$ mV and $V_{CCINT} < 0.7$V, the $V_{MGTAVTT}$ current draw can increase by 50 mA per transceiver during V_{CCINT} ramp up. The duration of the current draw can be up to 0.3 x T_{VCCINT} (ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCINT}). The reverse is true for power-down.

Table 6 shows the minimum current, in addition to I_{CCQ}, that is required by Artix-7 devices for proper power-on and configuration. If the current minimums shown in Table 5 and Table 6 are met, the device powers on after all four supplies have passed through their power-on reset threshold voltages. The FPGA must not be configured until after V_{CCINT} is applied.

Once initialized and configured, use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) tools to estimate current drain on these supplies.

Table 6: **Power-On Current for Artix-7 Devices(1)**

Device	$I_{CCINTMIN}$	$I_{CCAUXMIN}$	I_{CCOMIN}	$I_{CCBRAMMIN}$	Units
	Typ(2)	Typ(2)	Typ(2)	Typ(2)	
XC7A100T	I_{CCINTQ} + 170	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XC7A200T	I_{CCINTQ} + 340	I_{CCAUXQ} + 50	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 80	mA

Notes:

1. Use the Xilinx Power Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at http://www.xilinx.com/power) to calculate maximum power-on currents.
2. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.

Table 7: **Power Supply Ramp Time**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
T_{VCCINT}	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCINT}		0.2	50	ms
T_{VCCO}	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCO}		0.2	50	ms
T_{VCCAUX}	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCAUX}		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCBRAM}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCBRAM}		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$	Allowed time per power cycle for $V_{CCO} - V_{CCAUX} > 2.625V$	$T_J = 100°C$(1)	–	500	ms
		$T_J = 85°C$(1)	–	800	
$T_{MGTAVCC}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{MGTAVCC}$		0.2	50	ms
$T_{MGTAVTT}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{MGTAVTT}$		0.2	50	ms

Notes:

1. Based on 240,000 power cycles with nominal V_{CCO} of 3.3V or 36,500 power cycles with worst case V_{CCO} of 3.465V.

Table 9: **Differential SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels**

I/O Standard	V_{ICM}[1]			V_{ID}[2]			V_{OCM}[3]			V_{OD}[4]		
	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max
BLVDS_25	0.300	1.200	1.425	0.100	–	–	–	1.250	–	Note 5		
MINI_LVDS_25	0.300	1.200	V_{CCAUX}	0.200	0.400	0.600	1.000	1.200	1.400	0.300	0.450	0.600
PPDS_25	0.200	0.900	V_{CCAUX}	0.100	0.250	0.400	0.500	0.950	1.400	0.100	0.250	0.400
RSDS_25	0.300	0.900	1.500	0.100	0.350	0.600	1.000	1.200	1.400	0.100	0.350	0.600
TMDS_33	2.700	2.965	3.230	0.150	0.675	1.200	V_{CCO}–0.405	V_{CCO}–0.300	V_{CCO}–0.190	0.400	0.600	0.800

Notes:

1. V_{ICM} is the input common mode voltage.
2. V_{ID} is the input differential voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$).
3. V_{OCM} is the output common mode voltage.
4. V_{OD} is the output differential voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$).
5. V_{OD} for BLVDS will vary significantly depending on topology and loading.

Table 10: **Complementary Differential SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels**

I/O Standard	V_{ICM}[1]			V_{ID}[2]		V_{OL}[3]	V_{OH}[4]	I_{OL}	I_{OH}
	V, Min	V,Typ	V, Max	V,Min	V, Max	V, Max	V, Min	mA, Max	mA, Min
DIFF_HSTL_I	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	–	0.400	V_{CCO}–0.400	8.00	–8.00
DIFF_HSTL_I_18	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	–	0.400	V_{CCO}–0.400	8.00	–8.00
DIFF_HSTL_II	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	–	0.400	V_{CCO}–0.400	16.00	–16.00
DIFF_HSTL_II_18	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	–	0.400	V_{CCO}–0.400	16.00	–16.00
DIFF_HSUL_12	0.300	0.600	0.850	0.100	–	20% V_{CCO}	80% V_{CCO}	0.100	–0.100
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	–	10% V_{CCO}	90% V_{CCO}	0.100	–0.100
DIFF_SSTL135	0.300	0.675	1.000	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.150	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.150	13.0	–13.0
DIFF_SSTL135_R	0.300	0.675	1.000	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.150	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.150	8.9	–8.9
DIFF_SSTL15	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.175	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.175	13.0	–13.0
DIFF_SSTL15_R	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.175	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.175	8.9	–8.9
DIFF_SSTL18_I	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.470	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.470	8.00	–8.00
DIFF_SSTL18_II	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.600	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.600	13.4	–13.4

Notes:

1. V_{ICM} is the input common mode voltage.
2. V_{ID} is the input differential voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$).
3. V_{OL} is the single-ended low-output voltage.
4. V_{OH} is the single-ended high-output voltage.

Input Serializer/Deserializer Switching Characteristics

Table 20: **ISERDES Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Setup/Hold for Control Lines						
$T_{ISCCK\_BITSLIP}$/ $T_{ISCKC\_BITSLIP}$	BITSLIP pin setup/hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.01/0.14	0.02/0.15	0.02/0.17	0.02/0.21	ns
T_{ISCCK_CE} / T_{ISCKC_CE}(2)	CE pin setup/hold with respect to CLK (for CE1)	0.45/–0.01	0.50/–0.01	0.72/–0.01	0.35/–0.11	ns
T_{ISCCK_CE2} / T_{ISCKC_CE2}(2)	CE pin setup/hold with respect to CLKDIV (for CE2)	–0.10/0.33	–0.10/0.36	–0.10/0.40	–0.17/0.40	ns
Setup/Hold for Data Lines						
T_{ISDCK_D} /T_{ISCKD_D}	D pin setup/hold with respect to CLK	–0.02/0.12	–0.02/0.14	–0.02/0.17	–0.04/0.19	ns
T_{ISDCK_DDLY} /T_{ISCKD_DDLY}	DDLY pin setup/hold with respect to CLK (using IDELAY)(1)	–0.02/0.12	–0.02/0.14	–0.02/0.17	–0.03/0.19	ns
$T_{ISDCK\_D\_DDR}$ /$T_{ISCKD\_D\_DDR}$	D pin setup/hold with respect to CLK at DDR mode	–0.02/0.12	–0.02/0.14	–0.02/0.17	–0.04/0.19	ns
$T_{ISDCK\_DDLY\_DDR}$/ $T_{ISCKD\_DDLY\_DDR}$	D pin setup/hold with respect to CLK at DDR mode (using IDELAY)(1)	0.12/0.12	0.14/0.14	0.17/0.17	0.19/0.19	ns
Sequential Delays						
T_{ISCKO_Q}	CLKDIV to out at Q pin	0.53	0.54	0.66	0.67	ns
Propagation Delays						
T_{ISDO_DO}	D input to DO output pin	0.11	0.11	0.13	0.14	ns

Notes:

1. Recorded at 0 tap value.
2. T_{ISCCK_CE2} and T_{ISCKC_CE2} are reported as T_{ISCCK_CE}/T_{ISCKC_CE} in TRACE report.

Output Serializer/Deserializer Switching Characteristics

Table 21: **OSERDES Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Setup/Hold						
T_{OSDCK_D}/T_{OSCKD_D}	D input setup/hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.42/0.03	0.45/0.03	0.63/0.03	0.44/–0.25	ns
T_{OSDCK_T}/T_{OSCKD_T}(1)	T input setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.69/–0.13	0.73/–0.13	0.88/–0.13	0.60/–0.25	ns
$T_{OSDCK\_T2}/T_{OSCKD\_T2}$(1)	T input setup/hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.31/–0.13	0.34/–0.13	0.39/–0.13	0.46/–0.25	ns
$T_{OSCCK\_OCE}/T_{OSCKC\_OCE}$	OCE input setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.32/0.58	0.34/0.58	0.51/0.58	0.21/–0.15	ns
T_{OSCCK_S}	SR (reset) input setup with respect to CLKDIV	0.47	0.52	0.85	0.70	ns
$T_{OSCCK\_TCE}/T_{OSCKC\_TCE}$	TCE input setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.32/0.01	0.34/0.01	0.51/0.01	0.22/–0.15	ns
Sequential Delays						
T_{OSCKO_OQ}	Clock to out from CLK to OQ	0.40	0.42	0.48	0.54	ns
T_{OSCKO_TQ}	Clock to out from CLK to TQ	0.47	0.49	0.56	0.63	ns
Combinatorial						
T_{OSDO_TTQ}	T input to TQ Out	0.83	0.92	1.11	1.18	ns

Notes:

1. T_{OSDCK_T2} and T_{OSCKD_T2} are reported as T_{OSDCK_T}/T_{OSCKD_T} in TRACE report.

CLB Switching Characteristics

Table 24: **CLB Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Combinatorial Delays						
T_{ILO}	An – Dn LUT address to A	0.10	0.11	0.13	0.15	ns, Max
T_{ILO_2}	An – Dn LUT address to AMUX/CMUX	0.27	0.30	0.36	0.41	ns, Max
T_{ILO_3}	An – Dn LUT address to BMUX_A	0.42	0.46	0.55	0.65	ns, Max
T_{ITO}	An – Dn inputs to A – D Q outputs	0.94	1.05	1.27	1.51	ns, Max
T_{AXA}	AX inputs to AMUX output	0.62	0.69	0.84	1.01	ns, Max
T_{AXB}	AX inputs to BMUX output	0.58	0.66	0.83	0.98	ns, Max
T_{AXC}	AX inputs to CMUX output	0.60	0.68	0.82	0.98	ns, Max
T_{AXD}	AX inputs to DMUX output	0.68	0.75	0.90	1.08	ns, Max
T_{BXB}	BX inputs to BMUX output	0.51	0.57	0.69	0.82	ns, Max
T_{BXD}	BX inputs to DMUX output	0.62	0.69	0.82	0.99	ns, Max
T_{CXC}	CX inputs to CMUX output	0.42	0.48	0.58	0.69	ns, Max
T_{CXD}	CX inputs to DMUX output	0.53	0.59	0.71	0.86	ns, Max
T_{DXD}	DX inputs to DMUX output	0.52	0.58	0.70	0.84	ns, Max
Sequential Delays						
T_{CKO}	Clock to AQ – DQ outputs	0.40	0.44	0.53	0.62	ns, Max
T_{SHCKO}	Clock to AMUX – DMUX outputs	0.47	0.53	0.66	0.73	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times of CLB Flip-Flops Before/After Clock CLK						
T_{AS}/T_{AH}	A_N – D_N input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.07/0.12	0.09/0.14	0.11/0.18	0.11/0.20	ns, Min
T_{DICK}/T_{CKDI}	A_X – D_X input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.06/0.19	0.07/0.21	0.09/0.26	0.09/0.31	ns, Min
	A_X – D_X input through MUXs and/or carry logic to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.59/0.08	0.66/0.09	0.81/0.11	0.97/0.12	ns, Min
$T_{CECK\_CLB}/T_{CKCE\_CLB}$	CE input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.15/0.00	0.17/0.00	0.21/0.01	0.34/–0.01	ns, Min
T_{SRCK}/T_{CKSR}	SR input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.38/0.03	0.43/0.04	0.53/0.05	0.62/0.05	ns, Min
Set/Reset						
T_{SRMIN}	SR input minimum pulse width	0.52	0.78	1.04	0.95	ns, Min
T_{RQ}	Delay from SR input to AQ – DQ flip-flops	0.53	0.59	0.71	0.83	ns, Max
T_{CEO}	Delay from CE input to AQ – DQ flip-flops	0.52	0.58	0.70	0.83	ns, Max
F_{TOG}	Toggle frequency (for export control)	1412	1286	1098	1098	MHz

Table 32: **Horizontal Clock Buffer Switching Characteristics (BUFH)**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
T_{BHCKO_O}	BUFH delay from I to O	0.10	0.11	0.13	0.16	ns
$T_{BHCCK\_CE}/T_{BHCKC\_CE}$	CE pin setup and hold	0.19/0.13	0.22/0.15	0.28/0.21	0.35/0.08	ns
Maximum Frequency						
F_{MAX_BUFH}	Horizontal clock buffer (BUFH)	628.00	628.00	464.00	394.00	MHz

Table 33: **Duty Cycle Distortion and Clock-Tree Skew**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
T_{DCD_CLK}	Global clock tree duty-cycle distortion(1)	All	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.25	ns
T_{CKSKEW}	Global clock tree skew(2)	XC7A100T	0.27	0.33	0.36	0.48	ns
		XC7A200T	0.40	0.48	0.54	0.69	ns
T_{DCD_BUFIO}	I/O clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	ns
$T_{BUFIOSKEW}$	I/O clock tree skew across one clock region	All	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	ns
T_{DCD_BUFR}	Regional clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	ns

Notes:

1. These parameters represent the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the I/O flip flops. For all I/O standards, IBIS can be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times.
2. The T_{CKSKEW} value represents the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements. Significantly less clock-tree skew exists for I/O registers that are close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Xilinx FPGA_Editor and Timing Analyzer tools to evaluate clock skew specific to your application.

MMCM Switching Characteristics

Table 34: **MMCM Specification**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
MMCM_F_{INMAX}	Maximum input clock frequency	800.00	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
MMCM_F_{INMIN}	Minimum input clock frequency	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	MHz
MMCM_$F_{INJITTER}$	Maximum input clock period jitter	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max				
MMCM_F_{INDUTY}	Allowable input duty cycle: 10—49 MHz	25	25	25	25	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 50—199 MHz	30	30	30	30	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 200—399 MHz	35	35	35	35	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 400—499 MHz	40	40	40	40	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: >500 MHz	45	45	45	45	%
MMCM_F_{MIN_PSCLK}	Minimum dynamic phase-shift clock frequency	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	MHz
MMCM_F_{MAX_PSCLK}	Maximum dynamic phase-shift clock frequency	550.00	500.00	450.00	450.00	MHz
MMCM_F_{VCOMIN}	Minimum MMCM VCO frequency	600.00	600.00	600.00	600.00	MHz
MMCM_F_{VCOMAX}	Maximum MMCM VCO frequency	1600.00	1440.00	1200.00	1200.00	MHz

PLL Switching Characteristics

Table 35: **PLL Specification**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
PLL_F_{INMAX}	Maximum input clock frequency	800.00	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
PLL_F_{INMIN}	Minimum input clock frequency	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	MHz
$PLL\_F_{INJITTER}$	Maximum input clock period jitter	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max				
PLL_F_{INDUTY}	Allowable input duty cycle: 19—49 MHz	25	25	25	25	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 50—199 MHz	30	30	30	30	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 200—399 MHz	35	35	35	35	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 400—499 MHz	40	40	40	40	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: >500 MHz	45	45	45	45	%
PLL_F_{VCOMIN}	Minimum PLL VCO frequency	800.00	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
PLL_F_{VCOMAX}	Maximum PLL VCO frequency	2133.00	1866.00	1600.00	1600.00	MHz
$PLL\_F_{BANDWIDTH}$	Low PLL bandwidth at typical(1)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	MHz
	High PLL bandwidth at typical(1)	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	MHz
$PLL\_T_{STATPHAOFFSET}$	Static phase offset of the PLL outputs(2)	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
$PLL\_T_{OUTJITTER}$	PLL output jitter	Note 3				
$PLL\_T_{OUTDUTY}$	PLL output clock duty-cycle precision(4)	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.25	ns
$PLL\_T_{LOCKMAX}$	PLL maximum lock time	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	µs
PLL_F_{OUTMAX}	PLL maximum output frequency	800.00	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
PLL_F_{OUTMIN}	PLL minimum output frequency(5)	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	MHz
$PLL\_T_{EXTFDVAR}$	External clock feedback variation	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max				
$PLL\_RST_{MINPULSE}$	Minimum reset pulse width	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	ns
PLL_F_{PFDMAX}	Maximum frequency at the phase frequency detector	550.00	500.00	450.00	450.00	MHz
PLL_F_{PFDMIN}	Minimum frequency at the phase frequency detector	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	MHz
$PLL\_T_{FBDELAY}$	Maximum delay in the feedback path	3 ns Max or one CLKIN cycle				
Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) for PLL Before and After DCLK						
T_{PLLDCK_DADDR}/ T_{PLLCKD_DADDR}	Setup and hold of D address	1.25/0.15	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.43/0.00	ns, Min
$T_{PLLDCK\_DI}/T_{PLLCKD\_DI}$	Setup and hold of D input	1.25/0.15	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.43/0.00	ns, Min
T_{PLLDCK_DEN}/ T_{PLLCKD_DEN}	Setup and hold of D enable	1.76/0.00	1.97/0.00	2.29/0.00	2.40/0.00	ns, Min
T_{PLLDCK_DWE}/ T_{PLLCKD_DWE}	Setup and hold of D write enable	1.25/0.15	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.43/0.00	ns, Min
T_{PLLCKO_DRDY}	CLK to out of DRDY	0.65	0.72	0.99	0.99	ns, Max
F_{DCK}	DCLK frequency	200.00	200.00	200.00	100.00	MHz, Max

Notes:

1. The PLL does not filter typical spread-spectrum input clocks because they are usually far below the bandwidth filter frequencies.
2. The static offset is measured between any PLL outputs with identical phase.
3. Values for this parameter are available in the Clocking Wizard. See http://www.xilinx.com/products/intellectual-property/clocking_wizard.htm.
4. Includes global clock buffer.
5. Calculated as $F_{VCO}/128$ assuming output duty cycle is 50%.

Device Pin-to-Pin Output Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Table 36: **Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay Without MMCM/PLL (Near Clock Region)**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, *without* MMCM/PLL.							
T_{ICKOF}	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF *without* MMCM/PLL (near clock region)	XC7A100T	5.14	5.74	6.72	7.64	ns
		XC7A200T	5.47	6.11	7.16	8.10	ns

Notes:

1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.

Table 37: **Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay Without MMCM/PLL (Far Clock Region)**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, *without* MMCM/PLL.							
$T_{ICKOFFAR}$	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF *without* MMCM/PLL (far clock region)	XC7A100T	5.38	6.01	7.02	7.96	ns
		XC7A200T	6.17	6.89	8.05	9.05	ns

Notes:

1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.

Table 38: **Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay With MMCM**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, *with* MMCM.							
$T_{ICKOFMMCMCC}$	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF *with* MMCM	XC7A100T	0.89	0.94	0.96	1.81	ns
		XC7A200T	0.90	0.97	1.01	1.86	ns

Notes:

1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. MMCM output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Table 39: **Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay With PLL**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, *with* PLL.							
$T_{ICKOFPLLCC}$	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF *with* PLL	XC7A100T	0.70	0.70	0.70	1.41	ns
		XC7A200T	0.69	0.69	0.69	1.47	ns

Notes:

1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. PLL output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Table 40: **Pin-to-Pin, Clock-to-Out using BUFIO**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, with BUFIO.						
$T_{ICKOFCS}$	Clock to out of I/O clock	5.01	5.61	6.64	7.34	ns

Device Pin-to-Pin Input Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Table 41: **Global Clock Input Setup and Hold Without MMCM/PLL with ZHOLD_DELAY on HR I/O Banks**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for SSTL15 Standard.(1)							
T_{PSFD}/ T_{PHFD}	Full delay (legacy delay or default delay) global clock input and IFF(2) without MMCM/PLL with ZHOLD_DELAY on HR I/O banks	XC7A100T	2.69/–0.46	2.89/–0.46	3.34/–0.46	5.66/–0.52	ns
		XC7A200T	3.03/–0.50	3.27/–0.50	3.79/–0.50	6.66/–0.53	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input flip-flop or latch
3. A zero "0" hold time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time.

Table 42: **Clock-Capable Clock Input Setup and Hold With MMCM**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for SSTL15 Standard.(1)							
$T_{PSMMCMCC}$/ $T_{PHMMCMCC}$	No delay clock-capable clock input and IFF(2) with MMCM	XC7A100T	2.44/–0.62	2.80/–0.62	3.36/–0.62	2.15/–0.49	ns
		XC7A200T	2.57/–0.63	2.94/–0.63	3.52/–0.63	2.32/–0.53	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input flip-flop or latch
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Table 43: **Clock-Capable Clock Input Setup and Hold With PLL**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Clock-Capable Clock Input Signal for SSTL15 Standard.(1)							
$T_{PSPLLCC}$/ $T_{PHPLLCC}$	No delay clock-capable clock input and IFF(2) with PLL	XC7A100T	2.78/–0.32	3.15/–0.32	3.78/–0.32	2.47/–0.60	ns
		XC7A200T	2.91/–0.33	3.29/–0.33	3.94/–0.33	2.64/–0.63	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input flip-flop or latch
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Table 44: **Data Input Setup and Hold Times Relative to a Forwarded Clock Input Pin Using BUFIO**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to a Forwarded Clock Input Pin Using BUFIO for SSTL15 Standard.						
T_{PSCS}/T_{PHCS}	Setup and hold of I/O clock	–0.38/1.31	–0.38/1.46	–0.38/1.76	–0.16/1.89	ns

Table 45: **Sample Window**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
T_{SAMP}	Sampling error at receiver pins(1)	0.59	0.64	0.70	0.70	ns
T_{SAMP_BUFIO}	Sampling error at receiver pins using BUFIO(2)	0.35	0.40	0.46	0.46	ns

Notes:

1. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Artix-7 FPGAs DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the MMCM to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements include:
   - CLK0 MMCM jitter
   - MMCM accuracy (phase offset)
   - MMCM phase shift resolution

   These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.
2. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Artix-7 FPGAs DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the BUFIO clock network and IDELAY to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.

Additional Package Parameter Guidelines

The parameters in this section provide the necessary values for calculating timing budgets for Artix-7 FPGA clock transmitter and receiver data-valid windows.

Table 46: **Package Skew**

Symbol	Description	Device	Package	Value	Units
$T_{PKGSKEW}$	Package skew(1)	XC7A100T	CSG324	113	ps
			FTG256	120	ps
			FGG484	144	ps
			FGG676	153	ps
		XC7A200T	SBG484	111	ps
			FBG484	109	ps
			FBG676	121	ps
			FFG1156	151	ps

Notes:

1. These values represent the worst-case skew between any two SelectIO resources in the package: shortest delay to longest delay from die pad to ball.
2. Package delay information is available for these device/package combinations. This information can be used to deskew the package.

GTP Transceiver Specifications

GTP Transceiver DC Input and Output Levels

Table 47 summarizes the DC output specifications of the GTP transceivers in Artix-7 FPGAs. Consult UG482: *7 Series FPGAs GTP Transceiver User Guide* for further details.

Table 47: **GTP Transceiver DC Specifications**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
DV_{PPOUT}	Differential peak-to-peak output voltage(1)	Transmitter output swing is set to maximum setting	–	–	1000	mV
$V_{CMOUTDC}$	DC common mode output voltage	Equation based	$V_{MGTAVTT} - DV_{PPOUT}/4$			mV
R_{OUT}	Differential output resistance		–	100	–	Ω
$V_{CMOUTAC}$	Common mode output voltage: AC coupled		1/2 $V_{MGTAVTT}$			mV
T_{OSKEW}	Transmitter output pair (TXP and TXN) intra-pair skew (FFG, FBG, SBG packages)		–	–	10	ps
	Transmitter output pair (TXP and TXN) intra-pair skew (FGG, FTG, CSG packages)		–	–	12	ps
DV_{PPIN}	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage	External AC coupled	150	–	2000	mV
V_{IN}	Absolute input voltage	DC coupled $V_{MGTAVTT}$ = 1.2V	–200	–	$V_{MGTAVTT}$	mV
V_{CMIN}	Common mode input voltage	DC coupled $V_{MGTAVTT}$ = 1.2V	–	2/3 $V_{MGTAVTT}$	–	mV
R_{IN}	Differential input resistance		–	100	–	Ω
C_{EXT}	Recommended external AC coupling capacitor(2)		–	100	–	nF

Notes:

1. The output swing and preemphasis levels are programmable using the attributes discussed in UG482: *7 Series FPGAs GTP Transceiver User Guide* and can result in values lower than reported in this table.
2. Other values can be used as appropriate to conform to specific protocols and standards.

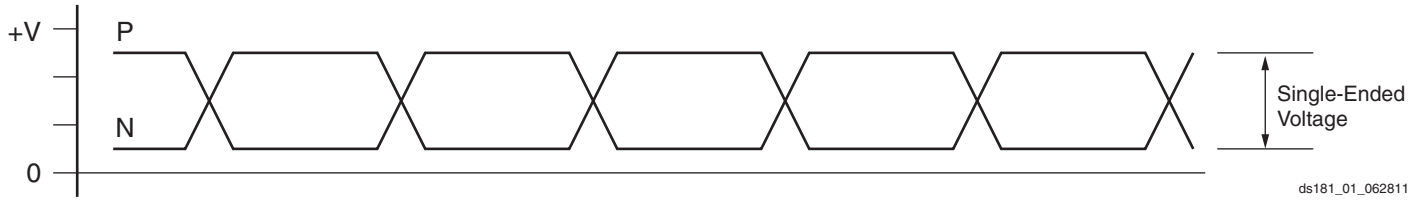

Figure 1: **Single-Ended Peak-to-Peak Voltage**

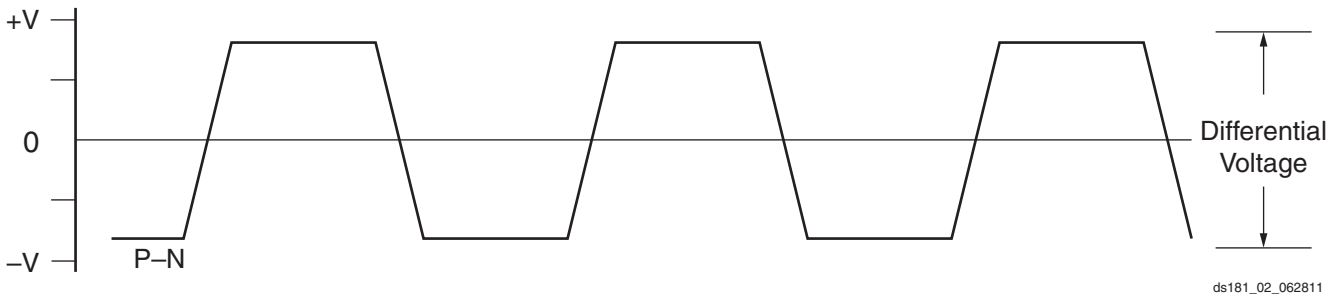

Figure 2: **Differential Peak-to-Peak Voltage**

Table 60: **CPRI Protocol Characteristics**

Description	Line Rate (Mb/s)	Min	Max	Units
CPRI Transmitter Jitter Generation				
Total transmitter jitter	614.4	–	0.35	UI
	1228.8	–	0.35	UI
	2457.6	–	0.35	UI
	3072.0	–	0.35	UI
	4915.2	–	0.3	UI
	6144.0	–	0.3	UI
CPRI Receiver Frequency Jitter Tolerance				
Total receiver jitter tolerance	614.4	0.65	–	UI
	1228.8	0.65	–	UI
	2457.6	0.65	–	UI
	3072.0	0.65	–	UI
	4915.2(1)	0.60	–	UI
	6144.0(1)	0.60	–	UI

Notes:

1. Tested to CEI-6G-SR.

Integrated Interface Block for PCI Express Designs Switching Characteristics

More information and documentation on solutions for PCI Express designs can be found at:
http://www.xilinx.com/technology/protocols/pciexpress.htm

Table 61: **Maximum Performance for PCI Express Designs**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
$F_{PIPECLK}$	Pipe clock maximum frequency	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz
$F_{USERCLK}$	User clock maximum frequency	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz
$F_{USERCLK2}$	User clock 2 maximum frequency	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz
F_{DRPCLK}	DRP clock maximum frequency	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz

XADC Specifications

Table 62: **XADC Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCADC} = 1.8V ± 5%, V_{REFP} = 1.25V, V_{REFN} = 0V, ADCCLK = 26 MHz, T_j = –40°C to 100°C, Typical values at T_j=+40°C						
ADC Accuracy(1)						
Resolution			12	–	–	Bits
Integral Nonlinearity(2)	INL		–	–	±2	LSBs
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic	–	–	±1	LSBs
Offset Error		Unipolar operation	–	–	±8	LSBs
		Bipolar operation	–	–	±4	LSBs
Gain Error			–	–	±0.5	%
Offset Matching			–	–	4	LSBs
Gain Matching			–	–	0.3	%
Sample Rate			0.1	–	1	MS/s
Signal to Noise Ratio(2)	SNR	F_{SAMPLE} = 500KS/s, F_{IN} = 20KHz	60	–	–	dB
RMS Code Noise		External 1.25V reference	–	–	2	LSBs
		On-chip reference	–	3	–	LSBs
Total Harmonic Distortion(2)	THD	F_{SAMPLE} = 500KS/s, F_{IN} = 20KHz	70	–	–	dB
ADC Accuracy at Extended Temperatures (-55°C to 125°C)						
Resolution			10	–	–	Bits
Integral Nonlinearity(2)	INL		–	–	±1	LSB (at 10 bits)
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic	–	–	±1	
Analog Inputs(3)						
ADC Input Ranges		Unipolar operation	0	–	1	V
		Bipolar operation	–0.5	–	+0.5	V
		Unipolar common mode range (FS input)	0	–	+0.5	V
		Bipolar common mode range (FS input)	+0.5	–	+0.6	V
Maximum External Channel Input Ranges		Adjacent analog channels set within these ranges should not corrupt measurements on adjacent channels	–0.1	–	V_{CCADC}	V
Auxiliary Channel Full Resolution Bandwidth	FRBW		250	–	–	KHz
On-Chip Sensors						
Temperature Sensor Error		T_j = –40°C to 100°C	–	–	±4	°C
		T_j = –55°C to +125°C	–	–	±6	°C
Supply Sensor Error		Measurement range of V_{CCAUX} 1.8V ±5% T_j = –40°C to +100°C	–	–	±1	%
		Measurement range of V_{CCAUX} 1.8V ±5% T_j = –55°C to +125°C	–	–	±2	%
Conversion Rate(4)						
Conversion Time - Continuous	t_{CONV}	Number of ADCCLK cycles	26	–	32	Cycles
Conversion Time - Event	t_{CONV}	Number of CLK cycles	–	–	21	Cycles
DRP Clock Frequency	DCLK	DRP clock frequency	8	–	250	MHz
ADC Clock Frequency	ADCCLK	Derived from DCLK	1	–	26	MHz

Table 62: **XADC Specifications *(Cont'd)***

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
DCLK Duty Cycle			40	–	60	%
XADC Reference(5)						
External Reference	V_{REFP}	Externally supplied reference voltage	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
On-Chip Reference		Ground V_{REFP} pin to AGND, T_j = –40°C to 100°C	1.2375	1.25	1.2625	V

Notes:

1. Offset and gain errors are removed by enabling the XADC automatic gain calibration feature. The values are specified for when this feature is enabled.
2. Only specified for BitGen option XADCEnhancedLinearity = ON.
3. See the ADC chapter in UG480: *7 Series FPGAs XADC User Guide* for a detailed description.
4. See the Timing chapter in UG480: *7 Series FPGAs XADC User Guide* for a detailed description.
5. Any variation in the reference voltage from the nominal V_{REFP} = 1.25V and V_{REFN} = 0V will result in a deviation from the ideal transfer function. This also impacts the accuracy of the internal sensor measurements (i.e., temperature and power supply). However, for external ratiometric type applications allowing reference to vary by ±4% is permitted. On-chip reference variation is ±1%.

Configuration Switching Characteristics

Table 63: **Configuration Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Power-up Timing Characteristics						
T_{PL}(1)	Program latency	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	ms, Max
T_{POR}(1)	Power-on reset (50 ms ramp rate time)	10/50	10/50	10/50	10/50	ms, Min/Max
	Power-on reset (1 ms ramp rate time)	10/35	10/35	10/35	10/35	ms, Min/Max
$T_{PROGRAM}$	Program pulse width	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	ns, Min
CCLK Output (Master Mode)						
T_{ICCK}	Master CCLK output delay	150.00	150.00	150.00	150.00	ns, Min
T_{MCCKL}	Master CCLK clock Low time duty cycle	40/60	40/60	40/60	40/60	%, Min/Max
T_{MCCKH}	Master CCLK clock High time duty cycle	40/60	40/60	40/60	40/60	%, Min/Max
F_{MCCK}	Master CCLK frequency	100.00	100.00	100.00	70.00	MHz, Max
	Master CCLK frequency for AES encrypted x16	50.00	50.00	50.00	35.00	MHz, Max
F_{MCCK_START}	Master CCLK frequency at start of configuration	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	MHz, Typ
$F_{MCCKTOL}$	Frequency tolerance, master mode with respect to nominal CCLK	±50	±50	±50	±50	%, Max
CCLK Input (Slave Modes)						
T_{SCCKL}	Slave CCLK clock minimum Low time	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
T_{SCCKH}	Slave CCLK clock minimum High time	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
F_{SCCK}	Slave CCLK frequency	100.00	100.00	100.00	70.00	MHz, Max
EMCCLK Input (Master Mode)						
T_{EMCCKL}	External master CCLK Low time	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
T_{EMCCKH}	External master CCLK High time	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
F_{EMCCK}	External master CCLK frequency	100.00	100.00	100.00	70.00	MHz, Max

Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document:

Date	Version	Description
09/26/11	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.
11/07/11	1.1	Revised the V_{OCM} specification in Table 11. Updated the AC Switching Characteristics based upon the ISE 13.3 software v1.02 speed specification throughout document including Table 12 and Table 13. Added MMCM_$T_{FBDELAY}$ while adding MMCM_ to the symbol names of a few specifications in Table 34 and PLL to the symbol names in Table 35. In Table 36 through Table 43, updated the pin-to-pin description with the SSTL15 standard. Updated units in Table 46.
02/13/12	1.2	Updated the Artix-7 family of devices listed throughout the entire data sheet. Updated the AC Switching Characteristics based upon the ISE 13.4 software v1.03 for the -3, -2, and -1 speed grades and v1.00 for the -2L speed grade. Updated summary description on page 1. In Table 2, revised V_{CCO} for the 3.3V HR I/O banks and updated T_j. Updated the notes in Table 5. Added MGTAVCC and MGTAVTT power supply ramp times to Table 7. Rearranged Table 8, added Mobile_DDR, HSTL_I_18, HSTL_II_18, HSUL_12, SSTL135_R, SSTL15_R, and SSTL12 and removed DIFF_SSTL135, DIFF_SSTL18_I, DIFF_SSTL18_II, DIFF_HSTL_I, and DIFF_HSTL_II. Added Table 9 and Table 10. Revised the specifications in Table 11. Revised V_{IN} in Table 47. Updated the eFUSE Programming Conditions section and removed the endurance table. Added the table. Revised F_{TXIN} and F_{RXIN} in Table 53. Revised I_{CCADC} and updated Note 1 in Table 62. Revised DDR LVDS transmitter data width in Table 14. Removed notes from Table 24 as they are no longer applicable. Updated specifications in Table 63. Updated Note 1 in Table 33.
06/01/12	1.3	Reorganized entire data sheet including adding Table 40 and Table 44. Updated T_{SOL} in Table 1. Updated I_{BATT} and added R_{IN_TERM} to Table 3. Updated Power-On/Off Power Supply Sequencing section with regards to GTP transceivers. In Table 8, updated many parameters including SSTL135 and SSTL135_R. Removed V_{OX} column and added DIFF_HSUL_12 to Table 10. Updated V_{OL} in Table 11. Updated Table 14 and removed notes 2 and 3. Updated Table 15. Updated the AC Switching Characteristics based upon the ISE 14.1 software v1.03 for the -3, -2, -2L (1.0V), -1, and v1.01 for the -2L (0.9V) speed specifications throughout the document. In Table 27, updated Reset Delays section including Note 10 and Note 11. In Table 53, replaced F_{TXOUT} with F_{GLK}. Updated many of the XADC specifications in Table 62 and added Note 2. Updated and moved *Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) for MMCM Before and After DCLK* section from Table 63 to Table 34 and Table 35.

Date	Version	Description
09/20/12	1.4	In Table 1, updated the descriptions, changed V_{IN} and Note 2, and added Note 4. In Table 2, changed descriptions and notes. Updated parameters in Table 3. Added Table 4. Revised the Power-On/Off Power Supply Sequencing section. Updated standards and specifications in Table 8, Table 9, and Table 10. Removed the XC7A350T device from data sheet. Updated the AC Switching Characteristics section to the ISE 14.2 speed specifications throughout the document. Updated the IOB Pad Input/Output/3-State discussion and changed Table 17 by adding $T_{IOIBUFDISABLE}$. Removed many of the combinatorial delay specifications and T_{CINCK}/T_{CKCIN} from Table 24.Changed F_{PFDMAX} conditions in Table 34 and Table 35. Updated the GTP Transceiver Specifications section, moved the GTP Transceiver DC characteristics section to the overall DC Characteristics section, and added the GTP Transceiver Protocol Jitter Characteristics section. In Table 62, updated Note 1. In Table 63, updated T_{POR}.
02/01/13	1.5	Updated the AC Switching Characteristics based upon the 14.4/2012.4 device pack for ISE 14.4 and Vivado 2012.4, both at v1.07 for the -3, -2, -2L (1.0V), -1 speed specifications, and v1.05 for the -2L (0.9V) speed specifications throughout the document. Production changes to Table 12 and Table 13 for -3, -2, -2L (1.0V), -1 speed specifications. Revised I_{DCIN} and I_{DCOUT} and added Note 5 in Table 1. Added Note 2 to Table 2. Updated Table 5. Added minimum current specifications to Table 6. Removed SSTL12 and HSTL_I_12 from Table 8. Removed DIFF_SSTL12 from Table 10. Updated Table 12. Added a 2:1 memory controller section to Table 15. Updated Note 1 in Table 31. Revised Table 33. Updated Note 1 and Note 2 in Table 46. Updated D_{VPPIN} in Table 47. Updated V_{IDIFF} in Table 48. Removed T_{LOCK} and T_{PHASE} and revised F_{GCLK} in Table 51. Updated T_{DLOCK} in Table 52. Updated Table 53. In Table 54, updated T_{RTX}, T_{FTX}, $V_{TXOOBVDPP}$, and revised Note 1 through Note 7. In Table 55, updated RX_{SST} and RX_{PPMTOL} and revised Note 4 through Note 7. In Table 60, revised and added Note 1. Revised the maximum external channel input ranges in Table 62. In Table 63, revised F_{MCCK} and added the Internal Configuration Access Port section.