AMD Xilinx - XC7A200T-1FBG484I Datasheet

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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	16825
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	215360
Total RAM Bits	13455360
Number of I/O	285
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.95V ~ 1.05V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FCBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc7a200t-1fbg484i

Power-On/Off Power Supply Sequencing

The recommended power-on sequence is V_{CCINT}, V_{CCBRAM}, V_{CCAUX}, and V_{CCO} to achieve minimum current draw and ensure that the I/Os are 3-stated at power-on. The recommended power-off sequence is the reverse of the power-on sequence. If V_{CCINT} and V_{CCBRAM} have the same recommended voltage levels then both can be powered by the same supply and ramped simultaneously. If V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCO} have the same recommended voltage levels then both can be powered by the same supply and ramped simultaneously.

For V_{CCO} voltages of 3.3V in HR I/O banks and configuration bank 0:

- The voltage difference between V_{CCO} and V_{CCAUX} must not exceed 2.625V for longer than $T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$ for each power-on/off cycle to maintain device reliability levels.
- The $T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$ time can be allocated in any percentage between the power-on and power-off ramps.

The recommended power-on sequence to achieve minimum current draw for the GTP transceivers is V_{CCINT}, $V_{MGTAVCC}$, $V_{MGTAVTT}$ OR $V_{MGTAVCC}$, V_{CCINT}, $V_{MGTAVTT}$. There is no recommended sequencing for $V_{MGTVCCAUX}$. Both $V_{MGTAVCC}$ and V_{CCINT} can be ramped simultaneously. The recommended power-off sequence is the reverse of the power-on sequence to achieve minimum current draw.

If these recommended sequences are not met, current drawn from $V_{MGTAVTT}$ can be higher than specifications during power-up and power-down.

- When $V_{MGTAVTT}$ is powered before $V_{MGTAVCC}$ and $V_{MGTAVTT} - V_{MGTAVCC} > 150$ mV and $V_{MGTAVCC} < 0.7$V, the $V_{MGTAVTT}$ current draw can increase by 460 mA per transceiver during $V_{MGTAVCC}$ ramp up. The duration of the current draw can be up to 0.3 x $T_{MGTAVCC}$ (ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{MGTAVCC}$). The reverse is true for power-down.
- When $V_{MGTAVTT}$ is powered before V_{CCINT} and $V_{MGTAVTT} - V_{CCINT} > 150$ mV and $V_{CCINT} < 0.7$V, the $V_{MGTAVTT}$ current draw can increase by 50 mA per transceiver during V_{CCINT} ramp up. The duration of the current draw can be up to 0.3 x T_{VCCINT} (ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCINT}). The reverse is true for power-down.

DC Input and Output Levels

Values for V_{IL} and V_{IH} are recommended input voltages. Values for I_{OL} and I_{OH} are guaranteed over the recommended operating conditions at the V_{OL} and V_{OH} test points. Only selected standards are tested. These are chosen to ensure that all standards meet their specifications. The selected standards are tested at a minimum V_{CCO} with the respective V_{OL} and V_{OH} voltage levels shown. Other standards are sample tested.

Table 8: **SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels(1)(2)**

I/O Standard	V_{IL}		V_{IH}		V_{OL}	V_{OH}	I_{OL}	I_{OH}
	V, Min	V, Max	V, Min	V, Max	V, Max	V, Min	mA, Max	mA, Min
HSTL_I	–0.300	V_{REF} – 0.100	V_{REF} + 0.100	V_{CCO} + 0.300	0.400	V_{CCO} – 0.400	8.00	–8.00
HSTL_I_18	–0.300	V_{REF} – 0.100	V_{REF} + 0.100	V_{CCO} + 0.300	0.400	V_{CCO} – 0.400	8.00	–8.00
HSTL_II	–0.300	V_{REF} – 0.100	V_{REF} + 0.100	V_{CCO} + 0.300	0.400	V_{CCO} – 0.400	16.00	–16.00
HSTL_II_18	–0.300	V_{REF} – 0.100	V_{REF} + 0.100	V_{CCO} + 0.300	0.400	V_{CCO} – 0.400	16.00	–16.00
HSUL_12	–0.300	V_{REF} – 0.130	V_{REF} + 0.130	V_{CCO} + 0.300	20% V_{CCO}	80% V_{CCO}	0.10	–0.10
LVCMOS12	–0.300	35% V_{CCO}	65% V_{CCO}	V_{CCO} + 0.300	0.400	V_{CCO} – 0.400	Note 3	Note 3
LVCMOS15	–0.300	35% V_{CCO}	65% V_{CCO}	V_{CCO} + 0.300	25% V_{CCO}	75% V_{CCO}	Note 4	Note 4
LVCMOS18	–0.300	35% V_{CCO}	65% V_{CCO}	V_{CCO} + 0.300	0.450	V_{CCO} – 0.450	Note 5	Note 5
LVCMOS25	–0.300	0.7	1.700	V_{CCO} + 0.300	0.400	V_{CCO} – 0.400	Note 4	Note 4
LVCMOS33	–0.300	0.8	2.000	3.450	0.400	V_{CCO} – 0.400	Note 4	Note 4
LVTTL	–0.300	0.8	2.000	3.450	0.400	2.400	Note 5	Note 5
MOBILE_DDR	–0.300	20% V_{CCO}	80% V_{CCO}	V_{CCO} + 0.300	10% V_{CCO}	90% V_{CCO}	0.10	–0.10
PCI33_3	–0.500	30% V_{CCO}	50% V_{CCO}	V_{CCO} + 0.500	10% V_{CCO}	90% V_{CCO}	1.50	–0.50
SSTL135	–0.300	V_{REF} – 0.090	V_{REF} + 0.090	V_{CCO} + 0.300	V_{CCO}/2 – 0.150	V_{CCO}/2 + 0.150	13.00	–13.00
SSTL135_R	–0.300	V_{REF} – 0.090	V_{REF} + 0.090	V_{CCO} + 0.300	V_{CCO}/2 – 0.150	V_{CCO}/2 + 0.150	8.90	–8.90
SSTL15	–0.300	V_{REF} – 0.100	V_{REF} + 0.100	V_{CCO} + 0.300	V_{CCO}/2 – 0.175	V_{CCO}/2 + 0.175	13.00	–13.00
SSTL15_R	–0.300	V_{REF} – 0.100	V_{REF} + 0.100	V_{CCO} + 0.300	V_{CCO}/2 – 0.175	V_{CCO}/2 + 0.175	8.90	–8.90
SSTL18_I	–0.300	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	V_{CCO} + 0.300	V_{CCO}/2 – 0.470	V_{CCO}/2 + 0.470	8.00	–8.00
SSTL18_II	–0.300	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	V_{CCO} + 0.300	V_{CCO}/2 – 0.600	V_{CCO}/2 + 0.600	13.40	–13.40

Notes:

1. Tested according to relevant specifications.
2. 3.3V and 2.5V standards are only supported in 3.3V I/O banks.
3. Supported drive strengths of 4, 8, or 12 mA in HR I/O banks.
4. Supported drive strengths of 4, 8, 12, or 16 mA in HR I/O banks.
5. Supported drive strengths of 4, 8, 12, 16, or 24 mA in HR I/O banks.
6. For detailed interface specific DC voltage levels, see UG471: *7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide*.

Table 9: **Differential SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels**

I/O Standard	V_{ICM}[1]			V_{ID}[2]			V_{OCM}[3]			V_{OD}[4]		
	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max
BLVDS_25	0.300	1.200	1.425	0.100	–	–	–	1.250	–	Note 5		
MINI_LVDS_25	0.300	1.200	V_{CCAUX}	0.200	0.400	0.600	1.000	1.200	1.400	0.300	0.450	0.600
PPDS_25	0.200	0.900	V_{CCAUX}	0.100	0.250	0.400	0.500	0.950	1.400	0.100	0.250	0.400
RSDS_25	0.300	0.900	1.500	0.100	0.350	0.600	1.000	1.200	1.400	0.100	0.350	0.600
TMDS_33	2.700	2.965	3.230	0.150	0.675	1.200	V_{CCO}–0.405	V_{CCO}–0.300	V_{CCO}–0.190	0.400	0.600	0.800

Notes:

1. V_{ICM} is the input common mode voltage.
2. V_{ID} is the input differential voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$).
3. V_{OCM} is the output common mode voltage.
4. V_{OD} is the output differential voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$).
5. V_{OD} for BLVDS will vary significantly depending on topology and loading.

Table 10: **Complementary Differential SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels**

I/O Standard	V_{ICM}[1]			V_{ID}[2]		V_{OL}[3]	V_{OH}[4]	I_{OL}	I_{OH}
	V, Min	V,Typ	V, Max	V,Min	V, Max	V, Max	V, Min	mA, Max	mA, Min
DIFF_HSTL_I	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	–	0.400	V_{CCO}–0.400	8.00	–8.00
DIFF_HSTL_I_18	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	–	0.400	V_{CCO}–0.400	8.00	–8.00
DIFF_HSTL_II	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	–	0.400	V_{CCO}–0.400	16.00	–16.00
DIFF_HSTL_II_18	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	–	0.400	V_{CCO}–0.400	16.00	–16.00
DIFF_HSUL_12	0.300	0.600	0.850	0.100	–	20% V_{CCO}	80% V_{CCO}	0.100	–0.100
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	–	10% V_{CCO}	90% V_{CCO}	0.100	–0.100
DIFF_SSTL135	0.300	0.675	1.000	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.150	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.150	13.0	–13.0
DIFF_SSTL135_R	0.300	0.675	1.000	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.150	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.150	8.9	–8.9
DIFF_SSTL15	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.175	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.175	13.0	–13.0
DIFF_SSTL15_R	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.175	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.175	8.9	–8.9
DIFF_SSTL18_I	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.470	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.470	8.00	–8.00
DIFF_SSTL18_II	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	–	(V_{CCO}/2) – 0.600	(V_{CCO}/2) + 0.600	13.4	–13.4

Notes:

1. V_{ICM} is the input common mode voltage.
2. V_{ID} is the input differential voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$).
3. V_{OL} is the single-ended low-output voltage.
4. V_{OH} is the single-ended high-output voltage.

Speed Grade Designations

Since individual family members are produced at different times, the migration from one category to another depends completely on the status of the fabrication process for each device. Table 12 correlates the current status of each Artix-7 device on a per speed grade basis.

Table 12: **Artix-7 Device Speed Grade Designations**

Device	Speed Grade Designations		
	Advance	Preliminary	Production
XC7A100T	-2L (0.9V)		-3, -2, -2L (1.0V), -1
XC7A200T	-2L (0.9V)		-3, -2, -2L (1.0V), -1

Production Silicon and ISE Software Status

In some cases, a particular family member (and speed grade) is released to production before a speed specification is released with the correct label (Advance, Preliminary, Production). Any labeling discrepancies are corrected in subsequent speed specification releases.

Table 13 lists the production released Artix-7 device, speed grade, and the minimum corresponding supported speed specification version and ISE software revisions. The ISE software and speed specifications listed are the minimum releases required for production. All subsequent releases of software and speed specifications are valid.

Table 13: **Artix-7 Device Production Software and Speed Specification Release**

Device	Speed Grade			
	1.0V			0.9V
	-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L
XC7A100T	ISE 14.4 and Vivado 2012.4 with the 14.4/2012.4 device pack v1.07			
XC7A200T	ISE 14.4 and Vivado 2012.4 with the 14.4/2012.4 device pack v1.07			

Notes:
1. Blank entries indicate a device and/or speed grade in advance or preliminary status.

Performance Characteristics

This section provides the performance characteristics of some common functions and designs implemented in Artix-7 devices. The numbers reported here are worst-case values; they have all been fully characterized. These values are subject to the same guidelines as the AC Switching Characteristics, page 9.

Table 14: **Networking Applications Interface Performances**

Description	Speed Grade				Units
	1.0V			0.9V	
	-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
SDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 8)	680	680	600	600	Mb/s
DDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 14)	1250	1250	950	950	Mb/s
SDR LVDS receiver (SFI-4.1)(1)	680	680	600	600	Mb/s
DDR LVDS receiver (SPI-4.2)(1)	1250	1250	950	950	Mb/s

Notes:

1. LVDS receivers are typically bounded with certain applications where specific dynamic phase-alignment (DPA) algorithms dominate deterministic performance.

Table 15: **Maximum Physical Interface (PHY) Rate for Memory Interfaces(1)(2)**

Memory Standard	Speed Grade				Units
	1.0V			0.9V	
	-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
4:1 Memory Controllers					
DDR3	1066	800	800	800	Mb/s
DDR3L	800	800	667	667	Mb/s
DDR2	800	800	667	667	Mb/s
LPDDR2	667	667	533	533	Mb/s
2:1 Memory Controllers					
DDR3	800	700	620	620	Mb/s
DDR3L	800	700	620	620	Mb/s
DDR2	800	700	620	620	Mb/s

Notes:

1. V_{REF} tracking is required. For more information, see UG586, *7 Series FPGAs Memory Interface Solutions User Guide*.
2. When using the internal V_{REF}, the maximum data rate is 800 Mb/s (400 MHz).

Output Serializer/Deserializer Switching Characteristics

Table 21: **OSERDES Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Setup/Hold						
T_{OSDCK_D}/T_{OSCKD_D}	D input setup/hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.42/0.03	0.45/0.03	0.63/0.03	0.44/–0.25	ns
T_{OSDCK_T}/T_{OSCKD_T}(1)	T input setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.69/–0.13	0.73/–0.13	0.88/–0.13	0.60/–0.25	ns
$T_{OSDCK\_T2}/T_{OSCKD\_T2}$(1)	T input setup/hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.31/–0.13	0.34/–0.13	0.39/–0.13	0.46/–0.25	ns
$T_{OSCCK\_OCE}/T_{OSCKC\_OCE}$	OCE input setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.32/0.58	0.34/0.58	0.51/0.58	0.21/–0.15	ns
T_{OSCCK_S}	SR (reset) input setup with respect to CLKDIV	0.47	0.52	0.85	0.70	ns
$T_{OSCCK\_TCE}/T_{OSCKC\_TCE}$	TCE input setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.32/0.01	0.34/0.01	0.51/0.01	0.22/–0.15	ns
Sequential Delays						
T_{OSCKO_OQ}	Clock to out from CLK to OQ	0.40	0.42	0.48	0.54	ns
T_{OSCKO_TQ}	Clock to out from CLK to TQ	0.47	0.49	0.56	0.63	ns
Combinatorial						
T_{OSDO_TTQ}	T input to TQ Out	0.83	0.92	1.11	1.18	ns

Notes:

1. T_{OSDCK_T2} and T_{OSCKD_T2} are reported as T_{OSDCK_T}/T_{OSCKD_T} in TRACE report.

Table 23: **IO_FIFO Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
IO_FIFO Clock to Out Delays						
T_{OFFCKO_DO}	RDCLK to Q outputs	0.55	0.60	0.68	0.81	ns
T_{CKO_FLAGS}	Clock to IO_FIFO flags	0.55	0.61	0.77	0.55	ns
Setup/Hold						
T_{CCK_D}/T_{CKC_D}	D inputs to WRCLK	0.47/0.02	0.51/0.02	0.58/0.02	0.76/–0.05	ns
$T_{IFFCCK\_WREN}/T_{IFFCKC\_WREN}$	WREN to WRCLK	0.42/–0.01	0.47/–0.01	0.53/–0.01	0.70/–0.05	ns
$T_{OFFCCK\_RDEN}/T_{OFFCKC\_RDEN}$	RDEN to RDCLK	0.53/0.02	0.58/0.02	0.66/0.02	0.79/–0.02	ns
Minimum Pulse Width						
$T_{PWH\_IO\_FIFO}$	RESET, RDCLK, WRCLK	1.62	2.15	2.15	2.15	ns
$T_{PWL\_IO\_FIFO}$	RESET, RDCLK, WRCLK	1.62	2.15	2.15	2.15	ns
Maximum Frequency						
F_{MAX}	RDCLK and WRCLK	266.67	200.00	200.00	200.00	MHz

Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics

Table 27: **Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Block RAM and FIFO Clock-to-Out Delays						
T_{RCKO_DO} and $T_{RCKO\_DO\_REG}$[1]	Clock CLK to DOUT output (without output register)[2][3]	1.85	2.13	2.46	2.87	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output (with output register)[4][5]	0.64	0.74	0.89	1.02	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_DO\_ECC}$ and $T_{RCKO\_DO\_ECC\_REG}$	Clock CLK to DOUT output with ECC (without output register)[2][3]	2.77	3.04	3.84	5.30	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output with ECC (with output register)[4][5]	0.73	0.81	0.94	1.11	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_DO\_CASCOUT}$ and $T_{RCKO\_DO\_CASCOUT\_REG}$	Clock CLK to DOUT output with cascade (without output register)[2]	2.61	2.88	3.30	3.76	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output with cascade (with output register)[4]	1.16	1.28	1.46	1.56	ns, Max
T_{RCKO_FLAGS}	Clock CLK to FIFO flags outputs[6]	0.76	0.87	1.05	1.14	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_POINTERS}$	Clock CLK to FIFO pointers outputs[7]	0.94	1.02	1.15	1.30	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_PARITY\_ECC}$	Clock CLK to ECCPARITY in ECC encode only mode	0.78	0.85	0.94	1.10	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_SDBIT\_ECC}$ and $T_{RCKO\_SDBIT\_ECC\_REG}$	Clock CLK to BITERR (without output register)	2.56	2.81	3.55	4.90	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to BITERR (with output register)	0.68	0.76	0.89	1.05	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_RDADDR\_ECC}$ and $T_{RCKO\_RDADDR\_ECC\_REG}$	Clock CLK to RDADDR output with ECC (without output register)	0.75	0.88	1.07	1.15	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to RDADDR output with ECC (with output register)	0.84	0.93	1.08	1.29	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK						
$T_{RCCK\_ADDRA}/T_{RCKC\_ADDRA}$	ADDR inputs[8]	0.45/0.31	0.49/0.33	0.57/0.36	0.77/0.45	ns, Min
$T_{RDCK\_DI\_WF\_NC}/T_{RCKD\_DI\_WF\_NC}$	Data input setup/hold time when block RAM is configured in WRITE_FIRST or NO_CHANGE mode[9]	0.58/0.60	0.65/0.63	0.74/0.67	0.92/0.76	ns, Min
$T_{RDCK\_DI\_RF}/T_{RCKD\_DI\_RF}$	Data input setup/hold time when block RAM is configured in READ_FIRST mode[9]	0.20/0.29	0.22/0.34	0.25/0.41	0.29/0.38	ns, Min
$T_{RDCK\_DI\_ECC}/T_{RCKD\_DI\_ECC}$	DIN inputs with block RAM ECC in standard mode[9]	0.50/0.43	0.55/0.46	0.63/0.50	0.78/0.54	ns, Min
$T_{RDCK\_DI\_ECCW}/T_{RCKD\_DI\_ECCW}$	DIN inputs with block RAM ECC encode only[9]	0.93/0.43	1.02/0.46	1.17/0.50	1.38/0.48	ns, Min
$T_{RDCK\_DI\_ECC\_FIFO}/T_{RCKD\_DI\_ECC\_FIFO}$	DIN inputs with FIFO ECC in standard mode[9]	1.04/0.56	1.15/0.59	1.32/0.64	1.55/0.77	ns, Min
$T_{RCCK\_INJECTBITERR}/T_{RCKC\_INJECTBITERR}$	Inject single/double bit error in ECC mode	0.58/0.35	0.64/0.37	0.74/0.40	0.92/0.48	ns, Min
T_{RCCK_EN}/T_{RCKC_EN}	Block RAM enable (EN) input	0.35/0.20	0.39/0.21	0.45/0.23	0.57/0.26	ns, Min
$T_{RCCK\_REGCE}/T_{RCKC\_REGCE}$	CE input of output register	0.24/0.15	0.29/0.15	0.36/0.16	0.40/0.19	ns, Min
$T_{RCCK\_RSTREG}/T_{RCKC\_RSTREG}$	Synchronous RSTREG input	0.29/0.07	0.32/0.07	0.35/0.07	0.41/0.07	ns, Min

DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics

Table 28: **DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Setup and Hold Times of Data/Control Pins to the Input Register Clock						
$T_{DSPDCK\_A\_AREG}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_A\_AREG}$	A input to A register CLK	0.26/ 0.12	0.30/ 0.13	0.37/ 0.14	0.45/ 0.14	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_B\_BREG}$/$T_{DSPCKD\_B\_BREG}$	B input to B register CLK	0.33/ 0.15	0.38/ 0.16	0.45/ 0.18	0.60/ 0.19	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_C\_CREG}$/$T_{DSPCKD\_C\_CREG}$	C input to C register CLK	0.17/ 0.17	0.20/ 0.19	0.24/ 0.21	0.34/ 0.29	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_D\_DREG}$/$T_{DSPCKD\_D\_DREG}$	D input to D register CLK	0.25/ 0.25	0.32/ 0.27	0.42/ 0.27	0.54/ 0.23	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_ACIN\_AREG}$/$T_{DSPCKD\_ACIN\_AREG}$	ACIN input to A register CLK	0.23/ 0.12	0.27/ 0.13	0.32/ 0.14	0.36/ 0.14	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_BCIN\_BREG}$/$T_{DSPCKD\_BCIN\_BREG}$	BCIN input to B register CLK	0.25/ 0.15	0.29/ 0.16	0.36/ 0.18	0.41/ 0.19	ns
Setup and Hold Times of Data Pins to the Pipeline Register Clock						
$T_{DSPDCK\_\{A, B\}\_MREG\_MULT}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_B\_MREG\_MULT}$	{A, B} input to M register CLK using multiplier	2.40/ –0.01	2.76/ –0.01	3.29/ –0.01	4.31/ –0.07	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_\{A, B\}\_ADREG}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_ D\_ADREG}$	{A, D} input to AD register CLK	1.29/ –0.02	1.48/ –0.02	1.76/ –0.02	2.29/ –0.27	ns
Setup and Hold Times of Data/Control Pins to the Output Register Clock						
$T_{DSPDCK\_\{A, B\}\_PREG\_MULT}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_\{A, B\} \_PREG\_MULT}$	{A, B} input to P register CLK using multiplier	4.02/ –0.28	4.60/ –0.28	5.48/ –0.28	6.95/ –0.48	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_D\_PREG\_MULT}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_D\_PREG\_MULT}$	D input to P register CLK using multiplier	3.93/ –0.73	4.50/ –0.73	5.35/ –0.73	6.73/ –1.68	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_\{A, B\} \_PREG}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_\{A, B\} \_PREG}$	A or B input to P register CLK not using multiplier	1.73/ –0.28	1.98/ –0.28	2.35/ –0.28	2.80/ –0.48	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_C\_PREG}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_C\_PREG}$	C input to P register CLK not using multiplier	1.54/ –0.26	1.76/ –0.26	2.10/ –0.26	2.54/ –0.45	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_PCIN\_PREG}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_PCIN\_PREG}$	PCIN input to P register CLK	1.32/ –0.15	1.51/ –0.15	1.80/ –0.15	2.13/ –0.25	ns
Setup and Hold Times of the CE Pins						
$T_{DSPDCK\_\{CEA;CEB\}\_\{AREG;BREG\}}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_\{CEA;CEB\}\_\{AREG;BREG\}}$	{CEA; CEB} input to {A; B} register CLK	0.35/ 0.06	0.42/ 0.08	0.52/ 0.11	0.64/ 0.11	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_CEC\_CREG}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_CEC\_CREG}$	CEC input to C register CLK	0.28/ 0.10	0.34/ 0.11	0.42/ 0.13	0.49/ 0.16	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_CED\_DREG}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_CED\_DREG}$	CED input to D register CLK	0.36/ –0.03	0.43/ –0.03	0.52/ –0.03	0.68/ 0.14	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_CEM\_MREG}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_CEM\_MREG}$	CEM input to M register CLK	0.17/ 0.18	0.21/ 0.20	0.27/ 0.23	0.45/ 0.29	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_CEP\_PREG}$/ $T_{DSPCKD\_CEP\_PREG}$	CEP input to P register CLK	0.36/ 0.01	0.43/ 0.01	0.53/ 0.01	0.63/ 0.00	ns

Clock Buffers and Networks

Table 29: **Global Clock Switching Characteristics (Including BUFGCTRL)**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
$T_{BCCCK\_CE}/T_{BCCKC\_CE}$(1)	CE pins setup/hold	0.12/0.39	0.13/0.40	0.16/0.41	0.31/0.17	ns
T_{BCCCK_S}/T_{BCCKC_S}(1)	S pins setup/hold	0.12/0.39	0.13/0.40	0.16/0.41	0.31/0.17	ns
T_{BCCKO_O}(2)	BUFGCTRL delay from I0/I1 to O	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.14	ns
Maximum Frequency						
F_{MAX_BUFG}	Global clock tree (BUFG)	628.00	628.00	464.00	394.00	MHz

Notes:

1. T_{BCCCK_CE} and T_{BCCKC_CE} must be satisfied to assure glitch-free operation of the global clock when switching between clocks. These parameters do not apply to the BUFGMUX primitive that assures glitch-free operation. The other global clock setup and hold times are optional; only needing to be satisfied if device operation requires simulation matches on a cycle-for-cycle basis when switching between clocks.
2. T_{BGCKO_O} (BUFG delay from I0 to O) values are the same as T_{BCCKO_O} values.

Table 30: **Input/Output Clock Switching Characteristics (BUFIO)**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
T_{BIOCKO_O}	Clock to out delay from I to O	1.11	1.26	1.54	1.56	ns
Maximum Frequency						
F_{MAX_BUFIO}	I/O clock tree (BUFIO)	680.00	680.00	600.00	600.00	MHz

Table 31: **Regional Clock Buffer Switching Characteristics (BUFR)**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
T_{BRCKO_O}	Clock to out delay from I to O	0.64	0.76	0.99	1.24	ns
$T_{BRCKO\_O\_BYP}$	Clock to out delay from I to O with Divide Bypass attribute set	0.34	0.39	0.52	0.72	ns
T_{BRDO_O}	Propagation delay from CLR to O	0.81	0.85	1.09	0.96	ns
Maximum Frequency						
F_{MAX_BUFR}(1)	Regional clock tree (BUFR)	420.00	375.00	315.00	315.00	MHz

Notes:

1. The maximum input frequency to the BUFR and BUFMR is the BUFIO F_{MAX} frequency.

Table 32: **Horizontal Clock Buffer Switching Characteristics (BUFH)**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
T_{BHCKO_O}	BUFH delay from I to O	0.10	0.11	0.13	0.16	ns
$T_{BHCCK\_CE}/T_{BHCKC\_CE}$	CE pin setup and hold	0.19/0.13	0.22/0.15	0.28/0.21	0.35/0.08	ns
Maximum Frequency						
F_{MAX_BUFH}	Horizontal clock buffer (BUFH)	628.00	628.00	464.00	394.00	MHz

Table 33: **Duty Cycle Distortion and Clock-Tree Skew**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
T_{DCD_CLK}	Global clock tree duty-cycle distortion(1)	All	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.25	ns
T_{CKSKEW}	Global clock tree skew(2)	XC7A100T	0.27	0.33	0.36	0.48	ns
		XC7A200T	0.40	0.48	0.54	0.69	ns
T_{DCD_BUFIO}	I/O clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	ns
$T_{BUFIOSKEW}$	I/O clock tree skew across one clock region	All	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	ns
T_{DCD_BUFR}	Regional clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	ns

Notes:

1. These parameters represent the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the I/O flip flops. For all I/O standards, IBIS can be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times.
2. The T_{CKSKEW} value represents the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements. Significantly less clock-tree skew exists for I/O registers that are close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Xilinx FPGA_Editor and Timing Analyzer tools to evaluate clock skew specific to your application.

MMCM Switching Characteristics

Table 34: **MMCM Specification**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
MMCM_F_{INMAX}	Maximum input clock frequency	800.00	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
MMCM_F_{INMIN}	Minimum input clock frequency	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	MHz
MMCM_$F_{INJITTER}$	Maximum input clock period jitter	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max				
MMCM_F_{INDUTY}	Allowable input duty cycle: 10—49 MHz	25	25	25	25	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 50—199 MHz	30	30	30	30	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 200—399 MHz	35	35	35	35	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 400—499 MHz	40	40	40	40	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: >500 MHz	45	45	45	45	%
MMCM_F_{MIN_PSCLK}	Minimum dynamic phase-shift clock frequency	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	MHz
MMCM_F_{MAX_PSCLK}	Maximum dynamic phase-shift clock frequency	550.00	500.00	450.00	450.00	MHz
MMCM_F_{VCOMIN}	Minimum MMCM VCO frequency	600.00	600.00	600.00	600.00	MHz
MMCM_F_{VCOMAX}	Maximum MMCM VCO frequency	1600.00	1440.00	1200.00	1200.00	MHz

PLL Switching Characteristics

Table 35: **PLL Specification**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
PLL_F_{INMAX}	Maximum input clock frequency	800.00	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
PLL_F_{INMIN}	Minimum input clock frequency	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	MHz
$PLL\_F_{INJITTER}$	Maximum input clock period jitter	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max				
PLL_F_{INDUTY}	Allowable input duty cycle: 19—49 MHz	25	25	25	25	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 50—199 MHz	30	30	30	30	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 200—399 MHz	35	35	35	35	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 400—499 MHz	40	40	40	40	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: >500 MHz	45	45	45	45	%
PLL_F_{VCOMIN}	Minimum PLL VCO frequency	800.00	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
PLL_F_{VCOMAX}	Maximum PLL VCO frequency	2133.00	1866.00	1600.00	1600.00	MHz
$PLL\_F_{BANDWIDTH}$	Low PLL bandwidth at typical(1)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	MHz
	High PLL bandwidth at typical(1)	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	MHz
$PLL\_T_{STATPHAOFFSET}$	Static phase offset of the PLL outputs(2)	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
$PLL\_T_{OUTJITTER}$	PLL output jitter	Note 3				
$PLL\_T_{OUTDUTY}$	PLL output clock duty-cycle precision(4)	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.25	ns
$PLL\_T_{LOCKMAX}$	PLL maximum lock time	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	µs
PLL_F_{OUTMAX}	PLL maximum output frequency	800.00	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
PLL_F_{OUTMIN}	PLL minimum output frequency(5)	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	MHz
$PLL\_T_{EXTFDVAR}$	External clock feedback variation	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max				
$PLL\_RST_{MINPULSE}$	Minimum reset pulse width	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	ns
PLL_F_{PFDMAX}	Maximum frequency at the phase frequency detector	550.00	500.00	450.00	450.00	MHz
PLL_F_{PFDMIN}	Minimum frequency at the phase frequency detector	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	MHz
$PLL\_T_{FBDELAY}$	Maximum delay in the feedback path	3 ns Max or one CLKIN cycle				
Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) for PLL Before and After DCLK						
T_{PLLDCK_DADDR}/ T_{PLLCKD_DADDR}	Setup and hold of D address	1.25/0.15	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.43/0.00	ns, Min
$T_{PLLDCK\_DI}/T_{PLLCKD\_DI}$	Setup and hold of D input	1.25/0.15	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.43/0.00	ns, Min
T_{PLLDCK_DEN}/ T_{PLLCKD_DEN}	Setup and hold of D enable	1.76/0.00	1.97/0.00	2.29/0.00	2.40/0.00	ns, Min
T_{PLLDCK_DWE}/ T_{PLLCKD_DWE}	Setup and hold of D write enable	1.25/0.15	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.43/0.00	ns, Min
T_{PLLCKO_DRDY}	CLK to out of DRDY	0.65	0.72	0.99	0.99	ns, Max
F_{DCK}	DCLK frequency	200.00	200.00	200.00	100.00	MHz, Max

Notes:

1. The PLL does not filter typical spread-spectrum input clocks because they are usually far below the bandwidth filter frequencies.
2. The static offset is measured between any PLL outputs with identical phase.
3. Values for this parameter are available in the Clocking Wizard. See http://www.xilinx.com/products/intellectual-property/clocking_wizard.htm.
4. Includes global clock buffer.
5. Calculated as $F_{VCO}/128$ assuming output duty cycle is 50%.

Device Pin-to-Pin Input Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Table 41: **Global Clock Input Setup and Hold Without MMCM/PLL with ZHOLD_DELAY on HR I/O Banks**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for SSTL15 Standard.(1)							
T_{PSFD}/ T_{PHFD}	Full delay (legacy delay or default delay) global clock input and IFF(2) without MMCM/PLL with ZHOLD_DELAY on HR I/O banks	XC7A100T	2.69/–0.46	2.89/–0.46	3.34/–0.46	5.66/–0.52	ns
		XC7A200T	3.03/–0.50	3.27/–0.50	3.79/–0.50	6.66/–0.53	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input flip-flop or latch
3. A zero "0" hold time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time.

Table 42: **Clock-Capable Clock Input Setup and Hold With MMCM**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for SSTL15 Standard.(1)							
$T_{PSMMCMCC}$/ $T_{PHMMCMCC}$	No delay clock-capable clock input and IFF(2) with MMCM	XC7A100T	2.44/–0.62	2.80/–0.62	3.36/–0.62	2.15/–0.49	ns
		XC7A200T	2.57/–0.63	2.94/–0.63	3.52/–0.63	2.32/–0.53	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input flip-flop or latch
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Table 43: **Clock-Capable Clock Input Setup and Hold With PLL**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			1.0V			0.9V	
			-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Clock-Capable Clock Input Signal for SSTL15 Standard.(1)							
$T_{PSPLLCC}$/ $T_{PHPLLCC}$	No delay clock-capable clock input and IFF(2) with PLL	XC7A100T	2.78/–0.32	3.15/–0.32	3.78/–0.32	2.47/–0.60	ns
		XC7A200T	2.91/–0.33	3.29/–0.33	3.94/–0.33	2.64/–0.63	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input flip-flop or latch
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Table 44: **Data Input Setup and Hold Times Relative to a Forwarded Clock Input Pin Using BUFIO**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to a Forwarded Clock Input Pin Using BUFIO for SSTL15 Standard.						
T_{PSCS}/T_{PHCS}	Setup and hold of I/O clock	–0.38/1.31	–0.38/1.46	–0.38/1.76	–0.16/1.89	ns

Table 45: **Sample Window**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
T_{SAMP}	Sampling error at receiver pins(1)	0.59	0.64	0.70	0.70	ns
T_{SAMP_BUFIO}	Sampling error at receiver pins using BUFIO(2)	0.35	0.40	0.46	0.46	ns

Notes:

1. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Artix-7 FPGAs DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the MMCM to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements include:
   - CLK0 MMCM jitter
   - MMCM accuracy (phase offset)
   - MMCM phase shift resolution

   These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.
2. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Artix-7 FPGAs DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the BUFIO clock network and IDELAY to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.

Additional Package Parameter Guidelines

The parameters in this section provide the necessary values for calculating timing budgets for Artix-7 FPGA clock transmitter and receiver data-valid windows.

Table 46: **Package Skew**

Symbol	Description	Device	Package	Value	Units
$T_{PKGSKEW}$	Package skew(1)	XC7A100T	CSG324	113	ps
			FTG256	120	ps
			FGG484	144	ps
			FGG676	153	ps
		XC7A200T	SBG484	111	ps
			FBG484	109	ps
			FBG676	121	ps
			FFG1156	151	ps

Notes:

1. These values represent the worst-case skew between any two SelectIO resources in the package: shortest delay to longest delay from die pad to ball.
2. Package delay information is available for these device/package combinations. This information can be used to deskew the package.

Table 48 summarizes the DC specifications of the clock input of the GTP transceiver. Consult UG482: *7 Series FPGAs GTP Transceiver User Guide* for further details.

Table 48: **GTP Transceiver Clock DC Input Level Specification**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{IDIFF}	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage	350	–	2000	mV
R_{IN}	Differential input resistance	–	100	–	Ω
C_{EXT}	Required external AC coupling capacitor	–	100	–	nF

GTP Transceiver Switching Characteristics

Consult UG482: *7 Series FPGAs GTP Transceiver User Guide* for further information.

Table 49: **GTP Transceiver Performance**

Symbol	Description	Output Divider	Speed Grade								Units
			1.0V						0.9V		
			-3		-2/-2L		-1		-2L		
			Package Type								
			FFG FBG SBG	FGG FTG CSG	FFG FBG SBG	FGG FTG CSG	FFG FBG SBG	FGG FTG CSG	FFG FBG SBG	FGG FTG CSG	
F_{GTPMAX}	Maximum GTP transceiver data rate		6.6	5.4	6.6	5.4	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	Gb/s
F_{GTPMIN}	Minimum GTP transceiver data rate		0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	Gb/s
$F_{GTPRANGE}$	PLL line rate range	1	3.2–6.6		3.2–6.6		3.2–3.75		3.2–3.75		Gb/s
		2	1.6–3.3		1.6–3.3		1.6–3.2		1.6–3.2		Gb/s
		4	0.8–1.65		0.8–1.65		0.8–1.6		0.8–1.6		Gb/s
		8	0.5–0.825		0.5–0.825		0.5–0.8		0.5–0.8		Gb/s
$F_{GTPPLLRANGE}$	GTP transceiver PLL frequency range		1.6–3.3		1.6–3.3		1.6–3.3		1.6–3.3		GHz

Table 50: **GTP Transceiver Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
$F_{GTPDRPCLK}$	GTPDRPCLK maximum frequency	175	175	156	125	MHz

Table 51: **GTP Transceiver Reference Clock Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Speed Grades			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
F_{GCLK}	Reference clock frequency range		60	–	660	MHz
T_{RCLK}	Reference clock rise time	20% – 80%	–	200	–	ps
T_{FCLK}	Reference clock fall time	20% – 80%	–	200	–	ps
T_{DCREF}	Reference clock duty cycle	Transceiver PLL only	40	–	60	%

Table 55: **GTP Transceiver Receiver Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description		Min	Typ	Max	Units
F_{GTPRX}	Serial data rate	RX oversampler not enabled	0.500	–	F_{GTPMAX}	Gb/s
$T_{RXELECIDLE}$	Time for RXELECIDLE to respond to loss or restoration of data		–	10	–	ns
$RX_{OOBVDPP}$	OOB detect threshold peak-to-peak		60	–	150	mV
RX_{SST}	Receiver spread-spectrum tracking(1)	Modulated @ 33 KHz	–5000	–	5000	ppm
RX_{RL}	Run length (CID)		–	–	512	UI
RX_{PPMTOL}	Data/REFCLK PPM offset tolerance		–1250	–	1250	ppm
SJ Jitter Tolerance(2)						
$JT\_SJ_{6.6}$	Sinusoidal Jitter(3)	6.6 Gb/s	0.44	–	–	UI
$JT\_SJ_{5.0}$	Sinusoidal Jitter(3)	5.0 Gb/s	0.44	–	–	UI
$JT\_SJ_{4.25}$	Sinusoidal Jitter(3)	4.25 Gb/s	0.44	–	–	UI
$JT\_SJ_{3.75}$	Sinusoidal Jitter(3)	3.75 Gb/s	0.44	–	–	UI
$JT\_SJ_{3.2}$	Sinusoidal Jitter(3)	3.2 Gb/s(4)	0.45	–	–	UI
$JT\_SJ_{3.2L}$	Sinusoidal Jitter(3)	3.2 Gb/s(5)	0.45	–	–	UI
$JT\_SJ_{2.5}$	Sinusoidal Jitter(3)	2.5 Gb/s(6)	0.5	–	–	UI
$JT\_SJ_{1.25}$	Sinusoidal Jitter(3)	1.25 Gb/s(7)	0.5	–	–	UI
JT_SJ_{500}	Sinusoidal Jitter(3)	500 Mb/s	0.4	–	–	UI
SJ Jitter Tolerance with Stressed Eye(2)						
$JT\_TJSE_{3.2}$	Total Jitter with Stressed Eye(8)	3.2 Gb/s	0.70	–	–	UI
$JT\_TJSE_{6.6}$		6.6 Gb/s	0.70	–	–	UI
$JT\_SJSE_{3.2}$	Sinusoidal Jitter with Stressed Eye(8)	3.2 Gb/s	0.1	–	–	UI
$JT\_SJSE_{6.6}$		6.6 Gb/s	0.1	–	–	UI

Notes:

1. Using RXOUT_DIV = 1, 2, and 4.
2. All jitter values are based on a bit error ratio of $1e^{-12}$.
3. The frequency of the injected sinusoidal jitter is 10 MHz.
4. PLL frequency at 3.2 GHz and RXOUT_DIV = 2.
5. PLL frequency at 1.6 GHz and RXOUT_DIV = 1.
6. PLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and RXOUT_DIV = 2.
7. PLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and RXOUT_DIV = 4.
8. Composite jitter.

Table 60: **CPRI Protocol Characteristics**

Description	Line Rate (Mb/s)	Min	Max	Units
CPRI Transmitter Jitter Generation				
Total transmitter jitter	614.4	–	0.35	UI
	1228.8	–	0.35	UI
	2457.6	–	0.35	UI
	3072.0	–	0.35	UI
	4915.2	–	0.3	UI
	6144.0	–	0.3	UI
CPRI Receiver Frequency Jitter Tolerance				
Total receiver jitter tolerance	614.4	0.65	–	UI
	1228.8	0.65	–	UI
	2457.6	0.65	–	UI
	3072.0	0.65	–	UI
	4915.2(1)	0.60	–	UI
	6144.0(1)	0.60	–	UI

Notes:

1. Tested to CEI-6G-SR.

Integrated Interface Block for PCI Express Designs Switching Characteristics

More information and documentation on solutions for PCI Express designs can be found at:
http://www.xilinx.com/technology/protocols/pciexpress.htm

Table 61: **Maximum Performance for PCI Express Designs**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
$F_{PIPECLK}$	Pipe clock maximum frequency	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz
$F_{USERCLK}$	User clock maximum frequency	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz
$F_{USERCLK2}$	User clock 2 maximum frequency	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz
F_{DRPCLK}	DRP clock maximum frequency	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	MHz

Table 62: **XADC Specifications *(Cont'd)***

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
DCLK Duty Cycle			40	–	60	%
XADC Reference(5)						
External Reference	V_{REFP}	Externally supplied reference voltage	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
On-Chip Reference		Ground V_{REFP} pin to AGND, T_j = –40°C to 100°C	1.2375	1.25	1.2625	V

Notes:

1. Offset and gain errors are removed by enabling the XADC automatic gain calibration feature. The values are specified for when this feature is enabled.
2. Only specified for BitGen option XADCEnhancedLinearity = ON.
3. See the ADC chapter in UG480: *7 Series FPGAs XADC User Guide* for a detailed description.
4. See the Timing chapter in UG480: *7 Series FPGAs XADC User Guide* for a detailed description.
5. Any variation in the reference voltage from the nominal V_{REFP} = 1.25V and V_{REFN} = 0V will result in a deviation from the ideal transfer function. This also impacts the accuracy of the internal sensor measurements (i.e., temperature and power supply). However, for external ratiometric type applications allowing reference to vary by ±4% is permitted. On-chip reference variation is ±1%.

Configuration Switching Characteristics

Table 63: **Configuration Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Power-up Timing Characteristics						
T_{PL}(1)	Program latency	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	ms, Max
T_{POR}(1)	Power-on reset (50 ms ramp rate time)	10/50	10/50	10/50	10/50	ms, Min/Max
	Power-on reset (1 ms ramp rate time)	10/35	10/35	10/35	10/35	ms, Min/Max
$T_{PROGRAM}$	Program pulse width	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	ns, Min
CCLK Output (Master Mode)						
T_{ICCK}	Master CCLK output delay	150.00	150.00	150.00	150.00	ns, Min
T_{MCCKL}	Master CCLK clock Low time duty cycle	40/60	40/60	40/60	40/60	%, Min/Max
T_{MCCKH}	Master CCLK clock High time duty cycle	40/60	40/60	40/60	40/60	%, Min/Max
F_{MCCK}	Master CCLK frequency	100.00	100.00	100.00	70.00	MHz, Max
	Master CCLK frequency for AES encrypted x16	50.00	50.00	50.00	35.00	MHz, Max
F_{MCCK_START}	Master CCLK frequency at start of configuration	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	MHz, Typ
$F_{MCCKTOL}$	Frequency tolerance, master mode with respect to nominal CCLK	±50	±50	±50	±50	%, Max
CCLK Input (Slave Modes)						
T_{SCCKL}	Slave CCLK clock minimum Low time	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
T_{SCCKH}	Slave CCLK clock minimum High time	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
F_{SCCK}	Slave CCLK frequency	100.00	100.00	100.00	70.00	MHz, Max
EMCCLK Input (Master Mode)						
T_{EMCCKL}	External master CCLK Low time	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
T_{EMCCKH}	External master CCLK High time	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
F_{EMCCK}	External master CCLK frequency	100.00	100.00	100.00	70.00	MHz, Max

Table 63: **Configuration Switching Characteristics *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		1.0V			0.9V	
		-3	-2/-2L	-1	-2L	
Internal Configuration Access Port						
F_{ICAPCK}	Internal configuration access port (ICAPE2) clock frequency	100.00	100.00	100.00	70.00	MHz, Max
Master/Slave Serial Mode Programming Switching						
T_{DCCK}/T_{CCKD}	DIN setup/hold	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	5.00/0.00	ns, Min
T_{CCO}	DOUT clock to out	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	ns, Max
SelectMAP Mode Programming Switching						
T_{SMDCCK}/T_{SMCCKD}	D[31:00] setup/hold	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	4.50/0.00	ns, Min
$T_{SMCSCCK}/T_{SMCCKCS}$	CSI_B setup/hold	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	5.00/0.00	ns, Min
T_{SMWCCK}/T_{SMCCKW}	RDWR_B setup/hold	10.00/0.00	10.00/0.00	10.00/0.00	12.00/0.00	ns, Min
$T_{SMCKCSO}$	CSO_B clock to out (330 Ω pull-up resistor required)	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	ns, Max
T_{SMCO}	D[31:00] clock to out in readback	8.00	8.00	8.00	10.00	ns, Max
F_{RBCCK}	Readback frequency	100.00	100.00	100.00	70.00	MHz, Max
Boundary-Scan Port Timing Specifications						
T_{TAPTCK}/T_{TCKTAP}	TMS and TDI setup/hold	3.00/2.00	3.00/2.00	3.00/2.00	3.00/2.00	ns, Min
T_{TCKTDO}	TCK falling edge to TDO output	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.50	ns, Max
F_{TCK}	TCK frequency	66.00	66.00	66.00	50.00	MHz, Max
BPI Flash Master Mode Programming Switching						
T_{BPICCO} (2)	A[28:00], RS[1:0], FCS_B, FOE_B, FWE_B, ADV_B clock to out	8.50	8.50	8.50	10.00	ns, Max
T_{BPIDCC}/T_{BPICCD}	D[15:00] setup/hold	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	4.50/0.00	ns, Min
SPI Flash Master Mode Programming Switching						
T_{SPIDCC}/T_{SPICCD}	D[03:00] setup/hold	3.00/0.00	3.00/0.00	3.00/0.00	3.00/0.00	ns, Min
T_{SPICCM}	MOSI clock to out	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	ns, Max
$T_{SPICCFC}$	FCS_B clock to out	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	ns, Max

Notes:

1. To support longer delays in configuration, use the design solutions described in UG470: *7 Series FPGA Configuration User Guide*.
2. Only during configuration, the last edge is determined by a weak pull-up/pull-down resistor in the I/O.

eFUSE Programming Conditions

Table 64 lists the programming conditions specifically for eFUSE. For more information, see UG470: *7 Series FPGA Configuration User Guide*.

Table 64: **eFUSE Programming Conditions** (1)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
I_{FS}	V_{CCAUX} supply current	–	–	115	mA
t_j	Temperature range	15	–	125	°C

Notes:

1. The FPGA must not be configured during eFUSE programming.

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