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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	16
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zlp32300h2032c00tr

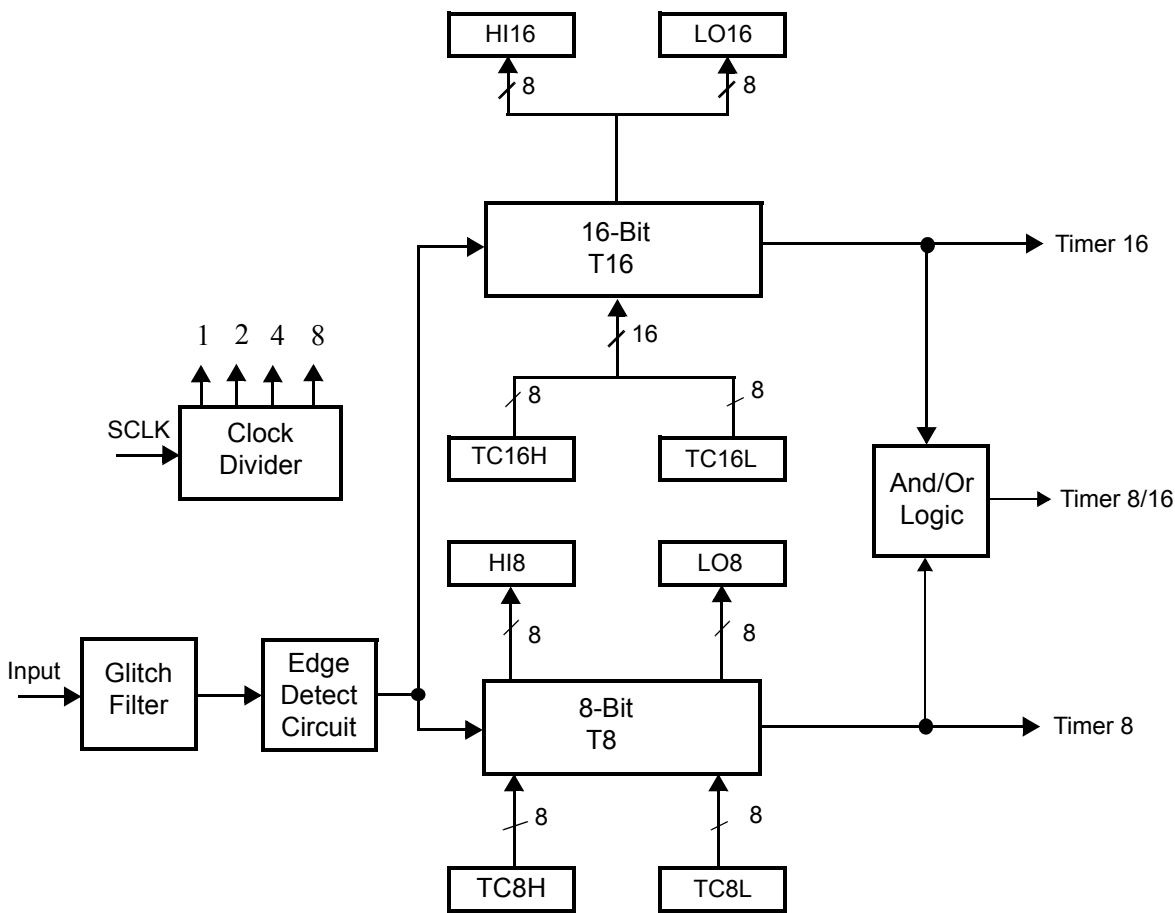


Figure 2. Counter/Timers Diagram

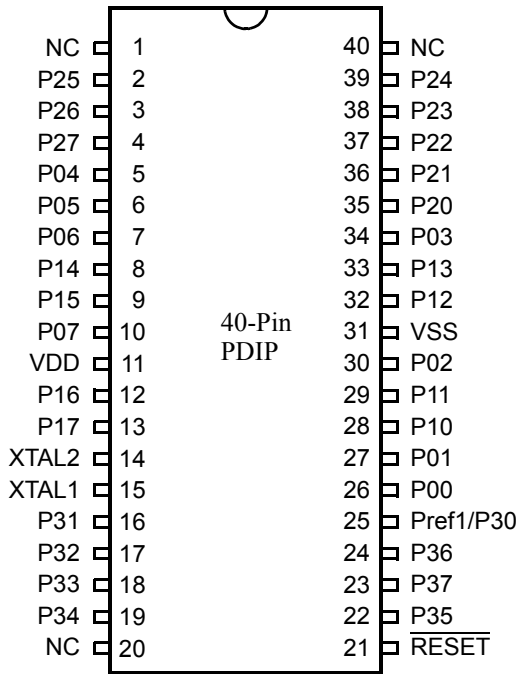


Figure 5. 40-Pin PDIP Pin Configuration

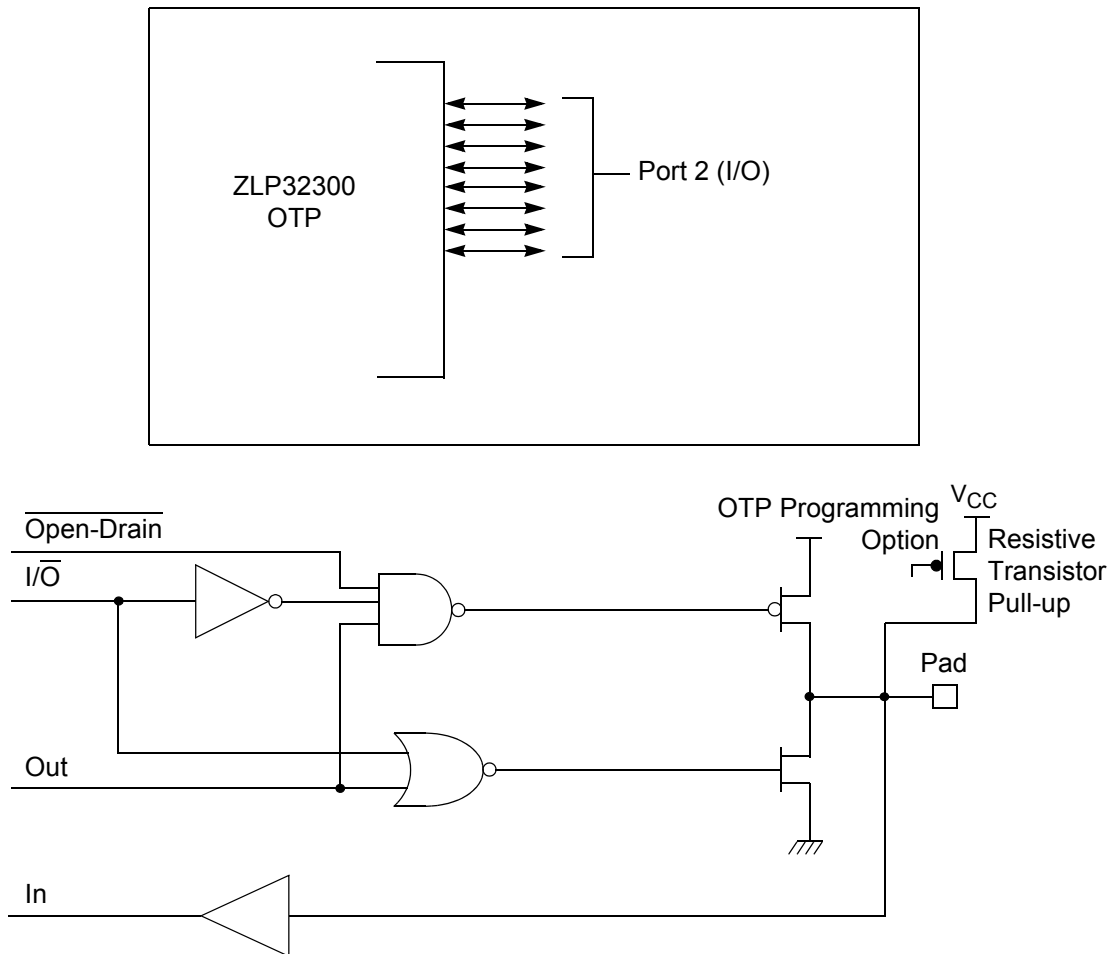


Figure 9. Port 2 Configuration

Port 3 (P37–P30)

Port 3 is a 8-bit, CMOS-compatible fixed I/O port (see [Figure 10](#)). Port 3 consists of four fixed input (P33–P30) and four fixed output (P37–P34), which can be configured under software control for interrupt and as output from the counter/timers. P30, P31, P32, and P33 are standard CMOS inputs; P34, P35, P36, and P37 are push-pull outputs.

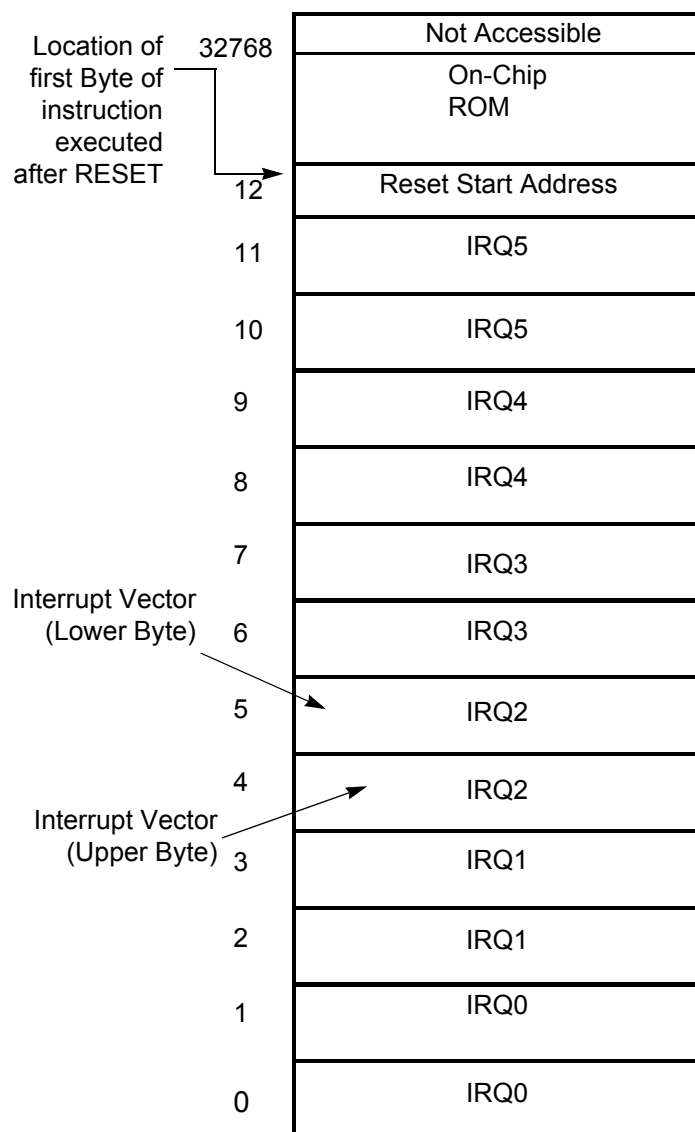


Figure 12. Program Memory Map (32 K OTP)

Expanded Register File

The register file has been expanded to allow for additional system control registers and for mapping of additional peripheral devices into the register address area. The Z8 register address space (R0 through R15) has been implemented as 16 banks, with 16 registers per bank. These register groups are known as the ERF (Expanded Register File). Bits 7–4 of

register RP select the working register group. Bits 3–0 of register RP select the expanded register file bank.

► **Note:** *An expanded register bank is also referred to as an expanded register group (see [Figure 13](#)).*

T8 Enable

This field enables T8 when set (written) to 1.

Single/Modulo-N

When set to 0 (Modulo-N), the counter reloads the initial value when the terminal count is reached. When set to 1 (single-pass), the counter stops when the terminal count is reached.

Timeout

This bit is set when T8 times out (terminal count reached). To reset this bit, write a 1 to its location.



Caution: *Writing a 1 is the only way to reset the Terminal Count status condition. Reset this bit before using/enabling the counter/timers. The first clock of T8 might not have complete clock width and can occur any time when enabled.*



Note: *Ensure to manipulate CTR0, bit 5 and CTR1, bits 0 and 1 (DEMODULATION mode) when using the OR or AND commands. These instructions use a Read-Modify-Write sequence in which the current status from the CTR0 and CTR1 registers is ORed or ANDed with the designated value and then written back into the registers.*

T8 Clock

These bits define the frequency of the input signal to T8.

Capture_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when data is captured into either LO8 or HI8 upon a positive or negative edge detection in DEMODULATION mode.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T8 has a timeout.

P34_Out

This bit defines whether P34 is used as a normal output pin or the T8 output.

T8 and T16 Common Functions—CTR1(0D)01h

This register controls the functions in common with the T8 and T16.

[Table 8](#) lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

Table 9. CTR2(D)02h: Counter/Timer16 Control Register (Continued)

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T16_Clock	---43---	R/W	00** 01 10 11	SCLK SCLK/2 SCLK/4 SCLK/8
Capture_INT_Mask	-----2--	R/W	0** 1	Disable Data Capture Int. Enable Data Capture Int.
Counter_INT_Mask	-----1-	R/W	0 1	Disable Timeout Int. Enable Timeout Int.
P35_Out	-----0	R/W	0* 1	P35 as Port Output T16 Output on P35

*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.

**Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode Recovery.

T16_Enable

This field enables T16 when set to 1.

Single/Modulo-N

In TRANSMIT mode, when set to 0, the counter reloads the initial value when it reaches the terminal count. When set to 1, the counter stops when the terminal count is reached.

In DEMODULATION mode, when set to 0, T16 captures and reloads on detection of all the edges. When set to 1, T16 captures and detects on the first edge but ignores the subsequent edges. For details, see [T16 DEMODULATION Mode](#) on page 41.

Time_Out

This bit is set when T16 times out (terminal count reached). To reset the bit, write a 1 to this location.

T16_Clock

This bit defines the frequency of the input signal to Counter/Timer16.

Capture_INT_Mask

This bit is set to allow an interrupt when data is captured into LO16 and HI16.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T16 times out.

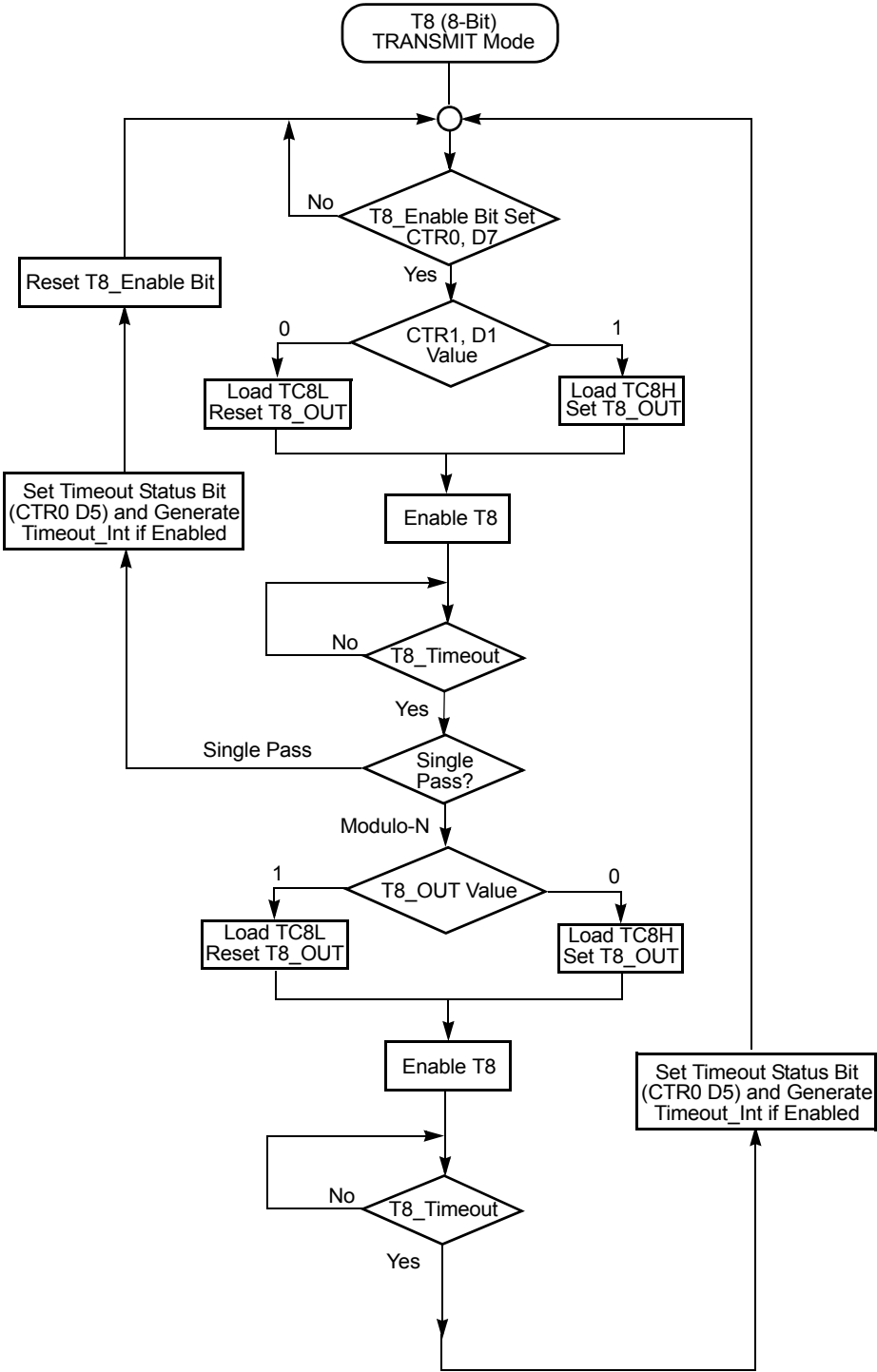


Figure 17. TRANSMIT Mode Flowchart



Caution: *Using the same instructions for stopping the counter/timers and setting the status bits is not recommended.*

Two successive commands are necessary. First, the counter/timers must be stopped. Second, the status bits must be reset. These commands are required because it takes one counter/timer clock interval for the initiated event to actually occur, see [Figure 19](#) and [Figure 20](#).

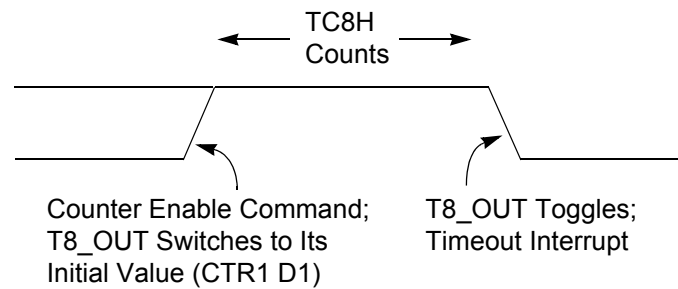


Figure 19. T8_OUT in SINGLE-PASS Mode

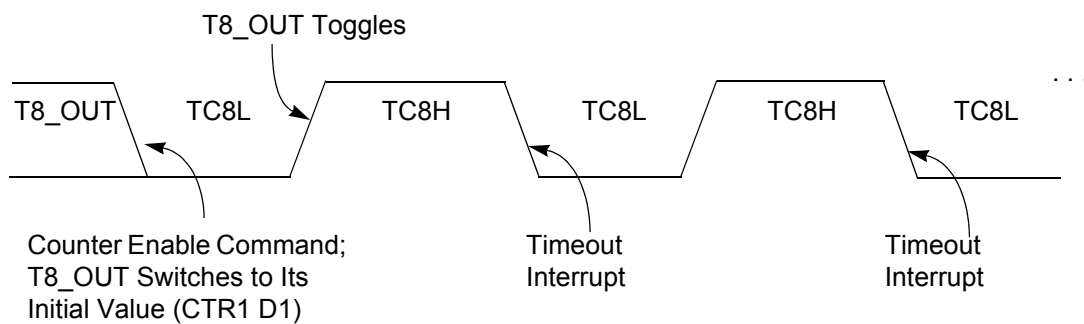


Figure 20. T8_OUT in MODULO-N Mode

T8 DEMODULATION Mode

You must program TC8L and TC8H to FFh. After T8 is enabled, when the first edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4) is detected, it starts to count down. When a subsequent edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4) is detected during counting, the current value of T8 is complemented and put into one of the capture registers. If it is a positive edge, data is put into LO8; if it is a negative edge, data is put into HI8. From that point, one of the edge detect status bits (CTR1, D1; D0) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D2). Meanwhile, T8 is loaded with FFh and starts counting again. If T8 reaches 0, the time-out status bit (CTR0, D5) is set, and an

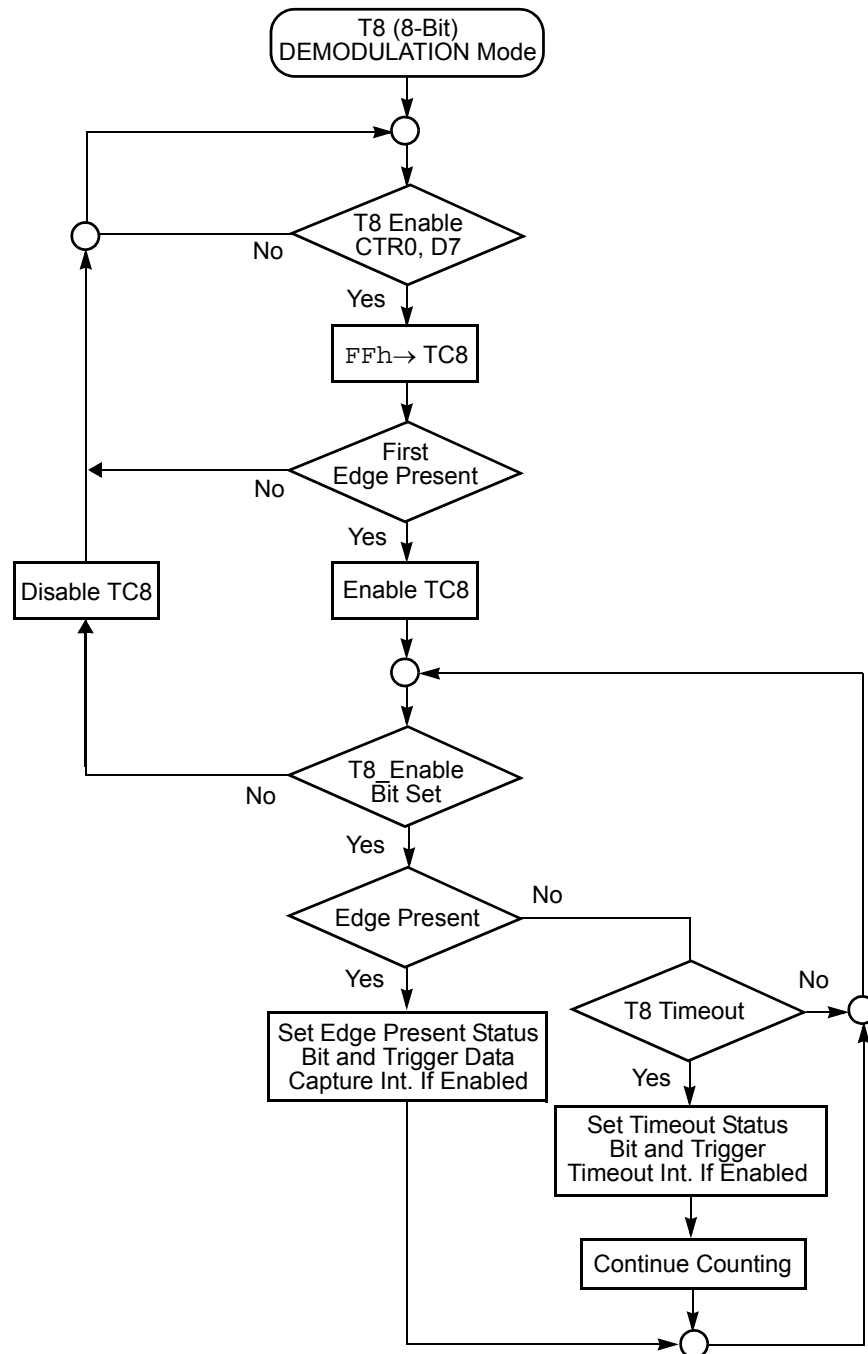
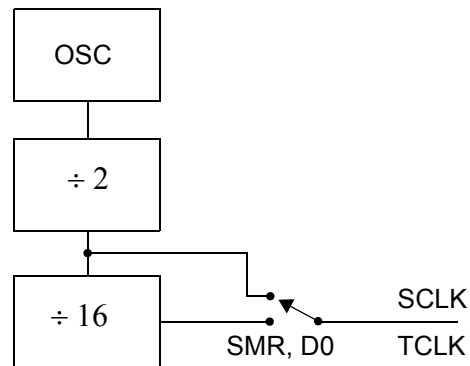


Figure 22. DEMODULATION Mode Flowchart

SCLK/TCLK Divide-by-16 Select (D0)

D0 of the SMR controls a divide-by-16 prescaler of SCLK/TCLK (see Figure 32). This control selectively reduces device power consumption during normal processor execution (SCLK control) and/or HALT mode (where TCLK sources interrupt logic). After Stop Mode Recovery, this bit is set to a 0.

**Figure 32. SCLK Circuit****Stop Mode Recovery Source (D2, D3, and D4)**

These three bits of the SMR specify the wake-up source of the Stop recovery (see Figure 33 and Table 14).

Stop Mode Recovery Register 2—SMR2(F)0Dh

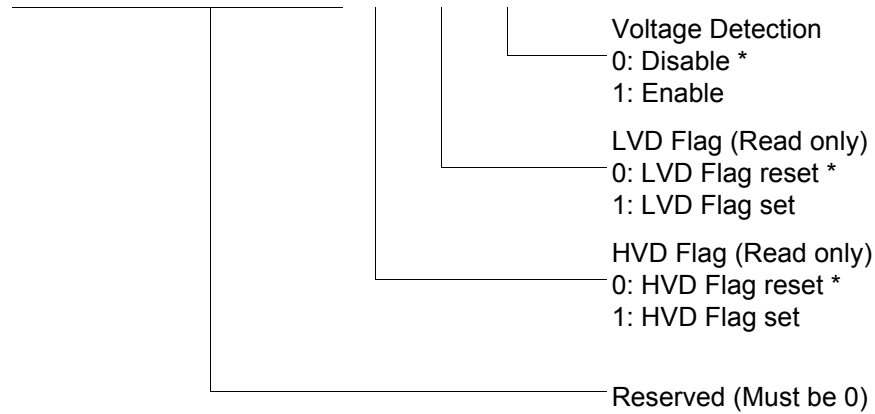
Table 13 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

Table 13. SMR2(F)0Dh:Stop Mode Recovery Register 2*

Field	Bit Position	Value	Description
Reserved	7-----	0	Reserved (Must be 0)
Recovery Level	-6-----	W 0 [†] 1	Low High
Reserved	--5-----	0	Reserved (Must be 0)

LVD(0D)0CH

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



*Default setting after reset.

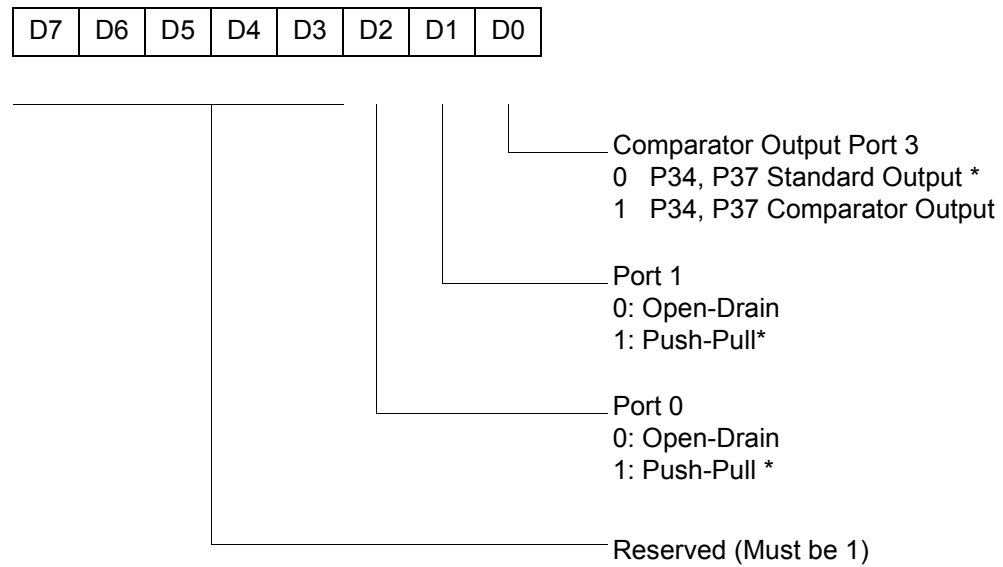
Figure 41. Voltage Detection Register

- **Note:** Do not modify register P01M while checking a low-voltage condition. Switching noise of both Ports 0 and 1 together might trigger the LVD Flag.

Expanded Register File Control Registers (0F)

The expanded register file control registers (0F) are displayed in [Figure 42](#) through [Figure 55](#) on page 74.

PCON(0F)00H

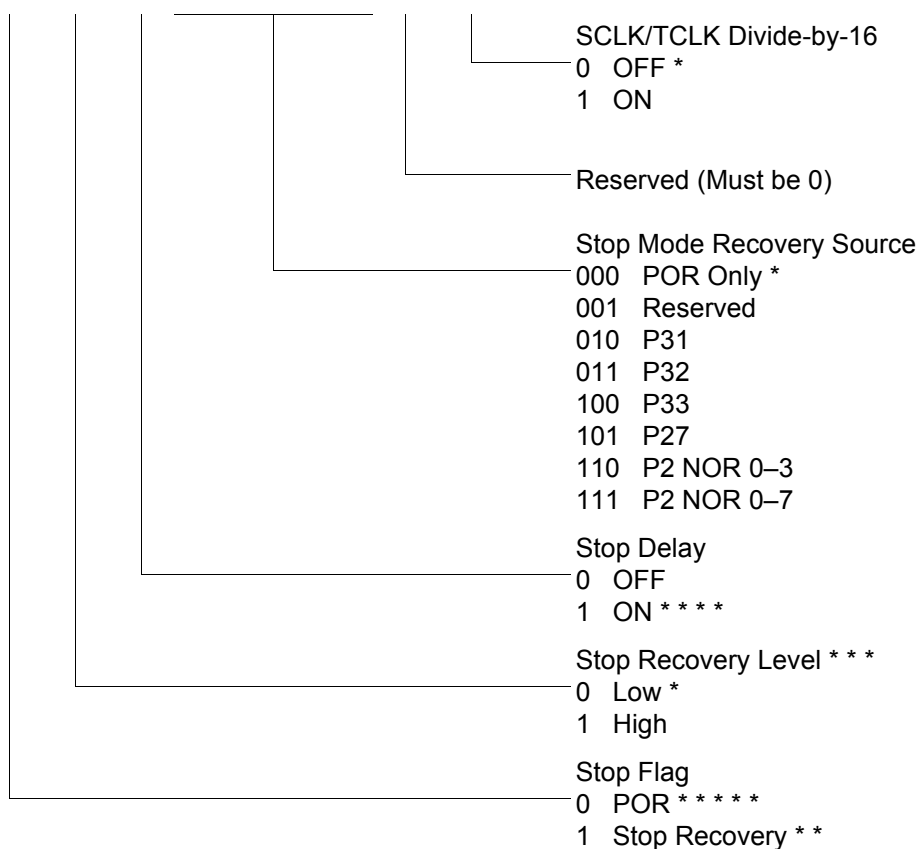


*Default setting after reset

Figure 42. Port Configuration Register (PCON)(0F)00H: Write Only)

SMR(0F)0BH

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



*Default setting after Reset

**Set after Stop Mode Recovery

***At the XOR gate input

****Default setting after Reset. Must be 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source.

*****Default setting after Power-On Reset. Not Reset with a Stop Mode Recovery.

Figure 43. Stop Mode Recovery Register ((0F)0BH: D6–D0=Write Only, D7=Read Only)

Table 19. DC Characteristics (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC}	T _A = 0 °C to +70 °C			Units	Conditions	Notes
			Min	Typ ⁽⁷⁾	Max			
I _{IL}	Input Leakage	2.0-3.6	-1		1	μA	V _{IN} = 0 V, V _{CC} Pull-ups disabled	
R _{PU}	Pull-Up Resistance	2.0	225		675	kΩ	V _{IN} = 0 V, Pull-ups selected by mask option	
		3.6	75		275	kΩ		
I _{OL}	Output Leakage	2.0-3.6	-1		1	μA	V _{IN} = 0 V, V _{CC}	
I _{CC}	Supply Current	2.0		1	3	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2
		3.6		5	10	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2
I _{CC1}	Standby Current (HALT Mode)	2.0		0.5	1.6	mA	V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} at 8.0	1, 2, 6
		3.6		0.8	2.0		MHz Same as above	1, 2, 6
I _{CC2}	Standby Current (STOP Mode)	2.0		1.6	8	μA	V _{IN} = 0 V, V _{CC} WDT is	3
		3.6		1.8	10	μA	not Running	3
		2.0		5	20	μA	Same as above	3
		3.6		8	30	μA	V _{IN} = 0 V, V _{CC} WDT is Running Same as above	3
I _{LV}	Standby Current (Low Voltage)			1.2	6	μA	Measured at 1.3 V	4
V _{BO}	V _{CC} Low Voltage Protection			1.9	2.0	V	8 MHz maximum Ext. CLK Freq.	
V _{LVD}	V _{CC} Low Voltage Detection			2.4		V		
V _{HVD}	V _{CC} High Voltage Detection			2.7		V		

Notes

1. All outputs unloaded, inputs at rail.
2. CL1 = CL2 = 100 pF.
3. Oscillator stopped.
4. Oscillator stops when V_{CC} falls below V_{BO} limit.
5. It is strongly recommended to add a filter capacitor (minimum 0.1 μF), physically close to VDD and V_{SS} pins if operating voltage fluctuations are anticipated, such as those resulting from driving an infrared LED.
6. Comparator and Timers are on. Interrupt disabled.
7. Typical values shown are at 25 °C.

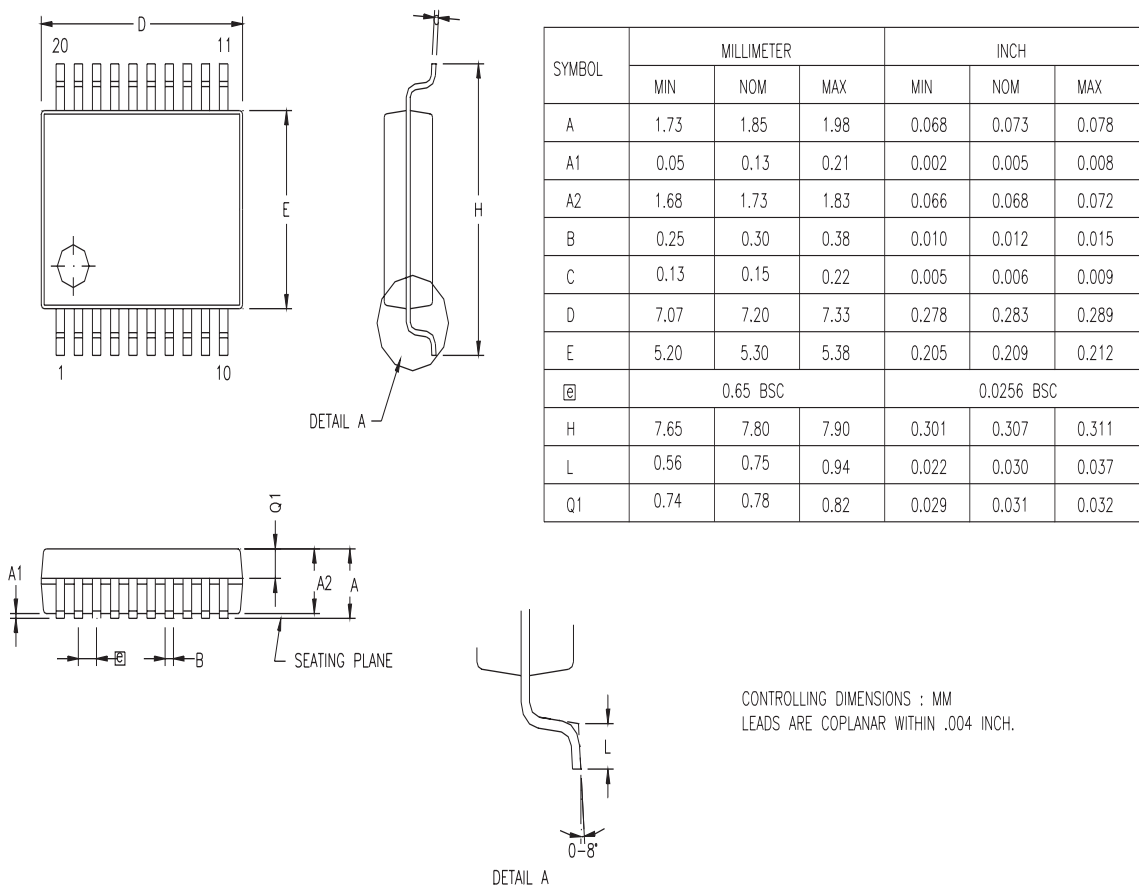


Figure 60. 20-Pin SSOP Package Diagram

Device	Part Number	Description
	ZLP32300P2008G	20-pin PDIP 8 K OTP
	ZLP32300S2008G	20-pin SOIC 8 K OTP
	ZLP32300H4804G	48-pin SSOP 4 K OTP
	ZLP32300P4004G	40-pin PDIP 4 K OTP
	ZLP32300H2804G	28-pin SSOP 4 K OTP
	ZLP32300P2804G	28-pin PDIP 4 K OTP
	ZLP32300S2804G	28-pin SOIC 4 K OTP
	ZLP32300H2004G	20-pin SSOP 4 K OTP
	ZLP32300P2004G	20-pin PDIP 4 K OTP
	ZLP32300S2004G	20-pin SOIC 4 K OTP
	ZLP323ICE01ZAC*	40-PDIP/48-SSOP Accessory Kit
	Note: *ZLP323ICE01ZAC has been replaced by an improved version, ZCRMZNICE02ZACG.	
	ZLP128ICE01ZEMG	In-Circuit Emulator
	Note: *ZLP128ICE01ZEMG has been replaced by an improved version, ZCRMZNICE01ZEMG.	
	ZCRMZNICE01ZEMG	Crimzon In-Circuit Emulator
	ZCRMZN00100KITG	Crimzon In-Circuit Emulator Development Kit
	ZCRMZNICE01ZACG	20-Pin Accessory Kit
	ZCRMZNICE02ZACG	40/48-Pin Accessory Kit

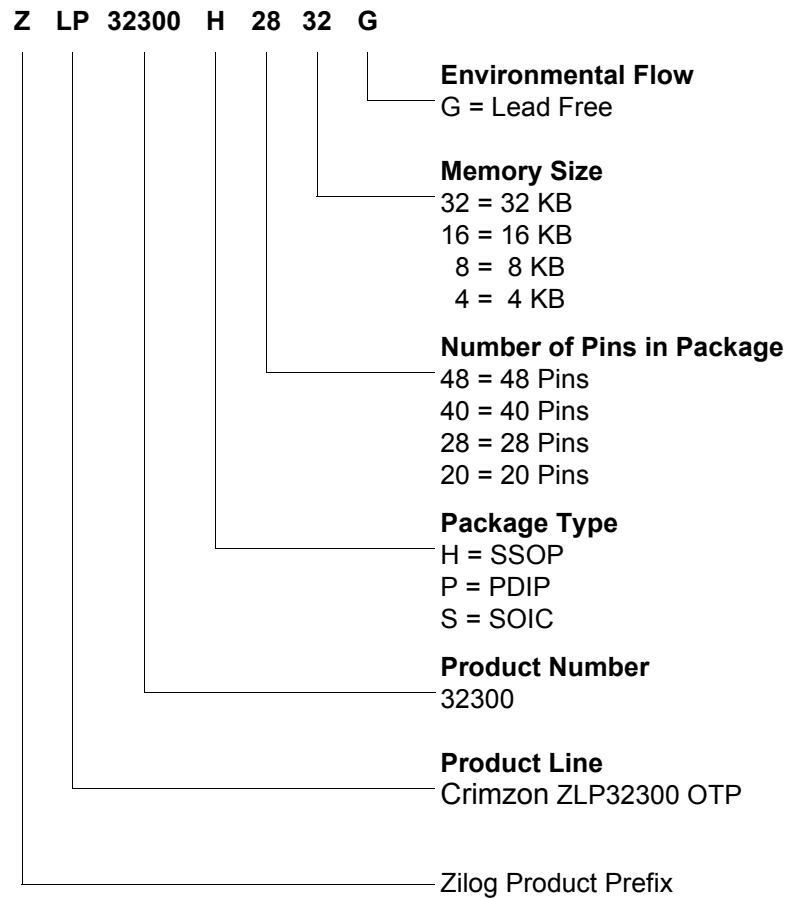
Notes

1. Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging.
2. Contact www.zilog.com for the die form.

For fast results, contact your local Zilog® sales office for assistance in ordering the part(s) desired.

Part Number Description

Zilog® part numbers consist of a number of components, as shown below.
ZLP32300H2832G is a Crimzon ZLP32300 OTP product in a 28-pin SSOP package, with 32 KB of OTP and built with lead-free solder.



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For any comments, detail technical questions, or reporting problems, please visit Zilog's Technical Support at <http://support.zilog.com>.