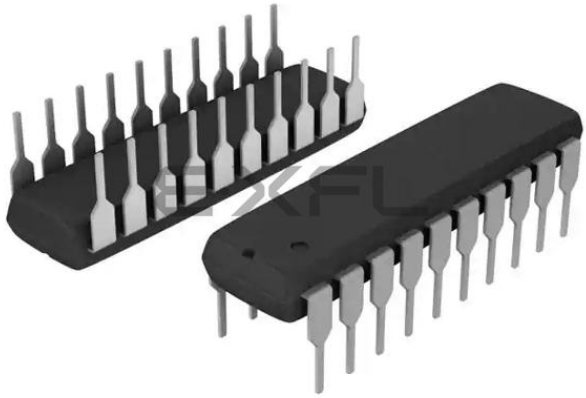

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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	16
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	20-DIP (0.300", 7.62mm)
Supplier Device Package	20-PDIP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/analog-devices/zlp32300p2032g

Development Features

Table 2 lists the features of Crimzon ZLP32300 family.

Table 2. Crimzon ZLP32300 MCU Features

Device	OTP(KB)	RAM* (Bytes)	I/O Lines	Voltage Range
Crimzon ZLP32300	8, 16, 32	237	32, 24 or 16	2.0–3.6 V
*General purpose				

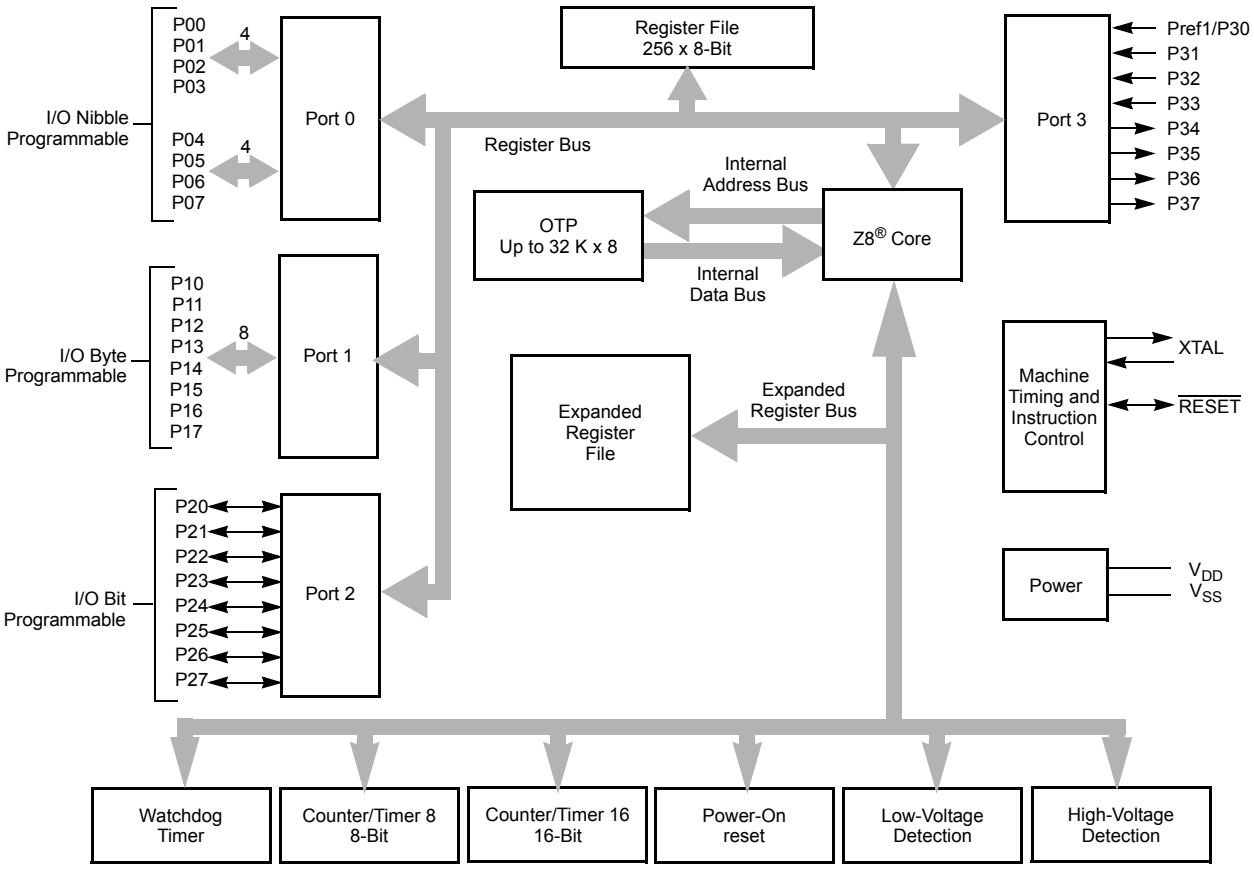
The additional features include:

- Low power consumption–11 mW (typical)
- Three standby modes:
  - STOP—1.7 µA (typical)
  - HALT—0.6 mA (typical)
  - Low-voltage reset
- Special architecture to automate both generation and reception of complex pulses or signals:
  - One programmable 8-bit counter/timer with two capture registers and two load registers
  - One programmable 16-bit counter/timer with one 16-bit capture register pair and one 16-bit load register pair
  - Programmable input glitch filter for pulse reception
- Six priority interrupts
  - Three external
  - Two assigned to counter/timers
  - One Low-Voltage Detection interrupt
- Low-Voltage Detection and high voltage detection Flags
- Programmable Watchdog Timer/Power-On Reset (WDT/POR) circuits
- Two independent comparators with programmable interrupt polarity
- Programmable EPROM options
  - Port 0: 0–3 pull-up transistors
  - Port 0: 4–7 pull-up transistors
  - Port 1: 0–3 pull-up transistors
  - Port 1: 4–7 pull-up transistors

- Port 2: 0–7 pull-up transistors
- EPROM Protection
- WDT enabled at POR

Functional Block Diagram

Figure 1 displays the Crimzon ZLP32300 MCU functional block diagram.



Note: Refer to the specific package for available pins.

Figure 1. Crimzon ZLP32300 MCU Functional Block Diagram

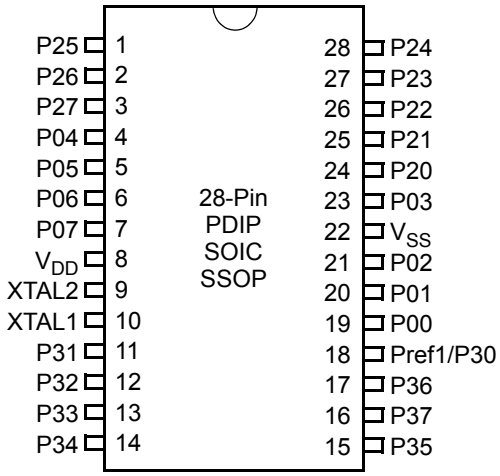


Figure 4. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP Pin Configuration

Table 4. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP Pin Identification

Pin No	Symbol	Direction	Description
1-3	P25-P27	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 5, 6, 7
4-7	P04-P07	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 4, 5, 6, 7
8	V_{DD}		Power supply
9	XTAL2	Output	Crystal, oscillator clock
10	XTAL1	Input	Crystal, oscillator clock
11-13	P31-P33	Input	Port 3, Bits 1, 2, 3
14	P34	Output	Port 3, Bit 4
15	P35	Output	Port 3, Bit 5
16	P37	Output	Port 3, Bit 7
17	P36	Output	Port 3, Bit 6
18	Pref1/P30 Port 3 Bit 0	Input	Analog ref input; connect to V_{CC} if not used Input for Pref1/P30
19-21	P00-P02	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 0, 1, 2
22	V_{SS}		Ground
23	P03	Input/Output	Port 0, Bit 3
24-28	P20-P24	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 0–4

Table 5. 40- and 48-Pin Configuration (Continued)

40-Pin PDIP No	48-Pin SSOP No	Symbol
32	39	P12
33	40	P13
8	9	P14
9	10	P15
12	15	P16
13	16	P17
35	42	P20
36	43	P21
37	44	P22
38	45	P23
39	46	P24
2	2	P25
3	3	P26
4	4	P27
16	19	P31
17	20	P32
18	21	P33
19	22	P34
22	26	P35
24	28	P36
23	27	P37
20	23	NC
40	47	NC
1	1	NC
21	25	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$
15	18	XTAL1
14	17	XTAL2
11	12, 13	V_{DD}
31	24, 37, 38	V_{SS}
25	29	Pref1/P30
	48	NC
	6	NC

(see T8 and T16 Common Functions—CTR1(0D)01h on page 28). Other edge detect and IRQ modes are described in Table 6.

Note: *Comparators are powered down by entering STOP mode. For P31–P33 to be used in a Stop Mode Recovery source, these inputs must be placed into DIGITAL mode.*

Table 6. Port 3 Pin Function Summary

Pin	I/O	Counter/Timers	Comparator	Interrupt
Pref1/P30	IN		RF1	
P31	IN	IN	AN1	IRQ2
P32	IN		AN2	IRQ0
P33	IN		RF2	IRQ1
P34	OUT	T8	AO1	
P35	OUT	T16		
P36	OUT	T8/16		
P37	OUT		AO2	
P20	I/O	IN		

Port 3 also provides output for each of the counter/timers and the AND/OR Logic (see Figure 11). Control is performed by programming bits D5–D4 of CTR1, bit 0 of CTR0, and bit 0 of CTR2.

Functional Description

This device incorporates special functions to enhance the Z8 functionality in consumer and battery-operated applications.

Program Memory

This device addresses 32 KB of OTP memory. The first 12 bytes are reserved for interrupt vectors. These locations contain the six 16-bit vectors that correspond to the six available interrupts. See Figure 12.

RAM

This device features 256 B of RAM.

T8 Enable

This field enables T8 when set (written) to 1.

Single/Modulo-N

When set to 0 (Modulo-N), the counter reloads the initial value when the terminal count is reached. When set to 1 (single-pass), the counter stops when the terminal count is reached.

Timeout

This bit is set when T8 times out (terminal count reached). To reset this bit, write a 1 to its location.

Caution: *Writing a 1 is the only way to reset the Terminal Count status condition. Reset this bit before using/enabling the counter/timers. The first clock of T8 might not have complete clock width and can occur any time when enabled.*

Note: *Ensure to manipulate CTR0, bit 5 and CTR1, bits 0 and 1 (DEMODULATION mode) when using the OR or AND commands. These instructions use a Read-Modify-Write sequence in which the current status from the CTR0 and CTR1 registers is ORed or ANDed with the designated value and then written back into the registers.*

T8 Clock

These bits define the frequency of the input signal to T8.

Capture_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when data is captured into either LO8 or HI8 upon a positive or negative edge detection in DEMODULATION mode.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T8 has a timeout.

P34_Out

This bit defines whether P34 is used as a normal output pin or the T8 output.

T8 and T16 Common Functions—CTR1(0D)01h

This register controls the functions in common with the T8 and T16.

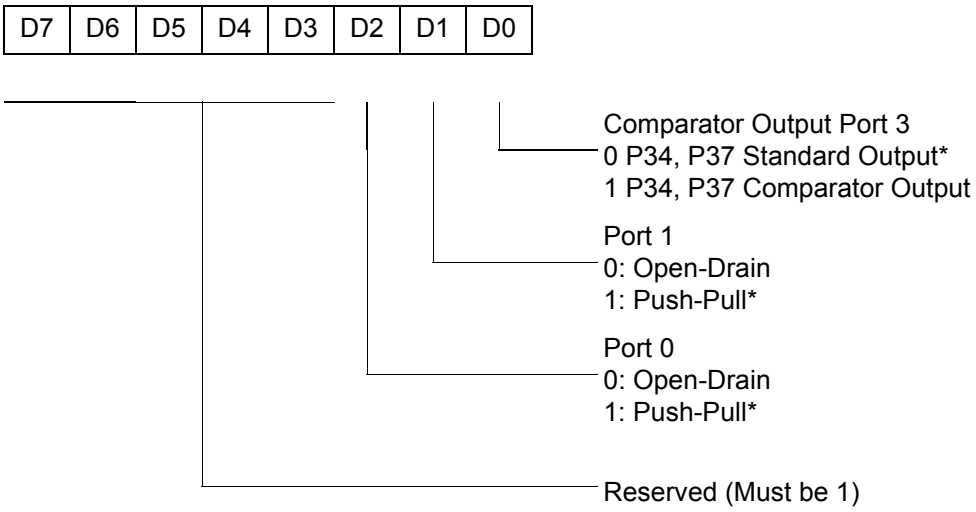
Table 8 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

Port Configuration

Port Configuration Register

The Port Configuration (PCON) register (see Figure 30) configures the comparator output on Port 3. It is located in the expanded register 2 at Bank F, location 00.

PCON(FH)00h



* Default setting after reset

Figure 30. Port Configuration Register (PCON) (Write Only)

Comparator Output Port 3 (D0)

Bit 0 controls the comparator used in Port 3. A 1 in this location brings the comparator outputs to P34 and P37, and a 0 releases the Port to its standard I/O configuration.

Port 1 Output Mode (D1)

Bit 1 controls the output mode of Port 1. A 1 in this location sets the output to push-pull, and a 0 sets the output to open-drain.

Port 0 Output Mode (D2)

Bit 2 controls the output mode of Port 0. A 1 in this location sets the output to push-pull, and a 0 sets the output to open-drain.

Table 13. SMR2(F)0Dh:Stop Mode Recovery Register 2* (Continued)

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Source	---432--	W	000†	A. POR Only
			001	B. NAND of P23–P20
			010	C. NAND of P27–P20
			011	D. NOR of P33–P31
			100	E. NAND of P33–P31
			101	F. NOR of P33–P31, P00, P07
			110	G. NAND of P33–P31, P00, P07
			111	H. NAND of P33–P31, P22–P20
Reserved	------10		00	Reserved (Must be 0)

*Port pins configured as outputs are ignored as an SMR recovery source.
†Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.

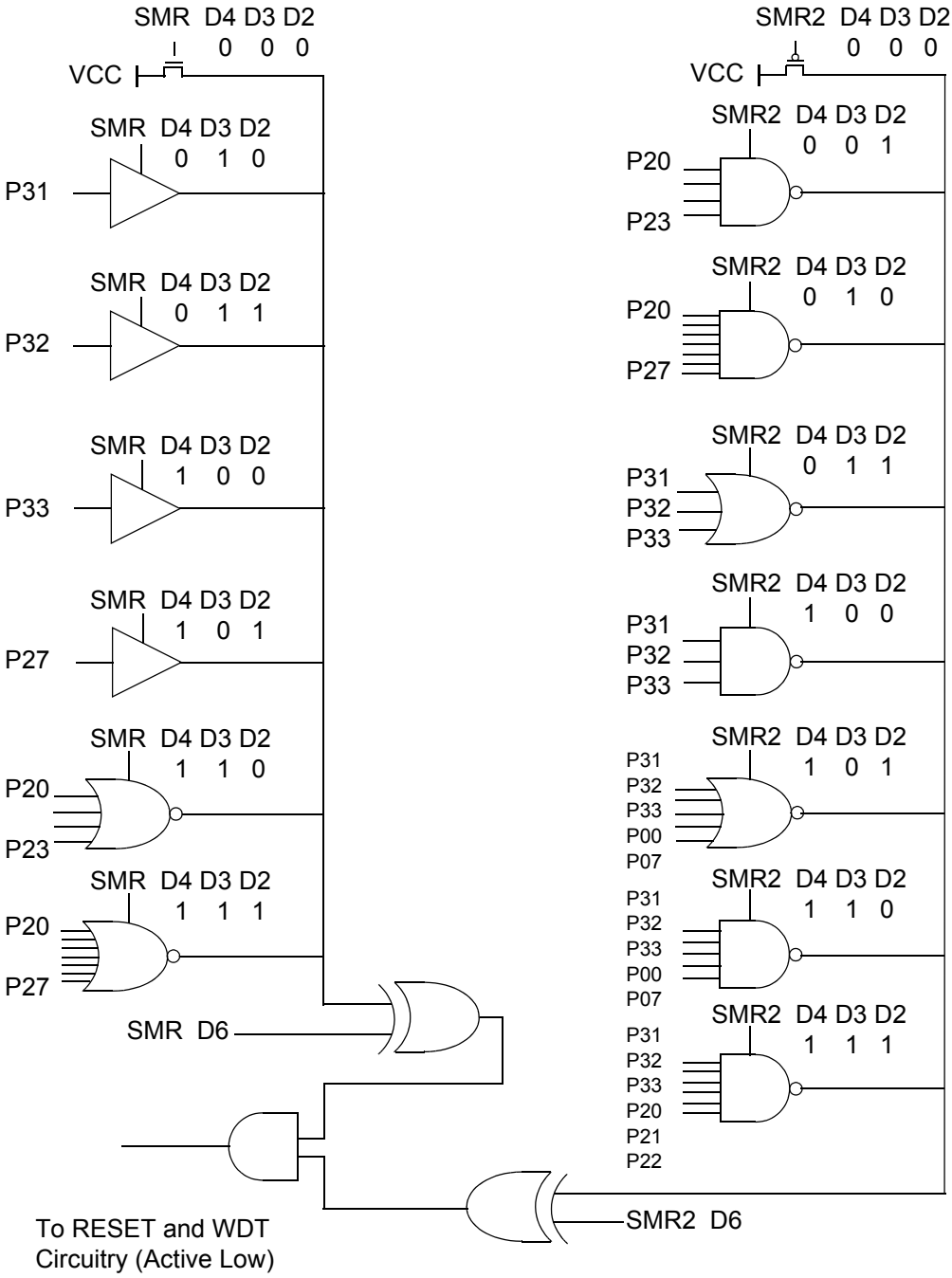
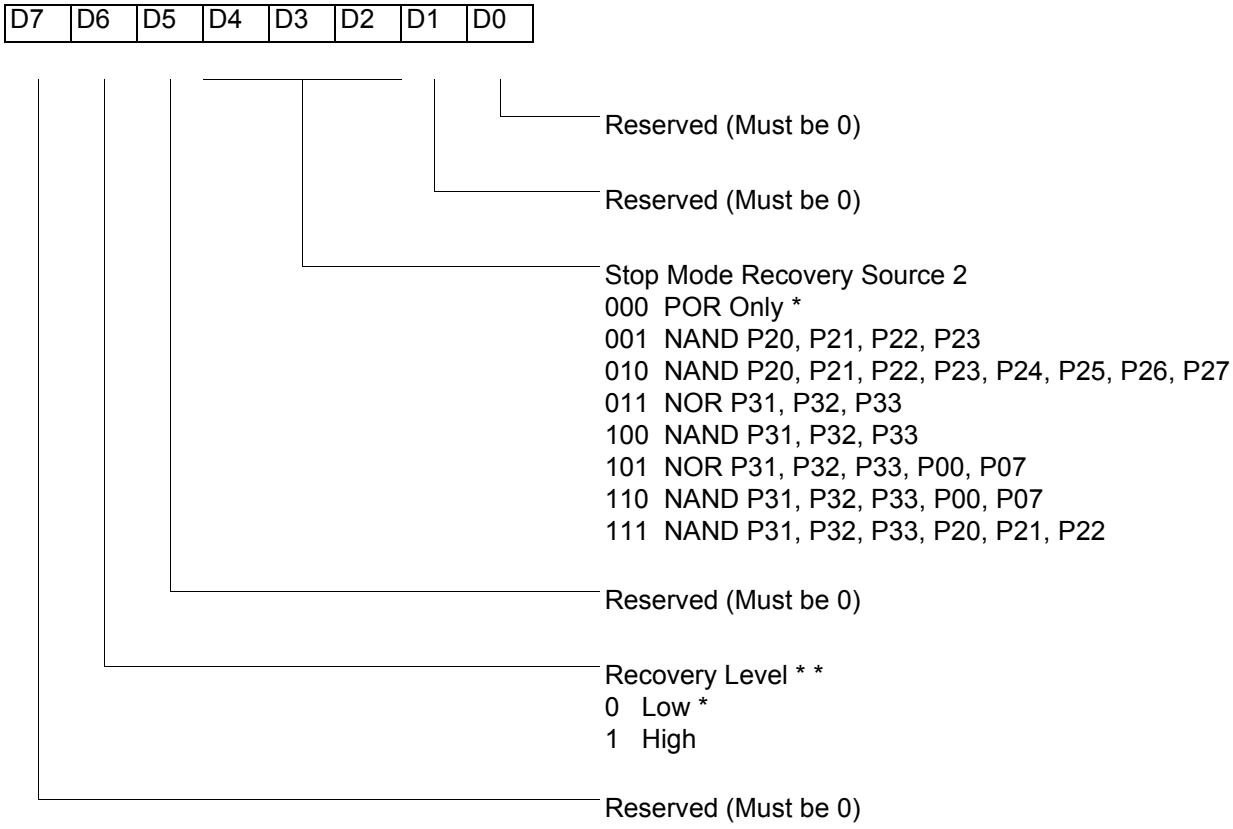


Figure 33. Stop Mode Recovery Source

Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 (SMR2)

This register determines the mode of Stop Mode Recovery for SMR2 (see Figure 34).

SMR2(0F)Dh



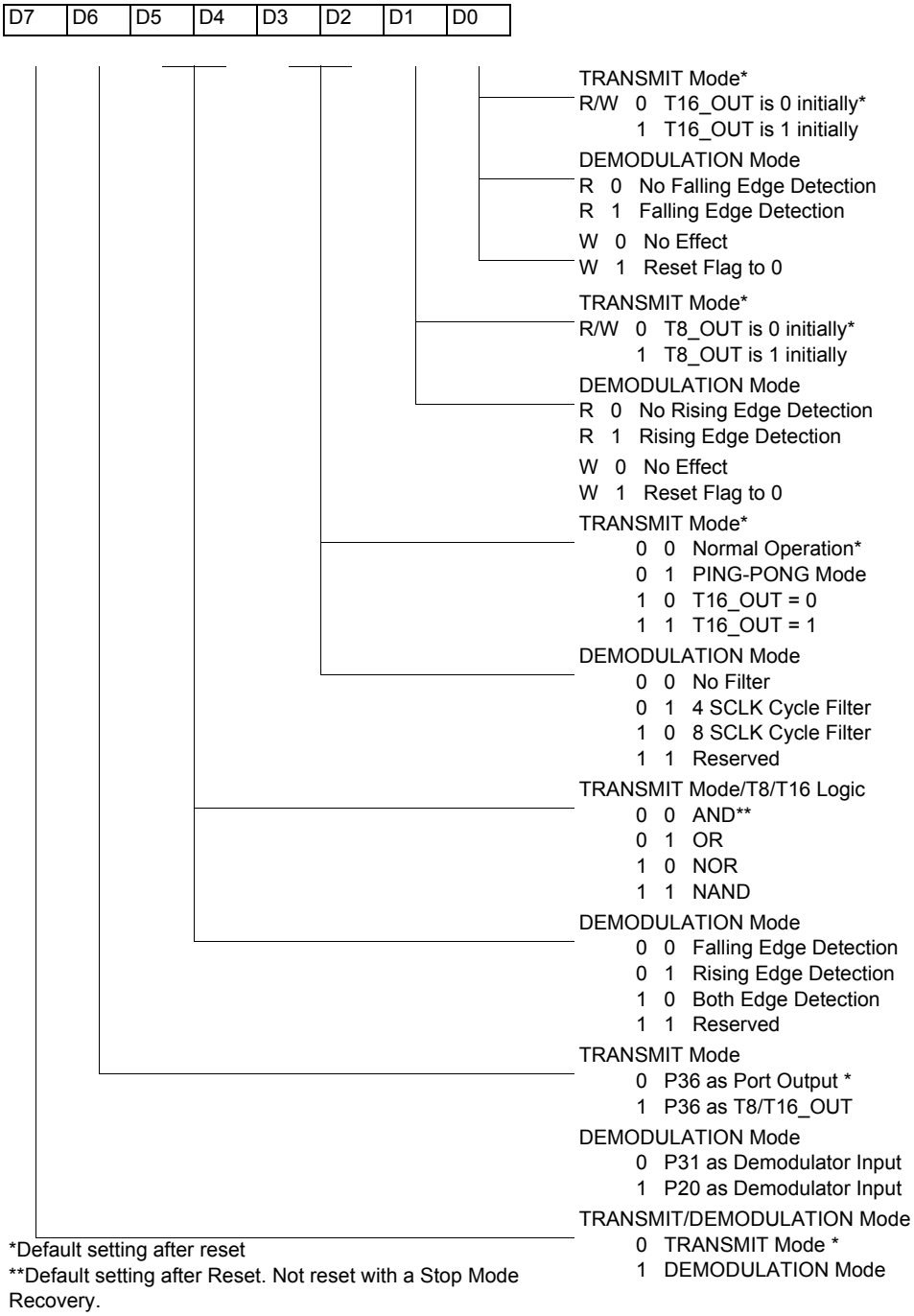
If used in conjunction with SMR, either of the two specified events causes a Stop Mode Recovery.
*Default setting after reset.
* *At the XOR gate input.

Figure 34. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only)

If SMR2 is used in conjunction with SMR, either of the specified events causes a Stop Mode Recovery.

Note: *Port pins configured as outputs are ignored as an SMR or SMR2 recovery source. For example, if the NAND or P23–P20 is selected as the recovery source and P20 is configured as an output, the remaining SMR pins (P23–P21) form the NAND equation.*

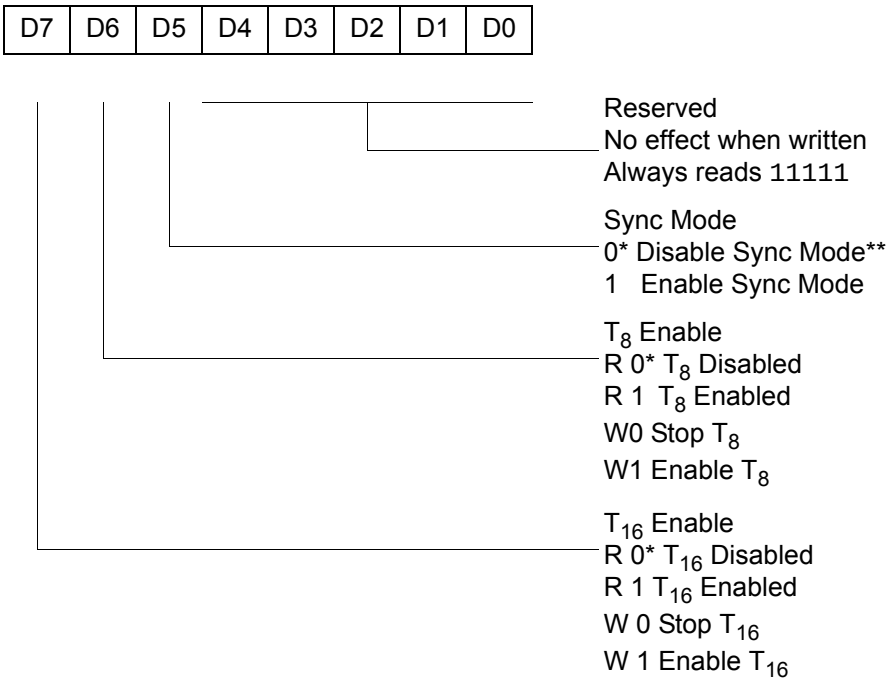
CTR1(0D)01H



*Default setting after reset
**Default setting after Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode Recovery.

Figure 38. T8 and T16 Common Control Functions ((0D)01H: Read/Write)

CTR3(0D)03H

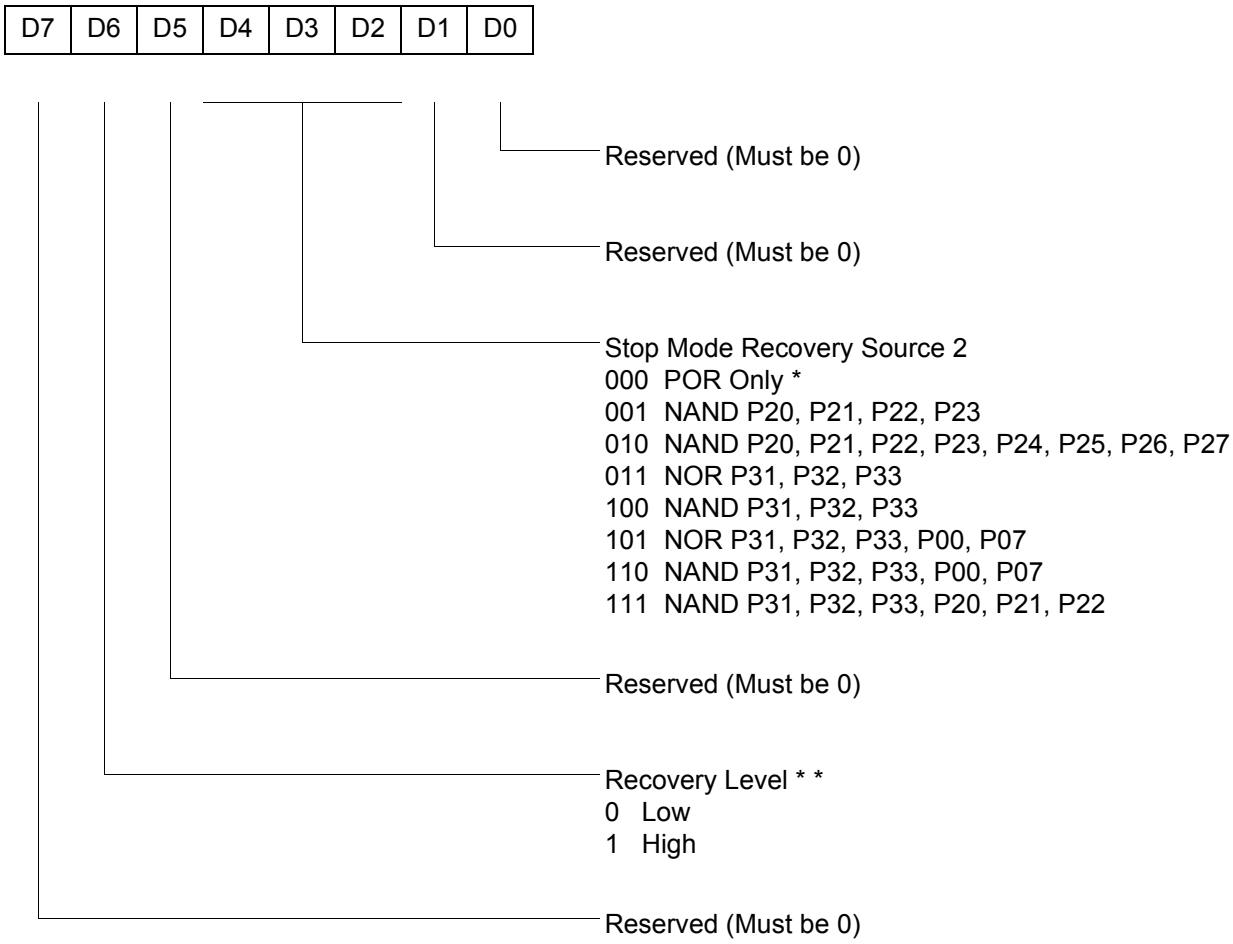


*Default setting after reset.
**Default setting after reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode Recovery.

Figure 40. T8/T16 Control Register (0D)03H: Read/Write (Except Where Noted)

Note: *If Sync Mode is enabled, the first pulse of T8 carrier is always synchronized with T16 (demodulated signal). It can always provide a full carrier pulse.*

SMR2(0F)0DH



If used in conjunction with SMR, either of the two specified events causes a Stop Mode Recovery.
*Default setting after reset. Not Reset with a Stop Mode Recovery.
* *At the XOR gate input

Figure 44. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)0DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only)

R250 IRQ(FAH)

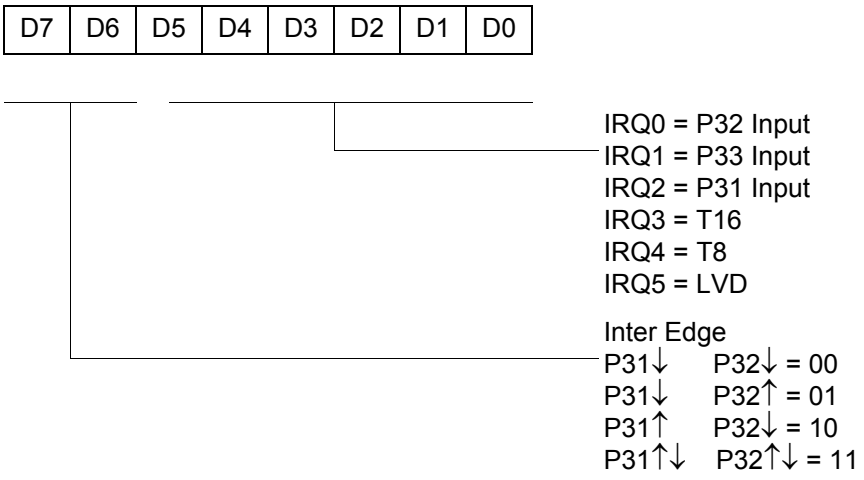
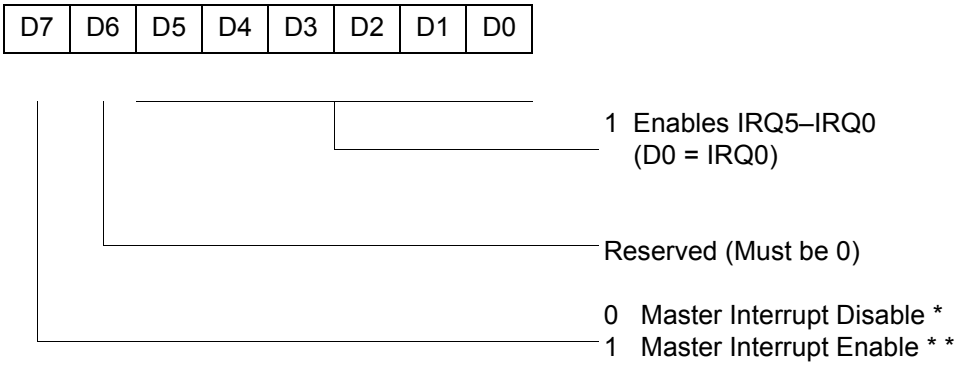


Figure 50. Interrupt Request Register (FAH: Read/Write)

R251 IMR(FBH)



*Default setting after reset
* *Only by using EI, DI instruction; DI is required before changing the IMR register

Figure 51. Interrupt Mask Register (FBH: Read/Write)

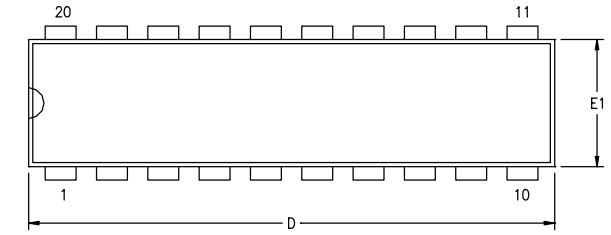
Table 20. AC Characteristics

			T_A=0 °C to +70 °C 8.0 MHz					Watchdog Timer Mode Register (D1, D0)
No	**Symbol**	**Parameter**	**V_{CC}**	**Minimum**	**Maximum**	**Units**	**Notes**	
1	TpC	Input Clock Period	2.0–3.6	121	DC	ns	1	
2	TrC,TfC	Clock Input Rise and Fall Times	2.0–3.6		25	ns	1	
3	TwC	Input Clock Width	2.0–3.6	37		ns	1	
4	TwTinL	Timer Input Low Width	2.0 3.6	100 70		ns	1	
5	TwTinH	Timer Input High Width	2.0–3.6	3TpC			1	
6	TpTin	Timer Input Period	2.0–3.6	8TpC			1	
7	TrTin,TfTin	Timer Input Rise and Fall Timers	2.0–3.6		100	ns	1	
8	TwIL	Interrupt Request Low Time	2.0 3.6	100 70		ns	1, 2	
9	TwIH	Interrupt Request Input High Time	2.0–3.6	5TpC			1, 2	
10	Twsm	Stop Mode Recovery Width Spec	2.0–3.6	12 10TpC		ns	3 4	
11	Tost	Oscillator Start-Up Time	2.0–3.6		5TpC		4	
12	Twdt	Watchdog Timer Delay Time	2.0–3.6 2.0–3.6 2.0–3.6 2.0–3.6	5 10 20 80		ms ms ms ms		0, 0 0, 1 1, 0 1, 1
13	T_{POR}	Power-on reset	2.0–3.6	2.5	10	ms		

Notes
1. Timing Reference uses 0.9 V_{CC} for a logic 1 and 0.1 V_{CC} for a logic 0.
2. Interrupt request through Port 3 (P33–P31).
3. SMR–D5 = 1.
4. SMR–D5 = 0.

Packaging

Package information for all versions of Crimzon ZLP32300 is displayed in Figure 58 through Figure 65.



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A1	0.38	0.81	.015	.032
A2	3.25	3.68	.128	.145
B	0.41	0.51	.016	.020
B1	1.47	1.57	.058	.062
C	0.20	0.30	.008	.012
D	25.65	26.16	1.010	1.030
E	7.49	8.26	.295	.325
E1	6.10	6.65	.240	.262
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC	
eA	7.87	9.14	.310	.360
L	3.18	3.43	.125	.135
Q1	1.42	1.65	.056	.065
S	1.52	1.65	.060	.065

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : INCH

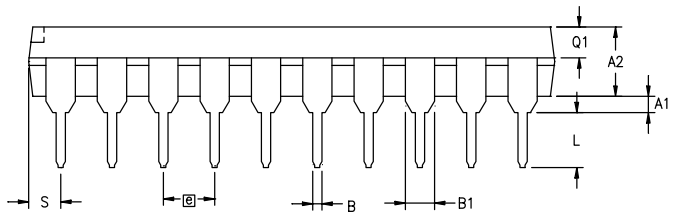
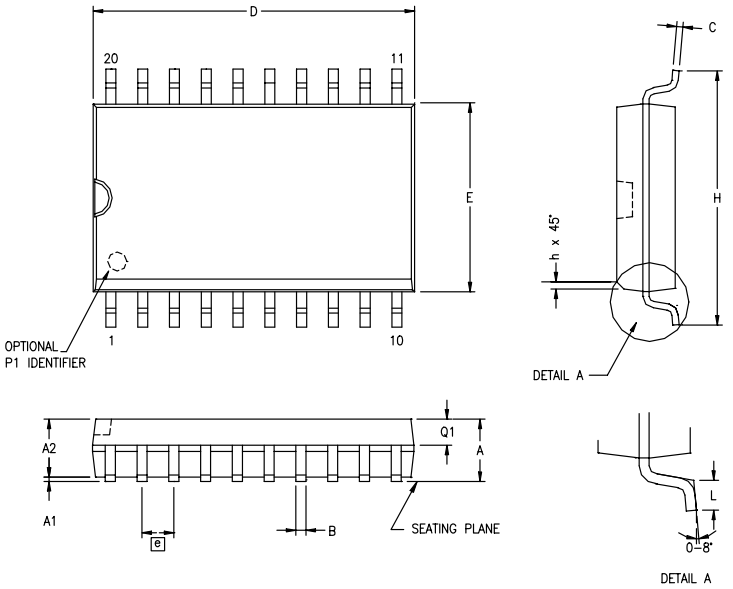


Figure 58. 20-Pin PDIP Package Diagram



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.40	2.65	.094	.104
A1	0.10	0.30	.004	.012
A2	2.24	2.44	.088	.096
B	0.36	0.46	.014	.018
C	0.23	0.30	.009	.012
D	12.60	12.95	**.496**	.510
E	7.40	7.60	.291	.299
e	1.27 BSC		.050 BSC	
H	10.00	10.65	.394	.419
h	0.30	0.40	.012	.016
L	0.60	1.00	.024	.039
Q1	0.97	1.07	.038	.042

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MM
LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH.

Figure 59. 20-Pin SOIC Package Diagram

Ordering Information

The Crimzon ZLP32300 is available for the following parts:

Device	Part Number	Description
Crimzon ZLP32300	ZLP32300H4832G	48-pin SSOP 32 K OTP
	ZLP32300P4032G	40-pin PDIP 32 K OTP
	ZLP32300H2832G	28-pin SSOP 32 K OTP
	ZLP32300P2832G	28-pin PDIP 32 K OTP
	ZLP32300S2832G	28-pin SOIC 32 K OTP
	ZLP32300H2032G	20-pin SSOP 32 K OTP
	ZLP32300P2032G	20-pin PDIP 32 K OTP
	ZLP32300S2032G	20-pin SOIC 32 K OTP
	ZLP32300H4816G	48-pin SSOP 16 K OTP
	ZLP32300P4016G	40-pin PDIP 16 K OTP
	ZLP32300H2816G	28-pin SSOP 16 K OTP
	ZLP32300P2816G	28-pin PDIP 16 K OTP
	ZLP32300S2816G	28-pin SOIC 16 K OTP
	ZLP32300H2016G	20-pin SSOP 16 K OTP
	ZLP32300P2016G	20-pin PDIP 16 K OTP
	ZLP32300S2016G	20-pin SOIC 16 K OTP
	ZLP32300H4808G	48-pin SSOP 8 K OTP
	ZLP32300P4008G	40-pin PDIP 8 K OTP
	ZLP32300H2808G	28-pin SSOP 8 K OTP
	ZLP32300P2808G	28-pin PDIP 8 K OTP
	ZLP32300S2808G	28-pin SOIC 8 K OTP
	ZLP32300H2008G	20-pin SSOP 8 K OTP

Index

Numerics

A

B

C

D