Intel - EPF10K50VQC240-3EM Datasheet

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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	360
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	2880
Total RAM Bits	20480
Number of I/O	189
Number of Gates	116000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	240-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	240-PQFP (32x32)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epf10k50vqc240-3em

LE Operating Modes

The FLEX 10K LE can operate in the following four modes:

- Normal mode
- Arithmetic mode
- Up/down counter mode
- Clearable counter mode

Each of these modes uses LE resources differently. In each mode, seven available inputs to the LE—the four data inputs from the LAB local interconnect, the feedback from the programmable register, and the carry-in and cascade-in from the previous LE—are directed to different destinations to implement the desired logic function. Three inputs to the LE provide clock, clear, and preset control for the register. The Altera software, in conjunction with parameterized functions such as LPM and DesignWare functions, automatically chooses the appropriate mode for common functions such as counters, adders, and multipliers. If required, the designer can also create special-purpose functions which use a specific LE operating mode for optimal performance.

The architecture provides a synchronous clock enable to the register in all four modes. The Altera software can set `DATA1` to enable the register synchronously, providing easy implementation of fully synchronous designs.

Figure 9 shows the LE operating modes.

For improved routing, the row interconnect is comprised of a combination of full-length and half-length channels. The full-length channels connect to all LABs in a row; the half-length channels connect to the LABs in half of the row. The EAB can be driven by the half-length channels in the left half of the row and by the full-length channels. The EAB drives out to the full-length channels. In addition to providing a predictable, row-wide interconnect, this architecture provides increased routing resources. Two neighboring LABs can be connected using a half-row channel, thereby saving the other half of the channel for the other half of the row.

Table 7 summarizes the FastTrack Interconnect resources available in each FLEX 10K device.

Table 7. FLEX 10K FastTrack Interconnect Resources

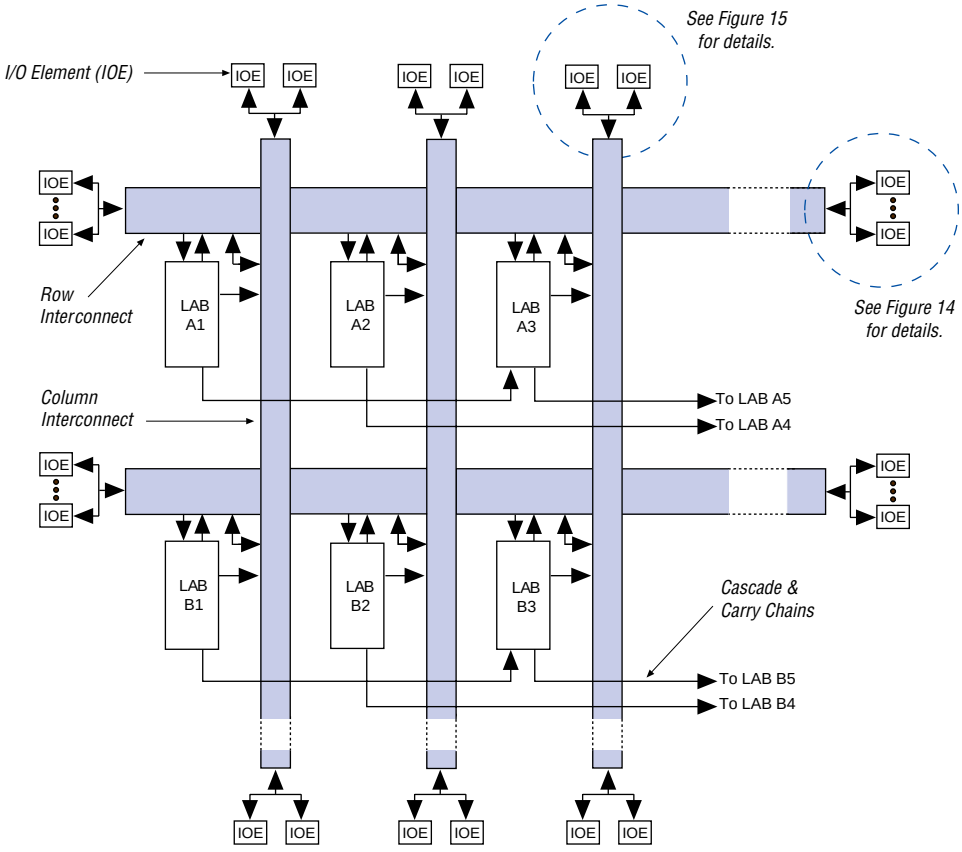
Device	Rows	Channels per Row	Columns	Channels per Column
EPF10K10 EPF10K10A	3	144	24	24
EPF10K20	6	144	24	24
EPF10K30 EPF10K30A	6	216	36	24
EPF10K40	8	216	36	24
EPF10K50 EPF10K50V	10	216	36	24
EPF10K70	9	312	52	24
EPF10K100 EPF10K100A	12	312	52	24
EPF10K130V	16	312	52	32
EPF10K250A	20	456	76	40

In addition to general-purpose I/O pins, FLEX 10K devices have six dedicated input pins that provide low-skew signal distribution across the device. These six inputs can be used for global clock, clear, preset, and peripheral output enable and clock enable control signals. These signals are available as control signals for all LABs and IOEs in the device.

The dedicated inputs can also be used as general-purpose data inputs because they can feed the local interconnect of each LAB in the device. However, the use of dedicated inputs as data inputs can introduce additional delay into the control signal network.

Figure 12 shows the interconnection of adjacent LABs and EABs with row, column, and local interconnects, as well as the associated cascade and carry chains. Each LAB is labeled according to its location: a letter represents the row and a number represents the column. For example, LAB B3 is in row B, column 3.

Figure 12. Interconnect Resources



Each IOE selects the clock, clear, clock enable, and output enable controls from a network of I/O control signals called the peripheral control bus. The peripheral control bus uses high-speed drivers to minimize signal skew across devices; it provides up to 12 peripheral control signals that can be allocated as follows:

- Up to eight output enable signals
- Up to six clock enable signals
- Up to two clock signals
- Up to two clear signals

If more than six clock enable or eight output enable signals are required, each IOE on the device can be controlled by clock enable and output enable signals driven by specific LEs. In addition to the two clock signals available on the peripheral control bus, each IOE can use one of two dedicated clock pins. Each peripheral control signal can be driven by any of the dedicated input pins or the first LE of each LAB in a particular row. In addition, an LE in a different row can drive a column interconnect, which causes a row interconnect to drive the peripheral control signal. The chip-wide reset signal will reset all IOE registers, overriding any other control signals.

Tables 8 and 9 list the sources for each peripheral control signal, and the rows that can drive global signals. These tables also show how the output enable, clock enable, clock, and clear signals share 12 peripheral control signals.

Figure 15. FLEX 10K Column-to-IOE Connections

The values for m and n are provided in Table 11.

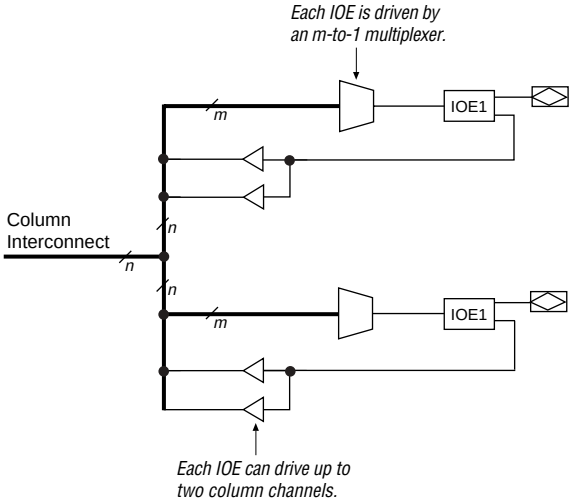


Table 11 lists the FLEX 10K column-to-IOE interconnect resources.

Table 11. FLEX 10K Column-to-IOE Interconnect Resources

Device	Channels per Column (*n*)	Column Channel per Pin (*m*)
EPF10K10 EPF10K10A	24	16
EPF10K20	24	16
EPF10K30 EPF10K30A	24	16
EPF10K40	24	16
EPF10K50 EPF10K50V	24	16
EPF10K70	24	16
EPF10K100 EPF10K100A	24	16
EPF10K130V	32	24
EPF10K250A	40	32

Table 24. EPF10K50V & EPF10K130V Device DC Operating Conditions *Notes (6), (7)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage		2.0		5.75	V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		–0.5		0.8	V
V_{OH}	3.3-V high-level TTL output voltage	I_{OH} = –8 mA DC *(8)*	2.4			V
	3.3-V high-level CMOS output voltage	I_{OH} = –0.1 mA DC *(8)*	V_{CCIO} – 0.2			V
V_{OL}	3.3-V low-level TTL output voltage	I_{OL} = 8 mA DC *(9)*			0.45	V
	3.3-V low-level CMOS output voltage	I_{OL} = 0.1 mA DC *(9)*			0.2	V
I_I	Input pin leakage current	V_I = 5.3 V to –0.3 V *(10)*	–10		10	µA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin leakage current	V_O = 5.3 V to –0.3 V *(10)*	–10		10	µA
I_{CC0}	V_{CC} supply current (standby)	V_I = ground, no load		0.3	10	mA
		V_I = ground, no load *(11)*		10		mA

Table 25. EPF10K50V & EPF10K130V Device Capacitance *(12)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	V_{IN} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		10	pF
C_{INCLK}	Input capacitance on dedicated clock pin	V_{IN} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		15	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	V_{OUT} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		10	pF

Notes to tables:

(1) See the *Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet*.
(2) Minimum DC input voltage is –0.5 V. During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to –2.0 V or overshoot to 5.75 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.
(3) Numbers in parentheses are for industrial-temperature-range devices.
(4) Maximum V_{CC} rise time is 100 ms. V_{CC} must rise monotonically.
(5) EPF10K50V and EPF10K130V device inputs may be driven before V_{CCINT} and V_{CCIO} are powered.
(6) Typical values are for T_A = 25° C and V_{CC} = 3.3 V.
(7) These values are specified under the EPF10K50V and EPF10K130V device Recommended Operating Conditions in Table 23 on page 48.
(8) The I_{OH} parameter refers to high-level TTL or CMOS output current.
(9) The I_{OL} parameter refers to low-level TTL or CMOS output current. This parameter applies to open-drain pins as well as output pins.
(10) This value is specified for normal device operation. The value may vary during power-up.
(11) This parameter applies to -1 speed grade EPF10K50V devices, -2 speed grade EPF10K50V industrial temperature devices, and -2 speed grade EPF10K130V devices.
(12) Capacitance is sample-tested only.

Table 32. LE Timing Microparameters (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

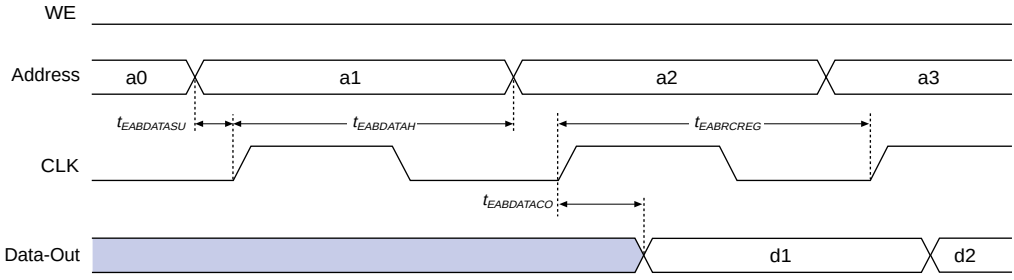
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions
t_{SU}	LE register setup time for data and enable signals before clock; LE register recovery time after asynchronous clear, preset, or load	
t_{H}	LE register hold time for data and enable signals after clock	
t_{PRE}	LE register preset delay	
t_{CLR}	LE register clear delay	
t_{CH}	Minimum clock high time from clock pin	
t_{CL}	Minimum clock low time from clock pin	

Table 33. IOE Timing Microparameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions
t_{IOD}	IOE data delay	
t_{IOC}	IOE register control signal delay	
t_{IOCO}	IOE register clock-to-output delay	
t_{IOCOMB}	IOE combinatorial delay	
t_{IOSU}	IOE register setup time for data and enable signals before clock; IOE register recovery time after asynchronous clear	
t_{IOH}	IOE register hold time for data and enable signals after clock	
t_{IOCLR}	IOE register clear time	
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay, slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = V_{CCINT}$	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay, slow slew rate = off, V_{CCIO} = low voltage	C1 = 35 pF *(3)*
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay, slow slew rate = on	C1 = 35 pF *(4)*
t_{XZ}	IOE output buffer disable delay	
t_{ZX1}	IOE output buffer enable delay, slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = V_{CCINT}$	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*
t_{ZX2}	IOE output buffer enable delay, slow slew rate = off, V_{CCIO} = low voltage	C1 = 35 pF *(3)*
t_{ZX3}	IOE output buffer enable delay, slow slew rate = on	C1 = 35 pF *(4)*
t_{INREG}	IOE input pad and buffer to IOE register delay	
t_{IOFD}	IOE register feedback delay	
t_{INCOMB}	IOE input pad and buffer to FastTrack Interconnect delay	

Figure 30. EAB Synchronous Timing Waveforms

EAB Synchronous Read



EAB Synchronous Write (EAB Output Registers Used)

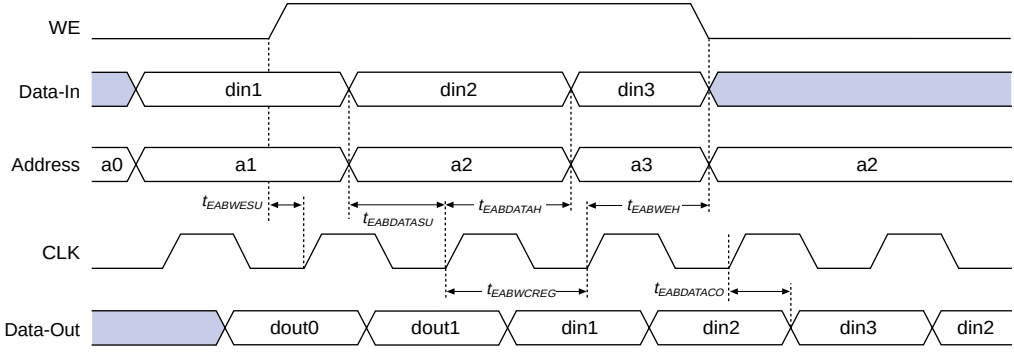


Table 40. EPF10K10 & EPF10K20 Device IOE Timing Microparameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	-3 Speed Grade		-4 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IOD}		1.3		1.6	ns
t_{IOC}		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{IOCO}		0.2		0.2	ns
t_{IOCOMB}		0.0		0.0	ns
t_{IOSU}	2.8		3.2		ns
t_{IOH}	1.0		1.2		ns
t_{IOCLR}		1.0		1.2	ns
t_{OD1}		2.6		3.5	ns
t_{OD2}		4.9		6.4	ns
t_{OD3}		6.3		8.2	ns
t_{XZ}		4.5		5.4	ns
t_{ZX1}		4.5		5.4	ns
t_{ZX2}		6.8		8.3	ns
t_{ZX3}		8.2		10.1	ns
t_{INREG}		6.0		7.5	ns
t_{IOFD}		3.1		3.5	ns
t_{INCOMB}		3.1		3.5	ns

Table 43. EPF10K10 Device Interconnect Timing Microparameters *Note (1)*					
Symbol	**-3 Speed Grade**		**-4 Speed Grade**		**Unit**
	Min	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	
$t_{DIN2IOE}$		4.8		6.2	ns
t_{DIN2LE}		2.6		3.8	ns
$t_{DIN2DATA}$		4.3		5.2	ns
$t_{DCLK2IOE}$		3.4		4.0	ns
$t_{DCLK2LE}$		2.6		3.8	ns
$t_{SAMELAB}$		0.6		0.6	ns
$t_{SAMEROW}$		3.6		3.8	ns
$t_{SAMECOLUMN}$		0.9		1.1	ns
$t_{DIFFROW}$		4.5		4.9	ns
$t_{TWOROWS}$		8.1		8.7	ns
$t_{LEPERIPH}$		3.3		3.9	ns
$t_{LABCARRY}$		0.5		0.8	ns
$t_{LABCASC}$		2.7		3.0	ns

Table 44. EPF10K20 Device Interconnect Timing Microparameters *Note (1)*					
Symbol	**-3 Speed Grade**		**-4 Speed Grade**		**Unit**
	Min	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	
$t_{DIN2IOE}$		5.2		6.6	ns
t_{DIN2LE}		2.6		3.8	ns
$t_{DIN2DATA}$		4.3		5.2	ns
$t_{DCLK2IOE}$		4.3		4.0	ns
$t_{DCLK2LE}$		2.6		3.8	ns
$t_{SAMELAB}$		0.6		0.6	ns
$t_{SAMEROW}$		3.7		3.9	ns
$t_{SAMECOLUMN}$		1.4		1.6	ns
$t_{DIFFROW}$		5.1		5.5	ns
$t_{TWOROWS}$		8.8		9.4	ns
$t_{LEPERIPH}$		4.7		5.6	ns
$t_{LABCARRY}$		0.5		0.8	ns
$t_{LABCASC}$		2.7		3.0	ns

Table 52. EPF10K30 Device Interconnect Timing Microparameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	-3 Speed Grade		-4 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{DIN2IOE}$		6.9		8.7	ns
t_{DIN2LE}		3.6		4.8	ns
$t_{DIN2DATA}$		5.5		7.2	ns
$t_{DCLK2IOE}$		4.6		6.2	ns
$t_{DCLK2LE}$		3.6		4.8	ns
$t_{SAMELAB}$		0.3		0.3	ns
$t_{SAMEROW}$		3.3		3.7	ns
$t_{SAMECOLUMN}$		2.5		2.7	ns
$t_{DIFFROW}$		5.8		6.4	ns
$t_{TWOROWS}$		9.1		10.1	ns
$t_{LEPERIPH}$		6.2		7.1	ns
$t_{LABCARRY}$		0.4		0.6	ns
$t_{LABCASC}$		2.4		3.0	ns

Table 53. EPF10K40 Device Interconnect Timing Microparameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	-3 Speed Grade		-4 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{DIN2IOE}$		7.6		9.4	ns
t_{DIN2LE}		3.6		4.8	ns
$t_{DIN2DATA}$		5.5		7.2	ns
$t_{DCLK2IOE}$		4.6		6.2	ns
$t_{DCLK2LE}$		3.6		4.8	ns
$t_{SAMELAB}$		0.3		0.3	ns
$t_{SAMEROW}$		3.3		3.7	ns
$t_{SAMECOLUMN}$		3.1		3.2	ns
$t_{DIFFROW}$		6.4		6.4	ns
$t_{TWOROWS}$		9.7		10.6	ns
$t_{LEPERIPH}$		6.4		7.1	ns
$t_{LABCARRY}$		0.4		0.6	ns
$t_{LABCASC}$		2.4		3.0	ns

Table 72. EPF10K50V Device IOE Timing Microparameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		-4 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IOD}		1.2		1.6		1.9		2.1	ns
t_{IOC}		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.5	ns
t_{IOCO}		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4	ns
t_{IOCOMB}		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t_{IOSU}	2.8		2.8		3.4		3.9		ns
t_{IOH}	0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t_{IOCLR}		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.7	ns
t_{OD1}		2.8		3.2		3.9		4.7	ns
t_{OD2}		–		–		–		–	ns
t_{OD3}		6.5		6.9		7.6		8.4	ns
t_{XZ}		2.8		3.1		3.8		4.6	ns
t_{ZX1}		2.8		3.1		3.8		4.6	ns
t_{ZX2}		–		–		–		–	ns
t_{ZX3}		6.5		6.8		7.5		8.3	ns
t_{INREG}		5.0		5.7		7.0		9.0	ns
t_{IOFD}		1.5		1.9		2.3		2.7	ns
t_{INCOMB}		1.5		1.9		2.3		2.7	ns

Table 73. EPF10K50V Device EAB Internal Microparameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		-4 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{EABDATA1}$		1.7		2.8		3.4		4.6	ns
$t_{EABDATA2}$		4.9		3.9		4.8		5.9	ns
t_{EABWE1}		0.0		2.5		3.0		3.7	ns
t_{EABWE2}		4.0		4.1		5.0		6.2	ns
t_{EABCLK}		0.4		0.8		1.0		1.2	ns
t_{EABCO}		0.1		0.2		0.3		0.4	ns
$t_{EABBYPASS}$		0.9		1.1		1.3		1.6	ns
t_{EABSU}	0.8		1.5		1.8		2.2		ns
t_{EABH}	0.8		1.6		2.0		2.5		ns
t_{AA}		5.5		8.2		10.0		12.4	ns
t_{WP}	6.0		4.9		6.0		7.4		ns
t_{WDSU}	0.1		0.8		1.0		1.2		ns
t_{WDH}	0.1		0.2		0.3		0.4		ns
t_{WASU}	0.1		0.4		0.5		0.6		ns
t_{WAH}	0.1		0.8		1.0		1.2		ns
t_{WO}		2.8		4.3		5.3		6.5	ns
t_{DD}		2.8		4.3		5.3		6.5	ns
t_{EABOUT}		0.5		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
t_{EABCH}	2.0		4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t_{EABCL}	6.0		4.9		6.0		7.4		ns

Table 75. EPF10K50V Device Interconnect Timing Microparameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		-4 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{DIN2IOE}$		4.7		6.0		7.1		8.2	ns
t_{DIN2LE}		2.5		2.6		3.1		3.9	ns
$t_{DIN2DATA}$		4.4		5.9		6.8		7.7	ns
$t_{DCLK2IOE}$		2.5		3.9		4.7		5.5	ns
$t_{DCLK2LE}$		2.5		2.6		3.1		3.9	ns
$t_{SAMELAB}$		0.2		0.2		0.3		0.3	ns
$t_{SAMEROW}$		2.8		3.0		3.2		3.4	ns
$t_{SAMECOLUMN}$		3.0		3.2		3.4		3.6	ns
$t_{DIFFROW}$		5.8		6.2		6.6		7.0	ns
$t_{TWOROWS}$		8.6		9.2		9.8		10.4	ns
$t_{LEPERIPH}$		4.5		5.5		6.1		7.0	ns
$t_{LABCARRY}$		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
$t_{LABCASC}$		0.0		1.3		1.6		2.0	ns

Table 76. EPF10K50V Device External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		-4 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{DRR}		11.2		14.0		17.2		21.1	ns
t_{INSU} *(2), (3)*	5.5		4.2		5.2		6.9		ns
t_{INH} *(3)*	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{OUTCO} *(3)*	2.0	5.9	2.0	7.8	2.0	9.5	2.0	11.1	ns

Table 77. EPF10K50V Device External Bidirectional Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		-4 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{INSUBIDIR}$	2.0		2.8		3.5		4.1		ns
$t_{INHBIDIR}$	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
$t_{OUTCOBIDIR}$	2.0	5.9	2.0	7.8	2.0	9.5	2.0	11.1	ns
$t_{XZBIDIR}$		8.0		9.8		11.8		14.3	ns
$t_{ZXBIDIR}$		8.0		9.8		11.8		14.3	ns

Table 79. EPF10K130V Device IOE Timing Microparameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		-4 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IOD}		1.3		1.6		2.0	ns
t_{IOC}		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{IOCO}		0.3		0.4		0.5	ns
t_{IOCOMB}		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t_{IOSU}	2.6		3.3		3.8		ns
t_{IOH}	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{IOCLR}		1.7		2.2		2.7	ns
t_{OD1}		3.5		4.4		5.0	ns
t_{OD2}		–		–		–	ns
t_{OD3}		8.2		8.1		9.7	ns
t_{XZ}		4.9		6.3		7.4	ns
t_{ZX1}		4.9		6.3		7.4	ns
t_{ZX2}		–		–		–	ns
t_{ZX3}		9.6		10.0		12.1	ns
t_{INREG}		7.9		10.0		12.6	ns
t_{IOFD}		6.2		7.9		9.9	ns
t_{INCOMB}		6.2		7.9		9.9	ns

Table 81. EPF10K130V Device EAB Internal Timing Macroparameters *Note (1)*							
Symbol	**-2 Speed Grade**		**-3 Speed Grade**		**-4 Speed Grade**		**Unit**
	Min	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	
t_{EABAA}		11.2		14.2		14.2	ns
$t_{EABRCCOMB}$	11.1		14.2		14.2		ns
$t_{EABRCREG}$	8.5		10.8		10.8		ns
t_{EABWP}	3.7		4.7		4.7		ns
$t_{EABWCCOMB}$	7.6		9.7		9.7		ns
$t_{EABWCREG}$	14.0		17.8		17.8		ns
t_{EABDD}		11.1		14.2		14.2	ns
$t_{EABDATACO}$		3.6		4.6		4.6	ns
$t_{EABDATASU}$	4.4		5.6		5.6		ns
$t_{EABDATAH}$	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
$t_{EABWESU}$	4.4		5.6		5.6		ns
t_{EABWEH}	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
$t_{EABWDSU}$	4.6		5.9		5.9		ns
t_{EABWDH}	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
$t_{EABWASU}$	3.9		5.0		5.0		ns
t_{EABWAH}	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{EABWO}		11.1		14.2		14.2	ns

Table 86. EPF10K10A Device IOE Timing Microparameters *Note (1)* *(Part 2 of 2)*

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IOH}	0.8		1.0		1.3		ns
t_{IOCLR}		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns
t_{OD1}		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns
t_{OD2}		2.9		3.5		4.7	ns
t_{OD3}		6.6		7.8		10.5	ns
t_{XZ}		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns
t_{ZX1}		1.2		1.4		1.9	ns
t_{ZX2}		2.9		3.5		4.7	ns
t_{ZX3}		6.6		7.8		10.5	ns
t_{INREG}		5.2		6.3		8.4	ns
t_{IOFD}		3.1		3.8		5.0	ns
t_{INCOMB}		3.1		3.8		5.0	ns

Table 102. EPF10K100A Device EAB Internal Timing Macroparameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{EABAA}		6.8		7.8		9.2	ns
$t_{EABRCCOMB}$	6.8		7.8		9.2		ns
$t_{EABRCREG}$	5.4		6.2		7.4		ns
t_{EABWP}	3.2		3.7		4.4		ns
$t_{EABWCCOMB}$	3.4		3.9		4.7		ns
$t_{EABWCREG}$	9.4		10.8		12.8		ns
t_{EABDD}		6.1		6.9		8.2	ns
$t_{EABDATACO}$		2.1		2.3		2.9	ns
$t_{EABDATASU}$	3.7		4.3		5.1		ns
$t_{EABDATAH}$	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
$t_{EABWESU}$	2.8		3.3		3.8		ns
t_{EABWEH}	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
$t_{EABWDSU}$	3.4		4.0		4.6		ns
t_{EABWDH}	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
$t_{EABWASU}$	1.9		2.3		2.6		ns
t_{EABWAH}	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{EABWO}		5.1		5.7		6.9	ns

Table 107. EPF10K250A Device IOE Timing Microparameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IOD}		1.2		1.3		1.6	ns
t_{IOC}		0.4		0.4		0.5	ns
t_{IOCO}		0.8		0.9		1.1	ns
t_{IOCOMB}		0.7		0.7		0.8	ns
t_{IOSU}	2.7		3.1		3.6		ns
t_{IOH}	0.2		0.3		0.3		ns
t_{IOCLR}		1.2		1.3		1.6	ns
t_{OD1}		3.2		3.6		4.2	ns
t_{OD2}		5.9		6.7		7.8	ns
t_{OD3}		8.7		9.8		11.5	ns
t_{XZ}		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
t_{ZX1}		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
t_{ZX2}		6.5		7.4		8.6	ns
t_{ZX3}		9.3		10.5		12.3	ns
t_{INREG}		8.2		9.3		10.9	ns
t_{IOFD}		9.0		10.2		12.0	ns
t_{INCOMB}		9.0		10.2		12.0	ns

Notes: