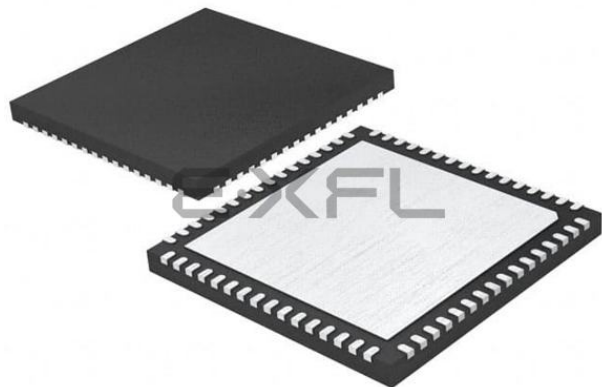




Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPs
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, QEI, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	58
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b; D/A 1x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-VQFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj32gs606-i-mr

1.0 DEVICE OVERVIEW

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33FJ32GS406/606/608/610 and dsPIC33FJ64GS406/606/608/610 families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the latest sections in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which are available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com). The information in this data sheet supersedes the information in the FRM.

The dsPIC33FJ32GS406/606/608/610 and dsPIC33FJ64GS406/606/608/610 families of devices contain extensive Digital Signal Processor (DSP) functionality with a high-performance 16-bit microcontroller (MCU) architecture.

Figure 1-1 shows a general block diagram of the core and peripheral modules in the dsPIC33FJ32GS406/606/608/610 and dsPIC33FJ64GS406/606/608/610 devices. Table 1-1 lists the functions of the various pins shown in the pinout diagrams.

This document contains device-specific information for the following dsPIC33F Digital Signal Controller (DSC) devices:

- dsPIC33FJ32GS406
- dsPIC33FJ32GS606
- dsPIC33FJ32GS608
- dsPIC33FJ32GS610
- dsPIC33FJ64GS406
- dsPIC33FJ64GS606
- dsPIC33FJ64GS608
- dsPIC33FJ64GS610

2.5 ICSP Pins

The PGECx and PGEDx pins are used for In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) and debugging purposes. It is recommended to keep the trace length between the ICSP connector and the ICSP pins on the device as short as possible. If the ICSP connector is expected to experience an ESD event, a series resistor is recommended, with the value in the range of a few tens of Ohms, not to exceed 100 Ohms.

Pull-up resistors, series diodes, and capacitors on the PGECx and PGEDx pins are not recommended as they will interfere with the programmer/debugger communications to the device. If such discrete components are an application requirement, they should be removed from the circuit during programming and debugging. Alternatively, refer to the AC/DC characteristics and timing requirements information in the respective device Flash programming specification for information on capacitive loading limits and pin input voltage high (V_{IH}) and input low (V_{IL}) requirements.

Ensure that the “Communication Channel Select” (i.e., PGECx/PGEDx pins) programmed into the device matches the physical connections for the ICSP to MPLAB® ICD 3 or MPLAB REAL ICE™.

For more information on ICD 3 and REAL ICE connection requirements, refer to the following documents that are available on the Microchip web site.

- “Using MPLAB® ICD 3” (poster) (DS51765)
- “MPLAB® ICD 3 Design Advisory” (DS51764)
- “MPLAB® REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Debugger User’s Guide” (DS51616)
- “Using MPLAB® REAL ICE™” (poster) (DS51749)

2.6 External Oscillator Pins

Many DSCs have options for at least two oscillators: a high-frequency primary oscillator and a low-frequency secondary oscillator (refer to **Section 9.0 “Oscillator Configuration”** for details).

The oscillator circuit should be placed on the same side of the board as the device. Also, place the oscillator circuit close to the respective oscillator pins, not exceeding one-half inch (12 mm) distance between them. The load capacitors should be placed next to the oscillator itself, on the same side of the board. Use a grounded copper pour around the oscillator circuit to isolate them from surrounding circuits. The grounded copper pour should be routed directly to the MCU ground. Do not run any signal traces or power traces inside the ground pour. Also, if using a two-sided board, avoid any traces on the other side of the board where the crystal is placed. A suggested layout is shown in Figure 2-3.

FIGURE 2-3: SUGGESTED PLACEMENT OF THE OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT

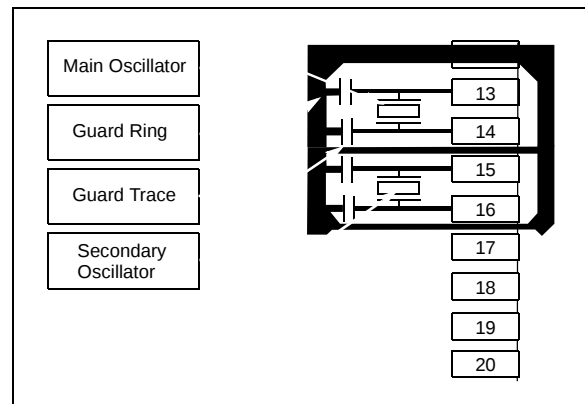


TABLE 4-22: HIGH-SPEED PWM GENERATOR 6 REGISTER MAP

File Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
PWMCON6	04C0	FLTSTAT	CLSTAT	TRGSTAT	FLTIEN	CLIEN	TRGIEN	ITB	MDCS	DTC1	DTC0	DTCP	—	MTBS	CAM	XPRES	IUE	0000	
IOCON6	04C2	PENH	PENL	POLH	POLL	PMOD1	PMOD0	OVRENH	OVRENL	OVRDAT1	OVRDAT0	FLTDAT1	FLTDAT0	CLDAT1	CLDAT0	SWAP	OSYNC	0000	
FCLCON6	04C4	IFLTMOD	CLSRC4	CLSRC3	CLSRC2	CLSRC1	CLSRC0	CLPOL	CLMOD	FLTSRC4	FLTSRC3	FLTSRC2	FLTSRC1	FLTSRC0	FLTPOL	FLTMOD1	FLTMOD0	0000	
PDC6	04C6	PDC6<15:0>																0000	
PHASE6	04C8	PHASE6<15:0>																0000	
DTR6	04CA	—	—	DTR6<13:0>														0000	
ALTDTR6	04CA	—	—	ALTDTR6<13:0>														0000	
SDC6	04CE	SDC6<15:0>																0000	
SPHASE6	04D0	SPHASE6<15:0>																0000	
TRIG6	04D2	TRGCMP<12:0>													—	—	—	0000	
TRGCON6	04D4	TRGDIV3	TRGDIV2	TRGDIV1	TRGDIV0	—	—	—	—	DTM	—	TRGSTRT5	TRGSTRT4	TRGSTRT3	TRGSTRT2	TRGSTRT1	TRGSTRT0	0000	
STRIG6	04D6	STRGCMP<12:0>													—	—	—	0000	
PWMCAP6	04D8	PWMCAP<12:0>													—	—	—	0000	
LEBCON6	04DA	PHR	PHF	PLR	PLF	FLTLEBEN	CLLEBEN	—	—	—	—	BCH	BCL	BPHH	BPHL	BPLH	BPLL	0000	
LEBDLY6	04DC	—	—	—	—	LEB<8:0>										—	—	—	0000
AUXCON6	04DE	HRPDIS	HRDDIS	—	—	BLANKSEL3	BLANKSEL2	BLANKSEL1	BLANKSEL0	—	—	CHOPSEL3	CHOPSEL2	CHOPSEL1	CHOPSEL0	CHOPHEN	CHOPLN	0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-23: HIGH-SPEED PWM GENERATOR 7 REGISTER MAP (EXCLUDES dsPIC33FJ32GS406 AND dsPIC33FJ64GS406 DEVICES)

File Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
PWMCON7	04E0	FLTSTAT	CLSTAT	TRGSTAT	FLTIEN	CLIEN	TRGIEN	ITB	MDCS	DTC1	DTC0	DTCP	—	MTBS	CAM	XPRES	IUE	0000	
IOCON7	04E2	PENH	PENL	POLH	POLL	PMOD1	PMOD0	OVRENH	OVRENL	OVRDAT1	OVRDAT0	FLTDAT1	FLTDAT0	CLDAT1	CLDAT0	SWAP	OSYNC	0000	
FCLCON7	04E4	IFLTMOD	CLSRC4	CLSRC3	CLSRC2	CLSRC1	CLSRC0	CLPOL	CLMOD	FLTSRC4	FLTSRC3	FLTSRC2	FLTSRC1	FLTSRC0	FLTPOL	FLTMOD1	FLTMOD0	0000	
PDC7	04E6	PDC7<15:0>																0000	
PHASE7	04E8	PHASE7<15:0>																0000	
DTR7	04EA	—	—	DTR7<13:0>														0000	
ALTDTR7	04EA	—	—	ALTDTR7<13:0>														0000	
SDC7	04EE	SDC7<15:0>																0000	
SPHASE7	04F0	SPHASE7<15:0>																0000	
TRIG7	04F2	TRGCMP<12:0>													—	—	—	0000	
TRGCON7	04F4	TRGDIV3	TRGDIV2	TRGDIV1	TRGDIV0	—	—	—	—	DTM	—	TRGSTRT5	TRGSTRT4	TRGSTRT3	TRGSTRT2	TRGSTRT1	TRGSTRT0	0000	
STRIG7	04F6	STRGCMP<12:0>													—	—	—	0000	
PWMCAP7	04F8	PWMCAP<12:0>													—	—	—	0000	
LEBCON7	04FA	PHR	PHF	PLR	PLF	FLTLEBEN	CLLEBEN	—	—	—	—	BCH	BCL	BPHH	BPHL	BPLH	BPLL	0000	
LEBDLY7	04FC	—	—	—	—	LEB<8:0>										—	—	—	0000
AUXCON7	04FE	HRPDIS	HRDDIS	—	—	BLANKSEL3	BLANKSEL2	BLANKSEL1	BLANKSEL0	—	—	CHOPSEL3	CHOPSEL2	CHOPSEL1	CHOPSEL0	CHOPHEN	CHOPLEN	0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

REGISTER 7-4: INTCON2: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-0	R-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
ALTIVT	DISI	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	INT4EP	INT3EP	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **ALTIVT:** Enable Alternate Interrupt Vector Table bit
 1 = Uses Alternate Interrupt Vector Table
 0 = Uses standard (default) Interrupt Vector Table
- bit 14 **DISI:** DISI Instruction Status bit
 1 = DISI instruction is active
 0 = DISI instruction is not active
- bit 13-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4 **INT4EP:** External Interrupt 4 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit
 1 = Interrupt on negative edge
 0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 3 **INT3EP:** External Interrupt 3 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit
 1 = Interrupt on negative edge
 0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 2 **INT2EP:** External Interrupt 2 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit
 1 = Interrupt on negative edge
 0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 1 **INT1EP:** External Interrupt 1 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit
 1 = Interrupt on negative edge
 0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 0 **INT0EP:** External Interrupt 0 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit
 1 = Interrupt on negative edge
 0 = Interrupt on positive edge

REGISTER 7-10: IFS5: INTERRUPT FLAG STATUS REGISTER 5

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
PWM2IF	PWM1IF	ADCP12IF	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
—	—	—	ADCP11IF	ADCP10IF	ADCP9IF	ADCP8IF	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **PWM2IF:** PWM2 Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 14 **PWM1IF:** PWM1 Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 13 **ADCP12IF:** ADC Pair 12 Conversion Done Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 12-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4 **ADCP11IF:** ADC Pair 11 Conversion Done Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 3 **ADCP10IF:** ADC Pair 10 Conversion Done Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 2 **ADCP9IF:** ADC Pair 9 Conversion Done Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 1 **ADCP8IF:** ADC Pair 8 Conversion Done Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 7-23: IPC2: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	U1RXIP2	U1RXIP1	U1RXIP0	—	SPI1IP2	SPI1IP1	SPI1IP0
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	SPI1EIP2	SPI1EIP1	SPI1EIP0	—	T3IP2	T3IP1	T3IP0
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 14-12 **U1RXIP<2:0>:** UART1 Receiver Interrupt Priority bits
 111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
 .
 .
 .
 001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
 000 = Interrupt source is disabled
- bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10-8 **SPI1IP<2:0>:** SPI1 Event Interrupt Priority bits
 111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
 .
 .
 .
 001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
 000 = Interrupt source is disabled
- bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6-4 **SPI1EIP<2:0>:** SPI1 Error Interrupt Priority bits
 111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
 .
 .
 .
 001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
 000 = Interrupt source is disabled
- bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2-0 **T3IP<2:0>:** Timer3 Interrupt Priority bits
 111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
 .
 .
 .
 001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
 000 = Interrupt source is disabled

REGISTER 7-27: IPC6: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER 6

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	T4IP2	T4IP1	T4IP0	—	OC4IP2	OC4IP1	OC4IP0
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	OC3IP2	OC3IP1	OC3IP0	—	DMA2IP2	DMA2IP1	DMA2IP0
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **T4IP<2:0>:** Timer4 Interrupt Priority bits
 111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
 •
 •
 •
 001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
 000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **OC4IP<2:0>:** Output Compare Channel 4 Interrupt Priority bits
 111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
 •
 •
 •
 001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
 000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4 **OC3IP<2:0>:** Output Compare Channel 3 Interrupt Priority bits
 111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
 •
 •
 •
 001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
 000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **DMA2IP<2:0>:** DMA Channel 2 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Priority bits
 111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
 •
 •
 •
 001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
 000 = Interrupt source is disabled

REGISTER 8-4: DMAxSTB: DMA CHANNEL x RAM START ADDRESS OFFSET REGISTER B

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
STB<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
STB<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **STB<15:0>**: Secondary DMA RAM Start Address bits (source or destination)

REGISTER 8-5: DMAxPAD: DMA CHANNEL x PERIPHERAL ADDRESS REGISTER⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PAD<15:8> ⁽²⁾							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PAD<7:0> ⁽²⁾							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PAD<15:0>**: Peripheral Address Register bits⁽²⁾

Note 1: If the channel is enabled (i.e., active), writes to this register may result in unpredictable behavior of the DMA channel and should be avoided.

2: See Table 8-1 for a complete list of peripheral addresses.

REGISTER 8-7: DMACS0: DMA CONTROLLER STATUS REGISTER 0

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
—	—	—	—	PWCOL3	PWCOL2	PWCOL1	PWCOL0
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
—	—	—	—	XWCOL3	XWCOL2	XWCOL1	XWCOL0
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:	C = Clearable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 11	PWCOL3: Channel 3 Peripheral Write Collision Flag bit 1 = Write collision is detected 0 = No write collision is detected
bit 10	PWCOL2: Channel 2 Peripheral Write Collision Flag bit 1 = Write collision is detected 0 = No write collision is detected
bit 9	PWCOL1: Channel 1 Peripheral Write Collision Flag bit 1 = Write collision is detected 0 = No write collision is detected
bit 8	PWCOL0: Channel 0 Peripheral Write Collision Flag bit 1 = Write collision is detected 0 = No write collision is detected
bit 7-4	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 3	XWCOL3: Channel 3 DMA RAM Write Collision Flag bit 1 = Write collision is detected 0 = No write collision is detected
bit 2	XWCOL2: Channel 2 DMA RAM Write Collision Flag bit 1 = Write collision is detected 0 = No write collision is detected
bit 1	XWCOL1: Channel 1 DMA RAM Write Collision Flag bit 1 = Write collision is detected 0 = No write collision is detected
bit 0	XWCOL0: Channel 0 DMA RAM Write Collision Flag bit 1 = Write collision is detected 0 = No write collision is detected

REGISTER 9-4: OSCTUN: OSCILLATOR TUNING REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	TUN<5:0> ⁽¹⁾					
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **TUN<5:0>:** FRC Oscillator Tuning bits⁽¹⁾
 011111 = Center Frequency + 2.91% (7.584 MHz)
 011110 = Center Frequency + 2.81% (7.577 MHz)
 •
 •
 •
 000001 = Center Frequency + 0.0938% (7.377 MHz)
 000000 = Center Frequency (7.37 MHz nominal)
 111111 = Center Frequency – 0.0938% (7.363 MHz)
 •
 •
 •
 100001 = Center Frequency – 2.91% (7.156 MHz)
 100000 = Center Frequency – 3% (7.149 MHz)

Note 1: OSCTUN functionality has been provided to help customers compensate for temperature effects on the FRC frequency over a wide range of temperatures. The tuning step-size is an approximation and is neither characterized nor tested.

16.3 Control Registers

The following registers control the operation of the high-speed PWM module.

- PTCN: PWM Time Base Control Register
- PTCN2: PWM Clock Divider Select Register 2
- PTPER: PWM Primary Master Time Base Period Register^(1,2)
- SEVTCMP: PWM Special Event Compare Register⁽¹⁾
- STCN: PWM Secondary Master Time Base Control Register
- STCN2: PWM Secondary Clock Divider Select Register 2
- STPER: PWM Secondary Master Time Base Period Register
- SSEVTCMP: PWM Secondary Special Event Compare Register
- CHOP: PWM Chop Clock Generator Register⁽¹⁾
- MDC: PWM Master Duty Cycle Register^(1,2)
- PWMCONx: PWM Control x Register
- PDCx: PWM Generator Duty Cycle x Register^(1,2,3)
- PHASEx: PWM Primary Phase-Shift x Register^(1,2)
- DTRx: PWM Dead-Time x Register
- ALTDTRx: PWM Alternate Dead-Time x Register
- SDCx: PWM Secondary Duty Cycle x Register^(1,2,3)
- SPHASEx: PWM Secondary Phase-Shift x Register^(1,2)
- TRGCONx: PWM Trigger Control x Register
- IOCONx: PWM I/O Control x Register
- FCLCONx: PWM Fault Current-Limit Control x Register
- TRIGx: PWM Primary Trigger x Compare Value Register
- STRIGx: PWM Secondary Trigger x Compare Value Register⁽¹⁾
- LEBCONx: Leading-Edge Blanking Control x Register
- LEBDLYx: Leading-Edge Blanking Delay x Register
- AUXCONx: PWM Auxiliary Control x Register
- PWMCAPx: Primary PWM Time Base Capture x Register

REGISTER 16-21: FCLCONx: PWM FAULT CURRENT-LIMIT CONTROL x REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IFLTMOD	CLSRC4 ^(2,3)	CLSRC3 ^(2,3)	CLSRC2 ^(2,3)	CLSRC1 ^(2,3)	CLSRC0 ^(2,3)	CLPOL ⁽¹⁾	CLMOD
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
FLTSRC4 ^(2,3)	FLTSRC3 ^(2,3)	FLTSRC2 ^(2,3)	FLTSRC1 ^(2,3)	FLTSRC0 ^(2,3)	FLTPOL ⁽¹⁾	FLTMOD1	FLTMOD0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **IFLTMOD:** Independent Fault Mode Enable bit
 1 = Independent Fault mode: Current-limit input maps FLTDAT<1> to PWMxH output and Fault input maps FLTDAT<0> to PWMxL output. The CLDAT<1:0> bits are not used for override functions.
 0 = Normal Fault mode: Current-Limit mode maps CLDAT<1:0> bits to the PWMxH and PWMxL outputs. The PWM Fault mode maps FLTDAT<1:0> to the PWMxH and PWMxL outputs.

bit 14-10 **CLSRC<4:0>:** Current-Limit Control Signal Source Select for PWM Generator # bits^(2,3)
 These bits also specify the source for the Dead-Time Compensation input signal, DTCMPx.
 11111 = Reserved
 11110 = Fault 23
 11101 = Fault 22
 11100 = Fault 21
 11011 = Fault 20
 11010 = Fault 19
 11001 = Fault 18
 11000 = Fault 17
 10111 = Fault 16
 10110 = Fault 15
 10101 = Fault 14
 10100 = Fault 13
 10011 = Fault 12
 10010 = Fault 11
 10001 = Fault 10
 10000 = Fault 9
 01111 = Fault 8
 01110 = Fault 7
 01101 = Fault 6
 01100 = Fault 5
 01011 = Fault 4
 01010 = Fault 3
 01001 = Fault 2
 01000 = Fault 1
 00111 = Reserved
 00110 = Reserved
 00101 = Reserved
 00100 = Reserved
 00011 = Analog Comparator 4
 00010 = Analog Comparator 3
 00001 = Analog Comparator 2
 00000 = Analog Comparator 1

- Note 1:** These bits should be changed only when PTEN (PTCON<15>) = 0.
- 2:** When Independent Fault mode is enabled (IFLTMOD = 1) and Fault 1 is used for Current-Limit mode (CLSRC<4:0> = b0000), the Fault Control Source Select bits (FLTSRC<4:0>) should be set to an unused Fault source to prevent Fault 1 from disabling both the PWMxL and PWMxH outputs.
- 3:** When Independent Fault mode is enabled (IFLTMOD = 1) and Fault 1 is used for Fault mode (FLTSRC<4:0> = b0000), the Current-Limit Control Source Select bits (CLSRC<4:0>) should be set to an unused current-limit source to prevent the current-limit source from disabling both the PWMxH and PWMxL outputs.

REGISTER 18-3: SPIxCON2: SPIx CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
FRMEN	SPIFSD	FRMPOL	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15			bit 8				

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	FRMDLY	—
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **FRMEN:** Framed SPIx Support bit
 1 = Framed SPIx support is enabled ($\overline{SSx}$ pin is used as Frame Sync pulse input/output)
 0 = Framed SPIx support is disabled
- bit 14 **SPIFSD:** Frame Sync Pulse Direction Control bit
 1 = Frame Sync pulse input (slave)
 0 = Frame Sync pulse output (master)
- bit 13 **FRMPOL:** Frame Sync Pulse Polarity bit
 1 = Frame Sync pulse is active-high
 0 = Frame Sync pulse is active-low
- bit 12-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1 **FRMDLY:** Frame Sync Pulse Edge Select bit
 1 = Frame Sync pulse coincides with first bit clock
 0 = Frame Sync pulse precedes first bit clock
- bit 0 **Unimplemented:** This bit must not be set to '1' by the user application

REGISTER 21-22: CxRXFUL1: ECANx RECEIVE BUFFER FULL REGISTER 1

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXFUL15	RXFUL14	RXFUL13	RXFUL12	RXFUL11	RXFUL10	RXFUL9	RXFUL8
bit 15							bit 8

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXFUL7	RXFUL6	RXFUL5	RXFUL4	RXFUL3	RXFUL2	RXFUL1	RXFUL0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Writeable, but only '0' can be written to clear the bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **RXFUL<15:0>:** Receive Buffer n Full bits
 1 = Buffer is full (set by module)
 0 = Buffer is empty

REGISTER 21-23: CxRXFUL2: ECANx RECEIVE BUFFER FULL REGISTER 2

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXFUL31	RXFUL30	RXFUL29	RXFUL28	RXFUL27	RXFUL26	RXFUL25	RXFUL24
bit 15							bit 8

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXFUL23	RXFUL22	RXFUL21	RXFUL20	RXFUL19	RXFUL18	RXFUL17	RXFUL16
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Writeable, but only '0' can be written to clear the bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **RXFUL<31:16>:** Receive Buffer n Full bits
 1 = Buffer is full (set by module)
 0 = Buffer is empty

REGISTER 23-1: CMPCONx: COMPARATOR CONTROL x REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
CMPON	—	CMPSIDL	—	—	—	—	DACOE
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INSEL1	INSEL0	EXTREF	—	CMPSTAT	—	CMPPOL	RANGE
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **CMPON:** Comparator Operating Mode bit
1 = Comparator module is enabled
0 = Comparator module is disabled (reduces power consumption)
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **CMPSIDL:** Comparator Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode.
0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
If a device has multiple comparators, any CMPSIDL bit set to '1' disables **ALL** comparators while in Idle mode.
- bit 12-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8 **DACOE:** DAC Output Enable
1 = DAC analog voltage is output to the DACOUT pin⁽¹⁾
0 = DAC analog voltage is not connected to the DACOUT pin
- bit 7-6 **INSEL<1:0>:** Input Source Select for Comparator bits
11 = Selects CMPxD input pin
10 = Selects CMPxC input pin
01 = Selects CMPxB input pin
00 = Selects CMPxA input pin
- bit 5 **EXTREF:** Enable External Reference bit
1 = External source provides reference to DAC (maximum DAC voltage determined by external voltage source)
0 = Internal reference sources provide reference to DAC (maximum DAC voltage determined by RANGE bit setting)
- bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3 **CMPSTAT:** Current State of Comparator Output Including CMPPOL Selection bit
- bit 2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1 **CMPPOL:** Comparator Output Polarity Control bit
1 = Output is inverted
0 = Output is non-inverted
- bit 0 **RANGE:** Selects DAC Output Voltage Range bit
1 = High Range: Max DAC Value = AVDD/2, 1.65V at 3.3V AVDD
0 = Low Range: Max DAC Value = INTREF

Note 1: DACOUT can be associated only with a single comparator at any given time. The software must ensure that multiple comparators do not enable the DAC output by setting their respective DACOE bit.

28.1 DC Characteristics

TABLE 28-1: OPERATING MIPS vs. VOLTAGE

Characteristic	VDD Range (in Volts)	Temp Range (in °C)	Max MIPS
			dsPIC33FJ32GS406/606/608/610 and dsPIC33FJ64GS406/606/608/610
—	3.0-3.6V ⁽¹⁾	-40°C to +85°C	50

Note 1: Overall functional device operation at $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$ is tested but not characterized. All device analog modules, such as the ADC, etc., will function but with degraded performance below V_{DDMIN} . See Parameter BO10 in Table 27-11 for the BOR values.

TABLE 28-2: DC CHARACTERISTICS: OPERATING CURRENT (IDD)

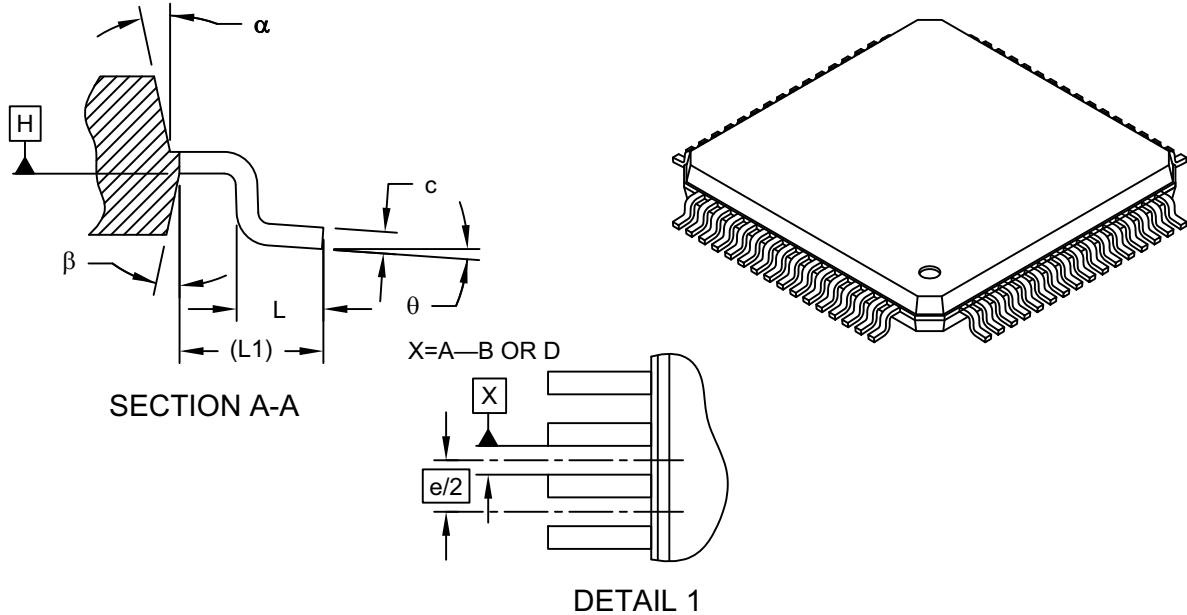
DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial			
Parameter No.	Typical	Max	Units	Conditions		
Operating Current (I _{DD}) ⁽¹⁾						
MDC29d	85	100	mA	-40°C	3.3V	50 MIPS
MDC29a	85	100	mA	+25°C		
MDC29b	85	100	mA	+85°C		

Note 1: IDD is primarily a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors, such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern and temperature, also have an impact on the current consumption. The test conditions for all IDD measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator is configured in EC mode with PLL, OSC1 is driven with external square wave from rail-to-rail (EC clock overshoot/undershoot < 250 mV required)
- CLK0 is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to VSS
- MCLR = VDD, WDT and FSCM are disabled
- CPU, SRAM, program memory and data memory are operational
- No peripheral modules are operating; however, every peripheral is being clocked (all PMDx bits are zeroed)
- CPU executing while(1) statement
- JTAG is disabled

64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT)-10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension Limits	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N	64		
Lead Pitch	e	0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.95	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	-	0.15
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	ϕ	0°	3.5°	7°
Overall Width	E	12.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D	12.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	10.00 BSC		
Molded Package Length	D1	10.00 BSC		
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	-	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.17	0.22	0.27
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	11°	12°	13°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	11°	12°	13°

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
3. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

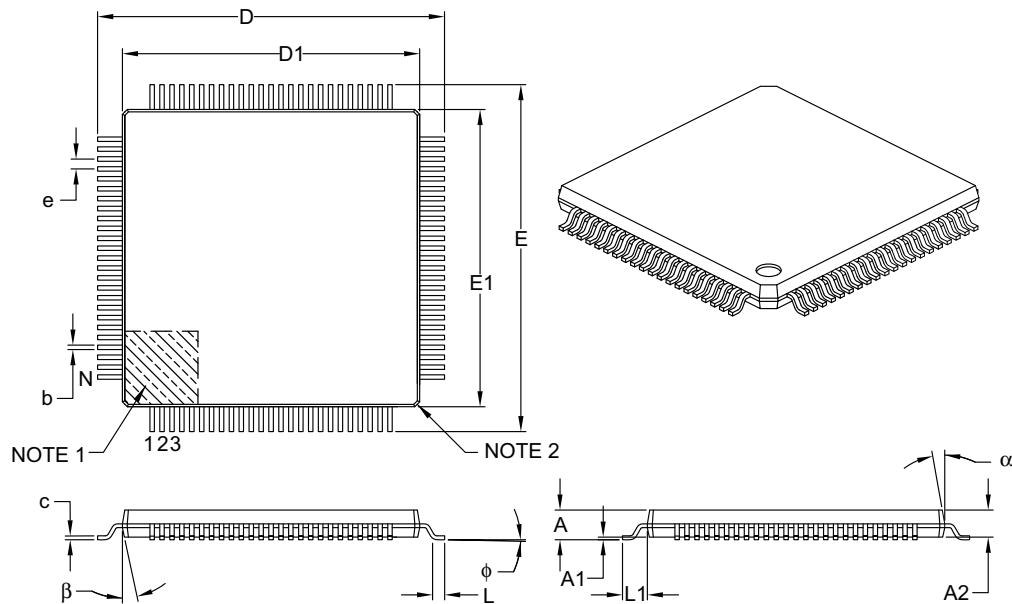
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-085C Sheet 2 of 2

100-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 12x12x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



		Units	MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits			MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N		100		
Lead Pitch	e		0.40 BSC		
Overall Height	A		–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2		0.95	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1		0.05	–	0.15
Foot Length	L		0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1		1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	ϕ		0°	3.5°	7°
Overall Width	E		14.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D		14.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1		12.00 BSC		
Molded Package Length	D1		12.00 BSC		
Lead Thickness	c		0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b		0.13	0.18	0.23
Mold Draft Angle Top	α		11°	12°	13°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β		11°	12°	13°

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
3. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-100B

NOTES: