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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 10x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx120f032bt-50i-ss

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number ⁽¹⁾				Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	28-pin QFN	28-pin SSOP/ SPDIP/ SOIC	36-pin VTLA	44-pin QFN/ TQFP/ VTLA			
MCLR	26	1	32	18	I/P	ST	Master Clear (Reset) input. This pin is an active-low Reset to the device.
AVDD	25	28	31	17	P	—	Positive supply for analog modules. This pin must be connected at all times.
AVSS	24	27	30	16	P	—	Ground reference for analog modules
VDD	10	13	5, 13, 14, 23	28, 40	P	—	Positive supply for peripheral logic and I/O pins
VCAP	17	20	22	7	P	—	CPU logic filter capacitor connection
VSS	5, 16	8, 19	6, 12, 21	6, 29, 39	P	—	Ground reference for logic and I/O pins. This pin must be connected at all times.
VREF+	27	2	33	19	I	Analog	Analog voltage reference (high) input
VREF-	28	3	34	20	I	Analog	Analog voltage reference (low) input

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels
TTL = TTL input buffer

Analog = Analog input
O = Output
PPS = Peripheral Pin Select
P = Power
I = Input
— = N/A

Note 1: Pin numbers are provided for reference only. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for device pin availability.
2: Pin number for PIC32MX1XX devices only.
3: Pin number for PIC32MX2XX devices only.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

4.0 MEMORY ORGANIZATION

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. For detailed information, refer to **Section 3. “Memory Organization”** (DS60001115), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family microcontrollers provide 4 GB unified virtual memory address space. All memory regions, including program, data memory, Special Function Registers (SFRs), and Configuration registers, reside in this address space at their respective unique addresses. The program and data memories can be optionally partitioned into user and kernel memories. In addition, the data memory can be made executable, allowing PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family devices to execute from data memory.

Key features include:

- 32-bit native data width
- Separate User (KUSEG) and Kernel (KSEG0/KSEG1) mode address space
- Flexible program Flash memory partitioning
- Flexible data RAM partitioning for data and program space
- Separate boot Flash memory for protected code
- Robust bus exception handling to intercept runaway code
- Simple memory mapping with Fixed Mapping Translation (FMT) unit
- Cacheable (KSEG0) and non-cacheable (KSEG1) address regions

4.1 PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family Memory Layout

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family microcontrollers implement two address schemes: virtual and physical. All hardware resources, such as program memory, data memory and peripherals, are located at their respective physical addresses. Virtual addresses are exclusively used by the CPU to fetch and execute instructions as well as access peripherals. Physical addresses are used by bus master peripherals, such as DMA and the Flash controller, that access memory independently of the CPU.

The memory maps for the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family devices are illustrated in Figure 4-1 through Figure 4-6.

Table 4-1 provides SFR memory map details.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 9-2: DMASTAT: DMA STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	—	—	—	—	RDWR	DMACH<2:0>		

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 **RDWR:** Read/Write Status bit

1 = Last DMA bus access was a read

0 = Last DMA bus access was a write

bit 2-0 **DMACH<2:0>:** DMA Channel bits

These bits contain the value of the most recent active DMA channel.

REGISTER 9-3: DMAADDR: DMA ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DMAADDR<31:24>							
23:16	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DMAADDR<23:16>							
15:8	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DMAADDR<15:8>							
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DMAADDR<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **DMAADDR<31:0>:** DMA Module Address bits

These bits contain the address of the most recent DMA access.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 10-16: U1SOF: USB SOF THRESHOLD REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CNT<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **CNT<7:0>:** SOF Threshold Value bits

Typical values of the threshold are:

01001010 = 64-byte packet

00101010 = 32-byte packet

00011010 = 16-byte packet

00010010 = 8-byte packet

REGISTER 10-17: U1BDTP1: USB BUFFER DESCRIPTOR TABLE PAGE 1 REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
	BDTPTRL<15:9>							—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-1 **BDTPTRL<15:9>:** Buffer Descriptor Table Base Address bits

This 7-bit value provides address bits 15 through 9 of the Buffer Descriptor Table base address, which defines the starting location of the Buffer Descriptor Table in system memory.

The 32-bit Buffer Descriptor Table base address is 512-byte aligned.

bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 11-1: INPUT PIN SELECTION

Peripheral Pin	[pin name]R SFR	[pin name]R bits	[pin name]R Value to RPN Pin Selection
INT4	INT4R	INT4R<3:0>	0000 = RPA0 0001 = RPB3 0010 = RPB4 0011 = RPB15 0100 = RPB7 0101 = RPC7 ⁽²⁾ 0110 = RPC0 ⁽¹⁾ 0111 = RPC5 ⁽²⁾ 1000 = Reserved . . . 1111 = Reserved
T2CK	T2CKR	T2CKR<3:0>	
IC4	IC4R	IC4R<3:0>	
$\overline{SS1}$	SS1R	SS1R<3:0>	
REFCLKI	REFCLKIR	REFCLKIR<3:0>	
INT3	INT3R	INT3R<3:0>	0000 = RPA1 0001 = RPB5 0010 = RPB1 0011 = RPB11 0100 = RPB8 0101 = RPA8 ⁽²⁾ 0110 = RPC8 ⁽²⁾ 0111 = RPA9 ⁽²⁾ 1000 = Reserved . . . 1111 = Reserved
T3CK	T3CKR	T3CKR<3:0>	
IC3	IC3R	IC3R<3:0>	
$\overline{U1CTS}$	U1CTSR	U1CTSR<3:0>	
U2RX	U2RXR	U2RXR<3:0>	
SDI1	SDI1R	SDI1R<3:0>	
INT2	INT2R	INT2R<3:0>	
T4CK	T4CKR	T4CKR<3:0>	0000 = RPA2 0001 = RPB6 0010 = RPA4 0011 = RPB13 0100 = RPB2 0101 = RPC6 ⁽²⁾ 0110 = RPC1 ⁽¹⁾ 0111 = RPC3 ⁽¹⁾ 1000 = Reserved . . . 1111 = Reserved
IC1	IC1R	IC1R<3:0>	
IC5	IC5R	IC5R<3:0>	
U1RX	U1RXR	U1RXR<3:0>	
$\overline{U2CTS}$	U2CTSR	U2CTSR<3:0>	
SDI2	SDI2R	SDI2R<3:0>	
OCFB	OCFBR	OCFBR<3:0>	
INT1	INT1R	INT1R<3:0>	0000 = RPA3 0001 = RPB14 0010 = RPB0 0011 = RPB10 0100 = RPB9 0101 = RPC9 ⁽¹⁾ 0110 = RPC2 ⁽²⁾ 0111 = RPC4 ⁽²⁾ 1000 = Reserved . . . 1111 = Reserved
T5CK	T5CKR	T5CKR<3:0>	
IC2	IC2R	IC2R<3:0>	
$\overline{SS2}$	SS2R	SS2R<3:0>	
OCFA	OCFAR	OCFAR<3:0>	

Note 1: This pin is not available on 28-pin devices.

2: This pin is only available on 44-pin devices.

TABLE 11-6: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
FA04	INT1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT1R<3:0>				0000
FA08	INT2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT2R<3:0>				0000
FA0C	INT3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT3R<3:0>				0000
FA10	INT4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT4R<3:0>				0000
FA18	T2CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	T2CKR<3:0>				0000
FA1C	T3CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	T3CKR<3:0>				0000
FA20	T4CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	T4CKR<3:0>				0000
FA24	T5CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	T5CKR<3:0>				0000
FA28	IC1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC1R<3:0>				0000
FA2C	IC2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC2R<3:0>				0000
FA30	IC3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC3R<3:0>				0000
FA34	IC4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC4R<3:0>				0000
FA38	IC5R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC5R<3:0>				0000
FA48	OCFAR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFAR<3:0>				0000
FA4C	OCFBR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFBR<3:0>				0000
FA50	U1RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U1RXR<3:0>				0000

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 11-1: [pin name]R: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	[pin name]R<3:0>			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3-0 **[pin name]R<3:0>**: Peripheral Pin Select Input bits

Where [pin name] refers to the pins that are used to configure peripheral input mapping. See Table 11-1 for input pin selection values.

Note: Register values can only be changed if the Configuration bit, IOLOCK (CFGCON<13>), = 0.

REGISTER 11-2: RPnR: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	RPnR<3:0>			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3-0 **RPnR<3:0>**: Peripheral Pin Select Output bits

See Table 11-2 for output pin selection values.

Note: Register values can only be changed if the Configuration bit, IOLOCK (CFGCON<13>), = 0.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 18-2: I2CxSTAT: I²C STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
15:8	R-0, HSC ACKSTAT	R-0, HSC TRSTAT	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/C-0, HS BCL	R-0, HSC GCSTAT	R-0, HSC ADD10
7:0	R/C-0, HS IWCOL	R/C-0, HS I2COV	R-0, HSC D_A	R/C-0, HSC P	R/C-0, HSC S	R-0, HSC R_W	R-0, HSC RBF	R-0, HSC TBF

Legend:	HS = Set in hardware	HSC = Hardware set/cleared
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		C = Clearable bit

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ACKSTAT:** Acknowledge Status bit (when operating as I²C master, applicable to master transmit operation)
 1 = Acknowledge was not received from slave
 0 = Acknowledge was received from slave
 Hardware set or clear at end of slave Acknowledge.

bit 14 **TRSTAT:** Transmit Status bit (when operating as I²C master, applicable to master transmit operation)
 1 = Master transmit is in progress (8 bits + ACK)
 0 = Master transmit is not in progress
 Hardware set at beginning of master transmission. Hardware clear at end of slave Acknowledge.

bit 13-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10 **BCL:** Master Bus Collision Detect bit
 1 = A bus collision has been detected during a master operation
 0 = No collision
 Hardware set at detection of bus collision. This condition can only be cleared by disabling (ON bit = 0) and re-enabling (ON bit = 1) the module.

bit 9 **GCSTAT:** General Call Status bit
 1 = General call address was received
 0 = General call address was not received
 Hardware set when address matches general call address. Hardware clear at Stop detection.

bit 8 **ADD10:** 10-bit Address Status bit
 1 = 10-bit address was matched
 0 = 10-bit address was not matched
 Hardware set at match of 2nd byte of matched 10-bit address. Hardware clear at Stop detection.

bit 7 **IWCOL:** Write Collision Detect bit
 1 = An attempt to write the I2CxTRN register failed because the I²C module is busy
 0 = No collision
 Hardware set at occurrence of write to I2CxTRN while busy (cleared by software).

bit 6 **I2COV:** Receive Overflow Flag bit
 1 = A byte was received while the I2CxRCV register is still holding the previous byte
 0 = No overflow
 Hardware set at attempt to transfer I2CxRSR to I2CxRCV (cleared by software).

bit 5 **D_A:** Data/Address bit (when operating as I²C slave)
 1 = Indicates that the last byte received was data
 0 = Indicates that the last byte received was device address
 Hardware clear at device address match. Hardware set by reception of slave byte.

19.1 UART Control Registers

TABLE 19-1: UART1 AND UART2 REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0
6000	U1MODE ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	IREN	RTSMD	—	UEN<1:0>		WAKE	LPBACK	ABAUD	RXINV	BRGH	PDSEL<1:0>		STSEL	0000
6010	U1STA ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADM_EN	ADDR<7:0>								0000
		15:0	UTXISEL<1:0>		UTXINV	URXEN	UTXBRK	UTXEN	UTXBF	TRMT	URXISEL<1:0>		ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA	0110
6020	U1TXREG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Transmit Register								0000	
6030	U1RXREG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Receive Register								0000	
6040	U1BRG ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	Baud Rate Generator Prescaler															0000	
6200	U2MODE ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	IREN	RTSMD	—	UEN<1:0>		WAKE	LPBACK	ABAUD	RXINV	BRGH	PDSEL<1:0>		STSEL	0000
6210	U2STA ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADM_EN	ADDR<7:0>								0000
		15:0	UTXISEL<1:0>		UTXINV	URXEN	UTXBRK	UTXEN	UTXBF	TRMT	URXISEL<1:0>		ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA	0110
6220	U2TXREG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Transmit Register								0000	
6230	U2RXREG	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Receive Register								0000	
6240	U2BRG ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	Baud Rate Generator Prescaler															0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This register has corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 20-5: PMSTAT: PARALLEL PORT STATUS REGISTER (SLAVE MODES ONLY)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R-0	R/W-0, HSC	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	IBF	IBOV	—	—	IB3F	IB2F	IB1F	IB0F
7:0	R-1	R/W-0, HSC	U-0	U-0	R-1	R-1	R-1	R-1
	OBE	OBUF	—	—	OB3E	OB2E	OB1E	OB0E

Legend:	HSC = Set by Hardware; Cleared by Software		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **IBF:** Input Buffer Full Status bit

- 1 = All writable input buffer registers are full
- 0 = Some or all of the writable input buffer registers are empty

bit 14 **IBOV:** Input Buffer Overflow Status bit

- 1 = A write attempt to a full input byte buffer occurred (must be cleared in software)
- 0 = No overflow occurred

bit 13-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11-8 **IBxF:** Input Buffer 'x' Status Full bits

- 1 = Input Buffer contains data that has not been read (reading buffer will clear this bit)
- 0 = Input Buffer does not contain any unread data

bit 7 **OBE:** Output Buffer Empty Status bit

- 1 = All readable output buffer registers are empty
- 0 = Some or all of the readable output buffer registers are full

bit 6 **OBUF:** Output Buffer Underflow Status bit

- 1 = A read occurred from an empty output byte buffer (must be cleared in software)
- 0 = No underflow occurred

bit 5-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3-0 **OBxE:** Output Buffer 'x' Status Empty bits

- 1 = Output buffer is empty (writing data to the buffer will clear this bit)
- 0 = Output buffer contains data that has not been transmitted

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 22-1: AD1CON1: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

- bit 4 **CLRASAM:** Stop Conversion Sequence bit (when the first ADC interrupt is generated)
1 = Stop conversions when the first ADC interrupt is generated. Hardware clears the ASAM bit when the ADC interrupt is generated.
0 = Normal operation, buffer contents will be overwritten by the next conversion sequence
- bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2 **ASAM:** ADC Sample Auto-Start bit
1 = Sampling begins immediately after last conversion completes; SAMP bit is automatically set.
0 = Sampling begins when SAMP bit is set
- bit 1 **SAMP:** ADC Sample Enable bit⁽²⁾
1 = The ADC sample and hold amplifier is sampling
0 = The ADC sample/hold amplifier is holding
When ASAM = 0, writing '1' to this bit starts sampling.
When SSRC = 000, writing '0' to this bit will end sampling and start conversion.
- bit 0 **DONE:** Analog-to-Digital Conversion Status bit⁽³⁾
1 = Analog-to-digital conversion is done
0 = Analog-to-digital conversion is not done or has not started
Clearing this bit will not affect any operation in progress.

- Note 1:** When using 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.
- 2:** If ASAM = 0, software can write a '1' to start sampling. This bit is automatically set by hardware if ASAM = 1. If SSRC = 0, software can write a '0' to end sampling and start conversion. If SSRC ≠ '0', this bit is automatically cleared by hardware to end sampling and start conversion.
- 3:** This bit is automatically set by hardware when analog-to-digital conversion is complete. Software can write a '0' to clear this bit (a write of '1' is not allowed). Clearing this bit does not affect any operation already in progress. This bit is automatically cleared by hardware at the start of a new conversion.

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REGISTER 22-4: AD1CHS: ADC INPUT SELECT REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CH0NB	—	—	—	CH0SB<3:0>			
23:16	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CH0NA	—	—	—	CH0SA<3:0>			
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **CH0NB:** Negative Input Select bit for Sample B

1 = Channel 0 negative input is AN1

0 = Channel 0 negative input is VREFL

bit 30-28 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 27-24 **CH0SB<3:0>:** Positive Input Select bits for Sample B

1111 = Channel 0 positive input is Open⁽¹⁾

1110 = Channel 0 positive input is IVREF⁽²⁾

1101 = Channel 0 positive input is CTMU temperature sensor (CTMUT)⁽³⁾

1100 = Channel 0 positive input is AN12⁽⁴⁾

•
•
•

0001 = Channel 0 positive input is AN1

0000 = Channel 0 positive input is AN0

bit 23 **CH0NA:** Negative Input Select bit for Sample A Multiplexer Setting⁽²⁾

1 = Channel 0 negative input is AN1

0 = Channel 0 negative input is VREFL

bit 22-20 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 19-16 **CH0SA<3:0>:** Positive Input Select bits for Sample A Multiplexer Setting

1111 = Channel 0 positive input is Open⁽¹⁾

1110 = Channel 0 positive input is IVREF⁽²⁾

1101 = Channel 0 positive input is CTMU temperature (CTMUT)⁽³⁾

1100 = Channel 0 positive input is AN12⁽⁴⁾

•
•
•

0001 = Channel 0 positive input is AN1

0000 = Channel 0 positive input is AN0

bit 15-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: This selection is only used with CTMU capacitive and time measurement.

2: See **Section 24.0 “Comparator Voltage Reference (CVREF)”** for more information.

3: See **Section 25.0 “Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)”** for more information.

4: AN12 is only available on 44-pin devices. AN6-AN8 are not available on 28-pin devices.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

26.4 Peripheral Module Disable

The Peripheral Module Disable (PMD) registers provide a method to disable a peripheral module by stopping all clock sources supplied to that module. When a peripheral is disabled using the appropriate PMD control bit, the peripheral is in a minimum power consumption state. The control and status registers associated with the peripheral are also disabled, so writes to those registers do not have effect and read values are invalid.

To disable a peripheral, the associated PMDx bit must be set to '1'. To enable a peripheral, the associated PMDx bit must be cleared (default). See Table 26-1 for more information.

Note: Disabling a peripheral module while its ON bit is set, may result in undefined behavior. The ON bit for the associated peripheral module must be cleared prior to disable a module via the PMDx bits.

TABLE 26-1: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE BITS AND LOCATIONS

Peripheral ⁽¹⁾	PMDx bit Name ⁽¹⁾	Register Name and Bit Location
ADC1	AD1MD	PMD1<0>
CTMU	CTMUMD	PMD1<8>
Comparator Voltage Reference	CVRMD	PMD1<12>
Comparator 1	CMP1MD	PMD2<0>
Comparator 2	CMP2MD	PMD2<1>
Comparator 3	CMP3MD	PMD2<2>
Input Capture 1	IC1MD	PMD3<0>
Input Capture 2	IC2MD	PMD3<1>
Input Capture 3	IC3MD	PMD3<2>
Input Capture 4	IC4MD	PMD3<3>
Input Capture 5	IC5MD	PMD3<4>
Output Compare 1	OC1MD	PMD3<16>
Output Compare 2	OC2MD	PMD3<17>
Output Compare 3	OC3MD	PMD3<18>
Output Compare 4	OC4MD	PMD3<19>
Output Compare 5	OC5MD	PMD3<20>
Timer1	T1MD	PMD4<0>
Timer2	T2MD	PMD4<1>
Timer3	T3MD	PMD4<2>
Timer4	T4MD	PMD4<3>
Timer5	T5MD	PMD4<4>
UART1	U1MD	PMD5<0>
UART2	U2MD	PMD5<1>
SPI1	SPI1MD	PMD5<8>
SPI2	SPI2MD	PMD5<9>
I2C1	I2C1MD	PMD5<16>
I2C2	I2C2MD	PMD5<17>
USB ⁽²⁾	USBMD	PMD5<24>
RTCC	RTCCMD	PMD6<0>
Reference Clock Output	REFOMD	PMD6<1>
PMP	PMPMD	PMD6<16>

Note 1: Not all modules and associated PMDx bits are available on all devices. See **TABLE 1: “PIC32MX1XX 28/36/44-Pin General Purpose Family Features”** and **TABLE 2: “PIC32MX2XX 28/36/44-pin USB Family Features”** for the lists of available peripherals.

2: The module must not be busy after clearing the associated ON bit and prior to setting the USBMD bit.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 27-3: DEVCFG2: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 2 (CONTINUED)

bit 2-0 **FPLLIDIV<2:0>**: PLL Input Divider bits

111 = 12x divider

110 = 10x divider

101 = 6x divider

100 = 5x divider

011 = 4x divider

010 = 3x divider

001 = 2x divider

000 = 1x divider

Note 1: This bit is only available on PIC32MX2XX devices.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

30.1 DC Characteristics

TABLE 30-1: OPERATING MIPS VS. VOLTAGE

Characteristic	VDD Range (in Volts) ⁽¹⁾	Temp. Range (in °C)	Max. Frequency
			PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family
DC5	2.3-3.6V	-40°C to +85°C	40 MHz
DC5b	2.3-3.6V	-40°C to +105°C	40 MHz

Note 1: Overall functional device operation at $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$ is tested, but not characterized. All device Analog modules, such as ADC, etc., will function, but with degraded performance below V_{DDMIN} . Refer to parameter BO10 in Table 30-11 for BOR values.

TABLE 30-2: THERMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

Rating	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Industrial Temperature Devices					
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40	—	+125	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	TA	-40	—	+85	°C
V-temp Temperature Devices					
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40	—	+140	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	TA	-40	—	+105	°C
Power Dissipation: Internal Chip Power Dissipation: $P_{INT} = V_{DD} \times (I_{DD} - S \times I_{OH})$ I/O Pin Power Dissipation: $I/O = S \times ((V_{DD} - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}) + S \times (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$	PD	$P_{INT} + P_{I/O}$			W
Maximum Allowed Power Dissipation	PD _{MAX}	$(T_J - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$			W

TABLE 30-3: THERMAL PACKAGING CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristics	Symbol	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Package Thermal Resistance, 28-pin SSOP	θ_{JA}	71	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 28-pin SOIC	θ_{JA}	50	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 28-pin SPDIP	θ_{JA}	42	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 28-pin QFN	θ_{JA}	35	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 36-pin VTLA	θ_{JA}	31	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 44-pin QFN	θ_{JA}	32	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 44-pin TQFP	θ_{JA}	45	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 44-pin VTLA	θ_{JA}	30	—	°C/W	1

Note 1: Junction to ambient thermal resistance, Theta-JA (θ_{JA}) numbers are achieved by package simulations.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 30-18: PLL CLOCK TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

AC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp					
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
OS50	FPLLI	PLL Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO) Input Frequency Range	3.92	—	5	MHz	ECPLL, HSPLL, XTPLL, FRCPLL modes
OS51	FSYS	On-Chip VCO System Frequency	60	—	120	MHz	—
OS52	TLOCK	PLL Start-up Time (Lock Time)	—	—	2	ms	—
OS53	DCLK	CLKO Stability ⁽²⁾ (Period Jitter or Cumulative)	-0.25	—	+0.25	%	Measured over 100 ms period

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

Note 2: This jitter specification is based on clock-cycle by clock-cycle measurements. To get the effective jitter for individual time-bases on communication clocks, use the following formula:

$$EffectiveJitter = \frac{D_{CLK}}{\sqrt{\frac{SYSCLK}{CommunicationClock}}}$$

For example, if SYSCLK = 40 MHz and SPI bit rate = 20 MHz, the effective jitter is as follows:

$$EffectiveJitter = \frac{D_{CLK}}{\sqrt{\frac{40}{20}}} = \frac{D_{CLK}}{1.41}$$

TABLE 30-19: INTERNAL FRC ACCURACY

AC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp				
Param. No.	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
Internal FRC Accuracy @ 8.00 MHz ⁽¹⁾						
F20b	FRC	-0.9	—	+0.9	%	—

Note 1: Frequency calibrated at 25°C and 3.3V. The TUN bits can be used to compensate for temperature drift.

TABLE 30-20: INTERNAL LPRC ACCURACY

AC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp				
Param. No.	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
LPRC @ 31.25 kHz ⁽¹⁾						
F21	LPRC	-15	—	+15	%	—

Note 1: Change of LPRC frequency as VDD changes.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

FIGURE 30-10: SPIx MODULE MASTER MODE (CKE = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

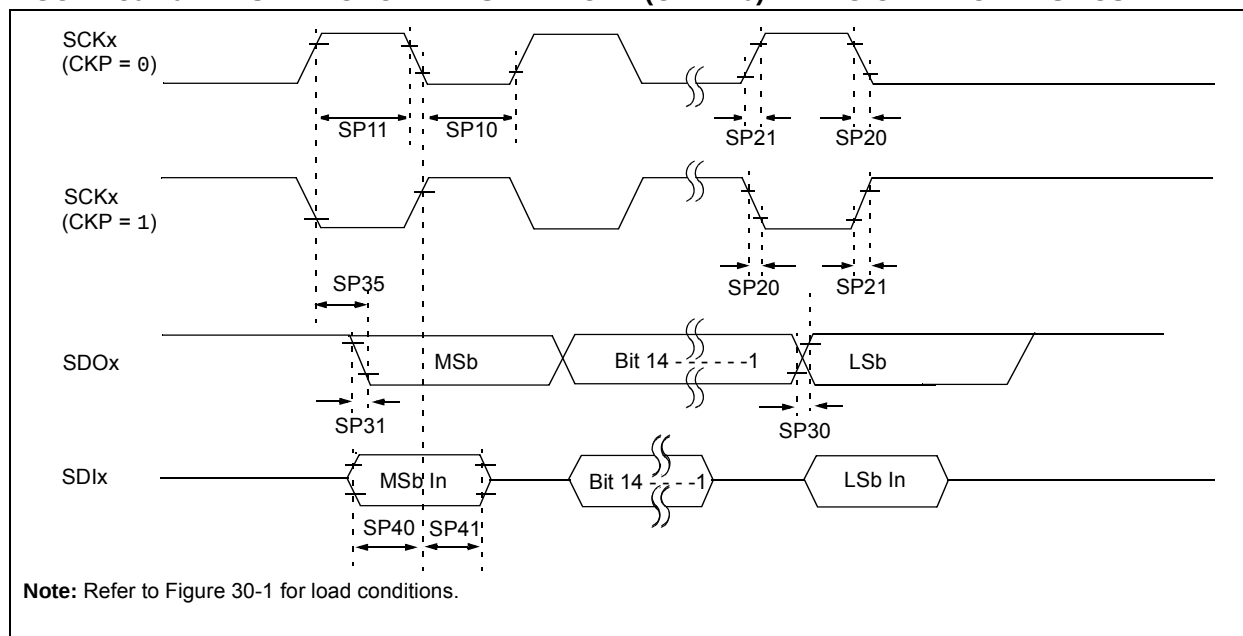


TABLE 30-28: SPIx MASTER MODE (CKE = 0) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ Ta ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ Ta ≤ +105°C for V-temp			
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP10	TscL	SCKx Output Low Time (Note 3)	Tsck/2	—	—	ns	—
SP11	Tsch	SCKx Output High Time (Note 3)	Tsck/2	—	—	ns	—
SP20	TscF	SCKx Output Fall Time (Note 4)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32
SP21	TscR	SCKx Output Rise Time (Note 4)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time (Note 4)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time (Note 4)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	—	15	ns	VDD > 2.7V
					20	ns	VDD < 2.7V
SP40	TdiV2sch, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	10	—	—	ns	—
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	10	—	—	ns	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

Note 2: Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 50 ns. Therefore, the clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

Note 4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE A-1: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES (CONTINUED)

Section	Update Description
29.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	Updated the Absolute Maximum Ratings (removed Voltage on V_{CORE} with respect to V_{SS}). Added the SPDIP specification to the Thermal Packaging Characteristics (see Table 29-2). Updated the Typical values for parameters DC20-DC24 in the Operating Current (I_{DD}) specification (see Table 29-5). Updated the Typical values for parameters DC30a-DC34a in the Idle Current (I_{IDLE}) specification (see Table 29-6). Updated the Typical values for parameters DC40i and DC40n and removed parameter DC40m in the Power-down Current (I_{PD}) specification (see Table 29-7). Removed parameter D320 (V_{CORE}) from the Internal Voltage Regulator Specifications and updated the Comments (see Table 29-13). Updated the Minimum, Typical, and Maximum values for parameter F20b in the Internal FRC Accuracy specification (see Table 29-17). Removed parameter SY01 (TPWRT) and removed all Conditions from Resets Timing (see Table 29-20). Updated all parameters in the CTMU Specifications (see Table 29-39).
31.0 “Packaging Information”	Added the 28-lead SPDIP package diagram information (see 31.1 “Package Marking Information” and 31.2 “Package Details”).
“Product Identification System”	Added the SPDIP (SP) package definition.

Revision C (November 2011)

All major changes are referenced by their respective section in Table A-2.

TABLE A-2: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section	Update Description
“32-bit Microcontrollers (up to 128 KB Flash and 32 KB SRAM) with Audio and Graphics Interfaces, USB, and Advanced Analog”	Revised the source/sink on I/O pins (see “Input/Output” on page 1). Added the SPDIP package to the PIC32MX220F032B device in the PIC32MX2XX USB Family Features (see Table 2).
4.0 “Memory Organization”	Removed ANSB6 from the ANSELB register and added the ODCB6, ODCB10, and ODCB11 bits in the PORTB Register Map (see Table 4-20).
29.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	Updated the minimum value for parameter OS50 in the PLL Clock Timing Specifications (see Table 29-16).

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

Revision F (February 2014)

This revision includes the addition of the following devices:

- PIC32MX170F256B
- PIC32MX270F256B
- PIC32MX170F256D
- PIC32MX270F256D

In addition, this revision includes the following major changes as described in Table A-5, as well as minor updates to text and formatting, which were incorporated throughout the document.

TABLE A-5: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section	Update Description
32-bit Microcontrollers (up to 256 KB Flash and 64 KB SRAM) with Audio and Graphics Interfaces, USB, and Advanced Analog	Added new devices to the family features (see Table 1 and Table 2). Updated pin diagrams to include new devices (see “Pin Diagrams”).
1.0 “Device Overview”	Added Note 3 reference to the following pin names: VBUS, VUSB3V3, VBUSON, D+, D-, and USBID.
2.0 “Guidelines for Getting Started with 32-bit MCUs”	Replaced Figure 2-1: Recommended Minimum Connection. Updated Figure 2-2: MCLR Pin Connections. Added 2.9 “Sosc Design Recommendation” .
4.0 “Memory Organization”	Added memory tables for devices with 64 KB RAM (see Table 4-4 through Table 4-5). Changed the Virtual Addresses for all registers and updated the PWP bits in the DEVCFG: Device Configuration Word Summary (see Table 4-17). Updated the ODCA, ODCB, and ODCC port registers (see Table 4-19, Table 4-20, and Table 4-21). The RTCTIME, RTCDATE, ALRMTIME, and ALRMDATE registers were updated (see Table 4-25). Added Data Ram Size value for 64 KB RAM devices (see Register 4-5). Added Program Flash Size value for 256 KB Flash devices (see Register 4-5).
12.0 “Timer1”	The Timer1 block diagram was updated to include the 16-bit data bus (see Figure 12-1).
13.0 “Timer2/3, Timer4/5”	The Timer2-Timer5 block diagram (16-bit) was updated to include the 16-bit data bus (see Figure 13-1). The Timer2/3, Timer4/5 block diagram (32-bit) was updated to include the 32-bit data bus (see Figure 13-1).
19.0 “Parallel Master Port (PMP)”	The CSF<1:0> bit value definitions for ‘00’ and ‘01’ were updated (see Register 19-1). Bit 14 in the Parallel Port Address register (PMADDR) was updated (see Register 19-3).
20.0 “Real-Time Clock and Calendar (RTCC)”	The following registers were updated: RTCTIME (see Register 20-3) RTCDATE (see Register 20-4) ALRMTIME (see Register 20-5) ALRMDATE (see Register 20-6)
26.0 “Special Features”	Updated the PWP bits (see Register 26-1).
29.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	Added parameters DO50 and DO50a to the Capacitive Loading Requirements on Output Pins (see Table 29-14). Added Note 5 to the IDD DC Characteristics (see Table 29-5). Added Note 4 to the IDLE DC Characteristics (see Table 29-6). Added Note 5 to the IPD DC Characteristics (see Table 29-7). Updated the conditions for parameters USB321 (VOL) and USB322 (VOH) in the OTG Electrical Specifications (see Table 29-38).
Product Identification System	Added 40 MHz speed information.

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