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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I <sup>2</sup> S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	36-VFTLA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	36-VTLA (5x5)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx120f032c-i-tl">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx120f032c-i-tl</a>



# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

## 1.0 DEVICE OVERVIEW

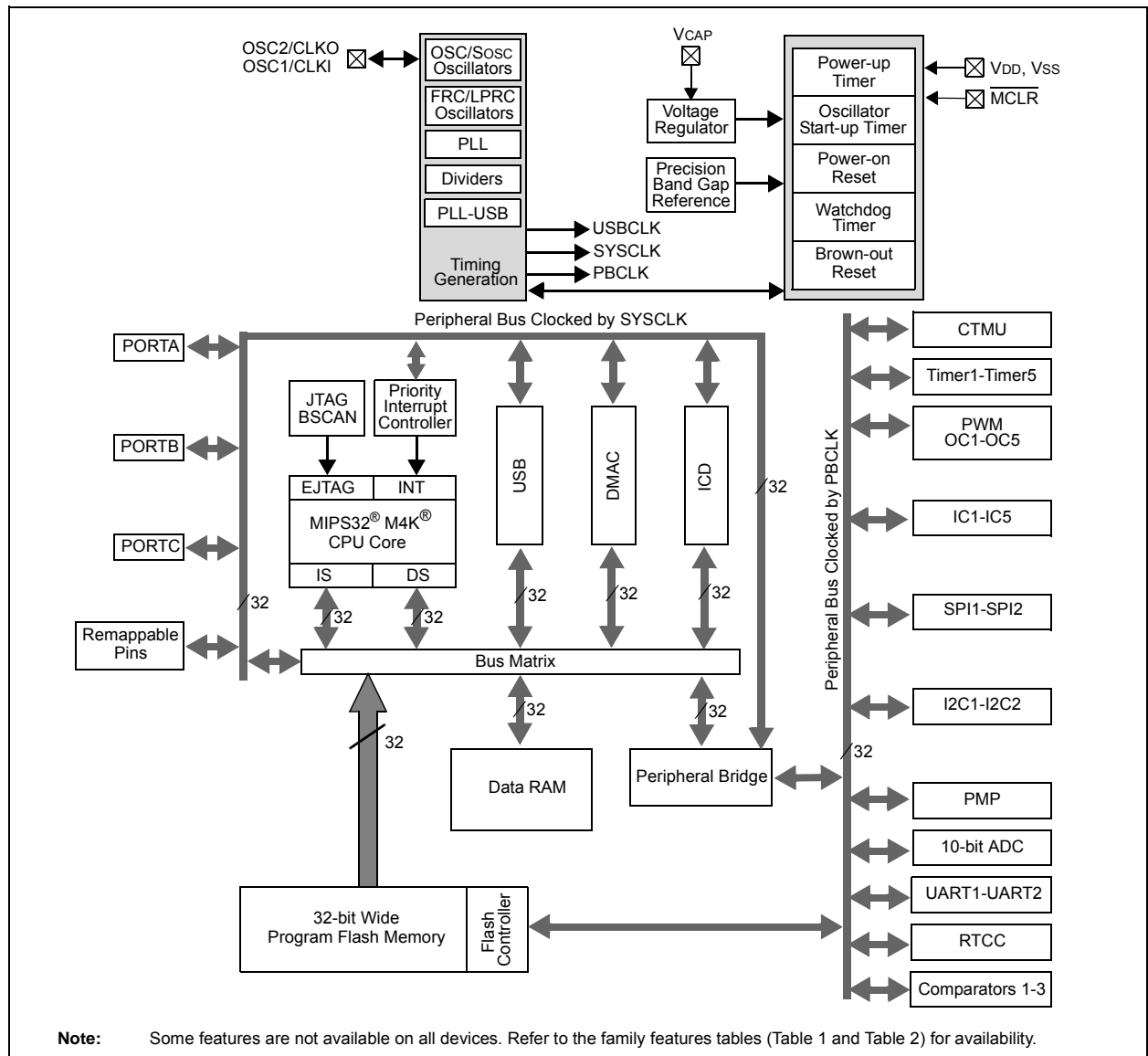
**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to documents listed in the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site ([www.microchip.com/pic32](http://www.microchip.com/pic32)).

This document contains device-specific information for PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family devices.

Figure 1-1 illustrates a general block diagram of the core and peripheral modules in the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices.

Table 1-1 lists the functions of the various pins shown in the pinout diagrams.

**FIGURE 1-1: BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)**

Pin Name	Pin Number <sup>(1)</sup>				Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	28-pin QFN	28-pin SSOP/ SPDIP/ SOIC	36-pin VTLA	44-pin QFN/ TQFP/ VTLA			
SDA1	15	18	19	1	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1
SCL2	4	7	2	24	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C2
SDA2	3	6	1	23	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C2
TMS	19 <sup>(2)</sup>	22 <sup>(2)</sup>	25 <sup>(2)</sup>	12	I	ST	JTAG Test mode select pin
	11 <sup>(3)</sup>	14 <sup>(3)</sup>	15 <sup>(3)</sup>				
TCK	14	17	18	13	I	ST	JTAG test clock input pin
TDI	13	16	17	35	O	—	JTAG test data input pin
TDO	15	18	19	32	O	—	JTAG test data output pin
RTCC	4	7	2	24	O	ST	Real-Time Clock alarm output
CVREF-	28	3	34	20	I	Analog	Comparator Voltage Reference (low)
CVREF+	27	2	33	19	I	Analog	Comparator Voltage Reference (high)
CVREFOUT	22	25	28	14	O	Analog	Comparator Voltage Reference output
C1INA	4	7	2	24	I	Analog	Comparator Inputs
C1INB	3	6	1	23	I	Analog	
C1INC	2	5	36	22	I	Analog	
C1IND	1	4	35	21	I	Analog	
C2INA	2	5	36	22	I	Analog	
C2INB	1	4	35	21	I	Analog	
C2INC	4	7	2	24	I	Analog	
C2IND	3	6	1	23	I	Analog	
C3INA	23	26	29	15	I	Analog	
C3INB	22	25	28	14	I	Analog	
C3INC	27	2	33	19	I	Analog	
C3IND	1	4	35	21	I	Analog	
C1OUT	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	Comparator Outputs
C2OUT	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	
C3OUT	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	

**Legend:** CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output  
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels  
TTL = TTL input buffer

Analog = Analog input  
O = Output  
PPS = Peripheral Pin Select

P = Power  
I = Input  
— = N/A

**Note 1:** Pin numbers are provided for reference only. See the “**Pin Diagrams**” section for device pin availability.  
**2:** Pin number for PIC32MX1XX devices only.  
**3:** Pin number for PIC32MX2XX devices only.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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NOTES:

## 6.1 Reset Control Registers

**TABLE 6-1: RESET CONTROL REGISTER MAP**

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
F600	RCON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	CMR	VREGS	EXTR	SWR	—	WDTO	SLEEP	IDLE	BOR	POR	xxxx <sup>(2)</sup>
F610	RSWRST	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SWRST	0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note** 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.
- 2: Reset values are dependent on the DEVCFGx Configuration bits and the type of reset.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**REGISTER 6-1: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	CMR	VREGS
7:0	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	U-0	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-1, HS	R/W-1, HS
	EXTR	SWR	—	WDTO	SLEEP	IDLE	BOR <sup>(1)</sup>	POR <sup>(1)</sup>

<b>Legend:</b>	HS = Set by hardware		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9 **CMR:** Configuration Mismatch Reset Flag bit  
 1 = Configuration mismatch Reset has occurred  
 0 = Configuration mismatch Reset has not occurred

bit 8 **VREGS:** Voltage Regulator Standby Enable bit  
 1 = Regulator is enabled and is on during Sleep mode  
 0 = Regulator is disabled and is off during Sleep mode

bit 7 **EXTR:** External Reset ( $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ ) Pin Flag bit  
 1 = Master Clear (pin) Reset has occurred  
 0 = Master Clear (pin) Reset has not occurred

bit 6 **SWR:** Software Reset Flag bit  
 1 = Software Reset was executed  
 0 = Software Reset as not executed

bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 **WDTO:** Watchdog Timer Time-out Flag bit  
 1 = WDT Time-out has occurred  
 0 = WDT Time-out has not occurred

bit 3 **SLEEP:** Wake From Sleep Flag bit  
 1 = Device was in Sleep mode  
 0 = Device was not in Sleep mode

bit 2 **IDLE:** Wake From Idle Flag bit  
 1 = Device was in Idle mode  
 0 = Device was not in Idle mode

bit 1 **BOR:** Brown-out Reset Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Brown-out Reset has occurred  
 0 = Brown-out Reset has not occurred

bit 0 **POR:** Power-on Reset Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
 1 = Power-on Reset has occurred  
 0 = Power-on Reset has not occurred

**Note 1:** User software must clear this bit to view next detection.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**REGISTER 7-6: IPCx: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
				IP03<2:0>			IS03<1:0>	
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
				IP02<2:0>			IS02<1:0>	
15:8	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
				IP01<2:0>			IS01<1:0>	
7:0	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
				IP00<2:0>			IS00<1:0>	

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-29 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 28-26 **IP03<2:0>**: Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt priority is 7

.

.

.

010 = Interrupt priority is 2

001 = Interrupt priority is 1

000 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 25-24 **IS03<1:0>**: Interrupt Subpriority bits

11 = Interrupt subpriority is 3

10 = Interrupt subpriority is 2

01 = Interrupt subpriority is 1

00 = Interrupt subpriority is 0

bit 23-21 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 20-18 **IP02<2:0>**: Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt priority is 7

.

.

.

010 = Interrupt priority is 2

001 = Interrupt priority is 1

000 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 17-16 **IS02<1:0>**: Interrupt Subpriority bits

11 = Interrupt subpriority is 3

10 = Interrupt subpriority is 2

01 = Interrupt subpriority is 1

00 = Interrupt subpriority is 0

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-10 **IP01<2:0>**: Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt priority is 7

.

.

.

010 = Interrupt priority is 2

001 = Interrupt priority is 1

000 = Interrupt is disabled

**Note:** This register represents a generic definition of the IPCx register. Refer to Table 7-1 for the exact bit definitions.



## 9.1 DMA Control Registers

**TABLE 9-1: DMA GLOBAL REGISTER MAP**

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	
3000	DMACON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	—	SUSPEND	DMABUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
3010	DMASTAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RDWR	DMACH<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>		0000
3020	DMAADDR	31:16	DMAADDR<31:0>															0000
		15:0																0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

**TABLE 9-2: DMA CRC REGISTER MAP**

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0
3030	DCRCCON	31:16	—	—	BYTO<1:0>		WBO	—	—	BITO	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	PLEN<4:0>					CRCEN	CRCAPP	CRCTYP	—	—	CRCCH<2:0>		0000	
3040	DCRCDATA	31:16	DCRCDATA<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
3050	DCRCXOR	31:16	DCRCXOR<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**REGISTER 9-18: DCHxDAT: DMA CHANNEL 'x' PATTERN DATA REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHPDAT<7:0>							

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **CHPDAT<7:0>:** Channel Data Register bits

Pattern Terminate mode:

Data to be matched must be stored in this register to allow a "terminate on match".

All other modes:

Unused.

TABLE 11-6: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
FA54	U1CTSR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U1CTSR<3:0>				0000
FA58	U2RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U2RXR<3:0>				0000
FA5C	U2CTSR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U2CTSR<3:0>				0000
FA84	SDI1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SDI1R<3:0>				0000
FA88	SS1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SS1R<3:0>				0000
FA90	SDI2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SDI2R<3:0>				0000
FA94	SS2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SS2R<3:0>				0000
FAB8	REFCLKIR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFCLKIR<3:0>				0000

## 15.1 Input Capture Control Registers

TABLE 15-1: INPUT CAPTURE 1-INPUT CAPTURE 5 REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80..#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0
2000	IC1CON <sup>(1)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	FEDGE	C32	ICTMR	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>			0000
2010	IC1BUF	31:16	IC1BUF<31:0>															xxxx	
		15:0	IC1BUF<31:0>															xxxx	
2200	IC2CON <sup>(1)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	FEDGE	C32	ICTMR	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>			0000
2210	IC2BUF	31:16	IC2BUF<31:0>															xxxx	
		15:0	IC2BUF<31:0>															xxxx	
2400	IC3CON <sup>(1)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	FEDGE	C32	ICTMR	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>			0000
2410	IC3BUF	31:16	IC3BUF<31:0>															xxxx	
		15:0	IC3BUF<31:0>															xxxx	
2600	IC4CON <sup>(1)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	FEDGE	C32	ICTMR	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>			0000
2610	IC4BUF	31:16	IC4BUF<31:0>															xxxx	
		15:0	IC4BUF<31:0>															xxxx	
2800	IC5CON <sup>(1)</sup>	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	FEDGE	C32	ICTMR	ICI<1:0>		ICOV	ICBNE	ICM<2:0>			0000
2810	IC5BUF	31:16	IC5BUF<31:0>															xxxx	
		15:0	IC5BUF<31:0>															xxxx	

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** This register has corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

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## REGISTER 17-1: SPIxCON: SPI CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 17 **SPIFE**: Frame Sync Pulse Edge Select bit (Framed SPI mode only)  
1 = Frame synchronization pulse coincides with the first bit clock  
0 = Frame synchronization pulse precedes the first bit clock
- bit 16 **ENHBUF**: Enhanced Buffer Enable bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
1 = Enhanced Buffer mode is enabled  
0 = Enhanced Buffer mode is disabled
- bit 15 **ON**: SPI Peripheral On bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = SPI Peripheral is enabled  
0 = SPI Peripheral is disabled
- bit 14 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 13 **SIDL**: Stop in Idle Mode bit  
1 = Discontinue module operation when the device enters Idle mode  
0 = Continue module operation when the device enters Idle mode
- bit 12 **DISSDO**: Disable SDOx pin bit  
1 = SDOx pin is not used by the module. Pin is controlled by associated PORT register  
0 = SDOx pin is controlled by the module

bit 11-10 **MODE<32,16>**: 32/16-Bit Communication Select bits

When AUDEN = 1:

MODE32	MODE16	Communication
1	1	24-bit Data, 32-bit FIFO, 32-bit Channel/64-bit Frame
1	0	32-bit Data, 32-bit FIFO, 32-bit Channel/64-bit Frame
0	1	16-bit Data, 16-bit FIFO, 32-bit Channel/64-bit Frame
0	0	16-bit Data, 16-bit FIFO, 16-bit Channel/32-bit Frame

When AUDEN = 0:

MODE32	MODE16	Communication
1	x	32-bit
0	1	16-bit
0	0	8-bit

- bit 9 **SMP**: SPI Data Input Sample Phase bit  
Master mode (MSTEN = 1):  
1 = Input data sampled at end of data output time  
0 = Input data sampled at middle of data output time  
Slave mode (MSTEN = 0):  
SMP value is ignored when SPI is used in Slave mode. The module always uses SMP = 0.

To write a '1' to this bit, the MSTEN value = 1 must first be written.

- bit 8 **CKE**: SPI Clock Edge Select bit<sup>(3)</sup>  
1 = Serial output data changes on transition from active clock state to Idle clock state (see the CKP bit)  
0 = Serial output data changes on transition from Idle clock state to active clock state (see the CKP bit)
- bit 7 **SSEN**: Slave Select Enable (Slave mode) bit  
1 =  $\overline{SSx}$  pin used for Slave mode  
0 =  $\overline{SSx}$  pin not used for Slave mode, pin controlled by port function.
- bit 6 **CKP**: Clock Polarity Select bit<sup>(4)</sup>  
1 = Idle state for clock is a high level; active state is a low level  
0 = Idle state for clock is a low level; active state is a high level

- Note 1:** When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read or write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.
- 2:** This bit can only be written when the ON bit = 0.
- 3:** This bit is not used in the Framed SPI mode. The user should program this bit to '0' for the Framed SPI mode (FRMEN = 1).
- 4:** When AUDEN = 1, the SPI module functions as if the CKP bit is equal to '1', regardless of the actual value of CKP.

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NOTES:

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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## REGISTER 20-1: PMCON: PARALLEL PORT CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3      **CS1P:** Chip Select 0 Polarity bit<sup>(2)</sup>  
1 = Active-high ( $\overline{\text{PMCS1}}$ )  
0 = Active-low ( $\text{PMCS1}$ )
- bit 2      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1      **WRSP:** Write Strobe Polarity bit  
For Slave Modes and Master mode 2 ( $\text{MODE}<1:0> = 00,01,10$ ):  
1 = Write strobe active-high ( $\overline{\text{PMWR}}$ )  
0 = Write strobe active-low ( $\text{PMWR}$ )  
For Master mode 1 ( $\text{MODE}<1:0> = 11$ ):  
1 = Enable strobe active-high ( $\overline{\text{PMENB}}$ )  
0 = Enable strobe active-low ( $\text{PMENB}$ )
- bit 0      **RDSP:** Read Strobe Polarity bit  
For Slave modes and Master mode 2 ( $\text{MODE}<1:0> = 00,01,10$ ):  
1 = Read Strobe active-high ( $\overline{\text{PMRD}}$ )  
0 = Read Strobe active-low ( $\text{PMRD}$ )  
For Master mode 1 ( $\text{MODE}<1:0> = 11$ ):  
1 = Read/write strobe active-high ( $\overline{\text{PMRD/PMWR}}$ )  
0 = Read/write strobe active-low ( $\text{PMRD/PMWR}$ )

**Note 1:** When using 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON control bit.

**2:** These bits have no effect when their corresponding pins are used as address lines.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**REGISTER 21-2: RTCLARM: RTC ALARM CONTROL REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ALRMEN <sup>(1,2)</sup>	CHIME <sup>(2)</sup>	PIV <sup>(2)</sup>	ALRMSYNC <sup>(3)</sup>	AMASK<3:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ARPT<7:0> <sup>(2)</sup>							

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ALRMEN:** Alarm Enable bit<sup>(1,2)</sup>

1 = Alarm is enabled

0 = Alarm is disabled

bit 14 **CHIME:** Chime Enable bit<sup>(2)</sup>

1 = Chime is enabled – ARPT<7:0> is allowed to rollover from 0x00 to 0xFF

0 = Chime is disabled – ARPT<7:0> stops once it reaches 0x00

bit 13 **PIV:** Alarm Pulse Initial Value bit<sup>(2)</sup>

When ALRMEN = 0, PIV is writable and determines the initial value of the Alarm Pulse.

When ALRMEN = 1, PIV is read-only and returns the state of the Alarm Pulse.

bit 12 **ALRMSYNC:** Alarm Sync bit<sup>(3)</sup>

1 = ARPT<7:0> and ALRMEN may change as a result of a half second rollover during a read.

The ARPT must be read repeatedly until the same value is read twice. This must be done since multiple bits may be changing, which are then synchronized to the PB clock domain

0 = ARPT<7:0> and ALRMEN can be read without concerns of rollover because the prescaler is > 32 RTC clocks away from a half-second rollover

bit 11-8 **AMASK<3:0>:** Alarm Mask Configuration bits<sup>(2)</sup>

0000 = Every half-second

0001 = Every second

0010 = Every 10 seconds

0011 = Every minute

0100 = Every 10 minutes

0101 = Every hour

0110 = Once a day

0111 = Once a week

1000 = Once a month

1001 = Once a year (except when configured for February 29, once every four years)

1010 = Reserved; do not use

1011 = Reserved; do not use

11xx = Reserved; do not use

**Note 1:** Hardware clears the ALRMEN bit anytime the alarm event occurs, when ARPT<7:0> = 00 and CHIME = 0.

**2:** This field should not be written when the RTCC ON bit = '1' (RTCCON<15>) and ALRMSYNC = 1.

**3:** This assumes a CPU read will execute in less than 32 PBCLKs.

**Note:** This register is reset only on a Power-on Reset (POR).



# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**REGISTER 21-3: RTCTIME: RTC TIME VALUE REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	—	—	HR10<1:0>		HR01<3:0>			
23:16	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	—	MIN10<2:0>			MIN01<3:0>			
15:8	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	—	SEC10<2:0>			SEC01<3:0>			
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-30 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 29-28 **HR10<1:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Hours bits, 10s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 2

bit 27-24 **HR01<3:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Hours bits, 1s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 23 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 22-20 **MIN10<2:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Minutes bits, 10s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 5

bit 19-16 **MIN01<3:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Minutes bits, 1s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **SEC10<2:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Seconds bits, 10s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 5

bit 11-8 **SEC01<3:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Seconds bits, 1s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note:** This register is only writable when RTCWREN = 1 (RTCCON<3>).

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**REGISTER 23-2: CMSTAT: COMPARATOR STATUS REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	—	—	—	—	—	C3OUT	C2OUT	C1OUT

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Control bit

1 = All Comparator modules are disabled when the device enters Idle mode

0 = All Comparator modules continue to operate when the device enters Idle mode

bit 12-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2 **C3OUT:** Comparator Output bit

1 = Output of Comparator 3 is a '1'

0 = Output of Comparator 3 is a '0'

bit 1 **C2OUT:** Comparator Output bit

1 = Output of Comparator 2 is a '1'

0 = Output of Comparator 2 is a '0'

bit 0 **C1OUT:** Comparator Output bit

1 = Output of Comparator 1 is a '1'

0 = Output of Comparator 1 is a '0'

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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## REGISTER 27-3: DEVCFG2: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 2 (CONTINUED)

bit 2-0 **FPLLIDIV<2:0>**: PLL Input Divider bits

111 = 12x divider

110 = 10x divider

101 = 6x divider

100 = 5x divider

011 = 4x divider

010 = 3x divider

001 = 2x divider

000 = 1x divider

**Note 1:** This bit is only available on PIC32MX2XX devices.

FIGURE 32-6: TYPICAL FRC FREQUENCY @ V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V

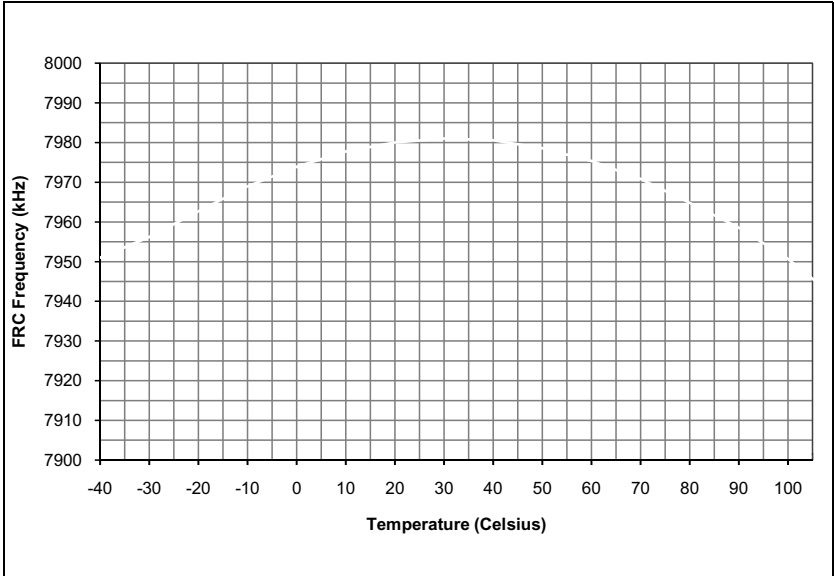


FIGURE 32-7: TYPICAL LPRC FREQUENCY @ V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V

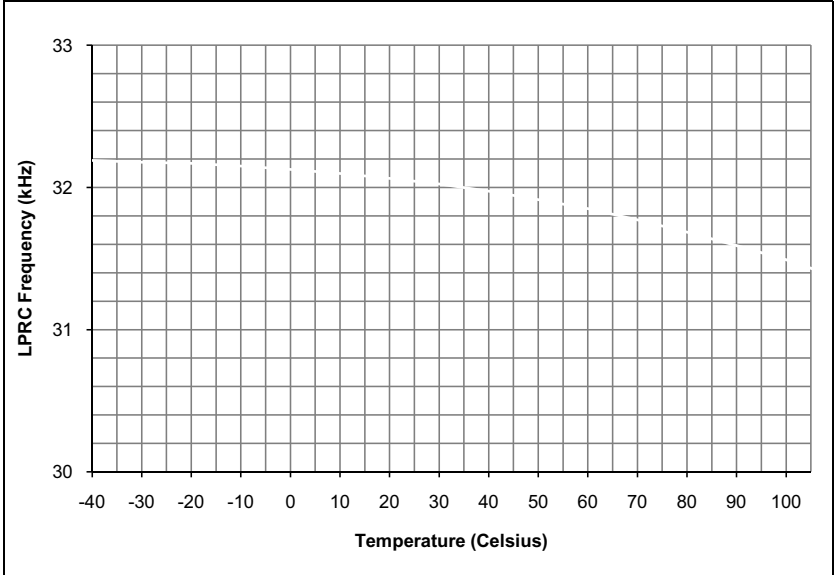
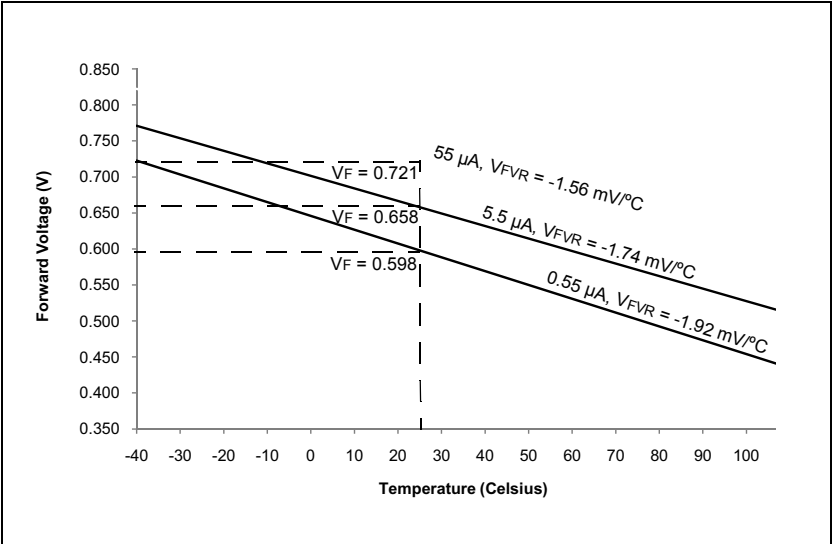


FIGURE 32-8: TYPICAL CTMU TEMPERATURE DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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## Revision J (April 2016)

This revision includes the following major changes as described in Table A-8, as well as minor updates to text and formatting, which were incorporated throughout the document.

**TABLE A-8: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES**

Section	Update Description
<b>“32-bit Microcontrollers (up to 256 KB Flash and 64 KB SRAM) with Audio and Graphics Interfaces, USB, and Advanced Analog”</b>	The PIC32MX270FDB device and Note 4 were added to <b>TABLE 2: “PIC32MX2XX 28/36/44-pin USB Family Features”</b> .
<b>2.0 “Guidelines for Getting Started with 32-bit MCUs”</b>	<b>EXAMPLE 2-1: “Crystal Load Capacitor Calculation”</b> was updated.
<b>30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”</b>	Parameter DO50a (Csosc) was removed from the Capacitive Loading Requirements on Output Pins AC Characteristics (see Table 30-16).
<b>“Product Identification System”</b>	The device mapping was updated to include type B for Software Targeting.