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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

-XF

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K × 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 10x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	28-QFN (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx130f256b-v-ml

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

				Rem	appab	le Pe	riphe	erals					(ls)				
Device	Pins	Program Memory (KB) ⁽¹⁾	Data Memory (KB)	Remappable Pins	Timers ⁽²⁾ /Capture/Compare	UART	SPI/I ² S	External Interrupts ⁽³⁾	Analog Comparators	USB On-The-Go (OTG)	I ² C	dMq	DMA Channels (Programmable/Dedicated)	CTMU	10-bit 1 Msps ADC (Channels)	RTCC	I/O Pins	JTAG	Packages
PIC32MX210F016B	28	16+3	4	19	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX210F016C	36	16+3	4	23	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	12	Y	25	Y	VTLA
PIC32MX210F016D	44	16+3	4	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX220F032B	28	32+3	8	19	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX220F032C	36	32+3	8	23	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	12	Y	23	Y	VTLA
PIC32MX220F032D	44	32+3	8	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX230F064B	28	64+3	16	19	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX230F064C	36	64+3	16	23	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	12	Y	23	Y	VTLA
PIC32MX230F064D	44	64+3	16	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX250F128B	28	128+3	32	19	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX250F128C	36	128+3	32	23	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	12	Y	23	Y	VTLA VTLA,
PIC32MX250F128D	44	128+3	32	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX230F256B	28	256+3	16	20	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX230F256D	44	256+3	16	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX270F256B	28	256+3	64	19	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX270F256D	44	256+3	64	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX270F256DB(4)	44	256+3	64	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN

TABLE 2: PIC32MX2XX 28/36/44-PIN USB FAMILY FEATURES

Note 1: This device features 3 KB of boot Flash memory.

2: Four out of five timers are remappable.

3: Four out of five external interrupts are remappable.

4: This PIC32 device is targeted to specific audio software packages that are tracked for licensing royalty purposes. All peripherals and electrical characteristics are identical to their corresponding base part numbers.

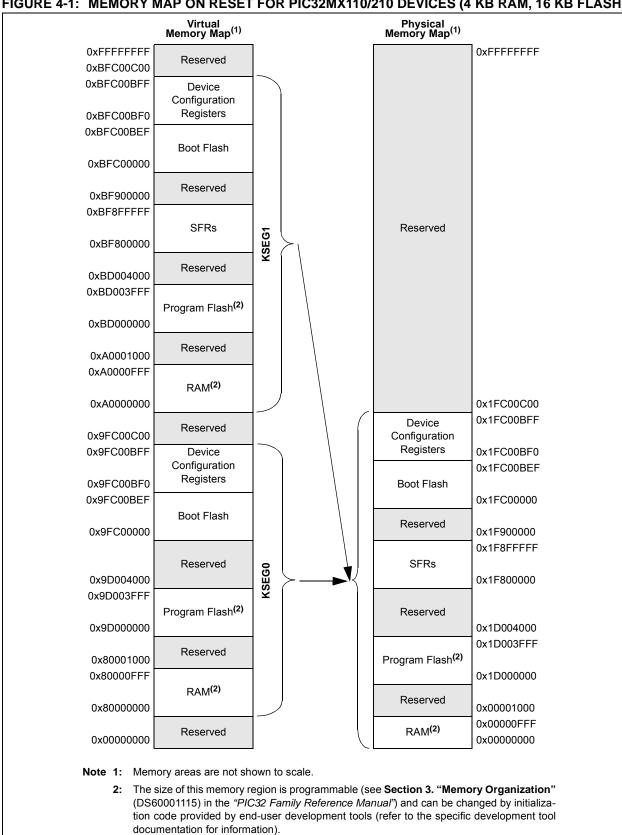


FIGURE 4-1: MEMORY MAP ON RESET FOR PIC32MX110/210 DEVICES (4 KB RAM, 16 KB FLASH)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0		
24.24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
31:24	IFS31	IFS30	IFS29	IFS28	IFS27	IFS26	IFS25	IFS24		
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
23.10	IFS23	IFS22	IFS21	IFS20	IFS19	IFS18	IFS17	IFS16		
15.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
15:8	IFS15	IFS14	IFS13	IFS12	IFS11	IFS10	IFS09	IFS08		
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
7.0	IFS07	IFS06	IFS05	IFS04	IFS03	IFS02	IFS01	IFS00		

REGISTER 7-4: IFSx: INTERRUPT FLAG STATUS REGISTER

Legend:

L ogonan			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 IFS31-IFS00: Interrupt Flag Status bits

- 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
- 0 = No interrupt request has occurred

Note: This register represents a generic definition of the IFSx register. Refer to Table 7-1 for the exact bit definitions.

REGISTER 7-5: IECx: INTERRUPT ENABLE CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.04	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
31:24	IEC31	IEC30	IEC29	IEC28	IEC27	IEC26	IEC25	IEC24
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
23.10	IEC23	IEC22	IEC21	IEC20	IEC19	IEC18	IEC17	IEC16
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
15.0	IEC15	IEC14	IEC13	IEC12	IEC11	IEC10	IEC09	IEC08
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7.0	IEC07	IEC06	IEC05	IEC04	IEC03	IEC02	IEC01	IEC00

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bi	t, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 IEC31-IEC00: Interrupt Enable bits

1 = Interrupt is enabled

0 = Interrupt is disabled

Note: This register represents a generic definition of the IECx register. Refer to Table 7-1 for the exact bit definitions.

8.1 Oscillator Control Regiters

TAB	BLE 8-1: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER MAP																		
ess		0	Bits											ú					
Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Reset
F000	OSCCON	31:16	—	_	Р	PLLODIV<2:0> FRCDIV<2:0> — SOSCRDY PBDIVRDY PBDIV<1:0> PLLMULT<2:0>								>	x1xx ⁽²⁾				
FUUU	030001	15:0	—		COSC<2:0	V	Ι		NOSC<2:0	>	CLKLOCK	ULOCK ⁽³⁾	SLOCK	SLPEN	CF	UFRCEN ⁽³⁾	SOSCEN	OSWEN	xxxx(2)
F010	OSCTUN	31:16	_	_		_	_			_	_	_	_	_		_	—	_	0000
1010	030101	15:0	_	_		_	_			_	_	_			TUN	l<5:0>			0000
5000		31:16	_								RODIV<1	4:0>							0000
F020	REFOCON	15:0	ON	ON - SIDL OE RSLP - DIVSWEN ACTIVE ROSEL<3:0>								0000							
F000	DEEOTDIM	31:16				R	OTRIM<8:0)>				_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
F030	REFOTRIM	15:0	_	_		_	_			-	_	_	_	_		_	—	_	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; - = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information.

2: Reset values are dependent on the DEVCFGx Configuration bits and the type of reset.

3: This bit is only available on PIC32MX2XX devices.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0				
	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
31:24	— RODIV<14:8> ^(1,3)											
	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
23:16		RODIV<7:0> ^(1,3)										
45.0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0, HC	R-0, HS, HC				
15:8	ON	_	SIDL	OE	RSLP ⁽²⁾	_	DIVSWEN	ACTIVE				
	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
7:0						ROSEL	.<3:0>(1)					

REGISTER 8-3: REFOCON: REFERENCE OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable	HS = Hardware Settable	
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, r	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 30-16	RODIV<14:0> Reference Clock Divider bits ^(1,3)
	The value selects the reference clock divider bits. See Figure 8-1 for information.
bit 15	ON: Output Enable bit
	1 = Reference Oscillator module is enabled
	0 = Reference Oscillator module is disabled
bit 14	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 13	SIDL: Peripheral Stop in Idle Mode bit

- 1 = Discontinue module operation when the device enters Idle mode
 - 0 =Continue module operation when the device enters lide mode
- bit 12 **OE:** Reference Clock Output Enable bit
 - 1 = Reference clock is driven out on REFCLKO pin
 - 0 = Reference clock is not driven out on REFCLKO pin
- bit 11 RSLP: Reference Oscillator Module Run in Sleep bit⁽²⁾
 - 1 = Reference Oscillator module output continues to run in Sleep
 - 0 = Reference Oscillator module output is disabled in Sleep
- bit 10 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 9 DIVSWEN: Divider Switch Enable bit
 - 1 = Divider switch is in progress
 - 0 = Divider switch is complete
- bit 8 ACTIVE: Reference Clock Request Status bit
 - 1 = Reference clock request is active
 - 0 = Reference clock request is not active
- bit 7-4 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- **Note 1:** The ROSEL and RODIV bits should not be written while the ACTIVE bit is '1', as undefined behavior may result.
 - **2:** This bit is ignored when the ROSEL<3:0> bits = 0000 or 0001.
 - 3: While the ON bit is set to '1', writes to these bits do not take effect until the DIVSWEN bit is also set to '1'.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31.24	—	_	_	_	—	—	-	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23.10	—	_	_	_	—	—	-	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
15.6	—	_	_	_	—	—	-	—
	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	R-0	R/WC-0, HS
7:0	STALLIF	ATTACHIF ⁽¹⁾	RESUMEIF ⁽²⁾	IDLEIF	TRNIF ⁽³⁾	SOFIF	UERRIF ⁽⁴⁾	URSTIF ⁽⁵⁾
	STALLIF		INE SOMEIFY /	IDLEIF		JOFIE		DETACHIF ⁽⁶⁾

REGISTER 10-6: U1IR: USB INTERRUPT REGISTER

Legend:	WC = Write '1' to clear	HS = Hardware Settat	ble bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented b	it, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 7	STALLIF: STALL Handshake Interrupt bit 1 = In Host mode a STALL handshake was received during the handshake phase of the transaction In Device mode a STALL handshake was transmitted during the handshake phase of the transaction 0 = STALL handshake has not been sent
bit 6	ATTACHIF: Peripheral Attach Interrupt bit ⁽¹⁾ 1 = Peripheral attachment was detected by the USB module 0 = Peripheral attachment was not detected
bit 5	RESUMEIF: Resume Interrupt bit ⁽²⁾ 1 = K-State is observed on the D+ or D- pin for 2.5 μs 0 = K-State is not observed
bit 4	IDLEIF: Idle Detect Interrupt bit 1 = Idle condition detected (constant Idle state of 3 ms or more) 0 = No Idle condition detected
bit 3	TRNIF: Token Processing Complete Interrupt bit ⁽³⁾ 1 = Processing of current token is complete; a read of the U1STAT register will provide endpoint information 0 = Processing of current token not complete
bit 2	SOFIF: SOF Token Interrupt bit 1 = SOF token received by the peripheral or the SOF threshold reached by the host 0 = SOF token was not received nor threshold reached
bit 1	UERRIF : USB Error Condition Interrupt bit ⁽⁴⁾ 1 = Unmasked error condition has occurred 0 = Unmasked error condition has not occurred
bit 0	<pre>URSTIF: USB Reset Interrupt bit (Device mode)⁽⁵⁾ 1 = Valid USB Reset has occurred 0 = No USB Reset has occurred DETACHIF: USB Detach Interrupt bit (Host mode)⁽⁶⁾ 1 = Peripheral detachment was detected by the USB module 0 = Peripheral detachment was not detected</pre>
3 2 5	 This bit is valid only if the HOSTEN bit is set (see Register 10-11), there is no activity on the USB for 2.5 µs, and the current bus state is not SE0. When not in Suspend mode, this interrupt should be disabled. Clearing this bit will cause the STAT FIFO to advance. Only error conditions enabled through the U1EIE register will set this bit. Device mode. Host mode.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0									
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0									
31.24		—		—				—									
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0									
23.10		—		—	-			—									
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0									
15.0	-	—	-	—	_	-	—	—									
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0									
7.0	LSPDEN			D	EVADDR<6:0	>	DEVADDR<6:0>										

REGISTER 10-12: U1ADDR: USB ADDRESS REGISTER

Legend:

U			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, r	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 7 LSPDEN: Low-Speed Enable Indicator bit

1 = Next token command to be executed at Low-Speed

0 = Next token command to be executed at Full-Speed

bit 6-0 **DEVADDR<6:0>:** 7-bit USB Device Address bits

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0					
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0					
31:24	—	—	—	_	—	_	—						
22:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0					
23:16	—	—	—	_	—	_	—						
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0					
15.0	—	—	—	-	—	_	—	-					
7.0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0					
7:0				FRML	<7:0>								

REGISTER 10-13: U1FRML: USB FRAME NUMBER LOW REGISTER

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **FRML<7:0>:** The 11-bit Frame Number Lower bits

The register bits are updated with the current frame number whenever a SOF TOKEN is received.

TABLE 11-5: PORTC REGISTER MAP

ess	-											Bits							
Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ^(1,2)	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets
6200	ANSELC	31:16		_			—	—	_	-	_	-	_	_	—	_	—		0000
0200	,	15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—			—			_	ANSC3(4)	ANSC2 ⁽³⁾	ANSC1	ANSC0	000F
6210	TRISC	31:16	_	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		0000
0210	11100	15:0	_	_	—	—	—	—	TRISC9	TRISC8 ⁽³⁾	TRISC7 ⁽³⁾	TRISC6 ⁽³⁾	TRISC5 ⁽³⁾	TRISC4 ⁽³⁾	TRISC3	TRISC2 ⁽³⁾	TRISC1	TRISC0	03FF
6220	PORTC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	_		_		_						0000
0220		15:0	_	_	—	—	—	—	RC9	RC8 ⁽³⁾	RC7 ⁽³⁾	RC6 ⁽³⁾	RC5 ⁽³⁾	RC4 ⁽³⁾	RC3	RC2 ⁽³⁾	RC1	RC0	xxxx
6230	LATC	31:16	_	_	—	—	—	—	_		_			_	—		—	—	0000
0230		15:0			_	_	_	_	LATC9	LATC8 ⁽³⁾	LATC7 ⁽³⁾	LATC6 ⁽³⁾	LATC5 ⁽³⁾	LATC4 ⁽³⁾	LATC3	LATC2 ⁽³⁾	LATC1	LATC0	xxxx
6240	ODCC	31:16			_	_	_	_	—						_		_	_	0000
6240	ODCC	15:0			_	_	_	_	ODCC9	ODCC8 ⁽³⁾	ODCC7 ⁽³⁾	ODCC6 ⁽³⁾	ODCC5 ⁽³⁾	ODCC4 ⁽³⁾	ODCC3	ODCC2 ⁽³⁾	ODCC1	ODCC0	0000
0050		31:16			—	—	—	-	—	-	_	-	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6250	CNPUC	15:0	_	_	_	_	—	—	CNPUC9	CNPUC8 ⁽³⁾	CNPUC7 ⁽³⁾	CNPUC6 ⁽³⁾	CNPUC5 ⁽³⁾	CNPUC4 ⁽³⁾	CNPUC3	CNPUC2 ⁽³⁾	CNPUC1	CNPUC0	0000
0000		31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	—	_	_	_	_	—	_	—	_	_	0000
6260	CNPDC	15:0	_	_	—	—	—	—	CNPDC9	CNPDC8 ⁽³⁾	CNPDC7 ⁽³⁾	CNPDC6 ⁽³⁾	CNPDC5 ⁽³⁾	CNPDC4 ⁽³⁾	CNPDC3	CNPDC2 ⁽³⁾	CNPDC1	CNPDC0	0000
0070	anaana	31:16	_	_	—	—	—	—	_	_	_	_	—	—	—	_	—	—	0000
6270	CNCONC	15:0	ON	_	SIDL	_	—	—	_	_	_	_	_	—	—	_	—	—	0000
		31:16	_	_	_		—	_			_		_	_	_	_	—	—	0000
6280	CNENC	15:0	_	_	_		—	_	CNIEC9	CNIEC8(3)	CNIEC7 ⁽³⁾	CNIEC6(3)	CNIEC5 ⁽³⁾	CNIEC4 ⁽³⁾	CNIEC3	CNIEC2 ⁽³⁾	CNIEC1	CNIEC0	0000
		31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_		_	_	—		—	—	0000
6290	CNSTATC	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	CNSTATC9	CNSTATC8(3)	CNSTATC7 ⁽³⁾	CNSTATC6(3)	CNSTATC5(3)	CNSTATC4 ⁽³⁾	CNSTATC3	CNSTATC2(3)	CNSTATC1	CNSTATC0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; - = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information.

2: PORTC is not available on 28-pin devices.

3: This bit is only available on 44-pin devices.

4: This bit is only available on USB-enabled devices with 36 or 44 pins.

TABLE 11-7: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP

SS										Bi	its								
Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets
FB00	RPA0R	31:16		—	—	—	_	_	—	_	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	_	_	—	_	_	—	—	—		RPA0	<3:0>		0000
FB04	RPA1R	31:16	—	—	-	—	—	_	—	—	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
1 001		15:0	—	—	-	—	—	_	—	—	_	—	—	—		RPA1	<3:0>		0000
FB08	RPA2R	31:16	—	—	-	—	—	_	—	—	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
1 000	i (i / t <u></u>	15:0	—	—	-	—	—	_	—	—	_	—	—	—		RPA2	<3:0>		0000
FB0C	RPA3R	31:16	_	_	—	—	_	_	_	_	_	—	_	—	_	—		—	0000
T BOC		15:0	_		—	_	_	_	—	_	_		—	_		RPA3	<3:0>		0000
FB10	RPA4R	31:16		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_			—	0000
T D IO		15:0	—	—	—	—	_		—	_		—	—	—		RPA4	<3:0>		0000
FB20	RPA8R ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	_		—	_		—	—	—	_	—	—	—	0000
1 020		15:0	_	—	—	—	_		—	_		—	—	—		RPA8	<3:0>		0000
FB24	RPA9R ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	-		_	-		_	_	—	-	—	_	—	0000
1 D24	KFA9K /	15:0	—	—	—	—	-		_	-		_	_	—		RPA9	<3:0>		0000
FB2C	RPB0R	31:16	_	_	—	—	_	-	_	_	-	—	_	—	_	_	_	—	0000
1 020	KF DUK	15:0	_	—	—	—	_	_	—	_	_	—	—	—		RPB0	<3:0>		0000
FB30	RPB1R	31:16	_	_	—	—			—			—	—	—		_	—	—	0000
FB30	REDIR	15:0	_	_	—	—			—			—	—	—		RPB1	<3:0>		0000
FB34	RPB2R	31:16	_	_	_	_			_			_	_	_		_	_	—	0000
FB34	RPBZR	15:0	—	—	—	—	—	_	_	—	_	—	_	—		RPB2	<3:0>		0000
FB38	RPB3R	31:16	_	_	—	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	—	_	_	_	_	0000
FB30	RPBJR	15:0	—	—	—	—	—	_	_	—	_	—	_	—		RPB3	<3:0>		0000
FD2C		31:16	—	—	—	—	—	_	_	—	_	—	_	—	—	—	—	—	0000
FB3C	RPB4R	15:0	_	—	—	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		RPB4	<3:0>		0000
ED 40		31:16			—	—	—	-	—	—	—	—	—	—	_			—	0000
FB40	RPB5R	15:0	_		—											RPB5	<3:0>		0000
5044		31:16	_	—	_	—	—	_	_	_	_	—	_	—	_	_	_	—	0000
FB44	RPB6R ⁽²⁾	15:0	_	—	_	—	_	_	_	_	_	—	_	—		RPB6	<3:0>		0000
50.40		31:16	_	—	_	—	_	_	_	_	_	—	_	—	_	_	_	—	0000
FB48	RPB7R	15:0	_	—	_	—	_	_	_	_	_	—	_	—		RPB7	<3:0>		0000

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x = unknown value on Reset; - = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal. Legend:

This register is only available on 44-pin devices. Note 1:

2: This register is only available on PIC32MX1XX devices.

3: This register is only available on 36-pin and 44-pin devices. PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

13.0 TIMER2/3, TIMER4/5

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 14. "Timers"** (DS60001105), which is available from the *Documentation* > *Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

This family of PIC32 devices features four synchronous 16-bit timers (default) that can operate as a freerunning interval timer for various timing applications and counting external events. The following modes are supported:

- Synchronous internal 16-bit timer
- Synchronous internal 16-bit gated timer
- · Synchronous external 16-bit timer

Two 32-bit synchronous timers are available by combining Timer2 with Timer3 and Timer4 with Timer5. The 32-bit timers can operate in three modes:

- Synchronous internal 32-bit timer
- · Synchronous internal 32-bit gated timer
- Synchronous external 32-bit timer

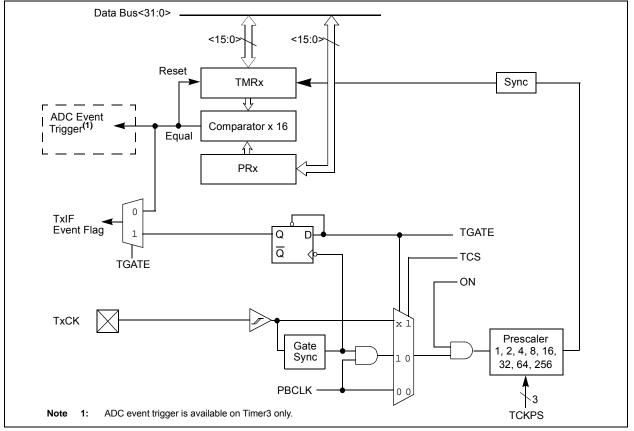
Note:	In this chapter, references to registers,
	TxCON, TMRx and PRx, use 'x' to
	represent Timer2 through Timer5 in 16-bit
	modes. In 32-bit modes, 'x' represents
	Timer2 or Timer4 and 'y' represents
	Timer3 or Timer5.

13.1 Additional Supported Features

- · Selectable clock prescaler
- Timers operational during CPU idle
- Time base for Input Capture and Output Compare modules (Timer2 and Timer3 only)
- ADC event trigger (Timer3 in 16-bit mode, Timer2/3 in 32-bit mode)
- Fast bit manipulation using CLR, SET and INV registers

Figure 13-1 and Figure 13-2 illustrate block diagrams of Timer2/3 and Timer4/5.

FIGURE 13-1: TIMER2-TIMER5 BLOCK DIAGRAM (16-BIT)



15.1 **Input Capture Control Registers**

	TABLE 15-1: INPUT CAPTURE 1-INPUT CAPTURE 5 REGISTER MAP																
ess										Bi	ts						
Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1
	IC1CON ⁽¹⁾	31:16		_	—	—	—	—	_	—	—	—		—	—	—	—
2000 101	101001	15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	FEDGE	C32	ICTMR	ICI<	1:0>	ICOV	ICBNE		ICM<2:0>
2010	IC1BUF	31:16 15:0								IC1BUF	<31:0>						
2200	IC2CON ⁽¹⁾	31:16		—	_	—	—	—	—	—	_	—	_	—	_	—	—
2200	1020011	15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—		—	FEDGE	C32	ICTMR	ICI<	1:0>	ICOV	ICBNE		ICM<2:0>
2210	IC2BUF	31:16 15:0								IC2BUF	<31:0>						
2400	IC3CON ⁽¹⁾	31:16		_	—	_	_	_	—	_	—	-	_	—	_	_	—
2400	1030011	15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—		—	FEDGE	C32	ICTMR	ICI<	1:0>	ICOV	ICBNE		ICM<2:0>
2410	IC3BUF	31:16 15:0								IC3BUF	<31:0>						
2600	IC4CON ⁽¹⁾	31:16	-	_	—	_	-	_	—	—	_	_	_	—	—	_	—
2000	1040010	15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—		—	FEDGE	C32	ICTMR	ICI<	1:0>	ICOV	ICBNE		ICM<2:0>
2610	IC4BUF	31:16 15:0								IC4BUF	<31:0>						
2800	IC5CON ⁽¹⁾	31:16	-	_	—	_	-	_	—	—	_	_	_	—	—	_	—
2000	1030011	15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	FEDGE	C32	ICTMR	ICI<	1:0>	ICOV	ICBNE		ICM<2:0>
2810	IC5BUF	31:16 15:0								IC5BUF	<31:0>						

Т

Legend:

This register has corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information. Note 1:

All Resets

0000

0000 xxxx xxxx 0000 0000 xxxx xxxx 0000 0000 xxxx xxxx 0000 0000 xxxx xxxx 0000 0000 xxxx xxxx

16/0

—

REGISTER 18-2: I2CxSTAT: I²C STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 4	P: Stop bit 1 = Indicates that a Stop bit has been detected last
	 0 = Stop bit was not detected last Hardware set or clear when Start, Repeated Start or Stop detected.
bit 3	S: Start bit
	 1 = Indicates that a Start (or Repeated Start) bit has been detected last 0 = Start bit was not detected last
	Hardware set or clear when Start, Repeated Start or Stop detected.
bit 2	R_W: Read/Write Information bit (when operating as I ² C slave)
	 1 = Read – indicates data transfer is output from slave 0 = Write – indicates data transfer is input to slave
	Hardware set or clear after reception of I ² C device address byte.
bit 1	RBF: Receive Buffer Full Status bit
	1 = Receive complete, I2CxRCV is full
	0 = Receive not complete, I2CxRCV is empty
	Hardware set when I2CxRCV is written with received byte. Hardware clear when software reads I2CxRCV.
bit 0	TBF: Transmit Buffer Full Status bit
	1 = Transmit in progress, I2CxTRN is full

0 = Transmit complete, I2CxTRN is empty

Hardware set when software writes I2CxTRN. Hardware clear at completion of data transmission.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0			
24.24	U-0 U-0		U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0 U-0		R/W-0			
31:24		_	_	_	—	_	_	ADM_EN			
00.40	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0			
23:16	ADDR<7:0>										
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-1			
15:8	UTXISE	L<1:0>	UTXINV	URXEN	UTXBRK	UTXEN	UTXBF	TRMT			
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-1	R-0	R-0	R/W-0	R-0			
7:0	URXISE	L<1:0>	ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA			

REGISTER 19-2: UxSTA: UARTx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER

Legend:

0			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, r	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-25 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 24 ADM_EN: Automatic Address Detect Mode Enable bit
 - 1 = Automatic Address Detect mode is enabled
 - 0 = Automatic Address Detect mode is disabled
- bit 23-16 ADDR<7:0>: Automatic Address Mask bits

When the ADM_EN bit is '1', this value defines the address character to use for automatic address detection.

- bit 15-14 UTXISEL<1:0>: TX Interrupt Mode Selection bits
 - 11 = Reserved, do not use
 - 10 = Interrupt is generated and asserted while the transmit buffer is empty
 - 01 = Interrupt is generated and asserted when all characters have been transmitted
 - 00 = Interrupt is generated and asserted while the transmit buffer contains at least one empty space

bit 13 **UTXINV:** Transmit Polarity Inversion bit

If IrDA mode is disabled (i.e., IREN (UxMODE<12>) is '0'):

- 1 = UxTX Idle state is '0'
- 0 = UxTX Idle state is '1'

If IrDA mode is enabled (i.e., IREN (UxMODE<12>) is '1'):

- 1 = IrDA encoded UxTX Idle state is '1'
- 0 = IrDA encoded UxTX Idle state is '0'
- bit 12 URXEN: Receiver Enable bit
 - 1 = UARTx receiver is enabled. UxRX pin is controlled by UARTx (if ON = 1)
 - 0 = UARTx receiver is disabled. UxRX pin is ignored by the UARTx module. UxRX pin is controlled by port.

bit 11 UTXBRK: Transmit Break bit

- 1 = Send Break on next transmission. Start bit followed by twelve '0' bits, followed by Stop bit; cleared by hardware upon completion
- 0 = Break transmission is disabled or completed
- bit 10 UTXEN: Transmit Enable bit
 - 1 = UARTx transmitter is enabled. UxTX pin is controlled by UARTx (if ON = 1).
 - 0 = UARTx transmitter is disabled. Any pending transmission is aborted and buffer is reset. UxTX pin is controlled by port.
- bit 9 **UTXBF:** Transmit Buffer Full Status bit (read-only)
 - 1 = Transmit buffer is full
 - 0 = Transmit buffer is not full, at least one more character can be written
- bit 8 TRMT: Transmit Shift Register is Empty bit (read-only)
 - 1 = Transmit shift register is empty and transmit buffer is empty (the last transmission has completed)
 - 0 = Transmit shift register is not empty, a transmission is in progress or queued in the transmit buffer

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.04	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24			_	_	_	-	_	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23.10	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	—
45.0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
15:8	BUSY	IRQM	<1:0>	INCM	<1:0>	_	MODE	<1:0>
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	WAITB	<1:0> (1)		WAITM	WAITE<1:0>(1)			

REGISTER 20-2: PMMODE: PARALLEL PORT MODE REGISTER

Legend:

3						
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'				
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown			

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 15 **BUSY:** Busy bit (Master mode only)
 - 1 = Port is busy
 - 0 = Port is not busy

bit 14-13 IRQM<1:0>: Interrupt Request Mode bits

- 11 = Reserved, do not use
- 10 = Interrupt generated when Read Buffer 3 is read or Write Buffer 3 is written (Buffered PSP mode) or on a read or write operation when PMA<1:0> =11 (Addressable Slave mode only)
- 01 = Interrupt generated at the end of the read/write cycle
- 00 = No Interrupt generated

bit 12-11 INCM<1:0>: Increment Mode bits

- 11 = Slave mode read and write buffers auto-increment (MODE<1:0> = 00 only)
- 10 = Decrement ADDR<10:2> and ADDR<14> by 1 every read/write cycle⁽²⁾
- 01 = Increment ADDR<10:2> and ADDR<14> by 1 every read/write cycle⁽²⁾
- 00 = No increment or decrement of address
- bit 10 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 9-8 MODE<1:0>: Parallel Port Mode Select bits
 - 11 = Master mode 1 (PMCS1, PMRD/PMWR, PMENB, PMA<x:0>, and PMD<7:0>)
 - 10 = Master mode 2 (PMCS1, PMRD, PMWR, PMA<x:0>, and PMD<7:0>)
 - 01 = Enhanced Slave mode, control signals (PMRD, PMWR, PMCS1, PMD<7:0>, and PMA<1:0>)
 - 00 = Legacy Parallel Slave Port, control signals (PMRD, PMWR, PMCS1, and PMD<7:0>)
- bit 7-6 WAITB<1:0>: Data Setup to Read/Write Strobe Wait States bits⁽¹⁾
 - 11 = Data wait of 4 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 4 TPB
 - 10 = Data wait of 3 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 3 TPB
 - 01 = Data wait of 2 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 2 TPB
 - 00 = Data wait of 1 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 1 TPB (default)

bit 5-2 WAITM<3:0>: Data Read/Write Strobe Wait States bits⁽¹⁾

- 1111 = Wait of 16 Трв •
- . 0001 = Wait of 2 Трв 0000 = Wait of 1 Трв (default)
- **Note 1:** Whenever WAITM<3:0> = 0000, WAITB and WAITE bits are ignored and forced to 1 TPBCLK cycle for a write operation; WAITB = 1 TPBCLK cycle, WAITE = 0 TPBCLK cycles for a read operation.
 - 2: Address bit A14 is not subject to auto-increment/decrement if configured as Chip Select CS1.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 21-2: RTCALRM: RTC ALARM CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 7-0 ARPT<7:0>: Alarm Repeat Counter Value bits⁽²⁾ 11111111 = Alarm will trigger 256 times

> 00000000 = Alarm will trigger one time The counter decrements on any alarm event. The counter only rolls over from 0x00 to 0xFF if CHIME = 1.

- **Note 1:** Hardware clears the ALRMEN bit anytime the alarm event occurs, when ARPT<7:0> = 00 and CHIME = 0.
 - 2: This field should not be written when the RTCC ON bit = '1' (RTCCON<15>) and ALRMSYNC = 1.
 - 3: This assumes a CPU read will execute in less than 32 PBCLKs.

Note: This register is reset only on a Power-on Reset (POR).

23.1 Comparator Control Registers

TABLE 23-1: COMPARATOR REGISTER MAP

ess		0	Bits																
Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Reset
4000	CM1CON	31:16	_	—	_	_	-	_		-	—	—	-	—	—	—	_	_	0000
A000	CIVITCON	15:0	ON	COE	CPOL	_	—	_	—	COUT	EVPO	L<1:0>	—	CREF	_	—	CCH	<1:0>	00C3
A010	CM2CON	31:16	—	-			-		-	-	—	—	-	—	—	—		—	0000
AUTO	CIVIZCON	15:0	ON	COE	CPOL	_		_		COUT	EVPO	L<1:0>		CREF	_	_	CCH	<1:0>	00C3
A020	CM3CON	31:16	_	_	_	_		_			_	_		_	_	_	_	_	0000
A020	CIVISCON	15:0	ON	COE	CPOL	_	—	_	—	COUT	EVPO	L<1:0>	—	CREF	_	—	CCH	<1:0>	00C3
A060	CMSTAT	31:16	—	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	—	—	_	—	_	—	_	—	0000
7000	CIVISTAI	15:0	_	_	SIDL	_		_			-	_		_		C3OUT	C2OUT	C10UT	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information.

29.0 DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT

The PIC[®] microcontrollers (MCU) and dsPIC[®] digital signal controllers (DSC) are supported with a full range of software and hardware development tools:

- Integrated Development Environment
- MPLAB[®] X IDE Software
- Compilers/Assemblers/Linkers
 - MPLAB XC Compiler
 - MPASM[™] Assembler
 - MPLINK[™] Object Linker/ MPLIB[™] Object Librarian
 - MPLAB Assembler/Linker/Librarian for Various Device Families
- Simulators
 - MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator
- Emulators
 - MPLAB REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator
- In-Circuit Debuggers/Programmers
 - MPLAB ICD 3
 - PICkit™ 3
- Device Programmers
 - MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer
- Low-Cost Demonstration/Development Boards, Evaluation Kits and Starter Kits
- Third-party development tools

29.1 MPLAB X Integrated Development Environment Software

The MPLAB X IDE is a single, unified graphical user interface for Microchip and third-party software, and hardware development tool that runs on Windows[®], Linux and Mac OS[®] X. Based on the NetBeans IDE, MPLAB X IDE is an entirely new IDE with a host of free software components and plug-ins for high-performance application development and debugging. Moving between tools and upgrading from software simulators to hardware debugging and programming tools is simple with the seamless user interface.

With complete project management, visual call graphs, a configurable watch window and a feature-rich editor that includes code completion and context menus, MPLAB X IDE is flexible and friendly enough for new users. With the ability to support multiple tools on multiple projects with simultaneous debugging, MPLAB X IDE is also suitable for the needs of experienced users.

Feature-Rich Editor:

- · Color syntax highlighting
- Smart code completion makes suggestions and provides hints as you type
- Automatic code formatting based on user-defined rules
- · Live parsing

User-Friendly, Customizable Interface:

- Fully customizable interface: toolbars, toolbar buttons, windows, window placement, etc.
- Call graph window
- Project-Based Workspaces:
- Multiple projects
- Multiple tools
- · Multiple configurations
- · Simultaneous debugging sessions

File History and Bug Tracking:

- · Local file history feature
- Built-in support for Bugzilla issue tracker

DC CHA		ISTICS	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V} \\ \mbox{(unless otherwise stated)} \\ \mbox{Operating temperature} & -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +85^{\circ}C \mbox{ for Industrial} \\ -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +105^{\circ}C \mbox{ for V-temp} \end{array}$							
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min. Typ. Max. Units Conditions							
DO10	Vol	Output Low Voltage	_	_	0.4	V	$\text{IOL} \leq 10 \text{ mA, VDD} = 3.3 \text{V}$			
DO20 Vон		Output High Voltage	1.5(1)	_	_	V	IOH \geq -14 mA, VDD = 3.3V			
		I/O Pins	2.0 ⁽¹⁾	_	_		IOH \geq -12 mA, VDD = 3.3V			
			2.4	_	_	v	IOH \geq -10 mA, VDD = 3.3V			
			3.0(1)	—	—		$IOH \ge -7 \text{ mA}, \text{ VDD} = 3.3 \text{V}$			

TABLE 30-10: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

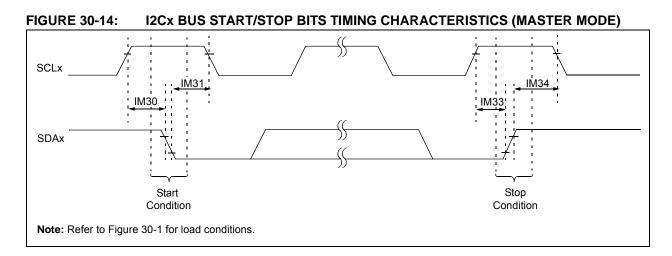
Note 1: Parameters are characterized, but not tested.

TABLE 30-11: ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: BOR

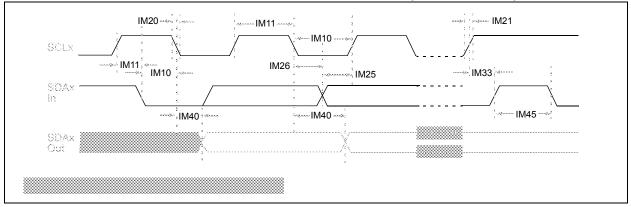
DC CHA	RACTER	ISTICS	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V} \\ \mbox{(unless otherwise stated)} \\ \mbox{Operating temperature} & -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +85^{\circ}C \mbox{ for Industrial} \\ -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +105^{\circ}C \mbox{ for V-temp} \end{array}$							
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min. ⁽¹⁾	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions			
BO10	VBOR	BOR Event on VDD transition high-to-low ⁽²⁾	2.0	—	2.3	V	_			

Note 1: Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested in manufacturing.

2: Overall functional device operation at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN is tested, but not characterized. All device Analog modules, such as ADC, etc., will function, but with degraded performance below VDDMIN.







33.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

33.1 Package Marking Information

28-Lead SOIC



28-Lead SPDIP



Example



Example



28-Lead SSOP



28-Lead QFN



Example



Example



Legenc	I: XXX Y YY WW NNN @3 *	Customer-specific information Year code (last digit of calendar year) Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year) Week code (week of January 1 is week '01') Alphanumeric traceability code Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn) This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (@3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.
Note:		Aicrochip part number cannot be marked on one line, it is carried over to the next limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.