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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 10x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	28-QFN (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx130f256bt-50i-ml

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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1.0 DEVICE OVERVIEW

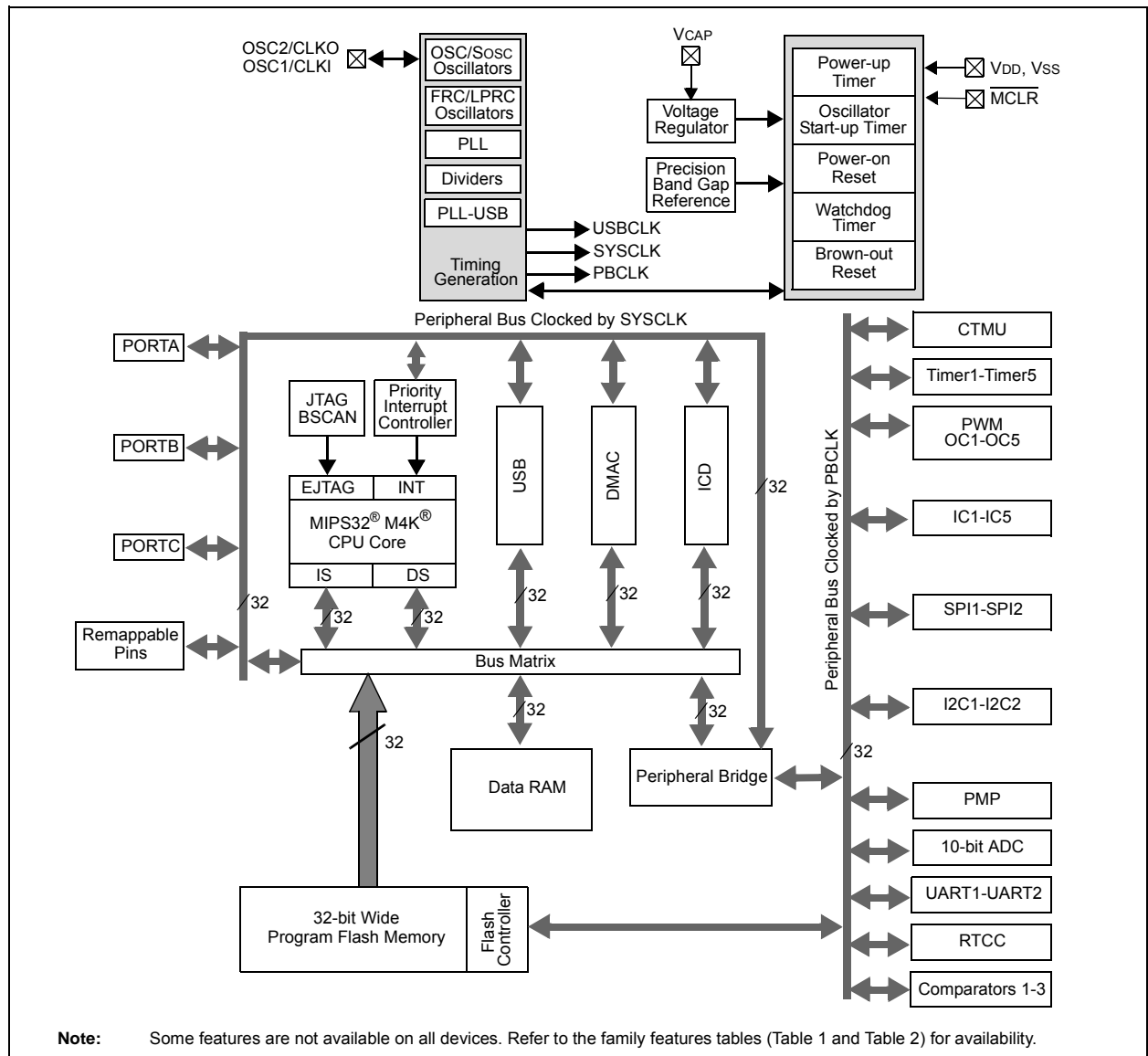
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to documents listed in the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

This document contains device-specific information for PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family devices.

Figure 1-1 illustrates a general block diagram of the core and peripheral modules in the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices.

Table 1-1 lists the functions of the various pins shown in the pinout diagrams.

FIGURE 1-1: BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number ⁽¹⁾				Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	28-pin QFN	28-pin SSOP/ SPDIP/ SOIC	36-pin VTLA	44-pin QFN/ TQFP/ VTLA			
SDA1	15	18	19	1	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1
SCL2	4	7	2	24	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C2
SDA2	3	6	1	23	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C2
TMS	19 ⁽²⁾	22 ⁽²⁾	25 ⁽²⁾	12	I	ST	JTAG Test mode select pin
	11 ⁽³⁾	14 ⁽³⁾	15 ⁽³⁾				
TCK	14	17	18	13	I	ST	JTAG test clock input pin
TDI	13	16	17	35	O	—	JTAG test data input pin
TDO	15	18	19	32	O	—	JTAG test data output pin
RTCC	4	7	2	24	O	ST	Real-Time Clock alarm output
CVREF-	28	3	34	20	I	Analog	Comparator Voltage Reference (low)
CVREF+	27	2	33	19	I	Analog	Comparator Voltage Reference (high)
CVREFOUT	22	25	28	14	O	Analog	Comparator Voltage Reference output
C1INA	4	7	2	24	I	Analog	Comparator Inputs
C1INB	3	6	1	23	I	Analog	
C1INC	2	5	36	22	I	Analog	
C1IND	1	4	35	21	I	Analog	
C2INA	2	5	36	22	I	Analog	
C2INB	1	4	35	21	I	Analog	
C2INC	4	7	2	24	I	Analog	
C2IND	3	6	1	23	I	Analog	
C3INA	23	26	29	15	I	Analog	
C3INB	22	25	28	14	I	Analog	
C3INC	27	2	33	19	I	Analog	
C3IND	1	4	35	21	I	Analog	
C1OUT	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	Comparator Outputs
C2OUT	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	
C3OUT	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels
TTL = TTL input buffer

Analog = Analog input
O = Output
PPS = Peripheral Pin Select

P = Power
I = Input
— = N/A

Note 1: Pin numbers are provided for reference only. See the “**Pin Diagrams**” section for device pin availability.
2: Pin number for PIC32MX1XX devices only.
3: Pin number for PIC32MX2XX devices only.

4.2 Bus Matrix Control Registers

TABLE 4-2: BUS MATRIX REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
2000	BMXCON ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BMXERRIXI	BMXERRICD	BMXERRDMA	BMXERRDS	BMXERRIS	001F
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BMXWSDRM	—	—	—	BMXARB<2:0>			0041
2010	BMXDKPBA ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	BMXDKPBA<15:0>																0000
2020	BMXDUDBA ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	BMXDUDBA<15:0>																0000
2030	BMXDUPBA ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	BMXDUPBA<15:0>																0000
2040	BMXDRMSZ	31:16	BMXDRMSZ<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0																	xxxx
2050	BMXPUPBA ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BMXPUPBA<19:16>					0000
		15:0	BMXPUPBA<15:0>																0000
2060	BMXPFMSZ	31:16	BMXPFMSZ<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0																	xxxx
2070	BMXBOOTSZ	31:16	BMXBOOTSZ<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0C00

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This register has corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

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REGISTER 5-2: NVMKEY: PROGRAMMING UNLOCK REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0
	NVMKEY<31:24>							
23:16	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0
	NVMKEY<23:16>							
15:8	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0
	NVMKEY<15:8>							
7:0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0
	NVMKEY<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **NVMKEY<31:0>**: Unlock Register bits

These bits are write-only, and read as '0' on any read

Note: This register is used as part of the unlock sequence to prevent inadvertent writes to the PFM.

REGISTER 5-3: NVMADDR: FLASH ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMADDR<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMADDR<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMADDR<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMADDR<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **NVMADDR<31:0>**: Flash Address bits

Bulk/Chip/PFM Erase: Address is ignored.

Page Erase: Address identifies the page to erase.

Row Program: Address identifies the row to program.

Word Program: Address identifies the word to program.

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REGISTER 7-6: IPCx: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
				IP03<2:0>			IS03<1:0>	
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
				IP02<2:0>			IS02<1:0>	
15:8	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
				IP01<2:0>			IS01<1:0>	
7:0	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
				IP00<2:0>			IS00<1:0>	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-29 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 28-26 **IP03<2:0>**: Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt priority is 7

.

.

.

010 = Interrupt priority is 2

001 = Interrupt priority is 1

000 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 25-24 **IS03<1:0>**: Interrupt Subpriority bits

11 = Interrupt subpriority is 3

10 = Interrupt subpriority is 2

01 = Interrupt subpriority is 1

00 = Interrupt subpriority is 0

bit 23-21 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 20-18 **IP02<2:0>**: Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt priority is 7

.

.

.

010 = Interrupt priority is 2

001 = Interrupt priority is 1

000 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 17-16 **IS02<1:0>**: Interrupt Subpriority bits

11 = Interrupt subpriority is 3

10 = Interrupt subpriority is 2

01 = Interrupt subpriority is 1

00 = Interrupt subpriority is 0

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-10 **IP01<2:0>**: Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt priority is 7

.

.

.

010 = Interrupt priority is 2

001 = Interrupt priority is 1

000 = Interrupt is disabled

Note: This register represents a generic definition of the IPCx register. Refer to Table 7-1 for the exact bit definitions.

9.1 DMA Control Registers

TABLE 9-1: DMA GLOBAL REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	
3000	DMACON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	—	SUSPEND	DMABUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
3010	DMASTAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RDWR	DMACH<2:0> ⁽²⁾		0000
3020	DMAADDR	31:16	DMAADDR<31:0>															0000
		15:0																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

TABLE 9-2: DMA CRC REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0
3030	DCRCCON	31:16	—	—	BYTO<1:0>		WBO	—	—	BITO	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	PLEN<4:0>					CRCEN	CRCAPP	CRCTYP	—	—	CRCCH<2:0>		0000	
3040	DCRCDATA	31:16	DCRCDATA<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
3050	DCRCXOR	31:16	DCRCXOR<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

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REGISTER 9-7: DCHxCON: DMA CHANNEL 'x' CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
	CHBUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHCHNS ⁽¹⁾
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHEN ⁽²⁾	CHAED	CHCHN	CHAEN	—	CHEDET	CHPRI<1:0>	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **CHBUSY:** Channel Busy bit

1 = Channel is active or has been enabled

0 = Channel is inactive or has been disabled

bit 14-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8 **CHCHNS:** Chain Channel Selection bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Chain to channel lower in natural priority (CH1 will be enabled by CH2 transfer complete)

0 = Chain to channel higher in natural priority (CH1 will be enabled by CH0 transfer complete)

bit 7 **CHEN:** Channel Enable bit⁽²⁾

1 = Channel is enabled

0 = Channel is disabled

bit 6 **CHAED:** Channel Allow Events If Disabled bit

1 = Channel start/abort events will be registered, even if the channel is disabled

0 = Channel start/abort events will be ignored if the channel is disabled

bit **CHCHN:** Channel Chain Enable bit

1 = Allow channel to be chained

0 = Do not allow channel to be chained

bit 4 **CHAEN:** Channel Automatic Enable bit

1 = Channel is continuously enabled, and not automatically disabled after a block transfer is complete

0 = Channel is disabled on block transfer complete

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2 **CHEDET:** Channel Event Detected bit

1 = An event has been detected

0 = No events have been detected

bit 1-0 **CHPRI<1:0>:** Channel Priority bits

11 = Channel has priority 3 (highest)

10 = Channel has priority 2

01 = Channel has priority 1

00 = Channel has priority 0

Note 1: The chain selection bit takes effect when chaining is enabled (i.e., CHCHN = 1).

2: When the channel is suspended by clearing this bit, the user application should poll the CHBUSY bit (if available on the device variant) to see when the channel is suspended, as it may take some clock cycles to complete a current transaction before the channel is suspended.

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REGISTER 9-18: DCHxDAT: DMA CHANNEL 'x' PATTERN DATA REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHPDAT<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **CHPDAT<7:0>:** Channel Data Register bits

Pattern Terminate mode:

Data to be matched must be stored in this register to allow a "terminate on match".

All other modes:

Unused.

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TABLE 11-2: OUTPUT PIN SELECTION

RPn Port Pin	RPnR SFR	RPnR bits	RPnR Value to Peripheral Selection
RPA0	RPA0R	RPA0R<3:0>	0000 = No Connect 0001 = U1TX 0010 = U2RTS 0011 = SS1 0100 = Reserved 0101 = OC1 0110 = Reserved 0111 = C2OUT 1000 = Reserved . . 1111 = Reserved
RPB3	RPB3R	RPB3R<3:0>	
RPB4	RPB4R	RPB4R<3:0>	
RPB15	RPB15R	RPB15R<3:0>	
RPB7	RPB7R	RPB7R<3:0>	
RPC7	RPC7R	RPC7R<3:0>	
RPC0	RPC0R	RPC0R<3:0>	
RPC5	RPC5R	RPC5R<3:0>	
RPA1	RPA1R	RPA1R<3:0>	0000 = No Connect 0001 = Reserved 0010 = Reserved 0011 = SDO1 0100 = SDO2 0101 = OC2 0110 = Reserved 0111 = C3OUT . . . 1111 = Reserved
RPB5	RPB5R	RPB5R<3:0>	
RPB1	RPB1R	RPB1R<3:0>	
RPB11	RPB11R	RPB11R<3:0>	
RPB8	RPB8R	RPB8R<3:0>	
RPA8	RPA8R	RPA8R<3:0>	
RPC8	RPC8R	RPC8R<3:0>	
RPA9	RPA9R	RPA9R<3:0>	
RPA2	RPA2R	RPA2R<3:0>	0000 = No Connect 0001 = Reserved 0010 = Reserved 0011 = SDO1 0100 = SDO2 0101 = OC4 0110 = OC5 0111 = REFCLKO 1000 = Reserved . . . 1111 = Reserved
RPB6	RPB6R	RPB6R<3:0>	
RPA4	RPA4R	RPA4R<3:0>	
RPB13	RPB13R	RPB13R<3:0>	
RPB2	RPB2R	RPB2R<3:0>	
RPC6	RPC6R	RPC6R<3:0>	
RPC1	RPC1R	RPC1R<3:0>	
RPC3	RPC3R	RPC3R<3:0>	
RPA3	RPA3R	RPA3R<3:0>	0000 = No Connect 0001 = U1RTS 0010 = U2TX 0011 = Reserved 0100 = SS2 0101 = OC3 0110 = Reserved 0111 = C1OUT 1000 = Reserved . . . 1111 = Reserved
RPB14	RPB14R	RPB14R<3:0>	
RPB0	RPB0R	RPB0R<3:0>	
RPB10	RPB10R	RPB10R<3:0>	
RPB9	RPB9R	RPB9R<3:0>	
RPC9	RPC9R	RPC9R<3:0>	
RPC2	RPC2R	RPC2R<3:0>	
RPC4	RPC4R	RPC4R<3:0>	

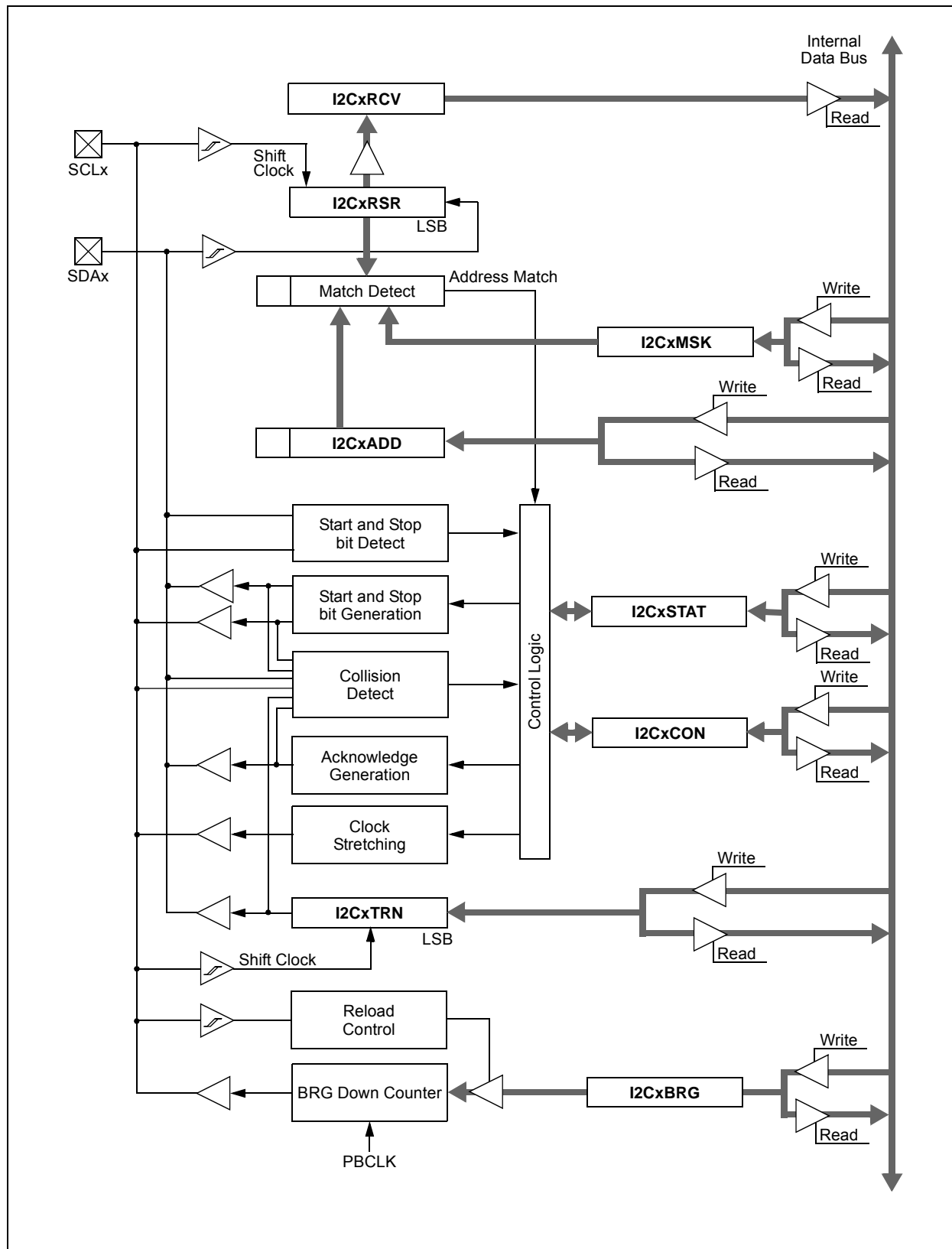
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REGISTER 17-3: SPIxSTAT: SPI STATUS REGISTER

- bit 3 **SPITBE:** SPI Transmit Buffer Empty Status bit
1 = Transmit buffer, SPIxTXB is empty
0 = Transmit buffer, SPIxTXB is not empty
Automatically set in hardware when SPI transfers data from SPIxTXB to SPIxSR.
Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIxBUF is written to, loading SPIxTXB.
- bit 2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1 **SPITBF:** SPI Transmit Buffer Full Status bit
1 = Transmit not yet started, SPITXB is full
0 = Transmit buffer is not full
Standard Buffer Mode:
Automatically set in hardware when the core writes to the SPIBUF location, loading SPITXB.
Automatically cleared in hardware when the SPI module transfers data from SPITXB to SPIxSR.
Enhanced Buffer Mode:
Set when CWPTR + 1 = SRPTR; cleared otherwise
- bit 0 **SPIRBF:** SPI Receive Buffer Full Status bit
1 = Receive buffer, SPIxRXB is full
0 = Receive buffer, SPIxRXB is not full
Standard Buffer Mode:
Automatically set in hardware when the SPI module transfers data from SPIxSR to SPIxRXB.
Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIxBUF is read from, reading SPIxRXB.
Enhanced Buffer Mode:
Set when SWPTR + 1 = CRPTR; cleared otherwise

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FIGURE 18-1: I²C BLOCK DIAGRAM



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NOTES:

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REGISTER 27-4: DEVCFG3: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 3

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
	FVBUSONIO	FUSBIDIO	IOL1WAY	PMDL1WAY	—	—	—	—
23:16	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P
	USERID<15:8>							
7:0	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P
	USERID<7:0>							

Legend:	r = Reserved bit	P = Programmable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 31 **FVBUSONIO**: USB VBUSON Selection bit
1 = VBUSON pin is controlled by the USB module
0 = VBUSON pin is controlled by the port function
- bit 30 **FUSBIDIO**: USB USBID Selection bit
1 = USBID pin is controlled by the USB module
0 = USBID pin is controlled by the port function
- bit 29 **IOL1WAY**: Peripheral Pin Select Configuration bit
1 = Allow only one reconfiguration
0 = Allow multiple reconfigurations
- bit 28 **PMDL1WAY**: Peripheral Module Disable Configuration bit
1 = Allow only one reconfiguration
0 = Allow multiple reconfigurations
- bit 27-16 **Reserved**: Write '1'
- bit 15-0 **USERID<15:0>**: User ID bits
This is a 16-bit value that is user-defined and is readable via ICSP™ and JTAG.

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29.11 Demonstration/Development Boards, Evaluation Kits, and Starter Kits

A wide variety of demonstration, development and evaluation boards for various PIC MCUs and dsPIC DSCs allows quick application development on fully functional systems. Most boards include prototyping areas for adding custom circuitry and provide application firmware and source code for examination and modification.

The boards support a variety of features, including LEDs, temperature sensors, switches, speakers, RS-232 interfaces, LCD displays, potentiometers and additional EEPROM memory.

The demonstration and development boards can be used in teaching environments, for prototyping custom circuits and for learning about various microcontroller applications.

In addition to the PICDEM™ and dsPICDEM™ demonstration/development board series of circuits, Microchip has a line of evaluation kits and demonstration software for analog filter design, KEELOQ® security ICs, CAN, IrDA®, PowerSmart battery management, SEEVAL® evaluation system, Sigma-Delta ADC, flow rate sensing, plus many more.

Also available are starter kits that contain everything needed to experience the specified device. This usually includes a single application and debug capability, all on one board.

Check the Microchip web page (www.microchip.com) for the complete list of demonstration, development and evaluation kits.

29.12 Third-Party Development Tools

Microchip also offers a great collection of tools from third-party vendors. These tools are carefully selected to offer good value and unique functionality.

- Device Programmers and Gang Programmers from companies, such as SoftLog and CCS
- Software Tools from companies, such as Gimpel and Trace Systems
- Protocol Analyzers from companies, such as Saleae and Total Phase
- Demonstration Boards from companies, such as MikroElektronika, Digilent® and Olimex
- Embedded Ethernet Solutions from companies, such as EZ Web Lynx, WIZnet and IPLogika®

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TABLE 30-6: DC CHARACTERISTICS: IDLE CURRENT (I_{IDLE})

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp			
Parameter No.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions		
Idle Current (IDLE): Core Off, Clock on Base Current (Notes 1, 4)						
DC30a	1	1.5	mA	4 MHz (Note 3)		
DC31a	2	3	mA	10 MHz		
DC32a	4	6	mA	20 MHz (Note 3)		
DC33a	5.5	8	mA	30 MHz (Note 3)		
DC34a	7.5	11	mA	40 MHz		
DC37a	100	—	μA	-40°C	3.3V	LPRC (31 kHz) (Note 3)
DC37b	250	—	μA	+25°C		
DC37c	380	—	μA	+85°C		

Note 1: The test conditions for I_{IDLE} current measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator mode is EC (for 8 MHz and below) and EC+PLL (for above 8 MHz) with OSC1 driven by external square wave from rail-to-rail, (OSC1 input clock input over/undershoot < 100 mV required)
 - OSC2/CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin
 - USB PLL oscillator is disabled if the USB module is implemented, PBCLK divisor = 1:8
 - CPU is in Idle mode (CPU core Halted), and SRAM data memory Wait states = 1
 - No peripheral modules are operating, (ON bit = 0), but the associated PMD bit is cleared
 - WDT, Clock Switching, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor, and Secondary Oscillator are disabled
 - All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to V_{SS}
 - MCLR = V_{DD}
 - RTCC and JTAG are disabled
- 2:** Data in the “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.
- 3:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.
- 4:** I_{IDLE} electrical characteristics for devices with 256 KB Flash are only provided as Preliminary information.

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TABLE 30-7: DC CHARACTERISTICS: POWER-DOWN CURRENT (IPD)

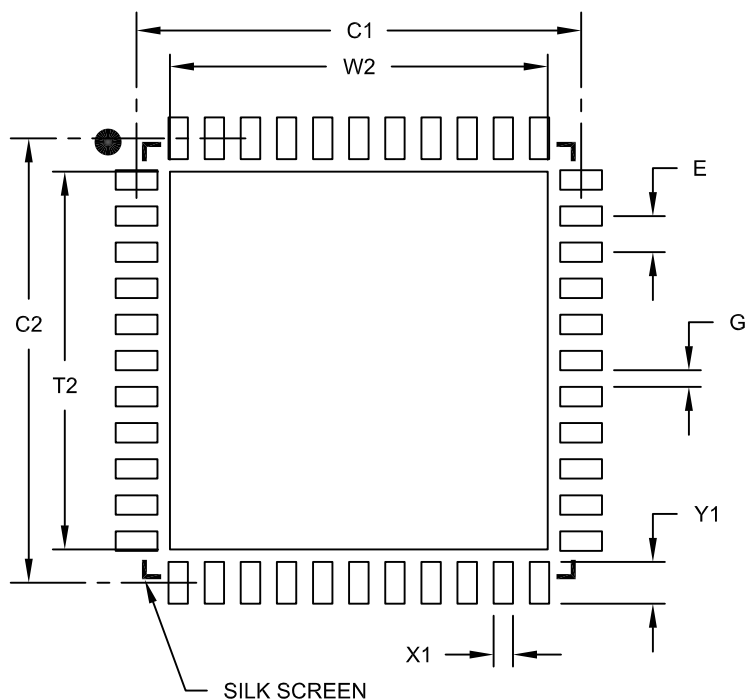
DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp		
Param. No.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions	
Power-Down Current (IPD) (Notes 1, 5)					
DC40k	44	70	μA	-40°C	Base Power-Down Current
DC40l	44	70	μA	+25°C	
DC40n	168	259	μA	+85°C	
DC40m	335	536	μA	+105°C	
Module Differential Current					
DC41e	5	20	μA	3.6V	Watchdog Timer Current: ΔIWDT (Note 3)
DC42e	23	50	μA	3.6V	RTCC + Timer1 w/32 kHz Crystal: ΔIRTCC (Note 3)
DC43d	1000	1100	μA	3.6V	ADC: ΔIADC (Notes 3,4)

- Note 1:** The test conditions for IPD current measurements are as follows:
- Oscillator mode is EC (for 8 MHz and below) and EC+PLL (for above 8 MHz) with OSC1 driven by external square wave from rail-to-rail, (OSC1 input clock input over/undershoot < 100 mV required)
 - OSC2/CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin
 - USB PLL oscillator is disabled if the USB module is implemented, PBCLK divisor = 1:8
 - CPU is in Sleep mode, and SRAM data memory Wait states = 1
 - No peripheral modules are operating, (ON bit = 0), but the associated PMD bit is set
 - WDT, Clock Switching, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor, and Secondary Oscillator are disabled
 - All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to V_{SS}
 - $\overline{\text{MCLR}} = \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$
 - RTCC and JTAG are disabled
- 2:** Data in the “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.
- 3:** The Δ current is the additional current consumed when the module is enabled. This current should be added to the base IPD current.
- 4:** Test conditions for ADC module differential current are as follows: Internal ADC RC oscillator enabled.
- 5:** IPD electrical characteristics for devices with 256 KB Flash are only provided as Preliminary information.

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44-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ML) – 8x8 mm Body [QFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.65 BSC		
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			6.80
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			6.80
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		8.00	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		8.00	
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.35
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			0.80
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2103A

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TABLE A-1: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES (CONTINUED)

Section	Update Description
29.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	<p>Updated the Absolute Maximum Ratings (removed Voltage on V_{CORE} with respect to V_{SS}).</p> <p>Added the SPDIP specification to the Thermal Packaging Characteristics (see Table 29-2).</p> <p>Updated the Typical values for parameters DC20-DC24 in the Operating Current (I_{DD}) specification (see Table 29-5).</p> <p>Updated the Typical values for parameters DC30a-DC34a in the Idle Current (I_{IDLE}) specification (see Table 29-6).</p> <p>Updated the Typical values for parameters DC40i and DC40n and removed parameter DC40m in the Power-down Current (I_{PD}) specification (see Table 29-7).</p> <p>Removed parameter D320 (V_{CORE}) from the Internal Voltage Regulator Specifications and updated the Comments (see Table 29-13).</p> <p>Updated the Minimum, Typical, and Maximum values for parameter F20b in the Internal FRC Accuracy specification (see Table 29-17).</p> <p>Removed parameter SY01 (TPWRT) and removed all Conditions from Resets Timing (see Table 29-20).</p> <p>Updated all parameters in the CTMU Specifications (see Table 29-39).</p>
31.0 “Packaging Information”	Added the 28-lead SPDIP package diagram information (see 31.1 “Package Marking Information” and 31.2 “Package Details”).
“Product Identification System”	Added the SPDIP (SP) package definition.

Revision C (November 2011)

All major changes are referenced by their respective section in Table A-2.

TABLE A-2: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section	Update Description
“32-bit Microcontrollers (up to 128 KB Flash and 32 KB SRAM) with Audio and Graphics Interfaces, USB, and Advanced Analog”	<p>Revised the source/sink on I/O pins (see “Input/Output” on page 1).</p> <p>Added the SPDIP package to the PIC32MX220F032B device in the PIC32MX2XX USB Family Features (see Table 2).</p>
4.0 “Memory Organization”	Removed ANSB6 from the ANSELB register and added the ODCB6, ODCB10, and ODCB11 bits in the PORTB Register Map (see Table 4-20).
29.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	Updated the minimum value for parameter OS50 in the PLL Clock Timing Specifications (see Table 29-16).