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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 10x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx130f256bt-50i-ss

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 8: PIN NAMES FOR 36-PIN USB DEVICES

36-PIN VTLA (TOP VIEW)^(1,2,3,5) PIC32MX210F016C PIC32MX220F032C PIC32MX230F064C PIC32MX250F128C				36		1	
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/CTED13/PMD2/RB2	19	TDO/RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9	20	RPC9/CTED7/RC9		
2	AN5/C1INA/C2INC/RTCC/RPB3/SCL2/PMWR/RB3	21	VSS	22	VCAP		
3	PGED4 ⁽⁴⁾ /AN6/RPC0/RC0	23	VDD	24	PGED2/RPB10/D+/CTED11/RB10		
4	PGEC4 ⁽⁴⁾ /AN7/RPC1/RC1	25	PGEC2/RPB11/D-/RB11	26	VUSB3V3		
5	VDD	27	AN11/RPB13/CTPLS/PMRD/RB13	28	CVREFOUT/AN10/C3INB/RPB14/VBUSON/SCK1/CTED5/RB14		
6	VSS	29	AN9/C3INA/RPB15/SCK2/CTED6/PMCS1/RB15	30	AVSS		
7	OSC1/CLKI/RPA2/RA2	31	AVDD	32	MCLR		
8	OSC2/CLKO/RPA3/PMA0/RA3	33	PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0	34	PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1		
9	SOSCI/RPB4/RB4	35	PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/PMD0/RB0	36	PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/CTED12/PMD1/RB1		
10	SOSCO/RPA4/T1CK/CTED9/PMA1/RA4						
11	AN12/RPC3/RC3						
12	VSS						
13	VDD						
14	VDD						
15	TMS/RPB5/USBID/RB5						
16	VBUS						
17	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7						
18	TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8						

- Note** 1: The RPN pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and **Section 11.3 “Peripheral Pin Select”** for restrictions.
- 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RCx) can be used as a change notification pin (CNAX-CNCx). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- 3: The metal plane at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.
- 4: This pin function is not available on PIC32MX210F016C and PIC32MX120F032C devices.
- 5: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number ⁽¹⁾				Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	28-pin QFN	28-pin SSOP/SPDIP/SOIC	36-pin VTLA	44-pin QFN/TQFP/VTLA			
RC0	—	—	3	25	I/O	ST	PORTC is a bidirectional I/O port
RC1	—	—	4	26	I/O	ST	
RC2	—	—	—	27	I/O	ST	
RC3	—	—	11	36	I/O	ST	
RC4	—	—	—	37	I/O	ST	
RC5	—	—	—	38	I/O	ST	
RC6	—	—	—	2	I/O	ST	
RC7	—	—	—	3	I/O	ST	
RC8	—	—	—	4	I/O	ST	
RC9	—	—	20	5	I/O	ST	
T1CK	9	12	10	34	I	ST	Timer1 external clock input
T2CK	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	Timer2 external clock input
T3CK	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	Timer3 external clock input
T4CK	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	Timer4 external clock input
T5CK	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	Timer5 external clock input
U1CTS	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	UART1 clear to send
U1RTS	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	UART1 ready to send
U1RX	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	UART1 receive
U1TX	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	UART1 transmit
U2CTS	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	UART2 clear to send
U2RTS	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	UART2 ready to send
U2RX	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	UART2 receive
U2TX	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	UART2 transmit
SCK1	22	25	28	14	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI1
SDI1	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	SPI1 data in
SDO1	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	SPI1 data out
SS1	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I/O	ST	SPI1 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O
SCK2	23	26	29	15	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI2
SDI2	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	SPI2 data in
SDO2	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	SPI2 data out
SS2	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I/O	ST	SPI2 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O
SCL1	14	17	18	44	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels
TTL = TTL input buffer

Analog = Analog input

O = Output

PPS = Peripheral Pin Select

P = Power

I = Input

— = N/A

Note 1: Pin numbers are provided for reference only. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for device pin availability.

2: Pin number for PIC32MX1XX devices only.

3: Pin number for PIC32MX2XX devices only.

9.1 DMA Control Registers

TABLE 9-1: DMA GLOBAL REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	
3000	DMACON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	—	SUSPEND	DMABUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
3010	DMASTAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RDWR	DMACH<2:0> ⁽²⁾		0000
3020	DMAADDR	31:16	DMAADDR<31:0>															0000
		15:0																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

TABLE 9-2: DMA CRC REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	
3030	DCRCCON	31:16	—	—	BYTO<1:0>		WBO	—	—	BITO	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	PLEN<4:0>					CRCEN	CRCAPP	CRCTYP	—	—	CRCCH<2:0>		0000
3040	DCRCDATA	31:16	DCRCDATA<31:0>															0000
		15:0																0000
3050	DCRCXOR	31:16	DCRCXOR<31:0>															0000
		15:0																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

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REGISTER 9-4: DCRCCON: DMA CRC CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
	—	—	BYTO<1:0>		WBO ⁽¹⁾	—	—	BITO
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	PLEN<4:0>				
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CRCCEN	CRCCAPP ⁽¹⁾	CRCTYP	—	—	CRCCH<2:0>		

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-30 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 29-28 **BYTO<1:0>:** CRC Byte Order Selection bits

11 = Endian byte swap on half-word boundaries (i.e., source half-word order with reverse source byte order per half-word)

10 = Swap half-words on word boundaries (i.e., reverse source half-word order with source byte order per half-word)

01 = Endian byte swap on word boundaries (i.e., reverse source byte order)

00 = No swapping (i.e., source byte order)

bit 27 **WBO:** CRC Write Byte Order Selection bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Source data is written to the destination re-ordered as defined by BYTO<1:0>

0 = Source data is written to the destination unaltered

bit 26-25 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 24 **BITO:** CRC Bit Order Selection bit

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 1 (CRC module is in IP Header mode):

1 = The IP header checksum is calculated Least Significant bit (LSb) first (i.e., reflected)

0 = The IP header checksum is calculated Most Significant bit (MSb) first (i.e., not reflected)

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 0 (CRC module is in LFSR mode):

1 = The LFSR CRC is calculated Least Significant bit first (i.e., reflected)

0 = The LFSR CRC is calculated Most Significant bit first (i.e., not reflected)

bit 23-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **PLEN<4:0>:** Polynomial Length bits

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 1 (CRC module is in IP Header mode):

These bits are unused.

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 0 (CRC module is in LFSR mode):

Denotes the length of the polynomial – 1.

bit 7 **CRCCEN:** CRC Enable bit

1 = CRC module is enabled and channel transfers are routed through the CRC module

0 = CRC module is disabled and channel transfers proceed normally

Note 1: When WBO = 1, unaligned transfers are not supported and the CRCCAPP bit cannot be set.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 9-8: DCHxECON: DMA CHANNEL 'x' EVENT CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
23:16	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
	CHAIRQ<7:0> ⁽¹⁾							
15:8	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
	CHSIRQ<7:0> ⁽¹⁾							
7:0	S-0 CFORCE	S-0 CABORT	R/W-0 PATEN	R/W-0 SIRQEN	R/W-0 AIRQEN	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —

Legend:	S = Settable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set
	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
	'0' = Bit is cleared
	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-24 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 23-16 **CHAIRQ<7:0>:** Channel Transfer Abort IRQ bits⁽¹⁾

11111111 = Interrupt 255 will abort any transfers in progress and set CHAIF flag

•
•
•

00000001 = Interrupt 1 will abort any transfers in progress and set CHAIF flag

00000000 = Interrupt 0 will abort any transfers in progress and set CHAIF flag

bit 15-8 **CHSIRQ<7:0>:** Channel Transfer Start IRQ bits⁽¹⁾

11111111 = Interrupt 255 will initiate a DMA transfer

•
•
•

00000001 = Interrupt 1 will initiate a DMA transfer

00000000 = Interrupt 0 will initiate a DMA transfer

bit 7 **CFORCE:** DMA Forced Transfer bit

1 = A DMA transfer is forced to begin when this bit is written to a '1'

0 = This bit always reads '0'

bit 6 **CABORT:** DMA Abort Transfer bit

1 = A DMA transfer is aborted when this bit is written to a '1'

0 = This bit always reads '0'

bit 5 **PATEN:** Channel Pattern Match Abort Enable bit

1 = Abort transfer and clear CHEN on pattern match

0 = Pattern match is disabled

bit 4 **SIRQEN:** Channel Start IRQ Enable bit

1 = Start channel cell transfer if an interrupt matching CHSIRQ occurs

0 = Interrupt number CHSIRQ is ignored and does not start a transfer

bit 3 **AIRQEN:** Channel Abort IRQ Enable bit

1 = Channel transfer is aborted if an interrupt matching CHAIRQ occurs

0 = Interrupt number CHAIRQ is ignored and does not terminate a transfer

bit 2-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: See Table 7-1: "Interrupt IRQ, Vector and Bit Location" for the list of available interrupt IRQ sources.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 9-18: DCHxDAT: DMA CHANNEL 'x' PATTERN DATA REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHPDAT<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **CHPDAT<7:0>:** Channel Data Register bits

Pattern Terminate mode:

Data to be matched must be stored in this register to allow a "terminate on match".

All other modes:

Unused.

TABLE 11-4: PORTB REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF88.#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
6100	ANSELB	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ANSB15	ANSB14	ANSB13	ANSB12 ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSB3	ANSB2	ANSB1	ANSB0	E00F
6110	TRISB	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TRISB15	TRISB14	TRISB13	TRISB12 ⁽²⁾	TRISB11	TRISB10	TRISB9	TRISB8	TRISB7	TRISB6 ⁽²⁾	TRISB5	TRISB4	TRISB3	TRISB2	TRISB1	TRISB0	FFFF
6120	PORTB	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	RB15	RB14	RB13	RB12 ⁽²⁾	RB11	RB10	RB9	RB8	RB7	RC6 ⁽²⁾	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	xxxx
6130	LATB	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	LATB15	LATB14	LATB13	LATB12 ⁽²⁾	LATB11	LATB10	LATB9	LATB8	LATB7	LATB6 ⁽²⁾	LATB5	LATB4	LATB3	LATB2	LATB1	LATB0	xxxx
6140	ODCB	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ODCB15	ODCB14	ODCB13	ODCB12 ⁽²⁾	ODCB11	ODCB10	ODCB9	ODCB8	ODCB7	ODCB6	ODCB5	ODCB4	ODCB3	ODCB2	ODCB1	ODCB0	0000
6150	CNPUB	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNPUB15	CNPUB14	CNPUB13	CNPUB12 ⁽²⁾	CNPUB11	CNPUB10	CNPUB9	CNPUB8	CNPUB7	CNPUB6 ⁽²⁾	CNPUB5	CNPUB4	CNPUB3	CNPUB2	CNPUB1	CNPUB0	0000
6160	CNPDB	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNPDB15	CNPDB14	CNPDB13	CNPDB12 ⁽²⁾	CNPDB11	CNPDB10	CNPDB9	CNPDB8	CNPDB7	CNPDB6 ⁽²⁾	CNPDB5	CNPDB4	CNPDB3	CNPDB2	CNPDB1	CNPDB0	0000
6170	CNCONB	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6180	CNENB	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNIEB15	CNIEB14	CNIEB13	CNIEB11 ⁽²⁾	CNIEB11	CNIEB10	CNIEB9	CNIEB8	CNIEB7	CNIEB6 ⁽²⁾	CNIEB5	CNIEB4	CNIEB3	CNIEB2	CNIEB1	CNIEB0	0000
6190	CNSTATB	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CN STATB15	CN STATB14	CN STATB13	CN STATB12 ⁽²⁾	CN STATB11	CN STATB10	CN STATB9	CN STATB8	CN STATB7	CN STATB6 ⁽²⁾	CN STATB5	CN STATB4	CN STATB3	CN STATB2	CN STATB1	CN STATB0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers” for more information.

2: This bit is not available on PIC32MX2XX devices. The reset value for the TRISB register when this bit is not available is 0x0000EFBF.

TABLE 11-7: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
FB8C	RPC8R ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC8<3:0>				0000
FB90	RPC9R ⁽³⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC9<3:0>				0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note**
- 1: This register is only available on 44-pin devices.
 - 2: This register is only available on PIC32MX1XX devices.
 - 3: This register is only available on 36-pin and 44-pin devices.

17.0 SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE (SPI)

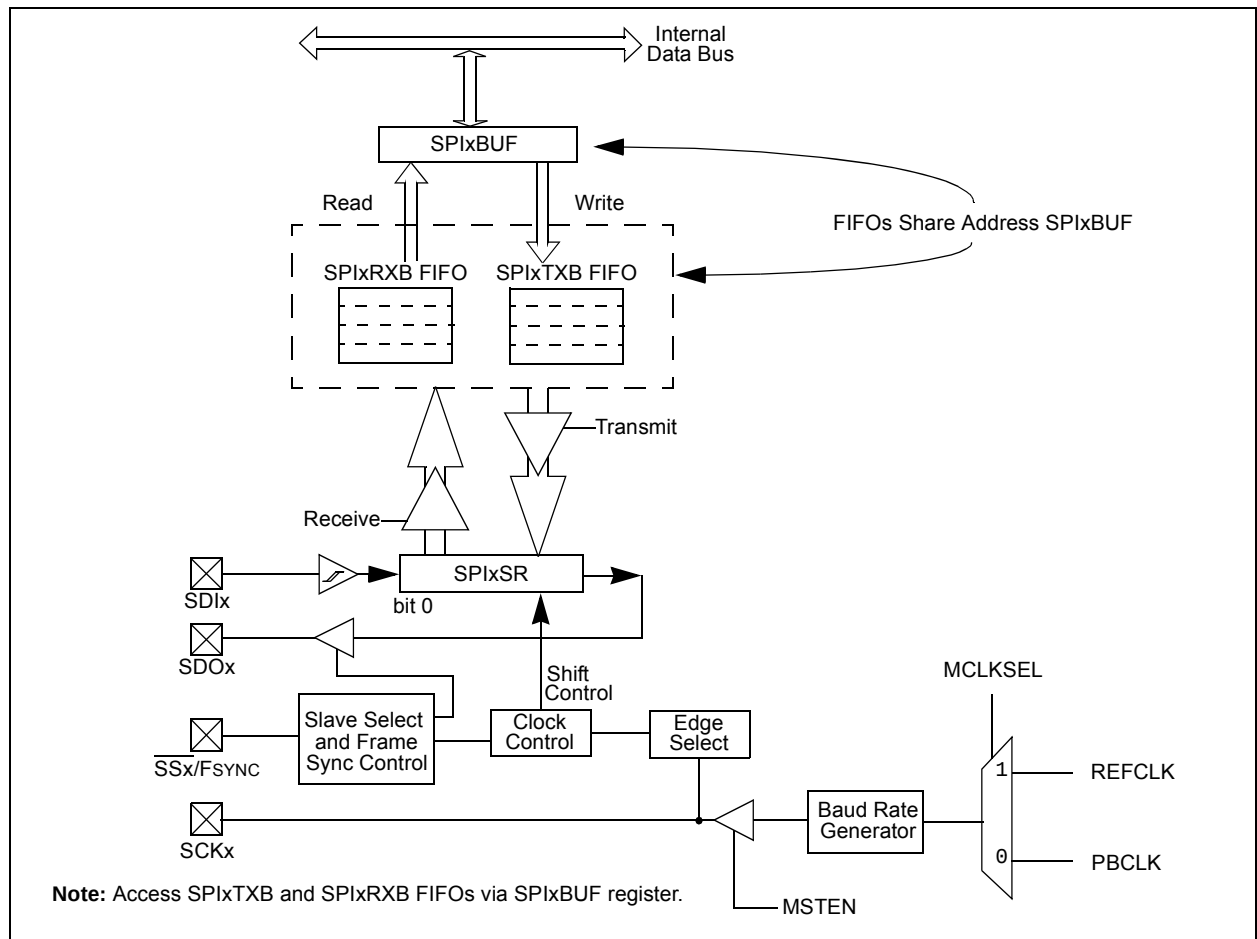
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 23. "Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)"** (DS60001106), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

The SPI module is a synchronous serial interface that is useful for communicating with external peripherals and other microcontrollers. These peripheral devices may be Serial EEPROMs, Shift registers, display drivers, Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADC), etc. The PIC32 SPI module is compatible with Motorola® SPI and SIOP interfaces.

Some of the key features of the SPI module are:

- Master mode and Slave mode support
- Four clock formats
- Enhanced Framed SPI protocol support
- User-configurable 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit data width
- Separate SPI FIFO buffers for receive and transmit
 - FIFO buffers act as 4/8/16-level deep FIFOs based on 32/16/8-bit data width
- Programmable interrupt event on every 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit data transfer
- Operation during Sleep and Idle modes
- Audio Codec Support:
 - I²S protocol
 - Left-justified
 - Right-justified
 - PCM

FIGURE 17-1: SPI MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 17-3: SPIxSTAT: SPI STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	—	—	—	RXBUFELM<4:0>				
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	—	—	—	TXBUFELM<4:0>				
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/C-0, HS	R-0	U-0	U-0	R-0
	—	—	—	FRMERR	SPIBUSY	—	—	SPITUR
7:0	R-0	R/W-0	R-0	U-0	R-1	U-0	R-0	R-0
	SRMT	SPIROV	SPIRBE	—	SPITBE	—	SPITBF	SPIRBF

Legend:	C = Clearable bit	HS = Set in hardware
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-29 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 28-24 **RXBUFELM<4:0>:** Receive Buffer Element Count bits (valid only when ENHBUF = 1)

bit 23-21 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 20-16 **TXBUFELM<4:0>:** Transmit Buffer Element Count bits (valid only when ENHBUF = 1)

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12 **FRMERR:** SPI Frame Error status bit

1 = Frame error detected

0 = No Frame error detected

This bit is only valid when FRMEN = 1.

bit 11 **SPIBUSY:** SPI Activity Status bit

1 = SPI peripheral is currently busy with some transactions

0 = SPI peripheral is currently idle

bit 10-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8 **SPITUR:** Transmit Under Run bit

1 = Transmit buffer has encountered an underrun condition

0 = Transmit buffer has no underrun condition

This bit is only valid in Framed Sync mode; the underrun condition must be cleared by disabling (ON bit = 0) and re-enabling (ON bit = 1) the module, or writing a '0' to SPITUR.

bit 7 **SRMT:** Shift Register Empty bit (valid only when ENHBUF = 1)

1 = When SPI module shift register is empty

0 = When SPI module shift register is not empty

bit 6 **SPIROV:** Receive Overflow Flag bit

1 = A new data is completely received and discarded. The user software has not read the previous data in the SPIxBUF register.

0 = No overflow has occurred

This bit is set in hardware; can bit only be cleared by disabling (ON bit = 0) and re-enabling (ON bit = 1) the module, or by writing a '0' to SPIROV.

bit 5 **SPIRBE:** RX FIFO Empty bit (valid only when ENHBUF = 1)

1 = RX FIFO is empty (CRPTR = SWPTR)

0 = RX FIFO is not empty (CRPTR ≠ SWPTR)

bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 27-2: DEVCFG1: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 1

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	R/P	R/P
	—	—	—	—	—	—	FWDTWINSZ<1:0>	
23:16	R/P	R/P	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P
	FWDTEN	WINDIS	—	WDTPS<4:0>				
15:8	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P
	FCKSM<1:0>		FPBDIV<1:0>		—	OSCIOFNC	POSCMOD<1:0>	
7:0	R/P	r-1	R/P	r-1	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P
	IESO	—	FSOSCEN	—	—	FNOSC<2:0>		

Legend:

R = Readable bit

-n = Value at POR

r = Reserved bit

W = Writable bit

‘1’ = Bit is set

P = Programmable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as ‘0’

‘0’ = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-26 **Reserved:** Write ‘1’

bit 25-24 **FWDTWINSZ<1:0>**: Watchdog Timer Window Size bits

11 = Window size is 25%

10 = Window size is 37.5%

01 = Window size is 50%

00 = Window size is 75%

bit 23 **FWDTEN**: Watchdog Timer Enable bit

1 = Watchdog Timer is enabled and cannot be disabled by software

0 = Watchdog Timer is not enabled; it can be enabled in software

bit 22 **WINDIS**: Watchdog Timer Window Enable bit

1 = Watchdog Timer is in non-Window mode

0 = Watchdog Timer is in Window mode

bit 21 **Reserved:** Write ‘1’

bit 20-16 **WDTPS<4:0>**: Watchdog Timer Postscale Select bits

10100 = 1:1048576

10011 = 1:524288

10010 = 1:262144

10001 = 1:131072

10000 = 1:65536

01111 = 1:32768

01110 = 1:16384

01101 = 1:8192

01100 = 1:4096

01011 = 1:2048

01010 = 1:1024

01001 = 1:512

01000 = 1:256

00111 = 1:128

00110 = 1:64

00101 = 1:32

00100 = 1:16

00011 = 1:8

00010 = 1:4

00001 = 1:2

00000 = 1:1

All other combinations not shown result in operation = 10100

Note 1: Do not disable the Posc (POSCMOD = 11) when using this oscillator source.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 27-3: DEVCFG2: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 2

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —
23:16	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	R/P —	R/P —	R/P —
15:8	R/P UPLLEN ⁽¹⁾	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	R/P —	R/P —	R/P —
7:0	r-1 —	R/P-1 —	R/P —	R/P-1 —	r-1 —	R/P —	R/P —	R/P —
		FPLLMUL<2:0>				FPLLIDIV<2:0>		

Legend:	r = Reserved bit	P = Programmable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-19 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 18-16 **FPLLIDIV<2:0>:** Default PLL Output Divisor bits

111 = PLL output divided by 256
110 = PLL output divided by 64
101 = PLL output divided by 32
100 = PLL output divided by 16
011 = PLL output divided by 8
010 = PLL output divided by 4
001 = PLL output divided by 2
000 = PLL output divided by 1

bit 15 **UPLLEN:** USB PLL Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Disable and bypass USB PLL
0 = Enable USB PLL

bit 14-11 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 10-8 **UPLLDIV<2:0>:** USB PLL Input Divider bits⁽¹⁾

111 = 12x divider
110 = 10x divider
101 = 6x divider
100 = 5x divider
011 = 4x divider
010 = 3x divider
010 = 3x divider
001 = 2x divider
000 = 1x divider

bit 7 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 6-4 **FPLLMUL<2:0>:** PLL Multiplier bits

111 = 24x multiplier
110 = 21x multiplier
101 = 20x multiplier
100 = 19x multiplier
011 = 18x multiplier
010 = 17x multiplier
001 = 16x multiplier
000 = 15x multiplier

bit 3 **Reserved:** Write '1'

Note 1: This bit is only available on PIC32MX2XX devices.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

29.2 MPLAB XC Compilers

The MPLAB XC Compilers are complete ANSI C compilers for all of Microchip's 8, 16, and 32-bit MCU and DSC devices. These compilers provide powerful integration capabilities, superior code optimization and ease of use. MPLAB XC Compilers run on Windows, Linux or MAC OS X.

For easy source level debugging, the compilers provide debug information that is optimized to the MPLAB X IDE.

The free MPLAB XC Compiler editions support all devices and commands, with no time or memory restrictions, and offer sufficient code optimization for most applications.

MPLAB XC Compilers include an assembler, linker and utilities. The assembler generates relocatable object files that can then be archived or linked with other relocatable object files and archives to create an executable file. MPLAB XC Compiler uses the assembler to produce its object file. Notable features of the assembler include:

- Support for the entire device instruction set
- Support for fixed-point and floating-point data
- Command-line interface
- Rich directive set
- Flexible macro language
- MPLAB X IDE compatibility

29.3 MPASM Assembler

The MPASM Assembler is a full-featured, universal macro assembler for PIC10/12/16/18 MCUs.

The MPASM Assembler generates relocatable object files for the MPLINK Object Linker, Intel® standard HEX files, MAP files to detail memory usage and symbol reference, absolute LST files that contain source lines and generated machine code, and COFF files for debugging.

The MPASM Assembler features include:

- Integration into MPLAB X IDE projects
- User-defined macros to streamline assembly code
- Conditional assembly for multipurpose source files
- Directives that allow complete control over the assembly process

29.4 MPLINK Object Linker/ MPLIB Object Librarian

The MPLINK Object Linker combines relocatable objects created by the MPASM Assembler. It can link relocatable objects from precompiled libraries, using directives from a linker script.

The MPLIB Object Librarian manages the creation and modification of library files of precompiled code. When a routine from a library is called from a source file, only the modules that contain that routine will be linked in with the application. This allows large libraries to be used efficiently in many different applications.

The object linker/librarian features include:

- Efficient linking of single libraries instead of many smaller files
- Enhanced code maintainability by grouping related modules together
- Flexible creation of libraries with easy module listing, replacement, deletion and extraction

29.5 MPLAB Assembler, Linker and Librarian for Various Device Families

MPLAB Assembler produces relocatable machine code from symbolic assembly language for PIC24, PIC32 and dsPIC DSC devices. MPLAB XC Compiler uses the assembler to produce its object file. The assembler generates relocatable object files that can then be archived or linked with other relocatable object files and archives to create an executable file. Notable features of the assembler include:

- Support for the entire device instruction set
- Support for fixed-point and floating-point data
- Command-line interface
- Rich directive set
- Flexible macro language
- MPLAB X IDE compatibility

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 30-6: DC CHARACTERISTICS: IDLE CURRENT (I_{IDLE})

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp			
Parameter No.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions		
Idle Current (IDLE): Core Off, Clock on Base Current (Notes 1, 4)						
DC30a	1	1.5	mA	4 MHz (Note 3)		
DC31a	2	3	mA	10 MHz		
DC32a	4	6	mA	20 MHz (Note 3)		
DC33a	5.5	8	mA	30 MHz (Note 3)		
DC34a	7.5	11	mA	40 MHz		
DC37a	100	—	μA	-40°C	3.3V	LPRC (31 kHz) (Note 3)
DC37b	250	—	μA	+25°C		
DC37c	380	—	μA	+85°C		

Note 1: The test conditions for I_{IDLE} current measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator mode is EC (for 8 MHz and below) and EC+PLL (for above 8 MHz) with OSC1 driven by external square wave from rail-to-rail, (OSC1 input clock input over/undershoot < 100 mV required)
 - OSC2/CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin
 - USB PLL oscillator is disabled if the USB module is implemented, PBCLK divisor = 1:8
 - CPU is in Idle mode (CPU core Halted), and SRAM data memory Wait states = 1
 - No peripheral modules are operating, (ON bit = 0), but the associated PMD bit is cleared
 - WDT, Clock Switching, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor, and Secondary Oscillator are disabled
 - All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to V_{SS}
 - MCLR = V_{DD}
 - RTCC and JTAG are disabled
- 2:** Data in the “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.
- 3:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.
- 4:** I_{IDLE} electrical characteristics for devices with 256 KB Flash are only provided as Preliminary information.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

FIGURE 30-13: SPIx MODULE SLAVE MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

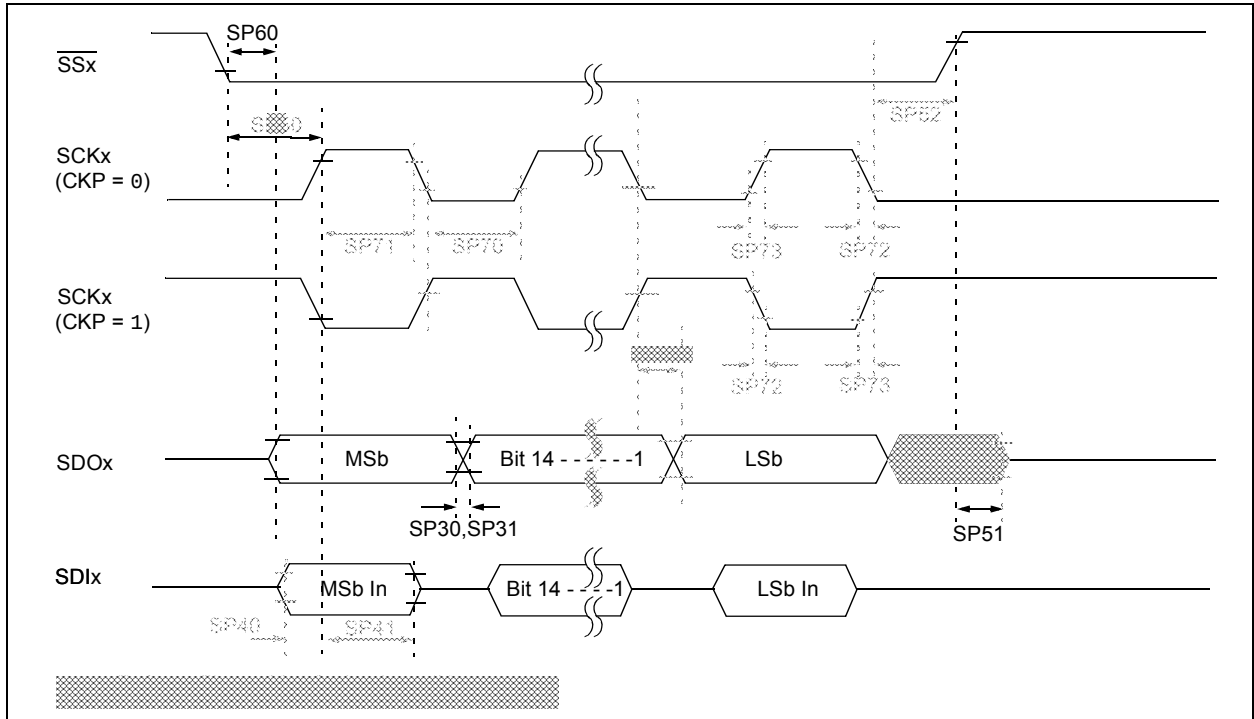


TABLE 30-31: SPIx MODULE SLAVE MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	TscL	SCKx Input Low Time (Note 3)	Tsck/2	—	—	ns	—
SP71	Tsch	SCKx Input High Time (Note 3)	Tsck/2	—	—	ns	—
SP72	TscF	SCKx Input Fall Time	—	5	10	ns	—
SP73	TscR	SCKx Input Rise Time	—	5	10	ns	—
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time (Note 4)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time (Note 4)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	—	20	ns	VDD > 2.7V
			—	—	30	ns	VDD < 2.7V
SP40	TdIV2sch, TdIV2scL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	10	—	—	ns	—
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	10	—	—	ns	—
SP50	TssL2sch, TssL2scL	SSx ↓ to SCKx ↓ or SCKx ↑ Input	175	—	—	ns	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 50 ns.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 30-34: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 5): 2.5V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
ADC Accuracy – Measurements with Internal VREF+/VREF-							
AD20d	Nr	Resolution	10 data bits			bits	(Note 3)
AD21d	INL	Integral Non-linearity	> -1	—	< 1	LSb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = 0V, AV _{DD} = 2.5V to 3.6V (Note 3)
AD22d	DNL	Differential Non-linearity	> -1	—	< 1	LSb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = 0V, AV _{DD} = 2.5V to 3.6V (Notes 2,3)
AD23d	GERR	Gain Error	> -4	—	< 4	LSb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = 0V, AV _{DD} = 2.5V to 3.6V (Note 3)
AD24d	E _{OFF}	Offset Error	> -2	—	< 2	Lsb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = 0V, AV _{DD} = 2.5V to 3.6V (Note 3)
AD25d	—	Monotonicity	—	—	—	—	Guaranteed
Dynamic Performance							
AD32b	SINAD	Signal to Noise and Distortion	55	58.5	—	dB	(Notes 3,4)
AD34b	ENOB	Effective Number of bits	9.0	9.5	—	bits	(Notes 3,4)

Note 1: These parameters are not characterized or tested in manufacturing.

2: With no missing codes.

3: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

4: Characterized with a 1 kHz sine wave.

5: The ADC module is functional at V_{B0}MIN < V_{DD} < 2.5V, but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

FIGURE 30-23: EJTAG TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

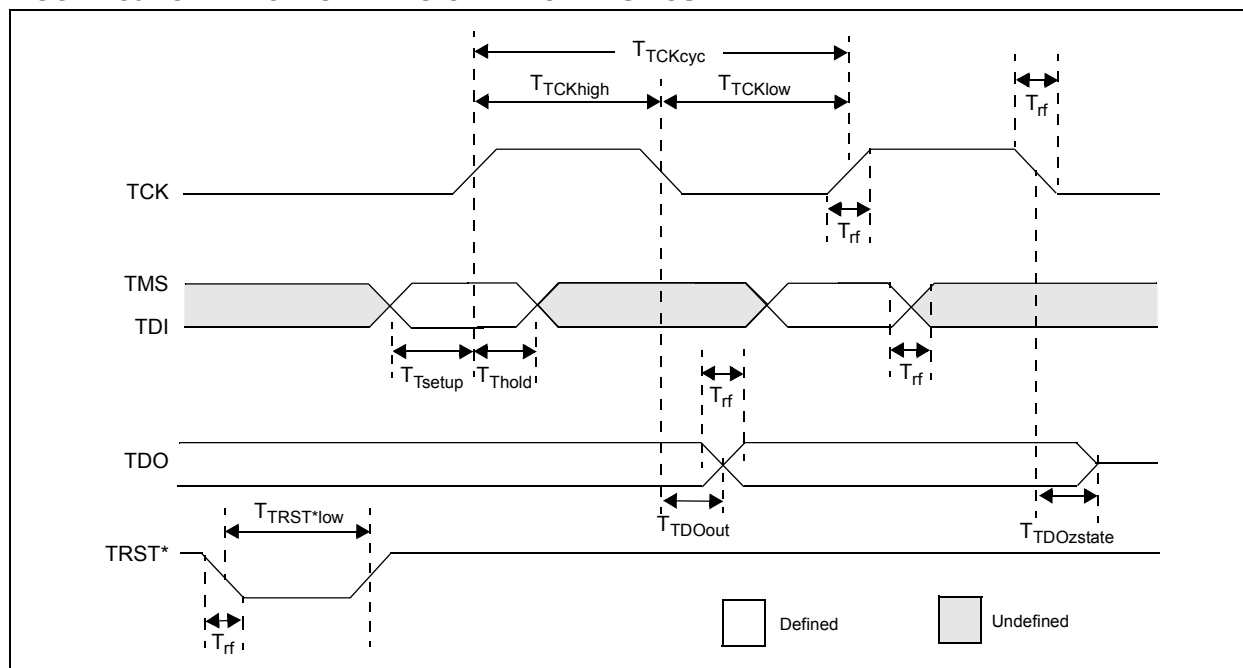


TABLE 30-42: EJTAG TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ for V-temp			
Param. No.	Symbol	Description ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions
EJ1	TTCKCYC	TCK Cycle Time	25	—	ns	—
EJ2	TTCKHIGH	TCK High Time	10	—	ns	—
EJ3	TTCKLOW	TCK Low Time	10	—	ns	—
EJ4	TTSETUP	TAP Signals Setup Time Before Rising TCK	5	—	ns	—
EJ5	TTHOLD	TAP Signals Hold Time After Rising TCK	3	—	ns	—
EJ6	TTDOOUT	TDO Output Delay Time from Falling TCK	—	5	ns	—
EJ7	TTDOZSTATE	TDO 3-State Delay Time from Falling TCK	—	5	ns	—
EJ8	TTRSTLOW	TRST Low Time	25	—	ns	—
EJ9	TRF	TAP Signals Rise/Fall Time, All Input and Output	—	—	ns	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 31-5: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
MOS10	Fosc	External CLKI Frequency (External clocks allowed only in EC and ECPLL modes)	DC 4	— —	50 50	MHz MHz	EC (Note 2) ECPLL (Note 1)

Note 1: PLL input requirements: $4\text{ MHz} \leq F_{\text{PLLIN}} \leq 5\text{ MHz}$ (use PLL prescaler to reduce Fosc). This parameter is characterized, but tested at 10 MHz only at manufacturing.

2: This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 31-6: SPIx MASTER MODE (CKE = 0) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
MSP10	TscL	SCKx Output Low Time (Note 1,2)	Tsck/2	—	—	ns	—
MSP11	TscH	SCKx Output High Time (Note 1,2)	Tsck/2	—	—	ns	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 40 ns. Therefore, the clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

TABLE 31-7: SPIx MODULE MASTER MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
MSP10	TscL	SCKx Output Low Time (Note 1,2)	Tsck/2	—	—	ns	—
MSP11	TscH	SCKx Output High Time (Note 1,2)	Tsck/2	—	—	ns	—

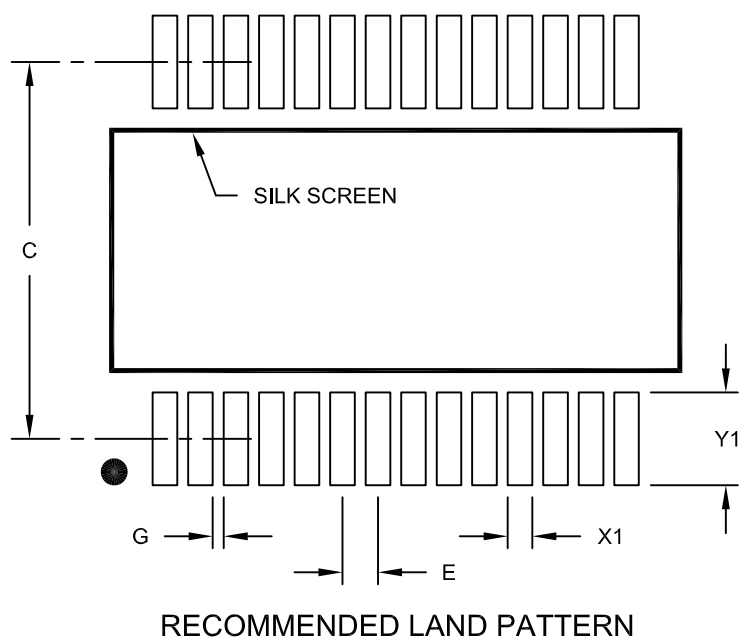
Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 40 ns. Therefore, the clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

28-Lead Plastic Shrink Small Outline (SS) - 5.30 mm Body [SSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.65 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C		7.20	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y1			1.75
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2073A