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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I <sup>2</sup> S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 13x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	44-QFN (8x8)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx130f256d-50i-ml">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx130f256d-50i-ml</a>

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

Coprocessor 0 also contains the logic for identifying and managing exceptions. Exceptions can be caused by a variety of sources, including alignment errors in data, external events or program errors. Table 3-3 lists the exception types in order of priority.

**TABLE 3-3: MIPS32® M4K® PROCESSOR CORE EXCEPTION TYPES**

Exception	Description
Reset	Assertion $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ or a Power-on Reset (POR).
DSS	EJTAG debug single step.
DINT	EJTAG debug interrupt. Caused by the assertion of the external <i>EJ_DINT</i> input or by setting the <i>EjtagBrk</i> bit in the ECR register.
NMI	Assertion of NMI signal.
Interrupt	Assertion of unmasked hardware or software interrupt signal.
DIB	EJTAG debug hardware instruction break matched.
AdEL	Fetch address alignment error. Fetch reference to protected address.
IBE	Instruction fetch bus error.
DBp	EJTAG breakpoint (execution of <i>SDBBP</i> instruction).
Sys	Execution of <i>SYSCALL</i> instruction.
Bp	Execution of <i>BREAK</i> instruction.
RI	Execution of a reserved instruction.
CpU	Execution of a coprocessor instruction for a coprocessor that is not enabled.
CEU	Execution of a <i>CorExtend</i> instruction when <i>CorExtend</i> is not enabled.
Ov	Execution of an arithmetic instruction that overflowed.
Tr	Execution of a trap (when trap condition is true).
DDBL/DDBS	EJTAG Data Address Break (address only) or EJTAG data value break on store (address + value).
AdEL	Load address alignment error. Load reference to protected address.
AdES	Store address alignment error. Store to protected address.
DBE	Load or store bus error.
DDBL	EJTAG data hardware breakpoint matched in load data compare.

## 3.3 Power Management

The MIPS M4K processor core offers many power management features, including low-power design, active power management and power-down modes of operation. The core is a static design that supports slowing or Halting the clocks, which reduces system power consumption during Idle periods.

### 3.3.1 INSTRUCTION-CONTROLLED POWER MANAGEMENT

The mechanism for invoking Power-Down mode is through execution of the *WAIT* instruction. For more information on power management, see **Section 26.0 “Power-Saving Features”**.

## 3.4 EJTAG Debug Support

The MIPS M4K processor core provides an Enhanced JTAG (EJTAG) interface for use in the software debug of application and kernel code. In addition to standard User mode and Kernel modes of operation, the M4K core provides a Debug mode that is entered after a debug exception (derived from a hardware breakpoint, single-step exception, etc.) is taken and continues until a Debug Exception Return (*DERET*) instruction is executed. During this time, the processor executes the debug exception handler routine.

The EJTAG interface operates through the Test Access Port (TAP), a serial communication port used for transferring test data in and out of the core. In addition to the standard JTAG instructions, special instructions defined in the EJTAG specification define which registers are selected and how they are used.

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TABLE 4-1: SFR MEMORY MAP

Peripheral	Virtual Address	
	Base	Offset Start
Watchdog Timer	0xBF80	0x0000
RTCC		0x0200
Timer1-5		0x0600
Input Capture 1-5		0x2000
Output Compare 1-5		0x3000
IC1 and IC2		0x5000
SPI1 and SPI2		0x5800
UART1 and UART2		0x6000
PMP		0x7000
ADC		0x9000
CVREF		0x9800
Comparator		0xA000
CTMU		0xA200
Oscillator		0xF000
Device and Revision ID		0xF220
Peripheral Module Disable		0xF240
Flash Controller		0xF400
Reset		0xF600
PPS		0xFA04
Interrupts	0xBF88	0x1000
Bus Matrix		0x2000
DMA		0x3000
USB		0x5050
PORTA-PORTC		0x6000
Configuration	0xBFC0	0x0BF0

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**REGISTER 4-1: BMXCON: BUS MATRIX CONFIGURATION REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-1 BMX ERRIXI	R/W-1 BMX ERRICD	R/W-1 BMX ERRDMA	R/W-1 BMX ERRDS	R/W-1 BMX ERRIS
15:8	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
7:0	U-0 —	R/W-1 BMX WSDRM	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1
BMXARB<2:0>								

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

bit 31-21 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 20 **BMXERRIXI:** Enable Bus Error from IXI bit

1 = Enable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from IXI shared bus

0 = Disable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from IXI shared bus

bit 19 **BMXERRICD:** Enable Bus Error from ICD Debug Unit bit

1 = Enable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from ICD

0 = Disable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from ICD

bit 18 **BMXERRDMA:** Bus Error from DMA bit

1 = Enable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from DMA

0 = Disable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from DMA

bit 17 **BMXERRDS:** Bus Error from CPU Data Access bit (disabled in Debug mode)

1 = Enable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from CPU data access

0 = Disable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from CPU data access

bit 16 **BMXERRIS:** Bus Error from CPU Instruction Access bit (disabled in Debug mode)

1 = Enable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from CPU instruction access

0 = Disable bus error exceptions for unmapped address accesses initiated from CPU instruction access

bit 15-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6 **BMXWSDRM:** CPU Instruction or Data Access from Data RAM Wait State bit

1 = Data RAM accesses from CPU have one wait state for address setup

0 = Data RAM accesses from CPU have zero wait states for address setup

bit 5-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **BMXARB<2:0>:** Bus Matrix Arbitration Mode bits

111 = Reserved (using these Configuration modes will produce undefined behavior)

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011 = Reserved (using these Configuration modes will produce undefined behavior)

010 = Arbitration Mode 2

001 = Arbitration Mode 1 (default)

000 = Arbitration Mode 0

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## REGISTER 8-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	R/W-y	R/W-y	R/W-y	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1
	—	—	PLLODIV<2:0>			FRCDIV<2:0>		
23:16	U-0	R-0	R-1	R/W-y	R/W-y	R/W-y	R/W-y	R/W-y
	—	SOSCRDY	PBDIVRDY	PBDIV<1:0>		PLLMULT<2:0>		
15:8	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	U-0	R/W-y	R/W-y	R/W-y
	—	COSC<2:0>			—	NOSC<2:0>		
7:0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-y	R/W-0
	CLKLOCK	ULOCK <sup>(1)</sup>	SLOCK	SLPEN	CF	UFRocen <sup>(1)</sup>	SOSCEN	OSWEN

**Legend:** y = Value set from Configuration bits on POR  
R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-30 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 29-27 **PLLODIV<2:0>:** Output Divider for PLL

- 111 = PLL output divided by 256
- 110 = PLL output divided by 64
- 101 = PLL output divided by 32
- 100 = PLL output divided by 16
- 011 = PLL output divided by 8
- 010 = PLL output divided by 4
- 001 = PLL output divided by 2
- 000 = PLL output divided by 1

bit 26-24 **FRCDIV<2:0>:** Internal Fast RC (FRC) Oscillator Clock Divider bits

- 111 = FRC divided by 256
- 110 = FRC divided by 64
- 101 = FRC divided by 32
- 100 = FRC divided by 16
- 011 = FRC divided by 8
- 010 = FRC divided by 4
- 001 = FRC divided by 2 (default setting)
- 000 = FRC divided by 1

bit 23 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 22 **SOSCRDY:** Secondary Oscillator (Sosc) Ready Indicator bit

- 1 = The Secondary Oscillator is running and is stable
- 0 = The Secondary Oscillator is still warming up or is turned off

bit 21 **PBDIVRDY:** Peripheral Bus Clock (PBCLK) Divisor Ready bit

- 1 = PBDIV<1:0> bits can be written
- 0 = PBDIV<1:0> bits cannot be written

bit 20-19 **PBDIV<1:0>:** Peripheral Bus Clock (PBCLK) Divisor bits

- 11 = PBCLK is SYSCLK divided by 8 (default)
- 10 = PBCLK is SYSCLK divided by 4
- 01 = PBCLK is SYSCLK divided by 2
- 00 = PBCLK is SYSCLK divided by 1

**Note 1:** This bit is only available on PIC32MX2XX devices.

**Note:** Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to **Section 6. "Oscillator"** (DS60001112) in the "PIC32 Family Reference Manual" for details.

**TABLE 9-3: DMA CHANNELS 0-3 REGISTER MAP**

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
3060	DCH0CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CHBUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHCHNS	CHEN	CHAED	CHCHN	CHAEN	—	CHEDET	CHPRI<1:0>		0000
3070	DCH0ECON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	00FF
		15:0	CHSIRQ<7:0>								CFORCE	CABORT	PATEN	SIRQEN	AIRQEN	—	—	—	FF00
3080	DCH0INT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIE	CHSHIE	CHDDIE	CHDHIE	CHBCIE	CHCCIE	CHTAIE	CHERIE	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIF	CHSHIF	CHDDIF	CHDHIF	CHBCIF	CHCCIF	CHTAIF	CHERIF	0000
3090	DCH0SSA	31:16	CHSSA<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
30A0	DCH0DSA	31:16	CHDSA<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
30B0	DCH0SSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CHSSIZ<15:0>																0000
30C0	DCH0DSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CHDSIZ<15:0>																0000
30D0	DCH0SPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CHSPTR<15:0>																0000
30E0	DCH0DPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CHDPTR<15:0>																0000
30F0	DCH0CSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CHCSIZ<15:0>																0000
3100	DCH0CPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CHCPTR<15:0>																0000
3110	DCH0DAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
3120	DCH1CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CHBUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHCHNS	CHEN	CHAED	CHCHN	CHAEN	—	CHEDET	CHPRI<1:0>		0000
3130	DCH1ECON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	00FF
		15:0	CHSIRQ<7:0>								CFORCE	CABORT	PATEN	SIRQEN	AIRQEN	—	—	—	FF00
3140	DCH1INT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIE	CHSHIE	CHDDIE	CHDHIE	CHBCIE	CHCCIE	CHTAIE	CHERIE	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIF	CHSHIF	CHDDIF	CHDHIF	CHBCIF	CHCCIF	CHTAIF	CHERIF	0000
3150	DCH1SSA	31:16	CHSSA<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
3160	DCH1DSA	31:16	CHDSA<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000

**Legend:** × = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers” for more information.

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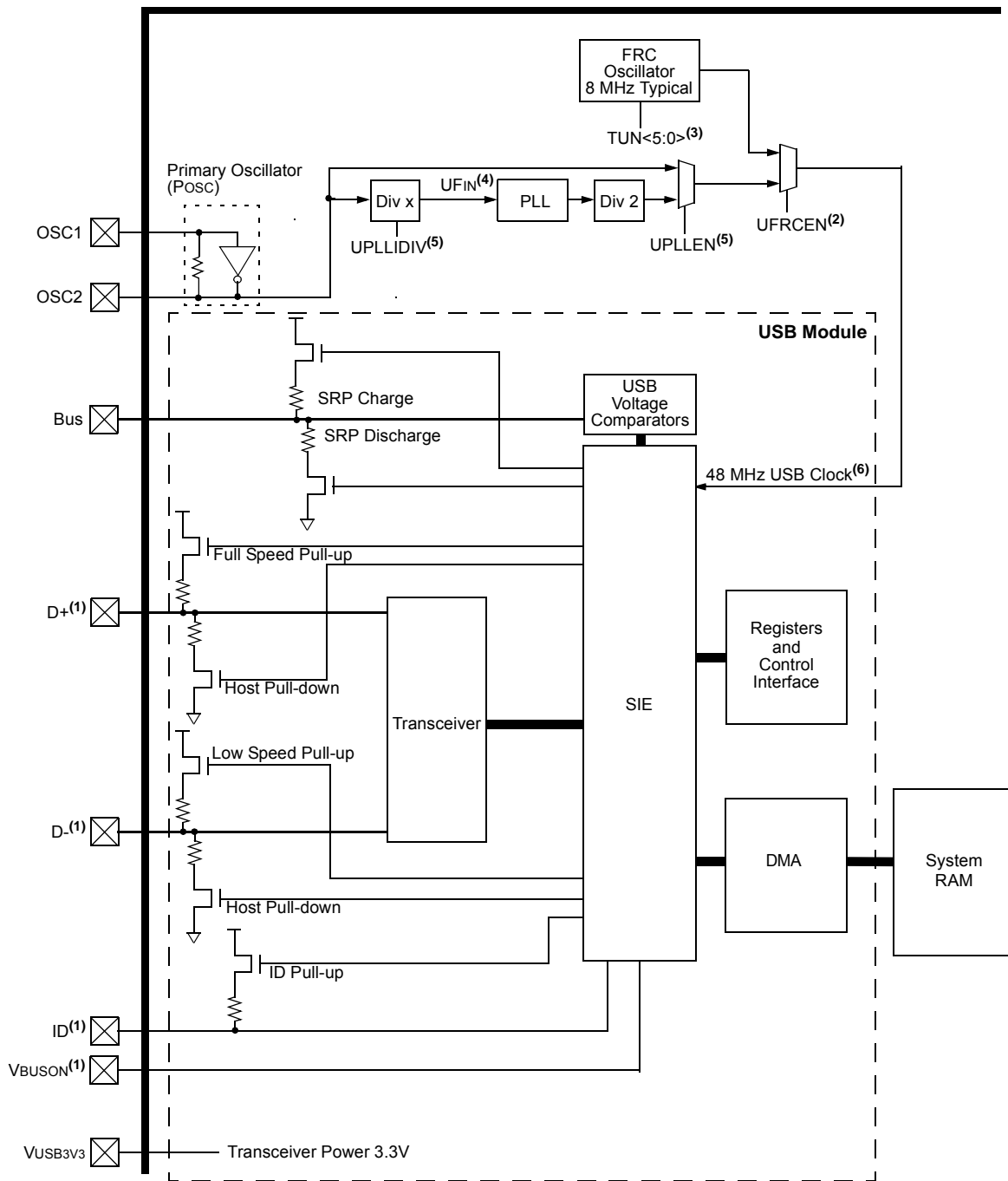
## REGISTER 9-4: DCRCCON: DMA CRC CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 6     **CRCAPP:** CRC Append Mode bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = The DMA transfers data from the source into the CRC but NOT to the destination. When a block transfer completes the DMA writes the calculated CRC value to the location given by CHxDSA  
0 = The DMA transfers data from the source through the CRC obeying WBO as it writes the data to the destination
- bit 5     **CRCTYP:** CRC Type Selection bit  
1 = The CRC module will calculate an IP header checksum  
0 = The CRC module will calculate a LFSR CRC
- bit 4-3   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2-0   **CRCCH<2:0>:** CRC Channel Select bits  
111 = CRC is assigned to Channel 7  
110 = CRC is assigned to Channel 6  
101 = CRC is assigned to Channel 5  
100 = CRC is assigned to Channel 4  
011 = CRC is assigned to Channel 3  
010 = CRC is assigned to Channel 2  
001 = CRC is assigned to Channel 1  
000 = CRC is assigned to Channel 0

**Note 1:** When WBO = 1, unaligned transfers are not supported and the CRCAPP bit cannot be set.

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**FIGURE 10-1: PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY USB INTERFACE DIAGRAM**



- Note 1:** Pins can be used as digital input/output when USB is not enabled.
- Note 2:** This bit field is contained in the OSCCON register.
- Note 3:** This bit field is contained in the OSCTRM register.
- Note 4:** USB PLL UFIn requirements: 4 MHz.
- Note 5:** This bit field is contained in the DEVCFG2 register.
- Note 6:** A 48 MHz clock is required for proper USB operation.



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## REGISTER 10-20: U1CNFG1: USB CONFIGURATION 1 REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
	UTEYE	UOEMON	—	USBSIDL	—	—	—	UASUSPND

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **UTEYE:** USB Eye-Pattern Test Enable bit

1 = Eye-Pattern Test is enabled

0 = Eye-Pattern Test is disabled

bit 6 **UOEMON:** USB  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  Monitor Enable bit

1 = OE signal is active; it indicates intervals during which the D+/D- lines are driving

0 = OE signal is inactive

bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 **USBSIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit

1 = Discontinue module operation when the device enters Idle mode

0 = Continue module operation when the device enters Idle mode

bit 3-1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **UASUSPND:** Automatic Suspend Enable bit

1 = USB module automatically suspends upon entry to Sleep mode. See the USUSPEND bit (U1PWRC<1>) in Register 10-5.

0 = USB module does not automatically suspend upon entry to Sleep mode. Software must use the USUSPEND bit (U1PWRC<1>) to suspend the module, including the USB 48 MHz clock.

## 12.2 Timer1 Control Registers

**TABLE 12-1: TIMER1 REGISTER MAP**

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name(1)	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
0600	T1CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	TWDIS	TWIP	—	—	—	TGATE	—	TCKPS<1:0>		—	TSYNC	TCS	—	0000
0610	TMR1	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TMR1<15:0>																0000
0620	PR1	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PR1<15:0>																FFFF

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

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**REGISTER 13-1: TXCON: TYPE B TIMER CONTROL REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	ON <sup>(1,3)</sup>	—	SIDL <sup>(4)</sup>	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0
	TGATE <sup>(3)</sup>	TCKPS<2:0> <sup>(3)</sup>			T32 <sup>(2)</sup>	—	TCS <sup>(3)</sup>	—

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** Timer On bit<sup>(1,3)</sup>

1 = Module is enabled

0 = Module is disabled

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit<sup>(4)</sup>

1 = Discontinue module operation when the device enters Idle mode

0 = Continue module operation when the device enters Idle mode

bit 12-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **TGATE:** Timer Gated Time Accumulation Enable bit<sup>(3)</sup>

When TCS = 1:

This bit is ignored and is read as '0'.

When TCS = 0:

1 = Gated time accumulation is enabled

0 = Gated time accumulation is disabled

bit 6-4 **TCKPS<2:0>:** Timer Input Clock Prescale Select bits<sup>(3)</sup>

111 = 1:256 prescale value

110 = 1:64 prescale value

101 = 1:32 prescale value

100 = 1:16 prescale value

011 = 1:8 prescale value

010 = 1:4 prescale value

001 = 1:2 prescale value

000 = 1:1 prescale value

**Note 1:** When using 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

**2:** This bit is available only on even numbered timers (Timer2 and Timer4).

**3:** While operating in 32-bit mode, this bit has no effect for odd numbered timers (Timer3, and Timer5). All timer functions are set through the even numbered timers.

**4:** While operating in 32-bit mode, this bit must be cleared on odd numbered timers to enable the 32-bit timer in Idle mode.

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NOTES:

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## REGISTER 17-3: SPIxSTAT: SPI STATUS REGISTER

- bit 3      **SPITBE:** SPI Transmit Buffer Empty Status bit  
1 = Transmit buffer, SPIxTXB is empty  
0 = Transmit buffer, SPIxTXB is not empty  
Automatically set in hardware when SPI transfers data from SPIxTXB to SPIxSR.  
Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIxBUF is written to, loading SPIxTXB.
- bit 2      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1      **SPITBF:** SPI Transmit Buffer Full Status bit  
1 = Transmit not yet started, SPITXB is full  
0 = Transmit buffer is not full  
Standard Buffer Mode:  
Automatically set in hardware when the core writes to the SPIBUF location, loading SPITXB.  
Automatically cleared in hardware when the SPI module transfers data from SPITXB to SPISR.  
Enhanced Buffer Mode:  
Set when CWPTR + 1 = SRPTR; cleared otherwise
- bit 0      **SPIRBF:** SPI Receive Buffer Full Status bit  
1 = Receive buffer, SPIxRXB is full  
0 = Receive buffer, SPIxRXB is not full  
Standard Buffer Mode:  
Automatically set in hardware when the SPI module transfers data from SPIxSR to SPIxRXB.  
Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIxBUF is read from, reading SPIxRXB.  
Enhanced Buffer Mode:  
Set when SWPTR + 1 = CRPTR; cleared otherwise

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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## REGISTER 18-2: I2CxSTAT: I<sup>2</sup>C STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 4     **P:** Stop bit  
1 = Indicates that a Stop bit has been detected last  
0 = Stop bit was not detected last  
Hardware set or clear when Start, Repeated Start or Stop detected.
- bit 3     **S:** Start bit  
1 = Indicates that a Start (or Repeated Start) bit has been detected last  
0 = Start bit was not detected last  
Hardware set or clear when Start, Repeated Start or Stop detected.
- bit 2     **R\_W:** Read/Write Information bit (when operating as I<sup>2</sup>C slave)  
1 = Read – indicates data transfer is output from slave  
0 = Write – indicates data transfer is input to slave  
Hardware set or clear after reception of I<sup>2</sup>C device address byte.
- bit 1     **RBF:** Receive Buffer Full Status bit  
1 = Receive complete, I2CxRCV is full  
0 = Receive not complete, I2CxRCV is empty  
Hardware set when I2CxRCV is written with received byte. Hardware clear when software reads I2CxRCV.
- bit 0     **TBF:** Transmit Buffer Full Status bit  
1 = Transmit in progress, I2CxTRN is full  
0 = Transmit complete, I2CxTRN is empty  
Hardware set when software writes I2CxTRN. Hardware clear at completion of data transmission.

## 20.1 PMP Control Registers

TABLE 20-1: PARALLEL MASTER PORT REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80..#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
7000	PMCON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	ADRMUX<1:0>		PMPCTL	PTWREN	PTRDEN	CSF<1:0>		ALP	—	CS1P	—	WRSP	RDSP	0000
7010	PMMODE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	BUSY	IRQM<1:0>		INCM<1:0>		—	MODE<1:0>		WAITB<1:0>		WAITM<3:0>			WAITE<1:0>		0000	
7020	PMADDR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	CS1 ADDR14	—	—	—	ADDR<10:0>											0000
7030	PMDOUT	31:16	DATAOUT<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
7040	PMDIN	31:16	DATAIN<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
7050	PMAEN	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	PTEN14	—	—	—	PTEN<10:0>											0000
7060	PMSTAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	IBF	IBOV	—	—	IB3F	IB2F	IB1F	IB0F	OBE	OBUF	—	—	OB3E	OB2E	OB1E	OB0E	008F

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers” for more information.

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## REGISTER 20-2: PMMODE: PARALLEL PORT MODE REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 1-0    **WAITE<1:0>**: Data Hold After Read/Write Strobe Wait States bits<sup>(1)</sup>

11 = Wait of 4 TPB  
10 = Wait of 3 TPB  
01 = Wait of 2 TPB  
00 = Wait of 1 TPB (default)

For Read operations:

11 = Wait of 3 TPB  
10 = Wait of 2 TPB  
01 = Wait of 1 TPB  
00 = Wait of 0 TPB (default)

- Note 1:** Whenever WAITM<3:0> = 0000, WAITB and WAITE bits are ignored and forced to 1 TPBCLK cycle for a write operation; WAITB = 1 TPBCLK cycle, WAITE = 0 TPBCLK cycles for a read operation.
- 2:** Address bit A14 is not subject to auto-increment/decrement if configured as Chip Select CS1.



# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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## 27.0 SPECIAL FEATURES

**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. However, it is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 32. “Configuration”** (DS60001124) and **Section 33. “Programming and Diagnostics”** (DS60001129), which are available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site ([www.microchip.com/pic32](http://www.microchip.com/pic32)).

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family devices include the following features intended to maximize application flexibility, reliability and minimize cost through elimination of external components.

- Flexible device configuration
- Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) interface
- In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™)

## 27.1 Configuration Bits

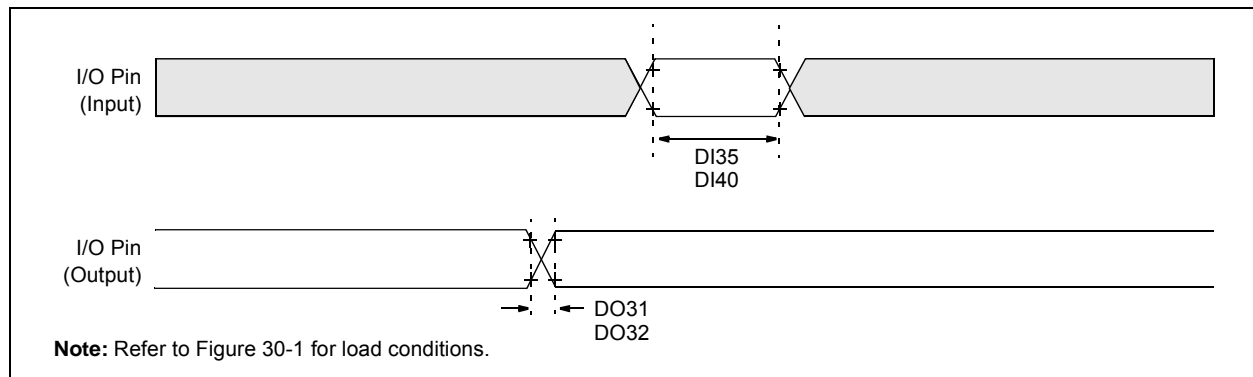
The Configuration bits can be programmed using the following registers to select various device configurations.

- DEVCFG0: Device Configuration Word 0
- DEVCFG1: Device Configuration Word 1
- DEVCFG2: Device Configuration Word 2
- DEVCFG3: Device Configuration Word 3
- CFGCON: Configuration Control Register

In addition, the DEVID register (Register 27-6) provides device and revision information.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**FIGURE 30-3: I/O TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



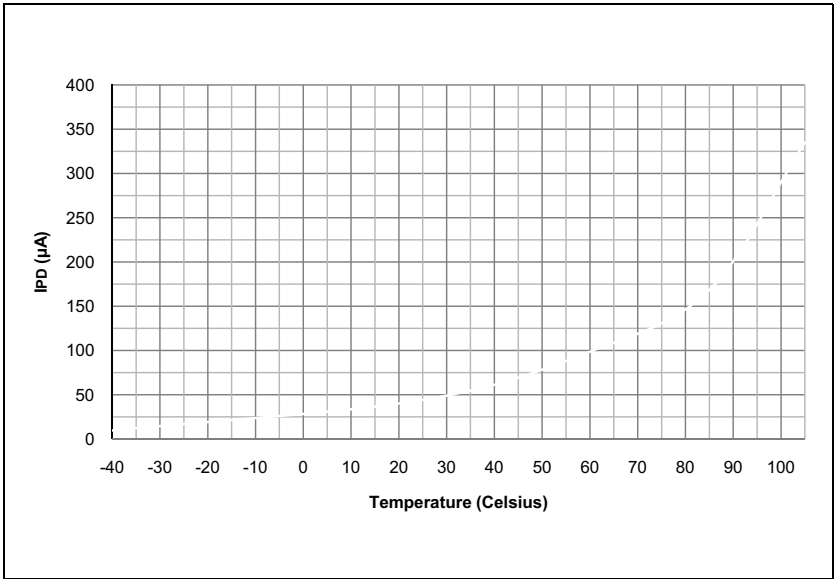
**TABLE 30-21: I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics <sup>(2)</sup>	Min.	Typical <sup>(1)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
DO31	TioR	Port Output Rise Time	—	5	15	ns	$V_{DD} < 2.5\text{V}$
			—	5	10	ns	$V_{DD} > 2.5\text{V}$
DO32	TioF	Port Output Fall Time	—	5	15	ns	$V_{DD} < 2.5\text{V}$
			—	5	10	ns	$V_{DD} > 2.5\text{V}$
DI35	TINP	INTx Pin High or Low Time	10	—	—	ns	—
DI40	TRBP	CNx High or Low Time (input)	2	—	—	TSYSCLK	—

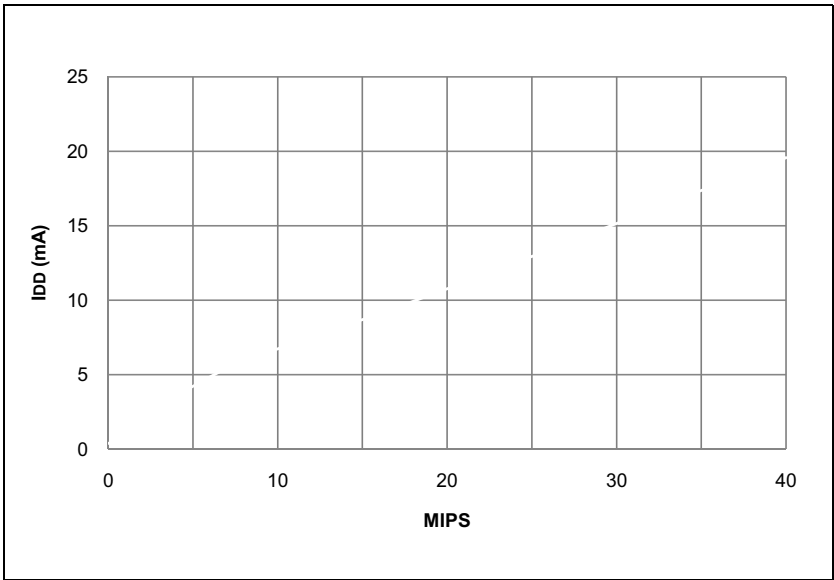
**Note 1:** Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

**2:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

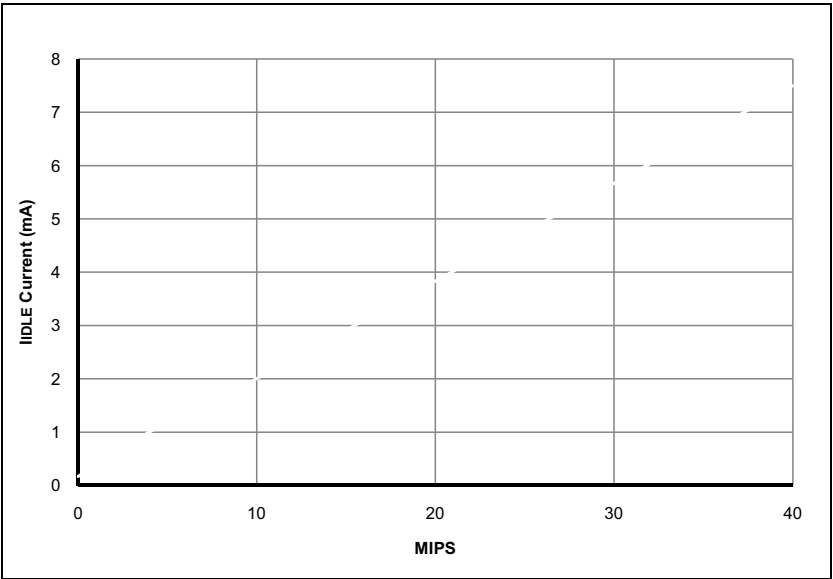
**FIGURE 32-3: TYPICAL I<sub>PD</sub> CURRENT @ V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V**



**FIGURE 32-4: TYPICAL I<sub>DD</sub> CURRENT @ V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V**



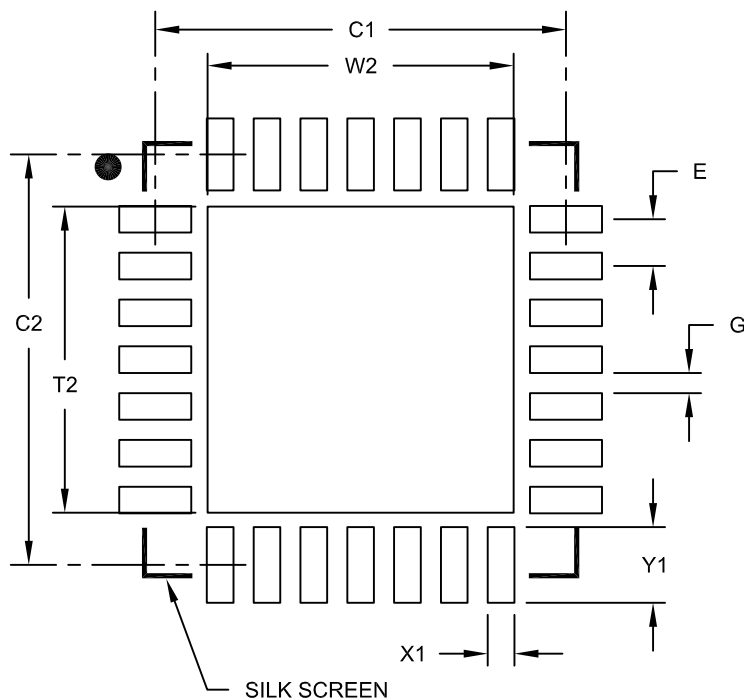
**FIGURE 32-5: TYPICAL I<sub>IDLE</sub> CURRENT @ V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V**



# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

## 28-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ML) – 6x6 mm Body [QFN] with 0.55 mm Contact Length

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.65 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			4.25
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			4.25
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		5.70	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		5.70	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X1			0.37
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y1			1.00
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

### Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

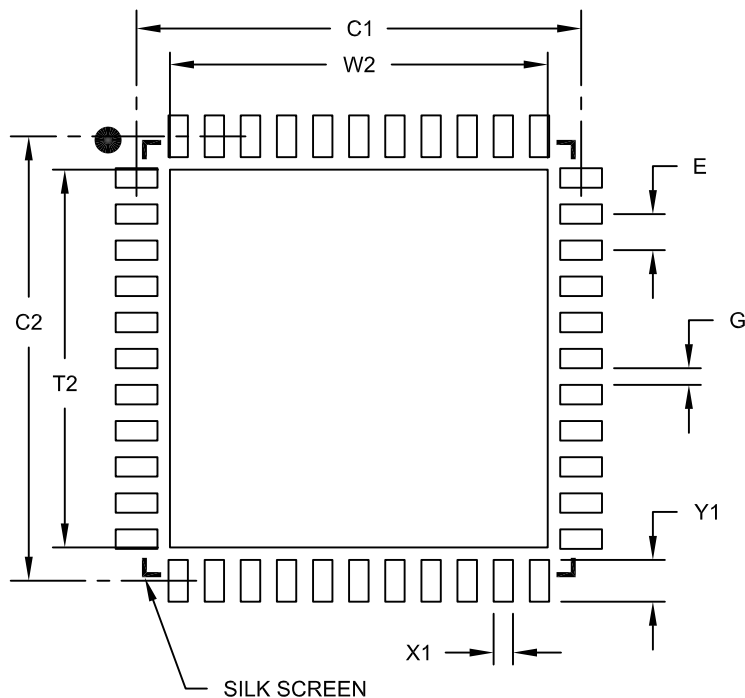
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2105A

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

## 44-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ML) – 8x8 mm Body [QFN]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.65 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			6.80
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			6.80
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		8.00	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		8.00	
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.35
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			0.80
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

**Notes:**

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2103A