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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

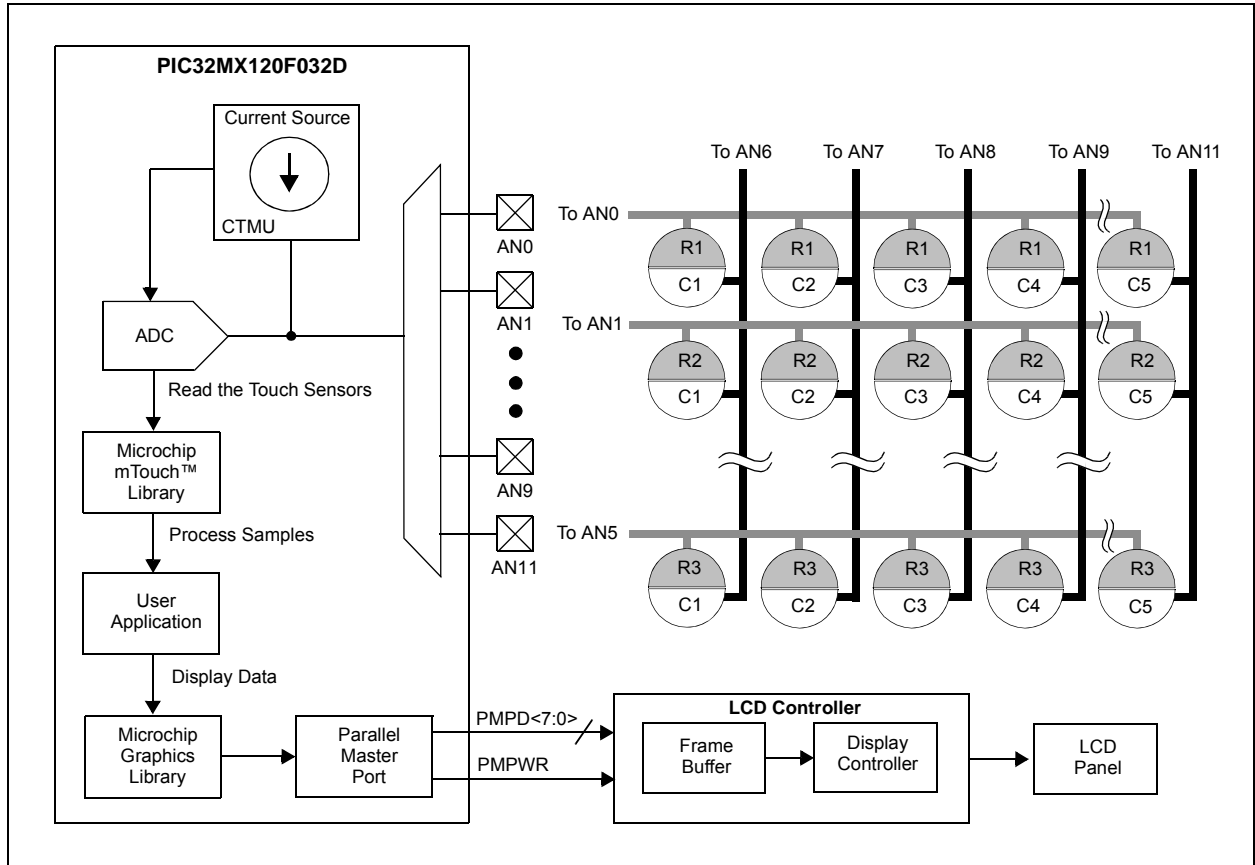
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I <sup>2</sup> S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 13x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	44-QFN (8x8)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx130f256dt-i-ml">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx130f256dt-i-ml</a>

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

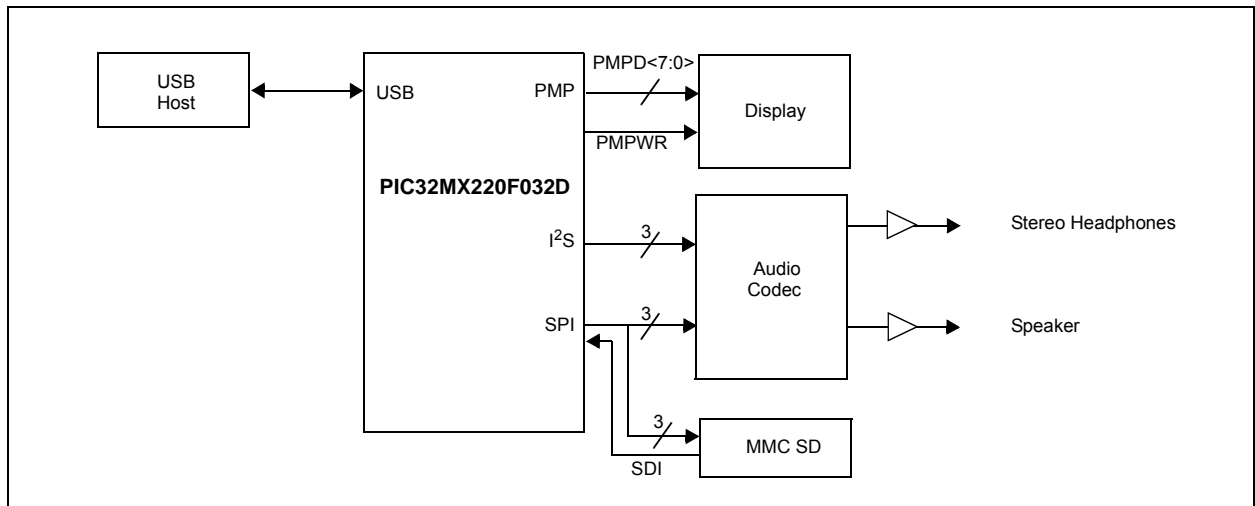
## 2.9 Typical Application Connection Examples

Examples of typical application connections are shown in Figure 2-5 and Figure 2-6.

**FIGURE 2-5: CAPACITIVE TOUCH SENSING WITH GRAPHICS APPLICATION**

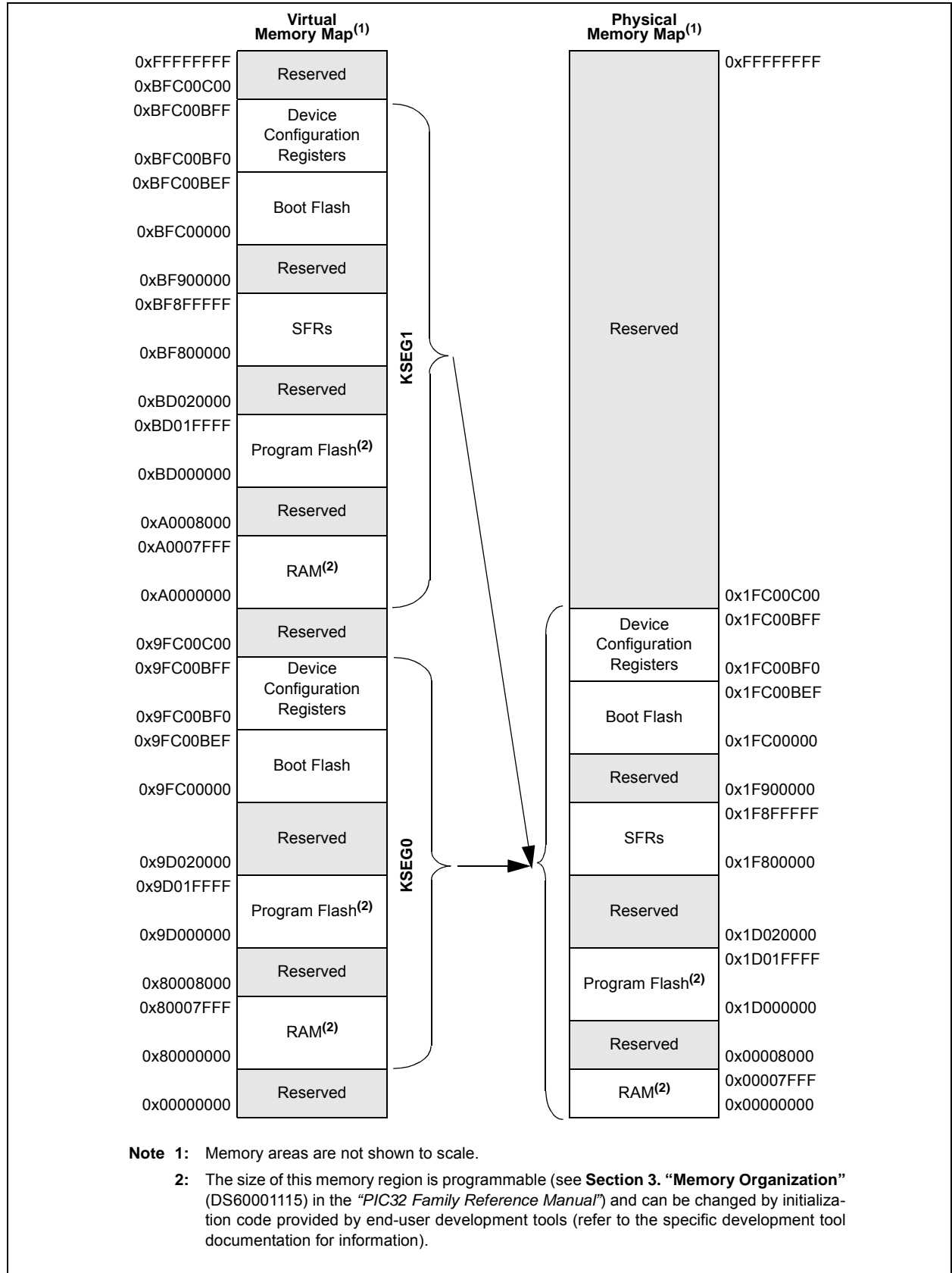


**FIGURE 2-6: AUDIO PLAYBACK APPLICATION**



# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**FIGURE 4-4: MEMORY MAP ON RESET FOR PIC32MX150/250 DEVICES (32 KB RAM, 128 KB FLASH)**



# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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## 8.0 OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATION

**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 6. “Oscillator Configuration”** (DS60001112), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site ([www.microchip.com/pic32](http://www.microchip.com/pic32)).

The PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family oscillator system has the following modules and features:

- Four external and internal oscillator options as clock sources
- On-Chip PLL with user-selectable input divider, multiplier and output divider to boost operating frequency on select internal and external oscillator sources
- On-Chip user-selectable divisor postscaler on select oscillator sources
- Software-controllable switching between various clock sources
- A Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) that detects clock failure and permits safe application recovery or shutdown
- Dedicated On-Chip PLL for USB peripheral

A block diagram of the oscillator system is provided in Figure 8-1.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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## REGISTER 8-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER

- bit 3     **CF:** Clock Fail Detect bit  
1 = FSCM has detected a clock failure  
0 = No clock failure has been detected
- bit 2     **UFRGEN:** USB FRC Clock Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Enable the FRC as the clock source for the USB clock source  
0 = Use the Primary Oscillator or USB PLL as the USB clock source
- bit 1     **SOSCEN:** Secondary Oscillator (Sosc) Enable bit  
1 = Enable the Secondary Oscillator  
0 = Disable the Secondary Oscillator
- bit 0     **OSWEN:** Oscillator Switch Enable bit  
1 = Initiate an oscillator switch to selection specified by NOSC<2:0> bits  
0 = Oscillator switch is complete

**Note 1:** This bit is only available on PIC32MX2XX devices.

**Note:** Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to **Section 6. “Oscillator”** (DS60001112) in the *“PIC32 Family Reference Manual”* for details.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

## REGISTER 8-4: REFOTRIM: REFERENCE OSCILLATOR TRIM REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ROTRIM<8:1>							
23:16	R/W-0	R-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	ROTRIM<0>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	R-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-23 **ROTRIM<8:0>**: Reference Oscillator Trim bits

111111111 = 511/512 divisor added to RODIV value

111111110 = 510/512 divisor added to RODIV value

•

•

•

100000000 = 256/512 divisor added to RODIV value

•

•

•

000000010 = 2/512 divisor added to RODIV value

000000001 = 1/512 divisor added to RODIV value

000000000 = 0/512 divisor added to RODIV value

bit 22-0 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

**Note:** While the ON (REFOCON<15>) bit is '1', writes to this register do not take effect until the DIVSWEN bit is also set to '1'.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**REGISTER 9-4: DCRCCON: DMA CRC CONTROL REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
	—	—	BYTO<1:0>		WBO <sup>(1)</sup>	—	—	BITO
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	PLEN<4:0>				
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CRCCEN	CRCCAPP <sup>(1)</sup>	CRCTYP	—	—	CRCCH<2:0>		

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-30 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 29-28 **BYTO<1:0>:** CRC Byte Order Selection bits

11 = Endian byte swap on half-word boundaries (i.e., source half-word order with reverse source byte order per half-word)

10 = Swap half-words on word boundaries (i.e., reverse source half-word order with source byte order per half-word)

01 = Endian byte swap on word boundaries (i.e., reverse source byte order)

00 = No swapping (i.e., source byte order)

bit 27 **WBO:** CRC Write Byte Order Selection bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = Source data is written to the destination re-ordered as defined by BYTO<1:0>

0 = Source data is written to the destination unaltered

bit 26-25 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 24 **BITO:** CRC Bit Order Selection bit

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 1 (CRC module is in IP Header mode):

1 = The IP header checksum is calculated Least Significant bit (LSb) first (i.e., reflected)

0 = The IP header checksum is calculated Most Significant bit (MSb) first (i.e., not reflected)

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 0 (CRC module is in LFSR mode):

1 = The LFSR CRC is calculated Least Significant bit first (i.e., reflected)

0 = The LFSR CRC is calculated Most Significant bit first (i.e., not reflected)

bit 23-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **PLEN<4:0>:** Polynomial Length bits

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 1 (CRC module is in IP Header mode):

These bits are unused.

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 0 (CRC module is in LFSR mode):

Denotes the length of the polynomial – 1.

bit 7 **CRCCEN:** CRC Enable bit

1 = CRC module is enabled and channel transfers are routed through the CRC module

0 = CRC module is disabled and channel transfers proceed normally

**Note 1:** When WBO = 1, unaligned transfers are not supported and the CRCCAPP bit cannot be set.

**TABLE 11-6: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP**

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
FA04	INT1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT1R<3:0>				0000
FA08	INT2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT2R<3:0>				0000
FA0C	INT3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT3R<3:0>				0000
FA10	INT4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT4R<3:0>				0000
FA18	T2CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	T2CKR<3:0>				0000
FA1C	T3CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	T3CKR<3:0>				0000
FA20	T4CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	T4CKR<3:0>				0000
FA24	T5CKR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	T5CKR<3:0>				0000
FA28	IC1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC1R<3:0>				0000
FA2C	IC2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC2R<3:0>				0000
FA30	IC3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC3R<3:0>				0000
FA34	IC4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC4R<3:0>				0000
FA38	IC5R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC5R<3:0>				0000
FA48	OCFAR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFAR<3:0>				0000
FA4C	OCFBR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFBR<3:0>				0000
FA50	U1RXR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U1RXR<3:0>				0000



# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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NOTES:

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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## REGISTER 17-1: SPIxCON: SPI CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 5     **MSTEN**: Master Mode Enable bit  
          1 = Master mode  
          0 = Slave mode
- bit 4     **DISSDI**: Disable SDI bit  
          1 = SDI pin is not used by the SPI module (pin is controlled by PORT function)  
          0 = SDI pin is controlled by the SPI module
- bit 3-2   **STXISEL<1:0>**: SPI Transmit Buffer Empty Interrupt Mode bits  
          11 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is not full (has one or more empty elements)  
          10 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is empty by one-half or more  
          01 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is completely empty  
          00 = Interrupt is generated when the last transfer is shifted out of SPISR and transmit operations are complete
- bit 1-0   **SRXISEL<1:0>**: SPI Receive Buffer Full Interrupt Mode bits  
          11 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is full  
          10 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is full by one-half or more  
          01 = Interrupt is generated when the buffer is not empty  
          00 = Interrupt is generated when the last word in the receive buffer is read (i.e., buffer is empty)

- Note 1:** When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read or write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.
- 2:** This bit can only be written when the ON bit = 0.
- 3:** This bit is not used in the Framed SPI mode. The user should program this bit to '0' for the Framed SPI mode (FRMEN = 1).
- 4:** When AUDEN = 1, the SPI module functions as if the CKP bit is equal to '1', regardless of the actual value of CKP.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

## REGISTER 20-3: PMADDR: PARALLEL PORT ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	CS1 <sup>(1)</sup>	—	—	—	ADDR<10:8>		
		ADDR14 <sup>(2)</sup>						
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ADDR<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14 **CS1:** Chip Select 1 bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = Chip Select 1 is active

0 = Chip Select 1 is inactive

bit 14 **ADDR<14>:** Destination Address bit 14<sup>(2)</sup>

bit 13-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-0 **ADDR<10:0>:** Destination Address bits

**Note 1:** When the CSF<1:0> bits (PMCON<7:6>) = 10.

**2:** When the CSF<1:0> bits (PMCON<7:6>) = 00 or 01.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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NOTES:

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

## REGISTER 25-1: CTMUCON: CTMU CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0 EDG1MOD	R/W-0 EDG1POL	R/W-0 EDG1SEL<3:0>				R/W-0 EDG2STAT	R/W-0 EDG1STAT
23:16	R/W-0 EDG2MOD	R/W-0 EDG2POL	R/W-0 EDG2SEL<3:0>				U-0 —	U-0 —
15:8	R/W-0 ON	U-0 —	R/W-0 CTMUSIDL	R/W-0 TGEN <sup>(1)</sup>	R/W-0 EDGEN	R/W-0 EDGSEQEN	R/W-0 IDISSEN <sup>(2)</sup>	R/W-0 CTTRIG
7:0	R/W-0 ITRIM<5:0>						R/W-0 IRNG<1:0>	

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **EDG1MOD:** Edge1 Edge Sampling Select bit

1 = Input is edge-sensitive

0 = Input is level-sensitive

bit 30 **EDG1POL:** Edge 1 Polarity Select bit

1 = Edge1 programmed for a positive edge response

0 = Edge1 programmed for a negative edge response

bit 29-26 **EDG1SEL<3:0>:** Edge 1 Source Select bits

1111 = C3OUT pin is selected

1110 = C2OUT pin is selected

1101 = C1OUT pin is selected

1100 = IC3 Capture Event is selected

1011 = IC2 Capture Event is selected

1010 = IC1 Capture Event is selected

1001 = CTED8 pin is selected

1000 = CTED7 pin is selected

0111 = CTED6 pin is selected

0110 = CTED5 pin is selected

0101 = CTED4 pin is selected

0100 = CTED3 pin is selected

0011 = CTED1 pin is selected

0010 = CTED2 pin is selected

0001 = OC1 Compare Event is selected

0000 = Timer1 Event is selected

bit 25 **EDG2STAT:** Edge2 Status bit

Indicates the status of Edge2 and can be written to control edge source

1 = Edge2 has occurred

0 = Edge2 has not occurred

**Note 1:** When this bit is set for Pulse Delay Generation, the EDG2SEL<3:0> bits must be set to '1110' to select C2OUT.

**2:** The ADC module Sample and Hold capacitor is not automatically discharged between sample/conversion cycles. Software using the ADC as part of a capacitive measurement, must discharge the ADC capacitor before conducting the measurement. The IDISSEN bit, when set to '1', performs this function. The ADC module must be sampling while the IDISSEN bit is active to connect the discharge sink to the capacitor array.

**3:** Refer to the CTMU Current Source Specifications (Table 30-41) in **Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"** for current values.

**4:** This bit setting is not available for the CTMU temperature diode.

**TABLE 26-2: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE REGISTER MAP**

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
F240	PMD1	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	CVRMD	—	—	—	CTMUMD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	AD1MD	0000
F250	PMD2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CMP3MD	CMP2MD	CMP1MD	0000
F260	PMD3	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC5MD	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC5MD	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD	0000
F270	PMD4	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	T5MD	T4MD	T3MD	T2MD	T1MD	0000
F280	PMD5	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	USB1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	I2C1MD	I2C1MD	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	SPI2MD	SPI1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	U2MD	U1MD	0000
F290	PMD6	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PMPMD	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	RTCCMD	0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

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**REGISTER 27-1: DEVCFG0: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 0**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-0	r-1	r-1	R/P	r-1	r-1	r-1	R/P
	—	—	—	CP	—	—	—	BWP
23:16	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P
	—	—	—	—	—	PWP<8:6> <sup>(3)</sup>		
15:8	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	r-1	r-1
	PWP<5:0>						—	—
7:0	r-1	r-1	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P
	—	—	—	ICESEL<1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>		JTAGEN <sup>(1)</sup>	DEBUG<1:0>	

<b>Legend:</b>	r = Reserved bit	P = Programmable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **Reserved:** Write '0'

bit 30-29 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 28 **CP:** Code-Protect bit

Prevents boot and program Flash memory from being read or modified by an external programming device.

1 = Protection is disabled

0 = Protection is enabled

bit 27-25 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 24 **BWP:** Boot Flash Write-Protect bit

Prevents boot Flash memory from being modified during code execution.

1 = Boot Flash is writable

0 = Boot Flash is not writable

bit 23-19 **Reserved:** Write '1'

**Note 1:** This bit sets the value for the JTAGEN bit in the CFGCON register.

**2:** The PGEC4/PGED4 pin pair is not available on all devices. Refer to the “Pin Diagrams” section for availability.

**3:** The PWP<8:7> bits are only available on devices with 256 KB Flash.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**REGISTER 27-2: DEVCFG1: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 1**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	R/P	R/P
	—	—	—	—	—	—	FWDTWINSZ<1:0>	
23:16	R/P	R/P	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P
	FWDTEN	WINDIS	—	WDTPS<4:0>				
15:8	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P
	FCKSM<1:0>		FPBDIV<1:0>		—	OSCIOFNC	POSCMOD<1:0>	
7:0	R/P	r-1	R/P	r-1	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P
	IESO	—	FSOSCEN	—	—	FNOSC<2:0>		

<b>Legend:</b>	r = Reserved bit	P = Programmable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-26 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 25-24 **FWDTWINSZ<1:0>**: Watchdog Timer Window Size bits

11 = Window size is 25%  
 10 = Window size is 37.5%  
 01 = Window size is 50%  
 00 = Window size is 75%

bit 23 **FWDTEN**: Watchdog Timer Enable bit

1 = Watchdog Timer is enabled and cannot be disabled by software  
 0 = Watchdog Timer is not enabled; it can be enabled in software

bit 22 **WINDIS**: Watchdog Timer Window Enable bit

1 = Watchdog Timer is in non-Window mode  
 0 = Watchdog Timer is in Window mode

bit 21 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 20-16 **WDTPS<4:0>**: Watchdog Timer Postscale Select bits

10100 = 1:1048576  
 10011 = 1:524288  
 10010 = 1:262144  
 10001 = 1:131072  
 10000 = 1:65536  
 01111 = 1:32768  
 01110 = 1:16384  
 01101 = 1:8192  
 01100 = 1:4096  
 01011 = 1:2048  
 01010 = 1:1024  
 01001 = 1:512  
 01000 = 1:256  
 00111 = 1:128  
 00110 = 1:64  
 00101 = 1:32  
 00100 = 1:16  
 00011 = 1:8  
 00010 = 1:4  
 00001 = 1:2  
 00000 = 1:1  
 All other combinations not shown result in operation = 10100

**Note 1:** Do not disable the Posc (POSCMOD = 11) when using this oscillator source.



## 29.0 DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT

The PIC® microcontrollers (MCU) and dsPIC® digital signal controllers (DSC) are supported with a full range of software and hardware development tools:

- Integrated Development Environment
  - MPLAB® X IDE Software
- Compilers/Assemblers/Linkers
  - MPLAB XC Compiler
  - MPASM™ Assembler
  - MPLINK™ Object Linker/  
MPLIB™ Object Librarian
  - MPLAB Assembler/Linker/Librarian for  
Various Device Families
- Simulators
  - MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator
- Emulators
  - MPLAB REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator
- In-Circuit Debuggers/Programmers
  - MPLAB ICD 3
  - PICKit™ 3
- Device Programmers
  - MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer
- Low-Cost Demonstration/Development Boards,  
Evaluation Kits and Starter Kits
- Third-party development tools

## 29.1 MPLAB X Integrated Development Environment Software

The MPLAB X IDE is a single, unified graphical user interface for Microchip and third-party software, and hardware development tool that runs on Windows®, Linux and Mac OS® X. Based on the NetBeans IDE, MPLAB X IDE is an entirely new IDE with a host of free software components and plug-ins for high-performance application development and debugging. Moving between tools and upgrading from software simulators to hardware debugging and programming tools is simple with the seamless user interface.

With complete project management, visual call graphs, a configurable watch window and a feature-rich editor that includes code completion and context menus, MPLAB X IDE is flexible and friendly enough for new users. With the ability to support multiple tools on multiple projects with simultaneous debugging, MPLAB X IDE is also suitable for the needs of experienced users.

Feature-Rich Editor:

- Color syntax highlighting
- Smart code completion makes suggestions and provides hints as you type
- Automatic code formatting based on user-defined rules
- Live parsing

User-Friendly, Customizable Interface:

- Fully customizable interface: toolbars, toolbar buttons, windows, window placement, etc.
- Call graph window

Project-Based Workspaces:

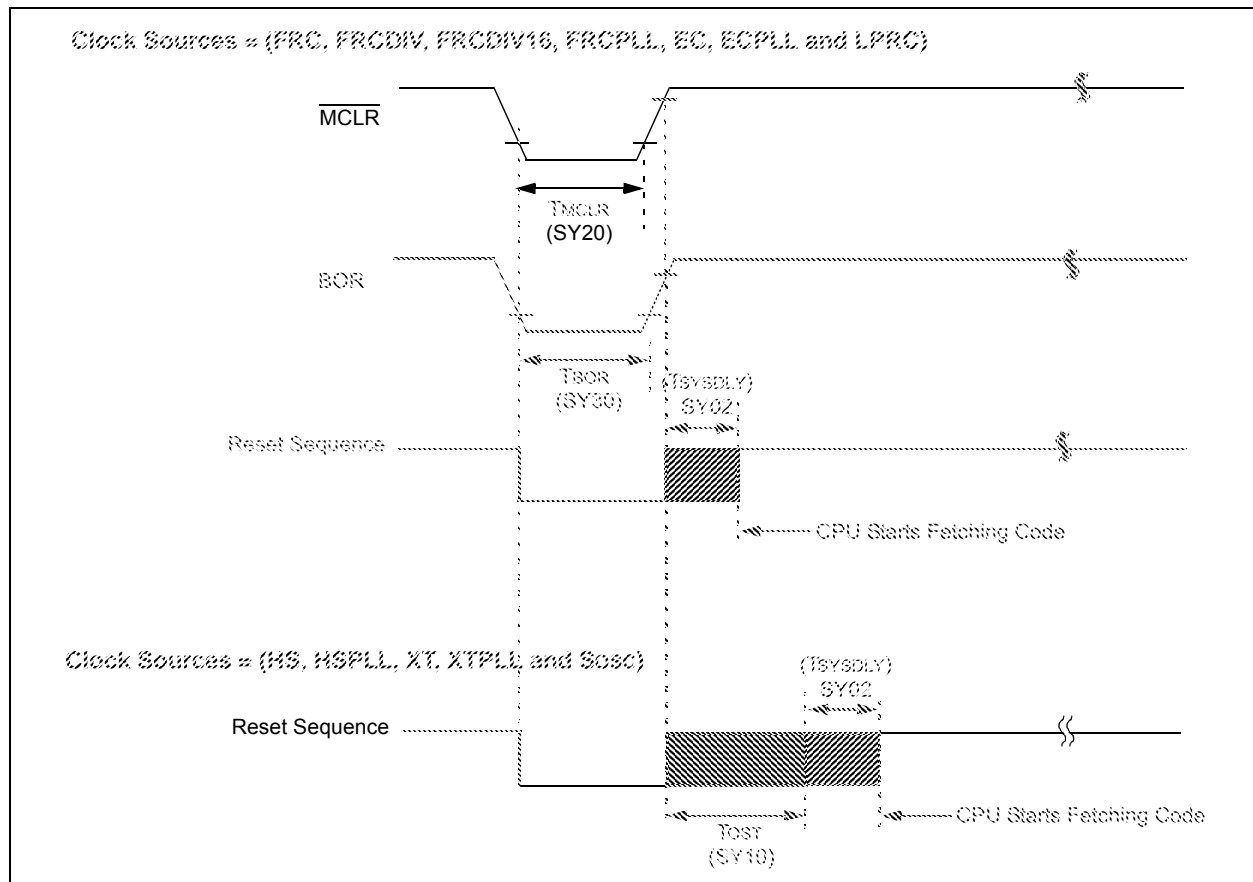
- Multiple projects
- Multiple tools
- Multiple configurations
- Simultaneous debugging sessions

File History and Bug Tracking:

- Local file history feature
- Built-in support for Bugzilla issue tracker

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**FIGURE 30-5: EXTERNAL RESET TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 30-22: RESETS TIMING**

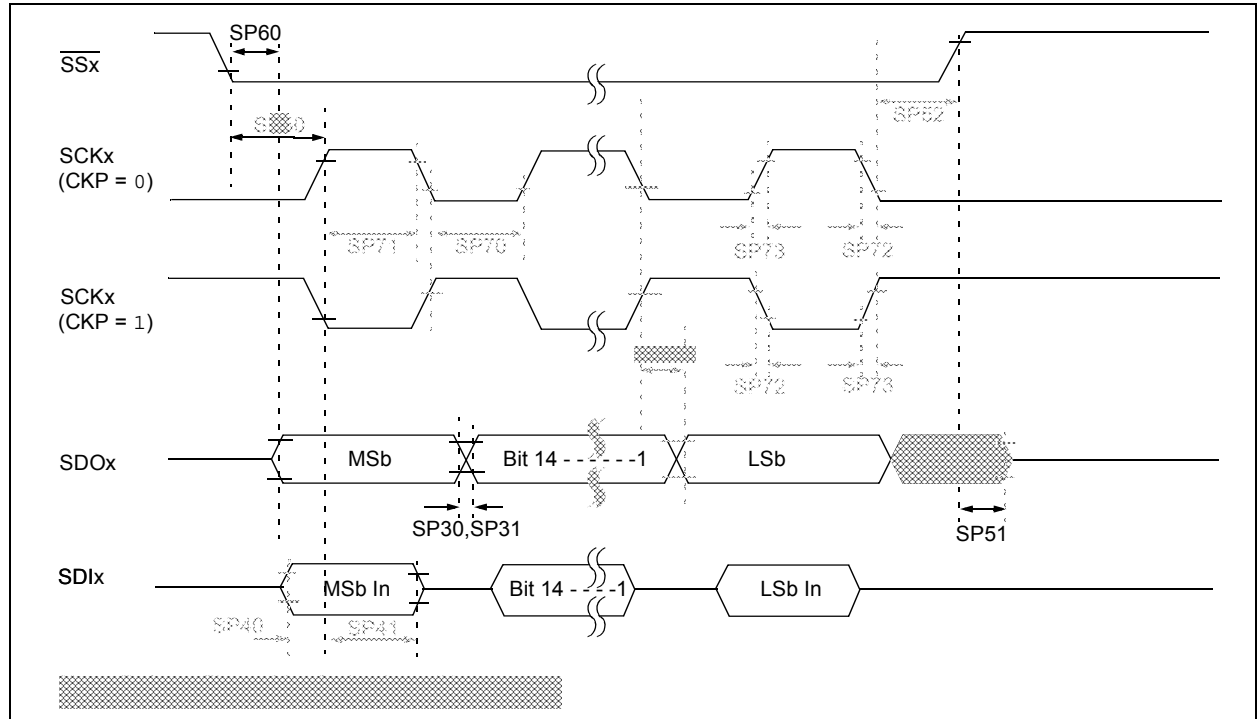
AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Typical <sup>(2)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
SY00	TPU	Power-up Period Internal Voltage Regulator Enabled	—	400	600	μs	—
SY02	TSYSDLY	System Delay Period: Time Required to Reload Device Configuration Fuses plus SYSCLK Delay before First instruction is Fetched.	—	1 μs + 8 SYSCLK cycles	—	—	—
SY20	TMCLR	MCLR Pulse Width (low)	2	—	—	μs	—
SY30	TBOR	BOR Pulse Width (low)	—	1	—	μs	—

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

**2:** Data in "Typ" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Characterized by design but not tested.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

**FIGURE 30-13: SPIx MODULE SLAVE MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 30-31: SPIx MODULE SLAVE MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Typical <sup>(2)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	TsCL	SCKx Input Low Time ( <b>Note 3</b> )	TsCK/2	—	—	ns	—
SP71	TsCH	SCKx Input High Time ( <b>Note 3</b> )	TsCK/2	—	—	ns	—
SP72	TsCF	SCKx Input Fall Time	—	5	10	ns	—
SP73	TsCR	SCKx Input Rise Time	—	5	10	ns	—
SP30	TDoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time ( <b>Note 4</b> )	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32
SP31	TDoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time ( <b>Note 4</b> )	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31
SP35	TsCH2DoV, TsCL2DoV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	—	20	ns	VDD > 2.7V
			—	—	30	ns	VDD < 2.7V
SP40	TdIV2sCH, TdIV2sCL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	10	—	—	ns	—
SP41	TsCH2dIL, TsCL2dIL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	10	—	—	ns	—
SP50	TssL2sCH, TssL2sCL	SSx ↓ to SCKx ↓ or SCKx ↑ Input	175	—	—	ns	—

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

**2:** Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**3:** The minimum clock period for SCKx is 50 ns.

**4:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

# PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 30-34: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 5): 2.5V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
<b>ADC Accuracy – Measurements with Internal VREF+/VREF-</b>							
AD20d	Nr	Resolution	10 data bits			bits	(Note 3)
AD21d	INL	Integral Non-linearity	> -1	—	< 1	LSb	V <sub>INL</sub> = AV <sub>SS</sub> = 0V, AV <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5V to 3.6V (Note 3)
AD22d	DNL	Differential Non-linearity	> -1	—	< 1	LSb	V <sub>INL</sub> = AV <sub>SS</sub> = 0V, AV <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5V to 3.6V (Notes 2,3)
AD23d	GERR	Gain Error	> -4	—	< 4	LSb	V <sub>INL</sub> = AV <sub>SS</sub> = 0V, AV <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5V to 3.6V (Note 3)
AD24d	E <sub>OFF</sub>	Offset Error	> -2	—	< 2	Lsb	V <sub>INL</sub> = AV <sub>SS</sub> = 0V, AV <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5V to 3.6V (Note 3)
AD25d	—	Monotonicity	—	—	—	—	Guaranteed
<b>Dynamic Performance</b>							
AD32b	SINAD	Signal to Noise and Distortion	55	58.5	—	dB	(Notes 3,4)
AD34b	ENOB	Effective Number of bits	9.0	9.5	—	bits	(Notes 3,4)

**Note 1:** These parameters are not characterized or tested in manufacturing.

**2:** With no missing codes.

**3:** These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

**4:** Characterized with a 1 kHz sine wave.

**5:** The ADC module is functional at V<sub>B0</sub>MIN < V<sub>DD</sub> < 2.5V, but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

FIGURE 32-6: TYPICAL FRC FREQUENCY @ V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V

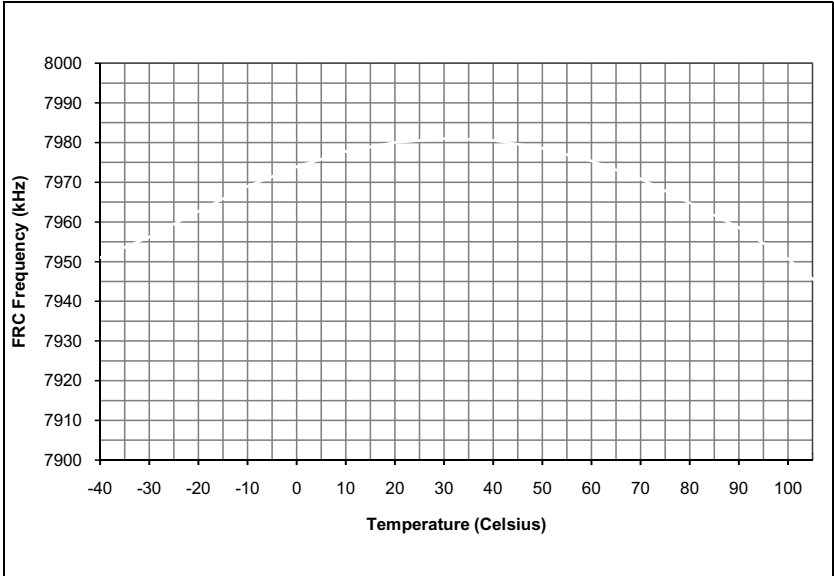


FIGURE 32-7: TYPICAL LPRC FREQUENCY @ V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V

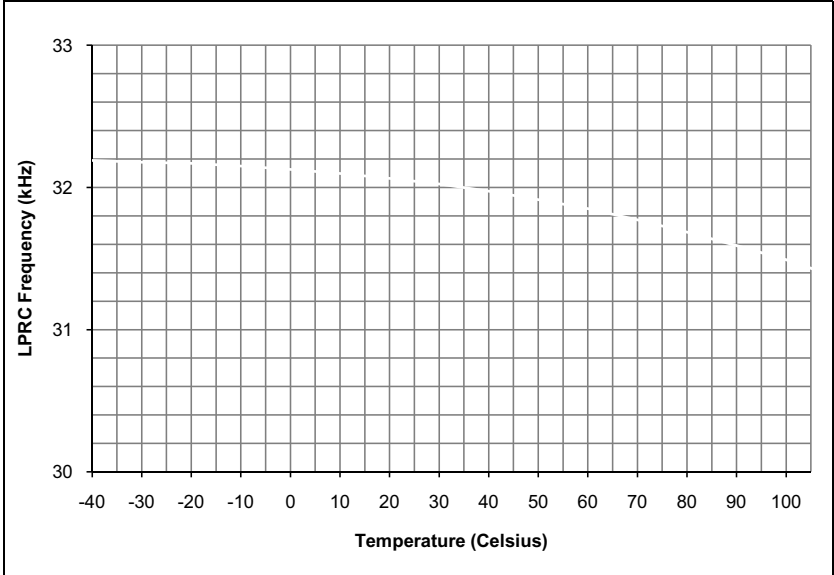


FIGURE 32-8: TYPICAL CTMU TEMPERATURE DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

