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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Detuns	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	19
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	28-DIP (0.300", 7.62mm)
Supplier Device Package	28-SPDIP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx220f032b-v-sp

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1.0 DEVICE OVERVIEW

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to documents listed in the Documentation > Reference Manual section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

BLOCK DIAGRAM

This document contains device-specific information for PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family devices.

Figure 1-1 illustrates a general block diagram of the core and peripheral modules in the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices.

Table 1-1 lists the functions of the various pins shown in the pinout diagrams.

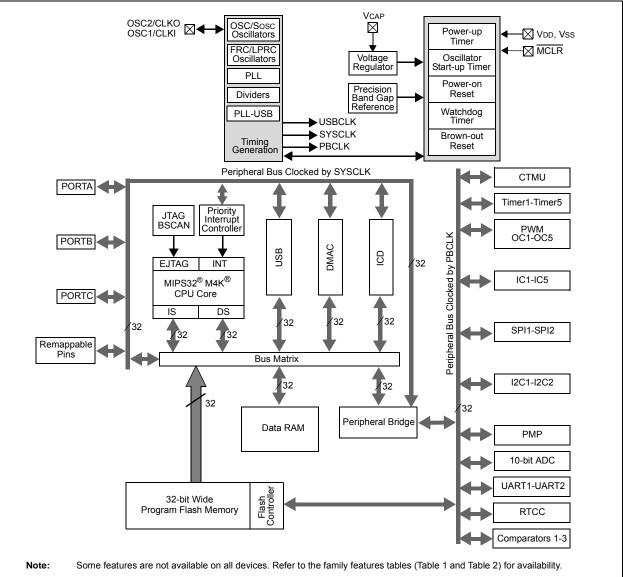


FIGURE 1-1:

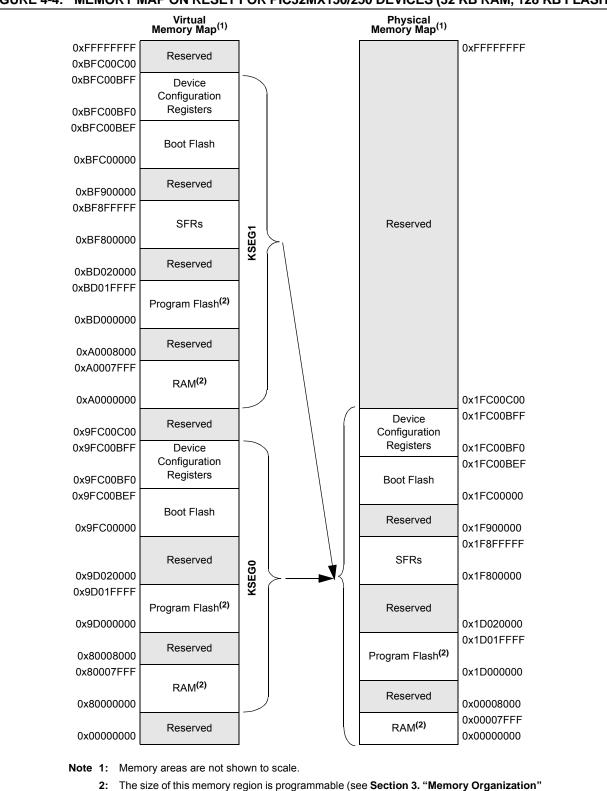


FIGURE 4-4: MEMORY MAP ON RESET FOR PIC32MX150/250 DEVICES (32 KB RAM, 128 KB FLASH)

2: The size of this memory region is programmable (see Section 3. "Memory Organization" (DS60001115) in the "*PIC32 Family Reference Manual*") and can be changed by initialization code provided by end-user development tools (refer to the specific development tool documentation for information).

TABLE 4-1: SFR MEMORY MAP

	Virtual A	ddress
Peripheral	Base	Offset Start
Watchdog Timer		0x0000
RTCC		0x0200
Timer1-5		0x0600
Input Capture 1-5		0x2000
Output Compare 1-5		0x3000
IC1 and IC2		0x5000
SPI1 and SPI2		0x5800
UART1 and UART2		0x6000
PMP		0x7000
ADC	0xBF80	0x9000
CVREF		0x9800
Comparator		0xA000
CTMU		0xA200
Oscillator		0xF000
Device and Revision ID		0xF220
Peripheral Module Disable		0xF240
Flash Controller		0xF400
Reset		0xF600
PPS		0xFA04
Interrupts		0x1000
Bus Matrix		0x2000
DMA	0xBF88	0x3000
USB		0x5050
PORTA-PORTC		0x6000
Configuration	0xBFC0	0x0BF0

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0			
04.04	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0			
31:24				NVMKE	Y<31:24>						
00.40	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0			
23:16	NVMKEY<23:16>										
45.0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0			
15:8	NVMKEY<15:8>										
7.0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0			
7:0	NVMKEY<7:0>										

REGISTER 5-2: NVMKEY: PROGRAMMING UNLOCK REGISTER

Legend:

Legena.				
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ad as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown	

bit 31-0 NVMKEY<31:0>: Unlock Register bits

These bits are write-only, and read as '0' on any read

Note: This register is used as part of the unlock sequence to prevent inadvertent writes to the PFM.

REGISTER 5-3: NVMADDR: FLASH ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0		
24.24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
31:24				NVMADI	DR<31:24>					
00.40	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
23:16	NVMADDR<23:16>									
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
15:8	NVMADDR<15:8>									
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
7:0	NVMADDR<7:0>									

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ad as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 NVMADDR<31:0>: Flash Address bits

Bulk/Chip/PFM Erase: Address is ignored. Page Erase: Address identifies the page to erase. Row Program: Address identifies the row to program. Word Program: Address identifies the word to program.

TABLE 7-1: INTERRUPT IRQ, VECTOR AND BIT LOCATION

(1)	IRQ	Vector		Persistent				
Interrupt Source ⁽¹⁾	#	#	Flag	Enable	Priority	Sub-priority	Interrupt	
Highest Natural Order Priority								
CT – Core Timer Interrupt	0	0	IFS0<0>	IEC0<0>	IPC0<4:2>	IPC0<1:0>	No	
CS0 – Core Software Interrupt 0	1	1	IFS0<1>	IEC0<1>	IPC0<12:10>	IPC0<9:8>	No	
CS1 – Core Software Interrupt 1	2	2	IFS0<2>	IEC0<2>	IPC0<20:18>	IPC0<17:16>	No	
INT0 – External Interrupt	3	3	IFS0<3>	IEC0<3>	IPC0<28:26>	IPC0<25:24>	No	
T1 – Timer1	4	4	IFS0<4>	IEC0<4>	IPC1<4:2>	IPC1<1:0>	No	
IC1E – Input Capture 1 Error	5	5	IFS0<5>	IEC0<5>	IPC1<12:10>	IPC1<9:8>	Yes	
IC1 – Input Capture 1	6	5	IFS0<6>	IEC0<6>	IPC1<12:10>	IPC1<9:8>	Yes	
OC1 – Output Compare 1	7	6	IFS0<7>	IEC0<7>	IPC1<20:18>	IPC1<17:16>	No	
INT1 – External Interrupt 1	8	7	IFS0<8>	IEC0<8>	IPC1<28:26>	IPC1<25:24>	No	
T2 – Timer2	9	8	IFS0<9>	IEC0<9>	IPC2<4:2>	IPC2<1:0>	No	
IC2E – Input Capture 2	10	9	IFS0<10>	IEC0<10>	IPC2<12:10>	IPC2<9:8>	Yes	
IC2 – Input Capture 2	11	9	IFS0<11>	IEC0<11>	IPC2<12:10>	IPC2<9:8>	Yes	
OC2 – Output Compare 2	12	10	IFS0<12>	IEC0<12>	IPC2<20:18>	IPC2<17:16>	No	
INT2 – External Interrupt 2	13	11	IFS0<13>	IEC0<13>	IPC2<28:26>	IPC2<25:24>	No	
T3 – Timer3	14	12	IFS0<14>	IEC0<14>	IPC3<4:2>	IPC3<1:0>	No	
IC3E – Input Capture 3	15	13	IFS0<15>	IEC0<15>	IPC3<12:10>	IPC3<9:8>	Yes	
IC3 – Input Capture 3	16	13	IFS0<16>	IEC0<16>	IPC3<12:10>	IPC3<9:8>	Yes	
OC3 – Output Compare 3	17	14	IFS0<17>	IEC0<17>	IPC3<20:18>	IPC3<17:16>	No	
INT3 – External Interrupt 3	18	15	IFS0<18>	IEC0<18>	IPC3<28:26>	IPC3<25:24>	No	
T4 – Timer4	19	16	IFS0<19>	IEC0<19>	IPC4<4:2>	IPC4<1:0>	No	
IC4E – Input Capture 4 Error	20	17	IFS0<20>	IEC0<20>	IPC4<12:10>	IPC4<9:8>	Yes	
IC4 – Input Capture 4	21	17	IFS0<21>	IEC0<21>	IPC4<12:10>	IPC4<9:8>	Yes	
OC4 – Output Compare 4	22	18	IFS0<22>	IEC0<22>	IPC4<20:18>	IPC4<17:16>	No	
INT4 – External Interrupt 4	23	19	IFS0<23>	IEC0<23>	IPC4<28:26>	IPC4<25:24>	No	
T5 – Timer5	24	20	IFS0<24>	IEC0<24>	IPC5<4:2>	IPC5<1:0>	No	
IC5E – Input Capture 5 Error	25	21	IFS0<25>	IEC0<25>	IPC5<12:10>	IPC5<9:8>	Yes	
IC5 – Input Capture 5	26	21	IFS0<26>	IEC0<26>	IPC5<12:10>	IPC5<9:8>	Yes	
OC5 – Output Compare 5	27	22	IFS0<27>	IEC0<27>	IPC5<20:18>	IPC5<17:16>	No	
AD1 – ADC1 Convert done	28	23	IFS0<28>	IEC0<28>	IPC5<28:26>	IPC5<25:24>	Yes	
FSCM – Fail-Safe Clock Monitor	29	24	IFS0<29>	IEC0<29>	IPC6<4:2>	IPC6<1:0>	No	
RTCC – Real-Time Clock and Calendar	30	25	IFS0<30>	IEC0<30>	IPC6<12:10>	IPC6<9:8>	No	
FCE – Flash Control Event	31	26	IFS0<31>	IEC0<31>	IPC6<20:18>	IPC6<17:16>	No	
CMP1 – Comparator Interrupt	32	27	IFS1<0>	IEC1<0>	IPC6<28:26>	IPC6<25:24>	No	
CMP2 – Comparator Interrupt	33	28	IFS1<1>	IEC1<1>	IPC7<4:2>	IPC7<1:0>	No	
CMP3 – Comparator Interrupt	34	29	IFS1<2>	IEC1<2>	IPC7<12:10>	IPC7<9:8>	No	
USB – USB Interrupts	35	30	IFS1<3>	IEC1<3>	IPC7<20:18>	IPC7<17:16>	Yes	
SPI1E – SPI1 Fault	36	31	IFS1<4>	IEC1<4>	IPC7<28:26>	IPC7<25:24>	Yes	
SPI1RX – SPI1 Receive Done	37	31	IFS1<5>	IEC1<5>	IPC7<28:26>	IPC7<25:24>	Yes	
SPI1TX – SPI1 Transfer Done	38	31	IFS1<6>	IEC1<6>	IPC7<28:26>	IPC7<25:24>	Yes	

Note 1: Not all interrupt sources are available on all devices. See TABLE 1: "PIC32MX1XX 28/36/44-Pin General Purpose Family Features" and TABLE 2: "PIC32MX2XX 28/36/44-pin USB Family Features" for the lists of available peripherals.

8.0 OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATION

Note:	This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data
	sheet, refer to Section 6. "Oscillator
	Configuration" (DS60001112), which is
	available from the Documentation >
	Reference Manual section of the
	Microchip PIC32 web site
	(www.microchip.com/pic32).

The PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family oscillator system has the following modules and features:

- Four external and internal oscillator options as clock sources
- On-Chip PLL with user-selectable input divider, multiplier and output divider to boost operating frequency on select internal and external oscillator sources
- On-Chip user-selectable divisor postscaler on select oscillator sources
- Software-controllable switching between various clock sources
- A Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) that detects clock failure and permits safe application recovery or shutdown
- Dedicated On-Chip PLL for USB peripheral

A block diagram of the oscillator system is provided in Figure 8-1.

REGISTE	R 9-9: DCHxINT: DMA CHANNEL 'x' INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)
bit 4	CHDHIF: Channel Destination Half Full Interrupt Flag bit
	 1 = Channel Destination Pointer has reached midpoint of destination (CHDPTR = CHDSIZ/2) 0 = No interrupt is pending
bit 3	CHBCIF: Channel Block Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag bit
	 1 = A block transfer has been completed (the larger of CHSSIZ/CHDSIZ bytes has been transferred), or a pattern match event occurs 0 = No interrupt is pending
bit 2	CHCCIF: Channel Cell Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag bit
	1 = A cell transfer has been completed (CHCSIZ bytes have been transferred)0 = No interrupt is pending
bit 1	CHTAIF: Channel Transfer Abort Interrupt Flag bit
	 1 = An interrupt matching CHAIRQ has been detected and the DMA transfer has been aborted 0 = No interrupt is pending
bit 0	CHERIF: Channel Address Error Interrupt Flag bit
	 1 = A channel address error has been detected (either the source or the destination address is invalid) 0 = No interrupt is pending

DS60001168J-page 96

USB Control Registers 10.1

TABLE 10-1: USB REGISTER MAP

ess											Bit	s							
Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets
5040	(4)	31:16	_	—	—	—	—	—		_	—	—	—	—	—	—	_	—	000
5040	UTUTUIK()	15:0		_	_	—	_	_		_	IDIF	T1MSECIF	LSTATEIF	ACTVIF	SESVDIF	SESENDIF	1	VBUSVDIF	000
5050	U10TGIE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	_	—	000
0000	OTOTOLE	15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IDIE	T1MSECIE	LSTATEIE	ACTVIE	SESVDIE	SESENDIE	_	VBUSVDIE	000
5060	U10TGSTAT ⁽³⁾	31:16	_	—	—	—	—	—	_	—			—	—		—	_		000
0000	0101001/11	15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ID		LSTATE	—	SESVD	SESEND	_	VBUSVD	000
5070	U10TGCON	31:16	_	—	—	—	—	—	_	—			—	—		—	_		000
0070	UTOTOOON	15:0	_	—	—	—	—	—	_	—	DPPULUP	DMPULUP	DPPULDWN	DMPULDWN	VBUSON	OTGEN	VBUSCHG	VBUSDIS	000
5080	U1PWRC	31:16	_	—	—	—	—	—	_	—			—	—		—	_		000
0000	on wite	15:0	_	—	—	—	—	—	_	—	UACTPND ⁽⁴⁾		—	USLPGRD	USBBUSY	—	USUSPEND	USBPWR	000
		31:16	_	—	—	—	—	—	_	—			—	—		—	_		000
5200	U1IR ⁽²⁾	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	STALLIF	ATTACHIF	RESUMEIF	IDLEIF	TRNIF	SOFIF	UERRIF	URSTIF	000
		04.40																DETACHIF	000
5210	U1IE	31:16	_	_						_	—	—		—	—	—	—		000
5210	OTIE	15:0	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	STALLIE	ATTACHIE	RESUMEIE	IDLEIE	TRNIE	SOFIE	UERRIE	DETACHIE	000
		31:16	_	_	_	_		_			_	_	_	_	_	_	_		000
5220	U1EIR ⁽²⁾	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	BTSEF	BMXEF	DMAEF	BTOEF	DFN8EF	CRC16EF	CRC5EF EOFEF	PIDEF	000
		31:16	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_		000
5230	U1EIE	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	BTSEE	BMXEE	DMAEE	BTOEE	DFN8EE	CRC16EE	CRC5EE EOFEE	PIDEE	000
	(2)	31:16	_	_		_	_			_		_		_	_		_	_	000
5240	U1STAT ⁽³⁾	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_		_			PT<3:0>		DIR	PPBI	_	_	000
		31:16	_		_	_	_	_		_	_	_			_	_	_	_	000
5250	U1CON												PKTDIS					USBEN	000
		15:0		—	—	—	—	—		—	JSTATE	SE0	TOKBUSY	USBRST	HOSTEN	RESUME	PPBRST	SOFEN	000
5260	U1ADDR	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	—	000
5260	UTADDR	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	—	_	_	LSPDEN			DE	VADDR<6:	0>			000
5070		31:16	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	000
5270	U1BDTP1	15:0	—			—				_			BC) TPTRL<15:9>	>				0000

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal. Legend:

With the exception of those noted, all registers in this table (except as noted) have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8, and 0xC respectively. See Section 11.2 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information. Note 1:

2: This register does not have associated SET and INV registers.

This register does not have associated CLR, SET and INV registers. 3:

4: Reset value for this bit is undefined.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

Bit Range			Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31.24		_				—		—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23.10	-	—			-	—		—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
15.6	-	—	—	-	-	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0
7:0	IDIE	T1MSECIE	LSTATEIE	ACTVIE	SESVDIE	SESENDIE		VBUSVDIE

REGISTER 10-2: U1OTGIE: USB OTG INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER

Legend:

R = Readable bit	= Readable bit W = Writable bit		ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 7 **IDIE:** ID Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = ID interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = ID interrupt is disabled

bit 6 T1MSECIE: 1 Millisecond Timer Interrupt Enable bit

- 1 = 1 millisecond timer interrupt is enabled
- 0 = 1 millisecond timer interrupt is disabled

bit 5 LSTATEIE: Line State Interrupt Enable bit

- 1 = Line state interrupt is enabled
- 0 = Line state interrupt is disabled
- bit 4 ACTVIE: Bus Activity Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = Activity interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = Activity interrupt is disabled
- bit 3 SESVDIE: Session Valid Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = Session valid interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = Session valid interrupt is disabled
- bit 2 SESENDIE: B-Device Session End Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = B-Device session end interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = B-Device session end interrupt is disabled
- bit 1 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 0 VBUSVDIE: A-Device VBUS Valid Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = A-Device VBUS valid interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = A-Device VBUS valid interrupt is disabled

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
21.24	U-0	U-0						
31:24		_	—	—	_	—	_	_
22:16	U-0	U-0						
23:16		_	_	_			_	
15:0	U-0	U-0						
15:8		—	—	—	—	-	—	—
	R/W-0	R/W-0						
7:0	BTSEE	BMXEE	DMAEE	BTOEE	DFN8EE	CRC16EE	CRC5EE ⁽¹⁾ EOFEE ⁽²⁾	PIDEE

REGISTER 10-9: U1EIE: USB ERROR INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER

Legend:

0				
R = Readable bit W = Writable bit		U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'		
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown	

bit 31-8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

	•
bit 7	BTSEE: Bit Stuff Error Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = BTSEF interrupt is enabled
	0 = BTSEF interrupt is disabled
bit 6	BMXEE: Bus Matrix Error Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = BMXEF interrupt is enabled
	0 = BMXEF interrupt is disabled
bit 5	DMAEE: DMA Error Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = DMAEF interrupt is enabled
	0 = DMAEF interrupt is disabled
bit 4	BTOEE: Bus Turnaround Time-out Error Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = BTOEF interrupt is enabled
	0 = BTOEF interrupt is disabled
bit 3	DFN8EE: Data Field Size Error Interrupt Enable bit
	1 = DFN8EF interrupt is enabled
	0 = DFN8EF interrupt is disabled

- bit 2 CRC16EE: CRC16 Failure Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = CRC16EF interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = CRC16EF interrupt is disabled
- bit 1 CRC5EE: CRC5 Host Error Interrupt Enable bit⁽¹⁾
 - 1 = CRC5EF interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = CRC5EF interrupt is disabled
 - EOFEE: EOF Error Interrupt Enable bit⁽²⁾
 - 1 = EOF interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = EOF interrupt is disabled
- bit 0 PIDEE: PID Check Failure Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = PIDEF interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = PIDEF interrupt is disabled
- Note 1: Device mode.
 - 2: Host mode.

Note: For an interrupt to propagate the USBIF register, the UERRIE (U1IE<1>) bit must be set.

NOTES:

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 17-2: SPIxCON2: SPI CONTROL REGISTER 2

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31.24	—	—	—	—	—	—	_	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23.10	—	—	—	—	—	—	_	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
10.0	SPISGNEXT	—	—	FRMERREN	SPIROVEN	SPITUREN	IGNROV	IGNTUR
7:0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	AUDEN ⁽¹⁾	_	_	—	AUDMONO ^(1,2)	—	AUDMOD)<1:0> ^(1,2)

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit		U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'				
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown			

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 15 SPISGNEXT: Sign Extend Read Data from the RX FIFO bit
 - 1 = Data from RX FIFO is sign extended
 - 0 = Data from RX FIFO is not sign extended
- bit 14-13 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 12 **FRMERREN:** Enable Interrupt Events via FRMERR bit
 - 1 = Frame Error overflow generates error events
 - 0 = Frame Error does not generate error events
- bit 11 SPIROVEN: Enable Interrupt Events via SPIROV bit
 - 1 = Receive overflow generates error events
 - 0 = Receive overflow does not generate error events
- bit 10 SPITUREN: Enable Interrupt Events via SPITUR bit
 - 1 = Transmit underrun generates error events
 - 0 = Transmit underrun does not generate error events
- bit 9 IGNROV: Ignore Receive Overflow bit (for Audio Data Transmissions)
 - 1 = A ROV is not a critical error; during ROV data in the FIFO is not overwritten by receive data
 0 = A ROV is a critical error that stops SPI operation
- bit 8 **IGNTUR:** Ignore Transmit Underrun bit (for Audio Data Transmissions)
 - 1 = A TUR is not a critical error and zeros are transmitted until the SPIxTXB is not empty
 - 0 = A TUR is a critical error that stops SPI operation
- bit 7 AUDEN: Enable Audio CODEC Support bit⁽¹⁾
- 1 = Audio protocol enabled
 - 0 = Audio protocol disabled
- bit 6-5 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 3 AUDMONO: Transmit Audio Data Format bit^(1,2)
 - 1 = Audio data is mono (Each data word is transmitted on both left and right channels)
 - 0 = Audio data is stereo
- bit 2 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 1-0 AUDMOD<1:0>: Audio Protocol Mode bit^(1,2)
 - 11 = PCM/DSP mode
 - 10 = Right-Justified mode
 - 01 = Left-Justified mode
 - $00 = I^2S \mod$
- **Note 1:** This bit can only be written when the ON bit = 0.
 - **2:** This bit is only valid for AUDEN = 1.

18.0 INTER-INTEGRATED CIRCUIT (I²C)

Note:	This data sheet summarizes the features
	of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin
	Family of devices. It is not intended to be
	a comprehensive reference source. To
	complement the information in this data
	sheet, refer to Section 24. "Inter-
	Integrated Circuit (I ² C)" (DS60001116),
	which is available from the Documentation
	> Reference Manual section of the Micro-
	chip PIC32 web site
	(www.microchip.com/pic32).

The I²C module provides complete hardware support for both Slave and Multi-Master modes of the I²C serial communication standard. Figure 18-1 illustrates the I²C module block diagram.

Each I^2C module has a 2-pin interface: the SCLx pin is clock and the SDAx pin is data.

Each I²C module offers the following key features:

- I²C interface supporting both master and slave operation
- I²C Slave mode supports 7-bit and 10-bit addressing
- I²C Master mode supports 7-bit and 10-bit addressing
- I²C port allows bidirectional transfers between master and slaves
- Serial clock synchronization for the I²C port can be used as a handshake mechanism to suspend and resume serial transfer (SCLREL control)
- I²C supports multi-master operation; detects bus collision and arbitrates accordingly
- · Provides support for address bit masking

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
00.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
15:8		VCFG<2:0>		OFFCAL	—	CSCNA	—	—
7.0	R-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	BUFS			SMP	BUFM	ALTS		

REGISTER 22-2: AD1CON2: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 2

Legend:

R = Readable bit	bit W = Writable bit		U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'			
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown			

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 15-13 VCFG<2:0>: Voltage Reference Configuration bits

	VREFH	VREFL
000	AVDD	AVss
001	External VREF+ pin	AVss
010	AVdd	External VREF- pin
011	External VREF+ pin	External VREF- pin
1xx	AVdd	AVss

bit 12 **OFFCAL:** Input Offset Calibration Mode Select bit

1 = Enable Offset Calibration mode

Positive and negative inputs of the sample and hold amplifier are connected to VREFL

0 = Disable Offset Calibration mode

The inputs to the sample and hold amplifier are controlled by AD1CHS or AD1CSSL

bit 11 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 10 **CSCNA:** Input Scan Select bit
 - 1 = Scan inputs

0 = Do not scan inputs

bit 9-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **BUFS:** Buffer Fill Status bit

Only valid when BUFM = 1.

1 = ADC is currently filling buffer 0x8-0xF, user should access data in 0x0-0x7

0 = ADC is currently filling buffer 0x0-0x7, user should access data in 0x8-0xF

bit 6 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 5-2 SMPI<3:0>: Sample/Convert Sequences Per Interrupt Selection bits

```
1111 = Interrupts at the completion of conversion for each 16<sup>th</sup> sample/convert sequence
```

1110 = Interrupts at the completion of conversion for each 15th sample/convert sequence

- •

0001 = Interrupts at the completion of conversion for each 2nd sample/convert sequence 0000 = Interrupts at the completion of conversion for each sample/convert sequence

bit 1 BUFM: ADC Result Buffer Mode Select bit

- 1 = Buffer configured as two 8-word buffers, ADC1BUF7-ADC1BUF0, ADC1BUFF-ADCBUF8
 - 0 = Buffer configured as one 16-word buffer ADC1BUFF-ADC1BUF0

bit 0 ALTS: Alternate Input Sample Mode Select bit

- 1 = Uses Sample A input multiplexer settings for first sample, then alternates between Sample B and Sample A input multiplexer settings for all subsequent samples
- 0 = Always use Sample A input multiplexer settings

NOTES:

TABLE 30-5: DC CHARACTERISTICS: OPERATING CURRENT (IDD)

DC CHARA	CTERISTICS	6	(unless other	Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V(unless otherwise stated)Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +85^{\circ}C$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +105^{\circ}C$ for V-temp				
Parameter No.	Typical ⁽³⁾	Max.	Units	Units Conditions				
Operating (Current (IDD)	(Notes 1, 2, 5))					
DC20	2	3	mA	4 M⊦	łz (Note 4)			
DC21	7	10.5	mA	1	0 MHz			
DC22	10	15	mA	20 MI	Hz (Note 4)			
DC23	15	23	mA	30 MHz (Note 4)				
DC24	20	30	mA	40 MHz				
DC25	100	150	μA	+25°C, 3.3V LPRC (31 kHz) (Note 4)				

Note 1: A device's IDD supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors, such as PBCLK (Peripheral Bus Clock) frequency, number of peripheral modules enabled, internal code execution pattern, execution from Program Flash memory vs. SRAM, I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, as well as temperature, can have an impact on the current consumption.

- 2: The test conditions for IDD measurements are as follows:
 - Oscillator mode is EC (for 8 MHz and below) and EC+PLL (for above 8 MHz) with OSC1 driven by external square wave from rail-to-rail, (OSC1 input clock input over/undershoot < 100 mV required)
 - OSC2/CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin
 - USB PLL oscillator is disabled if the USB module is implemented, PBCLK divisor = 1:8
 - CPU, Program Flash, and SRAM data memory are operational, SRAM data memory Wait states = 1
 - No peripheral modules are operating, (ON bit = 0), but the associated PMD bit is cleared
 - WDT, Clock Switching, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor, and Secondary Oscillator are disabled
 - · All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to Vss
 - MCLR = VDD
 - CPU executing while(1) statement from Flash
 - RTCC and JTAG are disabled
- **3:** Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C at specified operating frequency unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.
- 4: This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.
- 5: IPD electrical characteristics for devices with 256 KB Flash are only provided as Preliminary information.

TABLE 30-34: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

	AC CHAR	ACTERISTICS	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 5): 2.5V to 3.6V} \\ \mbox{(unless otherwise stated)} \\ \mbox{Operating temperature} & -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +85^{\circ}C \mbox{ for Industrial} \\ -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +105^{\circ}C \mbox{ for V-temp} \end{array}$					
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions	
ADC Ac	curacy – N	leasurements with Inter	nal VREF+/V	REF-			•	
AD20d	Nr	Resolution		10 data bits	3	bits	(Note 3)	
AD21d	INL	Integral Non-linearity	> -1	_	< 1	LSb	VINL = AVSS = 0V, AVDD = 2.5V to 3.6V (Note 3)	
AD22d	DNL	Differential Non-linearity	> -1	—	< 1	LSb	VINL = AVss = 0V, AVDD = 2.5V to 3.6V (Notes 2,3)	
AD23d	Gerr	Gain Error	> -4	_	< 4	LSb	VINL = AVSS = 0V, AVDD = 2.5V to 3.6V (Note 3)	
AD24d	EOFF	Offset Error	> -2	_	< 2	Lsb	VINL = AVSS = 0V, AVDD = 2.5V to 3.6V (Note 3)	
AD25d		Monotonicity			_	_	Guaranteed	
Dynami	c Performa	ance	·				<u> </u>	
AD32b	SINAD	Signal to Noise and Distortion	55	58.5	_	dB	(Notes 3,4)	
AD34b	ENOB	Effective Number of bits	9.0	9.5		bits	(Notes 3,4)	

Note 1: These parameters are not characterized or tested in manufacturing.

2: With no missing codes.

3: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

4: Characterized with a 1 kHz sine wave.

5: The ADC module is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < 2.5V, but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

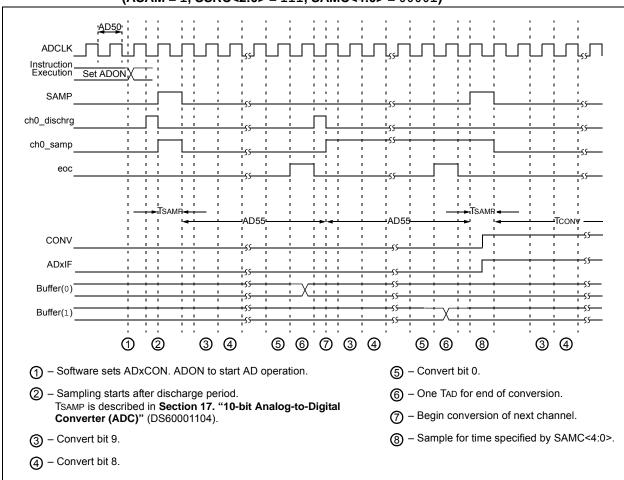


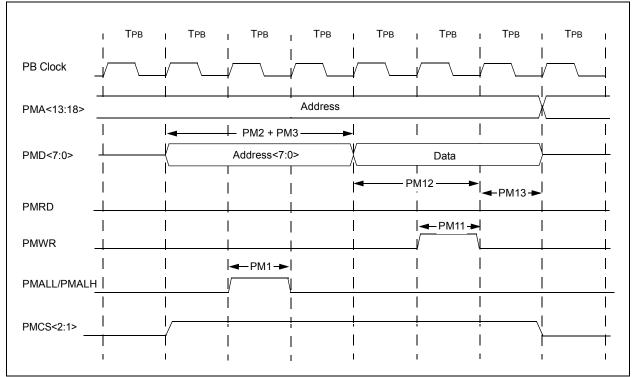
FIGURE 30-19: ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERSION (10-BIT MODE) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (ASAM = 1, SSRC<2:0> = 111, SAMC<4:0> = 00001)

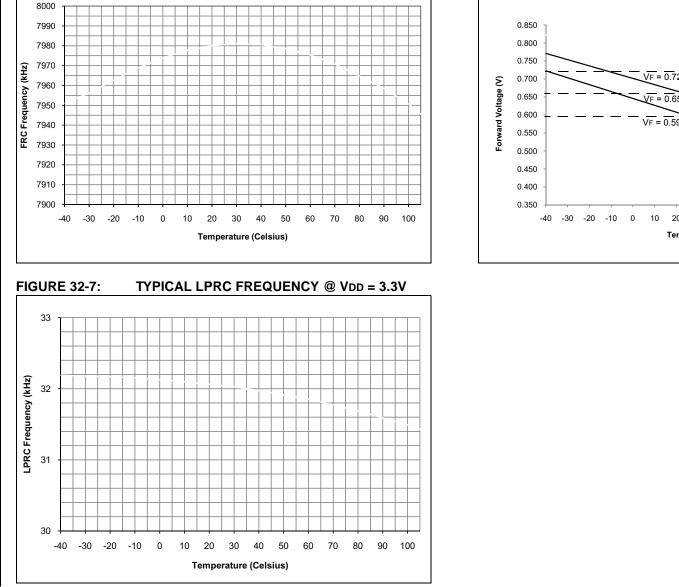
			$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V} \\ \mbox{(unless otherwise stated)} \\ \mbox{Operating temperature} & -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +85^\circ C \mbox{ for Industrial} \\ -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +105^\circ C \mbox{ for V-temp} \end{array}$					
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
PM1	Tlat	PMALL/PMALH Pulse Width		1 Трв	_	_	_	
PM2	TADSU	Address Out Valid to PMALL/PMALH Invalid (address setup time)	_	2 Трв	_	_	_	
PM3	Tadhold	PMALL/PMALH Invalid to Address Out Invalid (address hold time)	—	1 Трв	_	—	_	
PM4	TAHOLD	PMRD Inactive to Address Out Invalid (address hold time)	5	_	_	ns	_	
PM5	Trd	PMRD Pulse Width	_	1 Трв	_	_	—	
PM6	TDSU	PMRD or PMENB Active to Data In Valid (data setup time)	15	—	—	ns	_	
PM7	TDHOLD	PMRD or PMENB Inactive to Data In Invalid (data hold time)	—	80	—	ns		

TABLE 30-38: PARALLEL MASTER PORT READ TIMING REQUIREMENTS

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.







TYPICAL FRC FREQUENCY @ VDD = 3.3V

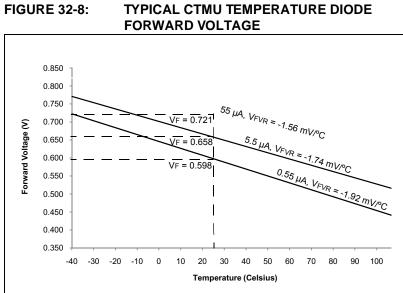


FIGURE 32-6: